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A COMPARATIVE GLOSSARY

OF THE

GOTHIC LANGUAGE

WITH ESPECIAL REFERENCE

TO

ENGLISH and GERMAN

BY

G. H. BALG, Ph. D.

WITH A PREFACE

BY

PROF. FRANCIS A. MARCH, LL. D., L. H. D.

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PREFACE.

The study of Gothic is surrounded with interest. The Goths themselvs emerging for a brief space from among the barbarians of the fourth century, their bishop Wulfila, or Ulfilas, their Moses, the first who raizd the speech of a barbaric tribe to a literary language, his translation of the Bible, their career of conquest, and their extinction in the darkness of the midl ages, ar all interesting. And the story of the Codex Argenteus which has preservd a considerabl portion of the Bible of Wulfila, almost the sole relic of that lost world, suits wel with the rest.

The remains of the language ar in several respects such as to make them specially suitabl for study by beginners in comparativ study of language, and especially by students wishing to obtain a thuro knowledge of the English language. Gothic is a sister speech to English, it is the oldest of the Teutonic family. The Gothic Bible is several centuries older than any record of the other sister speeches. The student of language entering on the study of fonology finds here an admirably simpl fonetic system, which leads the way at onse to an understanding of those fonetic changes which appear so complicated and inexplicabl in English and the other modern Germanic languages.

With these wel masterd he is redy to grapl with the history and origin of the inflection forms, and the affixes and suffixes. Here again the Gothic offers the most important helps. These forms ar mostly contractions, and the Gothic words exhibit them in a comparativly uncontracted condition, so that their parts ar redily seen, or at least they ar easily identified with corresponding forms in Latin, Greek or Sanskrit. Thus we see that tense endings of our weak verbs in the past tense wer exactly like the word *did* in

its erly forms, and that other verbs had a reduplication like the Greek. In all these respects Gothic is among the Teutonic tungs what Sanskrit is among the Indo-European.

In the general study of the language the manageabl bulk of the remains is an advantage for the beginner in comparativ study, ther is enuf to giv the grammatical forms, the copulativ verbs, the particls of relation, and the most familiar nouns and verbs. But only about three thousand nativ words ar preservd, and the hole literature makes one book of moderate size. The student can make an exhaustiv examination of all the places in which a word or form occurs within reasonabl time; and the fewness of the words leads him to concentrate his attention and make thuro work.

Such a student is greatly helpt in his thuro work by the kind of matter, the Bible. It is easily red and understood, and easily compared with other languages. No other book is anything like as thuroly prepared for comparativ study. The most accurate translations ar made in many languages, the most complete grammars and vocabularies, and concordances, by which you can find anything, can gather exampls of every kind of grammatical construction, every etymological form, and pursue them from language to language. For Gothic we hav also handbooks for comparativ study, in which Gothic, Greek and Latin[1], and Gothic, Anglo-Saxon, Wycliffe and Tyndale[2] ar printed in parallel columns; furthermore, a critically arranged text with critico-exegetical notes and supplemented by the original Greek text[3].

Prof. Skeat who stands foremost among university professors in England in his perception of the needs of students of English and his skil and promptness in supplying them, has prepared sum excellent text-books for Gothic, a glossary in 1868, and in 1882 an edition of the Gospel of St. Mark in Gothic (39 pages), with a grammatical introduction and glossary, and notes—a very convenient primer. This is about all that has been done in English to promote the study of Gothic among common students, tho Professor Max Müller, Professor Whitney and others hav emfasized its importance. "An Introduction, phonological, morphological, syntactic, to the Gothic of Ulfilas" a wel grounded and suggestiv book for more advanced students, has been prepared by T. LeMarchant Douse, London, 1886.

1) Ulfilas: by H. F. Massmann, Stuttgart, 1857.
2) The Gothic, Anglo-Saxon, Wycliffe and Tyndale Gospels, by the Rev. J. Bosworth, D. D., and George Waring, M. A., London, 1865.
3) Vulfila oder die gotische Bibel, by E. Bernhardt, Halle, 1876.

As long ago as 1865 I introduced specimens of Gothic into the the Anglo-Saxon Reader, and carried thru a comparison of the hole Anglo-Saxon grammar with the Gothic in my Comparative Grammar of Anglo-Saxon. I was prepared, therefore, to rejoice greatly in Dr. Balg's scholarly enthusiasm about the value of Gothic study to students of English.

Dr. Balg's plan includes a complete apparatus, — an edition of the Gothic remains with an introduction and notes, an etymological glossary, and a grammar.

His translation of Braune's Gothic Grammar was first publisht and is a capital beginning. The present glossary is the second of the series. It is connected by reference figures with the Grammar, so that the student can easily find the inflection of any word, or other grammatical information about it. He may find the explanation in this way of the varying vowels of the root syllabl which ar often embarrassing, and of other fonetic changes.

This glossary is largely occupied with comparativ etymology, but it should not be judgd as a scientific etymological dictionary merely, but also as a practical handbook to illustrate and ground the study of English by etymological study of its Gothic relations, and to aid in making comparativ filology interesting. Hense the large number of English derivativs fully explaind, the explanation not being confined to the Gothic elements of the English words.

Hense the particular attention to those changes in the form of English words which bring out erlier forms more nearly like the corresponding words in other languages.

Hense the care with which the Anglo-Saxon or Old English words ar givn, a care extending to the gender as wel as the orthografy.

Hense the care bestowd upon the correct translation of all Gothic words into English.

It is not simply didactic, but tries to stimulate research. Hense references to Diefenbach's thesaurus, where one may find materials heapt together for original investigation, not the positiv knowledge of the neogrammarian.

One must not bear too stubborn a hand over so ernest a worker as Dr. Balg. The book may be expected to reach students for the most part who hav not access to hosts of special glossaries, or even to the great lexicons of comparativ etymology.

Scholars wil be pleased to find the Efferen dialect used in the etymology. It is the dialect of Dr. Balg's erly home. It furnishes several novel and happy illustrations.

This book has cost the author great labor, much of it doutless plezant, working over, bringing together, and filling out the work of the great scholars before him, but much of it hard work. The verification and correction of countless citations ar drudgery at best. Dr. Balg has met great external difficulties also. But he has conquerd them, and givn us a book plezant to the eye and convenient for use.

It remains for him to giv us his edition of the Gothic texts, and that is wel forward. Thanks to Dr. Balg, we shal soon be able to study Gothic as thuroly and conveniently as Latin or Greek.

F. A. MARCH.

Lafayette College, Easton, Pa., Dec. 9, 1889.

Introductory Remarks.

The present work contains the extant words of the Gothic language. An account of the Gothic manuscripts, etc., wil be found in the † Gothic Grammar, p. 83 (and in the Introduction to my edition of the Gothic literature, with a syntax and notes, which I am now preparing). The spelling of the words is founded on Braune's Gothic Grammar (See note below) and the text of Bernhardt's 'Wulfila oder die Gotische Bibel'. The constituent parts of the compounds hav for etymological reasons been divided by hyfens, and, besides, givn separately in alfabetical order, which does not imply, however, that all of them occur or ever did occur individually; as, for example, ***skôhs,** adj., in **ga-skôhs** (Comp. the remarks under **ga-**). The figures inserted after Gothic words ar those of the glossary of the Gothic Grammar, where they serv as an index to the latter. It was originally intended to append a complete list of all the Gothic substantivs, adjectivs, and verbs, with reference to their stems and inflection, but want of time has prevented me. This omission, however, is in part compensated by the Appendix and by references alredy givn towards the end of the Glossary.

Particular care has been bestowd upon a correct translation of the Gothic words. The glossaries of Bernhardt, Skeat, Schulze, Gabelentz and Lœbe, and Stamm and Heine, as wel as the Greek, English, and German versions (both Protestant and Catholic) hav been diligently consulted. I freely admit that, when a word occurs very frequently, all shades of meaning may not hav been noticed, but I strongly believ that my fair and competent reviewers will not find many omissions or errors in this direction.

The citations of the passages of the Gothic literature where the Gothic words occur, ar in the erlier (especially the first) parts of the

† GOTHIC GRAMMAR, with selections for reading and a glossary by W. BRAUNE. Translated from the second German edition (S. remarks on p. 581) by G. H. BALG.—Price 90 cents.—Mayville, Wis., G. H. BALG. New York, N. Y., WESTERMANN & CO. London, Engl., SAMPSON LOW, MARSTON, SEARLE & RIVINGTON. Halle, Germany, MAX NIEMEYER.

Glossary less numerous than in the subsequent ones where, for the most part, they hav been givn in full. I would hav cited every passage from the very beginning, had I not feard the book would then becum too voluminous and expensiv. This scruple, however, was soon set aside by two eminent scholars who of their own accord surprized me with encouraging words, wishing to see the citations in full. Immediately after the publication of the Gothic literature I intend to publish a Supplement to the Glossary in which the citations of both the Gothic passages and the corresponding words of the Greek text will be made complete. A great portion of the citations I hav selected directly from the text, while the greater share is due to the excellent glossaries of Schulze and Gabelentz and Lœbe. It seems necessary, however, to state that, as far as I remember, not one citation has been slavishly copied, but every one carefully compared with the Gothic text. In following this system, I feel happy in the belief that my work—incomplete as it is—will yet be useful in many directions to sum of those whose valuabl works hav been useful to me. As soon as time allows, I will collect all the omissions and errors that hav occurd to me in the books I hav uzed and report them to their authors.

When a portion of the Glossary had been writn, I lernd from 107 university and 149 college catalogs of this country that Gothic was taught in but two universities. Now being of the opinion that a thuro science of the English and the remaining Germanic languages is impossibl without Gothic, the reasons for publishing the present work ar obvious. At first sight it may appear as if I had tried to write a complete etymological dictionary of the Gothic language. This is far from being the case. I hav rather attempted to adapt the plan of the book to the nature of most of our universities and colleges. My Glossary is ment to be a help to those students who desire to enter upon a thuro comparativ study of Gothic, English, German, and the remaining Germanic dialects, and I hav alredy been assured that the illustrations givn in square brackets ar useful to teachers of comparativ filology as wel. I decidedly hold that a study of Gothic, tho not in every case the most primitiv Germanic dialect, should precede the scientific study of English, German—in short, of Germanic filology. From this point of view a comparison of the Gothic words with their corresponding Germanic and pre-Germanic cognates coud not be dispenst with, and the numerous and often repeated explanations of Old English forms, which wil enable the student to conceiv the relationship between

English and Gothic more redily than he would without them, ar also accounted for. Now and then parts of compounds hav been treated of under Gothic words with which they ar not cognate. This method results from my own feelings of dissatisfaction in case of knowing the etymology of only a part of a compound. I regret not to hav carried it out more elaborately. The vast number of English words derived from the Latin and Greek languages necessitated an extensiv enumeration of words from these sources. It was thought instructiv to connect as many English words as possibl, whether genuin, or borrowd, with the cognate Gothic words, and I hav alredy been informd by many persons that this is of great interest to them, and I am convinced that in this way also I hav created sum interest in the Gothic language.

In the preparation of the comparativ part of the book the etymological works of Kluge, Skeat, Shade, and Feist hav been my chief guides, in many cases I hav givn my own views. The introduction of the Efferen dialect, it is hoped, wil do no harm, I rather believ it is sumtimes very useful. The words adduced from this dialect ar in every possibl case those spoken by the oldest living generation (Comp. the pret. kwǫ̂m, Gothic qam, but Modern English came, New High German kam, where the k-sound is no longer labialized). Of this and other Middl German dialects I intend to treat elsewhere. I found too soon that my library was insufficient for the manner in which the etymological part should hav been treated, nor was ther any other library near me that might hav been consulted. In cases of absolute necessity I applied to the University of Ann Arbor, Mich., and, upon the kind endorsment of Prof. Wm. Allen of the University of Wisconsin, my requests wer in every possibl case kindly and promptly complied with by its librarian, Prof. R. C. Davis. Furthermore, several scientific works hav appeard during the preparation of my book sum of which I hav not seen at all, while others reacht me comparativly late. The latter hav done good service in the Corrections and Appendix†.

As regards the typografical part of the book, I may be allowd to touch a few points which wil account for sum deficiencies and incon-

† *ADDITIONAL CORRECTIONS.* — **iddja:** *read* êode (êo *from* ija-, -de *being the suff. of the weak pret. S. Collitz, American Journal of Philology, I, p. 51 et seq.*), *Mdl. E.* êode, êde, ȝêde, ȝôde, *Mdn. E.* yede, yode, *went, for* eode, *etc.* — **kunnan,** *p. 223, l. 5:* cognizance *for* cognisance. — **þiuþjan,** *l. 7:* þiuþiþs *for* þiuþis.

gruities. Mr. Jacob Müller, proprietor of a weekly German paper at this place, had contracted for executing the typografical work, but it was soon found that he coud only do the typesetting here. To him I feel indetted for the confidence placed in me, sinse he commenced his work without asking me for any garantee whatsoever, tho, unknown to him, ampl provision had been made to secure his pay. But, unfortunately, both Mr. Müller and myself wer unabl to purchase all the types necessary according to the plan. The Old English difthongs, for instance, would under more favorabl circumstances hav been accented with ^ covering both elements insted of the first. Besides, our compositor was only acquainted with the ordinary German and Roman types, which compeld me to stand at his side, til he had becum familiar with the others. But only eight pages had been printed, when he left us, and I was calld to the printer's case again to do the same training as before. Only a form of eight pages, sumtimes less coud be sent every week to Milwaukee to be electrotyped by the wel-known firm 'Benton Waldo and Co.' Their work speaks for itself.

Considering all the difficulties under which my Glossary, the first work of its kind publisht in America, has cum into existence, as wel as the deplorabl fact that in its preparation I hav had no personal help whatever, I solicit the kind indulgence of those who use it, hoping at the same time that my humbl effort may be of sum value to the student of Germanic filology.

To Prof. Skeat I ow the additions under (**aihts;** *cf. O. E.* æht, *f., Mdl. E.* æhte, *possessions, property, goods, power. — Accidentally omitted*) **ainahs, augjan, aúhns, azêts, bai;** *to Prof. Max Mueller that under* **aúhsa;** *to Prof. March Mdn. E.* yode (*S. p. X, below*), *and to my reviewers a few others. A typografical error was reported by Prof. H. A. Rennert.*

Mayville, Wis., Nov. 18, 1889. *G. H. BALG.*

SOURCES OF INFORMATION, WITH THE ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THIS BOOK.

Andrews, Latin-English Lexicon.
Angl.—Anglia, Zeitschrift für Englische Philologie, ed. by Wülker.
Authenrieth, Homeric Dictionary.
Behaghel, Heliand.
Beitr.—Paul und Braune's Beiträge zur Geschichte der deutschen Sprache und Literatur.
Benseler, Griechisch-Deutsches Schul-Wörterbuch.[II]
Bernh.—Bernhardt, Die Gotische Bibel des Vulfila nebst Glossar.
" " Gotische Grammatik.
" " Vulfila oder die Gotische Bibel.
Bzb.—Bezzenberger, Die gotischen Adverbien und Partikeln.
Bopp, Vergleichende Grammatik.[III]
Br.—Brachet, Dictionnaire Etymologique de la Langue Française.[XVIII]
Brn.—Braune, Althochdeutsche Grammatik (A. Gr.).
" " Gothic Grammar (Goth. Gr. — English edition.[II] *S. Appendix*).
Brgm.—Brugmann, Elements of the Comparative Grammar of the Indo-Germanic Languages, Part I (*English edition*).
" " M. U. (*S. below*).
D. *or* Dz.—Diez, Etymologisches Wörterbuch der romanischen Sprachen.[IV]
Dief.—Diefenbach, Vergleichendes Wörterbuch der gothischen Sprache.
Duyckinck, The Complete works of Wm. Shakespeare.
Ett. *or* Ettm.—Ettmüller, Lexicon Anglosaxonicum.
Fst.—Feist, Grundriss der gotischen Etymologie.
GL.—Gabelentz und Lœbe, Glossarium der gothischen Sprache.
Goth. Gr.—See Brn.
Grimm, Deutsche Grammatik.[II]
Harrison-Baskervill, Anglo-Saxon Dictionary.
Heyne, Altsächsische und altniederfränkische Grammatik.
" Bêowulf.[IV]
" Laut- und Flexionslehre der altgermanischen Dialecte.[III]
" Stamm's Ulfilas.[VII]
Hildebrand, Die Lieder der älteren Edda.
Holder, Holtzmann's ältere Edda.
Kl. *or* K.—Kluge, Etymologisches Wörterbuch der deutschen Sprache.[I]
" " Nominale Stammbildungslehre der altgermanischen Dialecte.

Larsen, Dansk-norsk-engelske Ordbog.[IV]
LMD.—Le Marchant Douse, An Introduction to the Gothic of Ulfilas.
L.—Lexer, Mittelhochdeutsches Handwörterbuch.
Mrch. Compar. Gr.—March, Comparative Grammar of the Anglo-Saxon Language.
Mätzner, Englische Grammatik.[III]
L. M.—Leo Meyer, Die gothische Sprache.
Müllenhoff und Scherer, Denkmäler deutscher Poesie und Prosa.[II]
M.—Müller, Etymologisches Wörterbuch der englischen Sprache.[II]
MacDonell.—Müller's Sanskrit Grammar for Beginners.
M. U.—Morphologische Untersuchungen von Osthoff und Brugmann.
Nor.—Noreen, Altisländische und Altnorwegische Grammatik.
Osth.—Osthoff, Forschungen im gebiete der indogermanischen nominalen stammbildung.
P.—Paul, Mittelhochdeutsche Grammatik.
Piper, Gebrauch des Dativs im Ulfilas, Heliand und Otfried.
Schade, Altdeutsches Wörterbuch.[II]
Sch.—Scherer, Zur Geschichte der deutschen Sprache.[II]
Schleicher, Compendium der vergleichenden Grammatik der indogermanischen Sprache.
Schrader, Ueber den syntactischen Gebrauch des Genitivs in der gothischen Sprache.
Schulze, Gothisches Glossar.
" Gothisches Wörterbuch.
Schwahn, Die gotischen Adjectiv-Adverbien.
Siev.—Sievers, An Old English Grammar (O. E. Gr.—*Engl. Edition*).
" " Zur Accent- und Lautlehre der germanischen Sprachen.
" " Paradigmen zur deutschen Grammatik.
Silber, Versuch über den gothischen Dativ.
Sk.—Skeat, A Concise Etymological Dictionary of the English Language.[II]
" " A Mœso-Gothic Glossary.
" " The Gospel of Saint Mark in Gothic.
Stratmann, A Dictionary of the Old English Language.[III]
" Mittelenglische Grammatik.
Sw.—Sweet, A History of English Sounds.
" " An Anglo-Saxon Reader.[II]
" " King Alfred's West Saxon Version of Gregory's Pastoral Care (P. C.).
Tyrwhitt, Canterbury Tales.
von Bahder, Die Verbalabstracta in den germanischen Sprachen.
Webster, An American Dictionary of the English Language (*New Edition, with Supplement.*)
White, The Ormulum. Edited by Holt.
Whitney, A Sanskrit Grammar.
Wimmer, Altnordische Grammatik (*German edition*).
Wülker, Grein's Bibliothek der Angelsächsischen Poesie.
Zupitza, Alt- und Mittelenglisches Uebungsbuch.[II]

OTHER ABBREVIATIONS, AND SIGNS.

abl. — ablaut.
abs. — absolute, -ly.
abstr. — abstract.
acc. — accusative.
adj. — adjective, -s.
adv. — adverb, -s, -ially.
Aeol. — Aeolian.
an. v. — anomalous verb.
Arab. — Arabian.
Armor. — Armorican.
art. — article.
caus. — causative.
cf. — confer=compare.
Celt. — Celtic.
cod. — codex.
comp. — compare.
compar. — comparative.
compd. — compound, -s.
conj. — conjunction.
contr. — contracted, *or* contraction.
Cymr. — Cymric.
Dan. — Danish.
dat. — dative.
decl. — declension.
def. — definite.
dim. — diminutive.
demonstr.— demonstrative.
der. — derivative, -s.
dial. — dialect, -ic.
dir. — direct.
distr. — distributive.
Du. — Dutch.
E. — English.
Eff. — denotes a German dialect spoken at Efferen, near Cologne.
f(em). — feminine.
factit. — factitive.
fig. — figurative, -ly.
folld. — followed.
follg. (w).— following (word, -s).
Fr. — French.
frequent.— frequentative.
Fris. — Frisian.
G. — German.
gen. — genitive.
Goth. — Gothic.
Goth. Gr.— Gothic Grammar.
Gr. — Greek.
Gr. — Grimm.
Hebr. — Hebrew.
H. G. — High German.
ib. — ibidem=in the same place.
i. e. — id est=that is.
imper. — imperative.
imperf. — imperfect.
impers. — impersonal, -ly.
Ind. — Indian.
indecl. — indeclinable.
I(n)dg. — Indo-Germanic.
indic. — indicative.
indir. — indirect.
inf. — infinitive.
infl. — inflected.
instr. — instrument, -al.
intens. — intensive.
interj. — interjection.
interrog.— interrogative.
intr(ans).— intransitive.
Ir. — Irish.
It(al). — Italian.
iter. — iterative.
Kent. — Kentish.
L(a)t. — Latin.
L. G. — Low German.
lit. — literal, -ly.
Lith. — Lithuanian.
loc. cit. — loco citato = in the place cited.
m. — masculine.
Mdl. Lt. — Middle Latin.
M. G. — Middle German.
M. H. G. — Middle High German.
MS(S). — manuscript(s).
n(eut). — neuter.
N. — Norse.
neg. — negative.
N. H. G. — New High German.
nom. — nominative.
North. — Northumbrian.
num. — numeral.
obj. — object.

obs. — obsolete.
O. Bulg. — Old Bulgarian.
O. E. — Old English.
O. Fr. — Old French.
O. Fris. — Old Frisian.
O. G. — Old German.
O. H. G. — Old High German.
O. Ind. — Old Indian.
O. Ir. — Old Irish.
O. N. — Old Norse.
opt. — optative.
orig. — origin, -al, -ally.
O. S. — Old Saxon.
p. — page.
partic. — participle, participial.
partit. — partitive.
pass. — passive, -ly.
pers. — person, -al, -ally.
pl(ur). — plural.
poet. — poetical.
poss. — possessive.
prec. (w). — preceding (word, -s).
pref. — prefix.
prep. — preposition.
pres. — present.
pret. — preterit.
pret.-pres. v. — preterit-present verb.
pr(o)n. — pronoun.
pr. n. — proper noun.
prob. — probably.
prop. — proper, -ly.
Prov. — Provençal.
prov. — provincial.
q. v. — quod vide = which see.
red. v. — reduplicating verb.
refl. — reflexive.
rel. — relative.
s. — see.
sc. — being understood.
Scand. — Scandinavian.
sing. — singular.
Scot. — Scottisch.
Skr. — Sanskrit.
Slav. — Slavonic.
st(r). v. — strong verb.
subj. — subjunctive.
subscr. — subscription.
subst. *or* sb. — substantive, -s, -ly.
suff. — suffix.
superl. — superlative.
superscr. — superscription.
th. — thing.
th. s. — the same.
tr(ans). — transitive, -ly.
trop. — tropical, -ly.
Umbr. — Umbrian.
uml. — umlaut.
uninfl. — uninflected.
v. — verb, -s.
V(ulg). Lt. — Vulgar Latin.
w. — with, *or* word, -s.
W. S. — West Saxon.
w. v. — weak verb.
Zd. — Zend.
= — equivalent to.
* — indicates supposed words *or* forms, *or* that the word occurs only in compds.

Ar. doc. — Arezzo document.
Cal. — Calendar.
Col. — Colossians.
Cor. — Corinthians.
Eph. — Ephesians.
Gal. — Galatians.
Jo. — John.
Lu. — Luke.
Mk. — Mark.
Mt. — Matthew.
Neap. doc. — Neapolitan document.
Neh. — Nehemiah.
Phil. — Philippians.
Philem. — Philemon.
Rom. — Romans.
Skeir. — Skeireins.
Thess. — Thessalonians.
Tim. — Timothy.
Tit. — Titus.

REMARKS.

Verbs compounded with prefixes and prepositional adverbs are given under the simple verbs.—The signs **w**, **q**, **þ**, *come immediately after* **h**, **k**, **t**, *respectively.—The figures enclosed in* ( ) *refer to the* §§ *of author's translation of BRAUNE'S 'Gotische Grammatik.'*

A.

Aai, *pr. n.*, *Αἴ* or *Αϊά?*; Ezra 2, 28.

aba, *m.* (108, *n.* 1,) *husband, man;* Mk. 10, 12. Lu. 1, 27. 34. 2, 36. Rom. 7, 2. 3. I Cor. 7, 10. 11. 13. 14. 16. 11, 3. 4. Gal. 4, 27. Eph. 5, 22. 24. I Tim. 3, 2. 12. 5, 9. Tit. 1, 6. [*For the supposed etymology of* aba, *s. Dief.*]

abba, *m., father;* Gal. 4, 6. [*Gr. ἀββᾶ, from the Hebr.*]

Abeilêni, *pr. n.*, *Ἀβιλήνης, gen.;* Lu. 3, 1.

Abija, *pr. n.*, *Ἀβιά;* Lu. 1, 5. *S.* afar, (3).

Abiaþar, *pr. n.*, *Ἀβιάθαρ;* Mk. 2, 26. *S.* uf, I, 2.

abraba, *adv.* (210), *strongly, very much, very;* Mt. 27, 54. Mk. 16, 4. Neh. 6, 16.—*From* abrs, *q. v.*

Abraham, *pr. n.* (61, *n.* 3), *Ἀβραάμ;* Jo. 8, 39. 40. *gen.* -is; Mk. 12, 26. Lu. 3, 34. *dat.* -a; Mt. 8, 11. Lu. 1, 55. *acc.* -am; Lu. 3, 8. 16, 23.

***abrjan,** *w. v., in* bi-abrjan, *to be astonished, folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mt. 7, 28.—*From* abrs, *q. v.*

abrs, *adj., strong, vehement;* Lu. 15, 14. [*Supposed to be kindred with O.E.* abal, afol, *n., strength.* —*S.* abraba *and prec. w.*]

abu (216 *and n.* 1), *for* afu, *from prep.* af *and the interrog. particle* -u, *q. v.*

Adam, *pr. n.* *Ἀδάμ;* I Tim. 2, 13. 14. *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 38. *dat.* -a; I Cor. 15, 22.

Adôneikam, *pr. n.*, *Ἀδωνικάμ, gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 13.

Addei, *pr. n.*, *Ἀδδεί, gen.* -eins; Lu. 3, 28.

Addin, *pr. n.*, *Ἀδδίν, gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 15.

af (56, *n.* 1), *prep. w. dat. Its fundamental and general signification is 'departure or separation' from some fixed point: of, from, out of, away from;* (1) *local* (*both prop. and trop.*), (a) *with v. of motion;* Mt. 8, 1. Mk. 15, 30. Lu. 5, 2. II Cor. 12, 8. *a v. of motion being implied;* Mk. 7, 4. Lu. 6, 17. *the Gr. infl. of pr. n. being retained; as,* Mt. 27,

57. Mk. 15, 43. Jo. 11, 1. *designating the place where anything begins;* Skeir. IV, b. (b) *after v. of 'taking, receiving, gathering, borrowing, and the like';* Mt. 5, 42. 7, 16. 9, 15. Mk. 13, 27. Lu. 6, 29. 8, 12. (c) *after v. of 'loosing, freeing, curing, healing, and the like';* Mt. 6, 13. Mk. 5, 4. Lu. 7, 21. Rom. 7, 6. *and after the adj. 'laus';* Gal. 4, 5. 'hails'; Mk. 5, 34. (d) *after v. denoting 'to take care, hide, conceal, abstain';* Lu. 18, 34. I Thess. 4, 3. 5, 22. (e) *in other relations; as,* af taíhswôn, *on the right hand (side);* Mt. 25, 41. af hleidumein, *on the left hand (side);* Mk. 15, 27. *so with* sitan; Mk. 10, 37. 14, 62. Lu. 20, 42. *w.* standan; Lu. 1, 11. (2) *temporal: from, since;* Mk. 10, 6. II Cor. 8, 10. (3) *designating cause, authority, agency: of, by;* Lu. 8, 14. Jo. 7, 28. 14, 10. II Cor. 3, 5. 18. Gal. 1, 1.—*Occurs often in composition with v., subst., and adj., where it designates,* (1) *separation in space, both prop. and trop.* (2) *a transition from one state or condition to another.* [*Cf. O. E.* af, of, *Mdl. E.* of, *Mdn. E.* of, off, *O. N. O. S.* af, *prep.: of, from, etc., O. H. G.* aba, *prep.: away from, down from, and adv.: down, M. H. G.* abe, ab, *prep.: down from, away from, off, and adv.: down, off, N. H. G.* ab, *adv.: off, down, and (at an early period) prep., whence* abhanden, *not at hand, lost, lit.* '*off the hands*', *Gr.* ἀπό, *(whence Mdn. E.* apo–*in words like* apology, apograph, *etc.) Skr.* ápa, *from, away. Probably allied to follg. w.*]

afar (217), (1) *adv., afterward;* Skeir. III, c. (2) *prep.,* (a) *w. acc., so only temporal: after;* Mt. 27, 53. 26, 2. I Cor. 11, 25. Skeir. II, a. afar leitil, *after a little while;* Mt. 26, 73. Mk. 14, 70. afar ni filu, *not long after;* Skeir. VI, a. afar þata, *after that, thereafter;* Lu. 5, 27. Jo. 6, 1. 7, 1. 11, 7. 11. afaruh þan (*s.* þan), *but after;* Mt. 8, 5. Mk. 16, 12. Lu. 10, 1. 18, 4. afar þatei, *after that;* Mk. 1, 14. Skeir. VII, c. afar dagans, *after some days;* Mk. 2, 1. (b) *w. dat.,* (α) *local, after v. of motion: after;* Mt. 8, 1. Mk. 1, 17. 20. Lu. 9, 23. (β) *temporal: after;* Mt. 3, 11. Mk. 1, 7. (γ) *in other relations: after, according to, in pursuance of;* Lu. 1, 59. 5, 5. I Cor. 15, 3. 4. II Cor. 5, 10. II. Tim. 2, 26. *w.* hugjan; Mk. 10, 24. (3) *it seems to be used substantively in* Lu. 1, 5—us afar Abijins, *of the course of Abiah.*—*In composition with v. and subst. it means 'after', with reference to space or time.* [*Cf. O. N.* afar (*used in composition*), *O. H. G.* avar, abur, *M. H. G.* aber, aver, abe, ave, *N. H. G.* aber, *adv. and conj.: again, once more; but. Here belongs also the* 'aber' *of N. H. G. aber-*

mal (*for* mal, *s.* mêl), *again, once more, but the* aber *of N H. G.* aberglaube, *m., superstition, and* aberwitz, *m., conceitedness, refers to M. H. G.* abe, *off* (*s. Kl.,* aber).—*Der.: O. E.* eafora, *m., O. S.* abaro, *offspring, child. Furthermore, comp. Skr.* ápara, *the latter,* aparâm, *adv., later, future,* aparí, *future.—Probably allied to* af, *q. v. Comp.* afta, aftra, *and follg. w.*]

afar-dags, *m., the next day* (*lit. 'the day after'*); Lu. 7, 11.—*From* afar *and* dags, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

afar-sabbatus, *m., the first day after the Sabbath;* Mk. 16, 2.—*From* afar *and* sabbatus, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

af-dauiþs, *pret. partic.* (*plur.* af-dauida) *of* afdôjan; *s.* *dôjan.

af-dômeins, *f., condemnation;* Skeir. VIII, b.—*Comp.* af, *dômeins.

af-drugkja, *m., drunkard;* Mt. 11, 19. I Cor. 5, 11.—*Comp.* af, *drugkja.

af-êtja, *m., voracious eater, glutton;* Mt. 11, 19. Lu. 7, 34.—*Comp.* af, *êtja.

af-grundiþa, *f., abyss;* Lu. 8, 31. Rom. 10, 7.—*Comp.* af, *grundiþa.

af-gudei, *f., ungodliness;* Rom. 11, 26. II Tim. 2, 16.—*From follg. w.*

af-guþs, *adj., godless, impious, lit., away from God;* I Tim. 1, 9, gloss. Skeir. IV, d.— *Comp.* af, guþ, *and prec. w.*

af-haimeis, *adj.* (127), *absent from home, absent;* II Cor. 5, 6. 9.—*Comp.* af, haims; *see also* *anahaimeis.

af-lageins, *f., a laying aside, remission;* Mk. 1, 4. — *From* af-lagjan, *q. v.*

af-lêts, *m., forgiveness, remission;* Lu. 1, 77. Skeir. III. c.—*From* af-lêtan, *q. v.*

af-marzeins, *f., offense, deceitfulness;* Mk. 4, 19. Eph. 4, 22.—*From* af-marzjan, *q. v.*

af-mauiþs, *adj., weary, fatigued;* Gal. 6, 9.—*Pret. partic. of* af-môjan; *see* *môjan.

af-sateins, *f., a setting off;* bôkôs afsateinais, *a writing of divorcement;* Mk. 10, 4.—*From* afsatjan, *q. v.*

af-stass, *f.* (103, *n.* 3) *a standing off, falling off, falling away;* II Thess. 2, 3. afstassis bôkôs, *a writing of divorcement;* Mt. 5, 31.—*Comp.* af, *stass.

afta, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *behind, backwards;* Phil. 3, 14. [*Allied to* af, *q. v. Comp.* aftuma, *and follg. w.*]

aftana, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *from behind;* Mk. 5, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* æftan, *Mdl. E.* æfte, *Mdn. E.* aft. *Mdn. E.* abaft *is composed of* a (=a *in* afoot, *shortened of O. E.* on; *s.* ana), b (*for* bi, be; *s.* bi), *and* aft. *Cf. Mdl. E.* biæfte, bæfte, baft, *O. E.* biæftan, bæftan. *Allied to* afta, af, *and follg. w., q. v.*]

aftarô, *adv.* (211 *n.* 1), *from behind, behind;* Mt. 9, 20. Lu. 7,

38. 8, 44.—*Allied to prec. and follg. w., q. v.*

aftra, *adv., back, backwards, behind;* Lu. 2, 43. 9, 62. 19, 15. *again πάλιν;* Mt. 5, 33. 26, 72. I Cor. 12, 21. Phil. 1, 26. Skeir. I, c. d. *again (δεύτερον, iterum);* Skeir. II, b. c. *occurs frequently with v. (both simple and compd.) to express the Gr. prep. ἀντί, ἀπό, etc. of compd. v.; as,* Mk. 9, 12. Eph. 1, 10. *S. also follg. w.* [*Cf. O. E.* æfter, *prep., Mdl. E.* æfter, after, *Mdn. E.* after, *O. H. G.* aftar, *adj., M. H. G. after, adj., hind, following; furthermore, O. H. G.* aftaro, *m., M. H. G. N. H. G.* after, *m., 'podex'. M. H. G. N. H. G. after, when used to form compounds, usually signifies 'inferior, not genuine, false, bad', as, M. H. G.* aftersprâche, *f., slander, backbiting,* afterwort, *n., slander, N. H. G.* afterrede, *f., slander,* afterkind, *n., bastard, etc. In Eff. G. the* f *appears as* ch, after *becoming* achter *whence* âter in âtergescherre, *n., breeching (of a harness),* âterövemǫen, *day after to-morrow.—Goth.* aftra *is prop. a compar. form, its corresponding superl. being* aftuma, *q. v.—Comp. the kindred* af, afar, aftana, aftarô, *and follg. w.*]

aftra-ana-stôdeins, *f., a renewing;* Skeir I, b.—*From* anastôdeins, *and adv.* aftra, *q. v.*

aftuma (139 *and n.* 1), *superl. adj., the last;* Mk. 10, 31. [*This superl. form answers to Lt.* optimus. *A like formation is Goth.* iftuma, *q. v.—Allied to* afta, aftra, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

aftumists, (139 *and n.* 1), *superl. adj., the last;* Mk. 9, 35. Lu. 14, 9. 10. I Cor. 15, 26. aftumist haban (*ἐσχάτως ἔχειν*), *to lie at the point of death;* Mk. 5, 23. [*A double superl. form., from* aftuma (*s. prec. w.*) *and superl. suffix* -ist (*comp.* batists, maists). *Cf. O. E.* æftemest, *Mdl. E.* æftemest. *Mdn. E.* aftermost *is owing to the influence of* after (*s.* aftra) *and the superl. adj.* most (*s.* maists), *the latter interchanging w.* -mest *already in O. E.—Comp.* afta, *etc.*]

***agan,** *st. v.* (202, *n.* 2), *to fear, in* unagands, *pres. partic., not fearing, fearless (ἄφοβος);* I Cor. 16, 10. Phil. 1, 14.—*Kindred w.* agis, *agei, ôgan, *q. v.*

Agar, *pr. n., Ἄγαρ; Gal. 4, 24.*

aggilus, *m.* (120, *n.* 1), *angel, messenger;* Lu. 1, 11. 2, 21. 7, 27. *nom. plur.* aggiljus; Mk. 12, 25. Lu. 2, 15. Rom. 8, 38. *gen.* aggilê; Lu. 9, 26. Col. 2, 18. *dat.* aggilum; Mt. 25, 41. Mk. 8, 38. *acc.* aggiluns; Mk. 13, 27. [*Comp. O. N.* engill, *O. S.* engil, *O. H. G.* engil, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* engel, *m., angel. Borrowed from Lt.* angelus, *whence O. Fr.* angele, angle, *whence Mdl. E.* angel, ængel, *Mdn. E.* angel. *Lt.* angelus, *refers to Gr. ἄγγελος, messenger.*]

aggwiþa, *f., anguish, distress, trib-*

ulation; Rom. 8, 35. II Cor. 2, 4. 6, 4. I Thess. 3, 3. II Thess. 1, 6.—*From* aggwus, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***aggweins,** *f., in* ga-aggweins.—*From* aggwjan, *q. v.—Comp. prec. w.*

***aggwjan,** *w. v., in* ga-aggwjan, *to constrain, distress;* II Cor. 4, 8. —*From* aggwus, *q. v.—Comp. prec. w.*

aggwus, *adj.* (68; 131) *narrow;* Mt. 7, 13. 14. [*Cf. O. E.* ange, *Mdl. E.* ang, *adj., narrow, O. N.* öngr, *O. S.* engi, *O. H. G.* angi, *M. H. G.* enge, *N. H. G.* enge, eng, *adj., narrow, and O. H. G.* ango, *M. H. G.* ange, *N. H. G.* enge, *adv., narrowly, closely. To M. H. G.* ange *refers M. H. G.* be-ange (*w. prefix* be; *s.* bi), *adv., anxiously, apprehensively, N. H. G.* bange, *adj., anxious, apprehensive, and adv., anxiously, apprehensively. Furthermore, comp. O. H. G.* angust (*w. suffix* -st, *M. H. G.* angest, *N. H. G.* angst, *f., anguish, anxiety, fear.—From Germanic root* ang, *Indg.* angh; *comp. Skr.* aṅhú, *narrow,* aṅhas, *n., narrowness, oppression, Gr.* ἄγχειν, *to choke, Lt.* angere, *to choke, press together, distress, torment,* angustus, *narrow,* angustiae, *narrowness, whence O. Fr.* angoisse, *whence Mdl. E.* anguisse, *Mdn. E.* anguish. *To the Lt. cognates,* anxius, anxietas, *refer, respectively Mdn. E.* anxious *and* anxiety, *the latter through the Fr.* anxiété.—*Comp. prec. w.*]

***agei,** *f., in* un-agei.—*From* *ags; *allied to follg. w.*

agis, *gen.* agisis, *n.* (35; 94), *fear, awe;* Mk. 4, 41. Lu. 1, 12. 2, 9. Neh. 5, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* eȝe, *der.* eȝesa, *m., fear, terror, Mdl. E.* eȝe, eȝese, eise, *fear, terror, O. N.* agi, *fear, whence, probably, Mdl. E.* age, aghe, awe, *Mdn. E.* awe. *Furthermore, comp. O. S.* egiso, *O. H. G.* akî, aigî, êkî, agiso, *M. H. G.* ege, *fear, terror, punishment, Gr.* ἄχος, *anguish, Skr.* agha, *sin. From root of* *agan, *q. v.—Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***agjan,** *w. v., in* (a) af-agjan, *to strike w. awe, terrify; occurs only in pass., where it is folld. by* in *w. dat.;* I Thess. 3, 3. Phil. 1, 28. (b) in-agjan *w. acc., to threaten;* Mt. 9, 30. (c) us-agjan (35; 78, *n.* 4), *to frighten utterly;* Mk. 9, 6.—*From* *ags. *Comp.* *agan, agei *and prec. w.*

aglaitei, *f., lasciviousness, unchastity;* Mk. 7, 22. II Cor. 12, 21. Gal. 5, 19. Eph. 4, 19.—*From* *aglaits; *allied to* agls, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

aglait-gastalds, *adj, greedy of filthy lucre, greedy;* I Tim. 3, 8., Tit. 1, 7.—*Comp.* aglaitei, aglaiti, *and* gastaldan.

aglaiti, *n., lasciviousness, unchastity;* Rom. 13, 13. II Cor. 12, 21 (*cod. A*).—*From* *aglaits; *s.* aglaitei. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

aglaiti-waúrdei, *f., indecent language, filthy talk;* Col. 3, 8.—*From* *aglaiti-waúrds, *from* aglaiti *and* waúrd, *q. v.*

agliþa, *f., tribulation, anguish, distress;* I Tess. 3, 4.—*From* aglus, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***agljan,** *w. v., in* us-agljan *w. dat., to trouble exceedingly;* Lu. 18, 5. [*From* aglus, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* eȝlan, *Mdl. E.* eile, *to pain, trouble, Mdn. E.* ail.—*From* aglus, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

aglô, *f., tribulation, anguish;* Mk. 4, 17. 13, 24. Jo. 16, 21. 33. II Cor. 1, 4. Col. 1, 24.—*From* aglus, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

agls, *adj., indecent, disgraceful;* I. Cor. 11, 6.—*Allied to* aglus, *q. v.*

agluba, *adv.* (210), *with difficulty, hardly;* Mk. 10, 23. Lu. 18, 24. —*From* aglus, *q. v.*

aglus, *adj.,* (131), *difficult, hard;* Mk. 10, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* eȝle (*besides* acol), *troublesome, Mdl. E. eil, Mdn. E.* ail, *N. H. G.* ekel, *m., nausea, disgust* (*s. Kl.,* ekel).—*Comp.* agliþa, *agljan, aglô, agluba, *and* agls.]

Agustus, *pr. n., Αὔγουστος and Ἄγουστος, dat.*-au; Lu. 2, 1.

aha, *m., mind, understanding;* Phil. 4, 7. Col. 3, 12. II Thess. 2, 2. I Tim. 6, 5. II Tim. 3, 8. Tit. 1, 15. [*From root* ah, *to think, appearing also in O. E.* eahtian, '*agitare in mente*', *O. H. G.* ahtôn, *M. H. G.* ahten, *N. H. G.* achten, *to mind, esteem, etc.*-*Comp.* ahjan, ahma, inahs.]

ahaks, *f.?* (103, *n.,* 2), *dove;* Mk. 1, 10. 11, 15. Lu. 2, 24. 3, 22.

ahana, *f., chaff;* Lu. 3, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* *agon, *Mdl. E.* agun, agen, awen, *Mdn. E.* awn, *O. N.* ögn, *O. H. G.* agana, *M. H. G.* agene, âne, *N. H. G.* ahne, *f., awn, Gr.* ἄχνη (*and* ἄχυρον), *chaff. From root* ah, *Idg.* ak; *s.* ahs.]

Aharôn, *pr. n.,* Ἀαρών, *gen.* -ôns; Lu. 1. 5.

***ahei,** *f., in* in-ahei.—*From* *ahs, *q. v.*—*Comp.* aha, *and follg. w.*

ahjan, *w. v., to think; folld. by a clause introduced by* þatei; Mt. *10, 34.—Allied to* aha, *ahs, ahei, ahma, q. v.

ahma, *m.* (*108*), *the Spirit, the Holy Ghost;* Mt. 3, 11. 8, 16. 27, 50. Mk. 1. 12. Lu. 7, 21. Skeir. II, d. III, c. d.—*From root* ah, *to think.*—*Comp.* aha, ahjan, *ahs, *and follg. w.*

ahmateins, *f., inspiration;* II Tim. 3, 16.—*From* *ahmatjan. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ahmeins, *adj., spiritual;* Rom. 7, 14. I Cor. 10, *3.* Eph. 5, 19. Col. 1, 9. Skeir. II, d. III, b.—*From* ahma *q. v.*

ahs, *n., ear* (*of grain*); Mk. 2, 23. 4, 28. Lu. 6, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* ear (*contracted of* *ahur, *aur*), *Mdl. E.* ear, *Mdn. E.* ear, *O. N.* ax, *O. H. G.* ahir, ehir, *M. H. G.* eher, *N. H. G.* ähre, *f., ear* (*of corn*). *Kindred w. O. E.* eȝle, *f., Mdl. E.* eil, *beard of grain, O. H. G.* ahil, *N. H. G.* achel, *f., awn,*

beard of grain. From root ah, *Indg.* ak *in Lt.* acus(*gen.* aceris), *n., the hull or husk of grain, chaff,* 'aculeus', *sting, prickle. Root* ak *originally signified anything pointed, a prickle, sting, etc.; comp. Lat.* acus, *needle,* acies, *edge, Gr.* ἄκανος, *a kind of thistle,* ἄκαινα, *goad,* ἄκων, *dart,* ἄκρος, *pointed. Here belong also O. E.* ecg, *f., edge, point, sword, Mdl. E.* egg, *Mdn. E.* edge, *O. N.* egg, *f., point, O. S.* eggia, *f., edge, sword, O. H. G.* ekka, *f., point, edge, M. H. G.* ecke, *f.* (*rarely n.*), *edge, point, corner, N. H. G.* ecke, *f.* (eck, *n.*) *corner, edge, etc. Allied to* ahana, *q. v.*]

***ahs,** *adj., in* in-ahs.—*Akin to* aha, *q. v.*

ahtau, *num.* (141), *eight;* Lu. 2, 21. 9, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* eahta (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* æhte, eȝte, eite, eighte, *Mdn. E.* eight, *O. N.* âtta, *O. S. O. H. G.* ahto, *M. H. G.* ahte, *N. H. G.* acht, *Gr.* ὀκτώ, *Lt.* octo, *Skr.* aṣṭâu. —*Comp. follg. w.*]

ahtau-dôgs, *adj., eight days old;* Phil. 3, 5.—*From* ahtau *and* *dôgs, *q. v.*—*Comp. follg. w.*

ahtau-têhund, *num.* (143), *eighty;* Lu. 2, 37.—*From* ahtau *and* *têhund, *q. v.*—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ahtuda, *num.* (146), *the eighth;* Lu. 1, 59. [*From* ahtau, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* eahtoða, *Mdl. E.* eihteðe, *Mdn. E.* eighth.—*Comp. prec. w.*]

aƕa, *f.* (97), *river, stream, water* (ποταμός); Mt. 7, 25. 27. Mk. 1, 5. Lu. 6, 48. Jo. 7, 38. II Cor. 11, 26. [*Cf. O. E.* ea (*from* *ah(w)u, *Mdl. E.* ea, ê, *water, O. H. G.* aha, *M. H. G.* ahe, *water, N. H. G.* -a *and* -ach, *in names of places; as,* Fulda, Steinach. *Its Idg. form is* ákwâ; *comp. Lt.* aqua. *O. E.* ea *is contained in* ieȝ (êȝ, îȝ, ŷȝ), *prop., an adj. meaning 'belonging to the water' (the* ȝ *stands for j which is simply formative); hence 'water-land', 'island'. From O. E.* (ieȝ, êȝ) îȝ *there is derived* (êȝ-) îȝland, *Mdn. E.* *iland, *for which island (the result of confusion with* isle, *from O. Fr.* isle, *Lt. insula*). *Comp. also O. N.* ey, eyjar, *O. H. G.* ouwa, *f.* (*from* *aujô- *for* awjô-, *and this for* agwjô-), *M. H. G.* ouwe, *f., N. H. G.* au, aue, *f., brook, lawn, meadow.*—*G.* eiland, *island, does not belong here; it is shortened from* einland, *i. e. a land lying alone, from* ein (*s.* ains), *one, alone, and* land (*s.* land), *land* (*Comp. M. H. G.* eilif, *from O. H. G.* einlif; *s.* ainlif).]

Aíbaír, *pr. n.,* Ἐβέρ, *gen. -is;* Lu. 3. 35.

aibr, *n., an offering;* Mt. 5, 23. [*Probably a corrupt form for* tibr, *the runic letters for* a *and* t *having been confounded. Cf. O. E.* tifer, *n., victim, sacrifice, O. N.* tafr, *O. H. G.* zebar, *n., victim, sacrifice, M. H. G.* un-

zifer, un-ge-zibere, *N. H. G.* ungeziefer, *n., vermin, prop. an animal unfit for a sacrifice.*]

Aíddua, *pr. n.,* Ἐδδουά, *gen.* -ins; Ezra 2, 36.

Aieira, *pr. n.,* Ἰιρά?, *gen.* -ins; Neh. 6, 18.

Aífaísius, *pr. n.,* Ἔφέσιος, *dat. plur.* -um; Eph. *superscr. and subscr.—Comp. follg. w.*

Aífaísô, *pr. n., formed after the Gr. dat. sing.,* Ἐφέσῳ, *nom.* Ἔφεσος; *dat.* -ôn; I Cor. 15, 32. 16, 8. Eph. 1, 1. I Tim. 1, 3. II Tim. 1, 18. *acc.* -ôn; II Tim. 4, 12.—*Comp. prec, w.*

aíffaþa, *be opened, open!;* Mk. 7. 34. [*Gr.* ἐφφαθά, *from the Hebr.*]

âigan, (áihan), *pret.-pres. v.* (203), *to own, have, possess. It is chiefly used with reference to personal relation; as,* aigan attan, qên, sunu, *etc., while* haban *has a more general meaning; as,* haban aglôn, saúrga, wên, *etc. Both* aigan *and* haban *occur with* fraujan, freihals, waldufni, *libain*), (1) *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 20. Mk. 12, 6. Jo. 10, 10. 16, 33. Col. 4, 1. aigan waldufni *w. a follg. inf.;* Jo. 19, 10. *follď. by* ana *w. acc.;* Jo. 19, 11. (2) *w. a double acc.;* Lu. 3, 8. (3) *w. acc. and a follg.* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 12, 23. Lu. 20, 33.—*Compd.* faír-áihain (203) *w. partit. gen.* (μετέχειν), *to partake of;* I Cor. 10, 21. [*Cf. O. E.* âgan, *Mdl. E.* âge, ǫ̂ge, ǫ̂we (w *from* g, gh, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* owe, *O. N.* eiga.—*Pret.* (*Goth.*) aihta, *O. E.* âhte, *Mdl. E.* âhte, âute, ôuhte, *Mdn. E.* ought.—*Comp.* aigin, aihts.]

aigin, *n., goods, property;* Lu. 8, 43; 15, 16. [*Prop. weakened from* aigan, *pret. partic. n. of* aigan; *cf. O. E.* âgen, *Mdl. E.* âgen, ǫ̂gen, ǫ̂wen, *Mdn. E.* own, *O. N.* eiginn, *O. S.* êgan, *O. H. G. eigan, M. H. G. N. H. G.* eigen, *adj., own.—Der.* *aiginôn, *q. v.* —*Comp. also* aihs.]

***aiginôn,** *w. v., in* ga-aiginôn *w. acc., to take possession of, get an advantage of;* II Cor. 2, 11. [*From* aigin, *q. v. For a like formation, s.* faginôn.]

áihan; *s.* aigan.

aihtrôn, *w. v., to be desirous of, to beg;* Mk. 10, 46. Lu. 18, 35. Jo. 9, 8. *to pray;* Eph. 6, 18. Col. 1, 9.—*Comp.* aihts, aigan.

aihtrôns, *f., prayer, supplication;* Eph. 6, 18. Phil. 4, 6. I Tim. 2, 1.—*From prec. w.*

aihts, *f.* (20, *n.* 2), *property, goods, things;* I Cor. 13, 3. II Cor. 12, 14. [*From stem of* aigan, *q. v. Comp. O. H. G.* êht, *f., property, goods; contained also in* frêht (*Goth.* *fra-aihts), *f., gain, wages,* gifrêhtôn, *to gain, earn. Furthermore, comp. L. G.* fracht, *Du.* vracht, *whence Mdl. E.* fraht, fraught, *cargo* freight, *whence* frahte, fraughte, *to load, freight, pret. partic.* fraught, *Mdn. E.* fraught, *laden, freighted; also N. H. G.* fracht, *f., freight,* frachten, be-

frachten, *to freight, load. The subst. originally meant 'the price of passage, the fare for crossing a river, etc.', whence cargo, load. It appears in Mdl. Lt. as* frecta, fretta, *whence O. Fr.* *freit, fret, *freight, whence Mdl. E.* freit *and* freight (*the* gh *being due to confusion w.* fraught), *Mdn. E.* freight.]

aíłwa-tundi, *f.* (64), *bramble-bush, bush;* Mk. 12, 26. Lu. 6, 44. 20, 37. [*The first part of the word,* aíłwa, *answers to O. E.* eoh, (eo *for* e *by breaking*), *from* *eohu, *m., horse; comp. O. H. G.* *ehu *in* ehuscalk, *'servus equarius', Lt.* ĕquus, *m., horse,* ĕqua, *f., mare, Gr.* ἵππος, *dial.* ἴκκος, (*from* ἴκϝος), *Skr.* áçvas, *from a more ancient* akvas, *prop.* runner, *from root* ak, *to run. —Comp.* *tundi.]

***aíkan,** *red. v.* (179), *in* af-aikan, *to deny, curse* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 14, 68. 71. Jo. 18, 25. 27. (2) *w. acc. of pers.;* Mt. 10, 33. 26, 75. Lu. 9, 23. II Tim. 2, 13. (3) *w. inf.;* Jo. 13, 38. [*Etymology obscure. S. Dief., p.* 17.]

aíkklêsjô, *f., church;* Rom. 16, 23. [*From Lt.* ecclesia, *from Gr.* ἐκκλησία, *assembly, church, from* ἐκ-καλεῖν, *to call forth; der.* ἐκκλησιαστικός, *belonging to the church, Lt.* ecclesiasticus, *whence Mdn. E.* ecclesiastic.]

Aíleiaízaír, *pr. n.,* Ἐλιέζερ, *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 29.

Aíleiakeim, *pr. n.,* Ἐλιακείμ, *gen.*-is; Lu. 3. 30.

Aíleisabaíþ, *pr. n.* (23), Ἐλισάβεθ; Lu. 1, 5. 7. 13.

Aillam, *pr. n.,* Αἰλάμ, *gen.*-is; Ezra 2, 31.

aílôe (6. *n.* 1), *my God!;* Mk. 15, 34. [*Gr.* Ἐλωί, *from the Hebr. —Comp.* Hêlei.]

Ailul, *a Jewish name of a month,* Αἰλούλ; *gen.* -is; Neh. VI, 15—. *The reading of the word is obscure.*

Aímmeira?, *pr. n.,* Ἐμμήρ, *gen.* -ins (-is?); Ezra 2, 37.

aina-baúr, *m, only-born* (*unigenitus*); Skeir. V, d.—*From stem of* ains *and* baúr, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ainaha, *adj., only, always follows the weak decl.* Lu. 7, 12. 9, 38. ainôhô *or* ainahô?; Lu. 8, 42.—[*From stem of* ains (*q. v.*) *and suffix* -(a)ha, *Gr.* -ι-κο-, *Lt.* -i-co-. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*].

ainakls, *adj., lonely, desolate;* I Tim. 5, 5.—*From stem of* ains (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -kla. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

aina-mundiþa, *f., unanimity, unity;* Eph. 4, 3. 13. Col. 3, 14.—*From stem of* ains *and* mundiþa, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***ainan,** *w. v., in* ga-ainan (*for the probably incorrect* ga-ainanan), *to leave alone, abandon;* I Thess. 2, 17.—*From* ains, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ain-falþaba, *adv.* (210), *simply;*

Skeir. III, c.—*From* ainfalþs, *q. v. Comp. follg w.*

ain-falþei, *f., simplicity, goodness of disposition;* II Cor. 1, 12. 8, 2. 9, 11. 13. 11, 3. Col. 3, 22.—*From* ainfalþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ain-falþs, *adj.* (148), *single, lit. one-fold.;* Mt. 6, 22.—*From* ains *and* *falþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ain-hvarjizuh, *prn.* (165, *n. 1*), *every one, each one* (ἕκαστος); Rom. 12, 5. I Cor. 7, 17. Col. 4. 6. Skeir. VII, c; *frequently w. gen. plur.;* Lu. 4, 40. 16, 5. I Cor. 12, 18.—*From* ains *and* hvarjizuh, *q. v. Concerning its formation, comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ain-hvaþaruh, *prn.* (166), *each of two;* Skeir. III, a.—*From* ains *and* hvaþaruh, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ainlif, *num.* (56, *n.* 1; 141), *eleven;* I. Cor. 15, 5. [*From* ains *and* *lif, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* (and-) end-leofan (*for* ân-leofan, leofan *being the dat. of* lif *the* i *of which was broken through the influence of the dark vowel* (*orig.* u, o) *of the inflectional syllable*), *Mdl. E.* end-, en-, el-leven (*the* l *of* el *for* n, *by assimilation*), *Mdn. E.* eleven, *O. S.* êlleban (*for* en-liban), *O. H. G.* einlif, *M. H. G.* eilf, *N. H. G.* elf, eilf, *eleven*). *For other formations from* áins, *s. prec. w.*]

Aínnaa, *pr. n., gen.* -ins, Ἔννααος; Ezra II, 35.

Aínôk, *pr. n.,* Ἐνώχ, *gen.-is;* Lu. 3, 37.

Aínôs, *pr. n.,* Ἐνώς; Lu. 3, 38.

ains, *card. numb.* (140), (I) *one, a single one* (εἷς), (1) *w. a. subst.* (*prec. or follg.*); Mt. 5, 18. 41. Mk. 10, 8. Jo. 8, 41. Skeir. V, a; *a subst. being implied;* Mk. 4, 8. 9, 5. Lu. 9, 33. II Cor. 11, 24. (2) *w. partit. gen.* (*prec. or follg.*); Mt. 5, 19. 29. 10, 42. 25, 40. Mk. 9, 37. Skeir. III, b. (3) *used alone;* Mt. 27, 15. Mk. 12, 32. Lu. 18, 22. Jo. 17, 23. (4) *in the follg. phrases:* ain wisan, *to be one;* Jo. 10, 30. 17, 11. Gal. 3, 28. ains jah sama, *one and the same;* Skeir. V, b; *so w. a subst.;* I Cor, 12, 11.—ain ist jah þata samô þizai biskabanôn, *just as much as if she were shaven;* I Cor. 11, 5.—ainana, eundem; Skeir. IV, d. ains—jah ains, *the one—and the other;* Mk. 10, 37. 15, 27. Gal. 4, 22. ains—anþar, *one—another;* Mt. 6, 24. Lu. 7, 41. 17, 35. (II) *used indefinitely: one, some one, an, a* (εἷς, *quidam*), (1) *w. a subst.* (*prec. or follg.*); Mt, 8, 19. Jo. 6, 9. (2) *w. a partit. gen. follg.;* Mk. 5, 22. 8, 28. Lu. 5, 12. Skeir. VIII, d. (3) *used alone;* Mk. 10, 17. 15, 36. (4) *folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 48. Mk. 9, 17. (5) *w.* sums (εἷς, τις); Mk. 14, 47. 51. (III) *w. the sense of 'only, alone* (*solus*)', (1) *w. a subst.* (*prec. or follg.*); Mk. 2, 7. Jo. 12, 9. Skeir. VII,

c. (2) *w. a prn.;* Mt. 5, 46. I Cor. 9, 6. Phil. 4, 15. rôdida sis ains, *spoke to himself;* Lu. 7, 39. (3) *used alone;* Mk 9, 2. I Tim. 6, 16. I Thess. 3, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* ân, *Mdl. E.* ân, ǫn, â, *Mdn. E.* one, an, a (*Mdl. E.* ân, â *came to be shortened when used as proclitics*), *O. N.* einn, *O. S.* ên, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* ein, *Gr.* (*dial.*) *οἰνός, one, οἴνη, ace on a die, Lt.* unus.—*Mdn. E.* once *refers to Mdl. E.* ânes, ônes, *O. E.* ânes. (*prop. gen. s. of* ân, *used adverbially*); *comp. O. H. G. M. H. G.* eines, *once, and O. H. G.* einêst, *M. H. G.* einest, einst, *N. H. G.* einst, *once. Here belong also Mdn. E.* none, no, *adj.* (*for the adv.* no, *s.* aiw), *from Mdl. E.* nâne, nône (*for* ne (*s.* ni) âne, ne ône), nô, nâ (*shortened from* nôn, nân), *O. S.* nên, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* nein, *adv., no* (*Goth.* *nain, *i. e.* ni ain); *Mdn. E.* nonce *in phrase* 'for the nonce', *Mdl. E.* for ðan (ðen) ânes, for ðen ǫnes, *O. E.* for ðâm (*dat. plur.*) ânes, for ðân ânes, *for the occasion, lit.* '*for the once*' (*the initial* n *of the Mdn. E.* nonce *being prop. the final* n *of the preceding word, Mdl. E.* ðan); *Mdn. E.* only, *Mdl. E.* ǫnli, *O. E.* ânlîc (*for* lîc, *s.* *leiks), *adj., unique, only, lit.* '*one body*'; *O. E.* ænig (*from* ân *and suffix* -ig), *Mdl. E.* æni, ani, *Mdn. E.* any, *O. S.* ênig, *O. H. G.* einac, einic, *M. H. G.* einec, einic, *N. H. G.* einig-e, *any; Mdn. E.* alone (*shortened* lone, *whence the adv.* lonely), *from Mdl. E.* al ône (*lit.* '*all one*'), *N. H. G.* allein, *from M. H. G.* al-ein, al-eine, *alone; N. H. G. M. H. G.* kein, *no, not any* (*shortened from* dechein), *O. H. G.* dih-hein, dohhein, nihhein, nohhein, *no, none, not any.—Comp.* ainaha, ainlif, *etc.; also* gamains *and follg. w.*]

ains-hun, *indef. pron.* (163, c), *only in negative clauses: not any one, none,* (1) *used alone;* Mk. 5, 37. Lu. 1, 61. 5, 39. II Cor. 7, 2. Skeir. IV, c. V, b. c. (2) *w. a partit. gen.;* Mk. 6, 5. 13, 20. Lu. 4, 24. Skeir. VIII, c. d. waíhtê ainôhun ni, *nothing;—in a few cases the negative particle is omitted, but here the whole clause contains a negative idea;* Jo. 7, 48. I Cor. 1, 16. Skeir. VIII, c.—*S.* ains, -hun.

Aíodia, *pr. n., Εὐοδία, acc.* -an; Phil. 4, 2.

Aípafras, *pr. n., Ἐπαφρᾶς;* Col. 4, 12. Philem. 23. *dat.* -in; Col. 1, 7.

Aípafraúdeitus, *pr. n., Ἐπαφρόδιτος, acc.* -u; Phil. 2, 25.

aípiskaúpei, *f., office of bishop, bishopric;* I Tim. 3, 1. [*From the Gr. ἐπισκοπή; comp. follg. w.*]

aípiskaúpus, *m.* (120, *n.* 1), *bishop;* I Tim. 3, 2. Tit. 1, 7. Cal. [*From the Gr. ἐπίσκοπος, a bishop* (*from ἐπί, upon, and σκοπός, a watcher; comp. σκοπεῖν, σκέπτεσθαι, to spy, watch.*) *In Vulgar Latin the*

word appears as biscopus (*for* episcopus), *whence O. E.* bisceop, biscop, *Mdl. E.* biscop, bischop, *Mdn. E.* bishop, *O. H. G.* biscof, *M. H. G.* bischof (v), *N. H. G.* bischof. *Der. O. E.* biscoprîce, *Mdl. E.* bischoprîc, *Mdn. E.* bishopric (*For* ric, *s.* reiki).]

aípistaúlê, *f.* (120, *n.* 3), *epistle, letter;* Rom. 16, 22. Col. 4, 16. I Cor. 5, 9. II Thess. 3, 17. Neh. 6, 17. [*From the Gr.* ἐπιστολή, *message, letter* (*from* ἐπιστέλλειν, *to send to, inform by message or letter, from* ἐπί, *to, and* στέλλειν, *to send*), *which appears in Vulgar Latin as* pistola (*for* epistola), *whence O. E.* pistol, pistel, *m., Mdl. E.* pistel, *epistle. Mdn. E.* epistle, *N. H. G.* epistel, *f., epistle, refer to the original Lt. form* epistola.]

áir, *adv.* (214, *n.* 1), *early;* Mk. 1, 35. 16, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* ǽr, *Mdl. E.* êrr, *Mdn. E.* ere, *O. N.* ár, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* ê (ê), *N. H. G.* eher, *sooner. Comp.* áirus, áiriza.]

Aírastus, *pr. n.,* Ἔραστος; Rom. 16, 23.

áirinôn, *w. v., to be a messenger or embassador; folld. by* faúr *w. acc.;* II Cor. 5, 20. Eph. 6, 20.—*From* áirus, *q. v.*

áiris, *compar. adv.* (212), *earlier, long ago;* Lu. 10, 13. [*Comp. O. H. G.* êriro (êrro), *earlier, former, superl.: O. E.* ǽrest, *O. S. O. H. G.* êrist, *M. H. G.* êrst, *N. H. G.* erst, *first.*—*From* air, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

áiriza, *compar. adj., of old time, living formerly;* Mt. 5, 21. 33. Lu. 9, 8. 19.—*From* air, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

aírkniþa, *f., genuineness, purity, sincerity;* II Cor. 8, 8.—*From* aírkns; *s. follg. w.*

***aírkns,** *adj., in* un-aírkns. [*Kindred w. O. E.* eorcan *in* eorcanstân, *m., precious stone, O. N.* iarkna-steinn, *th. s., O. H. G.* erchan, *adj., excellent, genuine.*—*Der.* aírkniþa; *s. prec. w.*]

Aírmôdam, *pr. n.,* Ἐλμωδάμ, *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 28.

Aírmogaíneis, *pr. n.,* Ἑρμογένης; II Tim. 1, 15.

aírþa, *f.,* (97), *earth, land, region,* Mt. 5, 18. Mk. 4, 5. Lu. 8, 8. Skeir. IV, c. d. [*Cf. O. E.* eorðe, *f., Mdl. E.* eorð, erð, *Mdn. E.* earth, *O. N.* jörð, *O. S.* ertha, *O. H. G.* erda, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* erde, *f., earth. From Germanic stem* er *and suffix* -þô. *Comp. O. H. G.* ero, *earth, Gr.* ἔρ-αξε, *to the ground, Lt.* arvum, *field. Perhaps allied to Idg. root* ar, *to plow; s.* arjan.—*Comp.* aírþeins, *and follg. w.*]

aírþa-kunds, *adj., earthy, born of the earth;* Skeir. IV, c.—*From* aírþa *and* *kunds, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

aírþeins, *adj., of earth, earthy, earthly;* I Cor. 15, 49. II Cor. 4, 7. 5, 1. Phil. 3, 19. Skeir. IV, d.—*From* aírþa, *q. v.*

áirus, *m.* (20, *n.* 2; 105), *messenger, embassador;* Lu. 7, 24. 9, 52. *message;* Lu. 14, 32. 19, 14.

[*Cf. O. E.* âr, *m.*, *O. N.* ârr, *m.*, *O. S.* eru, *m.*, *messenger. Probably from root* ar, *to go, whence also the subst.* (*prop. pres. partic.*) *O. E.* êrend, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* êrand, *Mdn. E.* errand, *O. H. G.* arunti, *M. H. G.* erende, ernde, *n.*, *message, errand.—Der.* áirinôn, *q. v.*]

aírzei, *f.*, *deceit;* Eph. 4, 14. Skeir. V, a. [*Cf. O. E.* eorre, (eo *for* ĕ, *by breaking;* rr *for Germanic* rz), ierre, irre (ie, i *for* eo, *by* i-*uml.*), *n.*, *anger, Mdl. E.* irre, erre, *anger, M. H. G. N. H. G.* irre, *f., a wandering, a being astray. S. follg. w.*]

aírzeis, *adj.* (128), *astray, led astray;* II Tim. 3, 13; aírzeis wisan, *to err;* Mk. 12, 24. 27; aírzeis waírþan, *to be deceived;* Gal. 6, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* yrre (*for* y, *from pre-Germanic* e, *s.* faírneis), *Mdl. E.* eorre, irre, *adj., angry, O. H. G.* irri, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* irre, *astray, confused. From root* ers *contained also in Lt.* errare (*for* ersare), *to err, in* error (*for* ersor), *error, whence O. Fr.* errour, *whence Mdl. E.* errour, *Mdn. E.* errour, error.—*Comp.* aírzei, aírzjan, *and follg. w.*]

aírziþa, *f.*, *deceit, error;* Mt. 27, 64. I Tim, 4, 1.—*From* aírzeis, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

aírzjan, *w. v. w. acc., to lead astray, deceive;* Jo. 7, 12. II Tim. 3, 13; *pres. partic.* aírzjands, *deceiver;* Mt. 27, 63. II Cor. 6, 8.—*Compd.* af-aírzjan, *to lead astray, deceive, w. acc.;* Mk. 13, 22; *in pass.: to be led astray, be deceived;* Jo. 7, 47. I Cor, 15, 33. Skeir. VIII, c; *folld. by* af *w. dat., to err from, go astray;* I Tim. 1, 6. 6, 10. [*From* aírzeis, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* yrsian *for* iersian, eorsian (ie *for* eo *by* i-*umlaut*, eo *for* i *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* yrse, irse, *to be angry* (*Mdn. E.* err *refers to Mdl. E.* erre, *from O. Fr.* errer, *from Lt.* errare, *to err*). *Comp. prec. w.*]

***ais, aiz,** *n.* (78, *n.* 1), *brass, money;* Mk. 6, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* âr, *f., Mdl. E.* o̊r, *Mdn. E.* ore, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* êr, *n., ore, iron, whence O. H. G. M. H. G.* êrin, *N. H. G.* ehern, *adj.*, brazen; *allied to Lt.* aes, *brass, coin, Skr.* ayas, *iron.*]

aistan, *w. v. w. acc., to regard, reverence;* Lu. 20, 13.—*Compd.* ga-aistan, *th. s.;* Mk. 12, 6. [*Allied to O. E.* âr, *f., honor, help, mercy, property, Mdl. E.* âr, *honor, grace, mercy* (*superseded by* honour, *Mdn. E.* honor, *from O. Fr.* honour, *from Lt.* honor, *m., honor*), *O. N.* eir, *f., grace, mercy, O. S.* êra, *f., honor, grace, O. H. G.* êra, *M. H. G.* êre, *f., honor, feeling of honor, fame, N. H. G.* ehre, *f., honor, Lt.* aes-timare, *whence O. Fr.* estimer, *whence Mdn. E.* esteem; *the v.* estimate *refers to the Lt. pret. partic.*, estimat-us.]

aiþei, *f.*, (113), *mother;* Mt. 10, 35. 27, 56. Mk. 6, 24. I Tim. 1, 9. Skeir. II b. c. [*Cf. O. H. G.*

eidi, eide, *f.*, *mother. Allied to O. E.* âðum, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* âðum, ǫðem, *O. Fris.* athum, *O. H. G.* eidum, *m.*, *son-in-law, M. H. G.* eidem, *son-, father-in-law, N. H. G.* eidam, *son-in-law. Perhaps allied to* aiþs, *oath, q. v.*]

***aiþeis,** *adj.*, *in* uf-aiþeis, *q. v.*—*From follg. w.*

aiþs, *gen.* aiþis, *m.*, (91), *oath;* Mt. 5, 33. 26, 72. Mk. 6, 26. Lu. 1, 73. [*Cf. O. E.* âþ, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* âþ, ǫþ, *Mdn. E. oath, O. N.* eiðr, *O. S.* êth, *O. H. G.* eid, *M. H. G.* eit (d), *N. H. G.* eid, *m.*, *oath. Comp. prec. w.*]

aíþþau, *conj.* (20, 3; 71, *n.* 1; 218), (1) *or;* Mt. 5, 17. Lu. 18, 11. Rom. 10, 14. Philem. 18. Skeir. VII, 1. VIII, c; aíþþau jabai, *now if, but if;* I Cor. 4, 7; aíþþau jah, *or also;* Rom. 14, 10. I Cor. 16, 6; aíþþau ibai, *if by chance;* II Cor. 11, 7; untê jabai—aíþþau, *either—or;* Mt. 6, 24; andizuh—aíþþau, *either—or;* Lu. 16, 13. (2) *else, otherwise;* Mt 6, 1. I Cor. 7, 14. 15, 29. (3) *introducing the apodosis of a conditional sentence, answering to the Gr.* ἄν *w. imperf. ind. or aorist;* Mt. 11, 23. Lu. 17, 6. Jo. 14, 2. (4) *yet, truly, then* (*here* aíþþau *stands in the apodosis and is always preceded by* jabai; I Cor. 9, 2. II Cor. 12, 12. Gal. 2, 21. [*From* iþ *and* þau, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* eðða, oððe, *or, which was superseded by Mdl. E.* âuðer, ôuðer, ôðer, or, *Mdn. E.* or, *from O. E.* âhwæðer, âwðer, âðer, *either of two* (*s.* hvaþar).]

Aiulf, *pr. n.* (65, *n.* 1.)

aiw, *adv.* (214), *ever, occurs only in negative clauses:* aiw ni, *never;* Mk. 2, 12. I Cor. 13, 8. ni aiw, *never;* Mt. 9, 33. Mk. 2, 25. 3, 29; ni aiw ainshun, *no one ever;* Jo. 10, 29; ni ainshun aiw, *th. s.;* Lu. 19, 30; ni þanaseiþs aiw manna, *no one for ever;* Mk. 11, 14; ni hvanhun aiw, *not at any time, never;* Jo. 7, 46. Skeir. VIII, a; ni aiw hvanhun, *th. s.;* II Tim. 3, 7; ni mannahun aiw hvanhun, *no one ever;* Jo. 8, 33. [*Prop. acc. sing. of* aiws, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* â (*for* âw), *Mdl. E.* â, *ever, O. N.* ei (*whence Mdn. E.* aye, *ever, always*), *O. H. G.* êo, io, *M. H. G.* ie, *N. H. G.* ie, je, *at any time, ever, always* (*this* je *and that of N. H. G.* jeder (*s.* hvaþar), jeglich (*s.* galeiks), jemand (*s.* manna), *etc. being identical*). *Allied to O. E.* æfre, *adv.*, *ever, always, Mdl. E.* êver, *Mdn. E.* ever, *and* (*w.* ne, *not; s.* ni), *O. E.* nǽfre, *Mdl. E.* nêver, *Mdn. E.* never. *Mdn. E. every consists of* ever *and suffix -y* (=each; *s.* galeiks), *from Mdl. E.* êverich. *Mdn. E.* everywhere, *Mdl. E.* êver ihwâr, *refers to O. E.* æfre ȝehwâr (*for pref.* ȝe, *s.* ga, *for* hwâr, *s.* hvar), *everywhere, on every occasion, always. Furthermore, comp. O. H. G.* iomêr, *M. H. G.* iemer, imer, immer, *N. H. G.* immer, *always, and* (*w. neg.; s.* ni), *N. H. G.* nimmer

(nimmermehr), *M. H. G.* niemer, nimmer, nimer, *from* nio mêr, *O. H. G.* nio mêr, (*for* mêr, *s. mais*), *never, never more.*]

aíwaggêli, *n., gospel, glad tidings;* I Cor. 9, 23. 15, 1. Gal. 1, 6. [*From the Lt.* evangelium, *gospel, whence also O. Fr. evangelie, whence Mdl. E.* evangelie, *Mdn. E.* evangely, evangel, *good news, gospel, M. H. G.* evangeli *and* evangelium, *N. H. G.* evangelium, *n., gospel. The Lt. word refers to the Gr.* εὐαγγέλιον, *a reward or present for good tidings, gospel, from* εὖ *'well',* and *-*ἀγγέλιον, *from* ἀγγελία, *message from* ἄγγελος, *a messenger* (*s.* aggilus). *Comp.* aíwaggêljô *and follg. w.*]

aíwaggêlista, *m., evangelist;* Eph. 4, 11. II Tim. 4, 5. Skeir III, a. [*From the Lt.* evangelista, *evangelist, whence also O. Fr.* evangeliste—*whence Mdl. E.* evangeliste, *Mdn. E.* evangelist—, *and M. H. G.* evangeliste, *N. H. G.* evangelist, *m., evangelist. From the Gr.* εὐαγγελιστής, *writer of a gospel. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

aíwaggêljan, *w. v., to preach the gospel, preach;* Gal. 4, 13.—*From* aíwaggêli, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

aíwaggêljô, *f., gospel;* Mt. 9, 35. Mk. 1, 1. Gal. 2, 7. Skeir. I, d. III, b.—*Comp.* aíwaggêli *and prec. w.*

aiweins, *adj.* (124), *eternal;* Mt. 25. 41. Mk. 3, 29. 10, 17. II Cor. 4, 17. Philem. 15.—*From* aiws, *q. v.*

aiwiski, *n., shame, dishonesty;* I Cor. 15, 34. II Cor. 4, 2.—*From* *aiwisks, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

aiwiskôn, *w. v., to behave unseemly, to act shamefully;* I. Cor. 13, 5.—*Compd.* ga-aiwiskôn *w. acc., to treat shamefully;* I Cor. 13, 5.—*Compd.* ga-aiwiskôn *w. acc., to treat shamefully, shame, dishonor;* Mk. 12, 4. I Cor. 11, 4. Phil. 1, 20; *in pass.: to be ashamed;* Rom. 9, 33. 10, 11. II Cor. 9, 4. 10, 8; *w.* waírþan, *to be ashamed;* II Cor. 7, 14. Phil. 1, 20.—*From* aiwisks, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***aiwisks,** *adj., in* un-aiwisks, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* ǽvisc, *adj., shameful,* ǽvisc, *n., shame. From stem of* aiws, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*]

aiwjan, *w. v., in* us-aiwjan, *to continue, endure;* I Cor. 15, 10.—*From* aiws, *q. v.*

aíwlaugja, *m., gift, blessing;* II Cor. 9, 5. [*From the Gr.* εὐλογία, *praise, lit. good speech* (*from* εὖ, *well, and* -λογία, *from* λέγειν, *to speak*), *whence also Lt.* eulogium, *whence Mdn. E.* eulogy.]

Aíwneika, *pr. n.,* Εὐνίκη, *dat.* -ai; II Tim. 1, 5.

aiws, *m.* (91, *n.* 5), *time, life-time, age, world, eternity.* (αἰών, aevum); Lu. 16, 8. 18, 30. Gal. 1, 4. Eph. 3, 11; aiwa dagê, *at the time of the days, i. e. at all times; w.* ni, *never;* Jo. 8, 51. 52; du aiwa, *for ever;* Jo. 8, 35.

12, 34. 15, 16; du aiwan, *th. s.;* Rom. 11, 36. II Cor. 11, 31. Gal. 1, 5; fram aiwa, *from the beginning of the world, from eternity;* Jo. 9, 32; fram aiwam, *th. s.;* Eph. 3, 9. Col. 1, 26; und aiw, *for ever;* Lu. 1, 55; in aldins aiwê, *for ever and ever;* I Tim. 1, 17; in allôs aldins aiwê, *throughout all ages;* Eph. 3, 21; in aiwins, *for ever;* Mt. 6, 13. Rom. 9, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* ǽ, ǽw, *f., Mdl. E.* ǽ, ê, êw, *time, lifetime, law* (*of God*), *marriage, O. S.* êo, *m., law, O. H. G.* êwa, *f., eternity, law, marriage, M. H. G.* ê, êwe, *f., right, law, marriage, eternity, N. H. G.* ehe, *f., marriage.—Mdl. E.* ǽ, *marriage* (*Cf.* ǽwbruche, *O. E.* ǽwbryce, *m., adultery, N. H. G.* ehebruch, *m., th. s., etc.*), *was superseded by the Fr.* mariâge (*from Mdl. Lt.* maritagium, *marriage, from the v.* maritare, *to marry, whence O. Fr.* mariêr, *whence Mdl. E.* marie, *Mdn. E.* marry; *from the classical Lt.* maritus, *husband*), *whence Mdl. E.* mariâge, *Mdn. E.* marriage. *Furthermore, comp. Lt.* aevum, *eternity, lifetime, life, age,* (*whence* aetas *for* *aevi-tas, *gen.* aetât-i-s, *whence V. Lt.* aetâticum, *whence O. Fr.* âge, edâge, *whence Mdl. E.* âge, *Mdn. E.* age; *and* aeternus *for* *aeviternus, *adj. eternal, whence* aeternalis, *enduring forever, whence Fr.* éternel, *whence Mdn. E.* eternal; *and* aeternitas, *gen.* -âtis, *whence Fr.* éternité, *whence Mdn. E.* eternity), *Gr.* αἰών *for* αἰϝών, *lifetime, life* (*cognate w.* αἰεί, ἀεί, *adv., always*), *Skr.* ayus, *n., lifetime.* —*Der.: O. H. G.* êwîg (îg *being suffix*), *M. H. G.* êwic (g), *N. H. G.* êwig, *adj., eternal; O. H. G. M. H. G.* êhaft (*for* -haft, *s.* -hafts), *lawful, L. G.* echt (ch *for* f; *s.* luftus), *th. s., whence N. H. G.* echt, *adj., genuine, legitimate; O. Fris.* âft, *lawful, legitimate. S.* aiw.]

Aíwwa, *pr. n.,* Εὔα; I Tim. 2, 13. *acc.*-an; II Cor. 11, 3.

aiwχaristia, *m.?, acc.*-an, *thanksgiving;* II Cor. 9, 11. [*From the Gr.* εὐχαριστία, *thanksgiving, from* εὖ, *well, and* -χαριστία, *from* χαρίϛομαι, *to show favor, gratify, from* χάρις, *love, favor*), *whence also Lt.* eucharistia, *whence Mdn. E.* eucharist.]

aiz; *s.* ais.

Aízaíkeia, *pr. n.,* Ἐξεκία, *gen.* -ins; Ezra II, 16.

aiza-smiþa, *m., worker in bronze, coppersmith* (χαλκεύς); II Tim. 4, 14.—*From stem of* ais *and* smiþa, *q. v.*

Aízleim, *pr. n.,* Ἐσλίμ, *gen.*-is; Lu. 3, 25.

Aízôr, *pr. n.,* Ἐσρώμ, *gen.*-is; Lu. 3, 33.

ajukduþs, *f.* (21, *n.* 2; 103), *time, eternity;* in ajukduþs, *for ever* (εἰς τὸν αἰῶνα); Jo. 6, 51. 58. (εἰς τοὺς αἰῶνας); Lu. 1, 33. [*According to Gr.* (*Grammar,* II, 238), *from* ajuk (*for* áiw-uk;

s. aiws) *and* -duþ (= *Lt.* -tud *in words like* longitudo.—*For the Goth. suffix* -duþi, *s. also* gamainduþs, managduþs, mikilduþs.]

ak, *conj.* (218), *but* (ἀλλά), *for* (γάρ); Mt. 5, 15. Mk. 1, 44. Jo. 16, 27. Eph. 2, 10. Skeir. *frequently;* ni þatain—ak jah, *not only—but also;* Rom. 9, 10. II Cor. 8, 19. I Tim. 5, 13; ni þatainei—ak, *not only—but;* Skeir. IV, d. V, c. VII, b; ni þatainei—ak jah, *not only—but also;* Rom. 9, 24. 12, 17. Phil. 1, 29. ak niu, *not rather;* Lu. 17, 8. *It is seldom used without a negative;* Mk. 11, 32. Lu. 7, 7. Skeir. I, b. [*Cf. O. E.* ac, *Mdl. E.* ac, ok, *but, and, O. S.* ac, *O. H. G.* oh, *but, for.*]

Aka'ï'jê, *pr. n. gen. pl.,* τῆς Ἀχαΐας; I Cor. 16, 15; Akajê; II Cor. 11, 10.

Aka'ï'kus, *pr. n.,* Ἀχαϊκός, *gen.* -aus; I Cor. 16, 17.

Akaja (*codex A;* Axaia, *codex B*), *pr. n.,* Ἀχαΐα; II Cor. 9, 2; *dat.* Aka'ï'jai; II Cor. 1, 1.

akei, *conj.* (218), *but* (ἀλλά); Mt. 9, 18. Mk. 9, 13. I Cor. 4, 3. 14, 20 (δέ); akei ni, *but neither* (ἀλλ' οὐδέ); Gal. 2, 3.—*Comp.* ak, ei.

akeits (? 91, *n.* 2), *n., vinegar;* Mt. 27, 48. Mk. 15, 36. [*Cf. O. E.* eced, *m. or n.,* (?) *Mdl. E.* eched (*superseded in subsequent English by the Fr.* vinaigre, *from the Lt.* vinum, *wine, and* acre, *neut. of* acer, *sharp*), *O. S.* ecid, *O. H. G.* ezzîh(h), *M. H. G.* ezzich, *N. H. G.* essig, *m., vinegar. It is the Lt.* acêtum. *For the G. the form* atêcum (*from* acêtum) *must be supposed, which at an early period became* atîko (*with the chief accent on the* a), *whence* ezzîh(e=i-*uml. of* a).]

akran, *n., fruit;* Mt. 7, 16. Mk. 4, 7. I Cor. 9, 7. Gal. 5, 22. [*Cf. O. E.* æcern, *n., Mdl. E.* akern, acorn, *Mdn. E.* acorn, *O. N.* akarn, *L. G.* ecker, *acorn, whence N. H. G.* ecker, *f., acorn. Allied to* akrs, *q. v.*—*Comp. follg. w.*]

akrana-laus, *adj., without fruit, unfruitful;* Mk. 4, 19.—*From stem of* akran, *and* laus, *q. v.*

akrs, *m.* (91, *n.* 1), *field;* Mt. 27, 7. 8. 10. Mk. 15, 21. Lu. 15, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* æcer, *m., Mdl. E.* æker, aker, *Mdn. E.* acre, *O. S.* accar, *O. H. G.* acchar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* acker, *m., field. Goth.* akrs *suggests Germanic* *akra-z, *from pre-Germanic* agro-s; *comp. Gr.* ἀγρός, *Lt.* ager, *field, Skr.* ájras, *pasture, field. From Idg. root* aj, *to drive, Lt.* agere, *Gr.* ἄγειν, *to drive, lead.—Allied to* akran, *fruit, q. v.*]

Akyla, *pr. n.,* Ἀκύλας; I Cor. 16, 19.

aqizi, *f., ax;* Lu. 3, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* æx, eax (ea *from* æ *for* a, *by breaking*), *f., Mdl. E.* æx, *Mdn. E.* ax, *O. S.* accus, *O. H. G.* acchus, *M. H. G.* ackes, *N. H.*

G. axt (*the* t *being inorganic*), *f., ax. Allied to Gr.* ἀξίνη, *ax, and Lt.* ascia, *for* ac-scia, *ax.*]

alabalstraún, *f., indecl.* (24, *n.* 5; 46, *n.* 2; 120, *n.* 2), *an alabaster box;* Lu. 7, 37. [*From the Gr.* ἀλάβαστρον, (*probably*) *through the Lt.* alabastrum, *whence O. Fr.* alabastre, *whence Mdl. E.* alabastre, *Mdn. E.* alabaster. *To the Lt.* alabastrum *refers also M. H. G. N. H. G.* alabaster, *m., alabaster.*]

ala-brunsts, *f., holocaust, burnt offering;* Mk. 12, 33.—*From* ala- (s. alls) *and* *brunsts, *q. v.*

Alaíksandrus, *pr. n.,* Ἀλέξανδρος; I Tim. 1, 20. II Tim. 4, 14. *gen.* -aus; Mk. 15, 21.

alakjô, *adv., together, collectively.* allai alakjô (πάντες), *all;* Mk. 11, 32. Lu. 4, 22. managei alakjô (ὁ λαὸς ἅπας), *all the people;* Lu. 19,48. alakjô managei (ἅπαν τὸ πλῆθος), *the whole multitude;* Lu. 19, 37. —*Allied to* alls, *q. v.*

ala-mans, *m.* (*occurring in the plur. only*), *the whole human race, all men;* Skeir. VIII, b. [*From* ala- (*s.* ails) *and* manna, *q. v. Stem* ala- *occurs also in G.* Alemannen, *name of a German tribe, whence the Fr.* Allemands, *the Germans collectively.*]

Alamôd?, *pr, n., dat.* -a; *once each in* Arezzo *and* Naples documents.

alan, *st. v.* (177), *to grow up, nourish;* I Tim. 4, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* alan, *O. N.* ala, *Lt.* alere, to *nourish. To the Lt. base* al *refer Lt.* al-i-mentum, *food, whence Fr.* aliment, *whence Mdn. E.* aliment; *and* co-al-escere (co *from* con = cum, *with*), *to grow together with something, to unite, whence Mdn. E.* coalesce; *and Lt.* ad-ol-escere (ad = *prep. to;* ol = al), *to grow up, pres. partic.* adolescens, *gen.* adolescent-is, *growing up, young, whence Mdn. E.* adolescent, *th. s.; pret. partic.* ad-ultus, *fullgrown, whence Mdn. E.* adult.—*Comp.* aldôma, aldrs, alþeis.]

ala-þarba, *adj.* (132, *n.* 2), *very poor, very needy;* Lu. 15, 14. —*Comp.* alls *and* þaúrban.

aldôma, *m., old age;* Lu. 1, 36. [*Cf. O. E.* ealdôm, *m.*, O. H. G. alttuom, *m. n., old age. Probably from a weak verbal stem; s.* alds. *The suffix* -ôma *corresponds to the Lt. suffix* -âmen *in* certâmen, solâmen, *etc.*—*Comp. follg. w.*]

***aldra,** *in* framaldrs. [*From root of* alan (*q. v.*) *and suffix -tro-. Cf. O. E.* ealdor, *n., life* (to ealdre, *for ever*), *O. N.* aldr, *age, old age, O. S.* aldar, *life, lifetime, O. H. G.* altar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* alter, *n., age, old age. —Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

alds, *f.* (73; 74, *n.* 3), *an age, generation;* Eph. 2, 2. 7. 3, 5. *life;* II Tim. 2, 4. *world;* II Tim. 4, 10; fram aldim, *from generations;* Col. 1, 26; in aldins aldê,

from generation to generation; Lu. 1, 50. *For* in aldins aiwê *and* in allôs aldins aiwê, *s.* aiws. [*An abstr. from root* al (*s.* alan). *Cf. O. E.* ældu, ieldu (*The uml. shows that the word originally ended in* i) *f., age, and* ielde, ylde, *m., men, Mdl. E.* eld, *age, old age, Mdn. E.* eld, *which appears also in O. E.* weorold, *f., life, world, Mdl. E.* weorld, *Mdn. E.* world, *etc.* (*s.* waír).—*Comp.* aldôma *and prec. w.*]

aleina, *f., ell, cubit;* Mt. 6, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* eln, *f., Mdl. E.* eln, *Mdn. E.* ell, *O. H. G.* elina, *M. H. G.* elne, elle, *N. H. G.* elle, *f., Gr.* ὠλένη, *Lt.* ulna, *elbow, arm.—Compds.: O. E.* eln-boga, *m., Mdl. E.* elbowe (*the* w *from* g *through* gh, *by labialization*) *Mdn. E.* elbow, *O. H. G.* elinbogo, *m., M. H. G.* e(l)lenboge, *m., N. H. G.* ell(en)bogen, *m., elbow. For the latter part of these compds., s.* biugan.]

alêw, *n.* (119), *olive, oil;* Mk. 6, 13. Lu. 7, 46. 16, 6. [*From Lt.* oleum, *whence also O. E.* ele, *n., Mdl. E.* eli, eole, *O. S.* olig, *O. H. G.* olei, oli, *M. H. G.* öle, öl, *N. H. G.* öl, *n., Eff. G.* olig, *m.,* oil; *and O. Fr.* oil (*Mdn. Fr.* huile), *oil, whence Mdl. E.* oil, *Mdn. E.* oil.—*Comp.* alêws *and follg. w.*]

alêwa-bagms, *m., olive-tree;* Lu. 19, 37. Rom. 11, 17. 24.—*Comp.* alêw *and* bagms.

alêws, *adj., belonging to the olive-tree:* faírguni alêwjô, *the Mount of Olives;* Mk. 11, 1. Lu. 19, 29.—*Comp.* alêw.

Alfaius, *pr. n.,* Ἀλφαῖος, *gen.* -aus; Mk. 2, 14. 3, 18. Lu. 6, 15.

alhs, *f.* (116), *temple;* Mt. 27, 5. Mk. 14, 19. Lu. 4, 9. II Cor. 6, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* alh, ealh, *m., O. H. G. O. S.* alah, *m., temple.*]

aliþs, *pret. partic.; s.* aljan.

alja, (a) *conj., than, except, unless;* Mk. 9, 8. Lu. 4, 26. II Cor. 1, 13. Skeir. VIII, c. (b) *prep. w. dat.* (217), *except* (πλήν); Mk. 12, 32.—*Allied to* aljis, *q. v.—Comp. follg. w.*

alja-kuns, *adj.* (130), *foreign, strange;* sa aljakunja, *this stranger;* Lu. 17, 18. aljakunjai, *strangers;* Eph. 2, 19. *contrary to nature* (παρὰ φύσιν); Rom. 11, 24.—*From stem* alja- (*s.* aljis) *and* *kuns, *q. v.—Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

alja-leikô, *adv.* (*in codex B, A has* -ôs); *otherwise;* I Tim. 6, 3.—*Comp.* *aljaleiks, *from stem* alja- *and* *leiks, *q. v.—Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

alja-leikôs, *adv.* (212, *n.* 2), *otherwise;* Phil. 3, 15. I Tim. 5, 25. 6, 3.—*From* aljaleikô, *q. v.—Comp. follg. w.*

alja-leikôþs, *adj., allegorical;* Gal. 4, 24. *Prop. pret. partic. of* *alja-leikôn, *from* *alja-leiks, *lit. having another body, from stem* alja- *and* *leiks, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

aljan, *w. v.* (*pret. partic.* aliþs),

to fatten; Lu. 15, 23. 27. 31. —*Allied to* alan, *q. v.*

aljan, *n., zeal, jealousy;* Rom. 10, 2. 19. II Cor. 11, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* eljan, ellen (ll *for* lj), *n., Mdl. E.* ellen, *O. N.* elian, *f., O. S.* ellan, *O. H. G.* ellan, *M. H. G.* ellen, *n., zeal, courage.—Comp. follg. w.*]

aljanôn, *w. v., to envy, to affect zealously;* I Cor. 13, 4; *w. dat.;* II Cor. 11, 2. Gal. 4, 17; *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Gal. 4, 18.—*Compd.* in-aljanôn *w. acc., to vie with enviously, make angry;* I Cor. 10, 22. 13, 5 (gloss).—*From* aljan, *q. v.*

aljar, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *elsewhere;* II Cor. 10, 1. 11.—*Comp.* aljis.

aljaþ, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *in another direction:* afleiþan aljaþ, *to go away;* Mk. 12, 1.—*Comp.* aljis; *also prec. and follg. w.*

aljaþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *from elsewhere, by some other way, absent;* Jo. 10, 1. II Cor. 13, 2. 10. Phil. 1, 27.—*Comp.* aljar, aljaþ, aljis.

aljis, *adj., other, another;* II Cor. 1, 13. Gal. 5, 10. I Tim. 1, 10. Skeir. VII, b. [*From pron. stem* alja- *appearing in the West Germanic dialects as* eli- (e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.*); *cf. O. E.* elles (*gen. sing. neuter;* ll *by gemination before the original* j), *Mdl. E.* elles, *Mdn. E.* else, *and O. E.* el-lende (*For* -lende, *s.* land, *land, country*), *adj., foreign, and subst., n., exile, O. S.* elilendi, *adj., foreign, and subst., n., foreign country, O. H. G.* elilenti, *adj., exiled, being in a foreign country, foreign, and subst., n., exile, foreign country, M. H. G.* ellende, *adj., wretched, being in a foreign country, foreign, and subst., n., exile, foreign country, N. H. G.* elend, *adj., wretched, miserable, and subst., n., misery, wretchedness, distress. Here belongs also the pr. n.: E.* Alsace, *from the Fr.* Alsace, *G.* Elsass, *through the Mdl. Lt.* Alisatia, *lit. a foreign seat* (*For the second part of the word, s.* satjan). *Stem* alja- *is allied to Lt.* alius, *Gr.* ἄλλος (*from* ἄλjος), *other.—Comp. prec. w.*]

all-andjô, *adv., wholly, altogether;* I Thess. 5, 23.—*S.* alls, *andjô.

allaþrô (213, *n.* 2), *adv., from all directions, from every quarter* (πάντοθεν); Mk. 1, 45. Lu. 19, 43.—*From stem of* alls, *q. v.*

alla-waúrstwa, *m., one who works with all his might, perfect;* Col. 4, 12.—*Comp.* alls, waúrstw.

allis, (1) *adv.* (215), *in general, wholly, at all; w.* ni, *not at all.* Mt. 5, 34. 39. I Cor. 15, 29.—(2) *conj.* (218) (*never at the beginning, except* Mk. 12, 25), *for;* Mk. 6, 14. Lu. 1, 44. Jo. 5, 46. nih allis, *for neither, for not;* Mk. 4, 22. Lu. 20, 36. allis—iþ (μέν—δέ), *indeed—but;* Lu. 3. 16. [*Gen. case of* alls, *q. v.; cf. O. E.* ealles (*nom.*

eall), *Mdl. E.* alles, *O. H. G. M. H. G. O. S.* alles, *adv., wholly.*]

alls, *adj.* (122, *n.* 1), *all, every, whole, occurs in the strong form only.* (1) *used alone,* (a) *without the art.;* Mt. 5, 18. Mk. 1, 5. Lu. 15, 14. Skeir. *very often;* (b) *prec. by the art.* (=*demonstr. prn.*); Mt. 26, 70. Lu. 16, 14. 18, 21. I Cor. 12, 11; (c) *folld. by the art.* (*demonstr. prn.*); Mt. 6, 32. Lu. 7, 18. (2) *w. a pers. prn.* (*either prec. or follg.*); Mk. 14, 64. Lu. 6, 10. 9, 48. II Cor. 2, 3. 3, 18, 5, 10. (3) *w. a poss. prn.* (*either prec. or follg.*), (a) *without the art.;* Jo. 17, 10. Mk. 5, 26. I Cor. 11, 2. 16, 14; (b) *w. the art.;* Lu. 15, 31. (4) *w. a rel. prn.;* Mk. 11, 24. Lu. 3, 19. I Cor. 10, 25. (5) *w. a. follg. partic.* (*with or without the art.*); Mt. 8, 16. Rom. 12, 3. Neh. 5, 16. (6) *w. an adj.* (*prec. or follg.*), (a) *without the art.;* Gal. 6, 6; (b) *w. a prec. art.;* Mk. 7, 23; (c) *w. a follg. art.;* Lu. 9, 2. II Cor. 1, 1. Eph. 3, 8. (7) *w. adverbial phrases;* Mt. 5, 15. Lu. 5. 9. Rom. 9, 6. (8) *w. subst.*, (a) *without the art.*, Mt. 9, 35. 11, 13. Skeir. IV, b; (b) *w. the art.;* Mt. 8, 32. 26, 1. Neh. 5, 18; (c) *w. the prn.* jaíns; Mt. 9, 26. 31; (d) *w. a poss. prn.;* Mt. 5, 29. 6, 29. Lu. 1, 75. (9) *the gen. pl. of* alls (*either alone or w. a subst. in the same case*) *occurs after a superl.;* Mk. 4, 31. 12, 22. I Cor. 15, 8; *instead of this gen. the prep.* in *w. dat. is found;* Lu. 9, 48. (10), (a) all (*neut. sing.*) *w. gen. sing. of a subst.;* Mk. 2, 13. Rom. 8, 36. I Cor. 15, 24; (b) *the sing. of* alls *w. gen. pl. of a subst.*, (*α*) *in the neuter;* Mt. 7, 17. Mk. 3, 28. Lu. 5, 17; (*β*) *agreeing w. the subst. in gender;* Rom. 14, 11; (g) *the gender is doubtful;* Lu. Lu. 3, 5. II Thess. 3, 6. Skeir. V, a.—alls *stands* (*perhaps incorrectly*) *for the Gr.* πολύς; Mk. 12, 37.—þô alla (*acc. of specification*), *in all things;* Eph. 4, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* eall (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* all, al, *Mdn. E.* all, *O. N.* allr. *O. S.* all, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* al, *N. H. G.* all, *adj., all. Stem* alla- (*for* al-na) *is an old partic. in* -no (*Comp.* fulls, wulla), *from root* al, ol. *Besides* alla-, *there occurs the form* ala-, *as in* ala-brunsts, alakjô, alamans, ala-þarba. *Furthermore comp. Mdn. E.* alone, *N. H. G.* allein (*s* ains); *Mdn. E.* almighty, *N. H. G.* allmächtig (*s.* mahteigs); *Mdn. E.* almost, *Mdl. E.* almǫ̂st, *O. E.* eal-mæ̂st, *quite the greatest part* (*for* mæ̂st, *s.* maists); *Mdn. E.* already, *Mdl. E.* al rêdi (*s.* raiþs); *Mdn. E. also, Mdl. E.* al swa, also, alse, als (*whence Mdn. E.* as), *O. E.* eal(l)-swâ, *adv., also, N. H. G.* also, *thus, so, M. H. G.* alsô, alse, als (*whence N. H. G.* als, *as, than*), *O. H. G.* alsô, *adv., quite so,*

as, as if (*For* swa, so, *s.* swê); *Mdn. E.* although (*s.* þauh); *Mdn. E. altogether* (s. gadiliggs); *Mdn. E.* alway, always (*s.* wigs); *N. H. G.* allmählich (*the spelling* allmälig *being due to the influence of* mal; *s.* mêl), *for an older* allmächlich, *adj. and adv., gradual, gradually, M. H. G.* almechlich, *adj., slow, and* algemechlîche, *adv., gradually, by degrees— The second part of this word refers to O. H. G.* gimah (h), adj., *comfortable, suitable, and subst., prop. n. adj., n. m., comfort, advantage, M. H. G.* gemach, *adj., comfortable, and subst., m. n., rest, comfort, ease, place of rest or comfort; hence room, chamber, N. H. G.* gemach, *adv., slowly, by degrees, and subst., n., room, chamber; contained also in O. H. G.* gimahlihho, *adv., easily, slowly, M. H. G.* gemechlich, *adj., easy, slow, and adv., easily, slowly, N. H. G.* gemächlich, *adj., slow, comfortable, indolent, and adv., slowly, comfortably, easily;—O. H. G.* gi-mah(h) *is composed of* gi (*s.* ga) *and* mah(h), *from Germanic root* mak, *to join, fit, whence also O. E.* macian, *Mdl. E.* make, *Mdn. E.* make, *O. S.* makôn, *O. H. G.* mahhôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* machen, *to make* (*wanting in Goth. and O. N.; comp., however, O. N.* makara, *compar., more suitable, more comfortable*), *and O. E.* maca, ȝemaca, *m., companion, Mdl. E.* make, *Mdn. E.* make, *and* mæcce, ȝemæcce, *companion, spouse, Mdl. E.* mæcche, mache, *Mdn. E.* match, *O. H. G.* gimahho, *companion,* gimahha, *wife, O. H. G.* gimahhidi, *M. H. G.* gemechede, *n., spouse —; N. H. G.* albern *for* alber, *M. H. G.* alwære, *silly, foolish, simple, O. H. G.* ala-war (*s.* *wêrs), *adj., kind, friendly, true, very true; Mdn. E.* allodial, *from V. Lt.* allodialis, *from* allodium, *from O. G.* alôdis, *O. H. G.* aI-ôd, *'entire property', a free inheritance* (*Comp. O. E.* ead, *m.?, O. S.* ôd, *property, O. H. G.* ôtag, *adj., wealthy*); *s. also prec. and follg. w.*]

all-swêrei, *f., simplicity;* Rom. 12, 8.—*S.* alls, swêrei.

all-waldands, *m.* (115), *all-ruling, almighty;* II Cor. 6, 18.—*From* alls *and the pres. partic. of* waldan, *q. v.*

***alþan,** *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *in* us-alþan, *to grow old;* usalþans (*pret. partic.*), *antiquated,* I Tim. 4, 7.—*Comp.* alþeis.

alþeis, *adj.* (128), *old;* Jo. 3, 34, Skeir. II, b. c. Cal. þô alþjôna (*neut. pl.*), *old things;* II Cor. 5, 17. sa alþiza (*compar.*), *the elder;* Lu. 15, 25. [*From stem in* ja-. *For* alþeis *we should expect* alds; *cf. O. E.* eald, (ea *for* a, *by breaking before* ld) *Mdl. E.* ald, ǫld, *Mdn. E.* old, *O. S.* ald, *O. H. G. M. H. G.*

N. H. G. alt, *adj., old. The West Germanic stem* al-da- *comes from an old partic. in* -to (*s.* dauþs, guþ, kalds, kunþs), *from root* al, *to grow* (*s.* alan). —*Compd. and der.: O. E.* ealdfæder, *Mdl. E.* aldfader, *m., grandfather, O. H. G. M. H. G.* altvater, m., *grandfather, N. H. G.* altvater, *m., grandfather, ancestor, etc.; O. E.* eald-môdor, *Mdl. E.* eldmôder, *f., grandmother; O, E.* ealdor-mann (ealdor *being prop. a compar. form meaning 'senior'*), *chief, Mdl. E.* alderman, *Mdn. E.* alderman; *another compar. form is O. E.* yldra (y *for* ie, *and this for* ea, *by* i-*uml., the original termination being* -ira, *Goth.* -iza; *s.* batiza, maiza), *m., father, plur.* yldran, *parents, O. Fris.* aldera, *O. S.* eldiron, *O. H. G.* eltirôn (altrôn), *M. H. G.* eltern, altern, *N. H. G.* eltern, *parents.* —*Comp.* alds, *aldrs.]

alþs; *s.* alds.

Amalaberga, *pr. n.* (54, *n.* 2).

Amalafrigda, *pr. n.* (3, *n.* 2).

Ameinadab, *pr. n.* *'Αμιναδάβ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 33.

amên, *verily;* Mt. 5, 18. 10, 42. Neh. 5, 13. Skeir. II, a. [*From the Hebr., through the Gr.* ἀμήν.]

Ammô, *pr. n.*, *'Αμώς gen.* -ôns; Lu. 3, 25.

amsa (*or* **ams?**), *m., shoulder;* Lu. 15, 5.

an, *interrog. particle* (216) corresponding *to Lt.* an, *G.* denn; Lu. 3, 10. 10, 29. 18, 26.

ana, (I) *prep.* (217), (1) *w. dat.,* (a) *local: in, to, on, upon, over;* Mt. 7, 24. Mk. 1, 45. 15, 33. Jo. 13, 25. Neh. 5, 17. Skeir. III, d. Cal; (b) *temporal: about;* Jo. 7, 14; (c) *of measure: about; as,* ana spaúrdim fimftaíhunim; Jo. 11, 18; (d) *after verbs of writing, reading, hearing knowing, learning, and the like: in, from, out of, by;* Mk. 12, 26. Jo. 9, 3. 12, 34, I Cor. 5, 9. Skeir. VII, c; (e) *denoting a cause, especially after verbs of affection: in, for, at, over;* Mt. 7, 28. Mk. 12, 17. II Cor. 1, 4. 5, 4. I Thess. 3, 9; (f) *in other relations, denoting an inclining toward, in reference to, and the like: in, upon, toward over, of;* Mk. 9, 37. Lu. 10, 19. 18, 3. II Cor. 1, 23. 8, 7. II Thess. 3, 4; (g) *in the follg. phrases:* stains ana staina, *one stone upon another;* Lu. 19, 44. gáurei ana gáurein, *sorrow upon sorrow;* Phil. 2, 27. (2) *w. acc.,* (a) *local: on, upon, at, into;* Mt. 5, 15. Lu. 5, 4. Jo. 6, 21. 7, 30. Gal. 1, 21. Eph. 4, 26. Skeir. IV, d. VIII, a; *trop.: against;* Mk, 14. 55. Jo. 13, 18.—ana andaugi, *in presence;* II Cor. 10, 1. liubai ana attans, *beloved for the father's sake* (?); Rom. 11, 28; (b) *temporal: in;* Lu. 17, 4; (c) *distributive:* ana baúrgs, *in every city;* Tit. 1, 5; ana allôs aíkklêsjôns, *throughout all*

churches; II Cor. 8, 18; ana hvarjanôh fimftiguns, *by fifties;* Lu. 9, 14. (II) *adv.: on, upon, in;* Mt. 27, 7. Mk. 8, 23. 11, 7; *moreover, besides;* II Cor. 8, 7. —*Occurs frequently in composition with v., subst., adj., and adv.* [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* an, on, *Mdn. E.* on, *O. S.* an, on, *O. H. G.* ana, *M. H. G.* ane, *N. H. G.* an, *adv. and prep., at, on, upon, by, Gr.* ἀνά, *adv. and prep., Lt.* an (*comp.* an-helare, *to pant.*]

ana-busns, *f.* (75, *n.* 1), *command, commandment, charge, ordinance;* Mt. 5, 19. Mk. 7, 7. 8. 13. Jo. 15, 12. I Cor. 11, 2. Skeir. I, c. V, a.—*From* ana-biudan, *q. v. Comp.* *busns.

ana-filh, *n., tradition, anything committed to one* (παραθήκη), *commendation;* Mk. 7, 3. II Tim. 1, 12. 14. II Cor. 3, 1. II Thess. 3, 6. anafilhis bôkôs, *epistles of commendation.*—*From* ana-filhan, *q. v.*

ana-haimeis, *adj., at home, present;* II Cor. 5, 8. 9.—*S.* ana, haims; *comp. also* af-haimeis.

anaks, *adv., suddenly, at once;* Mk. 9, 8. Lu. 2, 13. 9, 39. [*For a like formation, with* k- *suffix, s.* ibuks.]

ana-kunnains, *f., a reading* (ἀνάγνωσις); II Cor. 3, 14.—*From* ana-kunnan, *q. v.*

ana-lageins, *m., a laying on* (ἐπίθεσις); I Tim. 4, 14. II Tim. 1, 6.—*From* ana-lagjan, *q. v.*

ana-laugnei, *f., secretness,* Jo. 7, 4.—*From* analaugns, *q. v.*

ana-laugniba, *adv.* (210), *secretly; in secret;* Jo. 7, 10.—*From* analaugns, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ana-laugns, *adj.* (130), *secret;* Mk. 4, 22. Lu. 8, 17. I Cor. 4, 5. 14, 25. II Cor. 4, 2.—*S.* *laugns, ana.

ana-leikô, *adv., in like manner;* Skeir. VII, a.–[*From* *leiks *and* ana, *q. v. Comp. O. H. G.* ana-gilîch (*analîh), *M. H. G.* ane-lîch, *N. H. G.* ähnlich, *adj., like, similar.*]

ana-mahts, *f., power, injury;* II Cor. 12, 10. Skeir. I, b.—*S. mahts,* ana.

ana-minds, *f., supposition;* I Tim. 6, 4.—*S.* *minds, ana.

***anan,** *st. v., in* us-anan (78, *n.* 4; 177, *n.* 1), *to breathe out, give up the ghost;* Mk. 15, 37. 39. [*From root* an, *to breathe; cf. O. E.* an-dian, *to be angry,* êðian, *to breathe, O. H. G.* andôn(t), *M. H. G.* anden, *N. H. G.* ahnden, *to punish, and M. H. G.* anen, *N. H. G.* ahnen, *to be prescient of, to forbode. Allied to Lt.* animus, *soul, mind, Gr.* ἄνεμος, *wind.*]

Ananeias (Ananias), *pr. n., 'Ανανίας, dat.* -in; Neh. 7, 2.

ana-niujiþa, *f., a renewing, renewal;* Rom 12, 2.—*From* ana-niujan, *q. v. Comp.* niujiþa.

ana-qiss, *f., blasphemy;* Col. 3, 8. I Tim. 6, 4.—*From* ana-qiþan, *q. v. Comp.* *qiss.

ana-siuns, *adj.* (130), *visible;* Skeir. II, d.—*S.* siuns, ana.

ana-stôdeins, *f., beginning* (*ἀρχή*); Mk. 1, 1. Col. 1, 18. Skeir. I, b. c; *first fruits;* I Cor. 15, 20. 23.—*From* ana-stôdjan, *q. v.*

anaþaíma, anathema; Rom. 9, 3. I Cor. 16, 22. [*From the Gr.* *ἀνάθεμα* (*from* *ἀνατίθημι, I devote, from* *ἀνά, up, and* *τίθημι, I place*), *any thing devoted, especially to evil, whence also Lt. and E.* anathema].

Anaþôþ, *pr. n.,* *Ἀναθώθ, gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 23.

ana-waírþs, *adj., future;* Mk. 10, 30. Lu. 3, 7. Jo. 16, 13. Col. 2, 17. I Tim. 4, 8. Skeir. II, c. V, a.—*S.* *waírþs, ana.

ana-wiljei, *f., moderation, gravity;* Phil. 4, 5. I Tim. 3, 4.—*S.* wiljei, ana.

and, *prep. w. acc.* (217), (1) *local, denoting motion over, or along, an object: to, into, on;* Mt. 9, 26. 11, 1. Lu. 14, 23. Rom. 10, 18. (2) *temporal: at;* Mt. 27, 15. Mk. 15, 6. [*A shortened form of* anda (*q. v.*), *occurring chiefly with v. Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* and-, ond-, *Mdn. E.* an- *in answer* (*s.* swaran), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* ant-, *N. H. G.* ant- *in* antlitz (*s* wlits,) *in* antwort (*s.* anda-waúrdi), *and* ent-, *an unaccented verbal prefix denoting negation, contradiction, separation, and the like, in* ent-sagen, *to renounce, abandon, etc. Before initial* f, nt *becomes* mp *in G.* empfangen, empfinden, empfehlen, *s.* fahan, finþan, filhan, *respectively. Allied to Lt.* ante, *before* (*whence Mdn. E. and N. H. G.* ante-), *Gr.* *ἀντί, against* (*whence Mdn. E. and N. H. G.* anti-), *Skr.* ánti, *over against. —Comp. the numerous compounds with* anda-, and-, *especially* andbahti.]

anda-, *prefix, the same as* and-, *q. v. It occurs only with subst. and adj.*

anda-baúhts, *f., ransom;* I Tim. 2, 6.—*Comp.* anda, *baúhts.

anda-beit (*so in codex B, A has* andabêt), *n., reproach;* II Cor. 2, 6.—*An abstr. subst. to* and-beitan, *q. v. Comp.* anda, *beit.

anda-hafts, *f., answer, reply, sentence, resolution;* I Cor. 9, 3. II Cor. 1, 9. Skeir. VIII, b.—*Comp.* anda, *hafts.

anda-hait, *n., profession, confession;* II Cor. 9, 13. I Tim. 6, 12. 13. [*An abstr. subst. to* and-haitan, *q. v.; concerning* anda *for* and, *s. these. Cf. O. H. G. M. H. G.* ant-heiz, *vow, promise, whence M. H. G.* antheize *and* antheizec, *adj., N. H. G.* antheischig *in phrase* "sich anheischig machen", *to promise, bind one's self* (sch *for* ss, *by influence of* heischen, *M. H. G.* heischen, *prop.* eischen, *O. H. G.* eiskôn, *to ask, O. S.* êskôn, *O. E.* âskian, *Mdl. E.* âske, âȩske, *Mdn. E.* ask; *the initial* h *of the M. H. G.* heischen *being due to* heizen; *s.* haitan).]

anda-launi, *n., recompense, re-*

ward; II Cor. 6, 13. Col. 3, 24. I Tim. 5, 4.—*Comp.* anda, laun.

anda-nahti, *n., evening;* Mt. 8, 16. Mk. 1, 32. 4, 35. 11, 11.19. 15, 42.—*Comp.* anda, nahts.

anda-neiþs, *adj., contrary;* I Thess. 2, 15. Col. 2, 14.—þata andaneiþô, *contrariwise;* II Cor. 2, 7.—*Comp.* anda, *neiþs.

anda-nêm, *n.* (33), *a receiving;* Phil. 4, 15.—*A verbal subst.; s.* andanêms, *also follg. w.*

anda-nêmeigs, *adj., receiving, holding fast;* Tit. 1, 9.—*Comp.* anda, *nêmeigs, *also prec. and follg. w.*

anda-nêms, *adj.* (33; 130), *pleasant, acceptable;* Lu. 4, 19. 24. II Cor. 6, 2.—*A verbal adj; s.* andniman. *Comp.* andanêm, *also prec. and follg. w.*

anda-numts, *f.* (33) *a receiving, acceptation;* Lu. 9, 51. Rom. 11, 15. I Tim. 1, 15. 4, 9.—*From* and-niman, *q. v. Comp.* *numts.

anda-sêts, *adj.* (34; 130), *abominable;* Tit. 1, 16; *used as subst.: abomination;* Lu. 16, 15.—*Comp.* anda *sêts.

anda-staþjis, *m.* (92), *an adversary;* Lu. 18, 3. I Cor. 16, 9. Phil. 1, 28.—*From stem* andastaþja-, *from* andastaþi-; *s.* anda, staþs, *also* and-standan.

anda-staua, *m., an adversary;* Mt. 5, 25.—*Comp.* anda, staua.

anda-þahts, *adj., cautious, vigilant, reasonable;* Rom. 12, 1. I Tim. 3, 2. II Tim. 4, 5. Tit. 1, 8. Skeir. II, d.—*Comp.* anda, *þahts.

and-augi, *n., face;* II Cor. 10, 1. I Thess. 2, 17.—*From stem* and-augja-; *comp.* and, augô, and *follg. w.*

and-augiba, *adv., openly, plainly, frankly;* Jo. 7, 26. 10, 24.—*From stem* andaugi-; *comp. prec. and follg. w.*

and-augjô, *adv., openly, publicly;* Mk. 1, 45. Jo. 7, 10. 18, 20.—*Allied to prec. w.*

anda-waírþi, *n., worth, price;* Mt. 27, 6. 9.—*From* andawaírþs, *a variety of* andwaírþs, *q. v.*

anda-waúrdi, *n., answer;* Lu. 2, 47. 20, 26. Jo. 19, 9. [*From* anda *and* *waúrdi; *cf. O. H. G.* antwurti, *n. f., M. H. G.* antwürte, *n.,* antwurt, *f., N. H. G.* antwort, *f., answer.—For Mdn. E.* answer, *s.* and- *and* swaran.]

anda-wizns, *f., necessity, need, want;* Rom. 12, 13. II Cor. 11, 8. Phil. 4, 16.—*Comp.* anda, *wizns.

anda-wleizn, *n.* (?), *countenance, face;* Mt. 26, 67. Lu. 17, 16. I Cor. 14, 25. II Cor. 3, 13. 11, 20.—*From* anda- *and* wleizn (*from* wlît-sni-), *q. v.*

and-bahti, *n.* (95, *n.* 1), *office, service, ministry;* Mk. 10, 45. I Cor. 16, 15. II Cor. 3, 7. 11, 8. [*From* andbahts, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ambiht. *n., Mdl. E.* amboht, *office, O. H. G.* ambaht *and* ambahti, *M. H. G.* ambet, ammet, *N. H. G.* amt, *n., office,* amman, *m., officer, judge, from*

M. H. G. amman *for* *ambman, *a secondary form of* ambetman, *lit.* "*office-man*".—*Comp. follg. w.*]

and-bahtjan, *w. v.* (187), *to serve, minister;* Mk. 10, 45. Jo. 12, 2. I Tim. 3, 10. 13; *w. acc. of th., to perform, administer;* II Cor. 3, 3. 8, 19. 20; *w. dat. of pers., to serve, minister;* Mt. 8, 15. 25, 44. I Tim. 5, 16. Philem. 13.—*From* andbahts, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

and-bahts, *m., servant, minister, officer;* Mt. 5, 25. Mk. 14, 54. Jo. 12, 26. 18, 3. 22. Lu. 4, 20. Skeir. VIII, a. [*From* and (*q. v.*) *and* *bahts, *the origin of the latter being obscure; comp., however, Lt.* ambactus (*of Celtic origin—Caesar, de Bello Gall. VI, 15*), *servant, whence the Vulg. Lt. der.* ambactia, *service, mission, whence Lt.* ambasciata (*prop. pret. partic. of Mdl. Lt.* ambasciare, *to perform any service, from* ambascia *for* ambactia, *service*), *whence, prob., Fr.* ambassade, *whence Mdn. E.* embassy. *Mdn. E.* ambassador *refers to Fr.* ambassadeur.—*Comp.* andbahti, andbahtjan.]

andeis, *m.* (92, *n.* 1), *end;* Mk. 3, 26. 27. Rom. 10, 18. Phil. 3, 19. Skeir. III, a. [*Cf. O. E.* ende, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* end, *O. N.* endir, *m.,* endi, *n., O. S.* endi, *m., O. H. G.* enti, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* ende, *n., end. Stem* andja-, *from pre-Germanic* antyá-, *is allied to Skr.* ánta-s, *m., limit, end, border.—Comp.* andjan, andjô.]

and-huleins, *f., uncovering, revalation, illumination;* Lu. 2, 32. I Cor. 14, 26. II Cor. 12, 1. 7. Gal. 2, 2. Eph. 1, 17. 3, 3. II Thess. 1, 7.—*Comp.* and, *huleins.

andi-laus, *adj., endless;* I Tim. 1, 4.—*Comp.* andeis, laus.

andiz-uh, *conj.* (218), *otherwise, else,* andizuh—aíþþau, *either—or;* Lu. 16, 13.—*From* andiz- (*perhaps allied to* and, *q. v.*) *and* -uh, *q. v.*

***andjan,** *w. v., to end, in* ga-andjan (*pret.* gaandida *for* gananþida *of the M. S.; s.* *nanþjan), *to cease, end;* Lu. 5, 4.—*From* andeis, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***andjô,** *adv., in* allandjô.—*From* andeis, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

Andraías, *pr. n.,* *Ἀνδρέας; Jo. 6, 8. 12, 22. Skeir. VII, a; *gen.* Andraíins; Mk. 1, 29. Andriins; Cal; *dat.* -in; Jo. 12, 22; *acc.* -an; Mk. 1, 16. 3, 18. Lu. 6, 14.

and-stald, *n., supply, ministration;* Eph. 4, 16. Phil. 1, 19.—*From* andstaldan, *q. v. Comp.* *stald.

and-waírþi, *n.* (95), *presence, face (person);* Mt. 6, 16. Lu. 9, 53. I Thess. 2, 17; in, *or* faúra, andwaírþja, *in the presence of, before;* Mt. 5, 16. 24. Mk. 9, 2; in managamma andwaírþja, *before many;* II Cor. 1, 11. Skeir. V, a. c; bi andwaírþja (*w. gen.*), *before;* I Tim. 5, 19.—

From andwaírþs, *q. v. Comp.* andawaírþi *and follg. w.*

and-waírþis, *adv. used as prep. w. dat., over against;* Mt. 27, 61. —*Prop. gen. of follg. w., q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

and-waírþs, *adj., present;* I Cor. 5, 3. II Cor. 4, 17.—*From* and *and* *wairþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

Anna, *pr. n.,* Ἄννα; Lu. 2, 36.

Annas, *pr. n.,* Ἄννας; Jo. 18, 24; *dat.* -in; Lu. 3, 2. Jo. 18, 13.

annô, *f., wages, salary;* Lu. 3, 14. swêsaim annôm, *at one's own charges;* I Cor. 9, 7.—*S. Dief.*

Anô, *pr. n.,* Ἀνώ, *gen.* -ôs; Ezra 2, 33.

***ans,** *m.* (9, *n.* 4), *dat.* anza, *beam;* Lu. 6, 41. 42.—*S. Dief.*

ansteigs, *adj.* (124), *gracious, favorable;* Eph. 1, 6.—*From* ansts (*q. v.*) *and suffix* -eigs.

ansts, *f.* (102), *joy;* II Cor. 1, 24; *gift;* Rom. 6, 23. I Tim. 4, 14. II Tim. 1, 6; *benefit;* II Cor. 1, 15; *grace;* Lu. 2, 40. Rom. 16, 24. I Cor. 15, 10. II Cor. 1, 2. Gal. 1, 6; *favor;* Lu. 1, 30. 2, 52; *thank;* I Cor. 10, 30. Col. 3, 16. [*From root* an *and suffix* -sti *for original* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* êst (*from* âsti-, *by* i-*uml., for* ansti-, *by compensation*), *m., Mdl. E.* êst, *favor, grace, O. N.* âst, *O. Fris.* enst, êst, *O. S. O. H. G.* anst, *M. H. G.* gunst (*from* *ge-unst), *N. H. G.* gunst, *f., favor, grace. Furthermore, O. E.* ȝe-unnan, *O. N.* unna, *O. S.* unnan, *O. H. G.* gi-unnan, *M. H. G.* gunnen, *N. H. G.* gönnen, *to grant, permit, be pleased with.*]

Antiaúkia, *pr. n.,* Ἀντιόχεια, *dat.* -jai; Gal. 2, 11. *or* -iai; II Tim. 3, 11.

anþar, *adj.* (122, *n.* 1; 124, *n.* 1. 4; 146), *another, second,* (1) *used alone,* (a) *without art.;* Mt. 8, 9. Mk. 12, 31. 32. Lu. 5, 29. 20, 16. Skeir. IV, d. VII, d; *in the predicate;* Gal. 1, 7. Lu. 9, 29; *in distrib. clauses:* anþar—anþaruh þan, *the one—the other;* Skeir. II, d. V, a; *plur.:* anþarai þan—anþarai þan, *some—others;* Mk. 6, 15; sum—anþaruþ þan, *some—some;* Mk. 4, 5; sumaih—anþarai, *some—others;* Jo. 7, 12; anþarai—sumaih þan, *th. s.;* Mk. 8, 28; anþarai þan—sumai þan, *th. s.;* Lu. 9, 19; ains—anþar, *the one—the other;* Mt. 6, 24. Lu. 7, 41. 17, 35; (b) *with the art.;* Mt. 5, 39. Lu. 6, 10. I Cor. 7, 12. Eph. 2, 3; *adv.:* þata anþar, *for the rest, besides;* I Cor. 1, 16. II Cor. 13, 11. Eph. 6, 10; anþar anþarana, *one another;* Phil. 2, 3. I Thess. 5, 11; anþar anþaris, *one of another;* Eph. 4, 25; (2) *w. a subst. in gen.;* Mt. 8, 21. (3) *w. a subst. in the same case* (*either follg. or prec.*), (a) *without art.;* Mk. 4, 36. 12, 4. II Cor. 11, 8. 12, 13. Ezra 2, 31. Skeir. II, b. anþaramma sinþa, *the second time;* Mk. 14, 72. Jo. 9, 24. II

Cor. 13, 2; (b) *w. art.;* Mt. 27, 61. Lu. 4, 43. Jo. 18, 16. I Cor. 9, 5. 15, 47.—anþar fruma sabbatô, *the first sabbath after the greath Easter sabbath* (*δευτερόπρωτον σάββατον*); Lu. 6, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* ôðer (*from* anðer, onðer, *by compensation*; *s.* ansts), *Mdl. E.* ôðer, *Mdn. E.* other, *O. S.* âðar, ôðar, *O. N.* annarr, *O. H. G.* andar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* ander, *other. Prop. a compar. from root* an; *comp. Skr.* antarás, *the other, Lt.* alter (*for* *anther); *also Skr. Zd.* an-ya-s, *other. The Idg. suffix* -teros *answers to the Gr. compar. suffix* -τερος.—*Comp. follg. w.*]

anþar-leikei, *f., diversity;* Skeir. V, c. VI, b.—*From* *anþarleiks, *adj., lit. having another body, diverse; s. follg. w.*

anþar-leikô, *adv., otherwise;* I Tim. 1, 3.—*From a lost adj.,* *anþarleiks, *from* anþar *and stem of* *leiks, *q. v.*—*Comp.* galeiks *and prec. w.*

Apaúllô?, *pr. n.,* *Ἀπολλώς, gen.* -ôns; I Cor. 1, 12; *dat.* -ôn; I Cor. 4, 6; *acc.* -ôn; I Cor. 16, 12.

apaústaúlei, *f., apostleship;* I Cor. 9, 2. Gal. 2, 8. [*It is the Gr.* *ἀποστολή. S. follg. w.*]

apaústaúlus, *m.* (120, *n.* 1. apaústulus; 13, *n.* 1), *apostle, messenger. It follows the* u- *decl., but the plur. always has nom. in* -eis, *gen. in* -ê, *acc. in both* ans *and* uns; Mk. 6, 30. Lu. 6, 13. 9, 1. I Cor. 15, 7. 9. Phil. 2, 25. [*From the Gr.* *ἀπόστολος* (*from* *ἀπό, off, and* *στέλλειν, to send*), *whence also Lt.* apostolus, whence *O. E.* apostol, *m., Mdl. E.* apostel, *Mdn. E.* apostle, *O. H. G.* apostolo, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* apostel, *m., apostle.*—*Comp. prec. w.*]

ara, *m., eagle;* Lu. 17, 37. [*Cf. O. N.* ari, *m., O. H. G.* aro, *M. H. G.* ar (*also in the compd.* adelar, *N. H. G.* adler, *m., eagle, O. H. G.* *adal-aro, *prop. a noble eagle*—*adal, *adj., occurs also in pr. n., as* Adalheid (*s.* haidus), Adalberaht (*s.* bairhts), *etc., a secondary form being* edili, *M. H. G.* edele, edel, *N. H. G.* edel, *O. E.* æðele, *Mdl. E.* æðel, *adj., noble*—), *N. H. G.* aar, *m., eagle, and O. E.* earn, arn, *m., Mdl. E.* arn, ærn (*for which Mdn. E.* eagle, *from the Fr.* aigle, *from Lt.* aquila, *eagle*), *O. N.* örn, *O. H. G.* arn, *M. H. G.* arn, *N. H. G.* arn- *in the pr. n.* Arnold, *O. H. G.* Aran-olt (-olt *from the v.* waldan, *q. v.*), *Gr.* *ὄρνις, bird.*]

Arabia, *pr. n.,* *Ἀραβία;* Gal. 4, 25.

Araítas, *pr. n.,* *Ἀρέτας, gen.* -ins; II Cor. 11, 32.

Aram, *pr. n.,* *Ἀράμ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 33.

arbaidjan, *w. v., to work, labor, toil;* Mt. 6, 28. I Cor. 15, 10. II Tim. 2, 6; *to suffer, endure;* II Tim. 2, 3. 9. 4, 5; samana arbaidjan *w. dat., to labor or strive together for;* Phil. 1, 27; *folld. by* du *w. dat., to labor*

under; Col. 1, 29; *by* in *w. dat., to suffer in;* II Tim. 2, 9.—*Compd.* (a) bi-arb. *w. acc., to toil for, strive for;* I Thess. 4, 11. (b) miþ-arb. *w. dat., to labor together with;* Phil. 4, 3; *to partake of afflictions;* II Tim. 1, 8. (c) þaírh-arb. *w. acc., to toil throughout;* Lu. 5, 5.—*From* arbaiþs, *q. v.*

arbaiþs, *f.* (103), *labor, work, toil;* I Cor. 15, 58. II Cor. 6, 5. 10. 15, 16. Gal. 6, 17; *pressure of business;* II Cor. 11, 28; in arbaidai briggan, *to exalt one's self;* II Cor. 11, 20; arbaidai winnan, *to labor;* II Thess. 3, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* earfoð, *n., hardship, distress, toil,* earfeðe, *adj., difficult, Mdl. E.* earfeð, *O. S.* arbed, *f., and* arbêdi, *n., O. H. G.* arabeit, *M. H. G.* ar(e)beit, *f. hardship, distress, toil, N. H. G.* arbeit, *f., labor, toil, pains, work.—Comp. prec. w.*]

arbi, *n.* (95), *heritage, inheritance;* Lu. 20, 14. Gal. 4, 30. Eph. 1, 14. 18. 5, 5. Col. 3, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* yrfe (*for* ierfe, irfe, *from* earfe, *by* i-*uml., from* arfe, *by breaking*), *n., Mdl. E.* erfe, *O. S. O. H. G.* erbi, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* erbe, *n., heritage, inheritance, and O. H. G.* erbo, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* erbe, *m., heir. From Germanic root* arbh, *to inherit.—Comp.* arbja *and follg. w.*

arbi-numja, *m., one who takes an inheritance, an inheritor, heir;* Mk. 12, 7. Lu. 20, 14. Gal. 4, 1.—*S.* arbi, *numja.

arbja, *m.* (108), *heir;* Gal. 3, 29. 4, 7; arbja waírþan, *to inherit;* Mk. 10, 17. Lu. 10, 25. 18, 18. Gal. 5, 21.—*From* arbi, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

arbjô, *f.* (112), *heiress;* arbjô waírþan, *to inherit;* I Cor. 15, 50.—*From* arbi, *q. v. Comp.* arbja.

Arimaþaia, *'Αριμαθαία, gen.* -as (*the Gr. inflection being retained*); Mt. 27, 57. Mk. 15, 43.

Areistarkus, *pr. n.* (*A has* Ariastarkus), *'Αρίσταρχος;* Col. 4, 10.

Arfaksad, *pr. n., 'Αρφαξάδ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 36.

arhwazna, *f.,* arrow; Eph. 6, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* earh, *f.* (?) *and* arewe, *f., Mdl. E.* arwe, *Mdn. E.* arrow, *O. N.* ör, *pl.* örvar, *th. s.*]

arjan, *w. v., to plow;* Lu. 17, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* erjan, *Mdl. E.* erie, ere, *Mdn. E.* ear, *O. H. G.* erien, *to plow. From the O. Germanic and West-Indg. root* ar, *to plow* (*s.* aírþa); *comp. Lt.* arare, *Gr. ἀροῦν, to plow; allied to O. E.* eard, *m., country, home, dwelling, O. N.* örð, *f., harvest, produce, O. S.* ard, *m., dwelling-place, O. H. G.* art, *f., farming, tillage,* artôn, *to inhabit, cultivate.*]

arka, *f., ark, box, bag;* Lu. 17, 27. Jo. 12, 6. 13, 29. [*Cf. O. E.* earc, *m.,* earce, *f., chest, box, ark, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* ark, *O. N.* örk, *f., chest, coffin, ark, O. H. G.* arahha, archa, *M. H. G.* arke,

arche, *N. H. G.* arche, *f., ark. The word is borrowed from the Lt.* arca, *a place for keeping anything, a chest, box, coffin, etc.; comp. Lt.* arcere, *to shut up, inclose.*]

Ariamirus, *pr. n.* (61, *n.* 1).

Ariaricus, *pr. n.* (3, *n.* 2).

ark-aggilus, *m.* (57), archangel; I Thess. 4, 16. [*From the Gr.* ἀρχάγγελος (*s.* aggilus), *whence also Lt.* archangelus *and Mdl. E.* archangel, *Mdn. E.* archangel (ch = k). *Words like O. E.* arce-bisceop, *Mdl. E.* archebishop, *Mdn. E.* archbishop, archdeacon, *etc., come from the Lt., where the* ch *of archi-* (*from* ἀρχι-; *comp.* ἄρχειν, *to be first, rule,* ἀρχή, *beginning*) *had assumed a dental, for the original guttural, pronunciation; so also O. H. G.* erzi-, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* erz-, *as in O. H. G.* erzi-bischof, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* erzbischof, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* erzengel, *m., archangel, etc.*]

Arkippus, *pr. n.,* Ἄρχιππος, *dat.* -au; Col. 4, 17.

arma-haírtei, *f., pity, mercy;* Lu. 1, 50. 54, 58. Rom. 15. 9, Eph. 2, 4. Col. 3, 12. II Tim. 1, 18. —*From* armahaírts, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

arma-haírtiþa, *f., pity, mercy;* Mt. 6, 4. 9, 13. Lu. 1, 72.—*From* armahaírts, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

arma-haírts, *adj., merciful;* Eph. 4. 32. [*From the adj.* arms *and the subst.* haírtô, *q. v.; formed after the Lt.* misericors; *comp. N. H. G.* barmherzig, *M. H. G.* barmherzic (*the* b *being the initial sound of the prefix* bi-, be-; *s.* bi), *adj., merciful.*—*Der.* armahaírtei, armahaírtiþa, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

armaiô, *f., mercy, pity;* Rom. 9, 23. 11, 31. Gal. 6, 16. I Tim. 1, 2. 16. *alms* (ἐλεημοσύνη); Mt. 6, 1. 2. 3.—*From* arman, *q. v.—Comp. prec. w.*

arman, *w. v., to show mercy;* Rom. 9, 16. 12, 8; *w. acc., to have mercy on;* Mt. 9, 27. Mk. 10, 47. 48. Lu. 17, 13. Rom. 9, 15.—*Compd.* ga-arman *w. acc., to have pity on, pity;* Mk. 5, 19. Rom. 11, 30. 31. 32. I Cor. 7, 25. II Cor. 4, 1. Phil. 2, 27. I Tim. 1, 13. 16.—*From* arms, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

arms, *adj., miserable, poor, wretched, superl.* armôsts, *nom. pl. m.* armôstai (137); I Cor. 15, 19. [*Cf. O. E.* earm (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* arm, *adj., poor* (*for which Mdn. E.* poor, *from Mdl. E.* pore, poure, povere, *and this from O. Fr.* povre, pauvre, *from Lt.* pauper, *whence Mdn. E.* pauper) *O. N.* armr, *O. S.* arm, *O. H. G.* aram, arm, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* arm, *adj., poor. Comp.* arma-haírts, arman.]

arms, *m.* (*i*), *arm;* Mk. 9, 36. Lu. 1, 51. 2, 28. Jo. 12, 38. [*Cf. O. E.* earm (ea *for* a; *s. prec. w.*), *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* arm, *O. S.* arm, *O. N.* armr, *O. H. G.*

aram, arm, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* arm, *m., arm, Lt.* armus, *m., the fore-shoulder, Skr.* îrmás, *m., arm.*]

arniba, *adv.* (130, *n.* 3; 210), *surely;* Mk. 14, 44. [*Allied to O. E.* eornost (eo *by breaking*), *f., Mdl. E.* ernest, *Mdn. E.* earnest, *O. H. G.* ernust, *n. f., M. H. G.* ernest, *N. H. G.* ernst, *m., earnest.*]

arômata, *sweet spices;* Mk. 16, 1. [*It is the Gr.* ἀρώματα, *plur. of* τὸ ἄρωμα, *aroma.*]

Artaksaírksus, *pr. n.,* Ἀρταξέρξης, *gen.* Artarksaírksaus; Neh. 5, 14.

arwjô, *adv., without cause, for nought, gratuitously;* Jo. 15, 25, II Cor. 11, 7. II Thess. 3, 8.—*S. Dief.*

Asaf, *pr. n.,* Ἀσάφ, *gen.* Asabis (56); Ezra 2, 41.

asans, *f.* (103), *harvest, harvest time, summer;* Mt. 9, 37. 38. Mk. 4, 29. 13, 28. Lu. 10, 2.—*From root* as; *s.* asneis.

Asêr, *pr. n.,* Ἀσήρ, *gen.* -is; Lu. 2, 36.

Asgad, *pr. n.,* Ἀσγάδ, *gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 12.

Asia, *pr. n.,* Ἀσία, *gen.* -ais; I Cor. 16, 19; *dat.* -ai; I Cor. subscr. II Cor. 1, 8. II Tim. 1, 15.

asilu-qaírnus, *f., millstone;* Mk. 9, 42. [*Prop.* 'ass-mill', *i. e. a mill turned by an ass, from* asilus, *ass, and* qaírnus, *mill, q. v.*]

asilus, *m. f.* (105), *a young ass, ass;* Lu. 19, 30. Jo. 12, 14. 15. [*Cf. O. E.* esol, *m., O. S.* esil, *O. H. G.* esil, *M. H. G.* esel, *N. H. G.* esel, *m., ass; allied to O. E.* assa, *m., Mdl. E.* asse, *Mdn. E.*ass, *O. N.* asni, *m., ass. The etymology of the words is obscure, their nearest source being perhaps a cognate dial.; comp. Lt.* asinus.—*See prec. w.*]

Asmôþ, *pr. n.,* Ἀσμώθ, *gen.* -is Ezra 2, 24.

asneis, *m.* (92), *servant, hired man, hireling;* Mk. 1, 20. Lu. 15, 17. 19. Jo. 10, 12. 13. [*Cf. O. E.* esne, *m., servant, O. H. G.* esni, *servant, hired man, O. N.* önn (*from* aznu), *work, farming time. From root* as, *to farm, whence also O. E.* earnian (r *for* s = *Germanic* z, *by rotacism*), *Mdl. E.* earne, *Mdn. E.* earn, *O. H. G.* arnôn, *to harvest, and M. H. G.* asten, *to cultivate* (*the soil*), *and N. H. G.* ernte, *f.* (*w.* t-*suffix*), *for M. H G.* erne, *f., prop. plur. of O. H. G.* aran, *harvest.*]

assarjus, *m.* (ἀσσάριον), *a small coin, farthing;* Mt. 10, 29. [*It is the Lt.* assarius, *from* as, *a coin.*]

Assaúm, *pr. n.,* Ἀσόμ, *gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 19.

astaþs, *f., truth, certainty;* Lu. 1, 4.—*S. Dief.*

asts, *m.* (a), *branch, twig;* Mk. 4, 32. 11, 8. 13, 28. Jo. 12, 13. Rom. 11, 16. 18. 19. 21. [*Cf. O. E.* *æst *in* æstel, *m., little branch, O. H. G. M. H. G. N.*

H. G. ast, *m., branch, bough; allied to Gr.* ὄζος, *shoot, twig, and perhaps to O. E.* ôst, *m., knot.*]

at, *prep.* (217), (1) *w. dat.,* (a) *local, indicating* (*α*) *the pers. of which anything is heard, learned, received, and the like: of, from;* Mk. 15, 45. Lu. 10, 7. II Tim. 1, 18. Neh. 5, 15. Skeir. IV, d; þô at im, *what they have;* Lu. 10, 7; (*β*) *nearness* (*of pers. or th.*)*: at, by, with;* Mt. 9, 9. Mk. 4, 1. I Cor. 16, 7. Phil. 1, 25. II Tim. 4, 13; *also trop.: in consideration of, on account of;* Skeir. V, c; *so in* I Cor. 12, 15. 16: at þamma leika (*παρὰ τοῦτο*), *therefore* (*the passage probably having been misapprehended by Ulphilas*)*; in* Skeir. VI, d, at *is simply added in order to avoid ambiguity;* (*γ*) *the point or goal at which anything, in its direction, arrives; hence with verbs which designate 'coming, bringing', and the like:* to; Mt. 7, 15. Mk. 7, 31, 9, 20. Lu. 3, 2. Jo. 12, 12. Neh. 5, 17. Skeir. III, c. V, a. VII, b. VIII, c; (b) *temporal, expressing duration of time within which anything occurs;* Lu. 3, 2*; often with the dat. abs. for the sake of emphasis, where the Gr. has the gen. abs.;* Mt. 8, 16. Mk. 4, 6. 35. Skeir. II, d. III, a. VII, b. VIII, a. c. d. (2) *w. acc., only temporal; as,* at dulþ, *at the feast;* Lu. 2, 41; at mêl, *at the season;* Mk. 12, 2; at mêl swêsata, *in due season;* Gal. 6, 9; at maúrgin waúrþanana, *when the morning was come;* Mt. 27. 1.—at *occurs frequently w. v., rarely w. subst. and adj.* [*Cf. O. E.* æt, *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* at, *O. N.* at, *O. H. G.* az (*occurring also in* *bi-az (*s.* bi), *M. H. G.* biz, *N. H. G.* bis, *adv. and conj., to, till*), *Lt.* ad, *at, to, by.*]

at-aþni, *n., year;* Jo. 18, 13.—*Comp.* at, aþn.

Ateir (Atêr?), *pr. n., Ἀτήρ, gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 16. 42.

at-gaggs, *m., access;* Eph. 2, 18. 3, 12.—*Comp.* at, gaggs, *and* at-gaggan.

Athanaildus, *pr. n.* (65, *n.* 1).

Athanaricus, *pr. n.* (3, *n.* 2).

atisk, *n.* (*or* **atisks,** *m.?*), *seed, cornfield;* Mk. 2, 23. Lu. 6, 1. [*Comp. O. H. G.* ezzisc (e=i-*uml. of* a), *M. H. G.* ezesch, *contr.* esch, *m., seed, cornfield. Supposed to be derived from stem of* atjan; *s. follg. w.*]

***atjan,** *w. v., to cause to eat, in* fra-atjan *w. acc., to give away in food;* I Cor. 13, 3. [*A factitive from* itan, *q. v.; comp. O. H. G.* ezzen, *M. H. G.* etzen, *to give to eat, to feed, graze, N. H. G.* ätzen, *to corrode, cauterize.*]

atta, *m.* (69, *n.* 1; 108), *father, forefather;* Mt. 5, 16. 10, 37. Jo. 6, 31. 7, 22. Rom. 15, 8. 11, 28. Skeir. IV, d. V, a. b. d. VI, b. c. VII, d. [*From the*

language of children; comp. O. H. G. atto, *Lt.* atta, *Gr.* ἄττα, *etc.*]

Attila, *pr. n.* (108). [*Prop.* '*little father*', *G.* Etzel.]

at-witains, *f., observation;* Lu. 17, 20.—*Comp.* at, *witains.

Aþeineis, *pr. n.,* Ἀθῆναι, *dat.* -im; I Thess. 3, 1.

aþn, *n., year;* Gal. 4, 10.—*S. Dief.*

aþþan, *conj.* (218), *always at the beginning of the sentence: but* (δὲ); Mt. 5, 22. Mk. 2, 10. I Cor. 4, 3. Skeir. IV, b. VI, a; *yet* (ἀλλά); II Cor. 11, 6; *for* (γάρ); Rom. 8, 6. 9, 11. Gal. 2, 6. Phil. 1, 21; *and* (καί); II Tim. 4, 4; aþþan jabai, *and if;* Lu. 6, 32. Jo. 8, 16; *then, therefore* (οὖν); Mk. 11, 31. 12, 27. Lu. 20, 5; *nevertheless* (μέντοι); II Tim. 2, 19; *indeed* (μέν), *folld. by* iþ, *but;* Mk. 1, 8. Rom. 11, 22. 28. Tit. 1, 15. Skeir. III, d; aþþan swêþauh jabai, *for though;* II Cor. 10, 8; aþþan swêþauh ni, *but not as if;* Rom. 9, 6; aþþan nu, *therefore;* I Cor. 9, 27; aþþan nu swêþauh, *wherefore;* Rom. 7, 12.—*From* aþ (*Lt.* at?) *and* þan, *q. v.*

audagei, *f., blessedness;* Gal. 4, 15.—*From* audags, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

audagjan, *w. v. w. acc., to call blessed;* Lu. 1, 48.—*From* audags, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

audags, *adj., blessed;* Mt. 5, 8. 11, 6. Lu. 1, 45. 10, 23. I Tim. 1, 11. Skeir, VI, d. [*Cf. O. E.* eadiȝ, *Mdl. E.* eadi, *O. N.* audhigr, *O. S.* ôdag, *O. H. G.* ôtag, *adj., blessed, rich; respectively from O. E.* ead, *n., possession, riches, prosperity, O. N.* audhr, *m., riches, O. S.* ôd, *n., riches, prosperity, O. H. G.* ôt *in compds.—Mdn. E.* allodial *and N. H. G.* allod *refer to V. Lt.* allodialis, *from* allodium (*whence Mdn. E. and N. H. G.* allodium), *from an older form* allodis, *f., from O. Frankish* alôd, *m. f.* (?), *from* al, *all* (*s.* alls), *and* ôd; *hence all or entire property.—For a shorter* auda-, *s. follg. w.*]

auda-hafts, *adj., blessed, happy;* Lu. 1, 28.—*From* audags *and* hafts, *q. v.*

Audericus, *pr. n.* (25, *n.* 2).

auftô, *adv.* (au *or* aú? 24, *n.* 1; 211, *n.* 1), *perhaps, likely, surely;* Lu. 4, 23. 20, 13. I Cor. 16, 12. II Cor. 12, 16. Philem. 15; ei auftô (εἰ ἄρα), *if haply;* Mk. 11, 13; ibai auftô (μήπως, μήποτε, ἵνα μή, ἵνα μήποτε, *etc.*), *lest, perhaps, lest perhaps;* Mt. 27, 64. Mk. 2, 22. 11, 13. Lu. 14, 12. 29. Jo. 7, 26. II Cor. 1, 17; niu auftô (μήποτε), *if perhaps, whether or not;* Lu. 3, 15; ibai auftô ni, *lest not;* Rom. 11, 21; nibai auftô, *except;* II Cor. 13, 5. [*Supposed to be akin to* ufta, *q. v.*]

auga-daúrô, *n.* (110), *window;* II Cor. 11, 33.—*Comp.* augô, daúr.

***augi,** *n., in* and-augi.—*Allied to* augô, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***augiba,** *adv., in* and-augiba.—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

augjan, *w. v., to show;* Jo. 14, 8. 9.—*Compd.* at-augjan, (1) *to bring before the eyes, to show,* (a) *w. acc. of th.;* Eph. 2, 7; (b) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* Lu. 4, 5. 20, 24. Jo. 10, 32; (c) *w. refl.* sik *or* sik silban *and a follg. dat. of pers.;* Lu. 17, 14.; Mt. 8, 4. Mk. 1, 44. Lu. 5, 14; (d) *w. acc. of th. and a follg.* in *w. dat.;* I Tim. 1, 16; (e) *w. dat. of pers. and a follg. indir. question;* Lu. 6, 47; (f) *w. a dependent clause introduced by* ei; Skeir. III, a. (2) *to appear,* (a) *w.* sik; Lu. 9, 8; (b) *w. dat.;* Mk. 16, 9; (c) *w.* sik *and a follg. dat. of pers.;* Mt. 27, 53. I Cor. 15, 7. 8; (d) *folld. by* faúra *w. dat.;* II Cor. 5, 10; *in pass. w. dat.;* Mk. 9, 4. I Cor. 15, 5. I Tim. 3, 16.—*Comp.* augi, augô, *and follg. w.*

***augjô,** *adv., in* and-augjô.—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

augô, *n., eye;* Mt. 5, 29. 38. 9, 30. I Cor. 15, 52. Gal. 4, 15; in augam skalkinôn, *to serve with eye-service;* Col. 3, 22. [*Cf. O. E.* eage, *n., Mdl. E.* êȝe, îȝe, *Mdn. E.* eye, *O. N.* auga, *O. S.* ôga, *O. H. G.* ouga, *M. H. G.* ouge, *N. H. G.* auge, *n., eye; perhaps allied to Lt.* oculus, *Gr.* ὄσσε (*for* ὄκjε), *Skr.* akši. *Here belongs also Mdn. E.* window, *Mdl. E.* windog, *from O. N.* vind-auga, *window, prop.* '*wind-eye*'.—*Comp.* augi, augjan, *and prec. w.*]

auhjôdus, (aúhjôdus?), *m., noise, tumult, insurrection;* Mk. 5, 38. 15, 7. [*From* auhjôn (*q. v.*) *and suffix* ôdus (ôþus), *Lt.* âtus *in* senâtus, comitâtus, *etc.*]

auhjôn, *w. v., to make a noise, to cry aloud;* Mt. 9, 23. Mk. 5. 39.—*Comp. prec. w.*

auhmists, *for* auhumists; *s.* auhuma.

***aúhns,** *m.* (91, *n.* 2), *oven;* Mt. 6, 30 [*Cf. O. E.* ofen, *m., oven, furnace, Mdl. E.* ofen, oven, *Mdn. E.* oven, *O. N.* ofn, ogn, *O. H. G.* ovan, *M. H. G.* oven, *N. H. G.* ofen, *m., stove, oven. The distinction between the medial consonants appears also between the kindred Skr.* ukhâ, *pot, and Gr.* ἰπνός, *stove* (*s. Kl., ofen*).—*The Mdn. E.* 'stove' *seems to have been borrowed from a kindred dialect, because in Mdl. E. a corresponding word does not occur, and O. E.* stofe (*Etm., p.* 734) *is doubtful; comp. O. N.* stofa, *room, bath-room with a stove, L. G.* stoof, *foot-stove, O. H. G.* stuba, *M. H. G.* stube, *room, room with a stove, bath-room, N. H. G.* stube, *f., room, chamber, Eff. G.* stuff, *f., sitting-room, parlor.*]

aúhsa, *m.* (108, *n.* 1), *ox;* Lu. 14, 19. I Cor. 9, 9. I Tim. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* oxa, *m., Mdl. E.* oxe,

Mdn. E. ox, *O. N.* oxi, *O. S.* ohso, *O. H. G.* ohso, *M. H. G.* ohse, *N. H. G.* ochse, *m., ox.—Comp. follg. w.*]

aúhsus, (?) (108, *n.* 1—aúhsunns, *probably for* aúhsuns, *and this for* aúhsans, *from* aúhsa, *q. v.*

auhuma, *adj.* (139), *prop. a superl. form, w. the meaning of a compar.: higher;* Phil. 2, 3, *From* auhuma *a new superl. form is derived:* auhumists, *the highest, a chief;* Eph. 2, 20; auhumistô, *the highest point;* Lu. 4, 29; auhumists gudja, *chief priest;* Mt. 27, 62. Mk. 14, 60. 66. Lu. 3, 2. 19, 47. [*The superl.* auhumists *is supposed to be identical w. O. E.* ŷmest.—*For the superl. suffixes* -ma, -mists, *comp. also* hindumists, innuma.]

auk, *conj.* (*immediately follg. the word or words with which it is connected*), *for* (γάρ); Mt. 5, 18. Mk. 1, 16. Phil. 15, 22. Skeir. I, b. d. II, b. c. V, b. c. VI, b. VII, c. VIII, a. b; jah auk, *for* (καὶ γάρ); Mt. 8, 9. 26. 73. Lu. 6, 32. Rom. 7, 2; *and, farther, but* (δέ); Rom. 8, 10. I Cor. 15, 50. II Cor. 13, 9; *and* (καί); I Cor. 8, 11; *in first of two corresponding clauses it answers to Gr.* μέν, *and is folld. by* iþ, *indeed—but;* Jo. 16, 22. I Cor. 15, 51; auk jah (δὲ καί), *and—also;* I Cor. 1, 16; þan auk (δέ), *but;* Jo. 12, 10; auk raíhtis (γάρ), *for;* Mk. 6, 17; jah þan auk (καὶ γάρ), *for also;* Lu. 7, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* eac, *Mdl. E.* êc, êke, *Mdn. E.* eke, *O. N.* auk, *O. S.* ôk, *O. Fris.* ak, *O. H. G.* ouh, *M. H. G.* ouch, *N. H. G.* auch, *also, too. The word is either connected with root* auk (*s.* aukan) *or contracted from two Indg. particles,* au *and* ge, *Gr.* αὖ, *again, moreover, also, and* γε, *indeed, at least.*]

aukan, *red. v.* (179), *to increase;* Skeir. IV, b.—*Compd.* (a) ana-aukan, *to add,* (1) *folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Mt. 6, 27. Lu. 3, 20. (2) *w. inf.;* Lu. 20, 11. 12. (3) *w. partic.;* Skeir. VI, d. *In the cases* (2) *and* (3) *it signifies "continuing", with the sense of the Lt.* "porro, praeterea", *further on, again.* (b) bi-aukan, *to add;* Lu. 19, 11; *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th., to increase;* Lu. 17, 5; *in pass. w. dat. of pers., to give still more, give besides;* Mk. 4, 24. (c) ga-aukan, *to increase, abound;* I Thess. 4, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* *eacan (*intr.*), *to increase, pret. partic.* eacen, *increased, and* êcan, ŷcan (*trans.*), *to increase, augment, Mdl. E.* êke, *Mdn. E.* eke, *to increase, enlarge, O. N.* auka, *O. S.* ôkjan, *O. H. G.* ouhhôn, *to add, increase. From Germanic root* auk, *Indg.* aug *in Lt.* augere, *to enlarge, increase, whence* augmentum, *an increase, whence* augmentare, *to increase, whence Fr.* augmenter, *whence Mdn. E.* augment, *th. s.; also* augustus, *adj., con-*

secrated, majestic, whence the proper name Augustus, *whence E.* August, *G.* August (*the month of* August *having its name after* Caesar Octavianus Augustus), *and Mdn. E.* august, *grand, solemn; to* auctus, *pret. partic. of* augere, *refers* auctio, *an increasing, increase, a public sale, acc.* auctionem, *whence Mdn. E.* auction, *N. H. G.* auction; *also Lt.* auctor, *lit.* '*he who increases*', *hence originator, whence Mdl. E.* auctour; *to Lt.* autor (*an improper form*) *refers O. Fr.* auteur, *whence Mdl. E.* autour, *Mdn. E.* author. *Further Lt.* auxilium, *help, whence* auxiliaris, *adj., helping, whence Mdn. E.* auxiliary, *helping, assisting. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

auknan, *w. v., to become larger, be increased, be nourished;* Col. 2, 19.—*Compd.* bi-auknan, *to become larger, increase, abound;* Phil. 1, 26. I Thess. 4, 10.—*S. prec. w.*

Aúneiseifaúrus, *pr. n.*, *Ὀνησίφορος, gen.* -aus; II Tim. 1, 16.

Aúnisimus, *pr. n.* (9, *n.* 1), *Ὀνήσιμος, dat.* -au; Col. 4, 9.

***aurahi** (*or* **aurahjô?; aú?**), *f., tomb;* Mk. 5, 2. 3.—*S. Dief.*

aurâli, *n.* (5, a), *σουδάριον, a cloth for wiping off perspiration, a napkin;* Jo. 11, 44. [*It is the Lt.* orale, *napkin.*]

aúrkeis, *m., jug, cup;* Mk. 7, 4. 8. [*From the Lt.* urceus (*The Gr. text has ξέστης = Lt.* sextarius, *a liquid measure, the sixth part of a* congius, *i. e. a pint*); —*der.* urceolus (olus *for* ulus *after a vowel*), *whence O. H. G.* urzal (-ol, -eol), *a little pitcher.*]

aúrti-gards, *m., garden;* Jo. 18, 1. 26. [*Cf. O. E.* ort- (wyrt-) ȝeard, *Mdl. E.* orchard, *Mdn. E.* orchard.—*Comp.* waúrts, gards, *and follg. w.*

aúrtja, *m., gardener, husbandman;* Lu. 20, 10. 14. 16.—*From* *aúrts; *s.* waúrts. *Comp. prec. w.*

Ausila, *pr. n.* (25, *n.* 2).

ausô, *n.* (110), *ear;* Mt. 10, 27. Mk. 4, 9. Lu. 1, 44. I Cor. 12, 16. Neh. 6, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* eare (r *from the sonant* s = z), *n., Mdl. E.* eare, êre, *Mdn. E.* ear (*Compd.* earwig, *an insect, Mdl. E.* ȝerwigge, *O. E.* ear-wicga, *m., lit.* "*ear-horse*"—wicga, *n., horse, only in poetry*), *O. N.* eyra, *O. S.* ôra, *O. H. G.* ôra (*Der.* ôri, *M. H. G.* œre, œr, *N. H. G.* öhr, *n., eye of a needle, ear of a tub, dish, etc.; supposed to be identical with N. H. G.* öse, *f., from early N. H. G.* (*M. G.*) ôse, *f., ear of a needle or tub, a handle*), *M. H. G.* ôre, ôr, *N. H. G.* ohr, *n., ear, Lt.* auris (*for* *ausis; *comp.* auscultare, *to hear*), *f., Gr.* οὖς (*from* *οὔσος), *gen.* ὠτός (*from* οὐσατός), *n., ear.*]

Austrovaldus, *pr. n.* (25, *n.* 2).

auþida, *f., desert;* Mt. 11, 7. Mk. 1, 3. 8, 4. Lu. 1, 80. 5, 16.

Skeir. VII, d.—*From* auþeis, *q. v.*

***auþeis** (*or* **auþs;** 130, *n.* 2), *adj., desert, waste;* Mk. 1, 35. 45. Lu. 4, 42. 9, 10. 12. Gal. 4, 27. [*Comp. O. N.* auðr, *adj., desert, O. H. G.* ôdi, *desert, M. H. G.* œde, *uncultivated, uninhabited, desert, foolish, poor, frail, N. H. G.* öde, *waste, desert, desolate; formally identical with O. E.* eaðe, ŷde, êde (y, *rarely* e, *for* ie, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* ǣð, êð, eað, *Mdn. E.* eath (*obs.*), *easy, O. N.* auð- (*in composition*), *O. S.* ôði, *O. H. G.* ôdi, *easy* (*s.* azêts).—*Further O. H. G.* ôdi, *M. H. G.* œde, *N. H. G.* öde, *f., desert, solitude.—Comp. prec. w.*]

awêþi, *n., flock of sheep;* Jo. 10, 16. I Cor. 9, 7. [*For* *aweiþi, *from* *awi; *cf. O. E.* eowe, *f.* (*for* euwe, *from* ewe, *the initial* ê *being* i-*uml. of* a; *s.* mawilô), *Mdl. E.* eow, ȝeow, ȝeu, *Mdn. E.* ewe, *O. H. G.* ouwi, *M. H. G.* awe, *Lt.* ovis, *Gr.* ὄϊς *for* ὄϝις, *Skr.* ávis, *a female sheep, a sheep. Allied to O. E.* eowde, *n., Mdl. E.* eowd, *flock of sheep, O. H. G.* ewit *and* ouwiti, *n., th. s.—Comp.* awistr.]

awiliuþ (awiliud), *n., thank;* I Cor. 15, 57. II Cor. 2, 14. 8, 16; *giving of thanks, thanksgiving;* II Cor. 4, 15; *plur. th. s.;* II Cor. 9, 12. Eph. 5, 4. I Tim. 2, 1. [*Perhaps composed of* *awi *and* *liuþ (*allied to* liuþôn?), *S. Dief.*]

awiliudôn, *w. v.* (190), *to thank, give thanks;* Mk. 8, 16. Jo. 6, 11. I Cor. 11, 24. Skeir. VII, b; *folld. by* in (*for*) *w. gen.;* I Cor. 10, 30. Eph. 1. 16; *w. dat.;* Lu. 17, 16. Rom. 7, 25. II Tim. 1, 3. (*to glorify;* Lu. 18, 43); *and folld. by* fram (*for*) *w. dat.;* Eph. 5, 20; *or* in (*for*) *w. gen.;* II Thess. 1, 3; *or a clause introduced by* untê; I Tim. 1, 12; *in pass.:* ei sô giba awiliudau faúr uns, *that for the gift thanks may be given on our behalf;* II Cor. 1, 11. *Pres. partic.* awiliudônds, *thankful;* Col. 3, 15.—*From prec. w., q. v.*

awistr, *n.* (4), *sheepfold;* Jo. 10, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* eowestre, *n., sheepfold. From Germanic* *awi (*s.* awêþi) *and suffix* -stra.]

awô, *f., grandmother;* II Tim. 1, 5. [*Allied to Lt.* avia, *grandmother, avus, grandfather; der.* avunculus, *maternal uncle, whence O. Fr.* uncle (*Mdn. Fr.* oncle), *whence Mdl. E.* uncle, *Mdn. E.* uncle.]

Axaja; *s.* Aka ïja.

azêtaba, *adv., willingly, gladly, easily;* II Cor. 11, 19.—*From* azêts, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

azêti, *n., pleasure;* wizôn in azêtjam, *to live in pleasure;* I Tim. 5, 6.—*From* azêts, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

azêts, *adj., easy; compar. neuter* azêtizô; Mt. 9, 5. Mk. 2, 9. 10, 25. Lu. 5, 23. [*Supposed by some to be the source of O. Fr.*

aise, *ease* (*whence Mdl. E.* êse, *Mdn. E.* ease; *compd.* disease, *Mdl. E.* *disêse, *from O. Fr.* des-aise, *want of ease; for* des-, *s.* dis-), *and to be allied to Mdn. E.* eath, *easy; s.* auþeis. *Others derive Fr.* aise *from Lt.* otium; *s. Diez., I,* agio.—*Comp. prec. w.*]

azgô, *f.* (112), *ashes;* Mt. 11, 21. Lu. 10, 13. Skeir. III, c. [*Cf. O. E.* asce, æsce, *f., Mdl. E.* ashe, *Mdn. E.* ashes, *plur.* (*the sing. being preserved in* 'pot-ash, pearl-ash', *etc.*), *O. H. G.* asca, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* asche, *f., ashes.*]

azymus (77), *occurs only in gen. plur.* azymê, *unleavened bread;* Mk. 14, 12. [*It is the Gr.* ἄζυμος, *unleavened, unmixed, pure.*]

B.

Ba, *enclitic particle;* Jo. 11, 25. [*This particle occurs also in some adv., as* glaggwuba, harduba, *etc.*]

Babaw, *pr. n., Βαβαΐ, gen.* Babawis (*Codex has* Babaawis); Ezra 2, 11.

badi, *n.* (95), *bed;* Mk. 2, 4. 9. 11. 12. 6, 55. Lu. 5, 19. 24. [*Cf. O. E.* bedd (dd *by gemination*), *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* bed, *O. H. G.* beti, betti, *M. H. G.* bet, bette, *N. H. G.* bett, *n., bed, and* beet, *n., bed of roses, etc., which is prop. the same word coming from nom. sing.* badi, *while* bett *refers to the forms with* dj, *as gen. sing.* badjis, *dat.* badja, *etc. In E. a formal distinction never existed.*]

Bagauis (*gen.*), *pr. n., Βαγουέ;* Ezra, 2, 14.

bagms, *m.* (48, *n.* 1), *tree;* Mt. 7, 17. 18. 19. Mk. 8, 24. 11, 8. Lu. 3, 9. 6, 43. 44. [*Cf. O. E.* beam, *m., tree, Mdl. E.* beam, *Mdn. E.* beam, *a piece of timber prepared for use* (*Concerning Mdn. E.* beam, *ray, which is supposed by some to be the same word, s. Kl.*, baum), *O. N.* baðmr, (*s. v. B.*, 132), *O. S.* bôm, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* boum, *N. H. G.* baum, *m., tree, Du. and L. G.* bôm, *tree, beam, whence Mdn. E.* boom, *beam, pole. Probably from root* (bû, *Idg.* bhû; *so Kl. Comp. Gr.* φῦμα, *a growth, a tumor; s.* bauan) bhagh, Skr. banh, *to grow.*]

***bahti, *bahts,** *in* and-bahti, and-bahts, *q. v.* [*The origin of* -bahts *is unknown; s. Dief.*]

bai, *num. adj.* (140, *n.* 1), *both;* Lu. 1, 6. 7. 5, 7. 6, 39. 7. 42. Eph. 2, 14. 16. [*Cf. O. E.* beȝen, *m.*, bâ, *f.*, bû, *n., Mdl. E.* beie, *m.*, bâ, bô, *f. n., both, Lt.* -bo *in* am-bo, *Gr.* -φω *in* ἄμ-φω, *Skr.* -bha *in* u-bha, *both. Allied to* bajôþs, *q. v.*]

Baíaílzaíbul, *pr. n., Βεελζεβούλ, Beelzebub, acc. th. s.;* Mt. 10, 25. Mk. 3, 22.

baidjan, *w. v. w. acc., to com-*

mand, compel; Gal. 2, 3. 14.—*Compd.* ga-b. *w. acc., th. s.;* II Cor. 12, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* bêdan, *O. N.* beidha, *O. S.* bêdjan, *O. H. G.* beiten, *to compel. Factitive of* bidjan, *q. v.*]

Baíliam, *pr. n., dat.* Baíliama, *Βελίαν?;* II Cor. 6, 15.

Baíneiamein, *pr. n., Βενιαμείν, gen.* -is; Phil. 3, 5.

baíra-bagms, *m., sycamine tree (συκάμινος);* Lu. 17, 6.—*From* baíra- (*origin unknown*) *and* bagms, *q. v.*

baíran, *st. v.* (175) *w. acc.,* (1) *to bear, support;* Rom. 11, 18. (2) *to bear, carry,* (a) *in the hand or on the shoulders;* Mk. 14, 13. Lu. 7, 14. 14, 27. Jo. 12, 6. Gal. 6, 5; (b) *in other relations;* Lu. 10, 4. Jo. 19, 5. Rom. 13, 4. I Cor. 15, 49; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Gal. 6, 17. (3) *to bear, endure, suffer;* Gal. 5, 10. 6, 2. (4) *to carry, bring* (*a person*), *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* Mk. 2, 3; *by* du *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 2. 5, 23. Mk. 1, 32. 7. 32. 8, 22. 9, 19. Lu. 18, 15; *by* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 6, 55. Lu. 5, 18; *by* du *used adverbially;* Mk. 10, 13. (5) *to bear, bring, bring forth; as,* (a) *a child;* Lu. 1, 57. 2, 6. Jo. 16, 21; *w.* barna; I Tim. 5, 14; (b) *fruit, w.* akran; Mk. 4, 28. Lu. 8, 15. Jo. 12, 24. 15, 2. 4. 5. Rom. 7, 5. Col. 1, 10; (c) wrôh baíran ana *w. acc., to bring an accusation against;* Jo. 18, 29.—*Compds.* (a) at-b., *to bring,* (1) *w. acc. of th.;* Mt. 5, 24. 8, 4. Mk. 6, 28. II Tim. 4, 13; *to offer;* Mk. 1, 44. Lu. 5, 14; (2) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* Mt. 9, 32. Mk. 12, 15. 16 (*dat. and acc. being implied*); (3) *w. acc. of dir. obj. folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 16. 9, 2. Mk. 10, 13. (b) inn-at-b. *w. acc., to bring in;* Lu. 5, 18. 19. (c) fra-b., *to bear;* Jo. 16, 12. (d) ga-b. *w. acc., to bring together, compare;* Mk. 4, 30; *to bring forth, bear* (*children*); Lu. 1, 13. 31. Jo. 9, 2. Rom. 9, 11. Skeir. II, a. b. c; *to cause, engender;* II Tim. 2, 23. (e) þaírh-b. *w. acc., to carry through;* Mk. 11, 16. (f) us-b. *w. acc., to carry out;* I Tim. 6, 7; *to bear, endure, suffer;* Mt. 8, 17; *bring forth;* Lu. 6, 45; *to answer;* Mk. 11, 14. Skeir. VII, a. (g) ut-b., *to carry out;* Lu. 7, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* beran, ȝe-beran, *Mdl. E.* bere, i-bere, *Mdn. E.* bear, *O. N.* bera, *O. H. G.* beran, gi-beran, *M. H. G.* bern, gebern, *N. H. G.* gebären, *to give birth to. From Germanic root* ber, *Idg.* bher; *comp. Gr. φέρ-ειν, Lt.* fer-re, *to bear, carry, bring,* fertilis, *adj. fruitful, whence Fr.* fertile, *whence Mdn. E.* fertile. *Further ders. from root* ber: *O. E.* bâre, bâr, *f., Mdl. E.* bâr, bêr, *Mdn. E.* bier, *O. H. G.* bâra, *M. H. G.* bâre, *N. H. G.* bahre, *f., bier; Mdl. E.* barewe, *Mdn. E.* barrow, *wheel-barrow; O. E.* ȝe-

bêre, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* i-bêre (*O. E.* ȝe-bêran, *Mdl. E.* i-bêre, *to bear or conduct one's self*), *bearing*, *O. H. G.* gi-bârida (gebâren, -ôn, *M. H. G.* gebâren, *to conduct one's self*), *M. H. G.* gebærde, *N. H. G.* gebärde, geberde, *f.*, *bearing, gesture, mien. A verbal adj. to* beran *is the West-Germanic* bâri (*O. E.* bêre, *O. H. G.* -bâri, *M. H. G.* -bære, *N. H. G.* -bar), *capable of bearing, bearing, which occurs in many compounds and derivatives; cf. O. E.* wæstmbêre, *bearing fruit, fruitful*, leohtbêre, '*light-bringing*', *shining*, '*lucifer*' (*from stem of* lux, *light, and* ferre, *to bring*), *Mdl. E.* lîhtbêr, *th. s.; O. H. G.* danchbâri, *M. H. G.* dancbære, *N. H. G.* dankbar, *adj., thankful; M. H. G.* vruhtbære, *N. H. G.* fruhtbar, *adj., fruitful, etc. Here belongs also O. E.* âm-bor (*for* ân-bor, *by assimilation*, ân *being a num. adj.* (*s.* ains)*; hence* ambor = *a vessel carried by one handle*), *m., pail* (*by which* ambor *was superseded—Mdl. E.* paile, *from O. Fr.* paele, *from Lt.* patella, *a small dish, a plate*), *O. S.* êmbar (êmmar), *O. H. G.* eimbar, *m. n., M. H. G.* eimber, ein-ber, *m., N. H. G.* eimer, *m., pail; and O. H. G.* zubar, zwibar (*O. H. G.* zwi = *N. H. G.* zwei, *Goth.* twai, *two*), *m., M. H. G.* zuber, zober, *m., N. H. G.* zuber (zober), *m., a tub with two handles; comp. also Gr.* δί-φρος, *a chariot for two persons.—Comp.* barms, *baúrþei, *baúrþs, unbaírands, unbaúrans.]

Baíraúja, *pr. n., Βέροια, dat.* -ai; Cal.

baírgahei, *f., hill-country;* Lu. 1, 39. 65. [*From* *baírgs; *cf. O. E.* beorh, beorg, *m., Mdl. E. bergh* (*infl. berghe, whence*) berwe, *hill, Mdn. E.* barrow *for* berrow, *a burial-mound, O. H. G.* berg, *M. H. G.* berc (g), *N. H. G.* berg, *m., mountain. Compd.: Mdn. E.* bergmaster, *N. H. G.* bergmeister, *the chief officer among miners; Mdn. E.* bergmote, *a court held by miners* (*For* -mote, *s.* *môtjan). *Goth.* *baírgs *suggests a pre-Germanic* bhérgho- *meaning "high"; comp. Skr.* bṛhant, *high, O. Ir.* brigh, *mountain, Kymr. and Armor.* bre, *mountain, hill, Kymr.* bry, *high.—S.* baúrgs.]

baírgan, *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1) *w. dat., to hide, keep;* Jo. 12, 25; *folld. by* faúra *w. dat.;* Jo. 17, 15.—*Compd.* ga-b., *th. s.;* Mt. 9, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* beorgan, *Mdl. E.* berge, *to keep, preserve, protect, O. H. G.* bergan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* bergen, *to keep, cover, hide. From root* berg, *pre-Germanic* bhergh, *which is probably identical with the root of O. E.* borgian, *to give a pledge, borrow, and to protect, Mdl. E.* borwe (w *from* gh,

by labialization), *Mdn. E.* borrow, *O. H. G.* borgên, *M. H. G.* borgen, *to pay attention to, to spare, make an allowance, give credit, N. H. G.* borgen, *to borrow, give on trust. Allied to O. E.* byrȝan, *Mdl. E.* burie, *Mdn. E.* bury, *and O. E.* byrgels, *m., Mdl., E.* buriels, buriel, *Mdn. E.* burial. *S.* baúrgs.]

baírhtaba, *adv.* (210), *clearly, brightly;* Mk. 8, 25. Skeir, III, d, VI, c; *openly;* Col. 2, 15.—waíla wisan b., *to fare sumptuously;* Lu. 16, 19.—*From* baírhts, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

baírhtei, *f., brightness, clearness, manifestation:* baírhtein sunjôs, *by manifestation of the truth* (*τῇ φανερώσει τῆς ἀληθείας*); II Cor. 4, 2; in baírhtein, *openly;* Mt. 6, 4. 6.—*From* baírhts, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***baírhteins,** *f.* (113, *n.* 1), *in* gabaírhteins. — *From* baírhtjan, *q. v.*

baírhtjan, *w. v. w. acc. of a dir. and dat. of an indir. obj., to make bright, to manifest, show;* Jo. 7, 4.—*Compd.* ga-b., *to make bright, make clear, to manifest, show,* (1) *w. acc.;* Mk. 4, 22. II Cor. 2, 14. 7, 12. Col. 4, 4; *and a follg. dat.;* Jo. 14, 21. 22. 17, 5; *or folld. by* bi *w. dat.;* Rom. 9, 17; *in pass.: to be made manifest;* Gal. 4, 19. I Tim. 3, 16; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* II Cor. 11, 6. (2) *w. dat., to give light to;* Lu. 1, 79.—*From* baírhts, *q. v. Comp.* baírhtei *and prec. w.*

baírhts, *adj., bright, manifest;* I Cor. 15, 27. Skeir. V, c; bairhts waírþan, *to become manifest;* Jo. 9, 3. Col. 3, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* beorht, berht, byrht, *bright, white, beautiful, clear, Mdl. E.* briht, bright, brigt (bri *for* bir, *by metathesis*), *Mdn. E.* bright, *O. H. G.* beraht, *M. H. G.* berht, *N. H. G.* (=*Mdn. E.*) -bert, bert-, *in prop. n.; as* Albert (*For the first component,* al = adal, *s.* ara), Bertram (-ram = *Goth.* *hrabns, *O. E.* hræfn, *m., Mdl. E.* raven; *Mdn. E.* raven, *N. H. G.* rabe, *m., raven*), *etc.* — *Der.* baírhtaba, baírhtei, baírhtjan, *q. v.*]

baítraba, *adv., bitterly;* Mt. 26, 75.—*From* baítrs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

baítrei, *f., bitterness;* Eph. 4, 31. Skeir. VIII, c.—*From* baítrs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

baítrs, *adj.* (20, 3), *bitter;* Col. 3, 19. [*Cf. O. E.* bit(t)er, *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* bitter, *O. H. G.* bittar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* bitter, *bitter. From root* bit, *to bite; s.* beitan. — *Der.* baítraba, baítrei, *q. v.*]

Baiþil, *pr. n., Βαιθήλ, gen.* **-is;** Ezra 2, 28.

Baiþlaem; *s.* **Bêþlaíhaím.**

Baiþsa'ïdan; *s.* **Bêþsaeidan** (23, *n.* 1).

bajôþs, *adj.* (117, *n.* 1), *both;* Mt. 9, 17. Lu. 5, 38. Eph. 2, 18.

Skeir. II, d. III, a. [*Cf. O. E.* *bâþ, *Mdl. E.* bǫ̂þ, *Mdn. E.* both, *O. N.* baðir, *O. H. G.* beidê (-o, *f.*, -iu, *n.*), *M. H. G.* beide, *m. f.* (-iu, *n.*), *N. H. G.* beide, *both, and O. H. G. M. H. G.* bêde, *Eff. G.* *bêds *in* allebêds, *both. From Germanic stem* ba; *s.* bai.]

balgs, *m.* (100), *a leather bag, wine-skin, bottle;* Mt. 9, 17. Mk. 2, 22. Lu. 5, 37. 38. [*Prop. skin of an animal, for holding liquors; cf. O. E.* belȝ, bylȝ. *m., a leathern bag, pouch, belly, Mdl. E.* beli, *belly,* belou (ou *for* u, *from* gh; *s. remarks under* *hulôn), *bellows, Mdn. E.* belly, bellows, *O. N.* belgr, *O. H. G.* balg, *skin, M. H. G.* balc (*plur.* belge), *N. H. G.* balg, *m., skin, paunch, compd.* blase-balg (*For* blase-, *s.* blêsan), *m., bellows. Stem* balgi- *originally meant "swelling"; cf. O. E.* belgan, *Mdl. E.* belge, *to swell, swell with anger, O. H. G.* belgan, *M. H. G.* belgen, *to swell, swell with anger, be angry, and N. H. G.* balgen, *to speak in an angry manner, to quarrel, fight, scuffle; further Mdn. E.* bulge (*Scand.*), *to swell, O. N.* bôlginn, *swollen, O. Ir.* bolgaim, *to swell, and Mdl. E.* bulge (*Scand.*), *Mdn. E.* bulge, bilge, *the protuberant part of a cask, O. H. G.* bulga, *M. H. G.* bulge, *f., a leathern bag, N. H. G.* bulge, *f., a leathern basin, for holding water. Pre-Germanic* bhelgh *answers to Idg.* barh, *from* *bharh, *to be large, be strong. — Compd.* mati-balg, *q. v.*]

balsan, *n., balsam, balm* (*μύρον*); Mk. 14, 4. 5. Lu. 7, 37. 38. 46. Jo. 11, 2. 12, 3. 5. [*Of unknown origin; comp. however Arab.* balasân, *Gr. βάλσαμον, whence Lt.* balsamum, *whence O. Fr.* balsme, baulsme, bausme, *whence Mdl. E.* basme, balsme, baume, *Mdn. E.* balm, balsam, *the latter being more closely connected with the Lt.* balsamum *which is also the source of O. H. G.* balsamo, *M. H. G.* balsame, balsam, *N. H. G.* balsam, *m., balm.*]

balþaba, *adv., boldly, openly;* Jo. 7, 13. Col. 2, 15.—*From* *balþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

balþei, *f., boldness;* II Cor. 3, 12. Eph. 3, 12. 6, 19. Skeir. VIII, b. c. [*From* balþs. *Comp. O. H. G.* baldi, *M. H. G.* belde, *boldness, N. H. G.* bälde, *f., a short time. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

balþjan, *w. v., to be bold, to dare;* Skeir. II, a. [*From* balþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* bealdian (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* balde, bǫlde, *to bolden.–Comp. also prec. w.*]

***balþs,** *adj., bold, daring; occurs only in der.* [*Cf O. E.* beald (ea *for* a, *by breaking,* d *for* þ *after* l; *s.* falþan.). *Mdl. E.* bald, bǫ̂ld, *Mdn. E.* bold, *and O. E.* bealdor, *m., O. N.* baldor, *m., prince* (*hence 'Balder', the name of a god*), *O. H. G.* bald, *M. H. G.*

balt (*gen.* baldes), *adj., bold, zealous, quick, N. H. G.* bald, *adv., soon, M. H. G.* balde; *O. H. G.* baldo, *adv., boldly, quickly, immediately, soon. Of G. origin is O. Fr.* baud *for* bauld (*w. the usual* u *before* l), *gay, wanton, whence Mdl. E.* baude, *Mdn. E.* bawd. — *Der.* balþaba, balþei, balþjan, *q. v.*]

balwa-wêsei, *f., wickedness, malice;* I. Cor. 5, 8.—*Comp.* *balws, *wêsei, *and follg. w.*

balweins, *f., torment, punishment;* Mt. 25, 46. Lu. 16, 23.—*From* *balwjan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

balwjan, *w. v. w. dat., to torment, plague;* Mt. 8, 6. 29. Mk. 5, 7. Lu. 8, 28.—*From* *balws, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***balws,** *adj., pernicious, baleful; occurs only in der.* [*Cf. O. E.* bealu (*from stem* balwo-; *final* u *for medial* w, ea *for* a, *by breaking before* lw, *or by* u-*uml.*), *n., injury, evil, and* bealu, *adj., baleful, Mdl. E.* bale, *evil, misery, and adj., evil, pernicious, Mdn. E.* bale, *der.* baleful, *O. N.* böl, *calamity, O. S.* balu, *evil, O. H. G.* balo, *misery, ruin.—Comp. prec. w.*

Banaui, *pr. n., Βανουΐ* (?), *gen.* Banauis; Ezra 2, 10.

bandi, *f.* (96), *band, bond;* Mk. 7, 35. Lu. 8, 29. Col. 4, 19. Phil. 1, 14. 17. II Tim. 2, 9. Philem. 13. [*Cf. O. E.* bend (e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.*), *m. f. n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* bend; *allied to O. N. O. S.* band, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* bant, *N. H. G.* band, *n., band, bond, ribbon. Mdn. E.* band *either refers to Fr.* bande (*from O. H. G.* bant, band), *or is borrowed from a L. G. dial. Mdn. E.* bond *refers to Mdl. E.* bond *interchanging with* band.—*From root of* bindan, *q. v. Comp.* naudi-bandi *and follg. w.*]

bandja, *m.* (32), *one being bound, a prisoner;* Mt. 27, 15. 16. Mk. 15, 6. Eph. 3, 1. 4, 1. II Tim. 1, 9.—*From* bandi, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

bandwa, *f.* (97, *n.* 1), *sign, token;* I Cor. 14, 22. [*From root of* bindan, *q. v. The stem of* bandwa *is probably the source of Fr.* banière, *whence Mdl. E.* baner, *Mdn. E.* banner, *M. H. G.* baniere, banier, bannier, panier, *N. H. G.* banner, panier, *n., banner, standard.—Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

bandwjan, *w. v., to make signs, to show, designate,* (1) *abs.;* I Cor. 10, 28. (2) *w. dat. of pers.: to beckon;* Lu. 1, 22; *folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Jo. 13, 24; *or a dependent clause introduced by* ei; Lu. 5, 7. (3) *w. acc. of th.;* Mt. 26, 73. Skeir. V, c. (4) *folld.,* (a) *by an obj. clause introduced by* þatei; Lu. 20, 37. I Cor. 16, 12; (b) *by an indir. question;* Jo. 12, 33. 18, 32.—*Compd.* ga-b., *to make signs, show,* (1) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* Lu. 1, 62. (2) *folld. by a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Skeir. VI,

c.—From bandwa, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

bandwô, *f., sign, token; Mk.* 14, 44. II Thess. 3, 17.—*An extension of* bandwa, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

banja, *f., wound, sore;* Lu. 10, 30. 16, 20. 21. [*Cf. O. E.* benn (e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.;* nn *for* n *before* j, *by gemination*), *f., wound,* bana, *m., destruction, slayer, murderer, Mdl. E.* bane, *destruction, Mdn. E.* bane, *poison, destruction, O. H. G.* bano, pano, *M. H. G.* bane, ban, *m., death, destruction; allied to Gr.* φόνος, φον-εύς, *murderer.*]

bansts, *m.* (i), *barn;* Mt. 6, 26. Lu. 3, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* bôs (*from* bans; *s.* hansa), *n., stable, Mdl. E.* bôs, *Mdn. E.* boose, *O. N.* bâss, *N. H. G.* banse (*from the L. G.*), *mow; allied to O. Ind.* bhâsas (*for* *bhânsas), *stable. The Goth. word is extended by the suffix* -ti-.]

Barabbas (Barabba), *pr. n.,* Βαραββᾶς; Mk. 15, 7. Jo. 18, 40; *acc.* -an; Mt. 27, 16. 17. Mk. 15, 11. 15. Jo. 18, 40.

Barakeias, *pr. n.,* Βαραχίας, gen. -ins; Neh. 6, 18.

barbarus, *m., foreigner, barbarian;* Col. 3, 11. [*It is the Gr.* βάρβαρος, *foreigner, barbarian.*]

barizeins, *adj., of barley;* Jo. 6, 9. 13. Skeir. VII, a. d. [*From* *baris, *barley. Cf. O. E.* bere, *m.* (?), *Mdl. E.* bere, *extended* barlic (-lic *occurring also in Mdn. E.* garlic, *and* -lock, *as in* hemlock, *etc., are weakened forms of O. E.* leac, *m., Mdl. E.* lêk, *Mdn. E.* leek, *O. N.* laukr, *O. S.* lôc, *O. H. G.* louh(h), *M. H. G.* louch, *N. H. G.* lauch, *m., leek*), *Mdn. E.* barley, *O. N.* barr, *barley. Allied to O. E.* beren, bern (*supposed to be contracted from stem of* bere, *barley, and* ern, *a place for storing*), *n., Mdl. E.* bern, *Mdn. E.* barn, *O. H. G.* barno, *m., M. H. G. N. H. G.* barn, *m., a manger or rack of a stable, Lt.* far (*whence* farina, *meal, flour, whence Mdn. E.* farina; *der. Lt.* farinaceus, *whence Mdn. E.* farinaceous), *n., corn, spelt, O. Bulg.* borŭ, *a sort of millet; comp. also Mdn. E.* barton, *manor, O. E.* bere-tûn (tûn, *m., enclosure, farm, village, town, Mdl. E.* tûn, *fence, town, Mdn. E. town, O. N.* tûn, *farm, O. S.* tûn, *fence, garden, O. H. G. M. H. G.* zûn, *N. H. G.* zaun, *m., fence*), *m., court-yard, grange.*]

barms, *m., bosom;* Lu. 6, 38. 16, 22. 23. Jo. 13, 23. 25. [*Cf. O. E.* bearm (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* barm, *lap, O. N.* barmr, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* barm, *m., lap. Lit. that which bears, from root of* baíran, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

barn, *n.* (33), *child;* Mt. 11, 19. Mk. 5, 39. 9, 24. 36. Rom. 9, 8. Tit. 1, 4. Skeir. VII, b; barnê barna, *children's child-*

ren, grandchildren; I Tim. 5, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* bearn (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *n., Mdl. E.* barn, *Mdn. E.* (*Dial.*) barn, bairn, *O. N. O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* barn, *n., child. From an old partic. in* na-, *referring to* baíran, *q. v. Comp.* *barnahs, barnilô, *etc.*]

Barnabas, *pr. n.,* Βάρναβας; I Cor. 9, 6. Gal. 2, 13; *gen.* -*ins;* Col. 4, 10.; *dat.* -in; Gal. 2, 1. 9.

***barnahs,** *adj., in* un-barnahs.—*From* barn, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

barnilô, *n.* (110) *little child, son;* Mt. 9, 2. Mk. 2, 5. 10, 24. Lu. 1, 76. 15, 31. Jo. 13, 33. Gal. 4, 19. I Tim. 1, 18.—*From* barn, *q. v. Comp.* *barnahs, barnisks, *and follg. w.*

barniskei, *f., childishness, childish things;* I Cor. 13, 11.—*From* barnisks, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

barniski, *n., childhood;* us barniskja, *from childhood;* Mk. 9, 21. II Tim. 3, 15. *From* barnisks, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

barnisks, *adj., childish;* I Cor. 14, 20. Gal. 4, 3.—*From* barn, *q. v. Der.* barniskei barniski, *q. v.*

Barteimaius, *pr. n.,* Βαρτιμαῖος; Mk. 10, 46.

Barþaúlaúmaius, *pr. n.* (24, *n.* 5), Βαρθολομαῖος, *acc.* -ú; Mk. 3, 18; *or* Barþulaúmaiu; Lu. 6, 14.

barusnjan, *w. v. w. acc., to honor;* I Tim. 5, 4. [*Supposed to be derived from a subst.* *barusna, *honor, from* *barus, *honored; comp. Gr.* φέρ-τερος, *superior* (*S. Bernh., Gr., p.* 40). *Allied to* baíran, *q. v.*]

***basi,** *n., berry, in* weina-basi. [*Cf. O. S. O. H. G.* beri (r *for* s, *by rotacism*) *n., M. H. G.* bere, *n. f., N. H. G.* beere, *f., berry. Allied to O. E.* berige, *f., Mdl. E.* berie, *Mdn. E.* berry.]

Bassus, *pr. n., gen.* Bassaus, Βασσοῦ; Ezra 2, 17.

batists, *superl. adj.* (138), *best;* Lu. 1, 3. [*From stem* bat *and suffix* -ist-. *Comp. follg. w.*]

batiza, *compar. adj.* (138), *better;* Mt. 10, 31. Lu. 5, 39. Jo. 18, 14. I Cor. 7, 9. II Cor. 12. 1. Phil. 1, 23; *w. a follg. dat.;* Mt. 5, 29. 30. Jo. 16, 7. II Cor. 8, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* bet(e)ra, *sup.* bet(o)st (*infl.* betsta), *Mdl. E.* betere—best, *Mdn. E.* better—best, *O. H. G.* bezziro—bezzist, *M. H. G.* bezzer—best, *N. H. G.* besser—best. *Concerning the suffixes* -iza, -ist, *s. also* maiza, maists. *Furthermore, cf. the compar. adv.: O. E. Mdl. E.* bet, *better* (e *from* a, *by* i-*uml.; Goth.* *batis), *O. S.* bat, bet, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* baz (*also in M. H. G.* vürbaz, *N. H. G.* fürbass, *adv., farther; for the first component, s.* faúr.), *N. H. G.* bass, *well, very, greatly, more; also Eff. G.* bâte, *to be of use, help, avail.—Comp.* bôta, bôtjan, *and Kl.,* besser; *also prec. and follg. w.*]

***batnan,** *w. v., in* ga-b., *to profit,*

benefit; Mk. 7, 11.—*From stem* bat; *s. prec. w.*

Batwins (?), *pr. n., acc.* -in; Cal.

bauains, *f., a dwelling;* Mk. 5, 3. II Cor. 5, 2. Eph. 2, 22. Phil. 3, 20.—*From* bauan; *s. follg. w.*

bauan, *w. v.* (26; 179, *n.* 2; 193, *n.* 1), *to dwell, inhabit,* (1) *w. acc.;* I Tim. 6, 16. (2) *folld. by* miþ *w. dat.;* I Cor. 7, 12; *or* in *w. dat.;* Rom. 7, 17. 20. 8, 9. II Cor. 6, 16. Eph. 3, 17. Col. 3, 16. II Tim. 1, 5. 14; ald bauan, *to lead a life;* I Tim. 2, 2. — *Compd.* ga-b., *to build nests, to dwell;* Mk. 4, 32. [*Cf. O. E.* bûan, *Mdl. E.* bûe, *to till, dwell, cultivate, O. H. G.* bûan, *M. H. G.* bûwen, *to dwell, cultivate, plant, N. H. G.* bauen, *to build, cultivate, etc. From Germanic root* bû, *whence also O. E.* bûr, *m., Mdl. E.* bûr, bour, *Mdn. E.* bower, *O. H. G.* bûr, *chamber, lodging room, bower, M. H. G.* bûr, *house, bird-cage, N. H. G.* bauer, *m., bird-cage; O. E.* (ȝe-) bûr, *m., Mdl. E.* bûr, bouer, *Mdn. E.* boor (*through the influence of the N. or L. G.* bûr, *the regular Mdn. E. form would be* *bour *or* *bower), *O. H. G.* gi-bûro, *M. H. G.* gebûr, *N. H. G.* bauer, *m., one who lives with one in the same place, village, etc.; hence a neighbor, fellow-citizen, inhabitant of a village, a person with rustic manners; O. H. G.* bûâri (*Goth.* *bauareis), *M. H. G.* bûwære, *N. H. G.* bauer, *m., one who cultivates the ground, a farmer. Further O. E.* neâh-ȝebûr (*from* neâh, *near, and* ȝe-bûr, *one who lives together with one; s. above*), *m., Mdl. E.* neghebour, neighebor, *Mdn. E.* neighbor, *O. H. G.* nâhgibûro, nâhgibûr, *M. H. G.* nâchgebûr, *N. H. G.* nachbar, *m., neighbor; O. E.* bonda (*from O. N.* bondi=búandi, *pres. partic. of* búa), *m., Mdl. E.* bonde, *householder, Mdn. E.* -band *in* husband (*s.* hûs); *O. E.* bold (*an extension of O. N.* ból, *house, from* búa, *to dwell*), *n., Mdl. E.* buld, bild, *house, and* bulde, bilde, builde, *Mdn. E.* build. *Here belongs also Mdl. E.* bôþe (*Scand.; comp. Icel.* bûþ, *f., dwelling, shop*), *Mdn. E.* booth, *M. H. G.* buode, *N. H. G.* bude, *f., booth, shop. Germanic root* bû *suggests Indg.* bhû, *to be, grow, produce; comp. Skr.* bhû, *Gr.* φύ-ω, *Lt.* fu-i, *be, become, grow, produce; further O. Ind.* bhûmis, *earth,* bhûtis, *being, existence, Gr.* φῦμα, *a morbid growth, a tumor,* φύσις, *nature,* φῦλον, φύλη, *clan, race; also Mdn. E.* be, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* bin, *O. S.* bium, *am, Lt.* fio, *be made, be done, etc.; s.* wisan.]

Baúanaírgaís, *a by-name of James and John;* Mk. 3, 17. [*It is the Gr.* Βοανεργές, *from the Hebr.*]

Baúaús, *pr. n.,* Βοός, *gen.* Baúaúzis; Lu. 3, 32.

***baugjan,** *w. v., in* us-b. *w. acc., to sweep out, sweep;* Lu. 15, 8. [*Allied to* biugan? *S. Dief.*]

***baúhts,** *in* anda-, faúr-baúhts.—*From root of* bugjan (*q. v.*) *and suff. -ti.*

***bauljan,** *w. v. in* uf-b. (24, *n.* 1), *to puff up, blow up, be high-minded;* II Tim. 3, 4. [*Allied to O. E.* bŷle, *m., Mdl. E.* bîle (*and* boil, *probably by influence of the L. G. or the E.* boil, *to swell by the action of heat, to bubble, from O. Fr.* boillir, *from Lt.* bullire, *to bubble, boil with rage*), *M. H. G.* biule, *N. H. G.* beule, *Eff. G.* bül, *f., a swelling, bump.*]

baúr, *m.* (33; 101, *n.* 2), *son* (*γεννητός*); Mt. 11, 11. Lu. 7, 28.—*From* baíran, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***baúr,** *m., in* ga-baúr.—*From* baíran, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***baúrd,** *n., in* fôtu-baúrd. [*Cf. O. E.* bord, *n., board, shield, table, Mdl. E.* bord, *Mdn. E.* board, *O. N. O. S. M. H. G.* bord, *N. H. G.* bort, *n., board; allied to O. E.* bred, *n., O. H. G. M. H. G.* bret, *N. H. G.* brett, *n., board.* —*Der. Mdl. Lt.* bordellum, *little hut, whence It.* bordello *and Fr.* bordel, *whence Mdl. E.* bordel, *Mdn. E.* bordel *and* bordello (*obs., superseded by brothel, prop. for* brothel-house, *a bawdy-house, from Mdl. E.* broðel, breðel, *a lewd person, a whore; cf. O. E.* breoðan, *to perish, become vile, pret. partic.* broðen), *N. H. G.* bordell, *n., brothel.*]

baúrei, *f., burden;* Gal. 6, 5.—*From* baíran, *q. v. Comp.* baúrþei.

***baúrgeins,** *f., in* bi-baúrgeins.—*From* *baúrgjan, *from* baúrgs, *q. v.*

baúrgja, *m., burgher, citizen;* Lu. 15, 15. 19, 14.—*From* baúrgs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

baúrgs, *f.* (116), *burgh, borough, town, city;* Mt. 5. 35. 8, 33. Mk. 1, 38. 45. 6, 56. Lu. 5, 12. Neh. 7, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* burh, burg, *f., Mdl. E.* burgh, *Mdn. E.* burg(h), *O. S.* burg, *O. H. G.* burug, *M. H. G.* burc (g), *N. H. G.* burg, *f., castle. To the M. H. G.* burg *refers the Vulg. Lt.* burgus, *a fort, whence* burgensis, *belonging to a fort or city, whence O. Fr.* burgois, burgeis, *whence Mdl. E.* burgeis, *Mdn. E.* burgess. *Mdn. E.* burgomaster *is the Du.* burgemêster (mêster = *Mdn. E.* master, *Mdl. E.* maister, *from O. Fr.* maister, *from Vulg. Lt.* majister (*w. the accent on the* a) *for Lt.* magister, *master, chief, whence also O. S.* mêstar, *O. H. G.* meistar, *M. H. G.* meister, *a learned poet, 'master-singer', burgomaster, town-master, N. H. G.* meister, *m., master*) =*M. H. G.* burge-meister *and* burger-meister, *N. H. G.* bürgermeister (*s.* bürger *below*). *Further cognates are Mdn. E.* burgher (*from* burgh *and suff.* -er), *a*

freeman of a burgh or borough, M. H. G. burgære, *an inhabitant of a* burc, *N. H. G.* bürger (*w.* i-*uml.*), *m., citizen; Mdn. E.* burglar (-lar *from O. Fr.* lairre, laire, leire, *from Lt.* latronem, *acc. of* latro, *a robber*). *Allied to* baírgan *or* baírgahei, *q. v. Comp. also prec. and follg. w.*]

baúrgs-waddjus, *f., town-wall;* II Cor. 11, 33. Neh. 5, 16. 6, 15. 7, 1.—*From* baúrgs *and* *waddjus, *q. v.*

***baúrjaba,** *adv., in* ga-baúrjaba. [*Kindred w. O. E.* ȝe-byrian, *Mdl. E.* i-bure, *to be due, become, belong, O. S.* gi-burian, *O. N.* byrja, *O. H. G.* gi-burjen, *M. H. G.* ge-bürn, *N. H. G.* gebühren, *to be due, belong, fit. Probably from* baíran, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

***baúrjôþus,** *m., in* ga-baúrjôþus. [*Allied to prec. w., the suff.* -ôþus *answering to the Lt. suff.* -âtus *in words like* senâtus, principâtus, *etc.*]

baúrþei, *f., burden;* Gal. 6, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* byrðen, *f., Mdl. E.* burðen, *Mdn. E.* burden, *O. H. G.* burdi, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* bürde, *f., burden. From* baíran, *q. v. Comp.* baúrei *and follg. w.*]

***baúrþs,** *f., in* ga-baúrþs. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝe-byrd, *f., Mdl. E.* burðe, birð, *Mdn. E.* birth, *O. N.* burþr, *O. S.* gi-burd, *O. H. G.* gi-burt, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* geburt, *f., birth, rank. From* baíran, *q. v. Comp.* baúrei *and prec. w.*]

bauþs, *adj., deaf, dumb;* Mt. 9, 32. 11, 5. Mk. 7, 32. 37. Lu. 7, 22; bauþs waírþan, *to become dull, become insipid, lose its savor;* Lu. 14, 34.—*S. Dief.*

beidan, *st. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *w. gen., to abide, expect;* Mt. 11, 3. Mk. 15, 43. Lu. 1, 10. 21. 2, 25. 8, 40. Skeir. V, a.—*Compd.* (a) ga-b. *w. acc., to abide, endure;* I Cor. 13, 7. (b) us- b., *to expect patiently, abide for,* (1) *w. acc.;* Lu. 2, 38. I Cor. 16, 11. Phil. 3, 20; (2) *folld. by* ana *w. dat., to bear long with;* Lu. 18, 7; *or* bi *w. dat., to endure;* Rom. 9, 22. [*Cf. O. E.* bîdan, *Mdl. E.* bîde, *Mdn. E.* bide, abide (a=*O. E.* â-, *Goth.* us-, *q. v.*), *O. S.* bîdan, *O. H. G.* bîtan, *M. H. G.* bîten, *to wait for, await, abide. Der. Mdl. E.* bâd, a-bâd, abǫ̂d, *a staying, remaining, hence a stopping place, a dwelling, Mdn. E.* abode. *Allied to* bidjan, *q. v.*—*Comp. follg. w.*]

***beisnei,** *f., in* us-beisnei.—*From* *beisns, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***beisneigs,** *adj., in* us-beisneigs.—*From* *beisnei, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***beisns,** *f., in* us-beisns, [*From Germanic stem* bîsni- *for* bîdsni-, *from root of* beidan, *q. v.*]

beist, *n., leaven;* Mk. 8, 15. I Cor. 5, 6. 7. 8. Gal. 5, 9.—*Supposed to be allied to* beitan, *to bite, q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***beistei,** *f., in* un-beistei.—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***beistjan,** *w. v., in* ga-b., *to leaven;* I Cor. 5, 6.—*From* beist, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***beistjôn,** *to leaven.—Implied by* un-beistjôþs, *q. v. From* beist, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***beit,** *n., in* anda-beit.—*An abstr. to* beitan, *q. v.*

beitan, *st. v., w. acc., to bite;* Gal. 5, 15.—*Compd.* and-b. *w. acc., to rebuke;* Mk. 1, 25. 3, 12. 8, 32. 33. Lu. 18, 15. I Tim. 5, 1. Skeir. V, b.; *in pass.: to be perplexed;* II Cor. 4, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* bîtan, *Mdl. E.* bîte, *Mdn. E.* bite, *O. N.* bíta, *O. H. G.* bîzzan, *M. H. G.* bîzen, *N. H. G.* beissen, *to bite. From Germanic root* bit, *pre-Germanic* bhid; *comp. Lt.* findere, *pret.* fidi, *Skr. root* bhid, *to split. Factit. O. H. G.* beizzen, beizen, *M. H. G.* beitzen, beizen, *to make to bite, corrode, hawk at, alight from a horse, N. H. G.* beitzen, *to hawk at, corrode, O. N.* beita, *to cause to bite, to put a bait on a hook, whence Mdl. E.* baite, *Mdn. E.* bait, *also Mdn. E. abet, to incite, the latter through the O. Fr.* abeter (*from* a = *Lt. prep.* ad, *and* beter, *to bait, orig. to instigate, provoke*), *to deceive; comp. O. Fr.* abet, *instigation, deceit, whence Mdl. E.* abet, *th. s. Mdn. E.* bet, *to wager, whence* bet, *subst., wager, is supposed to be a shorter form of* abet (*S. M.*, abet, bet, *and Sk.*, bite). *Other der. from root* bit: *O. E.* bit, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* bit, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* biz, *m., N. H. G.* biss, *m., bite, whence the dim.* bisschen, *n., a little bit; O. E.* bita, *m., Mdl. E.* bite, *Mdn. E.* bit, *O. H. G.* bizzo, *M. H. G.* bizze, *N. H. G.* bissen, *m., bit, bite, morsel; O. E.* ȝe-bit (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga), *n., Mdl. E.* bit, *Mdn. E.* bit (*of a bridle*); *O. E.* bîtela, bîtel, bêtel, *m., Mdl., E.* bêtil, bîtil, *Mdn. E.* beetle, *an insect.—Comp.* baîtrs *and* beists.]

Bêrôþ, *pr. n.* (*indeclinable;* 120), *Βηρώδ;* Ezra 2, 25.

bêrusjôs, *plur. m.* (7, *n.* 3; 33), *parents;* Lu. 2, 27. 41. Jo. 9, 23. [*Allied to* baíran, *q. v. The suff.* -usjô- *corresponds to the Gr. suff.* -νῖα *for* νσια.]

Bêþania, *pr. n., Βηθανία;* Jo. 11, 18; *gen.* -as (*Gr. infl.*); Jo. 11, 1; *dat.* -in; Mk. 8, 22. 11, 12; *or* Biþaniin; Jo. 11, 1; *or* Bêþanijin; Lu. 19, 29. Jo. 12, 1; *acc.* -an; Mk. 11, 11.

Bêþlaíhaím, *pr. n.* (*indecl.*), *Βηθλεέμ;* Jo. 7, 42. Bêþlahaím; Lu. 2, 4. 15. Baiþlaem; Ezra 2. 21.

Bêþsaeida, *pr. n.;* fram Bêþsaeida (*ἀπὸ Βηθσαϊδά*); Jo. 12, 21; baúrgs namnidaizôs Baidsaiidan; Lu. 9, 10; wai þus Baiþsaïdan; Mt. 11, 21. Lu. 10, 13.

Bêþsfagei, *pr. n., dat.* -ein; Mk. 11, 1 (*εἰς Βηθσφαγεῖν*). Lu. 19, 29 (*εἰς Βηθσφαγή*).

bi, *prep. w. dat. and acc.* (217),

(I) *w. dat.*, (1) *local*, (a) *against, upon;* Mt. 7, 25. 27. Lu. 4, 11; (b) *by;* Mk. 5, 41. 9, 27; (2) *temporal: at;* Rom. 9, 9; (3) *in abstr. relations*, (a) *by, on;* Mt. 5, 34. 7, 16. Lu. 1, 58. I Cor. 15, 15; (b) *on account of, through, by;* Jo. 16, 30. I Cor. 10, 27. II Cor. 12, 7; (c) *after according to;* Mt. 9, 29. Mk. 7, 5. Rom. 8, 5. 12, 16. Tit. 1, 3. Skeir. III, d. V, a. b. c. d. VIII, b; bi þamma; *according to that, in the like manner;* Lu. 6, 23; (d) *in adv. phrases:* bi sunjai, *in truth, indeed, certainly;* Mk. 11, 32. Jo. 8, 36. I Tim. 6, 7; bi nauþai, *of necessity;* Philem. 14. Skeir. VI, a; bi namin, *by name;* Jo. 10, 3; bi andwaírþja, *after the outward appearance;* II Cor. 10, 7. (II) *w. acc.*, (1) *local*, (a) *against, on;* Mt. 5, 39; (b) *about;* Mt. 8, 18. Mk. 1, 6. 3, 8. 32. 34. 4, 10. 5, 4. 9, 14. Cal.; (c) *to;* Jo. 11, 19; (2) *temporal*, (a) *in, within;* Mk. 14, 58. 15, 29. Neh. 5, 18; (b) *at;* II Tim. 4, 1; (c) *about;* Mt. 27, 46; (d) *after;* Gal. 2, 1; (3) *in abstr. relations*, (a) *at, about, over, because of, for, of, concerning;* Mt. 5, 44. 6, 28. Mk. 1, 30. 5, 27. 33. Lu. 2, 18. 4, 22. 32. 19, 11. 43. Jo. 7, 43. I Thess. 3, 2. II Tim. 2, 10. Skeir. III, a. IV, a. VI, b; (b) *to;* Rom. 9, 31; (c) *by;* Lu. 4, 4; (d) *against;* Mt. 5, 23. 27, 1. Mk. 3, 6. I Tim. 5, 19; (e) *according to, after;* II Cor. 7, 9. 10. I Tim. 1, 11. Skeir. III, b. V, d; (f) *in adv. phrases:* bi all, *in all things;* Col. 3, 20. 22; bi sumata, *in part;* II Cor. 1, 14. 2, 5; bi twans, *by two;* I Cor. 14, 27; bi wig, *by the way;* Lu. 10, 4; bi mannan, *as a man, after the manner of men;* I Cor. 9, 8. 15, 32.—*It occurs in composition w. v., subst., adj., and adv.* [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* bî, be, *prep.*, be-, *pref.*, *Mdn. E.* by, *prep.*, be-, *pref.*, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* bi, *prep. and adv.*, *O. H. G.* bi, *M. H. G.* be-, *pref.*, *N. H. G.* bei, *prep.*, *near, at, with*, be-, *pref. Comp. also O. E.* bî-spell, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* bîspell, *example* (*For* spell, *s.* spil), *O. H. G.* *bîspell, *M. H. G.* bîspil, *N. H. G.* beispiel, *n.*, *example; and O. H. G.* bi-jiht (*from* bijehan, *to confess, from pref.* bi- *and* jehan, *to say*), *M. H. G.* bijiht, *contr.* bîht, *N. H. G.* beichte, *f.*, *confession. The Germanic prep.* bi *seems to stand for* *ambi= *O. E.* ymb, *around, about, O. H. G.* *umb, *Gr.* ἀμ-φί, *on both sides, round, about* (*whence Mdn. E. and N. H. G.* amphi-, *pref.*), *Lt.* am-bi-, *about* (*whence Mdn. E.* ambi-, amb-, *pref.*), *Skr.* abhi, *about* (*S.* bai), *and to be contained in O. E.* ymbe *for* *ymb-be, *around, about, Mdl. E.* umbe (*Mdn. E.* *um), *O. S.* umbi, *O. H. G.* umbi *for* *umb-bi, *M. H. G.* umbe (umbe sus, *N. H. G.* umsonst, *adv.*,

gratis, for nothing, in vain; for sus, *s.* swa), *N. H. G.* um, *around, about.*]

***biari,** *in* un-biari.

bi-baúrgeins, *f., fortification, camp;* Skeir. III, c.—*From* bi-baúrgjan. *Comp.* *baúrgeins.

bida, *f.* (97), *request, prayer;* Mk. 9, 29. Lu. 1, 13. 2, 37. 9, 43. Rom. 12, 12. Eph. 1, 16. Philem. 22; *exhortation;* II Cor. 8, 17; *the person to whom the prayer is addressed, is put in the gen.;* Lu. 6, 12; *or is expressed by* du *w. dat.;* Rom. 10, 1; *the person for whom the prayer is made, is expressed by* faúr *w. acc.,* II Cor. 9, 14; *or by* bi *w. acc.;* Rom. 10, 1. II Cor. 1, 11; *or by fram w. dat.;* Eph. 6, 18; bidai anahaitan, *to call upon, beseech;* Rom. 10, 13. II Tim. 2, 22. I Thess. 4, 1; bidôs taujan, *to make prayers;* Lu. 5, 33; gard, *or* razn, bidô, *house of prayer;* Mk. 11, 17. Lu. 19, 46. [*Cf. O. E.* bed, ȝe-bed, *n., Mdl. E.* bede, beode, *prayer, O. S.* beda, *O. H. G.* beta, bita, *M. H. G.* bete, bet, bite, bit, *N. H. G.* bitte, *f., prayer, request; also Mdl. E.* bead, *Mdn. E.* bead, *a ball for counting prayers. Further O. H. G.* betôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* beten, *to pray, whence O. H. G.* gi-bet, *M. H. G.* gebet, *N. H. G.* gebet, *n., prayer; and O. H. G.* beta-lôn (*iter.*), *M. H. G.* betelen, *N. H. G.* betteln, *to beg, whence O. H. G.* betelâri, *M. H. G.* betelære, *N. H. G.* bettler, *m., beggar.—From root* bid. *S.* bidjan *and follg. w.*]

bidagwa, *m., beggar;* Jo. 9, 8. [*From stem* bidagwan-, *perhaps an extension of stem* bidaga-, *from root of* bidjan *and suffix* -ga, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*]

bidjan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 5), *to pray, ask, desire, beseech, call on, beg.* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 6, 5. 7. 9. Mk. 1, 35. 6, 25. Jo. 16, 26. Lu. 3, 21. 16, 3. I Cor. 11, 4. I Thess. 5, 17. (2) *w. acc. of the pers. addressed;* Mt. 5, 42. 6, 8. Lu. 6, 30. Rom. 10, 12; *or desired;* Mk. 15, 6. (3) *the pers. to whom the prayer is addressed, is indicated by* bi *w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 44. Jo. 16, 26. 17, 9. 20. Col. 4, 3. I Thess. 5, 25. II Thess. 1, 11. 3, 1; *or* faúra *w. acc.;* Rom. 8, 34. Col. 1, 9; *or* fram *w. dat.;* Lu. 6, 28. (4) *the th. asked is found in acc.;* Lu. 18, 11. Jo. 14, 13; *or gen.;* Mt. 27, 58. Mk. 6, 24. 10, 38. 15, 43. Lu. 14, 32. Jo. 16, 24. I Cor. 1, 22. II Cor. 13, 9. (5) *w. acc. of pers. and gen. of th.;* Jo. 14, 14. (6) *w. acc. of both pers. and th.;* Mk. 6, 23. 10, 35. Jo. 11, 22. 15, 16. 16, 23; *or the th. is expressed by* bi *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 38; *or by an imper. clause;* Lu. 5, 8. 14, 18. 19; *or optative clause;* Lu. 8, 28. Eph. 3, 13. Phil. 4, 3. I Thess. 5, 14; *or a clause introduced by* ei *w. opt.;* Mt. 8, 34. Mk.

5, 10. Lu. 8, 38. II Cor. 10, 2. 13, 7. I Thess. 3, 10; *or an inf. clause;* Mk. 5, 17. II Cor. 5, 20. Phil. 4, 2; *or* du *w. inf.;* I Thess. 2, 11. II Thess. 2, 1.—*Compds.* (a) ga-b. bi *w. acc. of pers. and a dependent clause introduced by* ei, *to pray;* II Thess. 3, 1. (b) us-b. (us-bida *in M S.*) *w. inf., to wish earnestly;* Rom. 9, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* biddan, *Mdl. E.* bidde, *Mdn. E.* bid (*which represents also Mdl. E.* bêde, *O. E.* beodan; *s.* biudan), *to pray, O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* bitten, *to ask, request, pray. Der.: O. H. G.* petil, betil, *m., an emissary, a servitor, lit. one who invites or cites a person, whence Mdl. Lt.* bidellus, bedellus, *whence N. H. G.* pedell, *m., beadle, and O. Fr.* bêdel, (*Mdn. Fr.* bedeau), *whence Mdl. E.* bêdel, *Mdn. E.* beadle. *Root* bid, *pre-Germanic* bheidh, bhidh, *answers to Gr.* πιϑ (*for* φιϑ); *comp.* πείϑειν, *to mollify, pursuade, confide in, Lt.* fîdere *to rely upon, put confidence in a person or thing.* — *Comp.* baidjan, beidan, bida, *and prec. w.*]

bi-faihô, *f., covetousness;* II Cor. 9, 5.—*Comp.* bi-faihôn, faih.

bi-hait, *n., strife;* II Cor. 12, 20. —*From* *bi-haitan, *from* bi *and* haitan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

bi-haitja, *m., a contentious man, boaster,* II Tim. 3, 2. Tit. 1, 7.—*From* bihait, *q. v. Comp.* dulgahaitja.

bi-hvê, *whereby;* Lu. 1, 18.—*S.* bi, hvê.

bijands, *in* bijandzuþ-þan, *but withal;* Philem. 22. [*Perhaps pres. partic. of a lost v.,* *bijan, *to add.*]

bi-mait, *n., circumcision;* Jo. 7, 22. 23. Rom. 15, 8. Gal. 2, 9. —*From* bi-maitan, *q. v.*

***binda,** *f., in* ga-binda.—*From* bindan, *q. v.*

bindan, *st. v.* (174) *w. acc. of pers. and a follg. instr., to bind;* Lu. 8, 29.—*Compd.* (a) and-b., *to loose, unbind,* (1) *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 7. 11, 2. 4. 5. Lu. 3, 16. 19, 30. Jo. 11, 44. Skeir. III, d; *fig., to explain;* Mk. 4, 34; (2) *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Rom. 7, 6. (b) bi-b. *w. acc. of pers. and instr.: to bind about;* Jo. 11, 44. (c) ga-b., *to bind,* (1) *w. acc. of pers.;* Mk. 3, 27. 6, 17. Jo. 18, 12; *and instr.;* Mk. 5, 4. Jo. 11, 44; *the pret. partic. is folld. by the acc. of specification;* Jo. 11, 44; (2) *w. dat. of pers.;* I Cor. 7, 27; (3) *folld. by* at *w. dat. of pers.;* Rom. 7, 2; *w. dat. of th.;* Mk. 11, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* bindan, *Mdl. E.* binde, *Mdn. E.* bind, *O. H. G.* bintan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* binden, *to bind. Comp. pre-Germanic root* bhendh *with Lt.* of-fend-imentum (f *for* bh *initially*), *a band, Gr.* πεῖσμα (*for* πένϑμα), *a band, Skr. root* bandh, *to fasten. S.* bandi.]

bi-reiki, *f., danger;* II Cor. 11, 26.—*For* birêki, *from follg. w.*

bi-rêks, *adj., being in danger, endangered;* Lu. 8, 23. I Cor. 15, 30.—*From* bi *and* *rêks, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

bi-rôdeins, *f., murmuring, slander;* Jo. 7, 12. II Cor. 12, 20. —*From* bi-rôdjan, *q. v.*

bi-rûnains, *f., evil counsel;* Skeir. III, a.—*From a lost v.; s.* rûna.

birusjôs; *s.* **bêrusjôs** (7, *n.* 3).

bi-sauleins, *f., filthiness;* II Cor. 7, 1.—*From* bi-sauljan, *q. v.*

bi-sitands, *m.* (*Prop. pres. partic. used as subst.*), *neighbor;* Lu. 1, 58.—*From* bi-sitan, *q. v.*

bi-stugq (bistuggq; 67, *n.* 1), *n., a stumbling, offence;* Rom. 9, 32. 33. 14, 13. II Cor. 6, 3.—*From* bi-stigqan, *q. v.*

bi-sunjanê, *adv., about, round about, near by;* Mk. 1, 38. 3, 34. 6, 6. Lu. 4, 37. 9, 12. Neh. 5, 17. 6, 16.—*Comp.* bi, *sunjanê.

Biþania, *pr. n.* (9, *n.* 1).

bi-þê (bi-þê-h; *the final* h *is part of the enclitic* uh, *q. v.*), (1) *adv.: after that, then, afterward;* Mt. 5, 24. 9, 17. Lu. 4, 2. 8, 1. Jo. 13, 36. (2) *conj.: when, as, as soon as;* Mt. 6, 16. 11, 1. Lu. 1, 23. 7, 1. 3, 21. Phil. 2, 23.—*S.* bi, þê.

***biudan,** *st. v.* (170; 173), *to offer.—Compds.* (a) ana-b., *to command, instruct, bid,* (1) *w. dat. of pers.;* Mt. 27, 10. Lu. 4, 36. Neh. 7, 2; *and a follg.* bi *w. acc. of pers.;* Lu. 4, 10; (2) *w. acc. of th.;* Mt. 8, 4. Lu. 17, 9. Skeir. III, b; (3) w. *a follg. inf.;* Mk. 6, 27. Lu. 8, 29. I Cor. 7, 10; (4) *folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Lu. 4, 10; *or* (5) *by acc. w. inf.;* I Tim. 6, 13; (6) *by an imper.;* Mk. 9, 25; (7) *by* ei; Mk. 9, 9. Jo. 15, 17. Neh. 5, 14. (b) faúr-b. (1) *w. dat., to command,* Lu. 8, 25; (2) *w. dat. of pers. and a dependent clause introduced by* ei ni *w. opt., to forbid;* Mk. 6, 8. 30. Lu. 5, 14. 8, 56. 9, 21. I Tim. 1, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* beodan, *to offer, command, decree, Mdl. E.* bêde, *to offer, make known, command* (*Mdn. E.* bid *represents both O. E.* biddan *and* beodan; *s.* bidjan), *O. H. G.* biotan, *M. H. G.* bieten, *N. H. G.* bieten, *to offer, bid. Compd. O. E.* for-beodan, *Mdl. E.* forbêde (*Mdn. E.* forbid; *s. above*), *O. H. G.* far-biotan, *M. H. G.* verbieten, *N. H. G.* verbieten, *to forbid, etc. From root* bud, *pre-Germanic* bhudh, *Gr.* πυϑ (*for* φυϑ) *in* πυνϑάνεσϑαι, πυϑ-έσϑαι, *to learn by inquiry. Furthermore, cf. O. E.* (ʒe-)bod, *n., Mdl. E.* (i-)bod, bode, *command, order, edict, whence O. E.* bodian, *Mdl. E.* bode, *Mdn. E.* bode, *to indicate by signs, foreshow; O. H. G.* gibot, *M. H. G.* gebot, *N. H. G.* gebot, *n., command, commandment, order, precept; O. E.* boda, *m., Mdl. E.* bode, *messenger* (*prop. one who offers anything*), *O. H. G.* boto, *M. H. G.* bote, *N. H. G.* bote, *m., messenger; O.*

E. bydel, *m.*, *messenger*, *Mdl. E* bidel, budel, *beadle*, *herald* (*For Mdn. E.* beadle, *N. H. G.* pedell, *s.* bidjan), *O. H. G.* butil, *M. H. G.* bütel, *N. H. G.* büttel, *m.*, *beadle; also M. H. G.* gebiete, gebiet (*from* ge-bieten, *N. H. G.* gebieten, *to command*), *N. H. G.* gebiet, *n.*, *dominion*, *jurisdiction*, *territory*, *command.—Comp.* biuþs, *busns.]

biugan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to bow, bend;* Eph. 3, 14; *to bend itself;* Rom. 14, 11. — *Compd.* ga-b., *th. s.;* eisarnam gabuganaim, *with bent irons;* eisarna bi fotuns gabugana, *fetters for the feet, fetters;* Mk. 5, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* bugan (u *for* eo *in the pres. tense*), *Mdl. E.* buge, bouwe, *Mdn. E.* bow (*v. and subst.*), *O. H. G.* biogan, *M. H. G.* biegen, *N. H. G.* biegen (*intensive* bücken, *N. H. G.* bücken, *to bend, bow, stoop, whence M. H. G. N. H. G.* buckel, *m.*, *hump, bunch*), *to bend. Der.: O. E.* bêȝen (*fact.*), *Mdl. E.* bêȝe, *to bend, O. H. G.* bougen, boucken, *M. H. G.* böugen, *N. H. G.* beugen, *to bend, curve, bow; O. E.* boga, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* boge, boghe, bowe, *Mdn. E.* bow (*For* el-bow, *N. H. G.* ellbogen, *s.* aleina), *O. H. G.* bogo, *m.*, *M. H. G.* boge, *m.*, *N. H. G.* bogen, *bow, arch; Mdl. E.* boûgt, boûght, (*Scand.*), *Mdn. E.* bought, bout, *a bend, turn, bay; O. E.* byht, *f.?*, *Mdl. E* bîgt, *Mdn. E.* bight; *L. G.* bucht, *whence N. H. G.* bucht, *f.*, *bay, inlet; O. H. G.* buil, buhil, *M. H. G.* bühel, *N. H. G.* bühel, bühl, *m.*, *hill; N. H. G.* bügel, *m.*, *Du.* beugel, *m.*, *hoop, bow, stirrup; O. E.* bûhsom, *adj.*, *Mdl. E.* bûxom, *Mdn. E.* buxom (x = *a guttural folld. by s;* -som, *G.* -sam = *Goth.* *sams, *q. v.*), *N. H. G.* biegsam, *adj.*, *flexible.*]

biuhti, *n.*, *custom;* Lu. 1, 9. 2, 27. 42. 4, 16. Jo. 18, 39. Skeir. II, b.—*From. follg. w.*

biuhts, *adj.*, *accustomed, wont;* *Mt.* 27, 15. Mk. 10, 1.—*S. Dief.*

biuþs, *m.* (*or* **biuþ,** *n.?*), *table;* Mk. 7, 28. Lu. 16, 21. I Cor. 10, 21. Neh. 5, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* beod, *m.*, *table, dish, Mdl. E.* beod, bied, *table, O. N.* biodr, *O. S.* biod, bied, *O. H. G.* biot, *m.*, *table. Prop. that on which anything is offered. From root* bud; *s.* biudan.]

blandan, *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *to mix, communicate with, keep company;* I Cor. 5, 11; *w. dat.;* I Cor. 5, 9; *folld. by* miþ *w. dat.;* II Thess. 3, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* blandan, *red. v.*, *to mix, O. H. G.* blantan, *M. H. G.* blanden, *to mix; allied to N. H. G.* blend-ling, *m.*, *a mongrel. From root* bland, *pre-Germanic* bhlandh. *O. E.* blandan *seems to have been confounded with* blendan (*from* *blandjan; *s.* blinds), *to make blind and to mix, Mdl. E.* blende, *th. s.*, *Mdn. E.* blend, *to mix together,*

confuse, and to make blind (*obs.*), *O. H. G.* blenten, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* blenden, *to make blind.*]

blauþjan, *w. v. w. acc., to make void, to abolish;* Mk. 7, 13.—*Compd.* ga-bl., *th. s.;* Col. 2, 15. [*From* *blauþs, *adj., weak, void. Cf. O. E.* bleað, *Mdl. E.* blêð, *weak, timid, O. N.* blauðr, *weak, O. S.* blôði, *timid, O. H. G.* blôdi, *M. H. G.* bloede, *frail, weak, tender, timid, N. H. G.* blöde, *feeble, weak, timid.*]

bleiþei, *f., mercy,* Rom. 12, 1. II Cor. 1, 3. Col. 3, 12.—*From* bleiþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***bleiþeins,** *f., in* ga-bleiþeins.—*From* bleiþjan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

bleiþjan, *w. v., to have mercy, to pity;* Lu. 6, 36.—*Compd.* ga-bl. *w. dat., th. s.;* Mk. 9, 22. Rom. 9, 15. — *From* bleiþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

bleiþs, *adj.* (130, *n.* 2), *merciful kind;* Lu. 6, 36. Tit. 1, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* blîðe, *adj., happy, glad, friendly, Mdl. E.* blîðe, *Mdn. E.* blithe, *and O. E.* bliðs (*w. s-suff.*), bliss (ss *for* ðs, *by assimilation*), *f., bliss, joy, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* bliss, *O. N.* bliðr, *adj., gentle, kind, O. S.* blithi, *cheerful, glad, O. H. G. M. H. G.* blîde, *cheerful, glad, kind.*—*Comp.* *bleiþei *and prec. w.*]

***blêsan,** *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *in* uf-bl., *to blow up, puff up;* I Cor. 4, 6. 13, 4. Col. 2, 18. [*Cf. O. H. G.* blâsan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* blasen, *to blow, smelt, etc. Der.: O. E.* blǽst, *m., a blowing, Mdl. E.* blǽst, blâst (blâste, *to blast*), *Mdn. E.* blast, *subst. and v., O. N.* blástr, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* blâst, *m., blast; O. E.* blæse, *m., flame, Mdl. E.* blase, *Mdn. E.* blaze; *also Mdn. E.* blason, blazon, *and* blister (*S. Sk.*) *Root* blâ (*without the s-extension*) *appears in O. E.* blâwan (*st. v.*), *Mdl. E.* blǫ̂we, *Mdn. E.* blow, *to puff; in O. H. G.* blâjan (*w. v.*), *to blow up, swell, inflate, blow, M. H. G.* blæjen, *N. H. G.* blähen, *to blow up, swell, inflate; in O. E.* blædre (*w. Germanic suff.* -dro-, *Gr.* -τρα-), *f., Mdl. E.* bladre, bladdre, bladder, *bladder, blister, Mdn. E.* bladder, *O. H. G.* blâttara, *f., bladder, M. H. G.* blâtere, *f., bladder, pock, N. H. G.* blatter, *f., pock. Germanic* blâ *answers to Lt.* flâ *in* flare, *to blow, whence* flatus, *breath, whence Vulg. Lt.* flatulentus, *whence Fr.* flatulent, *whence Mdn. E.* flatulent, *windy; Lt. compd.* in-flare (*For* in, *s.* in), *to blow into or upon anything, to puff up, pret. partic.* inflatus, *whence Mdn. E.* inflate.]

bliggwan, *str. v.* (68; 174, *n.* 1), *to beat, scourge, w. acc.;* Mk. 10, 34. Lu. 20, 11. I Cor. 9, 26; *and a follg. instr.;* Mk. 5, 5; attans bliggwands, *murderer of fathers;* aiþeins bliggwands, *murderer of mothers;* I Tim. 1, 9.—*Compd.* us-bl., *to*

beat severely, scourge, beat, w. acc. of pers.; Mk. 12, 3. 5. 15, 15. Lu. 18, 33. 20, 10. Jo. 19, 1; *and instr.* (wandum, *with rods*); II Cor. 11, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* bleowan, *to strike, Mdl. E.* blowe, *a stroke, hit, Mdn. E.* blow, *a stroke, hit, O. H. G.* bliuwan, *M. H. G.* bliuwen, *N. H. G.* bläuen, *to beat severely.*]

***blindjan,** *w. v., in* ga-bl. *w. acc., to make blind, to blind;* Jo. 12, 40. II Cor. 4, 4.—*From* blinds, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***blindnan,** *w. v., in* ga-blindnan, *to become blind;* II Cor. 3, 14, gloss.–*From* blinds, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

blinds, *adj.* (123), *blind;* Mt. 9, 27. 11, 5. Mk. 8, 23. Lu. 6. 39. 14, 13. 18, 35. Jo. 9, 1. 6. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* blind, *Mdn. E.* blind, *O. H. G.* blint, *M. H. G.* blint (d), *N. H. G.* blind, *adj., blind.—Der.* *blandjan (*w. abl.*) *which answers to O. E.* blendan, *Mdl. E.* blende, *to blind, Mdn. E.* blend (*obs.*), blind (*owing to the adj.*), *O. H. G.* blentan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* blenden, *to blind. S. also* *blindjan, *blindnan.]

blôma, *m., flower;* Mt. 6, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* blôma, *m., Mdl. E.* blôme, *Mdn. E.* bloom, *O. N.* blômi, *m.,* blôm, *n., O. S.* blômo, *O. H. G.* bluoma (o), *M. H. G.* bluome, *N. H. G.* blume, *f., flower. From root* blô(-man- *being a suffix*), *contained also in O. E.* blôwan, *Mdl. E.* blôwe, *Mdn. E.* blow, *in O. H. G.* bluojan (*w. v.*), *M. H. G.* blüejen, blüen, *N. H. G.* blühen, *to bloom, in O. E.* blêd, *f., Mdl. E.* blêd, *blossom, O. H. G.* bluot, *plur.* bluoti, *f., M. H. G.* bluot, *plur.* blüete, *N. H. G.* blüte, *f., blossom; and possibly in O. E.* blæd, *m., Mdl. E.* blad, *Mdn. E.* blade, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* blat, *N. H. G.* blatt, *n., blade, leaf. An increased form of* blô, blôs, *appears in O. E.* blôstm, blôstma, *m., Mdl. E.* blostme, blosme, *Mdn. E.* blossom, *and in M. H. G.* bluost, *f., N. H. G.* blust, *m., blossom. Germanic* blôs *answers to Indg. root* bhlôs; *comp. Lt.* flôrêre (*for* flôsêre), *to bloom, flourish,* flôs, *gen.* flôr-is (*for* flôs-is), *flower. Comp. also* blôþ.]

***blôstreis,** *m.* (69, *n.* 2), *in* guþ-blôstreis.—*From stem* *blôstr-ja-, *extended from* *blôstra-, *a sacrifice, for* blôt-tra, *from follg. w.*

blôtan, *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *to sacrifice, hence to reverence, worship, w. acc.;* Mk. 7, 7. I Tim. 2, 10; *and a follg. instr.;* Lu. 2, 37. [*Cf. O. E.* blôtan, *O. N.* blôta, *O. H. G.* bluoƺan, *to sacrifice. — Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***blôteins,** *f., in* uf-blôteins.—*From* *blôtjan. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

blôtinassus, *m., service, worship;* Rom. 12, 1. Col. 2, 18. II Thess. 2, 4.—*Probably not from* *blôtinôn, *but directly from* blôtan

(*q. v.*) *and suffix* -inassu-; *s.* fraujinassus. *Comp. prec. w.*

blôþ, *gen.* blôþis (94), *n., blood;* Mt. 27, 4. 6. Mk. 5, 25. 29. Eph. 1, 7. 6, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* blôd, *n., Mdl. E.* blôd, *Mdn. E.* blood, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* bluot, *N. H. G.* blut, *n., blood. Der.: O. E.* blêdan (*from* *blôdjan, ê *being* i-*uml. of* ô), *Mdl. E.* blêde, *Mdn. E.* bleed, *O. H. G.* bluotên, *M. H. G.* bluoten, *N. H. G.* bluten, *to bleed. From root* blô, *to bloom?* (*S.* blôma). — *Comp. follg. w.*]

blôþa-rinnands, *adj.* (*prop. pres. partic.;* 133), *blood-running;* qinô blôþa-rinnandei, *a woman with an issue of blood;* Mt. 9, 20.—*S.* blôþ, rinnan.

bnauan, *st. or w. v.?* (26, b; 179, *n.* 2), *to rub;* Lu. 6, 1.—*S. Dief.*

bôk, *n., letter, pl.* bôka, *a title-deed;* Ar. Doc. [*Cf. O. E.* bôc, *f. n., Mdl. E.* bôk (c), *Mdn. E.* book, *O. S.* bôk, *O. H. G.* buoh, *n., M. H. G.* buoch, *N. H. G.* buch, *n., book. Allied to O. E.* bôc (*s. below*), bêce (*from* *bôci), *f., Mdl. E.* bêch, *Mdn. E.* beech, *O. N.* bók, *O. H. G.* buohha, *M. H. G.* buoche, *N. H. G.* buche, *f., beech; from pre-Germanic* *bhâgâ, *as is evident from Lt.* fagus, *Gr.* φαγός, φηγός, *beech; allied to* φαγεῖν, *to eat. Compd.: Mdn. E.* buck-mast (*For* mast, *s.* mats), buck-wheat, *N. H. G.* buchweizen (*For* wheat, weizen, *s.* hwaiteis), *m., buckwheat, and O. E.* bôcstæf (*For* stæf, *s.* *stafs), *m., Mdl. E.* bôcstaf, *besides* bôcrûne, *letter* (*Both were superseded by Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* letter, *from Fr.* lettre, *Lt.* littera), *O. N.* bôkstafr, *O. H. G.* buohstab, *M. H. G.* buochstap, *m., and* buoch-stabe, *m., N. H. G.* buchstabe, *m., letter* (*prop. a beechen twig or stick on which, at an early Germanic period, mysterious marks, Runes* (*s.* rûna), *were written. — Comp.* frabaúhta-bôka *and follg. w.*]

bôka, *f., letter* (γράμμα); Rom. 7, 6. II Cor. 3, 6; *plur.* bôkôs, *letters* (γράμματα); Jo. 7, 15; *letter, epistle;* Gal. 6, 11. II Cor. 7, 8. 10, 9. 10. 11. 16, 3. II Thess. 3, 14; *the writings, scriptures;* Mk. 12, 24, gloss. 14, 49. Rom. 15, 4. I Cor. 15, 3. 4. II Tim. 3, 15. 16; *book;* Mk. 12, 26. Lu. 3, 4. 4, 17. 20. 20, 42. Phil. 4, 3. II Tim. 4, 13; *bill;* Lu. 16, 6. 7; afstassais bôkôs, *a writing of divorcement;* Mt. 5, 31; bôkôs afsateinais, *a bill of divorcement;* Mk. 10, 4; anafilhis bôkôs, *letters of commendation;* II Cor. 3, 1; saggws bôkô, *a reading;* I Tim. 4, 13; siggwan bôkôs, *to read;* Lu. 4, 16. [bôka *is probably nom. plur. of* bôk, *n.* (*q. v.*), *which, at a later period, came to be used as a nom. sing. fem. Comp.* wadjabôkôs *and follg. w.*]

bôkareis, *m.* (92), *scribe;* Mt. 5,

20. 7, 29. Mk. 8, 31. 9, 14. 12, 32.—*From* bôkô-, *stem of* bôka (*q. v.*) *and suffix* -arja.

bôta, *f.*, *advantage, good, boot;* I Cor. 13, 3. 15, 32. Gal. 5, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* bôt, *f.*, *reparation, reform, amends, remedy, satisfaction, Mdl. E.* bôt, *reparation, amends, Mdn. E.* boot *and* bote (*the latter in composition; as* man-bote, house-bote), *O. S.* bôta, *O. H. G.* buoza, *M. H. G.* buoze, *N. H. G.* busse, *f.*, *atonement, penance. S.* batiza, batnan, *and follg. w.*]

bôtjan, *w. v. w. acc., to boot, profit, advantage;* Mk. 8, 36. Jo. 6, 63. 12, 19; ni waíhtai bôtida, *nothing bettered;* Mk. 5, 26.—*Compd.* ga-b. *w. acc., th. s.;* aftra gab., *to restore;* Mk. 9, 12. [*From* bôta, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* bêtan (*for* *bôtian; ê=i-*uml. of* ô), *to mend, improve, pay for, reform, amend, Mdl. E.* bête, *to repair, improve, amend* (*superseded by* bôte, *to boot, amend, which is either derived from the subst.* bôt, *or borrowed from the L. G.*), *O. H. G.* buozzen, *M. H. G.* büezen, *N. H. G.* büssen, *to amend, repair, atone for.*]

brahw, *n.*, *a quick, sudden movement;* brahw augins, *a twinkling of an eye;* I Cor. 15, 52.—*S. Dief.*

braidei, *f.* (113), *breadth;* Eph. 3, 18. [*From* braiþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* brêdu, (ê *for* â, *by* i-*uml., the* u *standing for orig.* i), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* brêde, *Mdn. E.* breadth (*the* th *being due to substs. w. orig.* th=*Goth.* þ), *O. H. G.* breiti, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* breite, *f.*, *breadth. Comp. follg. w.*]

***braidjan,** *w. v. in* us-br. *w. acc. folld. by* du *w. dat., to stretch forth to;* Rom. 10, 21.—*From* braiþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***braiþs, braids,** *adj.* (74, *n.* 2), *broad;* Mt. 7, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* brâd, *Mdl. E.* brâd, brộd, *Mdn. E.* broad, *O. S.* brêd, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* breit, *broad. Possibly from an old partic. in* -to- (*s.* alþeis, dauþs, guþ, kalds, kunþs). *Der.* braidei, braidjan, *q. v.*]

brakja, *f.* (33, *n.* 1), *struggle, wrestling, strife;* Eph. 6, 12.—*From root of* brikan, *q. v.*

***brannjan,** *w. v.* (80, *n.* 1; 187), *to burn* (*trans.*)—*Compds.* (a) ga-br. *w. acc., th. s.;* I Cor. 13, 3. Cal. Skeir. III, c. (b) in-br. *w. acc., th. s.;* Jo. 15, 6. [*Caus. from* brinnan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* brennan (nn *for* n, *by gemination before original* j; e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.*), bærnan (æ*r for* ræ, ra, *by metathesis*), *w. v., to cause to burn, kindle, Mdl. E.* brenne, bærne, *Mdn. E.* burn, *to cause to burn, consume with fire, O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* brennen, *w. v., to cause to burn, consume with fire.*]

briggan (67, *n.* 2; 174, *n.* 2; 208), *to bring, lead, guide, w. acc.;* Mk. 6, 27. Lu. 7, 37. 15, 22. 23. Jo. 10, 16; *and folld. by*

ana *w. acc.* (*sc. skip*); Lu. 5, 4; *or* at *w. dat.*; Mk. 11, 7. 9, 20. 15, 1. Lu. 4, 40; *or* du *w. dat.*; Mk. 9, 17; *or* in *w. dat.*; Mt. 6, 13. 7, 13. 14. Lu. 2, 22. 3, 17. Jo. 16, 13. I Cor. 16, 3. I Tim. 6, 7. Skeir. II, a; in aljana br., *to bring into jealousy;* Rom. 10, 19. 11, 11. 14; in arbaidai br., *to put in bondage;* II Cor. 11, 20; in þwaírhein br., *to bring into anger, make angry;* Rom. 10, 19; *or* und *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 29; *or* hêr; Lu. 19, 27; briggan samana, *to gather together;* Lu. 15, 13; *to make, render; as,* frijana br., *to make free;* Jo. 8, 32. 36. Gal. 5, 1; *the th. from which any one is freed, is put in the gen.;* Rom. 8, 2; gamainja br., *to communicate;* Phil. 4, 14; br. haubiþ wundan, *to wound in the head* Mk. 12, 4; waírþana br., *to make or count worthy;* II Cor. 3, 6. II Thess. 1, 5. 11. [*Cf. O. E.* bringan, *Mdl. E.* bringe, *Mdn. E.* bring, *O. S.* brengian, *O. H. G.* bringan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* bringen, *to bring. Pret.: Goth.* brâhta (*for* *branhta; *s. remarks under* fâhan, hâhan), *O. E.* brǫ̂hte *and* brang (*Pret. partic.* brôht *and* brungen), *Mdl. E.* brǫ̂ht, brǫ̂uht (*Partic.* brôuht), *Mdn. E.* brought, *O. H. G.* brâhta *and* brang (*rare*), *M. H. G.* brâhte *and* branc (*rare*) *N. H. G.* brachte.]

brikan, *st. v.* (33, *n.* 1; 175, *n.* 1), *to break;* I Cor. 10, 16; *to destroy;* Gal. 1, 23; *to contend, struggle;* II Tim. 2, 5.—*Compd.* (a) ga-br. *w. acc.* (*expressed or understood*), *to break;* Mk. 5, 4. 8, 6. 19. Lu. 9, 16. I Cor. 11, 24; *to bruise;* Lu. 9, 39; *to throw down;* Lu. 9, 42. (b) uf-br. *w. dat., to reject;* Mk. 6, 26; *to despise;* Lu. 10, 16. I Thess. 4, 8; uf-brikands, *pres. partic. used as subst., one who injures, or practices contumely;* I Tim. 1, 13. *See also* un-uf-brikands. [*Cf. O. E.* brecan, *Mdl. E.* breke, *Mdn. E.* break, *O. H. G.* brehhan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* brechen, *to break. From Germanic root* brek, *Idg.* bhreg *found in Lt.* frangere, *to break, pret.* frêgi. —*Der.: O. H. G.* brehha, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* breche, *f., L. G.* brake, *an instrument for breaking flax, hemp, etc., whence Mdl. E.* brake, *Mdn. E.* brake. *Of G. origin is the Fr.* brèche, *whence Mdn. E.* breach *and N. H. G.* bresche, *f., breach* (*Cf. however O. E.* brece, n., *Mdl. E.* breche, *a fracture. S. Dietz,* brèche, *p.* 533; *M., p.* 131). *To O. Du.* bricke, *a brick* (*orig. any fragment, hence a piece of stone; cf. O. E.* brice, *m., a fragment*), *refers Fr.* brique, *whence Mdl. E.* brike, *Mdn. E.* brick. *Other der. are: O. H. G.* brâhha, *M. H. G.* brâche, *f., the plowing* (*lit. breaking*) *of land after harvest, land which has been plowed without being*

sowed, a fallow, N. H. G. brache, *f., a fallow,* brach, *adj., fallow; comp. M. H. G.* brâchmânôt (*s.* mênôþs), *N. H. G.* brachmonat, *m., the month of June. Furthermore, O. H. G.* bruh, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* bruch, *m., break, fracture, etc. S. also* *bruka *and* *bruknan.]

brinnan, *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to burn;* Jo. 5, 35. Skeir. VI, a.—*Compd.* uf-br., *to be burned, be scorched:* Mk. 4, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* brinnan, birnan (*by metathesis*), beornan (eo *for* i *by breaking before* rn), *st. v., pret.* *bron(n) *for* bran, *whence* born, barn (*by metathesis*), *whence* bearn (*by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* brinne, brenne, beorne, birne, berne, *pret.* born, *Mdn. E.* burn (*representing both the w. and st. v.*), *O. H. G.* brinnan, *st. v., pret.* bran, *M. H. G.* brinnen, *pret.* bran, *N. H. G.* brennen (*representing both the st. and w. v.*), *to burn.—Der.: O. E.* brand, brond, *m., Mdl. E.* brand, brond, *brand, burning, sword-blade* (*from its glittering*), *sword, Mdn. E.* brand, *a burning piece of wood, a sword* (*Poet.*), *O. N.* brandr, *O. H. G.* brant, *M. H. G.* brant (d), *a brand, fire-brand, conflagration, sword-blade, sword, N. H. G.* brand, *m., brand, burning, fire. Of G. origin are: O. Fr.* brant, *Ital.* brando, *sword-blade, whence Fr.* brandir, *whence Mdl. E.* brandishe (*w. suffix* -ish, *Lt.* -isc), *Mdn. E.* brandish. *Here belong also N. H. G.* branden (*through the L. G.*), *to break* (*said of the sea*), *prop. to flame, move like flames*), *whence* brandung, *f., surf; N. H. G.* brannt-wein, *m., L. G.* brande-wijn, *whence Mdn. E.* brandy, *a shorter form of* brand-wine, brande-wine, *lit. burned wine. Comp.* *brannjan, *brunsts, and follg. w.*]

brinnô, *f., fever;* Mk. 1, 31. Lu. 4, 38. 39; in brinnôn ligan, *to lie sick of fever;* Mk. 1, 30.—*From* brinnan, *to burn, q. v.*

brôþar, *m.* (114), *brother;* Mt. 5, 22. 23. Mk. 6, 17. Lu. 8, 19. I Cor. 15, 1. 6. 16, 11. II Cor. 9, 3. Philem. 16. 20. [*Cf. O. E.* brôðor, *m., Mdl. E.* brôðer, *Mdn. E.* brother, *O. S.* brôthar, *O. H. G.* bruodar, *M. H. G.* bruoder, *N. H. G.* bruder, *m., brother, Gr.* φράτηρ, *Lt.* frater, *O. Ind.* bhrâtar-, *m., brother. Comp. follg. w.*]

brôþrahans, *plur. m., brethren;* Mk. 12, 20. [*Supposed to refer to* *brôþrahs, *adj.* (*w. suff.* -ha), *from* **brôþar,** *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

brôþru-lubô, *f., brotherly love;* I Thess. 4, 9. brôþra-lubô; Rom. 12, 10.—*Comp.* brôþar, lubô.

***bruka,** *f., in* ga-bruka. [*From* brikan, *q. v. Comp. O. H. G.* brocho, *M. H. G.* brocke, *N. H. G.* brocke, brocken, *m., a small piece, fragment, whence O. H. G.* brochôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.*

brocken, *to crumb, and* bröckeln, *to crumble, whence* bröckelig, *adj., friable, shivery. Further Eff. G.* brock, *f., crumb,* brocke, *m., fragment.*]

brûkjan, *an. v.* (15; 209), *to use, partake of,* (1) *w. gen.;* I Cor. 10, 17. II Cor. 1, 17. 3, 12. Col. 2, 22. I Tim. 1, 8. 5, 23. Skeir. V, b. (2) *w. instr.;* Skeir. III, b.—*The obj. being implied;* I Cor. 7, 21. [*From* brûks, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* brûcan, *st. v., to use,* brȳcjan (y=i-*uml. of* u), *w. v., to be useful, Mdl. E.* brûke, brouke, *to use, Mdn. E.* brook, *to bear, endure, be contented with, O. N.* brúka, *O. S.* brûcan, *st. v., to use, enjoy, O. H. G.* brûhhan, *M. H. G.* brûchen, *N. H. G.* brauchen, gebrauchen, *w. v., to use, need. Der.: O. E.* brȳce, *m., use, profit, O. N.* brûk, *n., use, custom, O. H. G.* brûh, prûh, *m., N. H. G.* brauch, *m., use, custom,* ge-brauch, *m., use, employment, usage, custom. Germanic root* brûk *answers to Indg. root* bhrug; *comp. Lt.* fruor, *from* fruvor *for* frugvor, *use, enjoy,* fructus (= *Goth.* brûhts, *pret. partic.*), *fruit, whence O. Fr.* fruit, *whence Mdl. E.* fruit, frût, *Mdn. E.* fruit. *Lt.* fructus *is also the source of O. S. O. H. G.* fruht, *M. H. G.* vruht, *N. H. G.* frucht, *f., fruit. Of G. origin is the kindred Mdl. Lt.* brocarius, *broker, whence Mdl. E.* brocour, brokour (*through the Fr.*), *Mdn. E.* broker.]

***bruknan,** *w. v., in* us- br., *to be broken off;* Rom. 11, 17. 19. 20.—*From* brikan, *q. v.*

brûks, *adj.* (15; 130), *useful, profitable. The pers. to whom anything is useful, is found in dat., and the th. for which anything is useful, is indicated by* du *w. dat.;* I Cor. 10, 33. I Tim. 4, 8. II Tim. 2, 21. 4, 11. Philem. 11. Skeir. IV, b. [*Cf. O. E.* brȳce (y = i-*uml. of* u), *adj., Mdl. E.* brûche, brîche, *O. H. G.* brûchi, *M. H. G.* brûche, *adj., useful. Allied to* brûkjan, *q. v.*]

brunjô, *f.* (112), *breast-plate;* Eph. 6, 14. I Thess. 5, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* byrne (y = i-*uml. of* u; yr *for* ry, *by metathesis*), *f., Mdl. E.* brunie, *O. N.* brynja, *O. H. G.* brunja, brunna, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* brünne, *f., corselet. S. Kl.*, brünne.]

brunna, *m., well, spring, issue;* Mk. 5, 29. [*Cf. O. E.* burna (*for* bruna, *by metathesis*), *m., Mdl. E.* borne, bourne, *Mdn. E.* bourn(e), *O. H. G.* brunnô, *M. H. G.* brunne, *N. H. G.* brunn, brunnen, *m., and* born (*for* bron, *by metathesis, from the L. G.*), *m., spring, fountain, well.*]

***brunsts,** *f.*, (49), *in* ala-brunsts.—*From* brinnan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -sti *for* -ti.

brusts, *f.* (116), *breast;* Lu. 18, 13; *trop.: affection, love, bowels;* II Cor. 7, 15. Col. 3,

12. Philem. 12, 20. [*Comp. O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* brust, *f., breast. Allied to O. E.* breost, *n., Mdl. E.* brêst, *Mdn. E.* breast, *O. N.* brjóst, *O. S.* breost, *n., breast.*]

brûþ-faþs, *gen.* -fadis, *m.* (101), *bridegroom;* Mt. 9, 15. Mk. 2, 19. 20. Lu. 5, 34. — *Comp.* brûþs, *faþs.

brûþs, *f.* (15), *bride, daughter-in-law;* Mt. 10, 35. [*Cf. O. E.* brŷd (y = i-*uml. of* u), *f., Mdl. E.* brîde, *Mdn. E.* bride, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* brût, *N. H. G.* braut, *f., bride. For Mdn. E.* bridegroom, *s.* guma. *Furthermore, cf. O. E.* brŷd-ealo (ealo, *n., ale, beer, from* alu, *by* u-*uml.*), *n., Mdl. E.* brîdale, *Mdn. E.* bridal.]

bugjan, *an. v.* (209) *w. acc., to buy, sell;* Mk. 11, 15. Lu. 9, 12. 13. 14, 18. 17, 28. Jo. 6, 5. 13. 29; *the price is indicated by the instr.;* Mt. 10, 29.— *Compd.* (a) fra-b., *to sell;* Mk. 11, 15. Lu. 17, 28. 19, 45; *the th. sold is indicated* (1) *by acc.;* Mk. 10, 21. Lu. 18, 22. Rom. 7, 14. I Cor. 10, 25; (2) *by dat.;* Mk. 11, 15; *the price is expressed by* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 14, 5. Jo. 12, 5. (b) us-b. *w. acc., to buy out, buy;* Mk. 16, 1. Lu. 14, 19. Gal. 4, 5. Col. 4, 5.; *the price being indicated by the instr.;* I Cor. 7, 23; *or* us *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* bucʒ(e)an, *Mdl. E.* buʒʒe, buie, biʒe, *Mdn. E.* buy, *O. S.* buggean, *to buy. Comp.* *baúhts.]

***bundi,** *f., in* ga-bundi. — *From* bindan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***bundnan,** *w. v., in* and-b. (194), *to be unbound, be loosened;* Mk. 7, 35.—*From* bindan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***busns,** *f., ni* ana-busns. [*Cf. O. E.* bysen, *f., Mdl. E.* bisen, *example, O. S.* *busan *in* ambusan, *f., command, commandment. From root of* biudan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -sni *for* -ni, *the radical* d *being dropped.*]

byssus, *m., fine linen;* Lu. 16, 19. [*It is the Gr.* βυσσός, *f., fine linen.*]

D.

***Daban,** *st. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *in* ga.-d. *w. acc., to happen, befall;* Mk. 10, 32; *to become, fit;* Skeir. III, c. [*Allied to O. E.* ʒe-dafenian, *w. v., to befit, suit, and* dæft, *adj., fit, suitable, gentle, Mdl. E.* daft, deft, *Mdn. E.* deft, *adj., fit, dexterous, neat, Eff. G.* deftig, *adj., apt, fit, good, strong, solid.—S.* *dôfs.]

daddjan, *w. v.* (73, *n.* 1), *to give suck, to suckle;* Mk. 13, 17.— [*Supposed to stand for* *dajan. *S. also Dief.*]

Dagalaiphus, *pr. n.* (21, *n.* 1; 52).

dags, *m.* (90), *day;* Mt. 7, 22. 11, 12. Mk. 6, 21. Lu. 5, 17. 9, 23. 17, 22. Jo. 11, 6. Col. 2,

16; inwisandin sabbatê daga; (*s. note on:*) Mk, 16, 1; all dagis, *all day along;* Rom. 8, 36; dagis ƕizuh, *daily;* Neh. 5, 18; daga ƕammêh, *daily;* Mk. 14, 49. Lu. 16, 19. 19, 47. I Cor. 15, 31; himma daga, *today;* Mt. 6, 11. 30. Lu. 2, 11. 4, 21. 5, 26. 19, 5. 9; daga jah daga, *day by day, daily;* II Cor. 4, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* dæʒ, *m., Mdl. E.* dai, *Mdn. E.* day, *O. S.* dag, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* tac(g), *N. H. G.* tag, *m., day. From stem* dago- (*kindred with stem of O. E.* dôgor, *m. n., O. N.* dóegr, *from* dôgoz-, *day*) *which is supposed to be allied to Skr. root* dah (*for Idg.* dhag?), *to burn. Furthermore, cf. O. E.* dagian, *Mdl. E.* dawe, *Mdn. E.* daw (*obs.*) *and* dawn, *the latter from Mdl. E.* dawne, daune, *O. E.* *dagnian, *to dawn; also O. E.* dæʒes eaʒe (*s.* augô), *Mdl. E.* daies îe, *Mdn. E.* daisy (*hence the* s *of the latter being a remnant of the case-ending of the gen. sing. of strong subst. in E.*).]

daigs, *m., dough, lump;* Rom. 9, 21. 11, 16. I Cor. 5, 6. 7. Gal. 5, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* dâh, *m., Mdl. E.* dǫ̂gh, *Mdn. E.* dough, *O. N.* deig, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* teic(g), *N. H. G.* teig, *m., dough. From root* dīg, *to knead, Idg.* dhīgh; *s.* deigan.]

Daíkapaúlis, *pr. n.,* Δεκάπολις, *gen.* Daíkapaúlaíôs (*Gr. infl.:* -εως); Mk. 7, 31; *dat.* -ein; Mk. 5, 20.

daila, *f., dealing, participation, fellowship;* II Cor. 6, 14; *pound;* Lu. 19, 13. 24. 25.— *Allied to* dails, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***daila,** *m., in* ga-daila, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

dailjan, *w. v.* (188), *to deal, deal out, distribute, give;* Rom. 12, 8; *w. dat. of an indir. obj.;* I Cor. 12, 11, Eph. 4, 28.— *Compd.* (a) af-d., *to give a portion, distribute;* af-d. taíhundôn dail, *to give tithes;* Lu. 18, 12. (b) dis-d., *to divide, separate;* I Cor. 1, 13; *to divide, distribute;* Mk. 15, 24; *and w. dat. of pers., to give in portions or shares;* Lu. 15, 12. (c) fra-d. *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th., to deal away, to give;* Jo. 12, 5. (d) ga-d. *w. acc., to divide, separate;* Mk. 3, 26; *and folld. by* wiþra *w. acc.;* Mk. 3, 24. 25; *w. dat. of pers., to distribute, impart;* I Cor. 7, 17; *and acc. of th., to deal, distribute, give;* Lu. 18, 22. 19, 8. Jo. 6, 11. Rom. 12, 3. [*From* dails, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* dæ̂lan, *Mdl. E.* dæ̂le, dêle, deale, *Mdn. E.* deal, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* teilen, *divide, separate, share. Comp. prec. w.*]

dails, *f.* (103), *deal, part, portion;* Lu. 15, 12. 18, 12. I Cor. 13, 10. 12. II Cor. 6, 15. Col. 1, 12. 2, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* dæ̂l (æ̂ *from* â, *by* i-*uml.*), *m., Mdl. E.*

dâêl, dêl, deal, *Mdn. E.* deal, *O. S.* dêl; *and O. E.* dâl (*without uml.*), *m., a portion, Mdl. E.* dâl, dǫ̂l, *Mdn. E.* dôle. *Germanic* dai-li(-lo) *suggests an Idg. root* dhai (*s. Kl.*, teil), *which is supposed to be contained also in O. E.* (a-)dîlʒian, *Mdl. E.* (for-) dilʒhe, *to abolish, put away, destroy, O. S.* fardîligôn, *O. H. G.* tîligôn, tilôn, *M. H. G.* tîligen, tilgen, *N. H. G.* tilgen, *to efface, extinguish, etc. The N. H. G. suffix* -tel *is shortened from* -teil *in* drittel, *one third,* viertel, *one fourth, quarter, etc., M. H. G.* drîtteil, vierteil, *etc. Here belong also O. E.* ordâl, *n., Mdl. E.* ordâl, *Mdn. E.* ordeal, *M. H. G.* urteil, urteile, *f. n., N. H. G.* urtel, urteil, *n., judgment, lit. a dealing out.* (*For the first part of the words,* or-, ur-, *s.* us).]

daimônareis, *m., one possessed with a devil;* Mt. 8, 16. 28. 33. 9, 32. Lu. 8, 36. [*A subst. formation from Gr.* δαίμων, *divinity, spirit* (*whence Lt.* daemon, *whence Fr.* demon, *whence Mdn. E.* demon; *to the Lt.* daemon *refers also N. H. G.* dämon, *m., th. s.*), *and the Germanic suffix* -arja (92; 44, c); *for like formations, s.* laisareis, môtareis, *etc.*]

dal, *n.* (94, *n.* 2), *dale, valley;* Lu. 3, 5. *ditch;* Lu. 6, 39; dal uf mêsa, *a dish for a wine-fat;* Mk. 12, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* dæl, *n., Mdl. E.* dale, *Mdn. E.* dale (*and the kindred* dell), *O. N.* dalr, *O. S.* dal, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* tal, *m. n., N. H. G.* thal, *n., dale, valley. From Idg. root* dhŏ, *to be low; comp. Gr.* θόλος, *vaulted roof, Skr.* dhâra, *depth. Allied to O. E.* denu, *f.*, denn, *n., Mdl. E.* dene, den, *valley, cave, Mdn. E.* den, *which, again, are supposed to be cognate with O. H. G.* tenni, *n., M. H. G.* tenne, *n. f. m., N. H. G.* tenne, *f., threshing-floor, Eff.* denn, *n., th. s.* — *Comp.* dalaþ.]

dalaþ, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *downward, down;* Mt. 7, 25. 11, 23. 27, 51. Mk. 15, 37. Lu. 4, 9. Rom. 10, 6; *on the ground* (χαμαί); Jo. 9, 6. 18, 6; und dalaþ, *to the bottom;* Mt. 27, 51. Mk. 15, 38. [*From* dal, *valley, q. v. Comp. the M. H. G.* ze tal, *downward, down, N. H. G.* zu thal, *down* (*a stream*), *Similar phrases are Mdn. E.* adown (*shortened* down), *from Mdl. E.* a dûne, a doun, *O. E.* â dûne (*for* of dûne; *concerning* of, *s.* af), *adown, prop. down a hill, from* dûn, *f., hill; and N. H. G.* zu berge, *upwards, an end, from* berg, *m., a mountain* (*S.* baírgahei). — *Comp. follg. w.*]

dalaþa, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *below;* Mk. 14, 66.—*From* dalaþ, *q. v. Comp.* dal, *and follg. w.*

dalaþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *from beneath;* Jo. 8, 23.—*Comp.* dalaþ, dalaþa, dal, *and follg. w.*

***dalja,** *m., in* ib- dalja, *q. v.*

Dalmatia, *pr. n., Δαλματία, dat.* -ai; II Tim. 4, 10.

Damaskô, *pr. n., Δαμασκός, dat.* -ôn; II Cor. 11, 32.—*Comp. follg. w.*

Damasks, *adj., of Damascus;* II Cor. 11, 32.—*Comp. prec. w.*

***dammjan,** *w. v., in* faúr-d., *to shut off as with a dam, to hinder, stop;* II Cor. 11, 10. [*From a lost subst. Cf. O. E.* for-demman (e=i-*uml. of* a), *Mdl. E.* demme, *Mdn. E.* dam *for* *dem, *by confusion with the spelling of the subst.* dam, *Mdl. E.* dam, *O. E.* *dam, *dam, pond; comp. O. N.* dammr, *M. H. G.* tam(m), *N. H. G.* damm (d *for* t, *by L. G. influence*), *m., dam, whence* dämmen, *to dam up.*]

daubei, *f., deafness, dullness, blindness;* Rom. 11, 25. — *From* *daufs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

daubiþa, *f., deafness, dullness, blindness;* Mk. 3, 5. Eph. 4, 18.—*From* *daufs, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***daubjan,** *w. v., in* ga-d. *w. acc., to make deaf, to deafen, harden;* Jo. 12, 40. 16, 6.—*From* *daufs, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***daubnan,** *w. v. in* af-d., *to become deaf, grow dull;* II Cor. 3, 14.—*From* *daufs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***daudjan,** *w. v., in* us-d., *to strive;* Col. 1, 29; *w. a dependent inf.: to be diligent, endeavor;* Gal. 2, 10. Eph. 4, 3. II Tim. 2, 15. Skeir. III, b; *w. a dependent clause introduced by* ei: *to labor for, that;* Col. 4. 12.—*From* *dauþs, *zealous, q. v.*

***daufs,** *adj.* (56, *n.* 1; 124, *n.* 2), *deaf, hardened;* Mk. 8, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* deaf, *Mdl. E.* dâf, dêf, *Mdn. E.* deaf, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* toup(b), *N. H. G.* taub, *adj., deaf. From root* dub, *Indg.* dhubh; *comp. Gr. τυφ-λός for θυφ-λός, adj., blind. Allied to O. E.* dôfian, *w. v., to be crazy, O. H. G.* tobên, tobôn, *M. H. G.* toben, *N. H. G.* toben, *to rage, and O. H. G. M. H. G.* touben, töuben, *N. H. G.* be-täuben, *to stun, stupify.—S.* daubei, daubiþa, *daubjan, *daubnan; *also the kindred* dumbs.]

daug; *s.* ***dugan.**

daúhtar, *f.* (114), *daughter;* Mt. 9, 18. 22. Mk. 7, 26. 29. Lu. 1, 5. II Cor. 6, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* dohtor, *f., Mdl. E.* dohter, doughter, *Mdn. E.* daughter, *O. S.* dohtar, *O. H. G.* tohtar, *M. H. G.* tohter, *N. H. G.* tochter, *f., daughter, Gr. θυγάτηρ, daughter, Skr. root* duh, *to milk.*]

daúhts, *f., feast;* Lu. 5, 29. 14, 13.—*S. Dief.*

***dauka,** *m., in* ga-dauka.—*S. Dief.*

dauns, *f., odor, savor;* Jo. 12, 3. I Cor. 12, 17. II Cor. 2, 14. 15. 16. Eph. 5, 2. [*Cf. O. N.* daunn, *m., odor.—S. Sch.,* toum.]

daupeins, *f., baptism;* Mk. 1, 4. 10, 38. 39. 11, 30. Lu. 3, 3. 7, 29. 20, 4. Eph. 4, 5. Col. 2, 12.

Skeir. II, d. III, a. b. c. d; *a washing;* Mk. 7, 4. 8.—*From* daupjan; *s. follg. w.*

daupjan, *w. v., to baptize;* Mk. 1, 5. 8. 9. 10, 38. Lu. 3, 16. I Cor. 1, 13. 12, 13; *to be baptized;* I Cor. 15, 29; *to wash one's self;* Mk. 7, 4. Skeir. III, a. d; daupidans, *one being baptized;* Skeir. IV, b; sa daupjands (*pres. partic. used as subst.*), *m.* (115), *the Baptist;* Mt. 11, 12. Mk. 6, 14.—*Compd.* uf-d. *w. acc., to dip into, dip;* Jo. 13, 26. *to baptize;* Lu. 3, 21; *and a follg. instr.;* Lu. 7, 29. [*A caus. v. originally meaning 'to dip' or 'plunge into anything'. It answers to O. E.* dŷpan *for* diepan, *from* deapian (ie *for* ea, *by* i-*uml.; Goth.* au=*O. E.* ea), *to plunge in, O. S.* dôpian, *O. H. G.* toufen (*from* toufjan), *to baptize, M. H. G.* töufen, toufen, *to baptize, dip, N. H. G.* taufen, *to baptize. Der. O. H. G.* toufa, (toufi), *M. H. G.* toufe, *N. H. G.* taufe, *f., baptism.—From Germanic root* dŭp, *whence also O. E.* dyppan, *Mdl. E.* dippe, *Mdn. E.* dip. *A secondary form of root* dŭp *is* dūb *appearing in O. E.* dûfan, (*st. v., pret.* deaf), *Mdl. E.* dûve, *to plunge into, dive, and O. E.* dŷfan (*for* deafian; *ŷ for* ie=i-*uml. of* ea), *w. v., Mdl. E.* dîve, *Mdn. E.* dive. —'*To baptize*' *was rendered in O. E. by* fullian (*from* fulwian, *whence* fulluht *for* ful-wiht, m., *baptizm, where* wiht *is supposed to be derived from* wîhan, *to consecrate; s.* weihs), *Mdl. E.* fulwe, fulȝe, *supplanted by* baptise, *Mdn. E.* baptize, *from Fr.* baptiser, *which, in its turn, refers to Lt.* baptizare, *from the Gr.* βαπτίζειν, *to baptize, from* βάπτειν, *to dip.* —*S.* diupei, diups, diupiþa.]

daúr, *n., door, gate;* Mt. 7, 13. Mk. 1, 33. 15, 46. Lu. 7, 12. Jo. 10, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* dor, *n.* (*pl.* doru), *O. S.* dor, *n., O. H. G. M. H. G.* tor, *N. H. G.* thor, *n., gate; allied to O. E.* duru, *f., Mdl. E.* dure, dore, *Mdn. E.* door, *O. N.* dyrr (*plur in form, sing. in meaning*), *O. S.* duri, dura, *door, gate, O. H. G.* turi (*prop. plur.*), *M. H. G.* tür, *N. H. G.* thür, *f., door. From Germanic stem* dur-, *Indg.* dhur- (dhwer-); *comp. Gr.* θύρα, θύρετρον, *door,* θυρών, *forecourt, hall,* θαιρός, *door hinge, Lt.* fores; *allied to Skr.* dvâra, *door. S. also* *daúri, daúrô, *and follg. w.*]

daúra-warda, *f., a female doorkeeper;* Jo. 18, 16. — *Comp.* daúr, *wards, *and follg. w.*

daúra-wardô, *f., a female doorkeeper;* Jo. 18, 17.—*Allied to prec. and follg. w., q. v.*

daúra-wards, *m., doorkeeper, porter;* Jo. 10, 3. Neh. 7, 1. Ezra 2, 42.—*Comp.* daúr, *wards; also prec. and follg. w.*

***daúri,** *n., in* faúra-daúri.—*From*

stem daúrja-; *allied to* daúr, daúrô, *and prec. w., q. v.*

Daúriþaius, *pr. n.*, Δωρόθεος, *gen.* -us (*for* -aus; 105, *n.* 2); Cal.

daúrô, *f.* (*occurs only in plur.*, daúrôns), *door;* Mt. 27, 60. Mk. 16, 3. Jo. 18, 16. Neh. 7, 3.—*From stem* daúrôn-; *allied to* daúr, daúri, *q. v. S. also* auga-daúrô.

***daúrsan,** *pret.-pres. v.* (199), *to dare, in* ga- d., *th. s.;* II Cor. 11, 21; *folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* II Cor. 10, 2; *or inf.;* Mk. 12, 34. Lu. 20, 39. I Cor. 6, 1. II Cor. 10, 12. Phil. 1, 14; ga-d. rôdjan, *to speak boldly;* Eph. 6, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* *durran (*pres. ind. 1st pers.* dear, *2nd pers.* dearst) *Mdl. E.* dear, dar, der (*1st pers.*), dærst, darst (*2nd pers.*), *Mdn. E.* dare, *O. S.* gi-durran, *O. H. G.* turran, gi-turran, *M. H. G.* turren, geturren, *to have courage, dare. From Idg. root* dhṛs *appearing in Gr.* θαῤῥεῖν, *to be bold,* θάρσος, *boldness, Skr.* dharshas, *boldness.*]

dauþeins, *f., the dying;* II Cor. 4, 10; *death, peril of death;* II Cor. 11, 23.—*From* dauþjan; *s. follg. w.*

dauþjan, *w. v. w. acc., to kill, mortify;* Col. 3, 5.—*Compd.* (a) af-d. *w. acc., to kill, put to death;* Mt. 27, 1. Mk. 14, 55. II Cor. 6, 9; *in pass.: to die;* Mk. 7, 10; afdauþidai waúrþuþ witôda, *you are become dead to the law;* Rom. 7, 4. (b) ga-d., *to kill, put in peril of death;* Rom. 8, 36. — *From* dauþs, *q. v.; Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***dauþnan,** *w. v.* (194), *to die.—Compd.* (a) ga-d., *to perish, die;* Mt. 8, 32. Mk. 9, 48. 15, 44. Rom. 7, 9. Col. 3, 3; ga-ba-d., *th. s.;* Jo. 11, 25. (b) miþ-ga-d., *to die with;* II Tim. 2, 11.—*From* dauþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***dauþs,** *adj., zealous* (74, *n.* 2), *in* us-dauþs. — *S. J. Grimm's preface to Schulze's 'Gotisches Glossar', p. XI.*

dauþs, *gen.* dauþis, *adj., dead;* Mt. 8, 22. 11, 5. Mk. 9, 26. 12, 27. Jo. 11, 39. 44. Skeir. V, b. [*Cf. O. E.* dead, *Mdl. E.* dead, dêd, *Mdn. E.* dead, *O. S.* dôd, *O. H. G.* tôt, tôd (*whence* tôten, tôden, *M. H. G.* tœten, tœden, *N. H. G.* töten, *to make dead, kill.*), *M. H. G.* tôt, *N. H. G.* tôt, *adj., dead. Germanic* dauþo-, dau-do-, *is prop. an old participle in* -to- (*Comp.* alþeis, guþ, kalds, kunþs, *etc.*), *from the verbal root* dau, *to die, appearing also in O. N.* deyja (*st. v.*), *to die, whence Mdl. E.* dêiȝe, dîe, *Mdn. E.* die, *and in O. S.* dôian (*from* daujan), *O. H. G.* touwen, *M. H. G.* touwen, töuwen (*w. v.*) *to die.—Comp.* dauþus, diwan, *dôjan, *and follg. w.*]

dauþubleis, *adj., devoted to death;* I Cor. 4, 9.—*From stem*

dauþu- (*s. follg. w.*) *and suff.* -blja.

dauþus, *m.* (105), *death;* Mt. 26, 66. Mk. 7, 10. I Cor. 15, 55. II Cor. 1, 10. Skeir. I, a. [*Cf. O. E.* deað, *m., Mdl. E.* deað, dæð, *Mdn. E.* death, *O. S.* dôth, *O. H. G.* tôd, *M. H. G.* tôt (d), *N. H. G.* tod, *m., death. From root* dau, *Idg.* dhău, *and suffix* -þu-, *Lt. and Skr.* -tu-.—*Comp.* dauþs *and prec. w.*]

Daweid, *pr. n.*, *Δαυείδ, Δαυίδ;* Mk. 2, 25. 12, 36. 37; *gen.* Daweidis; Mt. 9, 27. Lu. 1, 27. II Tim. 2, 8.

***dêdja,** *m., a doer, in* wai-dêdja.—*From* dêþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan.

***dêþs, *dêds,** *f.* (74, *n.* 2; 103), *deed, occurs only in* gadêþs, missadêþs, waíladêþs. [*Cf. O. E.* dæd, *f., Mdl. E.* dêd, *Mdn. E.* deed (indeed, *in fact*), *O. N.* dáð, *O. S.* dâd, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* tât, *N. H. G.* that, *f., deed; a verbal noun, from Germanic root* dê:dô *appearing also in O. E.* dôn, *Mdl. E.* dôn, dô, *Mdn. E.* do (ado, *trouble, labor, Mdl. E.* a dô *for* at dô; at=*O. E.* æt, *prep.; s.* at), *O. S.* dûan, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* tuon, *N. H. G.* thun, *to do. Root* dê:dô *answers to Idg.* dhê:dhô; *comp. the Gr. root* ϑη, ϑε, *contained in* τί-ϑη-μι, *I set, put, place, do; and Skr. root* dhâ (dadhâmi), *to place, put, lay, do,* dhâtṛ, *creator, O. Ir.* denim, *to do, make. To the Gr. v.* ἀπο-τίϑημι, *put away, lay off, store* (ἀπό=*away, away from*) *refers the subst.* ἀποϑήκη, *a storehouse, whence Lt.* apotheca, *a repository, magazine, storeroom, whence Mdl. Lt.* apot(h)ecarius, *apothecary, whence O. Fr.* apotecaire, *whence Mdl. E.* apotecarie, *Mdn. E.* apothecary, *corrupted* pot(h)ecary. *N. H. G.* apotheke, *f., apothecary's shop, M. H. G.* apotêke, *f., apothecary's shop, grocer's store, refers directly to Lt.* apothêca.—*The Gr. stem* ϑε *occurs in* ϑέσις, *a sitting, placing, position, whence Lt.* thĕsis, *a proposition, whence Mdn. E.* thesis, *N. H. G.* these, *f., thesis; compds.: Mdn. E. N. H. G.* hypo- (*Gr.* ὑπό, *under*), meta- (*Gr.* μετά, *over, between*), syn- (*Gr.* σύν, *with, together*) thesis, -these, *respectively, etc., all from the Gr., through the Lt.; Mdn. E.* parenthesis, *N. H. G.* parenthese (paren- *from Gr.* παρ *for* παρά *beside, and* ἐν, *in*), *parenthesis, and Mdn. E.* antithesis, *N. H. G.* antithese, *f., antithesis, refer directly to the Gr.* ἀντί-ϑεσις (*for* ἀντί, *s.* and), *a placing against, an opposition. Further Gr.* ϑέ-μα, *that which is laid down, as for argument, whence Lt.* thema, *a subject or topic treated of, a theme, whence O. Fr.* t(h)eme, *whence Mdl. E.* tême, *Mdn. E.* theme; *the N. H. G.* thema *refers to the Lt.* thema (*S.* ana-

þaíma). *To the Gr.* ἐπι-τίθημι (ἐπί, *upon, besides*) *refers* ἐπίθετον, *an epithet, whence Lt.* epitheton, *whence Mdn. E.* epithet. *Here belongs also Mdn. E.* treasure (*Der.* treasurer *and* treasury, *Mdl. E.* tresourer *and* tresorie, *from O. Fr.* tresorier *and* tresorerie, *respectively*), *Mdl. E.* tresôr, *from O. Fr.* tresôr, *from Lt.* thesaurum (*For the first* r, *s. Dz., II C,* trésor), *acc. of* thesaurus, *from Gr.* θησαυρός, *treasure, store.*]

deigan, *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to knead, form of earth;* Rom. 9, 20; digans, *made of earth;* II Tim. 2, 20.—*Compd.* ga-d., *to form;* I Tim. 2, 13. [*From Germanic root* dĭg (*prob. allied to O. H. G.* tegal, *M. H. G.* tegel, tigel, *N. H. G.* tiegel, *m., skillet*), *to knead, Idg.* dhĭgh *appearing in Gr.* τεῖχος, τοῖχος (*for* θεῖχος, θοῖχος), *wall, and in Lt.* fingere (finxi, fic-tum), *to form, whence O. Fr.* feindre (*for* feinre, *the* d *being intrusive*), feigner (*S. D., II, C,* faint), *whence Mdl. E.* feine, *Mdn. E.* feign; *to O. Fr.* faint, *pret. partic. of* feindre, *refers Mdl. E.* feint, *Mdn. E.* faint. *The unextended Lt. base* fig *is contained in Lt.* figulus, *potter,* figura, *shape, form, figure, whence Fr.* figure, *whence Mdl. E.* figure, *Mdn. E.* figure; *the N. H. G.* figur, *f., shape, form, figure, Mdl. G.* figûre, *form, figure, creature, refers directly to Lt.* figura; *further in Lt.* figmentum, *formation, figure, image, fiction, whence Mdn. E.* figment; *Lt.* ef-figies (ef *for* ex, *by assimilation*), *image, whence Mdn. E.* effigy. *From the Lt.* figura *there is derived the v.* figurare, *whence N. H. G.* figurieren (*in music*), *to figure, and Fr.* figurer, *whence Mdn. E.* figure; *compd.* con-figurare (con=cum, *with*), *to form in accordance with something, or from several things, pret. partic.* configuratus, *whence* configuratio, *whence Fr.* cònfiguration, *whence Mdn. E.* configuration; *and* trans-figurare (trans= *over, across*), *to change in shape, whence Fr.* transfigurer, *whence Mdn. E.* transfigure; *pret. partic.* transfiguratus, *whence* transfiguratio, *a change of shape, whence Fr.* transfiguration, *whence Mdn. E.* transfiguration. *To Lt.* fic-tus, *pret. partic. of* fingere *refers Lt.* fictio, *acc.* fictionem, *whence Fr.* fiction, *whence Mdn. E.* fiction; *also Lt.* fictitius (ficticius), *whence Mdn. E.* fictitious.—*Comp. Skr. root* dih, *to cement, besmear, and s.* daigs, digis, digrei.]

***deinô**, *f., in* wiga-deinô.—*Etymology unknown. S. Dief.*

***deisei**, *f., in* filu-deisei.—*S. Dief.*

Dêmas, *pr. n.*, Δημᾶς; Col. 4, 14. II Tim. 4, 10.

diabaúlus, *m.* (13, *n.* 1), *devil;* Lu. 4, 2. 3, 56. Jo. 6, 70. 8, 44. Eph. 6, 11. Skeir. I, b. c. [*It is*

the Gr. διάβολος, *slanderer, devil* (*from prep.* διά, *through, across, and* βάλλειν, *to throw*), *whence* διαβολικός *adj., devilish, whence Lt.* diabolicus, *whence Mdn. E.* diabolic, diabolical. *The Gr.* διάβολος *is the source of Lt.* diabolus, *whence O. E.* deoful, *m. n., Mdl. E.* deofel, deovel devel, *Mdn. E.* devil, *O. S.* diubal, *m., O. H. G.* tiuval, tioval, *m.* (*in plur. also n.*), *M. H. G.* tiuvel, tievel, *N. H. G.* teufel, *m., devil. Concerning the original Germanic word for 'evil spirit', s.* unhulþô.—*Comp. follg. w.*]

diabula, *f., a female slanderer;* I Tim. 3, 11.—*Allied to prec. w.*

diakaúnus, *m.* (120 *and n.* 1), *deacon; the plur. follows the* u-*decl.;* I Tim. 3, 8. 12; *for the nom. sing.* diakaúnus, *there occurs* diakun, *dat.* diakuna, *in Ar. and Neap. doc.* [*It is the Gr.* διάκονος, *servant, deacon* (*allied to* διώκειν, *to drive, pursue*), *whence Lt.* diaconus, *whence O. E.* diacon, deacon, *m., Mdl. E.* deaken, dêken, *Mdn. E.* deacon, *M. H. G.* dîâken, *and N. H. G.* diakôn, *m., th. s.*]

Didimus, *pr. n.,* Δίδυμος; Jo. 11, 16.

***digis,** *n., in* ga-digis.—*From root of* deigan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

digrei, *f., thickness, abundance;* II Cor. 8, 20.—*From* *digrs, *from root of* deigan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ra. *Comp. prec. w.*

dis-, *inseparable particle prefixed to v. and verbal subst. As to its meaning, it answers to E. 'asunder, in pieces'; sometimes it gives the v. a more intensive signification. To the first class belong v. like* disdailjan, disskaidan; *to the second such as* dishaban, disniman. [*A similar particle is the Gr.* δι-, *Lt.* dis-, *apart, whence O. Fr.* dis-, des-, de-, *whence Mdn. E.* des-, dis-, de- (*as in* defy). *S.* tuz-.]

dis-taheins, *f., dispersion;* Jo. 7, 35.—*From* distahjan, *q. v.*

dis-wiss, *f., an unbinding or dissolving; hence release, departure, death* (ἀνάλυσις); II Tim. 4, 6.—*From* *diswidan; *s.* *widan.

diupei, *f.* (113), *depth, deep;* Eph. 3, 18. [*From* diups. *Cf. O. E.* deope, dŷpe, *n., Mdl. E.* dêpe, *Mdn. E.* deep, *O. S.* diupî, *O. H. G.* tiufî, *M. H. G.* tiefe, *N. H. G.* tiefe, *f., depth. Comp. follg. w.*]

diupiþa, *f., depth, deep;* Lu. 5, 4. Rom. 8, 39. 11, 33. II Cor. 11, 25. [*From* diups. *Cf. Mdn. E.* depth (*Scand.*); *and O. N.* dŷpð, *depth. S. also prec. and follg. w.*]

***diupjan,** *w. v., in* ga-d., *to make deep, dig deeply;* Lu. 6, 48.—*From* diups, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

diups, *adj., deep;* Mk. 4, 5. II Cor. 8, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* deop, *Mdl. E.* dêp, *Mdn. E.* deep, *O. N.* djupr, *O. S.* diop, *O. H. G.* tiof, *M. H. G.* tief, *N. H. G.* tief, *adj., deep. From root* dŭp (*s.* daupjan), *contained also in M. H.*

G. topf, *N. H. G.* topf, *m., pot. A variant of root* dŭp *is the nasalized* dump *in Mdn. E.* dimple(*Scand.*), *a small hollow, N. H. G.* tümpel, *m., a pool, a Mdl. G. form for M. H. G.* tümpfel, *m., a pool, O. H. G.* tumpfilo, *a whirl-pool.—Comp.* diupei, diupiþa, *diupjan.]

dius, *gen.* diuzis, *n.* (94), *beast;* Mk. 1, 13. I Cor. 15, 32. [*Cf. O. E.* deor, *n., animal, especially a wild animal, a rein-deer, Mdl. E.* deor, deer, *animal, Mdn. E.* deer, *O. N.* dýr, *animal, generally wild animal (except birds), O. S.* dior, *a wild animal, O. H. G.* tior, *animal, especially a wild animal, M. H. G.* tier, *animal, wild animal, stag, deer, doe, N. H. G.* tier, *n., animal (stag, doe; so in the language of hunters). Goth.* dius *is probably an adj. used as subst., signifying 'wild'; comp. O. H. G.* tierlîh, *M. H. G.* tierlîch, *adj., wild. The relation between Lt.* animal *and* anima *admits of the supposition that Goth.* dius *and its cognates refer to an Indg. root* dhus, *to respire (Comp. O. Bulg.* duša, *soul). S. Kl.*, tier.]

diwan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 2), *to die;* þata diwanô, *that which is mortal, mortality;* I Cor. 15, 53. 54. II Cor. 5, 4.—*Allied to* dauþs, dauþus, *dôjan, *q. v. Comp.* undiwanei.

***dôfs,** *adj., in* ga-dôfs (56, *n.* 1; 24, *n.* 2). [*Cf. O. E.* ȝe-dêfe, *fitting. Allied to* *daban, *q. v.*]

***dôbnan,** *w. v., to become dumb, in* af-d., *to hold one's peace;* Lu. 4, 35.—*Allied to* daufs, *q.* v.

***dôgs,** *adj., in* ahtau-dôgs, fidur-dôgs.—*Allied to* dags, *q. v.*

***dôjan,** *w. v.* (26, a; 187), *in* af-d., *to tire out, vex, harass;* Mt. 9, 36. [*For* *dôwjan; *allied to* dauþs, dauþus, diwan; *q. v.*]

***dômeins,** *f., judgment, in* af-, faúr-dômeins. — *From* dômjan; *s. follg. w.*

dômjan, *w. v. w. acc., to deem, judge;* I Cor. 10, 15. II Cor. 5, 14; *to discern;* I Cor. 11, 29; dômjan sik silban du *w. dat., to reckon one's self among;* II Cor. 10, 12; *w. double acc.:* garaíhtana d., *to deem right, to justify;* Lu. 7, 29. 16, 15. Gal. 2, 17; uswaúrhtana d., *th. s.;* Lu. 10, 29; *w. acc. and inf.: to deem, hold, think;* Phil. 3, 8.—*Compd.* (a) af-d. *w. acc., to judge;* Jo. 16, 11; *to condemn;* Lu. 6, 37; *to curse;* Mt. 26, 74. (b) bi-d. *w. acc., to judge;* Col. 2, 16. (c) ga-d. *w. acc.:* uswaúrhtana, *or* garaíhtana, gad., *to deem one right, justify him;* Mt. 11, 19. Phil. 3, 12. I Tim. 3, 16; gad. sik du *w. dat., to compare one's self with;* II Cor. 10, 12; *w. acc. and inf., to condemn,* Mt. 14, 64. [*From* dôms, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* dêman (e *is* i-*uml. of* ô), *Mdl. E.* dême, *Mdn. E.* deem.—*Der.* domeins, *q. v.*]

dôms, *m., judgment, knowledge,*

opinion; Skeir. II, c. VI, c. [*Cf. O. E.* dôm, *m., Mdl. E.* dôm, *doom, judgment, sentence, opinion, decision, choice, glory, Mdn. E.* doom (*compd.* doomsday, *Mdl. E.* dômes dæi, *O. E.* dômes dæȝ; *for* dæȝ, *s.* dags), *O. N.* domr, *m., doom, judgment, O. S.* dôm, *m., doom, decision, glory, O. H. G. M. H. G.* tuom, *m. n., state, condition, N. H. G.* -tum, *a suffix denoting "state, condition, or quality", and answering to Mdn. E.* -dom *in* kingdom, *christendom, etc. From Germanic root* dô (dê), *Indg.* dhô (dhê); *s.* *dêþs.—*Comp. prec w.*]

***draban,** *st. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *in* gadr. *w. acc., to hew out; folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Mk. 15, 46.—*S. Dief.*

dragan, *st. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *in* gadr., *to carry together, collect;* gadr. sis, *to heap up to one's self;* II Tim. 4, 3 (*Cod. B has* dragand). [*Cf. O. E.* dragan, *Mdl. E.* drage, draghe, drawe, *Mdn. E.* draw (*frequent.* drawl), *O. N.* draga, *O. S.* dragan, *to draw, O. H. G.* tragan, *M. H. G.* tragen, *to bear, hold, bring, lead, N. H. G.* tragen, *to bear, carry. Further Mdl. E.* dragge (*w. v., prop. caus. from* dragan, *above*), *Mdn. E.* drag (*frequent.* draggle).—*Der.: O. E.* dræȝe, *n., that which is drawn, Mdl. E.* dræȝe, *Mdn. E. dray;—Mdl. E.* draught, draht, *Mdn. E.* draught, *w. suff.* t *appearing also in* (*O. H. G.*) *M. H. G.* traht, *f., a carrying, a burden, also pregnancy* (*whence N. H. G.* trächtig, *adj., being with young, pregnant*), *N. H. G.* tracht, *f., a carrying pole, a load;—Mdl. E.* (*Scand*). dregges (*plur.*), *Mdn. E.* dregs, *lees.*]

dragk (draggk; 67, *n.* 1), *n., a drink;* Jo. 6, 55. Rom. 14, 17. I Cor. 10, 4. Col. 2, 16. [*From* drigkan, *q. v. Cf. O. S.* drank, *m., O. H. G.* trank, *n., M. H. G.* trank(k), *n. m., N. H. G.* trank, *m., a drink. Cognate with O. H. G.* trencha, *f., M. H. G.* trenke, *N. H. G.* tränke, *f., watering place for cattle. Comp. follg. w.*]

dragkjan, *w. v.* (188), *to give to drink, w. acc.;* Mt. 25, 42. 27, 48. Mk. 15, 36. Rom. 12, 20; *and a follg. instr.;* I Cor. 12, 13.—*Compd.* ga-dr. *w. acc. of pers. and instr., th. s.;* Mt. 10, 42. Mk. 9, 41. [*Causal of* drigkan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* drencan, *Mdl. E.* drenche, *Mdn. E.* drench, *O. H. G.* trencan, *M. H. G.* trenken, *N. H. G.* tränken, *to give to drink, to water. Comp. also prec. w.*]

draibjan, *w. v. w. acc., to drive;* Lu. 8, 29; *to trouble;* Mk. 5, 35. Lu. 8, 49; dr. sik, *to trouble one's self;* Lu. 7, 6. [*Causal of* dreiban, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* drêfan, *Mdl. E.* drêve, *to drive, O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* treiben (*trans.*), *to drive.*]

drakma, *m., a drachm; acc. sing.*

drakmein; Lu. 15, 9; *acc. plur.* drakmans; Lu. 15, 8. [*It is the Gr.* δραχμή, *prop. a handful* (*from* δράσσεσθαι, *to grasp with the hand*), *whence also Lt.* drachma, *whence N. H. G.* drachme, *f., dram, and O. Fr.* drachme, drame (*Mdn. Fr.* drachme), *whence Mdn. E.* dram, drachm.]

draúhsna (62, *n.* 4), *f., crumb, fragment;* Mk. 7, 28. Lu. 16, 21. Jo. 6, 12; drausna; Skeir. VII, d. [drausna *is supposed to be the prop. form, from* driusan, *q. v.; hence that which falls down; cf. O. E.* drosn *and* dross, *f., dregs, Mdl. E.* dros, *Mdn. E.* dross, *dregs.*]

draúhtinassus, *m.* (105), *warfare;* II Cor. 10, 4. [*From* draúhtinôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -assu-, *from* -attú *for* -at -tu; *s.* blôtinassus.]

draúhtinôn, *w. v., to war;* I Cor. 9, 7. II Cor. 10, 3. II Tim. 2, 4.—*From stem of* *draúhts, *q. v. Comp. also prec. and follg. w.*

draúhti-witôþ, *n., warfare, fight;* I Tim. 1, 18.—*From stem of* *draúhts *and* witôþ, *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

***draúhts,** *m., in* ga-draúhts. [*From stem* *draúhti-, *from root of* driugan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti-. *Cf. O. E.* (ȝe)dryht (y *for* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *f., body of retainers, nation, Mdl. E.* driht, *body of retainers, retinue, host, O. N.* drôtt, *O. S.* druht (*in compd.* druhtfolc=*O. E.* dryhtfolc, *n., a crowd of people, people, nation*), *M. H. G.* truht, *f., body of retainers, host, crowd of people. Der.: O. E.* dryhten, *m., king, lord, Mdl. E.* drihte, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* truhtin, *m., lord, king; and Mdl. E.* drihtnesse, *majesty.* — *Comp.* draúhtinassus, draúhtinôn, *and prec. w.*]

drausjan, *w. v.* (188), *to cause to fall.*—*Compd.* (a) af-dr. *w. acc.,* Lu. 4, 29. (b) ga-dr. *w. acc., to thrust down, cast down;* Lu. 1, 52. 10, 15. II Cor. 4, 9.—*Caus. to* driusan, *q. v. Comp. also* draúhsna.

dreiban, *st. v.* (172, *n.* 1) *w. acc., to drive;* us-dr., *to put out;* Jo. 16, 2.—*Compd.* us-dr., *to drive out, cast out, send away; w. dat.;* Lu. 9, 40. 43; *folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Mk. 5, 10; *or by the adv.* ût; Lu. 8, 54; *w. acc.;* Mt. 9, 49. [*Cf. O. E.* drîfan, *Mdl. E.* drîfe, drîve, *Mdn. E.* drive, *O. S.* driban, *O. H. G.* trîban, *M. H. G.* trîben, *N. H. G.* treiben (*intr.*), *to drive, drift, float. From Germanic root* drīb, *to move quickly, drive.—Der.: O. E.* draf, *f., Mdl. E.* drǫf, drǫv, *Mdn. E.* drove, *M. H. G.* treip (*gen.* treibes), *m., drove* (*of cattle*); *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* drift, *M. H. G.* trift, *m., a driving, pasture, also actions, doings, N. H. G.* trift, *f., herd, drove, pasturage; N.*

H. G. trieb, *m.*, *driving, drifting, drift, instinct, appetite. Comp.* draibjan.]

drigkan (driggkan—67, *n.* 1), *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to drink, w. acc.;* Mt. 6, 25. 31. Lu. 1, 15. Jo. 6, 54; *w. partit. gen.;* I Cor. 11, 28; drugkans, *pret. part., drunken;* I Cor. 11, 21. I Thess. 5. 7.—*Compds.* (a) ana-dr. sik *w. instr., to get drunk, be drunk;* Eph. 5, 18. (b) ga-dr., *to drink;* Lu. 17, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* drincan, *Mdl. E.* drinke, *Mdn. E.* drink, *O. S.* drinkan, *O. H. G.* trinchan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* trinken, *to drink. From root* drink.—*Verbal abstr.: O. E.* drync, drinc (*from stem* *drunci-; i *interchanges w.* y *for* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* drink, *O. N.* drynkr, *O. H. G.* trunk, *m., M. H. G.* trunc (*gen.* trunkes), *N. H. G.* trunk, *m., a drink, a draught. To O. E.* druncen (*Goth.* drugkans), *pret. partic. of* drincan, *refers O. E.* druncnian, *to be drowned, Mdl. E.* druncne (*beside* drûne, *whence Mdn. E.* drown); *and O. E.* druncenness (*w. suff.* -ness), *f., Mdl. E.* drunkenness, *Mdn. E.* drunkenness; *and O. E.* drunkenhâd (*For* -hâd, *s.* haidus), *m., Mdl. E.* drunkenhêd, *drunkenness; and Mdn. E.* drunkard (*For* -ard, *s.* hardus). *O. E.* drunken, *Mdl. E.* drunke, *Mdn. E.* drunk (drunken), *answers to O. H. G.* trunchan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* trunken, *adj., drunk, inebriate, etc.*—*Comp.* dragk *and* dragkjan.]

driugan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to perform military service, to war, fight;* I Tim. 1, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* (ȝe-)dreoȝan, *to endure, complete, Mdl. E.* (i-)drêȝe, drêie, drê, *Mdn. E.* dree, *to be able to do, to continue to do, hold out* (*obs., or prov.*), *to endure, suffer* (*Scot.*). *S.* *draúhts, draúhtinassus, draúhtinôn, draúhtiwitôþ.]

driusan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to fall;* Mk. 13, 25. Rom. 14, 4; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 16, 21; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Mk. 3, 10. 9, 20. Lu. 5, 12. 15, 20. 17, 16. 20, 18. I Cor. 14, 25; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 3, 11. 5, 33. 7, 25. Lu. 5, 8. 8, 28. Jo. 11, 32; *or* faúra *w. dat.;* Lu. 8, 41. 17, 16; *or* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 10, 18.—*Compds.* (a) at-dr., *to fall; folld. by* du *w. dat., to fall down before;* Lu. 8, 47; *or* in *w. acc., to fall into;* I Tim. 3, 6. 7. 6, 9. Neh. 6, 16. Skeir. II, b; *or* uf *w. dat., to fall under;* Skeir. I, a (staua *for* stauai?). (b) dis-dr. *w. acc., to befall, fall upon;* Lu. 1, 12. (c) ga-dr., *to fall; folld. by* ana *w. dat., to fall upon;* Mk. 4, 5. Lu. 8, 6. 8; *or* ana *w. acc., th. s.;* Mt. 10, 29. Rom. 15, 3; *or* du *w. dat.; to fall at;* Mk. 5, 22; *or* faúr *w. acc.:* faúr wig, *by the way side;* Mk. 4, 4. Lu. 8, 5; *or* in *w. acc., to fall into, among, on;* Mk. 4, 7. 8. Lu. 6,

39. 8, 14. Jo. 12, 24; *or* in *w. dat., th. s.;* Lu. 8, 7; *to be cast, folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 29. 30; *to cease;* I Cor. 13, 8. (d) us-dr., *to fall out, fall away;* Rom. 9, 6; *folld. by* us *w. dat., to fall;* Gal. 5, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* (ȝe-)dreosan, *Mdl. E.* *dreose, i-dreose, *to fall, whence the Mdn. E. frequentative* drizzle. *From Germanic root* drus, *to fall, sink, contained also in O. E.* dreor, *n., gore, blood, whence O. E.* dreoriȝ (*w. suffix* -iȝ, *the second* r *for* s, *by rotacism*), *gory, bloody, sad, Mdl. E.* dreori, drêri, *Mdn. E.* dreary; *in O. H. G.* trûrên, *M. H. G.* trûrên, *N. H. G.* trauern, *to mourn, grieve, whence M. H. G.* trûre, *N. H. G.* trauer, *f., mourning, grief, sorrow, whence O. H. G.* *trûrac, *trûrag, *M. H. G.* trûrec, *N. H. G.* traurig, *adj., sad, sorrowful, mournful; further in O. E.* drusian, *to become turbid, become sluggish, Mdl. E.* *drûse, *Mdn. E.* drowse, *to doze, slumber, whence* drowsy, *adj., dozy, sleepy. — S. also* draûhsna, drausjan, driusô, drus, *drusts.]

driusô, *f.* (31), *slope;* Mt. 8, 32. Mk. 5, 13. Lu. 8, 33.—*Allied to prec. w., q. v.*

drôbjan, *w. v. w. acc., to stir up, trouble;* Gal. 1, 7. 5, 10. 12; *to make insurrection;* Mk. 15, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* drêfan (e=i-*uml. of* ô), *Mdl. E.* drêfe, *to stir up, trouble, O. S.* drôbian, *to be distressed, O. H. G.* truoben, *M. H. G.* trüeben, *N. H. G.* trüben, be-trüben, *to stir up, trouble, distress, etc.; also the corresponding adj.: O. E. Mdl. E.* drôf, *stirred up, troubled, distressed, O. H. G.* truobi, *M. H. G.* trüebe (truobe, *adv.*), *N. H. G.* trübe, *dull, cloudy, muddy; and the verbal abstr.: O. H. G.* truobisal, *M. H. G.* trüebesal, *N. H. G.* trübsal (*For the suff.* -sal, *s.* sêls). *f., affliction, distress, trouble. From root* drôb, *to disorder, confuse.—Comp. follg. w.*]

drôbna, *m., tumult;* II Cor. 12, 20.—*From* drôbnan, *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

drôbnan, *w. v., to be shaken, be troubled;* II Thess. 2, 2.—*Compd.* (a) ga-dr., *th. s.;* Lu. 1, 12. Jo. 12, 27. (b) in-dr., *th. s.;* Jo. 13, 21. 14, 1. 27.—*From* drôbjan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

drugkanei, *f.* (32; 113), *drunkenness;* Rom. 13, 13. Gal. 5, 21. —*From the stem of the pret. partic. of* drigkan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. *Comp. also follg. w.*

***drugkja,** *m., in* af-, wein-drugkja, *q. v.—Allied to* drigkan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

drunjus, *m., sound;* Rom. 10, 18. [*Cf. O. N.* drynr, *m., a droning, dull sound, a drone,* drynja, *to drone, roar, O. Du.* dronen, *Mdl. E.* drone, *Mdn. E.* drone, *L. G.* drönen, *whence N. H. G.* dröhnen, *v. v., to drone, give a*

low, dull sound. From root drĕn, *whence also O. E.* drân, *Mdl. E.* drân, drǫ̂ne, *Mdn. E.* drone, *O. S.* dran, *O. H. G.* treno, *M. H. G.* trene, tren, *m., N. H. G.* drohne (*L. G., the corresponding N. H. G. form would be* trehne *or* trene), *f., the male of the honey-bee, a drone. Germanic root* drên *answers to pre-Germanic* dhrên; *comp. Gr.* θρῆνος, *lamentation,* τεν-θρήνη, *a kind of wasp or bumble-bee;* θρώναξ, *a drone.*]

drus, *m.* (101, *n.* 1 *and* 2), *fall;* Mt. 7, 27. Lu. 2, 34. [*From Germanic stem* *druzi-, *from* driusan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* dryre, *m., fall. Comp.* drausjan, driusô, *and follg. w.*]

***drusts,** *f., in* us-drusts. [*From Germanic stem* *drusti (t *being suff.*), *from root of* driusan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*]

du (217), (I) *adv.*, '*to*'; Mk. 10, 13. Lu. 8, 44. (II) *prep.*, (1) *local: to, into, at, on, towards;* Mt. 8, 16. 25, 39. Mk. 1, 5. Lu. 5, 8. Phil. 3, 14. Neh. 6, 17. Skeir. I, c. IV, a. b. VIII, a; *with an elliptical gen.;* Lu. 19, 7; (2) *temporal: during;* Lu. 4, 25; du aiwa, *for ever; for ever and ever;* Rom. 11, 36. II Cor. 11, 31. Gal. 1, 5; du hweilai, *for a while, for a season;* Philem. 15. Skeir. VI, a; du leitilai hweilai, *for a little while;* Skeir. VI, a; du mêla, *for a while, for a short time;* Lu. 8, 13. I Thess. 1, 17; du leitilamma mêla, *th. s.;* Skeir. IV, b; du maúrgina, *to-morrow;* I Cor. 15, 32; (3) *very often w. inf.;* Mt. 5, 28. Mk. 3, 15. 4, 3. 9, 10. 10, 40. 12, 33. Lu. 1, 9. 2, 6. 8, 8. Rom. 12, 3. Phil. 1, 24. 4, 10. Skeir. 1, c. II, d. IV, d; (4) *in other relations,* (a) *denoting the pers. to wh. an action is directed; so after* qiþan, bidjan, swêgnjan, andhaitan, frawaúrkjan, galaubjan, wênjan, trauan, friaþwa haban; (b) *denoting purpose or result: for, in;* Mt. 8, 4. Rom. 15, 4. I Cor. 11, 24; *here belongs* du *w. dat., expressing the predicate accus. or nom.;* Mk. 11, 17. 12, 23. Lu. 19, 46. 20, 33. Jo. 6, 15. 10, 33. 13, 15. II Cor. 6, 18. Eph. 2, 14. II Thess. 3, 9. Neh. 6, 18. Philem. 1, 7; (c) *in the follg. cases: against;* Lu. 17, 4. Rom. 8, 7; *according to;* Gal. 2, 14; *with;* I Cor. 15, 32. *See also* duþê, duhvê. *In composition* du *signifies* (1) 'to', (2) '*in, into*', (3) '*the beginning of a state or condition*'. [*Its meaning is that of O. E.* tô, *Mdl. E.* tô, *Mdn. E.* to, *O. S.* tô, *O. H. G.* zuo, zua, zô, *M. H. G.* zuo (*M. G.* zû), *N. H. G.* zu, *prep., to, Lith.* da-, *O. Ir.* do, *Zend* -da, *Gr.* -δε (οἴκονδε, *homeward*), *Lt.* -do, -du (*in Old Lat.* endo, indu, *in, into*). *Concerning its supposed indentity with these words, s. Dief.*, du, *and Sch.*, za.]

-dûbô, *f.* (15), dove, *in* hraiwadûbô. [*Cf. O. E.* dûfe, *f., Mdl. E.* doufe, douve, dove, *Mdn. E.* dove, *O. S.* dûba, *f., O. H. G.* tûba, *M. H. G.* tûbe, *N. H. G.* taube, *f., dove. Supposed to be derived from root* dŭb, *to plunge into, dive; hence the orig. sense of* 'dove'=*a waterbird; s. remarks under* daupjan.]

***dugan,** *pret.-pres. v.* (198), *occurs only in 3d pers. sing. pres. indic.:* daug, *it is fit, it is expedient, it is of use;* I Cor. 10, 23. II Tim. 2, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* dugan, *Mdl. E.* duge, *to be worth, be fit, avail, Mdn. E.* do, *in the phrase 'that will do', prov. Engl.* dow, (*S.* Skeat), *O. N.* duga, *O. S.* dugan, *O. H. G.* tugan, *M. H. G.* tugen, *N. H. G.* taugen, *to be good for, be worth, avail. From root* dug (daug), *Idg.* dhugh. *Perhaps akin to Gr.* τύχη, *chance, fortune,* τυγχάνειν, *to happen, chance, be fortunate.—Der. O. E.* duguð, *f., worth, excellence, benefit, help, body of retainers, multitude, Mdl. E.* dugeð, duheð, duweð, *virtue, power, excellence, O. H. G.* tugund, *f., usefulness, fitness, M. H. G.* tugent, tugende, *f., power, excellence, virtue, N. H. G.* tugend, *f., virtue; and O. E.* dyhtig, *brave, strong, fit, useful, Mdl. E.* duhti, douhti, *Mdn. E.* doughty, *M. H. G.* (*M. G.*) tühtic (*from* tuht, *f., ability, doughtiness*), *N. H. G.* tüchtic, *adj., able, fit, valiant.*]

du-hvê, *adv., wherefore;* Mt. 9, 4. 11. Mk. 2, 8. 15, 34. Jo. 13, 28. Skeir. VIII, a.—*From the prep.* du *and* hvê, *q. v.*

dulga-haitja, *creditor;* Lu. 7. 41. —*Comp.* dulgs, *haitja.

dulgs, *m., debt;* dulgis skula, *debtor;* Lu. 7, 41. [*Supposed to be identical w. O. E.* dolg, *n., wound, O. N.* dolg, *n., hostility, fight, O. H. G.* tolg, *n., O. Fris.* dolg, *n., wound.—?*]

dulþjan, *w. v., to keep a feast;* I Cor. 5, 8.—*From* dulþs, *q. v.*

dulþs, *f.* (116 *and n.* 1), *feast, especially the paschal feast, Easter;* Mt. 27, 15. Mk. 15, 6. Lu. 2, 41. 42. Jo. 7, 2. 14. 12, 12. [*Comp. O. H. G.* tuld, *M. H. G.* tult, dult, *f., N. H. G.* (*Bavarian*) *dult, a fair. Etymology unknown.*]

***dumbnan,** *w. v., to become dumb, in* af-d., *to hold one's peace;* Mk. 4, 39.—*From* dumbs; *s. follg. w.*

dumbs, *adj., dumb;* Mt. 9, 33. Lu. 1, 22. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* dumb, *Mdn. E.* dumb (*whence* dummy, *from* dumb-y), *O. N.* dumbr, *dumb, mute, O. H. G.* tumb, *dull, stupid, dumb, also deaf, M. H. G.* tum (*gen.* -mmes), tump (*gen.* -bes), *dull, stupid, dumb, N. H. G.* dumm, *dull, stupid.—Allied to* *daufs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*]

duþê, duþþê, duhþê, (1) *adv. and*

conj., therefore, wherefore; Mt. 6, 25. 27, 8. Mk. 1, 38. Jo. 9, 23. I Cor. 8, 13. II Cor. 2, 9. Philem. 15. Skeir. II, d; duþei (7, *n.* 2); Lu. 7, 7. duþê, *or* duþþê, ei *w. indic., for, because*; Lu. 1. 13. 20. 2, 4. I Cor. 15, 9; *therefore also;* Lu. 1, 35; *w. opt., that, in order that;* Mk. 4, 21. II Cor. 3, 13. Eph. 3, 4. 6, 22. Col. 4, 8.—duþê *from* du *and* þê; duhþê *from* du-h-þê; duþþê *from* duhþê, *by assimilation. S.* du, -uh, -þê.]

dwala-waúrdei, *f., foolish talking;* Eph. 5, 4.—*Comp.* dwals, *waúrdei.

dwaliþa, *f., foolishness;* I Cor. 1, 18. 21. 23. 25.—*From* dwals, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

dwalmôn, *w. v., to be foolish, be mad;* Jo. 10, 20. I Cor. 14, 23. [*From Germanic stem* *dwalmæ-, *dwalman-, *occurring in O. E.* dwalma, dwolma, *m., error, chaos, O. S.* dwalm, *m., an insnaring, O. H. G. M. H. G.* twalm, *m., that which stuns, stupor.* *dwalma-, dwalman- (*w. suff.* -ma, -man), *is an abstr. from root* dwal, *to be foolish; s. follg. w.*]

dwals, *adj., foolish;* Mt. 5, 22. 7, 26. I Cor. 1, 20. 4, 10. II Tim. 2, 16. 23. [*Cf. O. E.* dwal, dwol, *adj., foolish, dull, Mdl. E.* dwal, *adj., foolish, and subst., heretic. From Germanic root* dwal, *whence also O. E.* dol, *adj., foolish, Mdl. E.* dol, dul (dult, *Mdn. E.* dolt, *a stupid fellow*), *Mdn. E.* dull, *O. S.* dul, *foolish, O. H. G.* tol(*whence* tulisc), *M. H. G. tol, N. H. G.* toll, *adj., mad, frantic* (*N. H. G.* tollkirsche, *f., the berry of the deadly-nightshade*—kirsche, *f., M. H. G.* kirse (kerse), *O. H. G.* chirsa, *f., refers to Mdl. Lt.* cerêsia, *whence also O. Fr.* cerise, *whence Mdl. E.* cheri *for* *cheris *which was probably mistaken for a plur. form, Mdn. E. cherry. S. Kl.*, kirsche); *and O. E.* (ʒe-)dwelan, *Mdl. E.* dwele, *st. v., to be foolish, err; and O. E.* dwala, *m., error, foolishness, Mdl. E.* dwale, *foolishness, stupor, Mdn. E.* dwale, *deadly-nightshade; further O. H. G.* twelan *in* gi-, er- twelan, *M. H. G.* tweln *in* ertweln, *to become feeble, die* (gi-twola, *foolishness, heresy*). *A causal of the str. v. is O. E.* dwellan (*for* dwæljan, *by* i-*uml. and gemination, from* dwæl, *pret. of* dwelan), *to lead astray, seduce, Mdl. E.* dwelle, *to linger, Mdn. E.* dwell, *whence Mdl. E.* dwelling, *a delaying, tarrying, delay. Here belongs also Mdl. E.* dalie, *Mdn. E.* dally. *Germanic root* dwal:dul *answers to Idg.* dhwel:dhul, *to be foolish; comp. Skr.* dhvṛ:dhûr (dhru), *to deceive, injure.—S. also* dwala-waúrdei, dwaliþa, *and prec. w.*]

E.

Ei, (I) *conj.* (218), *that, in order that,* (*both with ind. and opt., for wh. s. syntax*); (1) *introducing subject clauses;* Mt. 5, 29. 10, 25. Mk. 9, 42. Lu. 6, 12. Jo. 14, 22. Skeir. I, c; (2) *before object clauses, after verbs of perceiving, knowing, believing, hoping, saying, and the like;* Mt. 5, 17. 10, 23. Mk. 11, 23. Lu. 10, 20. 20, 7. Jo. 11, 22. 12, 18. Philem. 22. Skeir. II, a. III, a. VIII, c; (3) *before appositional clauses;* Lu. 1, 73. 10, 20; (4) *before final clauses, after verbs of commanding, willing, praying, and the like;* Mt. 5, 44. 8, 34. 27, 17. Mk. 13, 18. Jo. 6, 40. Skeir. I, d; (5) *causal;* Mt. 8, 27. Mk. 1, 27. 6, 2. Lu. 8, 25; (6) *w. an adhortative opt. or imper.;* I Cor. 4, 5. Phil. 3, 16; (7) *representing a relative prn.:* und þana dag ei, *till the day that;* Lu. 1, 20. þamma daga ei, *on the day that;* Lu. 17, 30; fram þamma daga ei, *since the day that;* Col. 1, 9. Neh. 5, 14. þamma haidau ei, *in the same manner as;* II Tim. 3, 8; (8) *For Gr. εἰ in indirect questions;* Mk. 11, 13. Phil. 3, 12. (II) *Affixed as an enclitic it forms the relative prn.* (157, 158): saei, ikei, þuei, izei; *the rel. adv.:* þarei, þadei, þaþrôei, þanei; *the conj.:* faúrþizei, sunsei, swaei, þatei, þêei, þei; *the particles:* akei, waitei, wainei, þatainei, eiþan. *Further combinations w.* ei *are given elsewhere.*

Eiaíreikô; *s.* Iaíreikô.

Eikaúniô, *pr. n., Ἰκόνιον, dat.* -ôn; II Tim. 3, 11.

Eila, *pr. n.* (65, *n.* 1).

Eeiram, *pr. n., Ἠιράμ, gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 32.

eisarn, *n., iron;* eisarna bi fôtuns gabugana *and* þô ana fôtum eisarna (=πέδη), *fetters;* Mk. 5, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* îsern, îsen, îren, *subst., n., and adj., iron, Mdl. E.* îren, *subst. and adj., Mdn. E.* iron, *subst. and adj., O. N.* îsarn, *n., iron, O. S.* isarn, *n., O. H. G.* îsan, îsarn, *n., M. H. G.* îsen, îsern, *n., N. H. G.* eisen, *n., iron. Etymology obscure; s. K.,* eis, eisen.—*Comp.* eisarneins *and follg. w.*]

eisarna-bandi, *f., an iron bond;* Lu. 8, 29.—*From stem of* eisarn *and* bandi, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

eisarneins, *adj., iron;* Mk. 5, 34. [*From* eisarn, *q. v. Comp. O. H. G.* îsarnîn, *M. H. G.* iserîn, *N. H. G.* eisern, *adj., iron.*]

ei-þan, *conj.* (218), *therefore;* Jo. 9, 41. I Cor. 11, 27. Skeir. III, b. V, d. VI, a; eiþan nu, *th. s.;* Skeir. IV, a.—*From* ei *and* þan, *q. v.*

ei-þau, *conj.* (*perhaps an error, for* aíþþau), *or else;* Lu. 14, 32.—*From* ei *and* þau, *q. v.*

Erelieva, *pr. n.* (54, *n.* 2).
Ermanaricus, *pr. n.* (20, *n.* 3).
Ermenberga, *pr. n.* (20, *n.* 3).
Esa'ï'as, *pr. n.*, *Ἡσαΐας;* Mk. 7, 6. Rom. 9, 27. 29. 10, 16. 20; *or* Esaeias; Jo. 12, 39. 41. Rom. 15, 12; *gen.* Esaeiins; Lu. 3, 4. 4, 17. Jo. 12, 38; *dat.* Esa'ïin; Mk. 1, 2; *acc.* Esa'ï'an; Mt. 8, 17.—*Comp. notes on* Lu. 4, 17; *and* Jo. 12, 41.
Esaw, *pr. n.*, *Ἡσαῦ, acc.* Esaw; Rom. 9, 13.
***êta,** *m.*, *in* uz-êta.—*From root of* itan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*
***êtja,** *m.*, *eater, in* af-êtja.—*From root of* itan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

F.

Fadar, *m.* (114), *father;* Gal. 4, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* fæder, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* fader, vader, *Mdn. E.* father, *O. S.* fadar, *O. H. G.* fatar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* vater, *Lt.* pater, *Gr.* πατήρ, *Skr.* pitṛ (*for* patṛ), *m.*, *father. Supposed to refer to Indg. root* pâ, *to guard, protect.—Der.: O. E.* fædera, *m.*, *uncle* (*father's brother;* faðu, *f.*, *aunt*); *O. H. G.* fetiro, faterro, fatureo, *m.*, *uncle, M. H. G.* veter, vetere, *m.*, *a father's brother, a brother's son, N. H. G.* vetter, *m.*, *cousin, Lt.* patruus, *m.*, *Gr.* πάτρως (*from* *πάτραος), *m.*, *Skr.* pitṛwya, *a father's brother. See* fadrein, fadreins.]
fadrein, *n.* (94, *n.* 4), *paternity, family;* Eph. 3, 15; *parents* (*γονεῖς, πρόγονοι*), *both in sing. and plur., but the article and verb occur always in the plur.;* Lu. 8, 56. 18, 29. Jo. 9, 2. 3. 18. 20. 22; *plur.* fadreina; II Cor. 12, 14. Col. 3, 20. I Tim. 5, 4; *forefathers;* II Tim. 1, 3.—*From* fadar (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -eina (*as in* aírþeins, gumeins, *q. v.*). *Comp. follg. w.*
fadreins, *f.* (103), *lineage, family;* Lu. 2, 4.—*An abstr. in* -ni, *allied to* fadar, *q. v. Comp. prec. w., and L. M., 226.*
faginôn, *w. v.* (66, *n.* 1; 190), *to rejoice; the th. causing the joy is put in the instr.;* Lu. 10, 20. Rom. 12, 12. I Cor. 13, 6; *or is expressed by* ana *w. dat.;* II Cor. 7, 13; *or* fram *w. dat.;* II Cor, 2, 3; *or* in *w. gen.;* I Cor. 16, 17. Jo. 11, 15. I Thess. 3, 9; *or* in *w. dat.;* Lu. 1, 14. Phil. 1, 18. Col. 1, 24; *or by a clause introduced by* ei; Lu. 10, 20. Jo. 11. 15; *or* þammei (*for, because*); Lu. 15, 6; *or* in þammei, (*th. s.*); Lu. 10, 20; *or* untê (*for, that*); Lu. 15, 9. 32. II Cor. 7, 9. 16. Phil. 4, 10; *or* þan (*when*); II Cor. 3, 9; —f. in fraujin, *to rejoice in the Lord;* Phil. 3, 1. 4, 4. 10. I Thess. 5, 16; f. miþ *w. dat., to rejoice with;* Lu. 15, 6. 9;

imper. faginô (*salutation*), *hail!;* Lu. 1, 28.—*Compd.* miþ-f., *to rejoice with,* (1) *w. dat. of pers.;* Lu. 1, 58. (2) *w. instr. of th. causing the joy;* I Cor. 13, 6. [*From a lost adj.* (*orig. pret. partic.*) *in* -n (*like* *aiginôn, *q. v.*, *from* aigin *for* *aigan, *from a lost participial stem* *aigana-); *cf. O. E.* fæʒ(e)nian (*from* fæʒen, *adj., glad, Mdl. E.* fæʒen *and* fawen (*through* faghen), *glad, Mdn. E.* fain), *to rejoice, Mdl. E.* fæʒne, faine *and* faune, *to rejoice, flatter, Mdn. E.* fain (*obs.*), *to wish, desire,* fawn, *to rejoice servilely over, flatter meanly, O. S.* faganôn (*from* fagan), *O. H. G.* faginôn, *to rejoice, be glad.*—*Comp.* fahêþs.]

fagrs, *adj., suitable, fair;* Lu. 14, 35. [*Cf. O. E.* fæʒer, *adj., fair, beautiful, Mdl. E.* fæir, fair, *Mdn. E.* fair, *O. N.* fagr, *beautiful, O. S. O. H. G.* fagar, *fair, beautiful. From Germanic root* fag, fôg, *appearing also in O. E.* fêʒan (*from* fôʒian; ê *for* ô, *by* i-*uml.*), *to join,* ʒe-fêʒan, *to join together* (*For* ʒe, *s.* ga), *Mdl. E.* fêʒe, fêie, *Mdn. E.* fay, *to fit, suit, unite closely with* (*Supposed by some to be contracted from* fadge, *to fit, suit, agree, which refers to the same root*), *O. H. G.* fuogen, *M. H. G.* vüegen, *N. H. G.* fügen, *to join, connect, etc.; and in O. E.* fæc, *n., Mdl. E.* fece, *space, O. H. G.* fah(h), *M. H. G.* vach, *N. H. G.* fach, *n., part, portion, partition, the latter being identical with* fach *in* einfach, *single,* zweifach, *twofold, etc.; further in O. N.* fægja, *to cleanse, Mdl. E.* feʒe, feie, *th. s., Mdn. E.* fey (*obs.*), *to cleanse a ditch from mud, O. H. G.* *fegen, *M. H. G.* vegen, *N. H. G.* fegen, *to sweep, cleanse.*—*Allied to* fêhaba *and follg. w., q. v.*]

fâhan, *red. v.* (5, b; 179) *w. acc., to catch, grasp, take, lay hands on;* Jo. 7, 44. 8, 20.—*Compd.* ga-f., *to catch, take, overtake, apprehend, w. acc.;* Mk. 9, 18. Jo. 7, 30. 32. 10, 39. 12, 35. II Cor. 11, 32. Phil. 3, 12. 13. I Thess. 5, 4; *to attain to;* Rom. 9, 30; *to grasp with the understanding, to comprehend;* Eph. 3, 18; gafahanana haban (tiuhan), *to take captive;* II Tim. 2, 26; *in pass.: to be overtaken;* Gal. 6, 1; *w. gen. of the th. aimed at.: to take hold of;* Lu. 20, 20. 26. [*Cf. O. E.* fôn (*from* fôan *for* fôhan; *s.* hâhan), *pret.* fêng, *pret. partic.* fongen, fangen, *Mdl. E.* fôn, *pret.* fêng, *pret. partic.* fonge, fange, *O. N.* fá, *O. S. O. H. G.* fahan, *M. H. G.* vâhen, vân (*by contraction*), *N. H. G.* fangen (*the* g *for* h *being due to the forms w.* g *of the pret. and pret. partic., where the* g *occurs regularly, by grammatical change*), empfangen, (emp- *for* ent=and, *q. v.*), *to receive. Der.: O. E.* fang, *m.*,

a taking, catching, capture, Mdl. E. fang (*whence* fange, *Mdn. E.* fang, *obs., to seize, catch*), *Mdn. E.* fang, *claw, talon, O. H. G.* fang, *M. H. G.* vanc, *m., a seizing, catching, N. H. G.* fang, *m., a seizing, catching, capture, fang; O. E.* feng, *m., Mdl. E.* feng, *a taking, seizing, grasp. Germanic root* fanh (*whence* fãh, *by nasalization;* ã *passing into* ô *in O. E. and into* â *in O. H. G.; s. above*) *refers to pre-Germanic* pank *which is supposed to be a nasalized form of* pak *in Lt.* pac-tus (*pret. partic. of* pacisci, *to agree upon; allied to the nasalized* pangere, *to fasten, fix, pret. partic.* pactus *for* pag-tus; *cf.* pag-ina, *side of a leaf, orig. a leaf; and named from the fastening together of strips of papyrus to form a leaf* (*S. Sk. and M.*, page), *whence O. Fr.* pagene, *whence Mdl. E.* pagine, pagen, page, *Mdn. E.* page;—*compd.* impingere *for* in-p., *to strike into or against anything, whence Mdn. E.* impinge, *while Mdn. E.* compact *and* impact *come from the pret. partic. of Lt.* compingere, *to join together, and* impingere, *respectively*), *whence* pactum, *agreement, whence Mdn. E.* pact, *contract; further Lt.* pax, *acc.* pacem, *whence O. Fr.* pais, pês, *whence Mdl. E.* pais, pês, *Mdn. E.* peace (appease, *from Mdl. E.* appêse, apêse, *from O. Fr.* apaiser *formed from the Lt.* 'ad pacem', '*to a peace*'); *and Lt.* pac-are, *to pacify, whence O. Fr.* paier, *whence Mdl. E.* paie, *Mdn. E.* pay; *and Lt.* paci-ficare (paci *for pac,* ficare *for* facere, *to make*), *whence Fr.* pacifier, *whence Mdn. E.* pacify.—*Comp.* fagrs, *fâhs.]

fahêþs (fahêds, 103; ei *for* ê, 7, *n.* 2); Mk. 4, 16. Lu. 1, 14. 2, 10. Jo. 17, 13. Rom. 15, 13. Skeir. IV, a.—*Allied to* faginôn, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***fahjan,** *w. v., in* fulla- f., *to satisfy* (1) *w. dat.;* Mk. 15, 15; *to serve;* Lu. 4, 8. (2) *w. acc.;* Skeir. VII, d.—*Allied to* fagrs. *Concerning* fulla-, *s.* fulls.—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***fahrjan,** *w. v., in* ga- f., *to prepare;* Lu. 1, 17.—*Allied to* fagrs, fahjan, *q. v.*

***fâhs,** *m., or* *fâh, *n., in* ga-fâhs. *From root of* fâhan, *q. v.*

faian, *w. v., to find fault with;* Rom. 9, 19.—*Allied to* fijan *q. v.*

faih, *n., deception, fraud?;* II Cor. 12, 20. [*Possibly kindred w. O. E.* fâh, fâg, *adj., hostile, proscribed, guilty,* ȝe-fâh, *m., foe, Mdl. E.* fâ, *adj., hostile, inimical,* fâ, i-fâ, i-fǫ, *subst., Mdn. E.* foe, *O. H. G.* gi-fêh, *M. H. G.* ge-vêch, *hostile. From root* faih *appearing also in O. E.* fæhð (æ=i-*uml. of* â; *Goth.* *faihiþa), *f., enmity, revenge, contention, quarrel, N. H. G.*

fehde, *f., contention, quarrel; Mdl. E.* feide (*through the Mdl. Lt.* faida), *Mdn. E.* feud, *contention, quarrel* (*the* eu *of* feud *being due to confusion with* feud, *fief, fee* (*Mdl. Lt.* feudum). *Stem* faiha- *is probably allied to root* fi *in* fijan, *q. v.—Comp. follg. w.*]

***faihôn,** *w. v., in* (a) bi-f. *w. acc., to make a gain by, defraud;* II Cor. 7, 2. 12, 17. 18. (b) ga-f., *th. s.;* II Cor. 2, 11, gloss.—*Allied to* faih, *q. v.*

***faihs,** *adj., colored, variegated, in* filu-faihs. [*Cf. O. E.* fâg, fâh, *Mdl. E.* fâh, fôuh, *etc., O. H. G.* vêch, *Gr.* ποικ-ίλος, *colored, variegated.*]

faíhu, *n.* (106), *cattle, property, money* (*κτήματα*); Mk. 10, 22. (*χρήματα*); Mk. 10, 23. 24. Lu. 18, 24. (*ἀργύριον*); Mk. 14, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* feoh, feo, *n., Mdl. E.* fêh, fê, *cattle, property, money, Mdn. E.* fee, *property, possession, charge, pay, O. H. G.* fihu, fehu, *beast, cattle, money, M. H. G.* vihe (*dial.* vich), vehe, *N. H. G.* vieh, (*dial.* viech), *n., cattle, Lt.* pec-us (*whence* pĕcunia, *money, whence* pecuniarius, *adj., of or belonging to money, whence Fr.* pecuniaire, *whence Mdn. E.* pecuniary; *and* pĕcûlium, *property in cattle, property, whence* peculiarius, *adj., of or relating to private property, whence Fr.* peculier, *whence Mdn. E.* peculiar), *Skr.* paçu, *cattle. The secondary meaning, 'money, pay', refers to the custom that cattle were used in early times as a medium of exchange or payment. In the Mdl. E. period* fê *gradually lost the meaning of cattle, the latter* (*from O. Fr.* catel, chatel, *from Lt.* capitale, *from* caput, *head*) *being used in its place.—Comp. follg. w.*]

faíhu-frikei, *f., covetousness, greediness;* Mk. 7, 22. Eph. 4, 19, 5, 3.—*From follg. w.*

faíhu-friks, *adj., covetous, greedy;* Lu. 16, 14. I Cor. 5, 10. 11. Eph. 5, 5. I Tim. 3, 3. 8.—*Comp.* faíhu, *friks, also prec. and follg. w.*

faíhu-gaírnei, *f., covetousness;* in faíhugaírneins, *for filthy lucre's sake;* Tit. 1, 11.—*From* faíhu-gaírns, *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

faíhu-gaírns, *adj., covetous;* II Tim. 3, 2.—*Comp.* faíhu, gaírns; *also prec. and follg. w.*

faíhu-ga-waúrki, *n., gain;* I Tim. 6, 5.—*Comp.* faíhu, gawaúrki; *also prec. and follg. w.*

faíhu-geigô, *f., covetousness;* Col. 3, 5. I Tim. 6, 10.—*Comp.* faíhu, *geigô; *also prec. and follg. w.*

faíhu-skula, *m., debtor* (*s.* dulgs); Lu. 16, 5.—*Comp.* faíhu, skula, *also prec. and follg. w.*

faíhu-þraíhns, *m., or* faíhu-þraíhn, *n.?, riches, Mammon;* Lu. 16, 9. 11. 13. — *Comp.* faíhu, *þraíhns, *and prec. w.*

faír-, *an inseparable, intensive*

particle occurring only in composition with v. and verbal der. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* for-, *prefix* (*except in* forfeit, foreclose *for* forclose, *where* for *is the Lt.* foris, *out of doors*), *O. H. G.* fir- (far), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* ver-, *pref., Lt.* per-, *pref., through* (*whence Mdn. E.* per, *either directly or indirectly, through the Fr.*), *Gr.* περί, *around, about, near* (*whence Mdn. E.* peri-, *pref., round*), *Skr.* pári, *round, about,* párâ, *away. Allied to* fra-, *q. v.*]

faírguni, *n.* (95), *mountain;* Mt. 8, 1. Mk. 3, 13. 5, 5. Lu. 3, 5. 4, 29. Gal. 4, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* *firgen *in* firgen-beam, *m., mountain-tree,* firgen-holt, *n., mountain-wood,* firgen-stream, *m., mountain-stream.—S. Sch.* faírguni.]

faírhƀjan, *w. v., in* wai- f., *to wail;* Mk. 5, 38.—*Comp.* faírhƀus, wai.

faírhƀus, *m.* (105), *usually with the article, the world;* Mk. 8, 36. Jo. 9, 5. Rom. 11, 15. Gal. 6, 14; faírhƀu habands, *ruler of the world;* Eph. 6, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* feorh (eo *for* e, *by breaking*), *m. n., life, Mdl. E.* vore (*from* *veore, *feore?), *O. N.* fjör, *n., life, O. S. O. H. G.* ferah, *M. H. G.* verch, *n., soul, spirit, life.*]

faírina, *f., complaint, charge;* Col. 3, 13; *charge, accusation;* Mk. 15, 26; *cause;* Mt. 5, 32. II Tim. 1, 12. Tit. 1, 13; *fault;* Jo. 18, 38. 19, 46. [*Perhaps from pref.* faír (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ina. *Cf. O. E.* firen, *from* firenu, *f., crime, sin, violence,* firnum, *adv., excessively, very, O. H. G.* firina, *M. H. G.* virne, *f., crime, sin, O. S.* firina, *f., crime, sin.,* firinun, *adv., very. Comp. follg. w.*]

faírinôn, *w, v., to blame;* II Cor. 8, 20. Gal. 5, 15; faírinônds (*pres. partic.*), *being a false accuser;* II Tim. 3, 3.—*From prec. w.*

faírneis, *adj.* (128), *old;* Mt. 9, 16. 17. Mk. 2, 21. 22. Lu. 5, 36. 37. 39. I Cor. 5, 7. Eph. 4, 22. Col. 3, 9; faírnjô jêr, *a year ago;* II Cor. 8, 10. 9, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* fyrn, ȝefyrn (y *for* ie, *from* io, *by* i-*uml., from Germanic* i, *by breaking before* rn, *from pre-Germanic* e, *by influence of the* j *of the follg. syllable*), *former, Mdl. E.* furn, i-furn, *former, and the compds.: O. E.* fyrn-daȝas, *plur., m., days of yore, Mdl. E.* furndaȝes, *th. s.; O. E.* fyrn-ȝear, *plur., n., Mdl. E.* furnȝêr, *former years, etc.;—further O. S.* ferni, *past, O. H. G.* firni, *old, M. H. G.* virne, *old, experienced, N. H. G.* firn, *old, of the previous year, Eff.* fien, *old* (*said of old meat of a yellowish color*). *Allied to O. N.* fjörþ, *adv., last year, M. H. G.* vert, verne, *adv., last year. Germanic stem* fer, *of yore, answers to Indg.* per; *comp. Gr.* πέρυτι, πέρυσι, *Skr.* parut, *last year. For further*

cognates, s. faírra *and follg. w.*]

faírniþa, *f., oldness, antiquity;* Rom. 7, 6.—*From* faírneis, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

faírra, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), (1) *adv., far, far off;* Mk. 12, 34. Lu. 14, 32. 15, 13. 20. Eph. 2, 13. 17; *folld. by dat., far from;* Mt. 8, 30. Mk. 7, 6. Lu. 7, 6. (2) *prep.: from, occurring after v. of motion;* Mt. 7, 23. 25, 41. Lu. 1, 38. 2, 15. 4, 13. 42. 5, 3. 8. I Cor. 7, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* feor(r), *adv. and adj., Mdl. E.* feor(r), fer(r), fur(r), *adv. and adj., Mdn. E.* far, *adj. and adv., O. E.* feorran, *Mdl. E.* feorren, ferren, furren, *adv., from afar, O. N.* fjarri, *O. S.* ferr. *For* rr *the G. has also* rn: *O. H. G.* verro, *adv., far, M. H. G.* verre, *adv. and adj.,* verne, *adv.* (*rare*), *N. H. G.* fern, *adv. and adj., far, distant.—From Germanic stem* fer- (for-), *Indg.* pṛ; *comp. Gr. πέρα, farther, περᾶν, beyond, Skr.* pára-s, *farther,* paramas, *farthest, highest,* parás, *adv., far, in the distance, etc.—Comp.* faírneis, faúr, faúrþis, *and follg. w.*]

faírraþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *far from, afar off;* Mt. 27, 55. Mk. 5, 6. 8, 3. 11, 13. 14, 54. 15, 40. Lu. 16, 23. 17, 12. 18, 13. —*From* faírra.

faírrinôn *for* faírinôn (*q. v.*); Gal. 5, 15 (*in B*).

faír-weitl, *n., spectacle;* I Cor. 4, 9.—*From* faírweitjan (*s.* *weitjan) *and suff.* -lo.

faírzna, *f., heel;* Jo. 13, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* fyrsn (*w. suff.* -ni-; *y by i-uml.; s. remarks under* faírneis), *f., heel* (*besides* hêl, *f., Mdl. E.* hêl, *Mdn. E.* heel), *O. S.* fersna, *O. H. G.* fersana, *M. H. G.* versen, *N. H. G.* ferse, *f., heel. Stem* fers-nô-, -ni-, *refers to pre-Germanic* pĕrs-na-, -ni; *comp. Skr.* pâršni-s, *f., Zend* pâšna, *m., Gr. πτέρνα, f., heel, ham, Lt.* perna (*for* *persna), *a haunch of ham together with the leg, and* pernix (*for* *persnix), *nimble, quick.*]

Falaíg, *pr. n., Φαλέγ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 35.

Fallasur, *pr. n., Φασσούρ?, Φαδδάς?, gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 38.

***falþaba,** *adv., in* ainfalþaba.—*From* *falþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

falþan, *red. v.* (179) *w. acc., to fold, fold up;* Lu. 4, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* fealdan (ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* fâlde, fǫ̂lde, *Mdn. E.* fold, *O. H. G.* faltan, faldan, *M. H. G.* valten, *N. H. G.* falten, *O. N.* falda, *to fold. Der.: O. E.* feald, *f., Mdl. E.* fâld, fǫ̂ld, *Mdn. E.* fold, *O. H. G.* falt, *m., M. H. G.* valte, *N. H. G.* falte, *f., fold, plait, etc. Allied to O. H. G.* falzen, *M. H. G.* valzen, velzen, *N. H. G.* falzen, *to fold, furrow; M. H. G.* falz, *N. H. G.* falz, *m., a fold, furrow, groove; and to O. E.* an-filt, *m., Mdl. E.* anfelt, anvelt, *Mdn. E.* anvil, *O. H. G.* ana-falz (*For* ana-, an-, *s.* ana),

m., *anvil.* (*A like formation is that of O. H. G.* ana-bôʒ, *M. H. G.* anebôʒ, *N. H. G.* amboss, *m.*, *anvil;*—bôʒ *comes from* bôʒan, *M. H. G.* bôʒen, *Eff.* butze, *to strike, bump, O. E.* beatan, *Mdl. E.* bête, bête, *Mdn. E.* beat). *Germanic stem* fald *occurs in V. Lt.* falde-stolium (*For* -stolium=*Mdn. E.* stool, *N. H. G.* stuhl, *s.* standan), *whence O. Fr.* faudesteuil; *and in Mdn. E.* faldstool (*of G. origin*). *Germanic root* falþ *answers to Indg.* plt *in Skr.* puṭa *for* plta, *a fold. S.* *falþs, *also prec. and follg. w.*]

***falþei,** *f.*, *in* ain-falþei.—*From* *falþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***falþs,** *adj.* (148), *-fold, in* ain-, fidur-, manag-, taíhuntaíhund-falþs, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* -feald, *Mdl. E.* -fald, fọld, *Mdn. E.* -fold, *O. N.* -faldr, *O. H. G.* -falt, *M. H. G.* -valt, *N. H. G.* -falt, *-fold; der. O. H. G.* -faltîg, *M. H. G.* -veltec, *N. H. G.* -fältig, *-fold. From root* falþ, *Idg.* plt, *to fold; allied to Gr.* πλάσιος *in* δι-πλάσιος, *twofold* (*also* δί-παλτος, *twofold*), *for* pltios. *For further cognates from root* falþ, *s.* falþan *and prec. w.*]

fana, *m.*, *a small piece of cloth, a patch;* Mt. 9, 16. Mk. 2, 21; *napkin;* Lu. 19, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* fana, *m.*, *banner,* gûð-fana, *m.*, *war-banner, Mdl. E.* fane, *Mdn. E.* vane (*Mdn. E.* fan, van, *Mdl. E.* fan, *O. E.* fann, *f.* (?), *refers to Lt.* vannus, *f.*, *a van, or fan, for winnowing grain*), *O. H. G.* fano, *cloth,* gundfano, *banner, war-banner,* ougafano, *veil, lit.* '*eye-cloth*', *etc., M. H. G.* vane, van, *N. H. G.* fahne, *f.*, *banner. Germanic* fanan *refers to pre-Germanic* pano-n-; *comp. Lt.* pannus, *cloth, garment, rag, O. Bulg.* o-pona, *curtain,* ponjava, *f.*, *sail, perhaps allied to Gr.* πῆνος, *n.*, *garment,* πηνίον, *spool, spindle.* — *Of German origin is O. Fr.* fanôn, *a scarf on the priest's arm, whence Mdl. E.* fanôn, fanûn, *Mdn. E.* fanon (fanion); *and the compd. O. Fr.* gun-, gon-fanon, *banner, whence Mdl. E.* gunfanoun, *Mdn. E.* gonfanon, gonfalon (*Mdn. Fr.* gonfalon, *with* l *for* n, *by dissimilation*), *an ensign or standard, lit.* '*war-cloth*' (*the first component, O. Fr.* gun *for* gund, *answers to O. E.* gûð (*for* *gunð, *by compensation, from stem* gun-þô, gun *being cognate with Skr. root* han *for* ghan, *to strike, kill, destroy; comp. also* munþs), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* gûð, *war, O. N.* gunnr, *f.*, *th. s.*]

fani, *n.*, *mud, clay;* Jo. 9, 6. 11. 14. 15. [*Cf. O. E.* fenn, *m.*, *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* fen, *O. N.* fen, *O. H. G.* fenna, fennî, *M. H. G.* venne, *n.*, *marsh, fen. Der.:* *O. E.* fenniʒ, *Mdl. E.* fenni, *Mdn. E.* fenny, *O. H. G.* fennîg, *marshy, fenny.*]

Fanuêl, *pr. n.*, Φανουήλ, *gen.* -is; Lu. 2, 36.

Faraís, *pr. n., Φάρες, gen.* Faraízis; Lu. 3, 33.

faran, *st. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to fare, go;* Lu. 10, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* faran, *to go, travel, Mdl. E.* fare, *Mdn. E.* fare, *O. N.* fara, *O. S. O. H. G.* faran, *M. H. G.* varn, *N. H. G.* fahren (*trans. and intr.*), *to go, ride* (*as in a carriage*), *drive, etc. Factit.: O. E.* fêran (*from* fôrjan; ê=i-*uml. of* ô), ȝe-fêran, *to go, travel, behave, act, Mdl. E.* fêre, *to go, ride, O. N.* foera, *to bring, O. S.* fôrian, *to bring, O. H. G.* fuoren, *to lead, conduct, carry, bring, M. H. G.* vueren, *th. s., N. H. G.* führen, *to lead, guide, conduct. From root* far, *to move in any manner, which appears also in O. E.* fôr, *f., Mdl. E.* fôr, *journey, O. H. G.* fuora, *f., M. H. G.* vuore, *N. H. G.* fuhre, *f., carrying, load, conveyance. Further cognates are O. E.* fêra, ȝe-fêra, *m., Mdl., E.* fêre, i-fêre, *Mdn. E.* feere (*obs.*), *companion; O. E.* ford, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* ford (*also in O. E.* Oxenaford —oxena *is gen. plur. of* oxa; *s.* aúhsa—, *Mdl. E.* Ox(e)neford, *Mdn. E.* Oxford; *in Mdn. E.* Hart-ford; hart=*O. E.* heort *for* heorot, *m., Mdl. E.* hart, *Mdn. E.* hart, (*s.* haúrn), *etc.*), *O. S.** *ford (*in* Heriford, *Hereford;* heri=*Goth.* harjis, *q. v.*), *O. H. G.* furt, *M. H. G.* vurt, *m., N. H. G.* furt, *f., ford* (*also in pr. n., as* Schweinfurt, Erfurt, *etc*). *The corresponding Idg. root,* per, por, *appears in Gr.* πόρος, *ford, path, passage* (*comp.* Βόσ-πορος=*Oxford*), πορθμός, *strait, sound,* πορθμεύς, *ferry-man,* πορεύειν, *to bring, lead, carry or bring across,* πορεύεσθαι, *to go, travel, march; in Lt.* portus (*whence O. E.* port, *m., Mdl. E.* port, *Mdn. E.* port), *harbor,* porta (*whence Fr.* porte, *whence Mdn. E.* port, *gate, entrance*), *gate; in Lt.* pĕrîtus, *adj., experienced* (*from* *periri, *whence also* periculum, *danger, whence O. Fr.* peril, *whence Mdl. E.* peril, *Mdn. E.* peril; *compd.* ex-periri, *to try a thing, pres. partic.* experiens, *stem in* -ent, *whence* experient -ia, *whence Fr.* experience, *Mdl. E.* expêrience, *Mdn. E.* experience; *to* experiri *refers also* experi-mentum, *whence Fr.* experiment, *whence Mdn. E.* experiment; *the pret. partic.* expertus *is the source of Fr.* expert, *whence Mdn. E.* expert); *in Skr. root* par, *to lead across; in Zend* peretu, *bridge* (*Comp.* Euphrates, *i. e. well provided w. bridges*). *For other cognates, s.* farjan, *farþô, fêrja.]

Faraôn, *pr. n., dat.* Faraôna (*τῷ Φαραῷ*); Rom. 9, 17.

Fareisaius, *m., Φαρισαῖος;* Lu. 7, 39. Skeir. VIII, d; *gen.* -aus; Lu. 7, 36. 37; *plur.: nom.* -eis; Mt. 9, 11. 14; *gen.* -ê; Mt. 5, 20. Skeir. VIII, c. d; *dat.* -um; Lu. 17, 20. Skeir. VIII, a.

[*From the Gr.* Φαρισαῖος (*of Hebr. origin*), *whence Lt.* pharisaeus, *whence Mdn. E.* Pharisee, *N. H. G.* Pharisäer (*w. suff.* -er), *th. s.*]

farjan, *w. v., to go by ship, to sail, row;* Lu. 8, 23. Jo. 6, 19. —*Compd.* at- f., *to land, arrive;* Lu. 8, 26. [*Cf. O. E.* ferian (e *is* i-*uml. of* a), *to carry, go, Mdl. E.* ferie, *Mdn. E.* ferry, *to carry or transport over a river. Der.: O. E.* *ferie, *f., Mdl. E.* feri *in* feri-bôt, *Mdn. E.* ferry, *O. N.* ferja, *f., M. H. G.* vere, ver, *f. n., N. H. G.* fähre, *f., ferry; O. H. G.* ferjo, fero, *M. H. G.* verje, verge (g *for* j *after* r), *vere, N. H. G.* ferge, *m., ferry-man. Allied to* faran, *q. v. Comp. also follg. w.*]

***farþô,** *f., in* us-farþô. [*From orig. stem* *farði.—*Cf. O. E.* fyrd (*for* fierd, *from* feard, *by* i-*uml., from* *farði, *by breaking before* rd), *f., Mdl. E.* ferd, *expedition, campaign, army* (*whence O. E.* fyrdian, *Mdl. E.* ferde, *to go on an expedition*), *O. N,* ferð, *f., journey, O. H. G.* fart, *M. H. G.* vart, *N. H. G.* fahrt (*Der.* fertig, *adj., ready, ready to go, M. H. G.* vertec, vertic, *th. s.*), *f., ride, journey, passage, etc. From root* far. *S.* faran, farjan, fêrja.]

faskja, *m., band, bandage;* Jo. 11, 44. [*From the Lt.* fascia, *band, bandage, fillet.*]

fastan, *w. v.,* (1) *w. acc., to hold fast, observe, keep;* Mk. 7, 9. Jo. 8, 51. 55. Gal. 6, 13. I Tim. 6, 14. Skeir, I, b; *to reserve, keep;* Jo. 12, 7; *to preserve, keep;* Phil. 4, 7; *to have in custody, keep;* Lu. 8, 29; *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Jo. 11, 12; fastan sik silban, *to keep one's self;* II Cor. 11, 9. (2) *to fast;* Mt. 6, 16. 17. 18. Mk. 2, 18. 19. 20. Lu. 5, 33. 34. 35, 18, 12. I Cor. 7, 5.—*Compd.* ga- f. *w. acc., to hold fast, keep;* Mk. 10, 20. Lu. 2, 19. 4, 10. I Cor. 11, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* fæstan, *to fast and to fasten* (*beside* fæstnian, *to fasten*), *Mdl. E.* faste, *to fast and to fasten* (fastne, *to fasten*), *Mdn. E.* fast (fasten), *O. N.* fasta, *to fast and to fasten, O. S.* fastinôn, *to fasten, O. H. G.* fastên, *to fast,* fastinôn, *to fasten, M. H. G.* vasten, *to fast,* vestenen, *to fasten, N. H. G.* fasten, *to fast. Perhaps all from an adj. stem; comp. Goth.* *fasta- (*probably an old partic. in* -to, *from root* fas-, *to fasten; s.* dauþs), *O. E.* fæst, *adj., firm, strong, Mdl. E.* fast, *Mdn. E.* fast, *adj., O. H. G.* festi, *M. H. G.* vest, veste, *N. H. G.* fest (*whence* be-fest-igen, *to fasten, confirm*), *adj., firm, strong, and O. H. G.* fasto (*without uml.*), *adv., M. H. G.* vaste, vast, *adv., firm, strong, fast, very, N. H. G.* fast, *adv., almost, nearly. Allied to* fastubni, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

***fasteis,** *m., one who observes or keeps, in* witôda-fasteis.—*Allied*

to fastan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

fastubni, *n.*, (1) *a keeping, observance, 'will-worship';* I Cor. 7, 19. Col. 2, 23. (2) *fasting;* Mk. 9, 29. Lu. 2, 37. 9, 43. [*From stem of* fastan (*q. v.*) *and suffix* -ubnja *for* umnja= *Lt.* -umnia *in* calumnia. *Allied to O. E.* fæsten, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* fæsten, faste, *Mdn. E.* fast, *O. S.* fastunnia; *to O. H. G.* fasta, fasto, *m.*, *M. H. G.* vaste, *f.*, vasten, *n.*, *fast. Compd. O. E.* fæsten-dæȝ, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* fasten-dæi, *Mdn. E.* fast-day, *O. H. G.* fastitag, *M. H. G.* vaste-, vasttac, *N. H. G.* fasttag, *m.*, *fast-day. Comp. prec. w.*]

faþa, *f.*, *hedge;* Mk. 9, 29. Lu. 2, 37. Eph. 2, 14. [*Comp. M. H. G.* vade, *f.*, *hedge, fence; allied to O. E.* fæðm, *m.*, *both outstretched arms, embrace, protection, bosom, Mdl. E.* fæðm, fadem, *Mdn. E.* fathom (*whence O. E.* fæðmian, *Mdl. E.* faðme, *to fathom*), *O. N.* faðmr, *O. S.* fathmos, *both outstretched arms, O. H. G.* fadam, fadum, *M. H. G.* vadem, vaden, *m.*, *a thread, N. H. G.* faden, *m.*, *a thread, fathom. The word originally signified a measuring by throwing the arms about. Probably from root* *feþ, *faþ, *pre-Germanic* pet, pot, *appearing in Gr.* πετάννυμι, *I spread out* (*as* χεῖρε, *the arms*); *allied to Lt.* patere (*pres. part.* patens, *stem* patent-, *the primitive source of Mdn. E.* patent, *adj. and subst., N. H. G.* patent, *n.*, *a patent*), *to stand open, be open.*]

***faþs,** *gen.* fadis (101), *chief, master, in* brûþ-, hunda-, synagôga-, þûsundi-faþs. [*Comp. Gr.* πόσις, (*for* πότις), *husband,* πότνια, *queen, mistress,* δεσ-πότ-ης, *master, 'despot', Skr.* ,patis, *master, husband,* patnî, *mistress, wife; and Lt.* potens, *powerful, stem* potent-, *whence Mdn. E.* potent; *Lt.* pot-is, *adj., able, possible, whence* possibilis, *whence O. Fr.* possible, *whence Mdl. E.* possible, *Mdn. E.* possible; *to* pot- *refers also O. Fr.* pooir *for* *podoir, *to be able, whence Mdl. E.* pouêr, *Mdn. E.* power (*with inorganic* w, *as in Mdn. Fr.* pouvoir, *power*), *powerful; also* pot-iri *to become master of.*]

faúhô, *f.*, *fox;* Mt. 8, 20. Lu. 9, 58. [*Prop. a she-fox; comp. O. H. G.* foha, *M. H. G.* vohe, *f.*, *a she-fox* (*also male fox*), *O. N.* fóa, *male fox. With a masc. s-suffix there occur O. E.* fox, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* fox, *Mdn. E.* fox, (*O. N.* fox, *n.*, *is used fig., signifying 'cunning, deceit') O. H. G.* fuhs, *m.*, *M. H. G.* vuhs, *N. H. G.* fuchs, *m.*, *fox. Der. O. E.* fyxen (y *for* o, u, *by* i-*uml.*), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* fixen, *Mdn. E.* vixen, *M. H. G.* vühsinne, *f.*, *N. H. G.* füchsin, *f.*, *vixen, she-fox.*]

faúr, (I) *adv.*, *before;* Mk. 8, 6. Lu. 19, 4. (II) *prep. w. acc.*,

(1) *of space: before, along, by;* Mk. 1, 16. 10, 46. Lu. 6, 17. 8, 5. I Thess. 4, 15. (2) *of time: before, above;* Mt. 8, 29. 26, 75. Jo. 17, 24. I Cor. 4, 5. II Cor. 12, 2. Eph. 1, 4. Skeir. III, a. VIII, a. (3) *abstr.: for, for—sake, concerning;* Mk. 9, 40. Lu. 9, 50. Jo. 10, 15. 13, 37. 38. Philem. 13. Skeir. I, a. II, a. VIII, c. d.—*Occurs in composition with v., subst., adj., and in* faúrþis, faúrþizei. [*Cf. O. E.* for, *prep., before, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* for, *O. S.* for, *prep., before, M. H. G.* vor, *N. H. G.* vor, *adv. and prep., before, etc. Allied to O. H. G.* furi, *M. H. G.* vür, *for, before, N. H. G.* für, *prep., for.—Compd. N. H. G.* vor-handen (*the second component is an old dat. plur. of* hand; *s.* handus), *adv., at hand, present, lit. 'before the hands'; similarly, N. H. G.* ab-handen (*s.* af).—*Comp.* faúra, faírra, faírneis, faúrþis, fram, fruma.]

faúra, (I) *adv.,* (1) *of space: before;* Phil. 3, 14; (2) *of time: before;* I Tim. 1, 13. Skeir. I, c. (II) *prep. w. dat.,* (1) *of space: before;* Mt. 6, 2. 11, 10. Mk. 1, 2. Lu. 14, 10. Rom. 14, 10; (2) *of time: before;* Col. 1, 17. Neh. 5, 15; (3) *abstr.: for, because of, before, over;* Mk. 2, 4. Lu. 8, 19. Jo. 12, 42. 16, 21. I Cor. 15, 28, I Tim. 2, 12; (4) *after v. of bewaring, fleeing, hiding: of, from;* Mt. 7, 15. Mk. 12, 38. 14, 52. Lu. 3, 7. 9, 45. 10, 21. 19, 42. Jo. 10, 5. 12, 36. 17, 15.—*Occurs often in composition w. v. and subst.* [*The fuller form of* faúr (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* fore, *prep., before, O. S.* fora, *adv. and prep., before, O. H. G.* fora, *M. H. G.* vore, *prep., before, Lt.* pro, *Gr.* πρό, *Skr.* pra, *prep., before; allied to O. E.* foran, *adv.,* on-foran (*for* on, *s.* ana), be-foran (*for* be-, *s.* bi), *prep. and adv., before, Mdl. E.* fore, *adv.,* afore, before, *prep. and adv., before, Mdn. E.* fore, afore, before, *in advance, in front, coming first, O. H. G.* forna, *M. H. G.* vorne, vorn, *N. H. G.* vorn, *adv., in front, coming first. Other cognate formations are: O. E.* fyrst (*from* forest, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* fyrst, *Mdn. E.* first, *O. H. G.* furist, *M. H. G.* vürst, *first, highest, noblest, O. S. O. H. G.* furisto (*infl.* form), *m., M. H. G.* vürste, *N. H. G.* fürst, *m., prince, lit. 'most forward, most eminent'; O. E.* for-ma (*For the superl. suff.* -ma, *s.* aftuma), *Mdl. E.* forme, *first, whence the compar.* former, *Mdn. E.* former; *O. E.* for-m-est, fyrmest, *Mdl. E.* formest, fyrmest, *Mdn. E.* foremost (*Concerning* most *for* mest=*a combination of the suffixes* -m- *and* -est, *s. remarks under* aftumists); *O. E.* fore-weard (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* foreward, *Mdn. E.* forward, *M. H. G.* vür-

wert, -wart, *N. H. G.* vorwärts, *forward* (*For the second component, s.* *waírþs); *O. H. G.* for-dar (-dar=*Idg.* -tero; *s.* anþar), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* vorder, *adj., anterior, whence O. H. G.* fordarôn, *M. H. G.* vordern, *N. H. G.* fordern, *to demand, ask, claim, challenge, summon, and O. H. G.* furdiren, *beside* fordarôn, *M. H. G.* vürdern, vurdern, *N. H. G.* fördern, *to forward, promote, further. Whether E.* further *belongs here, or more closely to Goth.* faúrþis (*q. v.*), *is unknown. All refer to Idg.* pr; *comp. Gr.* πέρα, *farther,* περᾶν, *beyond, Skr.* pára-s, *farther,* paramas, *farthest, highest,* parás, *adv., far, in the distance, etc.—Comp.* faírneis, faúr, fram, fruma, *and follg. w.*]

faúra-daúri, *n., the space before the door or gate, a street;* Lu. 10, 10.—*Comp.* faúra *daúri.

faúra-filli, *n., the foreskin;* I Cor. 7, 18. 19. Gal. 2, 7. 5, 6. 6, 15. Col. 3, 11.—*From* faúra *and stem* fillja-, *allied to* *fill, *q. v.*

faúra-gagga, *m., lit. a fore-goer; hence a steward, a governor;* Gal. 4, 2.—*Perhaps from* faúra-gaggja (*q. v.*), *by loss of* j. *Comp. follg. w.*

faúra-gaggi, *n., stewardship;* Lu. 16, 2. 3. 4. Eph. 1, 9. 3, 2. 9.—*An abstr. to* faúragaggan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

faúra-gaggja, *m.* (67, *n.* 1), *lit. a fore-goer; hence a governor, a steward;* Lu. 8, 3. 16, 1. 2. 3. 8. Rom. 16, 23. Tit. 1, 7.—*From* faúra *and stem* gaggjan-; *allied to* gaggs, *q. v. Comp.* gaggan *and prec. w.*

faúra-hâh, *n., curtain;* Mk. 15, 38.—*S.* faúra, *hâh, faúr-hâh.

faúra-maþleis, *m., ruler, prince, chief;* Mt. 9, 34. Lu. 8, 41. 49. Neh. 5, 14. 15. 17. 7, 2. Skeir. II, a; faúramaþleis þiudôs, *governor;* II Cor. 11, 32.—*From* faúra *and stem* maþlja-, *from stem of* maþl, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

faúra-maþli, *n., chief office;* Neh. 5, 14. 18.—*From* faúra *and stem* maþlja-, *from stem of* maþl, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

faúra-tani, *n., sign, wonder,* Mk. 13, 22. Jo. 6, 26. II Cor. 12, 12.—*S.* faúra, *tani.

faúr-baúhts, *f., redemption;* Eph. 1, 7. 14. Col. 1, 14.—*S.* faúr, *baúhts.

faúr-dômeins, *f., prejudice, partiality;* I Tim. 5, 21.—*From* *faúr-dômjan. *S.* dômjan, *dômeins.

***faúrds,** *f., in* ga-faúrds (*q. v.*). *From stem* *furði-; *allied to* *farði-, *from* faran, *q. v.*

faúr-hâh, *n.* (5 b), *curtain;* Mt. 27, 51. [*Comp. N. H. G.* vorhang, *m., curtain. S.* faúr, *hâh, *and* faúra-hâh.]

faúrhtei, *f., fear;* II Tim. 1, 7. *astonishment;* Mk. 5, 42. [*From* faúhrts (*q. v.*) *Cf. O. E.* fyrhtu (*y is* i-*uml. of* o, *prop.* u, *the final* u (o) *standing for*

orig. î) *f., Mdl. E.* fright, frigt (ri *for* ir, *by metathesis*), *Mdn. E.* fright; *and* (*without uml.*) *O. S. O. H. G.* forhta, forahta, *M. H. G.* vorhte, vorht, *N. H. G.* furcht, *f., fear* (*Mdn. E.* fear *does not belong here; s.* fêrja.). *Comp. follg. w.*]

faúrhtjan, *w. v.* (188), *to fear, be afraid;* Mt. 8, 26. Mk. 5, 36. Lu. 8, 50. 9, 34. Jo. 14, 27; *w.* sik, *th. s.;* Mk. 16, 6. [*From* faúrhts, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* (a-) fyrhtan (y *for* u, *by* i-*uml.; s.* faúrhtei), *Mdl. E.* (a-)furhte, (a-)firhte, (a-)frighte, (a-)frigte (ri *for* ir, *by metathesis*), *Mdn. E.* (af-)fright (*and* frighten), *O. S.* forahtjan, *O. H. G.* furihten, forahtan, *M. H. G.* vürhten (*pret.* vorhte), *N. H. G.* fürchten, *to fear. The pref.* a- *of the E. word=Goth.* us, *q. v.; the first* f *of the Mdn. E.* affright *is inorganic.—Comp. prec. w.*]

faúrhts, *adj., fearful;* Mk. 4, 40; faúrhts waírþan, *to be afraid;* Mk. 10, 32. [*Cf. O. E.* forht *and* fyrht, *timid, Mdl. E. in* godfyrht, *God-fearing, O. S.* forht, foraht, *O. H. G.* foraht, *adj., timid. — Comp.* faúrhtei *and prec. w.*]

faúr-lageins, *f., a laying before:* hlaibôs faúrlageinais, *showbread;* Mk. 2, 26. Lu. 6, 4.—*From* faúr-lagjan, *q. v.*

***fáurs,** *adj., in* ga-, un-fáurs.—*S. Dief. and L. M.*

faúr-stasseis, *m., one who stands before, hence a chief, ruler;* I Thess. 5, 12. — *Comp.* faúr, *stasseis.

Faúrtûnatus, *pr. n., gen.* -aus (*Φορτουνάτου*); I Cor. 16, 17.

faúrþis, *adv., first, beforehand, before;* Mt. 5, 24. Mk. 3, 27. Jo. 6, 62. II Cor. 1, 15. Skeir. I, d. V, b. [*Probably a compar. adv., from the positive* *faúrþ, *O. E. Mdl. E.* forþ, *Mdn. E.* forth, *O. S.* forth, *O. H. G.* *ford, *M. H. G.* vort, *N. H. G.* fort, *adv., forth, forward, gone, off. To Goth.* faúrþis *answers O. E.* furðor, *Mdl. E.* furðer (*superl.* furðest) *Mdn. E.* further (*superl.* furthest), *O. H. G.* furdir, *M. H. G.* vürder, *N. H. G.* fürder, *Der.: O. E.* fyrðerian, *Mdl. E.* furðerie, furðere, furðre, *Mdn. E.* further. *Germanic stem* forþ, *from* frþo, pṛto, *refers to Indg.* pṛ; *s.* faúr *and* faúra. *Comp. follg. w.*]

faúrþiz-ei, *conj.* (218), *before;* Mt. 6, 8. Mk. 14, 72. Lu. 2, 21. 26. Jo. 8, 58. 13, 19. 14, 29. 17, 5. Gal. 2, 12.—*From* faúrþis *and* ei, *q. v.*

***faus,** *adj.* (124, *n.* 3), *few;* Mt. 7, 14. 9, 37. Mk. 6, 5. 8, 7. Lu. 10, 2; du fawamma, *little;* I Tim. 4, 8; fawizô haban, *to have lack;* II Cor. 8, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* fea(w-), *Mdl. E.* feawe, fêwe, fêwe (*the* we, *prop., belongs to the inflected forms*), *Mdn. E.* few, *O. N.* fâ (*infl.* fâr), *O. S.* fâ, fô (*infl.* fahêr, fôhêr), *O. H. G.* fao, fô (*infl.* faoêr, fôêr,

fôhêr, fowêr), *few. Comp. Lt.* pau-cus, pau-llus (*from* pau-rulus), *Gr.* παῦ-ρος, *little*, παύειν, *to check, restrain*, παύεσθαι, *to cease.*]

***fêhaba,** *adv., in* ga-fêhaba. [*Probably allied to root* fâg, fôg; *s.* fagrs.]

***feinan,** *w. v., in* in- f., *to be moved with compassion, to pity;* Mk. 1, 41. Lu. 1, 78. 15, 20; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 8, 2. Lu. 7, 13; *or in w. gen.;* Mt. 9, 36;—infeinandei armahaírtei, *tender mercy;* Lu. 1, 78.—*S. Dief.*

fêra, *f.* (8), *region, side, part, country;* Mt. 25, 41. Mk. 8, 10. Gal. 1, 21. Eph. 4, 16.—*S. D. and L. M.*

fêrja, *m., spy;* Lu. 20, 20. [*Allied to O. E.* fær (=*Goth.* *fêra), *m., fear, insidiousness, Mdl. E.* fêr, fær, *Mdn. E.* fear, *O. S.* fâr, *insidiousness, O. H. G.* fâra, *M. H. G.* vâre, *insidiousness, deceit, danger, N. H. G.* gefahr, *f., danger; and to O. N.* fár, *n., misfortune, epidemic disease. From root* fĕr, *Idg.* pĕr, *in Lt.* periculum, *danger, in Gr.* πεῖρα, *attempt, cunning, deceit; s.* faran.]

***fêteins,** *f., in* ga-fêteins.—*From* fêtjan; *s. follg. w.*

fêtjan, *w. v., to adorn;* I Tim. 2, 9. [*Supposed to be allied to E.* fit, *to suit.?—Comp. prec. w.*

fian, *s.* fijan.

fidur-, fidûr- (141, *n.* 1), *in follg. w.—S. its full form,* fidwôr; *also follg. w.*

fidur-dôgs, *adj., space of four days.—Comp.* fidur-, dôgs.

fidur-falþs, *adj.* (148), *four-fold;* Lu. 19, 8.—*Comp.* fidur,-falþs.

fidur-ragini, *n., tetrarchate;* Lu. 3. 1.—*Comp.* fidur, *ragini.

fidwôr, *num.* (*in compds.* fidur; 15, *n.* 1; 141, *n.* 1), *four,* (1) *decl.;* Mk. 2, 3. (2) *indecl.;* Mk. 13, 27. Lu. 2, 37. Jo. 11, 17. fidwôr tigjus (142), *forty;* Mk. 1, 13. Lu. 4, 2. II Cor. 11, 24. [*For* *fiþwôr. *Cf. O. E.* fyðer-, *Mdl. E.* feðer- (*only in compds.*), *four, beside O. E.* feower, *Mdl. E.* feower, feour, four, *Mdn. E.* four, *O. S.* fiwar, *O. H. G.* fior, *M. H. G.* vier, *N. H. G.* vier, *four. Goth.* fidwôr, fidur- *and O. E.* fyðer, feðer, *suggest a pre-Germanic* petwor: petur *for* qetwor: qetur; *comp. Lt.* quattuor, *Gr.* τέσσαρες (πίσυρες), *Skr.* catur, *four. Der.: O. E.* feowerða, *contr.* feorða, *Mdl. E.* feorðe, fêrðe, fûrðe, fourðe, *Mdn. E.* fourth, *O. N.* fiordi, *O. S.* fiortho, *O. H. G.* fiordo, fierdo, *M. H. G.* vierde, *N. H. G.* vierte; *Mdn. E.* forty, *N. H. G.* vierzig (*For* -ty, -zig, *s.* tigus); *O. E.* feorð-ing, *m., Mdl. E.* fêrðing, *Mdn. E.* farthing, *prop. the fourth part of anything* (*Comp. N. H. G.* quent-chen, *one fourth, orig. one fifth of a 'lot', a drachm, from M. H. G.* quentîn *for* quintîn, *from Mdl. Lt.* quintînus, *one fifth, from*

the Classical Lt. *quintus, *one fifth); Mdn. E.* firkin, *one fourth of a barrel, of Du. orig., from Du.* vier, *four, and the dim. suff.* -ken, *G.* -chen; *N. H. G.* vier-tel (*For* -tel, *from* teil, *s.* dails), *one fourth. Comp.* fidur; *also prec. and follg. w.*]

fidwôr-taíhun, *num.* (141), *fourteen;* II Cor. 12, 2. Gal. 2, 1. [*From* fidwôr *and* taíhun, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* feower-têne, *Mdl. E.* feowertêne, fourtêne, *Mdn. E.* fourteen, *O. H. G.* fior-zehan, *M. H. G.* vierzehen, *N. H. G.* vierzehn, *fourteen* (*For E.* -teen, *G.* -zehn, *s.* taíhun).]

figgra-gulþ, *n., finger-ring, lit. 'finger-gold';* Lu. 15, 22.—*Comp.* figgrs, gulþ.

figgrs, *m., finger;* Mk. 7. 33. [*Cf. O. E.* finger, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* finger, *O. N.* fingr, *O. H. G.* fingar, *M. H. G.* vinger, *N. H. G.* finger, *m., finger. Etymology unknown; s. Kl.*, finger.]

fijan (fian; 10, *n.* 4), *w. v.* (193) *w. acc., to hate;* Mt. 5, 43. 6, 24. Lu. 6, 28. Jo. 7, 7. 15, 18; fijands waírþan *w. dat., to become an enemy;* Gal. 4, 16; fijands (=ἐχθρός); Rom. 11, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* *fi(j)ôn. feon, *Mdl. E.* feon, fên, *O. H. G.* fîên, *Skr. root* pî, pîy, *to hate. S.* faian, faih, faihôn, *and follg. w.*]

fijands (fiands), *m., enemy;* Mt. 5, 43. 44. 10, 36. Lu. 1, 71. 74. Rom. 8, 7. I Cor. 15, 26. II Thess. 3, 15. [*Prop. pres. partic. used as subst.* (115). *Cf. O. E.* feond (*from* *fi(j)ond), *m., Mdl. E.* feond, fênd, *Mdn. E.* fiend, *O. N.* fijándi, *O. S.* fîund, *O. H. G.* fîant, *M. H. G.* vînt, vîent, vîant, *N. H. G.* feind, *m., enemy. Allied to Skr. root* pî, pîy, *to hate; s.* faian *and prec. w.; also* faih, faihôn.]

fijaþwa (fiaþwa), *f., hatred, enmity;* Gal. 5, 20. Eph. 2, 15. 16. —*From* fijan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þwô.

filaus, *adv., prop. gen. sing. of* filu, *q. v.*

filegri; *s.* **filigri** (10, *n.* 5).

Filêtus, *pr. n., Φίλητος;* II Tim. 2, 17.

***filh,** *n., in* ana-, ga-, us-filh.—*From* filhan, *q. v.*

filhan, *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *w. acc., to hide, conceal;* I Tim. 5, 25; *to bury;* Mt. 8, 22.—*Compds.* (a)af-f. *w. acc., to hide;* Lu. 10, 21. (b) ana-f. *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th., to deliver up, deliver, commit;* Mt. 27, 2. Mk. 12, 1. Lu. 1, 2. 20, 9. Jo. 18, 35. I Cor. 11, 2. 23. 15, 24. I Tim. 1, 18. 20. II Tim. 2, 2. Skeir. IV, d; *to commend;* II Cor. 3, 1. 5, 12. 10, 12. Skeir. III, a. b; *to hand down as tradition;* Mk. 7, 5. 8. 13. (c) ga-f. *w. acc., to bury;* Mt. 8, 21. Lu. 16, 22; gaf. sik, *to hide one's self;* Jo. 8, 59; *folld. by* faúra, *w. dat.;* Jo. 12, 36. (d) us-f. *w. acc., to bury;* Lu. 9. 59. 60. Skeir. II, a. [*Cf. O. E.* feolan, (*from* feolhan; eo *for*

e, *by breaking*), *to hide*, befeolan, *to hide, commit, apply to*, *Mdl. E.* felan, *to hide*, befelan, *to commit*, *O. H. G.* bifelhan, bi-felan, *to deliver, commit, hide, bury*, *M. H. G.* bevelhen, bevelen, *to deliver, commit, command*, *N. H. G.* be-fehlen, *to command, commend, commit, etc.*, empfehlen (*for* emp-=ent, *s.* and), *to recommend. From root* felh, *Indg.* pelk.—*Comp.* *filh, fulhsni, *and follg. w.*]

filigri (filegri), *n., a hiding-place, a cave, a den;* Mk. 11, 17. Lu. 19, 46. [*From Germanic stem* *felɣra-, *from root of* filhan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ra.]

Filippa, *pr. n., dat.* -ai; us Filippai, *Φίλιπποι;* I *and* II Cor., subscr.

Filippisius, *pr. n., voc. plur.* (*Φιλιππήσιοι*); Phil. 4, 15.

Filippus, *pr. n., Φίλιππος;* Jo. 6, 7. 12, 22. 14, 8. Skeir. VII, a.; *gen.* -aus; Mk. 6, 17. 8, 27. Lu. 3, 1. Cal.; *dat.* -au; Jo. 6, 5. 12, 21; *acc.* -u; Mk. 3, 18. Lu. 6, 14; *voc.* -u; Jo. 14, 9.

***fill,** *n., skin, hide; in* þrutsfill. [*Cf. O. E.* fell, *n., skin, hide, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* fell, *O. N.* fjall, *O. H. G.* fel(l), *M. H. G.* vel(l), *N. H. G.* fell, *n., Lt.* pellis, *Gr. πέλλα, hide, skin, leather.*—*Comp.* usfilma *and follg. w.*]

filleins, *adj., leathern;* Mk. 1, 6. —*From* *fill (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -eina-. *Comp. follg. w.*

***filmei,** *f., in* us-f., *q. v. Allied to prec. w.*

filu, (1) *adj., n., much, very;* II Cor. 1, 5. 8, 15. 12, 11. Skeir. VI, a; *w. a dependent subst. in gen. (follg. or prec.);* Mk. 9, 14; *the predicate standing,* (a) *in the sing.;* Lu. 9, 37. Jo. 6, 2. 5. 12, 9; (b) *in the plur.;* Mk. 3, 7. 8. 4, 1. 5, 21. 24. Lu. 7, 11; (c) *both in sing. and plur.;* Jo. 12, 12. (2) *adv.,* (a) *with v.: much, greatly;* Mt. 9, 14. 27, 14. Mk. 12, 27. I Tim. 3, 8. II Tim. 2, 16; (b) *w. adj.: much;* Mt. 8, 28. Mk. 16, 2. Lu. 18, 23; (c) *w. adv.: much;* II Cor. 12, 9; (d) *w. compar.:* mais filu, *much more;* I Cor. 12, 22; filu mais, *th. s.;* Mk. 10, 48. Skeir. VII, d;—filaus mais, *th. s.;* II Cor. 7, 13. 8, 22. Skeir. V, c;—filaus maizô, *something much greater;* Skeir. VII, c;—minnizei filaus, *much less;* Skeir. III, d;—und filu mais, *much more, still more;* Lu. 18, 39. II Cor. 3, 9. 11. Phil. 1, 23;—swa filu, *so much;* Gal. 3, 4; *w. gen., so many;* Lu. 15, 29. Jo. 12, 37;—swa filu swê, *as much as, what, whatsoever, all that;* Mk. 6, 30. 9, 13. 10, 21. Lu. 9, 10. Jo. 6, 11. 16, 13. Rom. 15, 4. Skeir. VII, c;—hvan filu, *how much, how great;* Mt. 6, 23. 27, 13. Mk. 3, 8. 5, 19. 20. 7, 36. 15, 4. Lu. 4, 23. 8, 39. 16, 5. 7;—hvan filu mais, *how much more;* Rom. 11, 24. Phil. 16;

w. gen., how many; Lu. 15, 17;—und hwan filu mais, *how much more;* Mt. 10, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* feolu, feolo (*North.*), feola, fela (*W. S.*), *the former being nom. and acc. forms, the latter, probably, remnants of other cases, Mdl. E.* fela, fele, *adj., much, many, O. S.* filu, *O. H. G.* filu, *M. H. G.* vil, vile, *N. H. G.* viel, *adj. and adv., much, many. Germanic* felu- *answers to Indg.* pélu-(polú-), *which appears in Gr.* πολύ- (*whence E.* poly-, *G.* poly-, *in compounds, either directly or indirectly through other languages*), *Skr.* purú, *much. Allied to* fulls, *full, q. v.—Comp. follg. w.*]

filu-deisei, *f., subtlety, cunning;* II Cor. 11, 3. Eph. 4, 14.—*Comp.* filu, *deisei; *also follg. w.*

filu-faihs, *adj., manifold;* Eph. 3, 10 (*codex A*). *Comp.* filu, *faihs; *also prec. and follg. w.*

filu-galaufs, *adj., very precious;* Jo. 12, 3.—*Comp.* filu, galaufs; *also prec. and follg. w.*

filusna, *f., abundance;* II Cor. 12, 7. Skeir. VII, c. *multitude;* Neh. 5, 18. Skeir. VII, b, c; du filusnai, *to excess, still further;* II Tim. 3, 9.—*From* filu, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

filu-waúrdei, *f., much talking;* Mt. 6, 7.—*From* *filuwaúrds, *from* filu *and* waúrd, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.; also* *waúrdjan.

fimf, *num.* (141), *five;* Mk. 8, 19. Lu. 1, 24. 9, 13. 14. 16. 14, 19. 19, 18. 19. Jo. 6, 10. 13. Skeir. VII, b. [*Cf. O. E.* fîf (*from* fimf; *the* m *stands for primitive* n *followed by a labial; s. below*), *Mdl. E.* fîf, fîv, *Mdn. E.* five, *O. N.* fimm, *O. S.* fîf, *O. H. G.* finf, funf, *M. H. G.* vünf, *N. H. G.* fünf, *five. Goth.* fimf *suggests a pre-Germanic* pémpe, pénqe; *comp. Lt.* quinque (*for* pinque), *Gr.* πέντε, πέμπε, *Skr.* páñcan, *five. For Germanic* f *from Idg.* q, *s. also* fidwôr, wulfs.]

fimf-taíhun, *num.* (141), fifteen; Jo. 11, 18. [*From* fimf *and* taíhun, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* fîf-têne, *Mdl. E.* fîftêne, *Mdn. E.* fifteen, *O. H. G.* finf-zehen, *M. H. G.* fünfzehen, *N. H. G.* fünfzehn, *fifteen. Comp. follg. w.*]

***fimfta,** *ord. num.* (146), *in the follg. w.* [*From* fimf. *Cf. O. E.* fîfta, *Mdl. E.* fîfte, *Mdn. E.* fifth, *O. H. G.* fimfto, funfto, *M. H. G.* vünfte, *N. H. G.* fünfte, *Lt.* quintus, *for* *pinctus, *Gr.* πέμπτος, *Skr.* pañcathas, *fifth. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

fimfta-taíhunda, *ord. numb.* (146), *the fifteenth;* Lu. 3, 1.—*Comp.* *fimfta, taíhunda.

finþan, *st. v., to find out, know;* Lu. 9, 11. Rom. 10, 19; *w. acc.;* Mk. 5, 43; *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* Mk. 15, 45; *or by a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Jo. 12, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* findan, *Mdl. E.* finde, *Mdn. E.* find, *O. N.* finna, *O. S.* fîthan, findan, *O. H. G.* findan, *M. H.*

G. vinden, *N. H. G.* finden, *to find,* empfinden (*for* emp-=ent, *s.* and), *to feel, perceive. From Germanic root* fenþ.]

fiskja, *m.* (107), *fisher;* Mk. 1, 16. Lu. 5, 2.—*From stem of* fisks (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan. *Comp. follg. w.*

fiskôn, *w. v.* (190), *to fish;* Lu. 5, 4.—*From stem of* fisks, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

fisks, *m.* (91), *fish;* Lu. 5, 6. 9. 9, 13. 16. Jo. 6, 9. 11. Skeir. VII, a. b. c. d. [*Cf. O. E.* fisc, *m., Mdl. E.* fisc, fish, *Mdn. E.* fish, *O. N.* fiskr, *O. S.* fisc, *O. H. G.* fisk, *M. H. G.* visch, *N. H. G.* fisch, *m., Lt.* piscis, *m., fish. Comp.* fiskja, fiskôn.]

fitan, *st. v.* (? 176, *n.* 1), *w. acc., to travail in birth with, to bear (childern);* Gal. 4, 19. 27.—*S. Dief.*

flahta (*or* flahtô?), *f., a braid of hair;* I Tim. 2, 9. [*Cf. M. H. G.* vlehte, *N. H. G.* flechte, *f., braid; and O. H. G.* vlehtan, *M. H. G.* vlechten, *N. H. G.* flechten, *O. N.* flétta *for* flehtan, *to braid, plait, twist. From Germanic root* fleht, *pre-Germanic* plekt; *comp. Lt.* plect-*in* plectere, *to plait, braid,* com-plecti (com *for* con=cum, *together, with*), *pret. partic.* complex-us, *allied to* plic- *in* plicare, *pret. partic.* plicat-us. *From these Lt.* stems *there are* derived (*either directly or indirectly through the Fr.*) *many E. words, such as,* ply, ap-ply, re-ply, im-ply, em-ploy, dis-play, com-plex, com-plexion, com-plicate, ex-plicate, sup-plicate, plait, plight, plot, *and many more* (*S. Sk.,* ply). *Comp. also Gr.* πλήκ-ειν, *to plait, twist,* πλοκ-ή, πλόκ-ος, *a binding together, a braid, Skr.* praçnas, *a braiding, basket.*]

***flaugjan,** *w. v., in* us-fl., *to carry about;* Eph. 4, 14.—[*Causative of* *fliugan *answering to O. E.* fleogan, *Mdl. E.* flîȝe, *Mdn. E.* fly (*the* i *of the Mdl. E. word is owing to the analogy of the O. E.* forms *with uml.—2nd pers. sing. pres. ind.* flŷhst, *3d pers.* flŷhð; ŷ, î *from* ie=i-*uml. of* eo), *O. N.* fljuga, *O. H. G.* fliogan, *M. H. G.* vliegen, *N. H. G.* fliegen, *to fly. From Germanic root* fliug, *pre-Germanic* pleugh, plugh, *in Lt.* pluma *for* pluhma, *feather. Further der. from root* fliug: *O. E.* flyȝe (*Goth.* *flugi-), *m., O. N.* flugr, *O. H. G.* flug, *m., M. H. G.* vluc, *pl.* vlüge, *N. H. G.* flug, *m., a flying, flight,* flugs, *M. H. G.* fluges, *adv., quickly, prop. gen. sing. of the subst.; O. E.* fleoȝe (*without uml., Goth.* *fliugô), *f., Mdl. E.* fleoȝe, flêȝe, *O. H. G.* flioga, *f., M. H. G.* vliege, *N. H. G.* fliege, *f., fly, and O. E.* flŷȝe (*with uml., Goth.* fliugjô), *f., Mdl. E.* flîȝ, *Mdn. E.* fly, *O. H. G.* fliuga, *M. H. G.* vliuge, *f., fly; O. N.* fluga (*w. a different abl.*), *f., fly; O. E.* flycȝe (cȝ *from* ȝj), *Mdl. E.* fliȝȝe, fleȝȝe,

Mdn. E. fledge (*whence the v.* fledge), *O. H. G.* flucchi, *M. H. G.* vlücke, *N. H. G.* *flücke, flügge (*the* gg *through the influence of* fliegen), *adj., fledged; O. E.* flocc, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* flock, *O. N.* flokkr, *flock (of sheep or birds), etc.; also M. H. G.* vlügel, *N. H. G.* flügel, *m., wing; and, perhaps, Mdn. E.* flock, *a lock of wool, N. H. G.* flocke, *f., M. H. G.* vlocke, *m., O. H. G.* floccho, *m., flock, flake, O. N.* flóki, *lock of wool or hair; s. Kl.,* flocke.—*Mdn. E.* flee, flea, flight, *N. H. G.* fliehen, floh, flucht, *etc., do not belong here; s.* þliuhan. *Comp. also* fugls.]

flautjan, *w. v., to vaunt one's self;* I Cor. 13, 4.—*From* flauts; *s. follg. w.*

flauts, *adj., boasting, desirous of vainglory;* Gal. 5, 26. [*Its supposed connection w. Mdn. E.* flout *is very doubtful. Stem* flauta- *rather belongs to* *fliutan, *to float; s.* flôdus.]

***flêkan;** *s.* **flôkan.**

flôdus, *f.* (105), *flood, stream;* Lu. 6, 49. [*Cf. O. E.* flôd, *m., Mdl. E.* flôd, *Mdn. E.* flood, *O. N.* flóþ, *O. S.* flôd, *O. H. G.* fluot, *m., M. H. G.* vluot, *m. f., N. H. G.* flut, *f., flood; from root* flô *appearing also in O. E.* flôwan, *Mdl. E.* flôwe, *Mdn. E.* flow, *O. N.* flóa, *to flow. Germanic root* flô *answers to pre-Germanic* plô, *in Gr.* πλώ-ω, *swim, float,* πλωτός, *swimming, floating, navigable. Germanic* flô *seems to be allied to root* fliut, flut, *pre-Germanic* pleud, plud *in Lith.* pluditi, *to float; cf. O. E.* fleot-an, *Mdl. E.* flête, *Mdn. E.* fleet, *O. N.* fljóta, *O. S.* fliotan, *O. H. G.* fliozzan, *M. H. G.* vliezen, *N. H. G.* fliessen, *to flow, also to float (perhaps more original); and the follg. der.: O. E.* fleot, *n., ship, Mdl. E.* flête, *Mdn. E.* fleet; *O. E.* flêt, *m.?, cream; Mdl. E.* flêt, *whence the v.* flête, *Mdn. E.* fleet, *to skim; O. E.* fleot, *m. n.?, a bay; Mdl. E.* flêt, *Mdn. E.* fleet, *creek, bay; Mdn. E.* fleet, *adj., swift, not from, but substituted for, O. E.* fleotiȝ (*if it occurs*), *Mdl. E.* *flêti, *Mdn. E.* *fleety; *O. E.* flota, *m., ship, also sailor, pirate, Mdl. E.* flote, *Mdn. E.* float (afloat, *adv. or adj., from Mdl. E.* ǫ flote *for* ǫn flote, '*on the float; for* ǫn *s.* ana); *O. H. G.* flôȝ, *m. n., M. H. G.* vlôȝ, *m. n., float, raft, also current, flood, river, N. H. G.* floss, *n., float, raft; M. H. G.* vloezen, vloetzen, *N. H. G.* flötzen, flössen, *to float, rinse, skim; O. H. G.* flozza, *f., M. H. G.* vlozze, *N. H. G.* flosse, *f., fin; N. H. G.* flott, *adj. (of L. G. orig.; comp. Du.* vlot, *adj., afloat), afloat, abundant, gay, liberal; N.* floti, *m., fleet, whence Fr.* flotte, *whence N. H. G.* flotte, *f., fleet. A shorter form of* fliut, flut *is* flau, flu, *in O. H. G.* flô-dar, *n., a torrent of tears, M. H. G.* vlôder, *n.,*

a flowing, floating, channel or trough of a mill, N. H. G. fluder, *n., channel or trough of a mill; O. H. G.* flouwen, flewen, *M. H. G.* vlouwen, vlöun, *to wash, rinse; O. N.* flaumr, *current, flood. Germanic* flu *answers to Indg.* plu *in Lt.* pluere, *to rain; comp. Gr.* πλεῖν, *to sail, swim, Skr.* plu, pru, *to swim.*]

flôkan (*not* **flêkan;** 179 *and n.* 4), *red. v. w. acc., to lament, bewail;* Lu. 8, 52. [*Cf. O. S.* *flôkan *in* farflôkan (*st. v.*), *to curse, O. H. G.* fluohhôn, farfluohhôn (*w. v., but pret. partic.* farfluahhan), *M. H. G.* (ver-)vluochen, *N. H. G.* (ver-) fluchen (*w. v.*), *to curse. Germanic root* flôk *answers to pre-Germanic root* plâg; *comp. Lt.* plangere (*extended by* n), *to strike, lament, whence Fr.* plaindre, *compd.* complaindre (com = *Lt.* cum; *the* d *being intrusive*), *whence Mdl. E.* plaine, complaine, *Mdn. E.* complain. *To Lt.* planctus, *pret. partic. of* plangere, *refers the subst.* planctus, *lamentation, to which refers* (*through the Mdl. Lt.*) *O. Fr.* pleinte, *whence Mdl. E.* plainte (*whence* plaintif (*the suff.* -if=*Lt.* -ivus), *Mdn. E.* plaintiff), *Mdn. E.* plaint.—*Further comp. Lt.* plâga, *blow, stroke, injury, whence Mdl. E.* plage, *Mdn. E.* plague (*whence the v.* plague), *O. H. G.* plâga, *M. H. G.* plâge, *N. H. G.* plage, *f., plague, vexation, torment* (*whence the v.* plagen, *to plague, whence the intensive v.* placken, *th. s.*); *also Gr.* πλήσσειν (*aor.* πλῆξα), *to strike, compd.* ἀπο-πλήσσειν (ἀπό, *off, from*), *to strike off, to stun by a stroke, whence* ἀποπληξία, *stupor, apoplexy, whence Lt.* apoplexia, *whence Mdn. E.* apoplexy.]

fôdeins, *f., food;* Mt. 6, 25. *luxurious feeding;* Lu. 7, 25.—*From* fôdjan; *s. follg. w.*

fôdjan, *w. v. w. acc., to feed, nourish, bring up;* Mt. 6, 26. Lu. 4, 16. Eph. 5, 29. I Tim. 5, 10. Skeir. VII, d. [*Cf. O. E.* fêdan (*from* fôdian; e=i-*uml. of* ô), *Mdl. E.* fêde, *Mdn. E.* feed; *from root* fôd, fad, *appearing also in O. E.* fôda, *m., Mdl. E.* fôde, *Mdn. E.* food; *in O. E.* fôd(d)or, fôddur, *n., Mdl. E.* fôder, foddur, fodder, *Mdn. E.* fodder, *O. N.* fóðr, *O. H. G.* fuotar, *M. H. G.* vuoter, *N. H. G.* futter, *n., food, feed, fodder, der. O. H. G.* fuotiren, *M. H. G.* vüetern, vuotern, *N. H. G.* füttern, *to feed; in O. E.* fôstor, *n., fostering, sustenance, Mdl. E.* fôster (=festre, *Mdn. E.* fester?), *Mdn. E.* foster, *whence O. E.* fôstrian, *Mdl. E.* fôstre (=festre, *Mdn. E.* fester, *to rankle?*), *Mdn. E.* foster. *The kindred Mdn. E.* forage, *Mdl. E.* forâge, *refers to the Fr.* fourrâge, *from Mdl. Lt.* forragium (*for* fodragium), *derived*

from fodrum, *fodder, which is of Germanic origin. The corresponding Idg. root,* păt, *is contained in Gr.* πατεῖσθαι, *to eat.—Comp. prec. w.*]

fôdr, *n., sheath;* Jo. 18, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* fôdor, *n., O. N.* fôdr, *O. H. G.* fôtar, fuotar, *M. H. G.* vuoter, *N. H. G.* futter, *n., lining. To O. H. G.* fôtar *refers Mdl. Lt.* fotrale, *whence N. H. G.* futteral, *n., case. Of G. orig. are also Mdl. Lt.* furra, *whence O. Fr.* fuerre, forre, *case, lining, whence Mdl. E.* forre, *Mdn. E.* fur; *and Mdl. Lt.* *forellus, *whence O. Fr.* forel, fourel, *sheath, lining, whence Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* forel.]

fôn, *n.* (118), *gen.* funins, *dat.* funin, *acc.* fôn, *fire;* Mt. 5, 22. 7, 19. Mk. 9, 44. 49. Lu. 3, 9. [*Cf. O. N.* funi, *fire. The forms* fôn *and* fun (fûn?) *are varieties of one root which is perhaps allied to Germanic root* fû *in O. E.* fŷr (*for* *fû-ir, -ir *being formative*), *n., Mdl. E.* fîr, *Mdn. E.* fire, *O. N.* fûrr, *m.,* fŷri, *n., O. S. O. H. G.* fiur, fûir, *M. H. G.* viur, *N. H. G.* feuer, *n., fire. Germanic* fû=*pre-Germanic* pû; *comp. Gr.* πῦρ, πύιρ (*Aeol.*), *n., fire,* πυρ-σός, *torch, Umbr.* pir, *fire. Comp.* funisks.]

fôtu-bandi, *f., fetter* (*lit.* '*foot-fetter*'); Lu. 8, 29.—*Comp.* fôtus, bandi; *also follg. w.*

fôtu-baúrd, *n., footboard, footstool;* Mt. 5, 35. Mk. 12, 36. Lu. 20, 43. — *Comp.* fôtus, baúrd; *also prec. w.*

fôtus, *m.* (105), *foot;* Mt. 5, 35. Mk. 5, 4. 9, 45. Lu. 4, 11. Rom. 10, 15. I Cor. 12, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* fôt, *m., Mdl. E.* fôt, *Mdn. E.* foot, *O. N.* fótr, *O. S.* fôt, *O. H. G.* fuoz, *M. H. G.* vuoz, *N. H. G.* fuss, *m., foot. Germanic stem* fôt- *answers to Indg.* pôd-, pŏd- (*interchanging w.* pĕd-); *comp. Gr.* πούς (*Aeol.* πώς), *gen.* ποδ-ός, *foot, Lt.* pês, *gen.* pĕd-is, *foot, O. Ind.* pâd, *foot; also Gr.* πέδ-ιλον, *sole,* πεζός (*for* πεδjός), *on foot, pedestrian; Lt.* tri-pud-ium (*w.* o-*abl.*), *a solemn, religious dance; O. Ind.* padá, *n., step, foot-step. Further cognates are: O. N.* fet (*w.* e-*abl.*), *n., step, foot* (=*a measure*), feta, *str. v., to find the way; O. E.* fetor, feter, *f., Mdl. E.* feter, *Mdn. E.* fetter, *O. N.* fjöturr, *O. S.* feter, *O. H. G.* fezzera, *M. H. G.* vezzer, *f., a shackle; O. E.* feterian, *Mdl. E.* fetere, *Mdn. E.* fetter; *Lt.* pedica; *Gr.* πέδη; *Lt.* compes, *shackle for the feet; also Mdl. E.* fet-lak (-lak *being suff.*), *Mdn. E.* fetlock, *M. H. G.* vizzeloch, *n., early N. H. G.* fissloch, *n., pastern joint; and N. H. G.* fessel, *f., pastern.—Comp. prec. w.*]

fra-, *an inseparable particle used with v. and verbal nouns, answering to the E. pref.* for-, *G.* ver-; *hence it has the force of a negative or privative. Some-*

times it implies opposition, destruction, change, and the like, or is merely intensive. [*Supposed to be contained in E.* freight, *G.* fracht (*s.* aihts); *and in G.* frevel, *m., mischief, and adj., mischievous; s. Kl.*, frevel. —*Allied to* faír, fram, *q, v.*]

fra-baúhta-bôka, *a deed of sale;* Ar. doc.—*Comp.* fra-, *baúhts, bôka, and* fra-bugjan.

***fragan,** st. v.*—fragiþ, *a doubtful form in codex B, for* fraisiþ *in A* (*Gr.* πειράζετε); II Cor. 13, 5.—*S.* fraisan.

fra-gifts, *f., a giving away, gift, promise;* Skeir. III, c; *espousal;* Lu. 1, 27. 2, 5.—*From* fra-giban, *q. v. Comp.* fra, *gifts.

fraíhnan, *str. v.* (176, *n.* 4), *to ask, w. acc. of the pers. asked and gen. of the th. asked for;* Mk. 4, 10. 11, 29. Lu. 20, 3. 40; *or the th. is expressed by* bi *w. gen.;* Mk. 7, 17. 10, 10. Lu. 9, 45. Jo. 18, 19; *or by an indir. question;* Lu. 15, 26. 18, 36.—*Compd.* ga-fr. *w. acc. of pers.: to ask;* Rom. 11, 20; *folld. by an obj. clause introduced by* þatei: *to find out by inquiry;* Mk. 2, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* friȝnan (*the* n *belongs to the pres. forms only*), *Mdl. E.* friȝne, freȝne, freine, *O. S.* frâgôn, *O. H. G.* fragên, *M. H. G.* vrâgen, *N. H. G.* fragen, *to ask; also O. E.* fricȝ(e)an (*from* *frigjan, *the* j *belonging to the pres. forms only*). *From Germanic root* frĕh (=forh, *by metathesis, in O. H. G.* forskôn *for* *forhskôn *Goth.* *faúrhskôn, *M. H. G.* vorsken, *N. H. G.* forschen, *to inquire, search*), *Indg.* prĕk, pṛk; *comp. Lt.* prĕc- *in* prex, *gen.* prec-is, *a praying, prayer; in* precâri, *to pray, whence O. Fr.* preier, *whence Mdl. E.* preie, *Mdn. E.* pray; *compd.* de-precari, im- (*for* in) precari, *pret. partic.* de-, imprecatus, *whence Mdn. E.* deprecate, *to seek to avert by prayer,* imprecate, *to call down upon by prayer; in* prec-arius, *adj., obtained by prayer, hence depending on the will of another, doubtful, whence Mdn. E.* precarious, *th. s.; to the fem. adj.,* precaria *refers O. Fr.* preiêre, *whence Mdl. E.* preiêre, *Mdn. E.* prayer. *Further comp. Skr.* praçnâ, *inquiry, O. Bulg.* prositi, *to demand, beg,* prositeli, *beggar.*]

fraisan, *red. v.* (179), *to tempt,* (1) *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 13. 8, 11. 10, 2. 12, 15. Lu. 4, 2. 12. 10, 25. Jo. 6, 6. II Cor. 13, 5. I Thess. 3, 5. (2) *once w. gen.;* I Cor. 7, 5.—*Compd.* us-fr. *w. acc., to tempt;* I Thess. 3, 5. [*Allied to O. E.* frasjan, *w. v., to tempt; O. S.* fresôn, *to tempt, O. H. G.* *freisjan, *M. H. G.* vreisen, *to put in danger, to act cruelly; O. H. G.* freisa, *M. H. G.* vreise, *f., danger, terror,* vreist, *f., cruelty.—Comp. follg. w.; also* fragan.]

fraistubni, *f.* (98), *temptation;*

Lu. 4, 13. 8, 13. Gal. 4, 14. I Tim. 6, 9; briggan in fraistubnjai, *to lead into temptation;* Mt. 6, 13. [*From stem* frais-ti (*from root of* fraisan, *q. v., and suff.* -ti) *and suff.* -ubnja *for* umnja (*s.* fastubni). *Cf. O. N.* freisti, *f., temptation, M. H. G.* vreist, *anything that causes danger, cruelty.*]

fraiw, *n.* (94, *n.* 1), *seed;* Mk. 4, 3. 27. 31. Lu. 20, 28. Jo. 7, 42. II Cor. 9, 10. [*Comp. O. N.* fræ (*dat.* frævi), *n., and* freo, frio (*dat.* freovi), *n., seed.*]

fra-qisteins, *f., waste;* Mk. 14, 4. —*From* fra-qistjan, *q. v. Comp.* qisteins.

fra-lêts, *m.* (*or* **fralêt,** *n.?*), *remission, forgiveness;* Mk. 3, 29. Lu. 3, 3. 4, 19. Eph. 1, 7. Col. 1, 14. — *From* fralêtan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

fra-lêts, *m., a freed man;* I Cor. 7, 22. — *From* fralêtan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

fra-lusts, *f., loss, destruction;* Mt. 7, 13. [*From* fra-liusan, *q. v. Cf. O. S.* fra-lust, *O. H. G.* vir-lust, *M. H. G.* verlust, *f., N. H. G.* verlust, *m., loss. For further cognates, s.* *lusts.—*For Mdn. E.* loss, *s.* lausjan.]

fram, (I) *adv.: further, before;* Lu. 19, 28. (II) *prep. w. dat.,* (1) *local, denoting* (a) *separation: from, away from;* II Cor. 5, 6. II Thess. 1, 9; (b) *motion, direction: from;* Mt. 8, 11. 27, 55. Mk. 1, 9. 5, 35. Jo. 8, 42. 12, 21; *elliptical* (*sc.* garda); Lu. 8, 49 (*sc.* laiseins); Jo. 7, 17; (c) *after v. of hearing, knowing, receiving, learning: of, from, with;* Mk. 3, 21. Lu. 6, 34. 16, 2. Jo. 7, 51. 8, 38. 40. Skeir. II b; (2) *temporal: from, since;* Mt. 9, 22. 11, 12. 27, 45. Mk. 13, 19. Neh. 5, 14. Skeir. I, b; fram þammei, *since the time;* Lu. 7, 45; (3) *trop.* (*so chiefly causal*): *of, from, by, with, before, for—sake, for, concerning, over,* (a) *w. th. v. in pass.;* Mt. 6, 2. 8, 24. Lu. 1, 26. 2, 18. Skeir. I, b. VI, c; (b) *w. inf.* (þulan, winnan, *etc.*) *used in a pass. sense;* Mk. 5, 26. II Cor. 2, 6. 11, 24. I Thess. 2, 14; (d) *in other constructions;* Mk. 10, 27. Lu. 2, 24. 6, 28. Jo. 17, 19. Rom. 15, 8. II Cor. 5, 12. 9, 3. Eph. 5, 20. 6, 19. I Thess. 3, 7. I Tim. 2, 1.—*Occurs often in composition w. subst., adj., and adv.* [*Cf. O. E.* fram, *prep., from, Mdl. E.* fram, *Mdn. E.* from, *O. N.* frá, *prep.* (*whence Mdl. E.* frâ, frǫ̂, *prep. and adv., Mdn. E.* fro, *adv., away, whence Mdl. E.* frâward, frǫ̂ward, *Mdn. E.* froward; *for* -ward, *s.* *waírþs), *O. S.* fram, *adv., O. H. G.* fram, *prep. and adv., M. H. G.* vram, *adv., forth, forthwith.—Comp.* fra-, framaþjis, framis, *and follg. w.*]

fram-aldrs, *adj., very old;* Lu. 1, 8. 18. 2, 36. — *Comp.* fram *aldrs, *and follg. w.*

framaþjis, framaþs (?), *adj., for-*

eign, strange, alien, belonging to another; Jo. 10, 5. Lu. 16, 12. Jo. 10, 5. Rom. 14, 4. II Cor. 10, 15. 16. I Tim. 5, 22; *w. gen.;* Eph. 2, 12. 4, 18. [*From stem* framaþja-, *from* *framaþi-, *from prep.* fram, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* fremeðe, fremede, *Mdl. E.* fremed, *strange, foreign, O. S.* fremithi, *O. H. G.* framadi, fremidi, *foreign, strange, M. H. G.* vremede, vremde, *N. H. G.* fremd, *foreign, strange, etc. Comp. follg. w.*]

framaþjan, *w. v., to alienate;* Col. 1, 21. — *From stem* framaþi- (*s. prec. w.*) *and suff.* -(a)ja-.

fram-gâhts, *f., progress, furtherance;* Phil. 1, 25.—*Comp.* fram, *gâhts.

framis, *compar. adv.* (212), *further, onward;* Mk. 1, 19. Rom. 13, 12.—*From* fram, *q. v.*

fram-waírþis, *adv., further on:* iþ þu framwaírþis wisais, *but continue thou;* II Tim. 3, 14.—*Prop. gen. sing., from* fram *and* *waírþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

fram-wigis, *adv., continually, ever more;* Jo. 6, 34. I Thess. 4, 17.—*Prop. gen. sing., from* fram *and* wigs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

frasti-sibja, *f., adoption as sons* (*υἱοθεσία*); Rom. 9, 4.—*From stem of* frasts *and* sibja, *q. v.*

frasts, *m., child;* II Cor. 6, 13.—*S. Dief. and L. M.*

***fratwjan,** *w. v., in* us-fratwjan, *to make wise;* II Tim. 3, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* frætw(i)an, *Mdl. E.* frette, *Mdn. E.* fret, *O. S.* fratahôn, *to ornament, from the subst.: O. E.* frætu, *pl.* frætwe, *f., Mdl. E.* frete, *Mdn. E.* fret, *an ornament, O. S.,* fratah, *m. or n., an ornament.*]

fraþi, *n.* (74, *n.* 3), *mind, knowledge;* Rom. 8, 6. 7. 11, 34. 12, 2. II Cor. 3, 14. 4, 4. 10, 5. 11, 3. Eph. 4, 23. Col. 2, 18; *understanding;* Mk. 12, 33. I Cor. 14, 20. II Tim. 2, 7.—*From stem* fraþ-ja-, *an abstr. to* fraþjan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

fraþja-marzeins, *f., deceit;* Gal. 6, 3.—*Comp.* fraþi, marzeins, *and follg. w.*

fraþjan, *st. v.* (177, *n.* 2), *to think, preceive, understand, know, be wise, be minded, be right in one's mind;* Mk. 4, 12. 5, 15. Lu. 8, 10. 35. I Cor. 13, 11; *w. dat.;* Mk. 7, 18. 8, 33. 9. 32. Lu. 1, 22. 2, 50. Phil. 3, 19. Skeir. II, b; *w. acc.;* Rom. 12, 16. 15, 5. II Cor. 13, 11. Phil. 3, 16. 4, 2; *folld. by an obj. clause introduced by* þatei; Mk. 12, 12. Lu. 20, 19. Jo. 8, 27. Skeir. VIII, d; *folld. by* ufar *w. acc.;* I Cor. 4, 6; *or* faúr *w. acc.;* Phil. 4, 10.—mais fraþjan, *to think more highly;* Rom. 12, 3; waíla fraþjan, *to think well, think soberly;* Rom. 12, 3.—*Compd.* fulla-fr., *to be sober;* II Cor. 5, 13.—*Comp.* fraþi, frôþs; *also prec. and follg. w.*

***fraþjei,** *f., in* ga-fraþjei.—*From stem of* *fraþjis, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***fraþjis,** *adj., thinking, in* grinda-, sama-fraþjis. — *Allied to* fraþi, fraþjan, *and prec. w., q. v.*

frauja, *m.* (1, *n.* 4), *lord, master* (*The MSS. have the abbreviated forms, when signifying 'God':* fā, *nom. sing.,* fins, *gen.,* fin, *dat.,* fan, *acc.*); Mt. 5, 33 7., 21. 9, 38. 10, 24. 25. Mk. 1, 3. I Tim. 6, 1. 2. Eph. 6, 9; frauja wisan (=fraujinôn) *w. dat.;* Mk. 2, 28. Lu. 6, 5. [*Cf. O., E.* frea (*from* *freaa *for* *freaja; ea =*Goth.* au), *m., lord, king, God, O. S.* frao, *O. H. G.* frô, *m., the Lord, M. H. G.* vrô (*in composition with many words; s. below*), *lord, king, God; and the fem.: O. H. G.* frouwa, *M. H. G.* vrouwe, *N. H. G.* frau, *f., mistress, lady, wife;* frouwa *became O. L. G.* frua, *whence the N.* frú, *th. s. The original O. Germanic fem. form* (*Goth.* *fraujô) *is contained in the N.* Freyja, *name of a goddess.—Here belongs also the N. H. G. adj.* frohn (*occurring only in compds.*), *M. H. G.* vrôn, *concerning, or belonging to, the Lord, holy, O. H. G.* *frôn, *for which* frôno, magnificent, *divine, holy* (*prop., gen. pl. of* frô-; *s. above*); *comp. O. H. G.* daz frôno chrûzi, *M. H. G.* vrônkriuze, *the cross of Christ, and M. H. G.* vrônlîchnam, *N. H. G.* frohnleichnam (*For* leichnam, *s.* leik), *m., body of Christ, eucharist; also M. H. G.* vrônhof, *N. H. G.* frohnhof, *m., socage-farm; N. H. G.* fröhnen, *to do service in socage, etc.; s. Kl.,* frohn.—*Comp. follg. w.*]

fraujinassus, *m., lordship;* Eph. 1, 21. Col. 1, 16.—*From* fraujinôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -assu-, *from* at-tu.

fraujinôn, *w. v.* (190) *w. dat., to be lord or king, to rule over;* Rom. 7, 1. 14, 9. II Cor. 1, 24. Neh. 5, 15; *folld. by* faúra *w. dat., th. s.;* I Tim. 2, 12. fraujinônd (*pres. partic.*) frauja, *Lord;* Lu. 2, 29; swaswê fraujinônds (*pres. partic. used as subst.*), *as a ruler, by commandment* (*κατ' ἐπιταγήν*); II Cor. 8, 8; frauja fraujinôndanê, *the Lord of lords;* I Tim. 6, 15.—*Compd.* ga-fr. *w. dat., th. s.;* Mk. 10, 42.—*From stem of* frauja, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

fra-wardeins, *f., destruction;* I Tim. 6, 9.—*From* frawardjan, *q. v.*

fra-waúrhts, *adj., evil-working, sinful, also used as subst.: a sinner;* Mt. 9, 10. 11. 11, 19. Mk. 2, 16. 17. 8, 38. Lu. 5, 8. 15, 7. 18, 13.—*Prop. pret. partic. of* frawaúrkjan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

fra-waúrhts, *f., sin;* Mt. 9, 2. 6. Mk. 3, 28. Jo. 8, 21. 34. Rom. 6, 23. 7, 8. Eph. 2, 5. Skeir. I, a. b. III, c.—*From* frawaúrkjan, *q. v. Comp.* *waúrhts.

fra-weit, *n., vengeance, revenge;* Rom. 12, 19. II Cor. 7, 11. II Thess. 1, 8. 9. [*An abstr. subst. to* fra-weitan, *q. v. Cf. M. H. G.* ver-wîȝ, *N. H. G.* verweis, *m., rebuke, reproof. Comp. also* *weit.]

***freideins,** *f., in* ga-, un-freideins. —*From* freidjan; *s. follg. w.*

freidjan, *w. v., to spare;* II Cor. 12, 6. 13, 2; *w. acc.;* Rom. 11, 21. I Cor. 7, 28; *w. gen.;* II Cor. 1, 23. [*Comp. O. H. G.* frîten, *to foster, love, protect; further O. H. G.* frit-hof (hof= *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hof, *m., yard, manor, court, O. E.* hof, *n., court, dwelling, O. N.* hof, *n., temple, manor*), *M. H. G.* vrîthof, *the space adjoining to a church, fenced about with a wall or the like, a church-yard, but N. H. G.* friedhof, *m., cemetery* (*for* *freithof, *by influence of* vride, *a place inclosed with a fence; s.* Friþareiks). *Both* vride *and* vrît- *are derived from root* fri; *s.* freis, *friþôn.]

frei-hals, *m.* (91, *n.* 4), *liberty, freedom;* II Cor. 3, 17. Gal. 2, 4. 5, 1. 13; freijhals *in codex A;* Eph. 3. 12. [*Prop. a free neck, from* freis, *free, and* hals, *neck, q. v. It was customary among the Old Germanic tribes that slaves wore a ring about the neck.—Cf. O. E.* freols (*contr. from* *freoheals, *from* *frioheals *for* frijo-heals), *m., freedom, O. N.* frijals, *adj., free, O. H. G.* frîhals, *m., freedman.*]

freis, *adj.* (126, *n.* 2), *free;* Jo. 8, 33. 36. I Cor. 7, 21. 9, 1. 12, 13. Gal. 3, 28. 4, 22. 23. 26. 30. 31. Eph. 6, 8. Col. 3, 11; *w. gen.;* Rom. 7, 3; frijana briggan, *to make* (*one*) *free;* Jo. 8, 32. 36. Gal. 5, 1; *w. gen.;* Rom. 7, 3. [*From stem* frija-. *Cf. O. E.* freo (*from* frio *for* *frijo), *Mdl. E.* frê, *Mdn. E.* free, *O. S.* frî, *O. H. G.* frî, *M. H. G.* vrî, *N. H. G.* frei, *free. The O. Germanic adj.* frija-, *signified 'dear, beloved'; comp. Goth.* frijaþwa, *love,* frijôn, *to love; O. E.* freod (*from* *frijôdus), *f., love, favor, and* friȝu, *f., love. From Germanic root* fri, *to foster, spare. Germanic stem* frija- *answers to pre-Germanic* priyó-; *comp. Skr.* priyá-s, *dear, beloved, root* prî, *to rejoice, and O. Ind.* priyã, *adj. used as subst., wife; comp. also O. E.* freo, *O. S.* frî, *f., wife, noble woman. Other cognates are: Mdn. E.* Friday, *N. H. G.* Freitag (*from* Fria, *goddess of love and marriage, and* day, *G.* tag; *s.* dags); *Mdn. E.* friend, *N. H. G.* freund (*s.* frijônds); *S.* freidjan, frijei, frijôn, Friþareiks, friþôn, *and prec. and follg. w.*]

frijaþwa, friaþwa, *f.* (10, *n.* 4), *love;* Jo. 13, 35. 15, 9. 17, 26. II Cor. 8, 8. Eph. 2, 4. Skeir. V, d.—*From* frijôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þwa. *Comp.* freidjan, freis,

frijei, friþôn, Friþareiks, *and follg. w.*

frijaþwa-milds, *adj., kindly affectioned;* Rom. 12, 10.—*From* frijaþwa *and* *milds, *q. v.*

frijei, *f., freedom;* I Cor. 10, 29. —*From stem of* freis, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

frijôn, *w. v.* (10, *n.* 4), *to love, w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 43. 44. 46. 6, 24. Mk. 10, 21. 12, 33. Jo. 14, 21. Skeir. V, a. d; *w. inf.;* Mt. 6, 5. [*From stem* frija-; *s.* freis. *Cf. O. E.* freoȝ(e)an, *to love, M. H. G.* vrîen (*prop. a L. G. w.*), *to woo, court, marry, N. H. G.* freien, *to woo, court; O. E.* freo, *f., O. S.* frî, *wife, woman, mistress; O. E.* freoȝ(e)an *also signifies 'to free, liberate', whence Mdl. E.* frê, *Mdn. E.* free, *to liberate; comp. M. H. G.* vrîen, *N. H. G.* be-freien, *to free, save. For further cognates, s.* freidjan, frijaþwa, frijei, friþôn, *and follg. w.*]

frijôndi, *f.* (98), *a female friend;* Lu. 15, 9.—*Prop. the fem. form of* frijônds, *q. v.*

frijônds, *m.* (115), *friend;* Mt. 5, 47. 11, 19. Lu. 7, 6. 34. 14, 12. 15, 6. 29. Jo. 11, 11. 15, 13. 14. 15. [*Prop. pres. partic. of* frijôn, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* freond (*from* *fri(j)ônd), *m., Mdl. E.* frênd, *Mdn. E.* friend, *O. S.* friunt, *O. H. G.* friunt, *M. H. G.* vriunt(d), *N. H. G.* freund, *m., friend. Der.: O. E.* freond-scipe, *m., Mdl. E.* frêndschipe, *Mdn. E.* friendship, *O. S.* friund-skepi, *m., O. H. G.* friunti-scaf, friuntscaft, *M. H. G.* vriuntscaft, *N. H. G.* freundschaft, *f., friendship; further Mdn. E.* friend-ly, *N. H. G.* freundlich, *etc.; for* -ly, -lich, *s.* *leiks.—*Comp.* freidjan, freis, frijaþwa, frijei, Friþareiks, *and follg. w.*]

frijôns, *f., a token of love, a kiss;* I Cor. 16, 20. II Cor. 13, 12.—*From* frijôn, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***friks,** *adj., greedy, in* faíhu-friks. [*Cf. O. E.* frec, *Mdl. E.* frek (= *Mdn. E.* freak?) *adj., forward, insolent, O. N.* frekr, *greedy, O. H. G.* freh(hh), *greedy, avaricious, M. H. G.* vrech, *courageous, daring, bold, N. H. G.* frech, *bold, insolent, etc. Der.: O. E.* freca, *m., an audacious or bold man, warrior, Mdl. E.* freke, *a bold or courageous person.*]

friôn; *s.* **frijôn.**

***frisahtjan,** *w. v., in* ga-fr., *to make an image, to engrave;* II Cor. 3, 7. — *From* frisahts, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***frisahtnan,** *w. v., in* ga-fr., *to be formed* (*in resemblance*)*;* Gal. 4, 19, gloss (*in A*).—*From* frisahts, *q. v.*

frisahts, *f., image;* I Cor. 15, 49. II Cor. 3, 18. 4, 4. Col. 1, 15. 3, 10; *example;* Jo. 13, 15. Phil. 3, 17. II Thess. 3, 9. I Tim. 1, 16. 4, 12. II Tim. 1, 13; *enigma, riddle;* in frisahtai, *in darkness, enigmatically;* I Cor. 13, 12. [*From pref.* fri- (*perhaps a variety of* fra-, *q. v.*) *and stem of* *sahts, *q. v. Comp. also Kl.,* frist.]

Friþa-reiks, *pr. n., gen.* -eis; Cal.

[*Cf. O. E.* Freoðorîc, *Mdl. E.* Frederîc, *Mdn. E.* Frederic, *O. H. G.* Fridurich, *M. H. G.* Friderich, *N. H. G.* Friedrich. *From stem* *friþa- (friþu-, *s. follg. w.*), *peace, and* reiks, (*q. v.*), *chief, lord, prince; hence* 'Frederic'='*prince of peace*'.]

***friþôn,** *w. v., in* ga-fr., *to make peace, reconcile; the pers. to be reconciled, occuring in acc., and the pers. to whom one is reconciled, in dat.;* II Cor. 5, 18. 19. Eph. 2, 16. Col. 1, 20. 21. [*Cf. O. E.* friðian, freoðian eo *for* io, *by* o-*uml., to make peace, to treat kindly, protect, Mdl. E.* friðe, *to keep in peace, preserve. From stem* friþu-, *from root* fri, *to love, spare, and suff.* -þu, *Indg.* -tu (*s.* dauþus); *cf. O. E.* frioþu (io *for* i, *by* u-*uml.*), *m.*, frið, *n., peace, love, protection, Mdl. E.* frið, *peace, protection, inclosure, O. N.* friþr, *O. S.* frithu, *O. H. G.* fridu, *peace, M. H. G.* vride, *m., peace, truce, tranquillity, N. H. G.* friede, *m., peace, tranquillity, quiet.* — *Comp.* freidjan, freis, frijôn, frijaþwa, *and prec. w.*]

frius, *n., frost, cold;* II Cor. 11, 27. [*From Germanic root* freus (frus, fruz) *appearing also in Goth.* *friusan, *O. E.* freosan (*pret. partic.* froren, *the second* r *for* s, z, *by rotacism*), *Mdl. E.* frêse (*pret. partic.* froren), *Mdn. E.* freeze (*pret. partic.* frozen *and* frore, *frozen, frosty*), *O. N.* frjosa, *O. H. G.* friosan (*pret. partic.* gi-froran), *M. H. G.* vriesen (*pret. partic.* ge-vrorn), *N. H. G.* frieren (*pret.* fror, *pret. partic.* ge-froren), *to freeze. Der.: O. E.* frost, forst (or *for* ro, *by metathesis*), *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* frost, *O. H. G.* frost, *M. H. G.* vrost, *N. H. G.* frost, *m., frost; further O. E.* freoriz, *adj., frosty, frigid. For the forms with* r *for* s, *s. also* *liusan. *The corresponding pre-Germanic root* preus, prŭs, *seems to be contained in Lt.* prûrire (*for* *prûsire), *to itch,* pruîna (*for* *prurîna), *hoar-frost,* *prûna (*for* *prusna), *a burning coal, Skr.* prušvâ, *a drop, a frozen drop, rime.*]

frôdaba, *adv., wisely, skillfully;* Mk. 12, 34. Lu. 16, 8.—*From* frôþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

frôdei, *f.* (74, *n.* 3; 113), *wisdom, understanding;* Lu. 1, 17. 2, 47. 52. I Cor. 1, 19. Skeir. I, d.—*From* frôþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

frôþs, *adj.* (35; 124, *n.* 2), *wise, prudent, skillful;* Mt. 7, 24. Lu. 10, 21. Rom. 11, 25. I Cor. 1, 19. 4, 10. II Cor. 11, 19. I Tim. 3, 2; *compar.* frôdôza; Lu. 16, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* frôd, *O. N.* frôdhr, *skilled, learned, O. Fris.* frôd, *O. H. G.* frôt, fruot, *M. H. G.* vruot, *wise, prudent, skillful. Comp.* frôdei, frôdaba, *and* fraþi, fraþjan.]

frum, *n.* (*or* frums, *m.?*), *beginning;* Jo. 15, 27. 16, 4. [*Allied*

to O. E. fruma, *m., Mdl. E.* frume, *beginning. S. follg. w.*]

fruma, *adj.* (139 *and n.* 1), *the first* (146); Mt. 27, 64. Mk. 10, 31. 15, 42. 16, 9. Rom. 11, 35. I Cor. subscr. *and* 15, 42. Gal. 4, 13; sa fruma jiuleis=*November;* Cal. (*Comp. O. E.* se æ̂rra ȝeola=*December*, se æftera ȝeola=*January*). [*From the adv. stem* fru- *and suff.* -ma. *Allied to O. E.* for-ma, *Mdl. E.* forme, *O. S.* formo, *the first; O. H. G.* fruo-ji, *adj.*, fruo, *adv., early, M. H. G.* vrüeje, *adj.*, vruo, *adv., N. H. G.* früh (fruh), *adj. and adv., early* (*Der.* früh-ling, *m., spring, for O. H. G.* lenzo, lenzin, *m., M. H. G.* lenze, *m. f., N. H. G.* lenz, *m., spring; cf. O. E.* lencten, *the spring, Mdl. E.* lenten, lent, *the spring, Lent, Mdn. E.* Lent, *a fast of forty days*). *Further cognates are: O. E.* from, fram, *adj., forward, bold;* freme, *adj., beneficial;* fremu, *f., benefit;* fremman (*from* *framjan), *to perform, do, afford, Mdl. E.* frem(m)e, *to promote, perform; O. N.* framr, *adj., excellent;* fremja, *to perform; O. H. G.* fruma, *f., benefit, profit;* frummen, *to promote, perform; M. H. G.* vrum, vrom, *adj., excellent, good, beneficial, N. H. G.* fromm, *pious, kind, good. Stems* fru, for, *refer to Idg.* pṛ; *comp. Gr.* πρό-μος, *Skr.* pûrva-s, *O. Bulg.* prŭvŭ, *the first. S. also* faúr, faúra, faúr-þis, faírra, faírneis, fram, frumist, *and follg. w.*]

fruma-baúr, *m.* (101, *n.* 2), *a first-born,* Lu. 2, 7. Col. 1, 15. 18. —*Comp.* fruma, baúr; *also follg. w.*

frumadei, *f., pre-eminence;* Col. 1, 18.—*From a lost adj. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

frumisti, *n., beginning;* Jo. 6, 64. 8, 44; in frumistjan, *among the first, first of all;* I Cor. 15, 3.—*From* frumists, *q. v.*

frumists, *adj.* (139, *n.* 1), *first;* Mk. 6, 21. 9, 35. 12, 28. Lu. 14, 18. 15, 22. 19, 47. I Tim. 1, 16. II Tim. 4, 16; *used as adv.: first* (πρῶτον); Mt. 8, 21. Mk. 4, 28. 16, 9. Lu. 10, 5. Skeir. II, b; fram frumistin, *from the beginning;* Lu. 1, 2. —*From* fruma *and the superl. suffix* -ist-; *comp.* frum, fruma, *and prec. w.*

fugls, *m.* (91), *fowl, bird;* Mt. 6, 26, 8, 20. Mk. 4, 4. 32. Lu. 8, 5. 9, 58. [*Cf. O. E.* fugol, *m., Mdl. E.* fugel, fogel, fowel, foul, *Mdn. E.* fowl, *O. S.* fugal, *O. H. G.* fogal, *M. H. G.* vŏgel, *N. H. G.* vôgel, *m., bird. Perhaps from root* flug, *to fly; s.* *flaug-jan.]

fula, *m., foal, colt;* Mk. 11, 2. 4. 5. 7. Lu. 19, 30. 33. 35. Jo. 12, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* fola, *m., Mdl. E.* fole, *Mdn. E.* foal, *O. N.* foli (*whence* fylja, *filly, whence Mdn. E.* filly), *O. H. G.* folo, *M. H. G.* vol, vole, *m., N. H. G.* fohlen, *n., foal, colt. Der.: O. H. G.*

fulîn (=*Goth.* *ful-ein, *w. suffix* -îna; *s.* gaitein, gumeins, swein) *M. H. G.* vulîn, (*and* vüle), *N. H. G.* füllen, *n., foal, colt; also O. H. G.* fulihha, *M. H. G.* vülhe, *f., a female colt.—From pre-Germanic* pelón-, *the young of a horse or an ass; allied to Gr.* πῶλος, *a young horse or animal in general, Lt.* pullus, *a young animal, especially a chicken. To Vulg. Lt.* pulla, *fem. of Lt.* pullus, *refers Fr.* poule, *a hen, whence Mdn. E.* pool, poule, *the stake played for in certain games. A dimin. of Fr.* poule *is* poulet, *a chicken, whence Mdn. E.* poult, *th. s., whence* poulter, poulterer (*w. double* -er), poultry, *while Mdn. E.* pullet, *a young hen, or female of the domestic fowl, Mdl. E.* poulete, polete, *refers to the cognate O. Fr.* polete (*a fem. form*), *a chicken.*]

fulgins, *adj.* (66, *n.* 1), *hidden,* Mt. 10, 26. Mk. 4, 22. Lu. 8, 17.—*From the stem of the pret. partic. of* filhan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

fulhsni, *n., that which is hidden. secret;* Mt. 6, 4. 18. Skeir. IV, d.—*From* filhan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -snja, *extended from* -sni. *Comp. prec. w.*

fulla-tôjis, *adj., perfect;* Mt. 5, 48.—*From the stems of* fulls *and* taui, *q. v. Comp. also follg. w.*

fulla-weis, *adj., perfect* (*with reference to* wisdom); I Cor. 14, 20.—*From the stem of* fulls *and* weis, *q. v. Comp. also prec. and follg. w.*

fulla-wita, *m., prop. weak adj. used as subst., perfect;* Phil. 3, 15. Col. 1, 28. 4, 12.—*From stem of* fulls *and* *wita, *q. v. Comp. also prec. and follg. w.*

***fullei,** *f., in* ufar-fullei. [*From* fulls, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* fyllo, fyllu (*orig.* i-*stem, which is evident from the* y=i-*uml. of* u), *Mdl. E.* fulle, fille, *Mdn. E.* fill, *O. H. G.* fulli, *M. H. G.* vulle, *N. H. G.* fülle, *f., fullness, abundance, etc.—Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***fulleins,** *f., in* us-fulleins.—*From* fulljan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

fulleiþs, *m. or f.?,* (103, *n.* 2), *fullness;* Mk. 4, 28. [*From* fulljan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -þi. *Cf. O. E.* fylleð, *f.?, fullness.-Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

fulliþ, *n.?, gen. plur.* fulliþê, *full moon;* Col. 2, 16.—*Allied to prec. and follg. w.*

fulljan, *w. v., to fill, w. acc. of the direct object, the th. with which anything is filled, occurs in gen.;* Mt. 27, 48. Rom. 15, 13; *to fulfill;* II Thess. 1, 11.—*Compd.* (a) ga-f. *w. acc., to fill; the th. with which anything is filled, is found in gen.;* Mk. 15, 36. Lu. 1, 15. 5, 7. Jo. 6, 13. Skeir. VII, d. (b) ufar-f. in *w. dat., to abound in;* I Cor. 15, 58; *in pass., to be filled to over-*

flowing, w. gen. of th.; II Cor. 7, 4. (c) us-f., *to fill completely, to fill, fulfill, fill up, supply, accomplish;* Mt. 11, 1. 5, 17; *w. acc.;* Lu. 1, 23. 3, 5. Jo. 7, 8. Rom. 8, 4. 13, 9. I Cor. 16, 17. Phil. 2, 2. Col. 1, 24; *in pass. w. gen. of th.;* II Cor. 7, 4. [*From* fulls, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* fyllan (*from* *fulljan, y=i-*uml. of* u), *Mdl. E.* fylle, fille, *Mdn. E.* fill, *O. N.* fylla, *O. S.* fullian, *O. H. G.* fullen, *M. H. G.* vullen, *N. H. G.* füllen, *to fill. Compd. O. E.* ful-fyllan (*For* ful, *s.* fulls), *Mdl. E.* fulfille, *Mdn. E.* fulfill; *O. H. G.* ir-fullen (*For* ir, *s.* us), *M. H. G.* ervüllen, *to fill, complete, fulfill, N. H. G.* erfüllen, *to fulfill.—Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

fullnan, *w. v., to be full, be filled, w. gen. of th.;* Lu. 2, 40. Col. 1, 9; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Eph. 3, 19; *or* in *w. dat.;* Eph. 5, 18. — *Compd.* (a) ga-f., *th. s.;* Mk. 4, 37. Lu. 8, 23; *w. gen.;* Lu. 1, 41. 67. (b) us-f., *to be filled, be fulfilled, be accomplished;* Mt. 8, 17. Mk. 14, 49. Lu. 1, 23. 57. Jo. 12, 38. Skeir. IV, a; *w. a follg. gen.;* II Tim. 1, 4.—*From* fulls, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

fullô, *f., fullness;* Mt. 9, 16. Mk. 2, 21. Rom. 11, 12. 25. I Cor. 10, 26. 28. Eph. 1, 23. 3, 19. 4, 13. Col. 1, 19.—*From* fulls, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

fulls, *adj.,* (122, *n.* 1), *full, a dependent subst. being found in gen.;* Mk. 8, 19. 20. Lu. 4, 1. 28. 5, 12. 26. 6, 11. 16, 20. Jo. 12, 3. Skeir. VII, c; *perfect;* Eph. 4, 13; *catholic;* Cal. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* full, *O. S.* full, *O. H. G.* fol(ll), *M. H. G.* vol(ll), *N. H. G.* voll, *adj., full. Der.: M. H. G.* vül-sel, *N. H. G.* füllsel (*For* -sel, *s,* sêls), *n., stuffing.—N. H. G.* voll-kommen, *adj., complete, perfect, entire, refers to M. H. G.* vol-kumen, *adj., accomplished, full-grown, complete; it is prop. the pret. partic. of* volkumen, *to come to an end, accomplish. The* ll *of* 'full' *answers to Indg.* ln; *comp. Lt.* plênus, *full, prop. an old partic. in* no-, *from root* plê, *to fill, Gr.* πλη *in* πλήρης, *adj., full, Skr.* pur, pra, *to fill;* pûrna, *Zend* parena, *Lith.* pilnas, *O. Bulg.* plŭnŭ, *O. Ir.* lán (*for* pláno-), *full. To the Lt.* plenus *refers the Vulg. Lt.* plenarius, *entire, complete. whence O. Fr.* plenier, *whence Mdl. E.* plenêr, *Mdn. E.* plenary (*with* -ary *for* ar); *and Lt.* pleni-tudo, *fullness, whence Fr.* plenitude, *whence Mdn. E.* pleni-tude; *and Lt.* plenitas, *fullness, stem* plenitat-, *whence O. Fr.* plentê, *whence Mdl. E.* plentê, *Mdn. E.* plenty (*Der.* plenteous, *Mdl. E.* plenteus, *from O. Fr.* plenteus *for* plentivos, *from* plentif, *from Vulg. Lt.* plenitivus); *and Vulg. Lt.* *plenire, *whence O. Fr.* plenir, *and* (*with the Lt. pref.* re- *denoting* 'return, re-

petition', *etc.*) replenir, *to fill up, whence Mdn. E.* replenish (-ish, *from Mdl. E.* -ish, -isc= *Fr.* -iss *for* -isc, *from Lt.* -isc). *The Latin root* plê *occurs further in* plêre, *to fill, fulfill, and its compounds; as,* complere (com *for* con=cum, *with*), *to fill up, Mdl. Lt.* complere, *to do one's duty, whence O. Fr.* complir (*whence* ac-complir, *to complete, whence Mdl. E.* ac-complisse, *Mdn. E.* accomplish; ac *for* ad, *by assimilation,=Lt.* ad, *to; for* -ish, *s. above; comp. also Br.*, accomplir), *to fulfill, comply with, whence Mdl. E.* complie, *Mdn. E.* comply; *pret. partic.* completus, *whence Mdn. E.* complete, *and Vulg. Lt.* completa, *subst.* (*prop. f. of* completus), *that which completes, whence O. Fr.* complie, *whence Mdl. E.* complie (*for which the Mdn. E. formation* compline), *M. H. G.* complêt, complête, *N. H. G.* complêt(e), *compline, lit. that which completes and closes the religious service of the day; and Lt.* complimentum (*w. suff.* -mentum), *whence Fr.* compliment, *whence Mdn. E.* compliment, complement *coming directly from the Lt.* complementum, *that which fills, complement, and N. H. G.* compliment, *th. s.;*—de-plere (de, *from, away from*), *to empty out, draw off, pret. partic.* depletus, *whence Mdn. E.* depletion;—ex-plere (ex, *out, utterly, completely*), *to fill up, fill,* complete, *pret. partic.* expletus, *whence* expletio (*gen.* -onis), *a satisfying, and* expletious, *serving to fill out, whence Mdn. E.* expletion *and* expletive, *respectively;*—im-plere (im *for* in, *by assimilation*), *to fill up, fill, whence* implementum, *a filling up, whence Mdn. E.* implement, *that which fills up or accomplishes;*—replêre (re-, *again*), *to fill again, fill up, complete, pret. partic.* replêtus, *filled up, whence Fr.* replet, *full, whence Mdn. E.* replete (*the spelling* -ete *prob. being due to that of* complete; *s. above*);—sup-plere (sup *for* sub, *by assimilation, under*), *to fill up, complete, whence Fr.* suppléer, *to supply, whence Mdn. E.* supply (*formed in* imitation *of* comply, imply, *etc.; s. above*); *further* supplementum (*with suff.* -mentum), *supply, whence Fr.* supplément, *whence Mdn. E.* supplement.—*Comp.* fulljan, fullnan, fulla-tôjis, *and prec. w.; also* filu.]

fûls, *adj.* (15), *foul;* fûls ist, *he stinketh* (ὄζει); Jo. 11, 39. [*Cf. O. E.* fûl, *Mdl. E.* fûl, foul, *Mdn. E.* foul, *O. N.* fûll, *adj., putrid, foul, O. H. G.* fûl, *M. H. G.* vûl, *N. H. G.* faul, *adj., putrid, rotten, foul, lazy, sluggish. From root* fû (*the* -l- *being suff.*) *appearing also in O. N.* fûinn, *rotten, prop. pret. partic. of a v.*

contained in the factitive feyja, *to cause to decay. Der.* fûlian (*without uml.*), *trans., to decay, rot,* fŷlan, be-fŷlan (*with* i-*uml. of* û), *trans., to make foul, pollute, Mdl. E.* fûle *and* fŷle, be-fîle, *to make foul, pollute, decay, Mdn. E.* foul, be-foul, *but* de-file, *th. s.* (de *for* be, *by influence of the numerous verbs with Lt.* de), *O. H. G.* fûlôn (*also* fûlên), *to decay, rot, be lazy, M. H. G.* vûlen, *to decay, rot, be lazy,* viulen, *to make, foul, N. H. G.* faulen, *to decay, rot,* fäulen, *to cause to rot, putrefy; O. E.* fŷlð (=*Goth.* *fûliþa), *f. Mdl. E.* fîlth, *Mdn. E.* filth; *M. H. G.* vûl-heit (*for* -heit, *s.* haidus), *f., rottenness, laziness, N. H. G.* faulheit, *f., laziness, idleness; M. H. G.* vûl-ezen, *to have a putrid taste, also to be idle, be lazy, but M. H. G.* faul-enzen (-enzen *refers to Lt.* -entia *of abstr.*), *to have a putrid taste or smell, to lounge, be lazy. Germanic root* fŭ, *contained also in Eff.* fott, *f.*, '*podex*', *in N. H. G.* -fott *in* hundsfott, *m., scoundrel, cowardly rascal, prop.* '*cunnus canis*', *answers to Idg.* pŭ in *Lt.* pûs, *gen.* pû-ris, *matter, whence Mdn. E.* pus, *matter, and Lt.* purulentus, *adj., mattery, whence Fr.* purulent, *whence Mdn. E.* purulent, *th. s.; further in Lt.* pŭter (pût-êre, *to stink*), *gen.* putr-i-s, *adj., rotten, whence* putridus, *stinking, whence Fr.* putride, *whence Mdn. E.* putrid; *stem* putri- *appears as putre- in Lt.* putre-facere, *to render putrid,* putre-fieri, *to become putrid, whence Fr.* putréfier, *whence Mdn. E.* putrefy. *Comp. also Gr.* πύον, pus, πύθ-ειν, *to putrefy; Skr. and Zd. root* pû, *to stink, rot.*]

funisks, *adj., fiery;* Eph. 6, 16.—*From* fôn, *q. v.*

Fygaílus, *pr. n.,* Φύγελος; II Tim. 1, 15.

Fynikiska, *f., prop. a weak adj., Phenecian;* Mk. 7, 26. [*Formed from the Gr.* Φοινίκισσα, *by means of the Germanic suff.* i-sko=*E.* -ish, *G.* isch.]

G.

Ga-, *inseparable particle prefixed to v., subst., adj., and adv.; occasionally folld. by the particles* -u, -uh(-h), þau, *and is sometimes doubled. In signification, it originally designated* '*a being or bringing together*', *as in* ga-gaggan, ga-lisan, ga-baíran, ga-baúr, ga-ligri. *It is used collectively in* ga-juk, ga-skôhi, *etc. Sometimes it renders our Engl.* "*fellow-*", *as in* ga-arbja, ga-skalki, *etc. As an intensive particle it occurs in* ga-brannjan, ga-waldan, ga-fraujinôn, *etc. With an in-*

choative force it appears in ga-haban, ga-slêpan, *etc., and in the present tense it often has a future sense, while it gives to the pret. the force of the Gr. aorist. Some compound verbs w.* ga- *do not, or but slightly, differ from the corresponding simple verbs in consequence of which the latter have occasionally crowded out the former.— For more elaborate remarks on the signification of* ga, *s. Bernh., Glossary.— Concerning the proper formation of a certain class of subst. w.* ga-, *s. von Bader, Verbalabstracta, p. 200.; for the sake of convenience, I mostly refer to their bare components.* [*Cf. O. E.* ȝe-, *Mdl. E.* ȝe-, i-, *Mdn. E.* -i- (*as in* handiwork, *Mdl. E.* handiwork handewerk, *O. E.* hand-ȝe-weorc, *n., hand-work*), e- (*in* enough, *Mdl. E.* inôh, *O. E.* ȝenôg (h); *s.* ganôhs), *O. S.* gi-, *O. H. G.* gi-, ga-, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* ge-, g- (*as in* glauben, *etc.; s.* laubjan.) *In O. and Mdl. E., as well as in G., this pref. was also used with v., especially in participial formations.*]

ga-aggweins, *f., constraint, restraint;* Skeir. I, c. d.—*From* ga-aggwjan, *q. v.*

ga-arbja, *m., fellow-heir;* Eph. 3, 6.—*Comp.* arbja, ga.

Gabaa, *pr. n., Γαβαά;* Ezra 2, 26.

Gabaír, *pr. n., Γαβέρ, gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 20.

ga-baírhteins, *f., a making bright, a manifestation;* II Tim. 1, 10.—*From* ga-baírhtjan, *q. v.*

ga-baúr, *m., a festive meal;* Rom. 13, 13. Gal. 5, 21.—*Comp.* *baúr, ga. *Originally identical with follg. w.*

ga-baúr, *n., a collection of money;* I Cor. 16, 1. 2; *tribute;* Rom. 13, 7.—*Comp.* *baúr, ga, *and prec. w.*

ga-baúrgja, *m., fellow-citizen;* Eph. 2, 19.—*Comp.* baúrgja, ga.

ga-baúrjaba, *adv., gladly, willingly;* Mk. 6, 20. 12, 37. 14, 65. II Cor. 12, 9. Phil. 14, gloss;—*Comp.* *baúrjaba, ga.

ga-baúrjôþus, *m., pleasure;* Lu. 8, 14.—*Comp.* *baúrjôþus, ga.

ga-baúrþi-waúrda, *n. plur., genealogy;* I Tim. 1, 4.—*From stem of* gabaúrþs *and* waúrd, *q. v.*

ga-baúrþs, *f.* (103), *birth;* Lu. 1, 14. Jo. 9, 1. Skeir. II, b; mêl gabaúrþais, *birthday;* Mk. 6, 21; barnê gabaúrþs, *child-bearing;* I Tim. 2, 15; *birth, descent;* Mk. 7, 26; *native country;* Mk. 6, 4. Lu. 4, 23. 24; *generation;* Mk. 8, 38; *nature* (*φύσις*): us gabaúrþai astôs, *natural branches;* Rom. 11, 21.—*Comp.* *baúrþs, ga, *and prec. w.*

gabei, *f.* (34), *riches;* Mk. 4, 19. Lu. 8, 14. Rom. 9, 23. 11, 12. 33. II Cor. 8, 2. Eph. 1, 7. 18. 2, 7. 3, 8. 16. Col. 1, 27; *reconciliation;* Rom. 11, 15.

—*Allied to* giba, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

gabeigs, *s.* **gabigs.**

gabigaba, *adv., richly;* Col. 3, 16. —*From* gabigs, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

gabigjan, *w. v. w. acc., to enrich;* II Cor. 6, 10.—*From* gabigs, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

gabignan, *w. v., to be rich;* Lu. 1, 53. II Cor. 9, 11.—*From* gabigs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

gabigs (gabeigs), *adj., rich;* Mt. 27, 57. Mk. 10, 25. Lu. 6, 24. 14, 12. 16, 1. 21. 18, 23. 25; *w.* waírþan; I Cor. 4, 8. II Cor. 8, 9. I Tim. 6, 9; *folld. by* in *w. dat. of th.;* Eph. 2, 4; *or* in *w. acc. of pers.: rich towards, i. e. giving richly to;* Rom. 10, 12. [*From root of* giban (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ga-, *Indg.* -*ко-*, *comp. Skr.* ǐ-kan-, *Gr.* -*ι-κος*, *Lt.* -ĭ-cus, *the* i *being connecting vowel.—Comp.* gabei *and prec. w.*]

ga-binda, *f., band, bond;* Col. 2, 19. 3, 14.—*Comp.* *binda, ga.

ga-bleiþeins, *f., mercy, pity;* Phil. 2. 1.—*From* ga-bleiþjan, *q. v.*

Gabriêl, *pr. n.,* Γαβριήλ; Lu. 1, 19. 26.

ga-bruka, *f.* (33, *n.* 1,) *a broken bit, fragment;* Mk. 8, 8. 19. 20. Lu. 9, 17. Jo. 6, 13. Skeir. VII, d.—*Comp.* *bruka, ga.

ga-bundi, *f., bond;* Eph. 4, 3.—*Comp.* *bundi, ga.

ga-daila, *m., partaker;* Eph. 3, 6. 5, 7. I Cor. 9, 23. II Cor. 1, 7. I Tim. 6, 2; *partner;* Lu. 5, 10. I Cor. 10, 20.—*Comp.* *daila, ga.

ga-dauka, *m., household;* I Cor. 1, 16.—*Comp.* *dauka, ga.

Gaddarênus, *pr. n.,* Γαδαρηνός, *gen. plur.* -ê; Mk. 5, 1. Lu. 8, 26. 37.

ga-dêþs (d), *f.;* sunivê gadêþs, *adoption of sons;* Eph. 1, 5.—*Comp.* dêþs, ga.

ga-digans, *adj., made of earth;* I Tim. 2, 13. — *Prop. pret. partic. of* gadeigan; *s.* deigan, *also follg. w.*

ga-digis, *n., a thing formed, a creature;* Rom. 9, 20.—*Comp.* *digis, ga; *also prec. w.*

gadiliggs, *m., a sister's son, a relative, a cousin;* Col. 4, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* gædeling, *m., Mdl. E.* gadling, *companion, participator, accomplice, O. S.* gaduling, *countryman, kinsman, O. H. G.* gatuling, *m., cousin; allied to O. E.* gada, ȝe-gada, *m., companion, Mdl. E.* igade, *companion, O. S.* gigado, *one's equal, M. H. G.* gate, gegate, *companion, one's equal, spouse* (*rare*), *N. H. G.* gatte, *m., spouse, husband, consort, and M. H. G.* gaten, *to come together, unite, N. H. G.* gatten, sich gatten, *to join, couple, match; also O. E.* geador *and* tô-gædere, *Mdl. E.* tô-gæder, tô-gader, al tô-gader (*For* al-, *s.* alls), *Mdn. E.* together, altogether, *M. H. G.* (*prop. L. G.*) gater, *together, whence, respectively, O. E.* gædrian, *Mdl. E.* gædre, gædere, *Mdn. E.*

gather, *M. H. G.* (*prop. L. G.*) ver-gatern, *N. H. G.* vergattern, *to assemble; comp. also O. H. G.* geti-lôs, *M. H. G.* gete-lôs (lôs=*Goth.* laus, *q. v.*), *wanton, loose. Allied to* gôþs, *good, q. v.*]

ga-dôfs, *adj.* (56, *n.* 1; 130, *n.* 2), *becoming, fit, w. dat.;* Eph. 5, 3. I Tim. 2, 10. Tit. 2, 1. Skeir. II, c; *folld. by acc. w. inf.;* Skeir. I, c.—*Allied to* ga-daban, *q. v.*

ga-draúhts, *m., soldier;* Mt. 8, 9. Mk. 15, 16. Lu. 7, 8. Jo. 19, 2. II Tim. 2, 3.—*S.* *draúhts, ga.

ga-fâhs, *m.* (5, b), *a catch, a haul;* Lu. 5, 9.—*From* ga-fâhan, *q. v.*

ga-faúrds, *great council, sanhedrim* (*συνέδριον*); Mk. 14, 55. 15, 1.—*S.* *faúrds, ga.

ga-fáurs, *adj.* (130), *sober, well behaved;* I Tim. 3, 2. 11.—*S.* *fáurs, ga.

ga-fêhaba, *adv., honestly;* I Thess. 4, 12.—*S.* *fêhaba, ga.

ga-fêteins, *f., adornment, apparel;* I Tim 2, 9.—*S.* *fêteins, ga.

ga-filh, *n., burial;* Jo. 12, 7.—*From* ga-filhan, *q. v.*

ga-fraþjei, *f., understanding, sobriety;* I Tim. 2, 15.—*From* *ga-fraþjis; *s.* *fraþjis.

ga-freideins, *f., a sparing, obtaining, possession;* Eph. 1, 14. I Thess. 5, 9.—*Comp.* *freideins, ga.

ga-frijôns, *f., a kiss;* I Thess. 5, 26.—*Comp.* frijôns, ga.

ga-friþôns, *f., reconciliation;* II Cor. 5, 18. 19.—*From* ga-friþôn.

ga-fulgins, *adj., hidden;* Eph. 3, 9. Col. 1, 26. 3, 3; *folld. by* af *w. dat.* Lu. 18, 34; *or* faúra *w. dat.;* Lu. 19, 42.—*Comp.* fulgins *and* ga-filhan.

***gagga,** *m., a goer, in* faúra-gagga.—*Comp. follg. w.*

gaggan, *an. v.* (179, *n.* 3; 207) (*pret.* gaggida, *occurs only once;* Lu. 19, 12, iddja (*q. v.*) *being used in its place*), *to go, go one's way, come, walk; w. a follg. inf. denoting purpose;* Lu. 14, 19. 19, 12. Jo. 12, 18. 14, 2; *folld. by* afar *w. dat., to go after, follow;* Mt. 3, 11. 9, 9. Lu. 15, 4. Skeir. III, d; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Lu. 14, 31. Jo. 6, 19. 21; *or* bi *w. dat.;* Mk. 7, 5. Rom. 8, 1. 4. 14, 15. II Cor. 10, 2; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 38. 45. Jo. 11, 15. Skeir. IV, a; *or* faírra *w. dat.;* Mt. 25, 41; *or* faúra *w. dat.;* Jo. 10, 4; *or* fram *w. dat.* (garda *being implied*); Lu. 8, 49; *or* hindar *w. acc.;* Mk. 8, 33; *or* in *w. dat.;* Jo. 7, 1. 8, 12; *or in w. acc.;* Mt. 6, 6. 9, 6. Mk. 5, 34; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Mt. 5, 41. Lu. 2, 51. 7, 6; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* Mk. 9, 30. Lu. 6, 1; *w. adv.; as,* fram; Lu. 19, 28; inna; II Cor. 6, 16, *etc.*—*Compds.* (a) af-g., *to go away, depart;* Mt. 11, 7; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 5, 2; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Lu. 9, 10; *or* faírra *w. dat.;* Lu. 2, 37; *or* in *w. acc.;*

Jo. 6, 15. (b) afar-g., *to go after, follow;* Phil. 3, 12. 14. I Tim. 5, 24; *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 23; *folld. by* miþ *w. dat., to follow;* Mk. 5, 37. (c) ana-g., *to come after, be future;* Eph. 2, 7. (d) at-g., *to go to, come;* Mt. 5, 24. 9, 15. Mk. 2, 18. Lu. 3, 7. 14, 10; *folld. by a dependent inf.;* Lu. 5, 7; *or* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 17, 7; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 10. Lu. 1, 35; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mt. 25, 39. Mk. 5, 15. 6, 25. Lu. 9, 12; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 3, 20. 11, 15. Lu. 1, 9. 8, 23; *or* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 9, 54; *w. adv.; as,* inn; Mt. 9, 25. Mk. 6, 22. I Cor. 14, 23; aftana; Mk. 5, 27, *etc.* (e) du-at-g., *to go or come to;* Mt. 8, 19. 9, 20. Mk. 10, 2. Lu. 7, 14. 8, 24; *w. dat. of pers.;* Mt. 8, 5. 9, 28. 26, 69. (f)inn-at-g., *to enter, enter into, go or come into;* Mk. 4, 19. 5, 39. Lu. 14, 23. I Cor. 14, 24; *folld. by* fram *w. dat.;* Lu. 7, 45; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 5. 23. 27, 53. (g) faúra-g., *to go before;* Mk. 11, 19; *folld. by* faúra *w. dat. and a dependent inf. w. dat.: to rule over, rule;* I Tim. 3, 4. 5. 12. (h) faúr-g., *to go by, pass by;* Mk. 11, 20. 15, 29. Lu. 18, 36. 39. (i) faúr-bi-g. *w. acc., to go before;* Mk. 10, 32; *and* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 16, 7. (j) ga-g., *to come together, gather together; folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 6, 30. Lu. 8, 4; gag. sik, *th. s.;* Mk. 3, 20; gag. miþ *w. dat., to come together with;* Jo. 18, 2; samaþ gag., *to come together;* I Cor. 5, 4.—*Trop., to come to pass, to turn;* Mk. 11, 23. Phil. 1, 19. (k)inn-g., *to go in, to enter;* Lu. 8, 16. 19, 30; *folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 5, 18. 7, 15. 18. 11, 2. Lu. 10, 5. 10. 17, 12; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* Mt. 7, 13. Jo. 10, 2. 9; *or* uf *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 8. Lu. 7, 6; inng. framis, *to go on;* Mk. 1, 19. (l) miþ-g. *w. dat., to go with, come with;* Mk. 15, 41. Lu. 7, 11. 14, 25. (m) þaírh-g., *to go through, come through, pass by;* Lu. 18, 37. Jo. 9, 1; *w. acc.;* I Cor. 10, 1. 16, 5; *to pierce through;* Lu. 2, 35; *to go round, wander about;* I Tim. 5, 13; *folld. by* and *w. acc.;* Lu. 9, 6. 19, 4; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* Mk. 2, 23. Lu. 17, 11; *or* und *w. acc.;* Lu. 2, 15. (n)ufar-g., *to go too far, go beyond;* I Thess. 4, 6; *w. acc., to transgress;* Lu. 15, 29. Skeir. I, c. (o) us-g., *to go out, come out, go forth, go up, come up;* Mt. 8, 32. 11, 8. Mk. 1, 35. 14, 16. Lu. 4, 36; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mk. 16, 8. Lu. 4, 41. 6, 19; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Mt. 11, 7. Lu. 8, 27. Jo. 6, 3; *or* and *w. acc.;* Mt. 9, 26. Mk. 1, 28. Lu. 7, 17; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 5; *or* faírra *w. dat.;* Lu. 5, 8; *or* fram *w. dat.;* Jo. 16, 28; *or* in *w. dat.;* Mk. 7, 19; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 26, 71. Mk. 8, 27. Gal. 2, 1; *or* ufar *w. acc.;* Jo. 18, 1; *or* us *w. dat.;*

Mt. 27, 53. Mk. 1. 10. 26; *or* ût us *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 25. 11, 19; *or* wiþra *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 34; *w. a dependent inf.;* Mt. 11, 7. 8. 9. Mk. 3, 21; *w. the adv.* ût; Mt. 26, 75. Jo. 18, 4. 16. (p) ût-g., *to go out, come out;* Mk. 7, 15. Jo. 10, 9. (q) wiþra-g. *w. acc., to go to meet;* Jo. 11, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* gongan, gangan, *pret.* geong *and* gengde (*beside* eode; *s.* iddja), *Mdl. E.* gonge, gange, *O. N.* ganga, *O. S.* gangan, *O. H. G.* gangan (*pret.* giang) *M. H. G.* gangen, (*pret.*) gienc, *N. H. G.* (*pret.*) gieng, (*pret. partic.*) gegangen. *In the Germanic, especially West Germanic, dialects many forms of the v.* 'gangan' *have been superseded by the corresponding forms of a v. derived from root* 'i', *to go; s.* iddja. *For further examples w. root* gang, *s.* gaggs, -gâhts; *also prec. and follg. w.*]

***gaggi,** *n., in* faúra-gaggi.—*From root of* gaggan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp. follg. w.*

***gaggja,** *m., in* faúra-gaggja—*From stem* *gaggjan-, *from* *gaggja-. *S. prec. and follg. w.*

gaggs, *m., street, way;* Mk. 6, 56. 11, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* gong, gang, *m., a going, track, foot-print, flow, stream, Mdl. E.* gang, gong, *a going, walk, journey, Mdn. E.* gang, *a number going in company, hence a company, etc., the original meaning being preserved in* gang-board, gang-week, gangway, gang-days (*O. E.* gang-dagas, *m.*), *O. N.* gangr, *O. S.* gang, *O. H. G.* gang, *M. H. G.* ganc (g), *N. H. G.* gang, *m., going, walk, passage, etc.—From* gaggan, *q. v. Comp. also the kindred Skr.* jaṅghâ, *f., leg, foot.*]

ga-grêfts, *f., decree;* Lu. 2, 1; *in* gagreiftai (*for* gagrêftai?), wisan, *to be present* (*προκεῖσθαι*); II Cor. 8, 12.—*Comp.* *grêfts, ga.

ga-gudaba, *adv., godly, piously;* II Tim. 3, 12.—*From* gaguþs, *q. v. Comp. also follg. w.*

ga-gudei, *f.* (113, *n.* 2)*; piety, godliness;* I Tim. 2, 2. 3, 16. 4, 7. 8. 6, 3. 5. 6. 11. II Tim. 3, 5. Tit. 1, 1. Skeir. I, c.—*From* ga-guþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ga-guþs, *adj., pious, godly, honorable;* Mk. 15, 43.—*Comp.* guþ, ga, *and the prec. der.*

ga-hâhjô, *adv., in order, connectedly;* Lu. 1, 3.—*From a lost adj., allied to* hâhan, *q. v.*

ga-hails, *adj., whole;* I Thess. 5, 23.—*Comp.* hails, ga.

ga-hait, *n., promise;* Rom. 9, 4. 8. 15, 8. Eph. 2, 12.—*From* ga-haitan, *q. v.*

ga-hauseins, *f., hearing;* Rom. 10, 17. Gal. 3, 2. 5.—*From* ga-hausjan, *q. v. Comp.* hauseins.

ga-hlaiba, *m., partaker of one's bread, messmate; hence a fellow-disciple;* Jo. 11, 16; *fellow-soldier;* Phil. 2, 25. Neap. Doc. [*From a lost adj.*

formed from hlaifs *and pref.* ga-, *q. v. Comp. O. H. G.* ga-leipo, *m., companion. Similar formations are Mdn. E.* companion, *Mdl. E.* compainoun, *N. H. G.* kumpân, *M. H. G.* kumpân, kompân, *m., from O. Fr.* compaignôn, compaign, companion, *from Mdl. Lt.* companium (*from* con=cum, *with, and* panis, *bread*), *fellowship, a mess; also O. H. G.* gimazzo (mazzo *from* maz, *food; s.* mats), *companion; N. H. G.* genosse (*s.* niutan); geselle (*s.* saljan). *Comp.* gajuka, gasinþja.]

ga-hôbains, *f., continence, temperance;* Gal. 5, 23.—*An abstr. to* ga-haban (*q. v.*), *but with* ô *for* a. *Comp.* *hôbains.

ga-hraineins, *f., a cleansing;* Mk. 1, 44. Lu. 5, 14.—*From* ga-hrainjan, *q. v. Comp.* hraineins.

-gâhts, *f.* (5, b), *a going, in* fram-, inn-at-gâhts, *subst., and in* un-at-gâhts, *adj.*—*From stem* *gâhti- *for* *ganhti-, *from* gangan (*q. v.*) *and suffix* -ti. *Comp.* gaggs.

ga-hugds, *f.* (81, *n.* 1; 103), *thought, mind, heart;* Mk. 12, 30. Lu. 1, 51. 10, 27. Rom. 7, 25. Eph. 4, 18. Phil. 2, 3. Col. 1, 21; *conscience;* I Cor. 8, 12. 10, 27. I Tim. 3, 9. II Tim. 1, 3.—*Comp.* *hugds, ga.

ga-hvaírbs, *adj., pliant, obedient;* Skeir. VI, d.—*From* *ga-hvaírban; *s.* hvaírban.

ga-hveilains, *f., a staying for a while, rest;* II Cor. 2, 13. 7, 5. —*From* ga-hveilan, *q. v.*

gaíaínna, *m.?, Gehenna;* Mt. 5, 22. 29. 30. 10, 28. Mk. 9, 43. 45. 47. [*It is the Gr.* γέεννα, *hell.*]

gaidw, *n., want, lack;* II Cor. 9, 12. Phil. 2, 30. Col. 1, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* gâd, *n., want, desire. From root* gaid, gǐd. *Comp. Lith.* geidu (geisti), *to desire, O. H. G. M. H. G.* gît, *m., avidity, covetousness, avarice; O. H. G.* gîtag, *M. H. G.* gîtec, *adj., covetous, avaricious; M. H. G.* gîten, *to be greedy, be avaricious, to covet; and O. E.* gîtsian, *to desire, covet, Mdl. E.* gîtse, gîsce, *to covet; O. E.* gîtsere, *m., Mdl. E.* gîtser, gîscer, *a miser; O. E.* gîtsung, *f., Mdl. E.* gîtsung, gîssung, gîssing, *avarice; M. H. G.* gîtsen (gîzen), *N. H. G.* geizen, *to be greedy, be avaricious, to covet, whence N. H. G.* geiz, *m., avarice. Root* gǐd, gaid, *seems to be extended from* gǐ, gai;—*s.* *geigan.]

gailjan, *w. v., to make glad;* II Cor. 2, 2. [*From* *gails; *cf. O. E.* gâl, *Mdl. E.* gâl, gǫ̂l, *adj., proud, wanton, and O. E.* gâl, *n., pride, O. S.* gêl, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* geil, *adj., proud, gay, wanton, N. H. G.* geil, *adj., lascivious, lewd, proud, etc.*]

Gaina, *pr. n.* (21, *n.* 1; 65, *n.* 1).

Gaínnêsaraíþ, *pr. n.* (23), Γεννησαρέθ; Lu. 5, 1.

gaírda, *f., girdle;* Mk. 1, 6. 6, 8.

[*From Germanic root* gerd; *s.* gards. *Cf. O. N.* gjörð, *f., girdle, girth, beside* gerð, *f., girth, whence Mdl. E.* gerð, *Mdn. E.* girth. *S. follg. w.*]

***gaírdan,** *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *in* (a) bi-g., *to begird, gird one's self;* Lu. 17, 8. (b) uf-g., *to gird about;* Eph. 6, 14. [*Allied to O. E.* gyrdan, *w. v., Mdl. E.* girde, *Mdn. E.* gird, *O. S.* gurdian, *O. H. G.* gurten, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* gür-ten, *to gird. —Der. M. H. G.* gurt *in* über-, umbe-, under-gurt, *N. H. G.* gurt, *m., girdle. Further* (*w. Germanic suff.* -ila) *O. E.* gyrdel, *m., Mdl. E.* girdel, *Mdn. E.* girdle, *O. H. G.* gurtel, *m.,* gurtila, *f., M. H. G.* gürtel, *m. f., N. H. G.* gürtel, *m., girdle. Comp. prec. w.*]

Gaírgaísainê, *pr. n. in gen. pl.,* Γεργεσηνῶν; Mt. 8, 28.

gaírnei, *f., desire;* II Cor. 7, 7. 11. 8, 19. 9, 2.—*From* *gaírns, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

gaírnjan, *w. v., to covet, yearn for, long for, desire, lust, wish;* Rom. 7, 7; *w. a dependent inf.;* Lu. 8, 20. 15, 16. 16, 21. 17, 22. II Cor. 5, 2. I Thess. 3, 6; *folld. by* wiþra *w. acc.;* Gal. 5, 17; *w. gen.;* II Cor. 9, 14. Phil. 2, 26. I Tim. 3, 1. 6, 10; *to have need of;* Mk. 11, 3. Lu. 19, 31. [*From* *gaírns. *Cf. O. E.* ȝeornian, *Mdl. E.* ȝerne, ȝeorne, *Mdn. E.* yearn, *to long for. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***gaírns,** *adj., desirous, eager, in* faíhu-, seina-gaírns. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝeorn (eo *for* e, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* ȝeorn, ȝern, *desirous, eager, O. E.* ȝeorne, *adv., Mdl. E.* ȝeorne, ȝerne, *eagerly, willingly, O. N.* gjarn, *adj., desirous, O. S.* gern, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* gern, *adj., desirous, eager, O. H. G.* gernô, *adv., M. H. G.* gerne, *N. H. G.* gern, *adv., willingly, gladly, eagerly.—Der.: O. E.* ȝeornfull (*For* full, *s.* fulls), *Mdl. E.* ȝeornful, *Mdn. E.* yearnful (*obs.*). *Germanic* *gerno- *is prop. an old partic. in* no-, *its bare root* ger, *Idg.* gher, *appearing in O. H. G.* ger, giri, *M. H. G.* ger, gir, *adj., desiring —whence O. H. G.* girig, *M. H. G.* girec, *N. H. G.* gierig, *adj., greedy, eager,* begierig, *adj., desirous of, eager, anxious, and O. H. G.* girî, girida, *M. H. G.* gir, ger, girde, *N. H. G.* gier, gierde, *f., desire, eagerness,* be-gier, begierde, *f., desire, lust; and in O. H. G.* gerôn, *M. H. G.* gern, be-gern, *N. H. G.* be-gehren (*For* be-, *s.* bi-), *to desire. Allied to O. H. G. M. H. G.* gîr, *N. H. G.* geier, *m., vulture, lit. one who is greedy* (*of prey*).—*Comp.* gaírnei, gaírnjan.]

gairu, *n.* (20, *n.* 2; 106), *sting;* II Cor. 12, 7 (*gloss in cod. A.*). —*S. Sch., I, 250.*

***gaisjan,** *w. v., to frighten, terrify, in compd.* us-g., *to strike aghast; in pass. to be beside one's self;* Mk. 3, 21. [*Cf. O. E.*

gâ̂san (*from* gâsjan; â̂ *for* â, *by* i-*uml.*), *to excite, terrify, Mdl. E.* a-gâse, *Mdn. E.* agaze (*For the pref.* a-, *s.* us). *The meaning of Mdl. E.* gâse, *Mdn. E.* gaze, *probably developed from the passive forms. Cognate with Mdl. E.* gâste, a-gâste, *to terrify, pret. partic.* agâst, *the shorter form of* agâsted, *whence Mdn. E.* aghast. *All are probably allied to O. E.* gâst, *m., Mdl. E.* gâst, gǫ̂st, *Mdn. E.* ghost, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* geist, *m., spirit, ghost, mind; der.: O. E.* gâ̂stlîc (*For* lîc, *s.* *leiks), *Mdl. E.* gâstliȝ, *spiritual, Mdn. E.* ghostly, *spiritual, pertaining to a ghost* (*but* ghastly, *horrible, dreadful; s. above*), *O. H. G.* geistlîh, *M. H. G.* geistlich, *adj., spiritual, i. e. ecclesiastical, pious; also mental, intellectual, N. H. G.* geistlich, *adj., spiritual, ghostly, ecclesiastical; and M. H. G.* geist-ic, *N. H. G.* geistig, *adj., intellectual, mental* (*For suff.* -ig, *Mdn. E.* -y, *s.* ansteigs). *Comp.* *geisnan.]

gaitein, *n., kid;* Lu. 15, 29. [*From* gaits (*s. follg. w.*) *and the Germanic diminutive suffix* -îna-. *Cf. O. E.* gâ̂ten (*from* *gâtîn, -in, -en), *n., kid. For like formations, s.* swein, qinein.]

gaits, *f., goat;* Neh. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* gât, *m. f., Mdl. E.* gât, gǫ̂t, *Mdn. E.* goat, *O. N.* geit, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* geiȝ, *N. H. G.* geiss, *f., goat. Kindred w. Lt.* haedus, *from a more ancient* ghaidos.—*Comp. prec. w.*]

Gaius, *pr. n.,* Γάϊος; Rom. 16, 23; *acc.* -u; I Cor. 1, 14.

ga-juk, *n., a pair* (*lit. a yoke*); Lu. 2, 24.—*Comp.* juk, ga, *and follg. w.*

ga-juka, *m., a yoke-fellow, companion;* II Cor. 6, 14. [*For like formations, s.* gahlaiba, gasinþja, *and* niutan; *all, probably, from adjectives; s. v. B., p. 200. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

ga-jukô, *n., yoke-fellow;* Phil. 4, 3.—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ga-jukô, *f., that which is yoked or put together for the sake of comparison; hence a parable* (παραβολή); Mk. 3, 23. 4, 10. 30. 34. Lu. 8, 9. Jo. 16, 29.—*Comp. prec. w.*

ga-kunds, ga-kunþs, *f., persuasion;* Gal. 5, 8; *obedience, subjection;* uf gakunþai; *the signification of this passage is not quite clear, it is usually rendered by 'when he began to teach', or by 'under subjection, i. e. subject to his parents';* Lu. 3, 23. —*From* ga-kunnan, *q. v. Comp.* *kunds, *kunþs, *and v. B., p. 71.*

ga-kusts, *f., proof, test;* II Cor. 9, 13.—*From* ga-kiusan, *q. v. Comp.* *kusts.

ga-laista, *m., a follower, companion;* galaista wisan *w. dat., to follow;* Gal. 6, 16. II Tim. 3, 10; galaista waírþan *w. dat.,*

th. s.; Mk. 1, 36.—*For the derivation of words like* ga-laista, *s. remarks under* ga-juka *and* ga-. *Comp.* laists, laistjan.

Galatia, *pr. n., Γαλατία, gen.* -ais; I Cor. 16, 1 (*A has-* ê). Gal. 1, 2; *dat.* -ai; II Tim. 4, 10.

Galateis, *pr. n. in voc. plur., Γαλάται;* Gal. 3, 1; *gen. plur.* Galatiê; I Cor. 16, 1 (*A*); *dat.* -im; Gal. superscr. *and* subscr.

ga-laubeins, *f.* (31; 103, *n.* 1), *belief, faith;* Mt. 9, 22. 29. Eph. 2, 8. 4, 13. Skeir. II, a. c.—*From* ga-laubjan, *q. v. Comp.* ungalaubeins *and follg. w.*

ga-laubeins, *adj., believing, faithful;* Tit. 1, 6. — *Allied to prec. w.*

ga-laufs, *adj.* (56, *n.* 1), *precious, valuable, costly;* Rom. 9, 21. I Cor. 7, 23.—*Allied to* liufs, *q. v. Comp.* ga-lufs.

ga-leika, *m., one of the same body with;* Eph. 3, 6. [*Prop. a weak adj.* (*s.* galeiks). *Cf. O. E.* ȝe-lîca, *Mdl. E.* i-lîke, *as,* mîn ilîke, ðîn ilîke, *my equal, thine equal, etc., O. H. G.* mîn gi-lîhho, *M. H. G.* mîn gelîche, *N. H. G.* meines gleichen, *my equal, etc. Comp. follg. w., and s. remarks under* ga *and* gajuka.]

ga-leiki, *n., likeness;* Rom. 8, 3. Phil. 2, 7.—*From* ga-leiks, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ga-leikô, *adv., like;* wisan galeikô guþa, *to be equal to God;* Phil. 2, 6. [*From* galeiks, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ȝe-lîke, *Mdl. E.* ilîke, *Mdn. E.* like, *O. S.* gi-lîkô, *O. H. G.* gi-lîcho, glîcho, *M. H. G.* g(e)-lîche g(e)lîch, *N. H. G.* gleich, *adv., in like manner, equally, immediately. Comp. prec. w.*]

ga-leiks, *adj., like;* Mk. 7, 8. 13. 14, 70. Rom. 9, 29. Skeir. V, d; *w. dat.;* Mt. 11, 16. Mk. 12, 31. Lu. 6, 47. 48. 49. 7, 31 (*instr.*). 32. Jo. 8, 55. 9, 9. Skeir. I, a. [*From stem* lîka-, *body* (*s.* *leiks *and* leik), *and prefix* ga (*q. v.*), galeiks=*having a like body. Cf. O. E.* ȝe-lîc, *Mdl. E.* i-lîk *and* lîk, *Mdn. E.* like, *O. N.* gelîkr, *O. H. G.* gi-lîh(hh), *M. H. G.* gelîch, *N. H. G.* gleich, *even, straight, like; similarly, O. E.* on-lîc, an-lîc (*the chief accent being on* lîc; *for* an *s.* ana), *like, Mdl. E.* an-, a-lîke, *Mdn. E.* alike (*For O. E.* ân-lîc =*Mdn. E.* only, *s.* ains); *further O. H. G.* eta-lîch, *M. H. G.* etelich, *N. H. G.* etlich (*For* et, *s.* iþ). — *Der.: O. E.* ȝe-lîcnes, *f.*, an-lîcnes (*gen.* -nesse), *f., Mdl. E.* i-lîkness, lîkness, *Mdn. E.* likeness, *O. H. G.* gi-lîhnissa, *f., M. H. G.* ge-lîchnisse, *f. n., likeness, model, simile, parable, N. H. G.* gleichnis, *n., simile, parable, likeness; N. H. G.* gleichsam, *even as if, as it were* (*from* gleich *and* -sam; *for the latter, s.* -sams). —*Here belong also Mdn. E.* each (=y *in* every; *s.* aiw), *Mdl. E.* êlch êch, *O. E.* êlc (*from* â-ȝe-lîc; *for* â, *s.* aiw), *each, O. H. G.*

êo-gi-lîh (êo=*Goth.* aiw), *M. H. G.* iegelich, *N. H. G.* jeglich, *each. Comp.* galeika, hwileiks, swaleiks, *and prec. w.*]

Galeilaia, *pr. n.*, *Γαλιλαία, gen.* as-; Mk. 1, 9. 16. 28; *dat.* -a; Mt. 27, 55. Mk. 1, 14. Skeir. VIII, d; *acc.* -an; Mk. 1, 39. (3, 7; *here* -an *being an error, for* -a). 9, 30.—*Comp. follg. w.*

Galeilaius, *pr. n.*, *Γαλιλαῖος, dat.* -au; Mt. 26, 69; *gen. plur.* -ê; Mk. 7, 31. Jo. 6, 1. 12, 21.—*Comp. prec. w.*

galga, *m.*, *cross;* Mt. 10, 38. 27, 42. I Cor. 1, 17. 18. [*Cf. O. E.* gealga (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m.*, *gallows, cross, Mdl E.* galhe, galwe (w *from* gh, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* gallows (*plur.*), *O. S.* galgo, *gallows, cross, O. H. G.* galgo, *M. H. G.* galge, *gallows, cross, frame of a draw-well for suspending a pail, N. H. G.* galgen (*the* n *from the oblique cases*) *m.*, *gallows. Germanic* galgan- *answers to pre-Germanic* ghalgha-; *comp. Lith.* zalga, *f.*, *pole, rod.*]

ga-ligri, *n.* (95), *consummation of marriage;* Rom. 9, 10.—*From stem* ga-ligrja, *the second component being an extension of* ligra-; *s.* ligrs, *also* ga.

ga-liug, *n.*, *a lie;* galiug weitwôdjan, *to bear false witness;* Mk. 14, 56. 57; galiug taujan, *to falsify;* II Cor. 4, 2; *idol;* I Cor. 10, 19. 28. II Cor. 6, 16; galiugê staþs, *temple of idols;* I Cor. 8, 10; galiugam skalkinônds, *one who serves idols, an idolater;* I Cor. 5, 10. 11.—*Prop. a neuter adj. used as subst., to* liugan, *q. v. Comp.* liugn *and follg. w., and v. B., p. 202.*

ga-liuga-apaústaúlus, *m.*, *false apostle;* II Cor. 11, 13.—*From stem of* galiug *and* apaústaúlus, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ga-liuga-brôþar, *m.*, *a false brother;* II Cor. 11, 26. Gal. 2, 4.—*From stem of* galiug *and* brôþar, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ga-liuga-guþ, *n.*, *a false god, an idol;* I Cor. 8, 10. 10, 19. 20; galiugagudê skalkinassus, *idolatry;* Gal. 5, 20. Eph. 5, 5. Col. 3, 5.—*From stem of* galiug *and* guþ, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ga-liuga-praúfêtus, *a false prophet;* Mk. 13, 22. Lu. 6, 26.—*From stem of* galiug *and* praúfêtus, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

galiuga-weitwôþs, *m.*, *a false witness;* Mk. 10, 19. Lu. 18, 20. I Cor. 15, 15.—*From stem of* galiug *and* weitwôþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

galiuga-χristus, *m.*, *a false Christ;* Mk. 13, 22.—*From stem of* galiug *and* χristus, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ga-lufs, *adj.*, *valuable, costly;* I Tim. 2, 9. [*Cf. O. S.* ge-luf, *O. H. G.* gi-lob, *precious. Allied*

to liufs, *q. v. Comp.* ga-laufs.]

ga-maindûþs, *f.* (103), *communion, fellowship;* I Cor. 10, 16. II Cor. 6, 14. 9, 13. Phil. 2, 1. 3, 10. [*From stem of* gamains (*q. v.*) *and suff.* dûþi, *from* -dû *and* -þi, *Lt.* tût-i *in* vir-tût-i-, senec-tût-i-; *here the suff. was attached to subst., but in Germanic to adj.—Comp. follg. w.*]

ga-mainei, *f., communion, fellowship, participation;* II Cor. 8, 4. Gal. 2, 9. [*From* gamains, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* gi-meinî, *M. H. G.* gemeine, *f., communion, participation. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

ga-mainja, *m., partaker;* I Tim. 5, 22.—*Prop. the weak form of* gamains (*q. v.*) *used as subst; Comp. prec. w.*

ga-mains, *adj.* (130), *common;* Tit. 1, 4. Skeir. I, a; *unclean;* Mk. 7, 2. Rom. 14, 14; gamain briggan, *to communicate with;* Phil. 4, 14; *w. dat.: pertaining of;* Rom. 11, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝemǽne (æ=i-*uml. of* â=*Goth.* ai), *Mdl. E.* i-mǽn, mǽn, *Mdn. E.* mean, *O. H. G.* gi-meini, *M. H. G.* ge-meine, *N. H. G.* gemein, *common; allied to Lt.* com-mûnis (*for* com-moinis; com *for* con=cum, *with; concerning* û *from* oi=*Goth.* ai, *s.* ains), *common, ordinary, general, whence O. Fr.* commûn, *whence Mdl. E.* commûn, commoun, *Mdn. E.* common; *and Lt.* communicare, *to communicate, whence O. Fr. communier, whence Mdl. E.* comûne, *Mdn. E.* commune; *and Lt.* communi-tas, *stem* communitât-, *whence O. Fr.* communitê, *whence Mdl. E.* comunetê, *Mdn. E.* community; *and Lt.* communio, *mutual participation, church communion, the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, whence Mdn. E.* communion, *with the usual* n *of the oblique cases, N. H. G.* communion, *f., th. s.; to the Latin participial stem* communicat-, *compd.* excommunicat- (ex, *out*), *refers Mdn. E.* communicate, *compd.* excommunicate, *while the N. H. G.* communicieren, excommunicieren *refer to the Lt. inf.* (-ieren, -iren *being uniformly used for any Lt. inf. termination*).—*Comp.* gamainei, gamainja, *mainjan, *and follg. w.*]

ga-mainþs, *f., assembly;* Neh. 5, 13. [*From stem of* gamains (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þi. *Allied to O. H. G.* gi-meinida, *M. H. G.* gemeinde, *f., community, N. H. G.* gemeinde, *f., community, parish, congregation. Comp.* gamain-dûþs.]

ga-maitanô, *f., concision;* Phil. 3, 2.—*Prop. pret. partic., with* þiuda *understood* (*S. Bernh., gloss.*). *Comp.* maitan.

ga-maiþs, *adj.* (74, *n.* 2), *fragile, weak, bruised;* Lu. 4, 19; *maimed;* Lu. 14, 13. 21. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝe-mâd (â *from Germanic* ai), ȝe-mǽd, *weak* (*with reference to the mind, while the*

Gothic gamaiþs *applies to bodily weakness*), *foolish, Mdl. E.* mâd, i-mæd, i-mædd, *Mdn. E.* mad, *O. S.* gemêd, *foolish, O. H. G.* kameit, *dull, foolish, M. H. G.* gemeit, *jolly, merry, elegant; s. L.*, gemeit. *Comp.* *maiþs, maidjan.]

ga-malteins, *f., a dissolving; hence departure, death;* II Tim. 4, 6; *gloss to* diswiss, *q. v.* —*From* *ga-maltjan; *s.* *malteins.

ga-man, *n., a fellow-man, companion, partner;* Lu. 5, 7. II Cor. 8, 23. Philem. 17; *communion* (*κοινωνία*); II Cor. 13, 13.—*Comp.* manna, ga, *and v. B., p. 201.*

ga-markô, *f., having the same boundary with; hence neighboring to, answering to;* Gal. 4, 25.—*Allied to* marka; *s. also* ga.

ga-marzeins, *f., a stumbling block, scandal, offense;* Rom. 9, 33. 14, 33. I Cor. 1, 23.—*From* ga-marzjan, *q. v. Comp.* marzeins.

ga-maudeins, *f., remembrance;* II Tim. 1, 5.—*From* ga-maudjan, *q. v. Comp.* *maudeins.

ga-mêleins, *f., a writing, the scripture;* Jo. 7, 38. 42. II Cor. 3, 7. I Tim. 5, 18.—*From* ga-mêljan, *q. v. Comp.* *mêleins.

ga-minþi, *n., remembrance;* I Thess. 3, 6. II Tim. 1, 3.—*From stem* gaminþja-, *from* gaminþi-, *from suff.* ga- *and stem of* *minds, *q. v. Comp. the kindred* gamunds.

ga-mitôns, *f., thought, intention, desire;* Eph. 2, 3.—*From* *ga-mitôn; *s.* mitôn, mitôns.

ga-munds, *f., remembrance;* Mk. 14, 9. I Cor. 11, 24. 25. Eph. 1, 16; *conscience;* I Tim. 1, 5 (*gloss in cod. A*). [*From* ga-munan (*s.* munan) *and suff.* di- (*originally accented; comp.* gakunds *and* gakunþs). *Cf. O. E.* ȝe-mynd (*y for* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *f. n., memory, record, Mdl. E.* i-mind, *Mdn. E.* mind; *s.* *munds. *For the Goth.* i (*s.* anaminds) *beside* u, *s. v. B., p. 71.*]

ga-naúha, *m., sufficiency, contentment;* II Cor. 9, 8. I Tim. 6, 6. Skeir. VII, b.—*From* ga-naúhan, *q. v. Comp.* ganôhs.

ga-nists, *f., a becoming whole, recovery, salvation;* Rom. 10, 10. 11, 11. II Cor. 7, 10. I Thess. 5, 9. II Tim. 2, 10. Skeir. I, b.—*From* ga-nisan (*s.* *nisan) *and suff.* -ti. *Comp.* *nists.

ga-niþjis, *m., kinsman;* Mk. 6, 4. Lu. 1, 58. 2, 44.—*S.* niþjis, ga.

ga-nôhs, *adj.* (122, *n.* 1), *many, much;* Lu. 7, 11. 12. 20, 9. Jo. 16, 12. I Cor. 11, 30; ganôhs wisan, *to be enough, be sufficient;* Jo. 6, 7. [*Allied to* ga-naúhan (*s.* *naúhan). *Cf. O. E.* ȝe-nôh, *Mdl. E.* i-nôh, i-nôugh i-nôw (*w from* gh, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* enough, *O. S.* gi-nôg, *O. H. G.* gi-nuog, *M. H. G.* genuoc(g), *N. H. G.* genug,

enough. Comp. ganaúha, *nôhs, *nôhjan.]

gansjan, *w. v., to cause;* Gal. 6, 7.—*S. Dief.*

ga-qiss, *f., consent;* I Cor. 7, 5.—*From root of* ga-qiþan (*s.* qiþan) *and suff.* ti- (*originally accented*) *S.* *qiss *and follg. w.*

ga-qiss, *adj.* (124, *n.* 1), *consenting;* gaqiss wisan, *or* waírþan, *w. dat., to consent;* Rom. 7, 16. Skeir. I, c.—*From* ga-qiþan (*s.* qiþan) *and Indg. suff.* to-; *s.* *qiss, *also prec. w.*

ga-qumþs, *f., a coming together, assembly, council;* Mt. 5, 22. II Thess. 2, 1; *synagogue;* Mt. 6, 2. 5. 9, 35. Lu. 4, 15. Jo. 16, 2. 18, 20.—*From* gaqiman *s.* qiman) *and suff.* þi-, *Indg.* ti-; *s.* *qumþs.

ga-raideins, *f., ordinance, rule, authority;* Rom. 13, 2. II Cor. 10, 13. 15. Gal. 6, 16. Eph. 2, 15. Phil. 3, 16; witôdis garaideins, *the giving of the law* (*νομοθεσία*); Rom. 9, 4.—*From* ga-raidjan, *q. v. Comp.* ga-raiþs.

ga-raíhtaba, *adv., righteously, rightly, justly;* I Cor. 15, 34. I Thess. 2, 10. Skeir. III, b. VI, d.—*From* garaíhts, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ga-raíhtei, *f., righteousness;* Mt. 5, 20. Lu. 1, 6. 75. Rom. 8, 4. 9, 30. Skeir. I, a. b. c. d. IV, c. [*From* ga-raíhts (*q. v.*) *and suff.* ein(=în). *Allied to O. E.* ȝe-rihte, *n., right, law, beside* riht, *n., right, duty, Mdl. E.* irihte, *right, etc.; s.* raíhts. *Comp. prec. and follg. w., also* un-garaíhtei.]

ga-raíhteins, *f., righteousness;* II Tim. 3, 16.—*From* ga-raíhtjan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ga-raíhtiþa, *f., righteousness;* Jo. 16, 8. 10. Rom. 10, 10.—*From* ga-raíhts (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iþô. *Comp. prec. w.*

ga-raíhts, *adj., right, righteous, just;* Mt. 5, 45. 10, 41. 25, 46. 27, 19. Mk. 6, 20. Lu. 1, 6. 17. 2, 25. 5, 32. 15, 7. 18, 9. 14. 20, 20. Jo. 17, 25. Rom. 7, 12. 11, 22. Phil. 4, 8. Col. 4, 1. II Thess. 1, 5. 6. I Tim. 1, 9. II Tim. 4, 8 (*A; s.* raíhts). Tit. 1, 8; garaíhts waírþan, *to be justified;* Gal. 2, 16; garaíhtana dômjan *or* gadômjan, *to deem perfect, to justify;* Lu. 7, 29. 16, 15. Gal. 2, 17. I Tim. 3, 16. Phil. 3, 12; garaíhtana gateihan, *th. s.;* Lu. 18, 14; garaíhtana qiþan, *th. s.;* Gal. 5, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝe-riht, *adj.*, 'directus, justus' (*Ettm.*), *Mdl. E.* irihte, *Mdn. E.* right, *adv.*, rightly, *O. H. G.* gi-reht (greht), *adj.*, '*rectus, directus*' (*not* '*justus*'), *M. H. G.* gereht, *N. H. G.* gerecht, *right, righteous, just, skilled, fit, suitable. Goth.* garaihts *is commonly represented in O. E. by* riht-wîs, *Mdl. E.* rightwîs, *Mdn. E.* righteous, *whence O. E.* rihtwîsnes, *Mdl. E.* rîghtwîsness, *Mdn. E.* righteousness, *etc. S.* raíhts. ga.]

ga-raiþs, *adj.* (74, *n.* 2), *commanded, fixed, appointed;* Lu. 3, 13. Skeir. I, c.—*Comp.* *raiþs, ga.

ga-razna, *m., neighbor;* Lu. 14, 12. 15, 6. Jo. 9, 8.—*Comp.* razn, ga, *and follg. w.*

ga-raznô, *f., a female neighbor;* Lu. 15, 9.—*A fem. formation, w. suff.* -ôn-, *to the prec. m., w. suff,* -an-.

garda, *m., yard, fold;* Jo. 10, 1. —*From stem* gardan-, *an extension of stem* garda-. *Comp.* gards *and follg. w.*

garda-waldands, *m., master of the house;* Mt. 10, 25. Lu. 14, 21. —*From stem of* gards *and pres. partic. of* waldan, *q. v. Comp. also prec. and follg. w.*

***gardja,** *m., in* ingardja.—*From stem* gardjan- *extended from stem of* gards, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

gards, *m.* (101), *house, household, family;* Mt. 8, 6. 9, 6. Mk. 3, 25. 10, 30. 15, 16. I Tim. 3, 12. [*From Germanic root* gerd; *s.* gaírda. *Cf. O. E.* ȝeard (ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *m., enclosure, yard, dwelling, Mdl. E.* ȝard, *yard, garden, Mdn. E.* yard, *inclosure,* (*For* yard, *a measure, s.* gazds), *O. N.* garþr, *O. H. G.* gart, *m., circle, chorus. To a weak stem refer O. S.* gardo, *O. Fris.* garda, *O. H. G.* garto, *garden, M. H. G.* garte, *N. H. G.* garten (*the final* n *from the oblique cases*), *m., garden. To O. H. G.* garto (*gen. dat.* gartin-) *refers O. Fr.* gardin, jardin, *whence Mdl. E.* gardin, *Mdn. E.* garden, *Mdn. Fr.* jardin, *m., garden.—Compd. Mdl. E.* chirche-yard, church-ȝard, *Mdn. E.* churchyard, *etc.* (*Mdn. E.* church, *Mdl. E.* chireche, chirche. *O. E.* cyrice, cirice, *f., O. H. G.* chirīhha, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* kirche, *f., church, are of Gr. orig.; comp. Gr.* κυριακόν, *church, from* κυριακός, *adj., belonging to the Lord, from* κύριος, *lord; s. Kl.* kirche, *and Sk.,* church). *For Mdn. E.* orchard, *s.* aúrti-gards.—*The original meaning of the word was 'enclosure'; comp. Gr.* χόρτος, *enclosure, yard, cattle-yard, pasture, hay, grass, Lt.* hortus, *garden* (*in the widest sense of the term*), *O. Ir.* gort, *corn-field, crop, fruit, and Lt.* co-hors, *gen.* -tis, *f., inclosure, esp. for cattle and fowl.—Comp. prec. w., and Kl.,* garten.]

ga-rêdaba, *adv., honestly;* Rom. 13, 13.—*From stem of* *ga-rêþs, *to* ga-rêdan, *q. v.*

ga-rêhsns, *f., counsel, design;* Skeir. I, b. c. II, c. d. III, a. d. IV, a. d. VIII, c. — *Comp.* *rêhsns, ga.

ga-riudi, *n., honesty, good behavior;* I Tim. 2, 2.—*From* gariuþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ga-riudjô, *f., shamefacedness, bashfulness;* I Tim. 2, 9.—*From* gariuþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***ga-riuþs,** *adj.* (74, *n.* 2), *honest, honorable, well behaved;* Phil. 4, 8. I Tim. 3, 2. 8. 11.—*Comp.* *riuþs, ga, *and prec. w.*

ga-rûni, *n.* (95), *counsel;* Mt. 27, 1. 7. Mk. 3, 6. 15, 1.—*Comp.* *rûni, ga.

ga-runjô, *f., a running or flowing together; hence a flood, inundation;* Lu. 6, 48.—*From* ga-rinnan (*s.* rinnan), *and suff.* -jôn-. *Comp. follg. w.*

ga-runs, *f.* (103, *n.* 3), *a place where people run together or congregate; hence a market-place;* Lu. 7, 32; *street;* Mt. 6, 2.—*From* garinnan (*s.* rinnan) *and suff.* -si-. *S.* runs.

ga-sahts, *f., reproof;* Skeir. VIII, b. d.—*From* ga-sakan (*s.* sakan) *and suff.* -ti-. *Comp.* *sahts.

ga-sateins, *f., foundation;* Eph. 1, 4.—*From* gasatjan; *s.* satjan.

ga-sinþja (gasinþa), *m., traveling companion, companion;* II Cor. 8, 19; *in plur. company;* Lu. 2, 44. [*For the collateral form* gasinþa, *s. Kl., Stammbildungslehre, 14.—Cf. O. H. G.* gi-sindo (*for* gasindjo, *by the usual loss of* j; *s. Braune, Althochdeutsche Grammatik, 223*), *M. H. G.* gesinde, *m., traveling companion, servant. Allied to O. E.* ȝe-sîð (-sîð *for* -sinð, *by compensation*), *m., traveling companion, O. S.* gi-sîð, *m., O. H. G.* gi-sind, *M. H. G.* ge-sint(d), *m., attendant, companion. Furthermore, comp. the collective subst.: O. S.* ge-sîði, *n., O. H. G.* gi-sindi, *n., M. H. G.* gesinde, *retinue, N. H. G.* gesinde, *n., servants, domestics; and the dimin. M. H. G.* gesindelæhe, gesindelach, *N. H. G.* gesindel, *n., rabble, mob, vagabonds.* — *S.* sinþs *and remarks under* ga. *For like formations, comp.* gahlaiba, gajukô.]

ga-skadweins, *f., that which shades; hence clothing;* I Tim. 6, 8.—*From* *ga-skadwjan; *s.* *skadwjan, *skadweins.

ga-skafts, *f.* (51, *n.* 2; 103), *creation, foundation;* Mk. 10, 6. 13, 19. Jo. 17, 24. Rom. 8, 39; *creature;* II Cor. 5, 17. Gal. 6, 15. Col. 1, 15. 23. I Tim. 4, 4. —*From* ga-skapjan (*s.* *skapjan) *and suff.* -ti-. *Comp.* *skafts.

ga-skaideins, *f., separation, difference;* Rom. 10, 12.—*From* ga-skaidan, *q. v.*

ga-skalki, *n., fellow-servant;* Col. 1, 7. 4, 7.—*Comp.* skalks *and remarks under* ga-.

ga-skôhi, *n., a pair of shoes;* Lu. 10, 4. 15, 22. — *Comp.* skôhs *and remarks under* ga-, *also follg. w.*

ga-skôhs, *adj., shod;* Mk. 6, 9. Eph. 6, 15.—*Comp.* skôhs, ga-, *and prec. w.*

gasti-gôdei, *f., hospitality;* Rom. 12, 13.—*From follg. w.*

gasti-gôþs, *adj., hospitable, lit. good to a stranger;* I Tim. 3, 2. Tit. 1, 8.—*From stem of* gasts *and* gôþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

gastôjanaim; II Thess. 3, 2.—*This word is obscure both in form and signification; it stands for ἄτοπος, adj., not in its place; hence unusual, strange, absurd, unreasonable.*

***ga-stôþs,** adj., in* un-gastôþs.—*Allied to* ga-standan; *s.* standan.—*Der.* ga-stôþan; *s.* *stôþan.

gasts, *m.* (101), *stranger;* Mt. 25, 38. 43. 44. 27, 7. Eph. 2, 12. 19. I Tim. 5, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* gest (*from Germanic* gasti-, *by* i-*uml.*), ȝiest, ȝist, ȝyst (*perhaps from* ȝesti-, *by palatal uml.; the two forms,* gest *and* ȝiest, *probably refer to two different dial., or the guttural* g *is due to Norse influence*), *Mdl. E.* gest, gist, *Mdn. E.* guest, *O. N.* gestr, *O. S.* gast, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* gast, *m., guest. Germanic* gastiz *originally signified 'foreigner, stranger', while the corresponding Lt.* hostis, *acc.* hostem (*whence O. Fr.* ost, host, *host, army, whence Mdl. E.* hǫst, *Mdn. E.* host, *army*), *meant 'enemy' — a stranger being looked upon by the Germanic tribes as a friend, by the Romans as an enemy—.To Lt.* hostis *refers Lt.* hostîlis, *adj., hostile, whence Fr.* hostile, *whence Mdn. E.* hostile. *Further cognates are O. Bulg.* gostĭ, *m., guest, companion, friend; and Lt.* hospes (*from* *hosti-potis; *for* potis, *s.* *faþs), *a visitor, guest, friend, host, acc.* hospitem, *whence O. Fr.* hoste (*s. Br.,* hôte), *whence Mdl. E.* hoste, *Mdn. E.* host (*But* host, *a consecrated wafer, is the Lt.* hostia, *a victim, from* hostire, *to strike*), *whence the f.* hostess. *To Lt.* hospit-, *stem of* hospes, *refer Lt.* hospitium, *whence Fr.* hospice, *whence Mdn. E.* hospice; *Fr.* hospitable (*through the V. Lt.* hospitare, *to receive as a guest*), *whence Mdn. E.* hospitable; *Lt.* hospitalis, *adj., hospitable, and subst., m., guest,* hospitale, *n. adj, plur.* hospitalia, *n. subst., apartments for guests, whence* (*through the V. Lt.*) *O. Fr.* hospital, *whence Mdl. E.* hospital, *short* spitel, *Mdn. E.* hospital, *short* spital *and* spittle (*obs.*); *of Lt. origin is also M. H. G. N. H. G.* hospital, *short* spital, *n., hospital; Mdl. Lt.* hospitale, *contr.* hostale, ostale, *is the nearest source of O. Fr.* hostel, ostel, *an inn, whence Mdl. E.* hostel, *Mdn. E.* hostel, *inn, and O. Fr.* hostelier, *keeper of a hostel, whence Mdl. E.* hostelêr, *innkeeper, Mdn. E.* hostler, ostler, *the person who has the care of horses at an inn, hence anyone who takes care of horses; a shorter form of O. Fr.* hostel *is Mdn. Fr.* hôtel, *whence Mdn. E.* hotel *and N. H. G.* hotel, *n., th. s.—Comp.* gasti-gôþs.]

ga-taúra, *m., tear, rent;* Mt. 9, 16. Mk. 2, 21. — *From* ga-taíran, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ga-taúrþs, *f.* (103), *destruction;* II Cor. 10, 4. 8. 13, 10.—*From* ga-taíran (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þi-. *Comp. prec. w.*

ga-têmiba, *adv.* (33; 103, *n.* 3; 210), *fitly;* Skeir. II, d.—*From* gatêms, *allied to* ga-tamjan, *q. v.*

ga-tilaba, *adv., suitably, conveniently;* Mk. 14, 11.—*From follg. w.*

ga-tils, *adj., convenient;* Mk. 6, 21; *follḍ. by* in *w. acc., fit;* Lu. 9, 62.—*S.* tils, ga.

ga-timreins, *f., a building up, edifying, edification;* II Cor. 12, 19. 13, 10. — *From* ga-timrjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ni-. *Comp.* *timreins *and follg. w.*

ga-timrjô, *f., building;* II Cor. 5, 1. Eph. 2, 21. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝe-timbre (*the b being euphonical, as in Mdn. E.* number, *Fr.* nombre, *from the Lt.* numerum, *acc. of* numerus; *and in* nimble; *s.* niman), *n.* (*beside* ȝe-timbr-unȝ (*w. suff.* -ung), *f., Mdl. E.* timbrung), *building. Allied to prec. word, q. v.*]

gatwô, *f., street;* Lu. 14, 21. [*Cf. O. N.* gata (*acc.* götu), *way, street, path, whence Mdl. E.* gate, *way, journey, Mdn. E.* (*Scot.*) gate, *way, path, O. H. G.* gaȝȝa, *M. H. G.* gaȝȝe, *N. H. G.* gasse, *f., street, lane. Mdl. E.* gate *is also used trop., signifying 'manner, way'; cf. Mdl. E.* alle gate, *Mdn. E.* algates (*formed like Mdn. E.* always; *s.* wigs).—*Prob. allied to O. E.* geat, *n., an opening, Mdl. E.* geat, gæt, gate, *opening, door, Mdn. E.* gate, *O. N.* gat, *n., hole, O. S.* gat, *n., hole, cave, and to O. H. G.* gataro, *m., M. H. G.* gater, *m. n.*, geter, gegitter, *n., N. H. G.* gatter, *n.*, gitter, *n., grate, lattice, Eff.* ȝedde, *f., a frame by which an entrance is closed, a door.*]

ga-þagki, *n., thought;* us ga-þagkja, *sparingly;* II Cor. 9, 6.—*S.* *þagki, ga.

ga-þaúrbs, *adj.* (56, *n.* 3), *temperate;* Tit. 1, 8.—*Comp.* *þaúrbs, ga, *and* ga-þarban.

ga-þláihts, *f., a pleasing with friendly or flattering words, comfort, consolation;* Lu. 6, 24. II Cor. 1, 3. 4. 6. 7. 7, 4. 7. Phil. 2, 1. II Thess. 2, 16. I Tim. 4, 13.—*From* ga-þláihan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti-. *Comp.* *þláihts.

ga-þrafsteins, *f., comfort, consolation;* Lu. 4, 19. Rom. 15, 4. II Cor. 1, 5. 7, 13. Phil. 2, 1. Col. 4, 11.—*From* ga-þrafstjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ni- *Comp.* þrafsteins.

ga-þrask, *n., threshing-floor;* Lu. 3, 17.—*Comp.* *þrask, ga.

ga-u-, *occurs only in composition; it is a combination of the prefix* ga- *and the interrog. particle* -u, *q. v.*

gauja, *m., inhabitant of a province or district; plur.* **gaujans.**

the inhabitants of a district or region collectively, the surrounding country; Lu. 3, 3. 8, 37.—*From stem of* gawi (*q. v.*) *extended by* n.

Gaúlgaúþa, *pr. n., Γολγοθᾶ;* Mk. 15, 22.

Gaúmaúrra, *pr. n., Γόμορρα;* Rom. 9, 29.—*Comp. follg. w.*

Gaúmaúrjam, *pr. n. in dat. plur., Γομόρροις;* Mk. 6, 11.—*Comp. prec. w.*

gaumjan, *w. v., to see, perceive, observe, behold,* (1) *used abs., or w. an obj. implied;* Mt. 9, 11. Mk. 4, 12. Lu. 5, 8. 17, 14. Jo. 12, 40. (2) *w. dat.;* Lu. 6, 41. 42. Jo. 9, 1; *to give attendance, attend to;* I Tim. 4, 13. (3) *w. an obj. clause introduced by* þammei; Mk. 16, 4. Lu. 17, 15. Jo. 6, 5; or þatei; Skeir. VII, d; *or a dependent inf.;* Lu. 6, 42;—*in pass.* (=*φανεῖσθαι*) *to appear, be seen, w. dat.;* Mt. 6, 5. [*Cf. O. S.* gômian, *to pay attention to, take care of, O. H. G.* goumôn, goumen, *M. H. G.* goumen, *to pay attention to, observe, strive after.—Der.: O. N.* gaumr, *m., attention, O. S.* gôma, *f., entertainment, feast, O. H. G.* gouma, *M. H. G.* goume, goum, *f., close attention. S. Sch. and Dief.*]

gaunôn, *w. v., to mourn, lament;* Lu. 6, 25. Jo, 16, 20; *w. dat.;* Lu. 7, 32.—*Allied to* gáurs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

gaunôþus (gaunôþa *in A, B*), *m., mourning, lamentation;* II Cor. 7, 7.—*From prec. w. and suff.* ô-þu- (ô-du-; *s. v. B., p. 101.*)

gáurei, *f., sorrow;* Phil. 2, 27.—*From* gáurs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

gáurſþa, *f., sorrow;* Jo. 16, 6.—*From* gáurs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-þô. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

gáurjan, *w. v., to make sorry, to cause grief, to grieve;* II Cor. 2, 2. 5. 7, 8. Eph. 4, 30; *in pass. it is folld. by* in *w. gen.;* Rom. 14, 15; *or* us *w. dat.;* II Cor. 2, 2; *or* du *w. dat.;* II Cor. 7, 9.—*From* gáurs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

gáurs, *adj.* (24, *n.* 3), *sorry, sorrowful, sad, grieved;* Mt. 6, 26. Mk. 10, 22. Lu. 18, 23; *of a sad countenance;* Mt. 6, 16; *folld. by* in *w. gen.;* Mk. 3., 5. [*From root* gau (*s.* gáunôn) *and suff.* -ra- *Cf. Skr.* ghôrás, *terrible, wild. Allied to O. H. G.* gôrag (*extended by* g), *wretched.—Der.* gáurei, gáuriþa, gáurjan, *q. v.*]

ga-waírþeigs, *adj., peaceable;* Mk. 9, 50.—*From stem of follg. w. and suff.* -ga, *Indg.* -ko.

ga-waírþi, *n.* (95, *n.* 1), *peace;* Mt. 10, 34. Lu. 1, 79. 2, 29. Rom. 8, 6. II Cor. 13, 11.—*Comp.* *waírþi, ga, *and prec. w.*

ga-waleins, *f., choice, election;* Rom. 9. 11. 11, 28.—*From* ga-waljan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ni-.

ga-wamms, *adj., spotted, unclean;* Rom. 14, 14.—*Comp.* *wamms, ga.

ga-wandeins, *f., a turning, conversion;* Skeir. I, d.—*From* ga-wandjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ni-.

ga-wargeins, *f., condemnation;* II Cor. 7, 3.—*From* ga-wargjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ni-.

ga-waseins, *f., clothing;* Lu. 9, 29. — *From* ga-wasjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ni-.

ga-waúrdi, *n., conversation, communication;* I Cor. 15, 33.—*Comp.* *waúrdi, ga.

ga-waúrki, *n.* (95), *work, business;* II Tim. 2, 4; *gain;* Phil. 1, 21. 3, 7. I Tim. 6, 6; du ga-waúrkja haban, *to gain;* Phil. 3, 8.—*Comp.* *waúrki, ga, *and v. B., p. 205.*

ga-waúrstwa, *m., fellow-worker;* I Cor. 16, 16. II Cor. 1, 24. 6, 1. 8, 23. Phil. 2, 25. 4, 3. Col. 4, 11.—*Comp.* waúrstwa, ga.

gawi, *n.* (95), *region, district, province, country;* Mt. 8, 28. Mk. 6, 55. Lu. 4, 14. 8, 26. 15, 14. 15. [*Comp. O. H. G.* gewi, gouwi, *n., M. H. G.* göu, gou, *n., N. H. G.* gau, *m., district, province, country.*]

ga-wiljis, *adj., willing;* I Cor. 7, 12. 13; *unanimous;* Rom. 15, 6.—*Comp.* *wiljis, ga.

ga-wiss, *f., connection, joint;* Eph. 4, 16. Col. 2, 19.—*From* ga-widan, *q. v. Comp.* *wiss.

ga-wizneigs, *adj., glad, delighted;* Rom. 7, 22. — *From* gawizni- (?), *joy, and suff.* -ga. *Comp.* *wizneigs, ga.

gazaúfylakiô (*w. Gr. inflection*): in gazaúfylakiô (*ἐν τῷ γαζοφυλακίῳ*), *in the treasury;* Jo. 8, 20. [*From the Gr.* *γαζοφυλάκιον, from* *γάζα* (*a Persian word*), *treasury, royal treasure, and* *-φυλάκιον, from stem* *φύλακ-; comp.* *φύλαξ, gen.* *φύλακ-ος, a watcher,* *φυλάσσειν, to watch.*]

gazds, *m., sting;* I Cor. 15, 55. 56. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝierd (ie *is* i-*uml. of* ea, *from* a, *by breaking before* rd; r *for Germanic* z, *by rotacism*), ȝyrd, ȝird (i, y, *for* ie), *f., twig, rod, Mdl. E.* ȝerd, *twig, rod, Mdn. E.* yard, *O. H. G.* gerta, gartja, *f., M. H. G.* gerte, *f., rod, twig, stick, N. H. G.* gerte, *f., twig, switch. Both the E. and G. words are from stem* *gazdja-, *while the Goth.* gazds *and the O. N.* gaddr, *stick, suggest a stem* gazda-, *which appears also in O. H. G. M. H. G.* gart, *m., rod, stick, and is probably allied to Lt.* hasta (*from* ghazdhâ), *spear.*—*O. E.* gâd, *n., Mdl. E.* gâd, gǫ̂d, *Mdn. E.* goad, *does not belong here; both. O. E.* gâd *and* gâr (*Germanic stem* gaiza-, *whence O. H. G.* gaisala, geisla, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* geisel, geissel, *f., scourge, whip*), *m., Mdl. E.* gâr, *spear, O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* gêr, *m., spear, refer to* (*Skr.*) *root* hi, *to incite, impel.*]

***geigan,** *w. v., in* (a) faíhu-g., *to be eager for money, to covet;* Rom. 13, 9. (b) ga-g. *w. acc., to gain;* Mk. 8, 36. Lu. 9, 25. I Cor. 9, 19. 20. 21. 22. [*Sup-*

posed to be allied to root gī; *s.* gaidw. *Comp. follg. w.*]

***geigô,** *f., in* faíhu-geigô.—*Comp. prec. w.*

***geisnan,** *w. v., in* us-g., *to be amazed, be afrighted;* Mk. 2, 12. 9, 15. 10, 26. 16, 5. Lu. 8, 56. II Cor. 5, 13; *w. instr.;* Mk. 5, 42; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Lu. 2, 47.—*Allied to* *gaisjan, *q. v.*

Gêlimêr, *pr. n.* (6, *n.* 2).

giba, *f., gift;* Mt. 5, 24. 8, 4. Rom. 11, 29. I Cor. 7, 7. II Cor. 1, 11. 9, 15. Eph. 2, 8. 3, 7. 4, 7. 8. Phil. 4, 15. 17. [*From root of* giban, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ȝiefu, ȝifu (i *for* ie, *for* eo, *by influence of the forms with palatal uml.* (*as gen. dat. sing.* ȝiefe, ȝife), *from* e, *by* u-*uml.*), *f., gift, grace* (*of God*), *Mdl. E.* ȝife, *gift* (*For Mdn. E.* gift, *s.* *gifts), *O. N.* gjöf, *O. S.* geƀa, *O. H. G.* geba, *M. H. G.* gebe, *f., gift; allied to O. E.* ȝeâfu, *f., O. N.* gáfa, *O. H. G.* *gâƀa (*Goth.* *gêba), *M. H. G.* gâbe, *N. H. G.* gabe, *f., Eff.* ȝǫ̂f, *f., gift.—Compd.: O. E.* morgenȝifu (*For* morgen, *s.* maúrgins), *f., Mdl. E.* morgenȝife, morhgive, *N. H. G.* morgengabe, *f., a present made on the morrow after the marriage. Furthermore, comp.* (*Goth.* *gêbi-, *O. H. G.* *gâbi), *M. H. G.* gæbe, *N. H. G.* gäbe, *acceptable, dear good.*]

giban, *st. v.* (56, *n.* 1; 176), *to give, the pers. to wh. anything is given, occurring in dat., that which is given, in acc.;* Mt. 5, 31. 42. 6, 11. Mk. 12, 14. 15, 23. Jo. 17, 22. 19, 9. Eph. 6, 19; *or part. gen.;* Mk. 8, 12. Lu. 20, 10;—*w. double acc.;* Mk. 10, 45. II Cor. 1, 22. 5, 5. I Tim. 2, 6; *the second acc. being expressed by* du *w. dat.;* II Thess. 3, 9;—*w. inf.;* Mt. 25, 42. Mk. 5, 43. 15, 23. Lu. 9, 13; *or* du *w. inf.;* Lu. 9, 16. Jo. 6, 31. 52. Col. 1, 25.—*Compd.* (a) af-g., *to give away;* afg. sik, *to depart;* Philem. 15. (b) at-g., (1) *to give over, deliver up, deliver, w. dat. of an indir. and acc. of a dir. obj.;* Mt. 5, 25. 27, 18. Mk. 1, 14. 10, 33. Lu. 9, 42. Skeir. V, b. VI, a; (2) *to deliver, communicate;* I Cor. 15, 3; *folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Mt. 26, 2; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 9, 31. Lu. 9, 44. II Cor. 4, 11; *w. double acc.;* Eph. 5, 2; (3) *to deliver, give, w. double acc.;* Eph. 1, 22; *the second acc. being expressed by* du *w. dat.;* Jo. 13, 15; *folld. by* und *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 10; *or* du *w. dat. of purpose;* I Cor. 5, 5. II Cor. 10, 8; *or inf.;* Mk. 4, 11. Lu. 8, 10; *or* du *w. inf.;* Jo. 17, 4. (c) fra-g., *to give, forgive, grant, w. acc. of the dir. and dat. of the indir. obj.;* Mk. 15, 45. Lu. 7, 4. 42. Jo. 10, 29. II Cor. 13, 10. Philem. 22. Skeir. V, c. VII, b; *folld. by a dependent inf.;* Phil. 1, 29; *or a dependent clause introduced by* ei *or* þatei *w. subj.* (*opt.*);

Mk. 10, 37. Skeir. III, c. (d) us-g., *to give away, give, pay, repay, restore, w. acc. of the dir. and dat. of the indir. object;* Mt. 5. 26. 6, 4. Lu. 7, 42. 16, 2. Skeir. V, d; *w. double acc.;* Rom. 12, 1. II Cor. 11, 2. II Tim. 2, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝiefan (ie *from* e, *after the palatal* g), ȝyfan, ȝifan, *Mdl. E.* give, *Mdn. E.* give, *O. N.* gefa, *O. S.* geban, *O. H. G.* geban, *M. H. G.* geben, *N. H. G.* geben, *to give. From Germanic root* geb. *Comp.* giba, *gifts, and follg. w.*]

gibands, *pres. partic. of* giban, *used as subst., m.* (115), *giver;* II Cor. 9, 7.—*S. prec. w.*

gibla, *m., gable, pinnacle;* Lu. 4, 9. [*Comp. O. N.* gafl, *O. H. G.* gibil, *M. H. G.* gibel, *N. H. G.* giebel, *m., gable; perhaps kindred to Mdn. E.* gable, *Mdl. E.* gable, gabil, *from O. Fr.* gable, *probably from O. H. G.* gabala, gabal, *M. H. G.* gabele, gabel, *N. H. G.* gabel, *f., fork, which answers to O. E.* ȝeafl (e *being inserted after the palatal* g), *m., fork* (*rare, superseded by* forc, *from Lt.* furca, *fork, Mdl. E.* forke, *Mdn. E.* fork).—*S. Kl.,* giebel, gabel, *and D., II, c,* gable.]

***gifts,** *f.* (56, *n.* 4), *a giving, in* fra-gifts. [*From Germanic stem* *gefti, *from root of* giban (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* gift, *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* gift, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* gift. *f., that which is given, a gift, also poison, N. H. G.* gift, *f., in* mit-gift, *f., dowry, and* gift, *n., poison. Der.: M. H. G.* giftec, *N. H. G.* giftig, *adj., poisonous. Comp.* giba.]

gild, *n., tribute;* Lu. 20, 22. [*From root of* *gildan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ȝield (ie *for* e, *by influence of the palatal* g) *and* geld, *n., tribute, sacrifice, Mdl. E.* geld, *tribute, Mdn. E.* -geld *in* dane-geld, *a tax imposed by the Danes,* were-geld, *a compensation for the life of a man* (*For* were, *s.* waír. *Both* dane-geld *and* weregeld *occur in old laws*), *O. S.* geld, *sacrifice, O. H. G. M. H. G.* gelt, *N. H. G.* geld, *n., money. Allied to O. E.* gilda, ȝe-gilda, *m., member of a fraternity,* gild-scipe, ȝe-gildscipe, *m., fraternity, Mdl. E.* gilde, *fraternity, Mdn. E.* g(u)ild, *O. N.* gildi, *tribute, sacrifice, a sacrificatory feast, the persons holding such a feast, a fraternity, guild, and N. H. G.* gilde, *f., from the L. G.* gild, *gůild. S.* *gildan, kaisaragild.]

***gildan,** *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to pay, yield, in* (a) fra-g., *to repay, restore, recompense;* Rom. 12, 19; *w. dat. of pers.;* Rom. 11, 35; *w. acc. of th.;* Lu, 19, 8. (b) us-g., *to repay, recompense, render; w. dat. of pers.;* Lu. 14, 12. 14; *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* I Thess. 3, 9. II Thess. 1, 6; *and a follg.* und *w.*

dat.; I Thess. 5, 15; *w. dat. of pers. and a follg.* bi *w. dat.;* II Tim. 4, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝieldan, ȝeldan, *to pay, requite, Mdl. E.* ȝêlde, *Mdn. E.* yield, *O. N.* gjalda, *to pay, O. S.* geldan, *O. H. G.* geltan, *M. H. G.* gelten, *to pay back, pay, cost, be worth, recompense, N. H. G.* gelten, *to be worth, be valid, etc.*, ver-gelten, *to requite, recompense, etc. Comp.* gild, gilstr.]

gilstr, *n.* (75, *n.* 1), *tribute;* Rom. 13, 6. — *From Germanic stem* *gelstra (st *from* dt), *from root of* *gildan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tra. *Comp. follg. w.*

gilstra-mêleins, *f., an enrolment for taxation;* Lu. 2, 2.—*From stem of* gilstr *and* mêleins, *q. v.*

gilþa, *f., sickle;* Mk. 4, 29. [*Perhaps allied to O. N.* gelda, *to castrate, whence Mdl. E.* gelde, *Mdn. E.* geld; *comp. O. E.* gelde, *Mdl. E.* geld, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* galt, *N. H. G.* gelt, *adj., dry, not giving milk, barren; and O. N.* göltr, *O. H. G.* gelza (galza), *M. H. G.* gelze (galze), *N. H. G.* gelze, *f., a castrated pig. Der. Mdl. E.* geldere, *Mdn. E.* gelder; *and Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* gelding.]

***ginnan,** *st. v., to begin, in* du-g., *to begin, undertake. Always folld. by the inf.;* Mt. 11, 7. Mk. 2, 23. Lu. 3, 8. II Cor. 3, 1. 8, 10. *For the Gr. future;* Lu. 6, 25. Phil. 1, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* be-, on-ginnan (*For* be-, *s.* bi, *for* on, *s.* ana), *Mdl. E.* ginne, be-, on-, ginne, *Mdn. E.* gin (*obs.*), begin, *O. H. G.* in-ginnan (*For* in-, *s.* in), *to open by cutting, to open, begin,* bi-ginnan (*For* bi-, *s.* bi), *to begin, M. H. G.* beginnen, *to begin, open by cutting, open, N. H. G.* beginnen, *to begin. The original meaning of the Germanic* ginnan *was most probably 'to open by cutting' (especially a victim), 'to open'; for the meaning, 'to begin', comp. Mdn. E.* to open, *G.* er-öffnen, *Fr.* entamer, *to begin. The word seems to be allied to O. E.* gînan, *O. N.* gînan, *to gape, be open; comp. O. N.* gin, *n., jaws. From root* gi (*the* n- *being a formative suffix of the pres. tense*), *pre-Germanic* ghi *in Lt.* hiare (*Lt.* h *for Germanic* g; *s.* gasts), hiscere, *to open, gape, yawn, pret. partic.* hiatus, *whence Mdn. E.* hiatus, *N. H. G.* hiatus, *m., an opening, a gap; in Gr.* χειά (*for* χειϝά?), *hole, den,* χαίνειν, *to gape, from stem* *χα-, *whence also* χάος, *latinized* chaos, *the boundless, empty space, and* χάσμα, *a yawning cleft, latinized* chasma, *an opening of the earth, abyss, whence respectively Mdn. E.* chaos, *N. H. G.* chaos, *n., and Mdn. E.* chasm. *Further cognates are O. E.* ginian, *O. H. G.* ginên, *M. H. G.* ginen, genen, *N. H. G.* gähnen (ä *for* ĕ), *to yawn; and O. E.*

ȝânian, *Mdl. E.* ȝâne, ȝǫ̂ne, *Mdn. E.* ȝawn, *O. H. G.* geinôn, *M. H. G.* geinen, *to yawn; also O. H. G.* giên (*without the* n-*suffix*) *and* giwên, gewôn (*with a formative* w), *M. H. G.* giwen, gewen, *to open the mouth wide.*]

gistra-dagis, *adv.* (214), *to-morrow;* Mt. 6, 30. [*This word seems to be used by error for* afar-daga, *or, as some suppose, signified both 'yesterday' and 'to-morrow'. From* gistra *and gen. of* dags (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* ȝistran-dæȝ, *Mdl. E.* ȝister-, ȝester-dai, *Mdn. E.* yesterday, *O. N.* ígær, *to-morrow, yesterday, O. H. G.* gestaron (gestre), *M. H. G.* gestern (gester), *N. H. G.* gestern, *adv., yesterday, and O. H. G.* ê-gestern, *'day after to-morrow' and 'day before yesterday', M. H. G.* ê-gester, *N. H. G.* ehe-gestern (ehe *from* ê, *from* êr, *by loss of* r; *s.* hvar), *the day before yesterday. The first component, Goth.* gistra-, *refers to* ghyés *and suffix* -tro-; *comp. Lt.* heri (*for* hjesi), *yesterday,* hes-ternus, *of yesterday, Skr.* hyás, *Gr.* χθές, *yesterday.*]

gitan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *to get, in* bi-g., *to find, w. acc.;* Lu. 2, 16; *and folld. by* at *w. dat.;* II Tim. 1, 18; *or* fram *w. dat.;* Lu. 1, 30; *or* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 11, 13; *or* in *w. dat.;* Jo. 14, 30. 18, 38. 19, 4. 6; *w. double acc.;* Lu. 7, 10. II Cor. 9, 4. 12, 20; *the second acc. being a partic.;* Mk. 7, 30. Lu. 2, 12. 46; *in pass. w. nom.;* Lu. 15, 24. 32. Skeir. VII, c; *w. double nom.;* I Cor. 4, 2. 15, 15. Gal. 2, 17; *w. nom. of the partic.;* Lu. 17, 18. Phil. 3, 9; *w. an obj. clause;* Lu. 5, 19. 19, 48. [*Cf. O. E.* -ȝietan (ie *for* e *after the palatal* g), gitan, getan, in bi-, for-, on-gitan, *Mdl. E.* gete, a-, and-, bi-, for-, of-, under-gete, *Mdn. E.* get, be-, for-get, *O. N.* geta, *to get, O. H. G.* fir-, ir-geȝȝan, *M. H. G.* ver-, er-geȝȝen, *N. H. G.* vergessen, *to forget* (*For* bi-, be-, *s.* bi, *for* for-, ver-, *s.* fra). *From root* get, *Indg.* ghed, *extended* ghend; *comp. Lt.* prae-hendere, *Gr.* χανδάνειν, *to hold, seize.*]

giutan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to pour;* Mt. 9, 17. Mk. 2, 22. Lu. 5, 37. 38. [*Cf. O. E.* geotan, *Mdl. E.* gête, *O. H. G.* gioȝan, *to pour, pour out, found, cast metals, M. H. G.* gieȝen, *N. H. G.* giessen, *th. s. From pre-Germanic root* ghud, *whence also the Lt. root* fud *in fundere* (*the* n *being inserted*), *to pour, pour forth, cast metals, whence Fr.* fondre, *whence Mdn. E.* found, *to cast metals* (*Mdn. E.* found, *to lay the basis of, to set, place, Mdl. E.* fûnde, *th. s., refers to O. Fr.* funder, *from Lt.* fundare, *th. s.; Lt.* con- fundere (con= cum, *with*), *to pour or mix together, whence Fr.* confondre,

whence Mdl. E. confonde, *Mdn. E.* confound; *Lt.* re-fundere (re, *back*), *to pour back, give back, restore, whence Mdn E.* refund, *to pour back* (*rare*), *to repay. To Lt.* fusus, *pret. partic. of* fundere, *refer Mdn. E.* fuse, fus-ible, fusion, *and to* confusus, diffusus (dif- *for* dis-, *apart*), effusus (ef- *for* ex, *out*), infusus (in, *into*), profusus (pro, *forward, forth*), refusus, transfusus (trans, *over, across*), *respectively Mdn. E.* confuse, diffuse, *etc., some directly, some indirectly, through the Fr.—S. Sk.*, fuse, *where still more cognates are given; as,* confute, refute, futile, *etc.—Here belong also O. N.* gusa, *to gush, whence Mdl. E.* gushe, *Mdn. E.* gush; *and M. H. G. N. H. G.* götze, *m., idol* (*of cast metal*). *Root* ghud *is probably cognate with root* ghu, *to pour; comp. Gr. root* χυ *in* χέειν, *to pour, scatter,* χεῦμα, *casting, Skr. root* hu, *to sacrifice.*]

glaggwô, *adv.* (211; 68, 2), *diligently, perfectly, well;* I Thess. 5, 2. — *Comp.* *glaggwus *and follg. w.*

glaggwuba, *adv.* (210, *n.* 1; 131, *n.* 2), *diligently, accurately;* Lu. 1, 13. *The form* glaggwaba (Lu. 15, 8) *is wrong.—From* *glaggwus, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***glaggwus,** *adj.* (68, 2; 131, *n.* 2), *to be inferred from the adv.* glaggwuba, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* glêaw, *Mdl. E.* glêaw, glǣw, gleu, gleg, *sagacious, prudent, wise, O. N.* glöggr, *O. H. G.* glau (*infl.* glauuêr), klau, *prudent, wise. S.* glaggwô *and prec. w.*]

glitmunjan, *w. v., to glitter, shine;* Mk. 9, 3. [*From stem* *glitmun-, *Germanic* *glitmen-, *splendor, from root* glīt (*pre-Germanic* ghlīd) *and suffix* -men- (*s.* laúhmuni). *Cf. O. E.* *glîtan (*str. v.*), *O. N.* glîta, *O. S.* glîtan, *to shine, O. H. G.* glîzzan, *M. H. G.* glîzen, *N. H. G.* gleissen, *to shine, glisten* (*N. H. G.* gleissen, *to sham, cant, refers to M. H. G.* glîhsen, *O. H. G.* gi-lîhhisôn, *from* gi-lîhh; *s.* galeiks, *and comp. Lt.* similis:simulare=*Mdn. E.* similar:simulate); *and O. E.* glitjan (*w. v.*), *M. H. G.* glitzen; *and O. E.* glitinian (*w. v.*), *Mdl. E.* glitene, *to shine; and the O. E. iter.* *glitorian, *Mdl. E.* glitre, *Mdn. E.* glitter, *O. N.* glitra, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* glitzern, *to shine. Allied to root* glī-s *in O. E.* glisjan, *Mdl. E.* glise; *and in O. E.* glisnian, *Mdl. E.* glisne *and* glistne (*with inorganic* t), *Mdn. E.* glisten.]

gôda-kunds, *of noble birth;* Lu. 19, 12. — *From stem of* gôþs *and* *kunds, *q. v.*

gôdei, *f., goodness, virtue;* Phil. 4, 8.—*From* gôþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

gôleins, *f., greeting, salutation;*

Lu. 1, 29. 41. 44. I Cor. 16, 21. Col. 4, 18. II Thess. 3, 17.—*From* gôljan; *s. follg. w.*

gôljan, *w. v. w. acc., to greet, salute;* Mt. 5, 47. Mk. 15, 18. Lu. 1, 40. 10, 4. Rom. 16, 22. 23. I Cor. 16, 19. 20. [*Probably kindred to Germanic root* gel, gal, *to sound; cf. O. E.* ȝiellan (*the* i *being inserted after the palatal* g) ȝyllan, ȝillan, *and* ȝellan (*rare*), *Mdl. E.* ȝelle, yelle, *Mdn. E.* yell, *O. N.* gjalla, *to resound, O. H. G.* gellan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* gellen, *to sound loudly, resound; and O. E.* galan, *Mdl. E.* gale, *to sing, O. N.* gala, *O. H. G.* galan, *to sing, whence* -gale -gall *in Mdn. E.* nightingale, *N. H. G.* nachtigall, *etc.* (*s.* nahts). — *Comp. prec. w.*]

gôþs, *gen.* **gôdis,** *adj.* (124, *n.* 2; 138), *good;* Mt. 5, 45. 7, 17. Lu. 8, 8. Jo. 10, 11. I Cor. 15, 33. I Tim. 2, 10; *used impers.:* gôþs ist *w. inf.;* Mk. 7, 27; *or dat. and a follg. inf.;* Mk. 9, 5. 43. 45. Lu. 9, 33. I Cor. 7, 26; *folld. by* ei *w. opt.;* Mk. 9, 42; *or* jabai *w. ind.;* I Cor. 7, 8. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* gọ̄d, *Mdn. E.* good, *O. N.* góðr, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* guot, *N. H. G.* gut, *adj., good. Germanic* gôda- *originally signified 'belonging together, fit', which is evident from Goth.* gadiliggs (*q. v.*) *and its cognates.—Der. Mdn. E.* goods, *plur., prop. good things, property, M. H. G.* guot, *n., N. H. G.* gut, *n., property, estate. Comp. prec. w.*]

graba, *f.* (35), *ditch, trench;* Lu. 19, 43.—*From root of* graban, *q. v.*

graban, *st. v.* (56, *n.* 1; 177, *n.* 1), *to dig;* Lu. 6, 48. 16, 3.—*Compd.* (a) bi-gr., *to surround with a ditch;* Lu. 19, 43. (b) uf-gr., *to dig up, dig after, dig through;* Mt. 6, 19. 20. (c) us-gr., *to dig out;* Mk. 12, 1; *to break up or through;* Mk. 2, 4; *to pluck out;* Gal. 4, 15. [*From root* grab, *pre-Germanic* ghrabh. *Cf. O. E.* grafan, *Mdl. E.* grave, *to dig, Mdn. E.* grave, *to entomb* (*obs.*), *O. H. G.* graban, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* graben, *to dig. Mdn. E.* grave, *to cut, carve, Mdl. E.* grave, *refers to the Fr.* graver, *to carve, and the latter, in its turn, to the Germanic* graban; *the Mdn. E. compd.* engrave *comes from the Fr. compd.* engraver (en= *Lt.* in, *in, into*).—*Der.: O. E.* græf, *n., Mdl. E.* græfe, grafe, grave, *ditch, grave, Mdn. E.* grave; *O. H. G.* grab, *M. H. G.* grap (b), *N. H. G.* grab, *n., grave; O. H. G.* grabo, *M. H. G.* grabe, *N. H. G.* graben (*the* n *from the oblique cases*), *m., ditch, trench; Mdn. E.* (*prop. Du.; s. Sk.*) groove; *Mdl. E.* grubbe, grobbe, *Mdn. E.* grub, *whence* grubble (*obs.*), *and O. H. G.* grubilôn, *M. H. G.* grübelen, *N. H. G.* grübeln, *to meditate; perhaps also Mdn. E.* grove,

Mdl. E. grǫ̂ve, *O. E.* *grâf. (*For Mdn. E.* -grave *in* margrave, *etc., N. H. G.* graf, *s.* *grêfts. — *Comp.* grôba *and prec. w.*]

gramjan, *w. v. w. acc., to make angry, provoke to anger;* Col. 3, 21.—*Compd.* in-gr. *w. acc., to make angry, provoke to wrath;* I Cor. 13, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* gremman (*from* grammjan; e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.;* mm *for* m, *by gemination, the* j *being dropped after a long closed syllable*), *Mdl. E.* greme, *O. N.* gremja, *O. H. G.* grem(m)an, *M. H. G.* greme, *N. H. G.* grämen, *to make angry, dishearten. From the corresponding adj.* (*Goth.* *grama-), *O. E. Mdl. E.* gram, grǫm, *O. N.* gramr, *O. S.* gram, *angry, ill-humored, excited, N. H. G.* gram, *averse, displeased, angry. Further cf. O. E.* grama, *m., Mdl. E.* grame, *anger, wrath, M. H. G. N. H. G.* gram, *m., grief, sorrow; also O. E. Mdl. E.* grim, (mm), *adj., fierce, cruel, Mdn. E.* grim, *O. N.* grimmr, *O. S.* grim, *O. H. G.* grim, grimmi, grimmîg, *M. H. G.* grim (mm), grimme, grimmec, *N. H. G.* grimm, grimmig, *adj., grim, wrathful, furious, etc., and M. H. G.* grim (mm), *N. H. G.* grimm, *m., fury, rage, wrath. — Goth.* *grama-, *from pre-Germanic* ghromo-, *seems to be akin to Gr.* χρόμαδος, *a creaking, gnashing. Comp. follg. w.*]

gramst, *n.?* (*occurring in dat. sing. only*), *mote;* Lu. 6, 41. 42.—*From root* gram (*s. prec. w.*) *and suff.* -sta.

gras, *gen.* **grasis,** *n.* (94), *grass, blade of grass, herb;* Mk. 4, 28. 32. Rom. 14, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* græs (*and* gærs, *by metathesis*), *n., Mdl. E.* gras, *Mdn. E.* grass, *O. S.* gras, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* gras, *n., grass. Der. Mdl. E.* grase, *Mdn. E.* graze (*whence* grazier), *to feed with grass, eat grass, M. H. G.* grasen, *to cut grass, feed with grass, N. H. G.* grasen, *to feed on grass. Allied to M. H. G.* gruose (*O. E.* *grôse, *Goth.* *grôsa), *a sprout, the green of plants. If the* s *of these words is formative, they are to be referred to root* gra, *pre-Germanic* ghră; *comp. Gr.* χόρτος, *grass* (*S. Kl.* gras, grün, *and Sk.*, gras, green). *Root* ghrâ *would answer to Germanic* grô *in* (*Goth.* *grôns, *stem* *grôni-) *O. E.* grêne (ê *is* i-*uml. of* ô), *Mdl. E.* grên, *Mdn. E.* green, *O. N.* grænn, *O. S.* grôni, *green, O. H. G.* gruoni, *green, fresh, M. H. G.* grüene, *green, fresh, raw* (*meat, especially unsalted meat*), *N. H. G.* grün, *green, fresh, raw; and in O. E.* grôwan (*st. v.*), *Mdl. E.* grôwe, *Mdn. E.* grow; *comp. also O. H. G.* gruoan (*w. v.*), *M. H. G.* grüejen, *to be green or verdant. The Mdn. E. der.* growth *refers to the kindred O. N.* gró-ðr, *growth.*]

grêdags, *adj., greedy, hungry;* Mt. 25, 44. Lu. 1, 53. 6, 21; *with* waírþan; Lu. 6, 25. Phil. 4, 12; *or* wisan; Mt. 25, 42. Mk. 2, 25. 11, 12. Lu. 4, 2. 6, 3. I Cor. 11, 21. [*From* grêdus (*w. suff.* -a-ga; ga=*Indg.* -ko). *Cf. O. E.* grǽdiȝ (*w. suff.* -îg-; *s.* mahteigs), *Mdl. E.* grêdi. *Mdn. E.* greedy, *O. N.* grâdhugr, *O. S.* grâdag, *O. H. G.* grâtag, *th. s. S.* grêdus, grêdôn.]

grêdôn, *w. v., to be greedy, be hungry, used impers.;* Rom. 12, 20.—[*From stem of* grêdus (*q. v.*), *the* o *being due to the influence of the verbs derived from* o- *stems. Comp. prec. w.*]

grêdus, *m., greed, hunger;* II Cor. 11, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* grǽd, *m., desire, hunger, Mdn. E.* greed, *O. N.* grâðr, *avidity, hunger. — Der.* grêdags, grêdôn, *q. v.*]

***grêfts,** *f., in* **gagrêfts,** *q. v.* [*From root* grêf, *to command, contained in O. H. G.* grâvo, gravjo, *M. H. G.* grâve, grâve, *N. H. G.* graf, *m., earl, count, and the prop. nouns* Graf, Gräf. *Compd. M. H. G.* lantgrâve (*For* lant, *s.* land), *m., landgrave, der.* lantgrævinne, *f., landgravine, N. H. G.* landgraf, *m.,* -gräfin, *f., Du.* landgraaf, *m.,* -gravin, *f., th. s., whence Mdn. E.* landgrave, *m.,* -gravine, *f.; and M. H. G.* markgrave (*For* mark, *s.* marka), *m., margrave, der.* markgrâvinne, -grævinne, *f., margravine, N. H. G.* markgraf, *m.,* -gräfin, *f., Du.* markgraaf, *m.,* markgravin, *f., th. s., whence Mdn. E.* margrave, *m.,* margravine, *f. For Mdn. E.* grave, *s.* graban.]

greipan, *st. v.* (172), *to gripe, seize, take, lay hold on, w. acc.;* Mk. 14, 44. 48. 49; *w. gen.;* Mk. 14, 51.—*Compd.* (a) faír-gr. *w. acc., th. s.;* Mk. 5, 41. 8, 23. Lu. 8, 54. 9, 47. (b) und-gr. *w. acc., th. s.;* Mk. 1, 31. 12, 8. 12. 14, 46. Jo. 18, 12. I Tim. 6, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* grîpan, *Mdl. E.* grîpe, *Mdn. E.* gripe, *O. S.* grîpan, *O. H. G.* grîfan, *M. H. G.* grîfen, *N. H. G.* greifen, *to gripe, seize, etc. Der. O. E.* grâpian, *Mdl. E.* grâpe, grǫpe, *Mdn. E.* grope, *O. H. G.* greifôn, *M. H. G.* greifen, *to gripe, grope; further O. E.* gripe, *m., a seizing or holding fast, Mdl. E.* grip, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* grif, *N. H. G.* griff, *m., grip; and L. G.* grapsen, *whence, probably, Mdl. E.* graspe, *for* grapse, (*by metathesis*), *Mdn. E.* grasp, *N. H. G.* grapsen, *to catch at; and Mdn. E.* grab (*Scand.*), *whence* grabble (grapple). — *Mdn. E.* griffin, griffon, *Fr.* griffon, *Ital.* griffo, griffone, *N. H. G.* greif, *m., th. s., are probably to be referred to Mdl. Lt.* griphus, *Lt.* gryphus, *from Gr.* γρύψ, (*stem* γρῡπ, *the* υ *having the sound of* i), *griffin.*]

grêtan, *red. v.* (181), *to weep, lament;* Mk. 5, 39. 14, 72. Lu. 7, 13. 32. 38. 8, 52. Jo. 11, 33. Rom. 12, 15. Phil. 3, 18; *folld.*

by bi *w. acc.;* Lu. 19, 41. [*Cf. O. E.* grâ̂tan, *Mdl. E.* grête, *Mdn. E.* greet, *to weep, lament, O. N.* gráta, *O. S.* grâtan, *th. s. From stem of* grêtan *there is supposed to be derived the Fr.* regret (re=*Lt.* re-), *grief,* regretter, *to lament, whence Mdn. E.* regret (*S. Schade,* grêtan, *and Dz., II, c,* regretter.—*Comp. follg. w.*]

grêts, *m.* (101, *n.* 1), *weeping;* Mt. 8, 12.—*From* grêtan, *q. v.*

grinda-fraþjis, *adj., feeble-minded;* I Thess. 5, 14. [*The first component,* grinda-, *refers to Germanic root* grind *in O. E.* grindan, *Mdl. E.* grinde, *Mdn. E.* grind. *Allied to N. H. G.* grand, *m., sand; and to O. E.* grist (*gender?*), *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* grist, *O. S.* *grist *in* gristgrimmo, *m., gnashing of teeth; der. O. E.* gristl, *m.?, Mdl. E.* gristel, *Mdn. E.* gristle. *E.* grist *is supposed to be identical with N. H. G.* gries *in* griesgram, *m., spleen, grumbler, also adj., morose, M. H. G.* grisgram, *m., gnashing of teeth; M. H. G.* grisgram(m)en, *to gnash the teeth, O. H. G.* grisgramôn, -grimmôn, *to gnash; comp. also O. E.* gristbîtung, *f., gnashing of teeth. Germanic* grind *answers to Indg.* ghrendh; *comp. Lt.* frendere, *to gnash, bruise, crush. — For the second component, s.* *fraþjis.]

***griþs,** *f.* (74, *n.* 2), *step, grade, degree;* I Tim. 3, 13. [*Supposed to refer to Lt.* gradus, *degree, step, whence also O. H. G.* grâd, *M. H. G.* grât, grâd, *degree, step, N. H. G.* grad, *m., degree, mode, Fr.* grade, *degree, whence Mdn. E.* grade. *For the numerous der. from Lt.* gradus *and its corresponding verb,* gradi, *pret. partic.* gressus, *such as Mdn. E.* gradual, graduate, degree, degress, *etc., s. Sk.,* grade. — *S. L. M. and Dief.*]

grôba, *f.* (35), *hole;* Mt. 8, 20. Lu. 9, 58. [*Cf. O. H. G.* gruoba, *M. H. G.* gruobe, *N. H. G.* grube, *f., pit, hole, ditch. Allied to* graban, graba, *q. v.*]

***grudja,** *weak adj. used as subst., m., in* us-grudja.—*S. Dief.*

***grundiþa,** *f., in* af-grundiþa.—*From a lost adj.* (*from* grundus, *q. v.*) *and suff.* i-þô.

***grundus,** *m., ground, in* grunduwaddjus. [*Cf. O. E.* grund, *m., ground, bottom* (*as of a lake, or the like*), *sea, water, earth, plain, Mdl. E.* grûnd, ground, *Mdn. E.* ground, *O. N.* grund, *O. H. G.* grunt, *M. H. G.* grunt (d), *N. H. G.* grund, *m., ground, bottom, valley. Compd. O. E.* grund-swilȝe (*the second component seems to refer to Germanic root* swelh (swelg, *by grammatical change*), *whence also O. E.* swelgan, *Mdl. E.* swelge, swelwe, *through* swelghe, *Mdn. E.* swallow, *with the preter. vowel* a *for* e, *O. H. G.* swelgan, *M. H. G.* swelgen,

swelhen, *to swallow, to drink to excess, N. H. G.* schwelgen, *to riot, revel*), *f., Mdl. E.* grundeswilie, *Mdn. E.* groundsel, *a species of the widely distributed weeds, also spelt* groundswell (*probably by influence of* 'swell'); *further Mdn. E.* ground-sill, *also* groundsel, *threshold* (*For* sill, *s.* *suljan). *S. Sk. and M.*, ground.—*Comp. follg. w.*]

grundu-waddjus, *f., ground-wall, foundation;* Lu. 6, 48. 49. 14, 29. Eph. 2, 20. II Tim. 2, 19. —*From stem of* *grundus *and* *waddjus, *q. v.*

guda-faúrhts, *adj., God-fearing, devout;* Lu. 2, 25. [*From stem of* guþ *and* faúrhts, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* god-fyrht, *Mdl. E.* godfurht (-fruht, -friht, *by metathesis*), *O. H. G.* godforht, *God-fearing. Comp. follg. w.*]

guda-laus, *adj., godless, without God;* Eph. 2, 12. — *From stem of* guþ *and* laus, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

gud-hûs, *n., house of God, temple;* Jo. 18, 20.—*From stem of* guþ (*but without the final* a) *and* hûs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

Gudeljuus (=Gudaliubs), *pr. n.;* Neap. doc.

Guderit (=Gudarêþs?), *pr. n.;* Neap. doc.

Gudilub, *pr. n.;* Arezzo document (*S. note*).

gudisks, *adj., godly, divine;* II Tim. 3, 16. Skeir. I, b. c.—*From stem of* guþ (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -i-ska. *Comp. follg. w.*

gudja, *m., priest* (ἱερεύς); Mt. 8, 4. Lu. 1, 5, Ezra 2, 36; *chief priest, high priest* (ἀρχιερεύς); Mt. 27, 1. 3. 6. *For the latter there occurs more frequently* sa auhumista gudja; Mk. 11, 18. 14, 47. 54. 60. Skeir. VIII, a; *or* sa maista gudja; Jo. 18, 26. 19, 6; *or* sa reikista gudja; Jo. 18, 22. — *From stem of* guþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

gudjinassus, *m., office of a priest, ministration;* Lu. 1, 9. II Cor. 9, 12. — *From* gudjinôn, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

gudjinôn, *w. v., to execute a priest's office, to be a priest;* Lu. 1, 8. — *From stem of* gudja, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

gulþ, *n.* (94), *gold;* I Tim. 2, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* gold, *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* gold, *O. N.* goll, gull (*for* golþ), *O. S.* gold, *O. H. G.* gold, *M. H. G.* golt(d), *N. H. G.* gold, *n., gold. Der. O. E.* gyldan (*for* guldjan, *by* i-*uml.; s. remarks under* gulþeins), *Mdl. E.* gulde, gilde, *Mdn. E.* gild.—*From pre-Germanic* ghlto-, *a participial formation from root* ghel, *to be yellow; comp. Skr.* hiraṇya, *gold,* hári, *yellow as gold. Probably akin to O. E.* ȝeolu (*stem in* -wa-; eo *for* e, *by* u-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* ȝeolu, ȝelu, (*infl.* ȝelw- *and* ȝelow-, *whence*) *Mdn. E.* yellow, *O. S.* gelo, *O. H. G.* gelo (*infl.* gelw-), *M. H.*

G. gel (*infl.* gelw-), *N. H. G.* gelb, *Eff.* ʒäl, *yellow. Germanic stem* gelwa *refers to pre-Germanic* ghelwo-, *allied to Lt.* helvus, *light bay, and to Gr.* χλω-ρός, *green, yellow, O. Bulg.* zelenŭ, *yellow, green; and perhaps to O. E.* gealla (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m., Mdl. E.* galle, *Mdn. E.* gall, *O. N.* gall, *n., O. S.* galla, *f., O. H. G.* galla, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* galle, *f., gall, bile, Lt.* fel, *Gr.* χόλος, χολή, *gall, wrath. Root* ghel (ghlê) *may also be allied to root* ghlâ, *Germanic* glô *in O. E.* glôwan, *Mdl. E.* glôwe, *Mdn. E.* glow, *O. N.* glóa, *O. H. G.* gluoen, *M. H. G.* glüen, glüejen, *N. H. G.* glühen; *in O. E.* glȫm *and* glȫmung, *m., Mdl. E.* *glȫm, *Mdn. E.* gloom; *and in O. H. G. M. H. G.* gluot, *N. H. G.* glut, *f., glowing fire, heat.—Comp. follg. w.*]

gulþeins, *adj., golden;* II Tim. 2, 20. [*From* gulþ (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna-. *Cf. O. E.* gylden (y *by* i-*uml. of* u, *from* o), *Mdl. E.* gulden (golden), *Mdn. E.* golden (*by influence of the subst.* gold), *O. N.* gullinn, *O. S. O. H. G.* guldîn, *M. H. G.* guldîn, güldîn, gülden, *N. H. G.* gülden, golden (*the* o *from the corresponding subst.*). *M. H. G.* guldîn *came to be used as a subst., m., whence N. H. G.* gulden, *m., florin* (*S. L.* guldîn, gulden).]

guma, *m.* (107), *man;* Lu. 19, 2. I Cor. 7, 16. Neh. 5, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* guma, *m., Mdl. E.* gume, gome, *man, O. N.* gumi, *O. S.* gumo, *O. H. G.* gomo, *M. H. G.* gome, *m., man, N. H. G.* -gam *in* bräutigam, *M. H. G.* briutegome, *O. H. G.* brûtigomo, *m., bride-groom, which answers to O. E.* brŷd-guma, *Mdl. E.* brîdegume, *Mdn. E.* bridegroom (groom, *Mdl. E.* grȫm, *boy, youth, is owing to confusion with Mdl. E.* gume; *comp. O. N.* gromr, *th. s. — For Mdn. E.* bride, *etc., s.* brûþs.) *Germanic* guman- *refers to pre-Germanic* ghemon-; *comp. Lt.* homo *for* *ghomo, *m., man.*]

guma-kunds, *adj., male;* Lu. 2, 23. Gal. 3, 28. — *Comp.* guma, *kunds, *and follg. w.*

gumeins, *adj., male;* Mk. 10, 6.— *From* gum-an- (*s.* guma) *and suff.* -eina (=*Lt.* -îno; *s.* aírþeins, qineins, *etc.*)

Gumundus, *pr. n.* (65, *n.* 1).

gunds (*m. or f.?*), *cancer, canker;* II Tim. 2, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* gund, *n.?, Mdl. E.* gund, gound, *O. H. G.* gunt, *m., pus.*]

***gutnan,** *w. v., in* us-g., *to be poured out, be spilled;* Mt. 9, 17. Mk. 2, 22. Lu. 5, 37.— *From* gutana-, *stem of pret. partic. of* giutan, *q. v.*

Gut-þiuda, *f., the Gothic people;* Cal. [*From stem* Guta- *and* þiuda (*q. v.*). *The form* Gut *shows, that the* th *of the E.* Goth *and of the German* Gothe *stands incorrectly for* t.]

guþ, *m.* (1, *n.* 4; 94), *God;* Mt.

5, 8. 34. 8, 29. 27, 46. Mk. 2, 7. Skeir. I, a. c. III, b. II, d. VIII, c; *plur.* guda (guþa; Gal. 4, 8), *n., gods;* Jo. 10, 35.— [*Occurs very often in sing., where it is always m., although n. in form. Cf. O. E.* god, *m., God,* god, *n., heathen god, Mdl. E.* god, *Mdn. E.* God, god, *O. N.* goð, *n., heathen god,* guð, goð, *m., God, O. S.* god, *m., God, O. H. G. M. H. G.* got, *m.,*(ab-got, *m. n., idol; for* ab, *s.* af), *N. H. G.* gott, *m., God, god* (abgott, *m., idol*). *Germanic* guda- (*or* guþa-?)*suggests Indg.* ghu-to-m *which is prop. a partic. in* -to- (*s.* alþeis, dauþs, kalds, *etc.*), *from root* ghu-; *comp. Skr. root* hu (*partic.* hŭta), *to invoke the gods. — Der.: O. E.* gyden (*Germanic* gud-inî) *f., goddess, O. H. G.* gutin *and* gut-inna, *M. H. G.* gotinne, götinne, gutinne, *N. H. G.* göttin; *and Mdl E.* goddesse (*with suff.* -esse, *from the Fr.* -esse, *from the Lt.* -issa =*Gr.* -εσσα, -ισσα), *Mdn. E.* goddess. — *Compds.: Mdl. E.* god-hêd, *Mdn. E.* godhead *and* godhood, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* gotheit, *N. H. G.* gottheit, *f., godship, deity, divinity* (*For* -head, -hood, -heit, *s.* haidus); *O. E.* god-spell (*For* spell, *s.* spill), *n., gospel, Mdl. E.* gospel (gospellere, *O. E.* god-spellere, *m., evangelist*), *Mdn. E.* gospel, *O. H. G.* gotspel, *O. S.* godspell, *n., gospel; Mdl. E.* god-sib, gossib (*For* -sib, *s.* sibja), *Mdn. E.* gossip, *orig. a sponsor, one who answered for a child in baptism; hence a familiar friend; Mdl. E.* godfader, *Mdn. E.* godfather (*For* father, *s.* fadar); *Mdl. E.* god-môder, *Mdn. E.* godmother; *Mdl. E.* god-chîld, *Mdn. E.* godchild (*For* child, *s.* kilþei); *O. E.* god-sunu, *m., Mdl. E.* god-sune, -sone, *Mdn. E.* godson (*For* son, *s.* sunus); *Mdl. E.* god-dogter, *Mdn. E.* goddaughter (*For* daughter, *s.* daúhtar). *The Mdn. E. compd.* god-mother *is represented in N. H. G. by the simple noun* gote (*the corresponding m. being* pate, *M. H. G.* pate, *from Lt.* pater, *father; s.* fadar), *M. H. G.* gote, gotte (göte, götte, *m., godfather*), *O. H. G.* gota, *perhaps short for* gotmuotar (*s. Kl.*, gote). *Here belongs also Mdn. E.* good-bye *which is generally supposed to be a contraction of* 'God be with you', *in which explanation, however, the diphthongal sound of* y *remains unexplained. Trautmann's explanation* (*Anglia, VIII, 2, p. 144*) *of good-bye as being contracted from* 'God be by you' *is far better and probably the only correct one. — Comp.* galiugaguþ; af-, ga-guþs, gagudaba; af-, ga-gudei; gudjan; *and follg. w.*]

guda-skaunei, *f., the form of God;* Phil. 2, 6.—*From stem of* guþs

and *skaunei, *q. v. Comp. also follg. w.*

guþ-blôstreis, *m., worshipper of God;* Jo. 9, 31. — *From* (*acc. of?*) guþs *and* *blôstreis, *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

H.

Haban, *w. v.* (192), *to have, possess, hold, take, take hold of; hold, esteem, count, consider; keep, observe.* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 4, 25. Lu. 8, 18. 19, 26. II Cor. 8, 10. 12. (2) *w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 46. 7, 29. Mk. 3, 30. 7, 3. 4. 8. 9. 10. Lu. 3, 11. Skeir. VI, a; faírhvu habands, *ruler of the world;* Eph. 6, 12; *used of time* (*to be old, be*); Jo. 8, 57. 11, 17; *w. double acc.;* Phil. 3, 17; *the second acc. being an adj.;* Mk. 8, 17. Phil. 2, 29; *or a partic.;* Lu. 14, 18. 19. Jo. 17, 13. I Tim. 4, 2. Skeir. VI, d; *in pass.:* gafahanai habanda (*codex B has* tiuhanda); II Tim. 2, 26; *or expressed by* du *w. dat.;* Philem. 17; *so* Xristu du gawaúrkja h., *to have Christ for a gain, to win Christ;* Phil. 3, 8. (3) *w. a dependent inf.,* (a) *for the Gr.* future; Jo. 12, 26. II Cor. 11, 12. II Thess. 3, 4; (b) *for* μέλλειν *w. inf.:* þôei habaidêdun ina gadaban, *what things should happen unto him;* Mk. 10, 32; þatei habaida taujan, *what he would do;* Jo. 6, 6; ustaúhana habaida waírþan garêhsns (*perficiendum erat concilium*); Skeir. I, a; þeihan habaida (*profecturus esset*); Skeir. II, c; (c) *for* ἔχειν *w. inf.* (*to be able to do*); Lu. 14, 14. Eph. 4, 28. (4) *folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Lu. 14, 28. (5) ni haban *folld. by an indir. question;* Mt. 8, 20. Mk. 8, 1. 2. Lu. 7, 42. 9, 58. (6) *w. partit. gen.;* Mt. 9, 36. Mk. 4, 5. Jo. 9, 41. Eph. 5, 27. (7) *in adv. phrases:* ubil *and* ubilaba h. (κακῶς ἔχειν), *to be ill, be sick;* Mt. 8, 16. Mk. 2, 17; mins haban, *to have in a less degree, be behind;* II Cor. 12, 11; mais waírs h. (μᾶλλον εἰς τὸ χεῖρον ἔρχεσθαι), *rather to be worse;* Mk. 5, 26; manwuba h. (ἐν ἑτοίμῳ ἔχειν), *to have in readiness, be ready;* II Cor. 10, 6; aftumist haban (ἐσχάτως ἔχειν), *to lie at the point of death;* Mk. 5, 23; ufarassau h., *to have in abundance;* Phil. 4, 12. (8) *w. prep.:* bi; Mt. 5, 23; du; Mk. 9, 10. fram *w. dat.;* Mt. 6, 1. I Cor. 7, 7. II Cor. 2, 3. I Tim. 3, 7; in; Mk. 4, 17. 9, 50. Jo. 6, 53. 17, 13. II Cor. 1, 9; miþ; Mk. 2, 19. 8, 14. 14, 7. Jo. 12, 8. 13, 5; uf; Mt. 8, 9. Lu. 7, 8; us *w. dat.;* II Cor. 5, 1; wiþra; Mk. 11, 25. I Cor. 6, 1. II Cor. 5, 12. Col. 3, 13. (9) *refl.:* faírra h. sik (ἀπέχειν), *to be far from;* Mk. 7, 6; aljaleikôs h. s. (ἄλλως ἔχειν), *to be*

otherwise; I Tim. 5, 25. (10) h. wisan at, *to be held, be ready for;* Mk. 3, 9; habaidêdun Iôhannên, þatei praúfêtês was (εἶχον τὸν Ἰωάννην, ὅτι προφήτης ἦν), *counted John, that he was a prophet;* Mk. 11, 32. — *Compds.* (a) af-h. sick, *to abstain, folld. by* af *w. dat.;* I Thess. 5, 22. (b) ana-h., *to take hold of, possess; in pass.: to be taken* (*with fever*); Lu. 4, 38; *to be possessed;* Lu. 6, 18. (c) at-h. sik du *w. dat., to approach;* Mk. 10, 35. (d) dis-h. *w. acc., to seize upon, take;* Lu. 5, 9. 8, 37; *to constrain;* II Cor. 5, 14. Phil. 1, 23. (e) ga-h., *to have, possess;* Mk. 10, 23; *to hold, hold fast, keep, retain, detain;* Lu. 4, 42. 8, 15. Rom. 7, 6. I Thess. 5, 21; *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* Philem. 13; *to lay hold on;* Mk. 3, 21. 6, 17. Skeir. VIII, a; ga- h. sik, *to abstain;* I Cor. 7, 9; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* I Thess. 4, 3. (f) uf-h. *w. acc., to hold up, bear up;* Lu. 4. 11. [*Cf. O. E.* habban (bb *for* b, *by gemination*) *Mdl. E.* habbe hæbbe, have, *Mdn. E.* have, *O. N.* hafa, *O. S.* hebbian, *O. H. G.* habên, *M. H. G.* haben, *N. H. G.* haben, *to have. Although Latin* h *regularly answers to Germanic* g (*s.* gasts), haban *is allied to Lt.* habere (habê-, *Germanic* habai- *from* khabhêj; *s. Kl.*, haben).—*Compd. Mdl. E.* be-habbe, *Mdn. E.* behave (*Comp. N. H. G.* sich haben, *to behave*), *whence* behavior (*w. suff.* -or, -our=*Fr.* -eur, *from Lt.* -orem. — *Der. O. H. G.* haba, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* habe, *f., property, goods; further O. E.* hæfene, *f., Mdl. E.* hævene, hafene, *Mdn. E.* haven, *O. N.* höfn, *f., M. H. G.* habene, *f., beside* hap, *n., harbor, L. G.* haven, *whence N. H. G.* hafen, *m., haven, harbor, lit. that which holds. S.* un-habands, un-ga-habands, hafjan, hafts, *and Kl.*, hafen, haff.]

hafjan, *st. v.* (177. *n.* 2), *w. acc., to heave, lift up, bear;* Mk. 2, 3. — *Compds.* (a) and-h., *to answer,* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 8, 8. 11, 4. Jo. 8, 19. Mk. 8, 28. Skeir. VIII, a. d; (2) *w. dat. of pers.;* Mt. 25, 45. Mk. 7, 28. 11, 30. Lu. 8, 50. Jo. 6, 7. 7, 47. Skeir. VIII, b; (3) *w. acc. of th.;* Mt. 27, 12. Mk. 14, 60. 61; (4) *folld. by* wiþra *w. acc.;* Mt. 27, 14. Lu. 4, 4. Skeir. VIII, b; *or a dependent clause introduced by* ei; Lu. 20, 7; *or* þatei; Mk. 12, 29; (5) *with the adv.* frôdaba; Mk. 12, 34; raíhtaba; Lu. 10, 28; waíla; Mk. 12, 28. (b) at-h. *w. acc., to take down;* Mk. 15, 36. (c) ufar-h. sik ufar *w. acc., to exalt one's self above;* II Thess. 2, 4. (d) us-h., *to take up, lift up, w. acc.;* Mk. 2, 12. 5, 24. Lu. 9, 17. 16, 23. 17, 13. Jo. 6, 5. 11, 41. I Tim. 2, 8; *and folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Jo. 13, 18; *or* du *w. dat.;* Lu. 6, 20. 18, 13. Jo. 17, 1; *or* wiþra

w. acc., to exalt one's self against; II Cor. 10, 5; *refl.:* ush. sik, *to remove;* Mk. 11, 23; *to intrude;* Col. 2, 18; ush. sik jaiṇþrô, *to depart hence, folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Mt. 11. 1. [*Cf. O. E.* hebban (*from* hafjan; e *is* i-*uml. of* a (æ), bb *for* fj, *by gemination*), *Mdl. E.* hebbe, heve, *Mdn. E.* heave, *O. N.* hefja, *O. S.* hebbian, *O. H. G.* heffan (*from* hafjan), hevan, *M. H. G.* heben, heven (*trans. and refl.*), *N. H. G.* heben, *to raise, lift, heave, etc. The* j *occurs only in the present tense and answers to the* i *of Lt. verbs in* io *of the Third Conjugation* (facio, capio, *etc.*). — *Der. O. E.* hæf. *f.?, O. H. G.* hevo, heffo, *m., M. H. G.* heve, heffe, *m. and f., N. H. G.* hefe, *f., yeast, prop. that which causes a rising, swelling, i. e. fermentation; O. E.* hæft, *m., O. N.* hapt, *n., O. H. G.* haft, *m. n., M. H. G.* haft, *m., bond, fetter, N. H. G.* haft, *m., hold, fastening, hook; O. E.* hæft, *n., Mdl. E.* haft, heft, *Mdn. E.* haft, *handle, O. H. G.* hefti, *M. H. G.* hefte, *N. H. G.* heft, *n., haft, handle; also O. E.* hafoc, heafoc (*rare;* ea *by* u-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* havek, hauk, *Mdn. E.* hawk, *O. S.* *haboc (*only in proper n.*), *O. H. G.* habuh (*hebih), *M. H. G.* habich, habech, *N. H. G.* habicht (*with inorganic* t; *s.* mêna), *m., hawk. — Germanic root* haf (hab) *answers to Indg. root* kap *in Lt.* capere, *to take hold, contain; in* capax (*gen.* capacis), *able to hold much, spacious, also able, fit for, whence Mdn. E.* capacious (*w. suff.* -i-ous); *in Vulg. Lt.* capabilis, *whence Fr.* capable, *whence Mdn. E.* capable; *in Vulg. Lt.* cap(u)lum, *a strong rope, whence O. Fr.* cable, *th. s., whence Mdl. E.* cable, *Mdn. E.* cable, *M. H. G.* kabel (*through the L. G.*), *f. n., N. H. G.* kabel, *f. n., cable; in Lt.* capsa, *case, box, whence O. Fr.* casse, *th. s., whence Mdl. E.* casse, *Mdn. E.* case, *N. H. G.* kasse, *f., money-box, cash, and Fr.* caisse (*Concerning* ai *for* a, *s. Br.*, caisse), *case, box, cash-box, whence Mdn. E.* cash, *and Fr.* cassier, *whence Mdn. E.* cashier, *N. H. G.* kassierer (*w. suff.* -er), *th. s.; a dem. of Lt.* capsa *is* capsula, *a small box, whence Fr.* capsule, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* capsule, *and N. H. G.* kapsel, *f., case, cover, capsule. To Lt.* captus, *pret. partic. of* capere, *refers Lt.* captor, *he who takes or catches, whence Mdn. E.* captor; *and Lt.* captura, *a taking, catching, capture, prey, whence Fr.* capture, *whence Mdn. E.* capture; *and Lt.* captare, *to snatch at, make chase for, strive after, whence Vulg. Lt.* *captiare (*S. Sk.* catch, *and Br.*, chasser), *whence O. Fr.* (*Picard*) cachier, *to hunt,*

chase, whence Mdl. E. cacche, *Mdn. E.* catch (*Comp. Sk. and Schroeer, Anglia, IV, 3; Varnhagen, III, 2, and Trautmann, IV, 2, loc. cit.*); *a variant of the Picard* cachier *is the common O. Fr.* chacier (*comp.* canter, chanter, *etc.*), *to hunt, chase, whence Mdl. E.* chace, *Mdn. E.* chase, *compd.* purchase, *Mdl. E.* purchase, purchace, porchace, *from O. Fr.* purchacier (pur, por, *from Lt.* pro *used as a proclitic*), *to pursue eagerly, get. Further cognates are Lt.* accipere (ac *for* ad, *to, by assimilation*), *to take to one's self, take, receive, pret. partic.* acceptus, *whence* acceptare, *th. s., whence Fr.* accepter, *whence Mdl. E.* accepte, *Mdn. E.* accept; *and Lt.* anticipare (anti-, *before*), *to take beforehand, pret. partic.* -tus, *whence Mdn. E.* anticipate; *and Lt.* concipere (con *for* cum, *with, together*), *to take, receive, comprehend, whence O. Fr.* concever, concevoir, *th. s., whence Mdl. E.* concêve, *Mdn. E.* conceive; *to Lt.* conceptus, *pret. partic. of* concipere, *refers* conceptio, *acc.* -onem, *a comprehending, whence Fr.* conception, *whence Mdn. E.* conception. *Similar formations are Mdn. E.* deceive *and* deception, perceive *and* perception, receive *and* reception, *respectively from Lt.* decipere (de, *away*), *to catch away, deceive;* percipere (per- *signifying 'thoroughly, completely', etc.*), *to seize entirely, comprehend;* recipere (re, *back*), *to take back, recover, etc. For further der. from* capere, *such as Mdn. E.* captious, captive, conceit, occupy, precept, recipe, susceptible, *etc., s. Sk.*, capacious. — *Comp.* haftjan, *haftnan, hafts, *hafts, *hôbains.]

***hafnan,** *w. v.* (35), *to be heaved, be lifted, in* ufar-h., *to be exalted;* II Cor. 12, 7. [*From stem of the pret. partic. of* haf-jan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -na-. *Comp. also follg. w.*

haftjan, *w. v. w. dat., with or without* sik, *to cleave to, give one's self to continually, continue;* Rom. 12, 9. 12. Col. 4, 2. I Tim. 3, 8. — *Compds.* (a) ga-h. sik *w. dat., to cleave to, join one's self to;* Lu. 15, 15. (b) ga-ga-h., *to join together closely, to compact;* Eph. 4, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* hæftan (æ *for the regular* e= *uml. of* a, æ), *to chain, hold captive, O. S.* heftjan, *O. H. G.* heftan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* heften, *to fasten, bind. Allied to O. S.* haftôn, *O. H. G.* haftên, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* haften (*intr.*), *to be fixed, to stick, remain. S. the kindred* hafts, haftnan, *and* hafjan.]

***haftnan,** *w. v., in* ga- h. *w. dat., to be attached to, to cleave;* Lu. 10, 11. — *From* hafts *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

hafts, *adj., joined;* liugôm hafts,

joined in marriage; I Cor. 7. 10. [*It seems to be an old pret. partic. from root* haf (*s.* hafjan). *Cf. O. E.* hæft, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* haft, *adj., made prisoner, captive, N. H. G.* -haft *in compds. Germanic* hafta- *may also refer to root* hab *of* haban (*q. v.*); *s. Kl.*, haft, *and follg. w.*]

***hafts,** *in* auda-, qiþu-hafts. — *Same as prec. w. Comp. follg. w.*

***hafts,** *f., in* andahafts, *f., answer.* [*From root of* hafjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Lit. a holding* (andahafts, *a holding against; s.* answer, *under* swaran). *Cf. O. H. G.* haft (*and* hafta), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* haft, *f., captivity. Comp.* hafts *and prec. w.*]

***hâh,** *n., in* faúra-, faúr-hâh, *q. v.* —*From root of* hâhan, *q. v.*

hâhan, *red. v.* (5, b; 179) *w. acc., to let hang, leave in suspense;* Jo. 10, 24. — *Compds.* (a) at-h. *w. acc., to let down;* Lu. 5, 4. II Cor. 11, 33. (b) us-h. sik, *to hang one's self;* Mt. 27, 5. [*From Germanic root* hâh *for* hanh (*s.* fâhan). *Cf. O. E.* hôn (*trans., from* hôan, *by contraction, for* hôhan, *from* hãhan, *from* hanhan, *by nasalization; pret.* hêng, *pret. partic.* hangen; *comp. remarks under* briggan), *Mdl. E.* hô(n) (*tr.; pret.* hêng, *pret. partic.* hange), *Mdn. E.* hang (*representing both the str. and the weak v.; s. below*), *O. H. G.* hâhan, (*pret.* hiang, *pret. partic.* gi-hangen), *M. H. G.* hâhen (*tr. and intr.; pret.* hienc, *pret. partic.* ge-hangen), *N. H. G.* hangen (*intr.; pret.* hi(e)ng, *pret. partic.* gehangen), *to hang. To the str. v. refers the w. v.: O. E.* hangian (*intr.*), *Mdl. E.* hange (*tr. and intr.*), *Mdn. E.* hang (*s. above*), *O. S.* hangôn, *O. H. G.* hangên (*intr.*), *M. H. G.* hangen (*intr.*), *to hang; and O. N.* hengja, *Mdl. E.* henge, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* hengen (*intr. and trans.*), *N. H. G.* hängen, *to hang, hang up. In Mdl. E., Mdn. E., and N. H. G., the orig. strong and the later w. v. have in many instances been mixed; hence the confusion of the trans. and intrans. significations. A collateral form of M. H. G,* hengen *is* henken, *N. H. G.* henken, *to hang, whence M. H. G.* henker (*beside* henger), *N. H. G.* henker, *m., hangman, executioner, etc.; and N. H. G.* henkel, *m., handle. Further cognates are Mdn. E.* hank, hanker; *and Mdl. E.* henge, *Mdn. E.* hinge (*all from the Skand.; s. Sk.*), *M. H. G.* hengel, *m.* (*s.* hengen, *above*), *handle, hinge; and N. H. G.* gehänge (*s.* hängen, *above*), *n., hanging, pendant, Eff.* ȝehäng, *n., hinge, etc. — Germanic root* hanh *is supposed to be allied to Lt.* cunctari, *to delay. Comp. also* *hâh *and follg. w.*]

hâhan, *w. v., to hang, be in suspense, be anxious;* Lu. 19, 48. —*S. prec. and follg. w.*

***hâhjô,** *adv., in* gahâhjô, *q. v.*—*Probably from stem* *hâhja-, *from root of* hâhan, *q. v.*

Haíbráius, *pr. n.* (23; 61), Ἑβραῖος; Phil. 3, 5; *nom. plur.* -eis; II Cor. 11, 22; *dat.* -um; Phil. 3, 5.

haidus, *m., manner, way* (τρόπος); Phil. 1, 18. II Thess. 2, 3. II Tim. 3, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* hâd, *m., Mdl. E.* hâd, hǫ̂d, *sex, person, order, degree, etc., O. H. G.* heit, *m. f., person, sex, rank, degree, M. H. G.* heit, *f., kind, manner, quality. In both E. and G. the word appears also as a suff.: O. E.* -hâd, *Mdl. E.* -hǫ̂d, *beside* -hêd, *Mdn. E.* -hood *and* -head, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* -heit (*S.* ara). *Comp.* hais.]

haifstjan, *w. v., to strive, fight;* I Cor. 9, 25. I Tim. 6, 12. II Tim. 2, 5. 4, 7.—*From* haifsts; *s. follg. w.*

haifsts, *f., strife, contest, fight;* Rom. 13, 13. II Cor. 12, 20. Phil. 1, 15. 30. Skeir. IV, d. [*From stem* *haifsti, *from root* haif, *pre-Germanic* kaip, *and suff.* -sti-. *Cf. O. E.* hæ̂st (*for* hæ̂fst; æ̂ *is* i-*uml. of* â=*Goth.* ai), *f., violence, ferocity; chiefly adj., violent. The unextended suff.* -ti- *seems to occur in the cognate O. N.* heift (heipt), *O. H. G.* heiftig (*w. suff.* -ig), *M. H. G.* heifte, *vehement, violent.*]

haihs, *adj.* (20, *n.* 2), *with one eye;* Mk. 9, 47. [*Comp. O. Ir.* cóic, *Lt.* caecus, *blind.*]

Haileias; *s.* **Hêleias.**

Haíleisaius, *pr. n.,* Ἐλισαῖος, *dat.* -au; Lu. 4, 27.

***haili,** *n., in* **unhaili,** *q. v.*—*From* hails (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp. follg. w.*

hailjan, *w. v.* (188), *to heal,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 3, 2. (2) *w. acc. of pers.;* Lu. 4, 23. 5, 17; *or disease;* Mt. 9, 35. Mk. 3, 15; hailjan sik *w. gen., to be healed;* Lu. 6, 18. — *Compd.* ga-h., *to heal, w. acc. of pers.;* Mt. 8, 7. 16. Mk. 1, 34. 3, 10. Lu. 4, 40. 9, 2. 11. 42; *the acc. of pers. being implied;* Mk. 6, 5. 13; *w. acc. of disease;* Lu. 9, 1; *the disease being expressed by* af *w. dat., or by the gen;* Lu. 7, 21. [*From* hails, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* hæ̂lan, ȝe-hæ̂lan (*from* hâl *the* â *of which became* æ̂ *by influence of the formative* j, *the latter being dropped after long syllables folld. by a consonant*), *Mdl. E.* hæ̂le, hêle, heale, *Mdn. E.* heal, *O. H. G.* heilen (*trans.*), *to make whole, heal,* heilên (*intr.*), *to grow sound, heal, M. H. G. N. H. G.* heilen (*trans. and intrans.*), *to heal. The pres. partic. is used as subst. in: O. E. Mdl. E.* hæ̂lend (*superseded by* sauveour, saveour, *Mdn. E.* savio(u)r, *from O. Fr.* sauveour, *from* saulveour *for* salveour, *from Lt.* salvatorem, *acc. of* salvator, *savior, redeemer, from* salvare, *to save, from* salvus, *saved, preserved,*

well, sound, acc. salvum, *whence Fr.* sauf, *whence Mdl. E.* sauf, sauve, *Mdn. E.* safe. *The Mdn. E. v.* save, *Mdl. E.* sauve, save, *refers to O. Fr.* sauver, *from Lt.* salvare; *s. above*), *m., O. S.* hêliand, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* heilant, *N. H. G.* heiland (*S.* nasjands), *m., savior. Comp. follg. w.*]

***hailnan,** *w. v.* (194), *in* ga-h., *to be healed;* Mt. 8, 8. 13. Lu. 7, 7; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mk. 5, 29. — *From* hails, *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

hails, *adj.* (124), *hale, whole, sound;* Mt. 9, 12. Lu. 5, 31. 7, 10. 15, 27. Jo. 7, 23. I Tim. 1, 10. 6, 3. II Tim. 1, 13. 4, 3. Tit. 1, 9. 2, 1; hails wisan, *to be sound;* Tit. 1, 13; hails waírþan, *to do well, fare well;* Jo. 11, 12; *used as an exclamation of salutation: hail!;* Mk. 15, 18; *so w.* sijai; Jo. 19, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* hâl, *Mdl. E.* hǫ̂l, *Mdn. E.* whole (*the* w *being inorganic*), *O. N.* heill (*whence Mdl. E.* hail, *Mdn. E.* hail *and* hale), *O. S.* hêl, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* heil, *whole, sound, healed. As an exclamation of salutation: O. E.* wes þu Hrôðgâr hâl!; Beowulf, 407; *O. N.* heill þú farir!; Edda, Vafþruðnismal, 4; *and* heill þú nú, Vafþruðnir!, *loc. cit.*, 6. — *From stem* haila-, *pre-Germanic* kailo- (*w. suff.* -lo-), *from root* kai; *comp. O. Bulg.* cělŭ, *complete, whole.* — *Der.: O. E.* hǽlu (*for and beside* hǽle, *from* hâli; ǽ *is* i-*uml. of* â=*Goth.* ai), *f., salvation, Mdl. E.* hǽle, *th. s., beside O. E.* hǽl, *n., salvation, omen, Mdl. E.* hǽl, *salvation, O. N.* heill, *n. f., O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* heil (*S. Kl.*, heil), *n., happiness, prosperity, salvation; further O. E.* hâliʒ (*w. suff.* -iʒ), *Mdl. E.* hâli, hǫ̂li, *Mdn. E.* holy (*compd.* holiday, *Mdl. E.* hâlidæi; *for* dæi, *s.* dags), *O. N.* heilagr, *O. S.* hêlag, *O. H. G.* heilag, *M. H. G.* heilec, *N. H. G.* heilig (*S.* weihs), *whence, respectively, O. E.* hâlgian, *Mdl. E.* halghe, halwe (*by labialization*), halowe, *Mdn. E.* hallow, *O. H. G.* heilagôn, heiligôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* heiligen, *to hallow, sanctify. Further O. E.* hâlsian, hǽlsian (healsian, *to beseech, with which it has been mixed; s.* hals), *Mdl. E.* hâlse, *O. H. G.* heilisôn, *to augur, predict; and O. E.* hâlsung, *f., Mdl. E.* hâlsung, *a beseeching, supplication. To the adj.* hâl (*not to* hǽlan; *s. above*), *refers also O. E.* hǽlð (*from* hǽliða, *Goth.* *hâliþa, ǽ *for* â, *by* i-*uml*), *f., Mdl. E.* hǽlð, hêlðe, *Mdn. E.* health, *O. H. G.* heilida, *f., health.* — *Comp.* *haili, hailjan, *hailnan.]

haimôþli, *n., homestead, lands;* Mk. 10, 29. 30. [*From stem of* haims (*q. v.*), *and suff.* þlja-, *from* þla-, *Indg.* tlo-. *Comp. O. H. G.* heimuodili, *n., allied to* heimuoti, heimôti, *n., M. H. G.*

heimôt, heimuot, *f. n., N. H. G.* heimat, *f., home.*]

haims, *f.* (103, *n.* 4), *village, town, country;* Mt. 9, 35. Mk. 1, 38, 5, 14. 11, 2. Lu. 5, 17. Jo. 11, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* hâm, *m., home, dwelling, Mdl. E.* hâm hôm, *Mdn. E.* home, *O. N.* heimr, *m., dwelling, world, O. S.* hêm, *dwelling-place, O. H. G. M. H. G.* heim, *n., dwelling, home, place of residence* (*acc.* heim *is also used adv., home, whence N. H. G.* heim, *adv., home*), *N. H. G.* heim, *n., home. The signification of the Gothic word occurs in the remaining Germanic dialects only in names of places; comp. G.* -heim *in* Mühlheim, *E.* -ham *in* Birmingham, *etc.* (*s. M.,* hamlet), *while the more general meaning, 'home', is found in Goth. adj.; comp.* anahaims, afhaims. *'Village' is probably the older signification; comp. Lith.* kẽmas, *m., village; Skr.* kšemas, *comfortable residence,* (*for* s-kaimas), *from root* ksĭ, *to abide safely;* -kšitís, *f., abode, earth, O. Bulg.* po-citi, po-koj, *rest, Gr.* κώμη *for* κϝώμη, *village.* — *Der. M. H. G.* heimlich, heimelich (*For* -lich, *s.* *leiks), *confident, secret, N. H. G.* heimlich, *adj., secret, comfortable. Of O. L. G. origin is the kindred O. Fr.* hamel (*Mdn. Fr.* hameau), *hamlet, whence Mdl. E.* hamelet, *Mdn. E.* hamlet. *Comp.* haimôþli, *also Kl.,* heim.]

háiraíseis (*nom. plur., w. Gr. inflection;* 23), *heresies;* Gal. 5, 20. [*It is the Gr.* αἱρέσεις, *nom. sing.* αἵρεσις, *a taking, conquest, choice, inclination, way of thinking, a* (*philosophical*) *sect, whence Lt.* haeresis, *a* (*philosophical or religious*) *sect, heresy, whence Fr.* heresie, *whence Mdl. E.* heresie, *Mdn. E.* heresy, *M. H. G.* hêresîe, *N. H. G.* häresie, *f., heresy. From the Gr. v.* αἱρεῖν, *to take, take away, conquer, whence also* αἱρετικός, *heretical, whence Lt.* haereticus, *adj., heretical, and subst., m., heretic, whence Fr.* heretique, *whence Mdl. E.* heretike, *Mdn. E.* heretic, *extended* heretical. — *Compds.: Gr.* ἀφαίρεσις, *a taking away* (*from* ἀφαιρεῖν, *to take away;* ἀφ- *for* ἀπ- *for* ἀπό, *from, away from*), *whence Mdn. E.* aphaeresis; *Gr.* διαίρεσις, *a taking apart, separation* (*from* δι-αιρεῖν, *to take apart;* δι- *for* διά, *apart*), *whence Lt.* diaeresis, *the dividing of one syllable into two, whence Mdn. E.* diaeresis; *Gr.* συναίρεσις, *a taking together* (*from* συν-αιρεῖν, *to take together;* σύν, *with, together*), *whence Mdn. E.* synaeresis.]

haírda, *f., herd, flock;* Mt. 8, 30. 31, 32. Mk. 5, 11. 13. Lu. 2, 8. 8, 32. [*Cf. O. E.* heord (*for* herd, *by breaking, from* *herdu), *f., Mdl. E.* herd, *Mdn. E.* herd, *O. N.* hjörþ, *O. H. G.*

herta, *M. H. G.* herte, hert, *N. H. G.* herde (d *for* t, *by L. G. influence*), *f., herd, flock. Germanic* herdô *from pre-Germanic* kerdhâ; *comp. O. Ind.* çárdhas, *n.*, çárdha-s, *m., troop, host. Comp. follg. w.*]

haírdeis, *m.* (90), *herd, shepherd;* Mt. 9, 36. Lu. 2, 8. 15. 18. 20. Jo. 10, 2. 11. 14. 16. Eph. 4, 11. [*From stem of* haírda (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja-. *Cf. O. E.* hierde, hyrde (ie, y, *for* eo, *by* i-*uml., from* e, *by breaking*), *and* heorde (*without uml., perhaps by influence of* heord; *s.* haírda), *m., Mdl. E.* heord, herd, *Mdn. E.* herd (*also in* shepherd, *Mdl. E.* shêpherd, *O. E.* sceâp-hyrde; sceâp, *n., sheep, Mdl. E.* schêp, shêp, *Mdn. E.* sheep, *O. S.* scâp, *n., O. H. G.* scâf, *M. H. G.* schâf, *N. H. G.* schaf, *f., sheep; from Germanic stem* skêpo, *for* *skêqo, *which answers to Skr.* châga, *ram*), *O. N.* hirðir, *O. H. G.* hirti, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hirte, *m., herd. Comp. also the cognate M. H. G.* hertære (*w. suff.* -ære=*Goth.* -arja-, *Lt.* -arius), *and L. G.* herder, *herdsman, herder, whence N. H. G.* Herder, *pr. n.*]

***Hairôdia;** *s.* **Hêrôdia.**

***haírtei,** *f., in* arma-, hardu-, hauh-haírtei, *q. v.* — *Comp.* haírtô *and follg. w.*

***haírtiþa,** *f., in* arma-haírtiþa, *q. v.*—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

haírtô, *n.* (109), *heart;* Mt. 5, 28. 6, 21. 9, 4. Mk. 3, 5. 7, 19. Jo. 14, 27. I Cor. 4, 5. II Cor. 1, 22. Skeir. IV, d. [*Cf. O. E.* heorte (eo *for* e, *by breaking*), *f., Mdl. E.* hêrt, *Mdn. E.* heart, *O. N.* hjarta, *O. S.* herta, *O. H. G.* herza, *M. H. G.* herze, *N. H. G.* herz, *n., heart. Germanic* hert-ôn- *from Indg.* kerd, kṛd; *comp. Lt.* cor, *gen.* cord-is, *n., Gr. καρδία and κῆρ for* *κῆρδ, *n., heart.*—*Comp. prec. w.*]

haírþra, *n., nom. plur., bowels;* II Cor. 6, 12; meina haírþra, *a gloss to* meinôs brusts; Philem. 12. [*N. s.* *haírþr (*w. suff.* -þra-, *Indg.* -tro-), *Cf. O. H. G.* herdar, inherdar, *n., bowels. S. Sch.*, herdar, *and Dief.*, haírþra.]

haírus, *m.* (105), *sword;* Mt. 10, 34. Mk. 14, 43. 47. 48. Lu. 2, 35. Jo. 18, 10. 11. Rom. 8, 35. 13, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* heoru (eo *for* e, *by* u-*uml.*), *m., Mdl. E.* here, *sword, O. S.* *heru *in* herubendi, *fetters,* heruthrum, *point of a sword, etc., O. N.* hiörr, *m., sword. Allied to Skr.* çiri, *sword,* çar, *to injure.*]

hais, *n.?, dat. plur.* haizam, *torch;* Jo. 18, 3. [*Prob. from root* hai, *to shine, which is supposed to be contained in O. E.* hâr, *Mdl. E.* hâr, hôr, *Mdn. E.* hoar (*extended* hoary), *O. H. G.* hêr, *noble, excellent, M. H. G.* hêr, *noble, excellent, proud, glad, holy, N. H. G.* hehr, *adj., majestic, holy; compar.: O. H. G.* hêriro, hêrero, *contracted* hêrro, *used as subst., m., M. H.*

G. hêrre, herre, *N. H. G.* herr, *m., lord, master, whence* herrin (*w. suff.* -in), *f., mistress, lady. —Der. O. H. G. M. H. G.* hêrlich (*For* -lich, *s.* *leiks), *N. H. G.* herrlich, *adj., magnificent, noble, excellent; O. H. G.* hêrscaft, hêr-scaf (*For* -scaft, -scaf, *s.* *skafts), *nobleness, sovereignty, authority, M. H. G.* hêrschaft, *N. H. G.* herrschaft, *f., dominion, authority, command; O.H.G.* hêrisôn, hêrrisôn, *to rule, govern, M. H. G.* hersen, hêrsen, *N. H. G.* herrschen (*w.* sch *for* s, *after* r), *to govern, rule. Further cognates from root* hai *are, prob., O. E.* hâdor, *bright, clear, and subst., m., brightness, clearness, O. H. G.* heitar, *M. H. G.* heiter, *bright, clear, N. H. G.* heiter, *bright, clear, cheerful; and O. N.* heið-r, *bright, clear,* heiðr (*gen.* heiðrs), *m., honor. Germanic* hai *answers to Indg.* koi; *cf. Skr.* kê-tú-s (*formally answering to Goth.* haidus, *q. v.*), *m., light, splendor, torch; allied to root* cit *in* citrá-s, *bright, clear, excellent.*]

***haista,** *weak adj., in* us-haista. [*Etymology unknown. Comp. however L. M., Dief., and Gr's. preface to Schulze's 'Gotisches Glossar.'*]

***hait,** *n., a naming, commanding, in* anda-, bi-, ga-hait, *q. v.* [*From* haitan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* hât, *n., command, Mdl. E.* hât, hȯt, *th. s., also promise* (*s.* ga-hait), *O. N.* heit, *n., promise, vow, threat. Allied to O. E.* hâs, be-hâs (*For* be-, *s.* bi-), *f., Mdl. E.* hês, behês, *and* hêst, behêst (*with inorganic* t), *Mdn. E.* hest, behest, *command.*]

haitan, *red. v.* (170; 179), *to name, call; bid, invite,* (1) *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 20. 3, 31. Lu. 7, 39. 14, 12. Jo. 11, 28; *folld. by* namin; Jo, 10, 3; *in pass. w. nom.;* Lu. 14, 10; *folld. by* þamma namin; Lu. 1, 61; *w. double acc.;* Mt. 10, 25. Lu. 20, 44. Rom. 9, 25; *folld. by* afar namin; Lu. 1, 59; *in pass. w. double nom.;* Mt. 9, 9. Mk. 15, 7. Lu. 1, 26; *folld. by* namin; Lu. 16, 20. Jo. 18, 10. (2) *w. inf.: to command;* Mt. 8, 18. 27, 64. Mk. 5, 43. 10, 49. Lu. 5, 3. 18, 40. 19, 15. — *Compds.* (a) ana-h., *to call upon, invoke, w. acc.;* Rom. 10, 13. I Thess. 4, 1; *w. double acc.;* II Cor. 1, 23; *w. dat., to exclaim loudly against a person, to rebuke;* Skeir. VIII, b. (b) and-h., *to profess, confess, make confession,* (1) *abs.;* Jo. 12, 42; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Rom. 10, 10. (2) *w. acc.;* Skeir. V, a; *w. double acc.;* Jo. 9, 22. (3) *w. dat.;* Mt. 10, 32. Mk. 1, 5. Lu. 2, 38. 10, 21. Rom. 10, 9. 14, 11. 15, 9; *folld. by a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Mt. 7, 23; *w. instr.;* I Tim. 6, 12. (4) *w. inf.;* Tit. 1, 16. (c) at-h. *w. acc., to call to one;* Mt. 10, 1. Mk. 3, 13. 23.

7, 14. 8, 1. 10, 42. Lu. 7, 19. 15, 26. (d) faír-h., *to promise:* þank þus faírhaitis skalka jaínamma? *'dost thou promise to thyself thanks towards that servant?' i. e. 'do you determine to be thankful to that servant'?;* Lu. 17, 9. (e) ga-h. *w. acc., to call together;* Mt. 15, 16. Lu. 9, 1. 15, 9; *to promise;* Tit. 1, 2; *w. inf., to promise;* Mk. 14, 11. Skeir. III, c. V, b; *to profess;* I Tim. 2, 10. (f) faúra-ga-h. *w. acc., to announce beforehand, promise before;* II Cor. 9, 5. (g) us-h., *to call forth; hence to provoke;* Gal. 5, 26. [*Cf. O. E.* hâtan (*pass.* hât-te, *'is called', 'was called'—the only traces of an older passive voice; Goth.* haitada), *pret.* heht (*Goth.* haíhait), *Mdl. E.* hâte, hǫ̂te, *to name, command, pret.* het (*for*) heht, hight. *The Mdn. E.* hight (behight) *is, prop., a pret. form, i. e. the Mdl. E.* hight, *O. E.* *hiht *for* heht (i *for* e, *by the influence of the palatal, originally guttural,* h) *or* hieht, *from* *heoht (eo *for* e, *by breaking;* i, *for* ie, *in analogy with the optative forms with* i-*uml.*). *The assertion that 'the orthography of the Mdn. E.* behight *is corrupt', and that 'it should be* behite', *is wrong,* behight *being entitled to its spelling, as well as* knight, right, might, night, *etc., to theirs, although, from a phonetic point of view, none of them should have* gh.—*Further comp. the corresponding O. N.* heita, *to name, be named, promise, O. H. G.* heiʒʒan, *M. H. G.* heiʒen, *to name, be named, be called, command, promise, N. H. G.* heissen, *to name, bid, signify.—S. prec. and follg. w.*]

haiti, *f., hest, order, command;* I Thess. 4, 6. I Cor. 7, 6.—*From root of* haitan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jô. *Comp.* *hait.

***haitja,** *m., in* bi-, dulga-haitja.—*From* *hait (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan.

haiþi, *f.* (98), *heath, field;* Mt. 6, 28. 30. Lu. 15, 15. 17, 7. 31. [*Cf. O. E.* hǽð, *f., Mdl. E.* hǽð, hêð, *Mdn. E.* heath, *O. N.* heiðr, *O. H. G.* heida, *M. H. G.* heide, *N. H. G.* heide, *f., heath. Goth.* haiþi *answers to pre-Germanic* káitî *which appears in O. Ind.* kšêtra-m, *for* skêt-ram, s-kait-ram, *field, country, region, land, and in Lt.* bû-cêtum, *cow-pasture. See* haiþnô, haiþi-wisks.]

haiþiwisks, *adj.* (124), *wild;* Mk. 1, 6. [*From* haiþi (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iska- (i-ska)=*E.* ish, *G.* sch; *the* w *between the two vowels being intrusive. Comp. follg. w.*]

haiþnô, *f., a heathen woman* (Ἑλληνίς); Mk. 7, 26. [*From* haiþi (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -nôn-. *Cf. O. E.* hǽðen, *adj., Mdl. E.* hǽðen, hêðen, *Mdn. E.* heathen,

O. N. heiðinn, *O. H. G.* heidan, *M. H. G.* heiden, *adj. and subst., N. H. G.* heide, *m., heathen,* heidnisch, *adj., from M. H. G.* heidenisch, *O. H. G.* heidinisk, *adj., heathen. For details, s. Kl.,* heide.]

hakuls, *m., cloak;* II Tim. 4, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* hacele, *f., O. N.* kökull, *m., O. H. G.* hahhul, *M. H. G.* hachel, *m., cloak. Allied to O. E.* hêcen, *n., from* *kôkein (*with the Germanic suffix* -îna-; *s.* gaitein), *a young goat.*]

halba, *f., the half, part;* in þizai halbai, *in this respect, in this behalf;* II Cor. 3, 10. 9, 3. [*It is the fem. form of the adj.* halbs (*q. v.*) *used as subst. In this usage the word means 'half, side, part, direction' in all the Germanic dialects; cf. O. E.* healf (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *f., side, Mdl. E.* half, *side, also prepositional, in the phrases* godes halfe, on his halfe, be halfe, *whence* behalfe, *Mdn. E.* behalf. *Further O. N.* halfa, *O. S.* halba, *O. H. G.* halba, *M. H. G.* halbe (*N. H. G.* hälf-te, *f., half, is an abstract subst. referring to* halb; *s. follg. w.); and prepositional, w. gen.: O. H. G.* halb, *M. H. G.* halbe, halp, halben, *N. H. G.* halb, halben (*orig. inflected forms*), *beside* halber (*inflected form of the adj.; s. follg. w.); comp. M. H. G.* mîn halp, *on my behalf,* dîn halp, *on your behalf, etc., N. H. G.* meinethalben (et *being inorganic*), deinethalben, *etc., th. s.,* weshalb, *on what account,* der freundschaft halber, *for the sake of friendship, etc.*]

halbs, *adj.* (122, *n.* 1), *half;* Mk. 6, 23. Lu. 19, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* healf (ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* half, *Mdn. E.* half, *O. N.* halfr, *O. H. G.* halb, *M. H. G.* halp, *N. H. G.* halb, *half. S. prec. w.*]

haldan, *red. v.* (179), *to hold, keep, feed;* Mt. 8, 30. 33. Mk. 5, 11. 14. Lu. 8, 32. 34. 15, 15. 17, 7. I Cor. 9, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* healdan (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* hâlde, hǫlde, *Mdn. E.* hold, *to hold, possess, keep, guard, foster, inhabit, O. N.* halda, *O. S.* haldan, *O. H. G.* haltan (halthan), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* halten, *to hold, imper.* halt, *stop!, whence Fr.* halte, *whence Mdn. E.* halt. — *Der.: Mdn. E.* hold, *a holding, grasp, N. H. G.* halt, *m., hold, support, stop.* — *Compd.: O. E.* be-healdan (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to hold, keep, guard, behold, observe, Mdl. E.* be-hâlde, -hǫlde, *Mdn. E.* behold; *Mdl. E.* up-holdere (*For* up, *s.* iup), *Mdn. E.* upholder, *whence* upholster (*obs., for* *upholdster), *whence* upholsterer (*not cognate with the similarly sounding N. H. G.* polsterer, *from* polster, *m. n., cushion, M. H. G.* polster, bolster, *O. H. G.* bolstar, *m., th. s.; cf. Mdn. E.* bolster, *Mdl. E.* bolster, *O. E.*

bolster, *O. N.* bolstr, *th. s., which refer to root* bŭl; *s.* *bauljan.]

haldis, *adv.* (212), *rather, more;* ni þê haldis, *not the more so, by no means;* Skeir. IV, d. [*Prop. compar. adv.; cf. O. E.* ȝe-healdre, *Mdl. E.* helder, *rather, more, O. N.* heldr, *rather, O. S.* hald, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* halt, *rather.*]

halis-aiw, *adv., scarcely;* Lu. 9, 39. — *From* halis (*S. Dief.*) *and* aiw, *q. v.*

halja, *f.* (97, *n.* 1), *hell, grave, Hades* (ᾅδης); Mt. 11, 23. Lu. 10, 15. 16, 23. I Cor. 15, 55. [*Cf. O. E.* hell (e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.;* ll *by gemination*), *f., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* hell, *O. N.* hel, *f., death, the infernal regions,* Hel, *goddess of the dead, O. S. O. H. G.* hella, *M. H. G.* helle, *N. H. G.* hölle, *f., hell. Supposed to be derived from root* hel, hal, *to conceal; s.* huljan, hulôn, hulundi.]

halks, *adj., beggarly, needy, poor;* I Cor. 15, 10. Gal. 4, 9. — *S. Dief. II. 519, and L. M., 42.*

hallus, *m., rock, stone;* Rom. 9, 33. [*Cf. O. E.* heall (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m., rock, O. N.* hallr, *hill. Perhaps allied to O. E.* hill, hyll, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* hill; *to O. N.* hváll hóll, *m., hill; to Lt.* collis, *m., hill,* culmen (*gen.* culmin-is), *pillar, point, top; to Lt.* excellere (ex, *out*), *to raise up, elevate, rise, be eminent* (*pres. partic.* excellens, *acc.* excellentem, *whence Fr.* excellent, *whence Mdl. E.* excellent, *Mdn. E.* excellent, *etc.*), *whence Fr.* exceller, *whence Mdn. E.* excel. *S.* *halþei.]

hals, *m.* (91, *n.* 4), *neck;* Lu. 15, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* heals (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m., Mdl. E.* hals, *Mdn. E.* halse (*obs.; superseded by* neck, *Mdl. E.* nekke, *O. E.* hnecca, *m., O. H. G.* nacch, hnacch, *M. H. G.* nac (*gen.* nackes), nacke, *N. H. G.* nacken, *m., neck, O. N.* hnakki, *m.*), *O. N.* háls, *m., O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* hals, *m., neck.* — *Der.: O. E.* healsian, *to embrace, beseech, Mdl. E.* halse, *Mdn. E.* halse (*obs.*), *to embrace about the neck, greet, O. N.* hálsa, *O. H. G.* halsôn, *M. H. G.* halsen, *N. H. G.* halsen, um-halsen (*For* um-, *s.* bi), *to embrace about the neck. The Mdn. E.* hawse *is but a secondary form of* hals, *whence* hawser, halser, *respectively.* — *Allied to Lt.* collum *for* *colsum, *n.* (*O. Lt. also* collus, *m.*), *neck, whence* collare, *n., a band or chain for the neck, whence O. Fr.* colier, *whence Mdl. E.* coler, *Mdn. E.* collar. — *Comp.* freihals *and follg. w.*]

halsagga (*for the probably corrupt* **balsagga** *of the manuscript*), *m., neck;* Mk. 9, 42. — *From* hals; *s. prec. w. Comp. L. M., 63.*

halts, *adj., halt, lame;* Mt. 11, 5. Mk. 9, 45. Lu. 7, 22. 14, 13. 21. [*Cf. O. E.* healt (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* halt, *Mdn. E.* halt, *O. N.* haltr, *O. S.* halt, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* halz, *lame.* — *Der. O. E.* healtian, *Mdl. E.* halte, *to limp, Mdn. E.* halt, *O. H. G.* *halzên, *M. H. G.* halzen, *to limp.*]

***halþei,** *f., inclination, in* wiljahalþei. [*From* *halþs *answering to O. E.* heald (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *adj., inclined, bowed. Allied to Mdl. E.* held, *declivity; to O. H. G.* halda, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* halde, *f., declivity; and perhaps to* hallus, *q. v. Comp. also* hulþs.]

hamfs, *adj.* (53), *maimed;* Mk. 9, 43. — *S. L. M., 42.*

***hamôn,** *w. v., to clothe.* — *Compds.* (a) af-h., *to strip off clothes, to unclothe;* II Cor. 5, 4. (b) ana-h., *to put on clothes, to clothe;* II Cor. 5, 4. (c) and-h. sik *w. dat.* (*instr.*), *to take off clothes, to spoil;* Col. 2, 15. (d) ga-h. *w. dat.* (*instr.*), *to clothe one's self with, to put on;* Rom. 13, 14. I Cor. 15, 53. Gal. 3, 27. Eph. 4, 24. Col. 3, 10. I Thess. 5, 8; *w.* sik; Eph. 6, 11. Col. 3, 12. (e) ufar-h. *w. instr., to put on clothes over, be clothed upon;* II Cor. 5, 2. [*From root* ham, *to put raiment about, to clothe one's self. Cf. O. E.* hǫma, hama, *m., Mdl. E.* hama, *coat, covering, O. N.* hamr, *a covering, skin; and O. Fris.* hemethe, *under-garment, shirt, O. H. G.* hemidi, *M. H. G.* hemde, hemede, *N. H. G.* hemd, *n., shirt, Goth.* *hamiþi, *from* *kamitja-, *whence, probably, V. Lt.* camisia, *under-garment, shirt, whence Fr.* chemise, *whence Mdn. E.* chemise. *S. Kl.,* hemd, *and Sk.* chemise. — *Compd.: O. E.* lîc-hama, *m., Mdl. E.* lîchame, *body* (lîchamlîc, *adj., bodily,* lîchamlîce, *adv., bodily, personally*), *O. N.* líkamr, líkami, *O. H. G.* lîhhamo, *M. H. G.* lîchame, *m., body, and O. H. G.* lîhhinamo (*for* *lîhhin-hamo, lîhhin *referring to a weak form, Germanic* *lîkan-, *lîkin-; *s.* man-leika), *M. H. G.* lîchname, *N. H. G.* leichnam, *m., corpse; s.* leik.]

hana, *m.* (108), *cock;* Mt. 26, 74. 75. Mk. 14, 68. 72. Jo. 13, 38. 18, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* hana, *m., cock, Mdl. E.* *hane, *in* hancrêd, *O. E.* hancrêd (-crêd *being allied to* crawan, *Mdl. E.* crǫwe, *Mdn. E.* crow, *N. H. G.* krähen, *th. s., etc.*), *m., cock-crow,* (*superseded by the onomatopoetic O. E.* coc, *m., Mdl. E.* cok, kok, *Mdn. E.* cock, *Fr.* coq, *cock, whence* coquet, *adj., fem.* coquette, *coquettish, prop. cock-like, whence Mdn. E.* coquette, *N. H. G.* coquette, *f., th. s.*); *further O. N.* hani, *O. S.* *hano *m* hanokrâd, *f., cock-crow, O. H. G.* hano, *M. H. G.* han, *N. H. G.* hahn, *m., cock;*

and the fem.: O. E. henne (*stem* hanjâ-; e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.;* nn *for* n, *by gemination*), *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* hen, *O. H. G.* henna, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* henne, *hen; allied to O. S.* hôn, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* huon, *N. H. G.* huhn, *f., hen, O. N.* hœns, *n.* (*a plur. form*), *th. s. Germanic* han *answers to pre-Germanic* kan; *comp. Lt.* can-ere, *to sing.*]

handugei, *f., wisdom;* Mt. 11, 19. Lu. 2, 40. I Cor. 1, 21. 22. — *From* handugs, *q. v.*

handugs, *adj.* (124), *wise;* I Cor. 1, 20. 25. [*The suffix* -uga- *stands for* -aga-, *by influence of* handus (*q. v.*), *hand, to which* handugs *is not allied* (*S. P., Beitr., VI, 192, and Kl., Stammbildungslehre, 203*), *the latter being cognate w. Gr.* κεντεῖν, *to sting, prick, goad. Cf. O. E.* hendiȝ (*w. suff.* -iȝ= *Goth.* -eigs; e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* hendi, *Mdn. E.* handy, *skillful* (*with* a *for* e, *by influence of* hand), *O. N.* höndugr, *nimble, skilled, O. H. G.* hantag, hantig, *M. H. G.* handic, hendig, *sharp, fierce.*]

handus, *f.* (105), *hand;* Mt. 5, 30. 8, 3. 15. Mk. 5, 23. 7, 2. I Tim. 4, 14. Skeir. VIII, a. [*Cf. O. E.* hand, hǫnd, *f., Mdl. E.* hand, *Mdn. E.* hand, *O. N.* hond, *O. S.* hand, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* hant, *N. H. G* hand, *f., hand. For a secondary meaning of* 'hand', *cf. O. E.* 'on ȝehwæðre hond', *on both sides, M. H. G.* ze beiden henden, *th. s., whence the G. signification 'kind, sort'; comp. M. H. G.* aller hande, *N. H. G.* allerhand, *of all sorts or kinds, etc. Supposed to refer to* *hinþan (*q. v.; but s. Kl.*, hand). — *Der.: O. E.* ȝe-hende (e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.*), *ready to the hand, near, and adv., at hand, Mdl. E.* i-hende, hende, *Mdn. E.* handy (a *for* e, *by influence of* hand), *convenient; and O. E.* handlian, *Mdl. E.* handle, *Mdn. E.* handle; *and O. E.* handel (*w. suff.* -l, *the prec.* e *being secondary, the* l *itself being due to the v.*), *n., Mdl. E.* handel, *Mdn. E.* handle; *and O. H. G.* hantalôn, *M. H. G.* handeln, *to touch or take with one's hands, to work by hand, to do, accomplish, treat, also to act, behave, N. H. G.* handeln, *to act, behave, trade, etc., whence the late M. H. G.* handel, *m., action, event, pleadings, goods, N. H. G.* handel, *m., trade, commerce, bargain; and Mdl. E.* hand-sum (*For* -sum, *s.* -sams), *Mdn. E.* handsome. — *Compds. O. E.* handweork, hand-ȝe-weork (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-; *for* weork, *s.* waúrkjan), *n., Mdl. E.* handwerc, handiwerc(k), *Mdn. E.* handwork, handiwork, *M. H. G.* hantwerc (*mixed with* antwerc, *n., tool, machine*), *N. H. G.* handwerk, *n., trade, profession; O. E.* hand-cræft, *m., trade, Mdn. E.* handicraft (*the* i *by influence*

of handiwork; *s. Sk.; the second component is the O. E.* cræft, *m., skill, art, knowledge, strength, courage, Mdl. E.* cræft, *strength, art, Mdn. E.* craft, *O. H. G.* chraft, *f., M. H. G.* kraft, *N. H. G.* kraft, *f., force, strength, power); and Mdn. E.* handkerchief (kerchief, *Mdl. E.* kerchief, kerchef, coverchief, *from O. Fr.* couvrechef, cuevrechief, *lit. that which covers the head, from* covrir, *to cover, from Lt.* co-operire (co=cum, *with; s. Br.*, couvrir), *to cover wholly, cover, and* chief, chef, *head, whence Mdl. E.* chêf, *Mdn. E.* chief, *from Vulg. Lt.* *capum, *for Lt.* caput, *head*).]

handu-waúrhts, *adj., wrought by hand, made by hands;* Mk. 14, 58. Eph. 2, 11.—*From stem of* handus *and pret. partic. of* waúrkjan, *q. v.*

hansa, *f.* (97), *multitude, company, band of men;* Mk. 15, 16. Lu. 6, 17. Jo. 18, 3. 12. [*Cf. O. E.* hôs (*For* ô *from* an, *s.* fâhan, hâhan), *f., band of men, O. H. G.* hansa, *f., multitude, M. H. G.* hanse, hans, *a commercial league, N. H. G.* hanse, *f., Hanseatic league. Of German origin are the Fr.* hanse, hanséatique, *whence Mdn. E.* Hanse, Hanseatic.]

***hardjan,** *w. v., in* ga-h. *w. acc., to harden;* Rom. 9, 18. [*From* hardus, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* hyrdan (y *for* ie, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml.;* ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* harde (*beside* hardne, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* harden), *to make hard, O. H. G.* hartjan, *whence O. Fr.* hardir (*s. Br.* hardi), *pret. partic.* hardi, *whence Mdl. E.* hardi, *Mdn. E.* hardy, *stout, brave. Further M. H. G.* herten, *N. H. G.* härten, *to make hard, harden. Comp. also follg. w.*]

harduba, *adv.* (210 *and n.* 1), *hard severely, grievously;* Mt. 8, 6. II Cor. 13, 10 (*A has* hardaba).—*From* hardus, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

hardu-haírtei, *f.* (103), *hard-heartedness;* Mk. 10, 5.—*From* *harduhaírts, *from stem of* hardus *and* haírtô, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

hardus, *adj.* (131), *hard, severe, austere;* Lu. 19, 21. 22. Jo. 6, 60. Skeir. VI, c. [*Cf. O. E.* heard (ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *strong, severe, brave, Mdl. E.* hard, *Mdn. E.* hard, *O. H. G.* herti, harti, hart (harto, *adv.*), *M. H. G.* herte, hert (harte, *adv.*), *N. H. G.* hart, *hard.—Der. Mdl. E.* harsk (*Scand.; comp. Dan.* harsk, *rancid; w. suff.* -ska-, *extended from* -ka-, *Ind.* -ko), *Mdn. E.* harsh, *N. H. G.* harsch, *rough, hard. For* hard *used as a suffix in prop. n., as* Richard, *and in words like* drunkard (*s.* drinkan), niggard, *etc., s. Mætzner, Englishe Grammatik, I, p. 495.—Germanic* hardu- *answers to*

pre-Germanic kartús; *comp. Gr.* κρατύς, *strong, powerful,* καρτερός, κρατερός, *strong, mighty, steadfast,* κάρτα, *adv., very; perhaps allied to Skr.* krátu-s, *m., strength, vigor, or to* çárdha-s, *bold, strong; s. Kl.,* hart. — *Comp.* *hardjan, harduba, harduhaírtei.]

harjis, *m.* (90), *army, multitude, legion;* Lu. 2, 13. 8, 30. [*Cf. O. E.* here (*from* *heri *hæri, *hari; e *from* æ, a, *by* i-*uml.*), *m., army, battle, multitude, Mdl. E.* here, *host, army* (*superseded by* armê, *Mdn. E.* army, *from O. Fr.* armêe, *from the Lt.* armata, *pret. partic. of* armare, *to arm*), *O. N.* herr, *m., O. H. G.* heri, hari, *M. H. G.* here, *N. H. G.* heer, *n., army.* — *Compds. O.E.* here-ȝeatu (ȝeatu, *f., apparel, adornment*), *f., war-trapping, weapon, Mdl. E.* herȝeat, heriet, *Mdn. E.* heriot; *O. N.* her-bergi (*The second component refers to root* berg; *s.* baírgan), *n., harbor, whence Mdl. E.* herberȝe, herberi, *and* herberwe, herboruwe (w *from* gh, *by labialization*), *lodging, shelter, Mdn. E.* harbor, *O. H. G.* heri-berga, *f., camp, lodging, M. H. G.* herberge, *camp,* '*castra*' (*rare*), *lodging, N. H. G.* herberge, *f., lodging; O. E.* here-toga (*For* toga, *s.* tiuhan), *m., Mdl. E.* heretoge, *leader of an army, chief, O. N.* hertogi, *m., O. S.* heritogo, *O. H. G.* herizogo, *M. H. G.* herzoge, *N. H. G.* herzog, *m., duke.* — *Der. O. E.* herȝian, *to ravage, devastate, carry off, Mdl. E.* herie ȝe herie, *Mdn. E.* harry, *O. N.* herja, *to go on a plundering expedition, O. H. G.* herjôn, *to ravage, M. H. G.* hern, *to devastate, ravage, N. H. G.* verheeren, *th. s. Here belongs also Mdn. E.* herald, *Mdl. E.* herald, *M. H. G.* heralt, herolt, *N. H. G.* herold, *m., herald, from O. Fr.* heralt, *from Mdl. Lt.* heraldus, *from O. G.* *heri-walto, *hari-waldo (*comp. O. S.* Hariold, *pr. n. For the second component, s.* waldan); *and the pr. n.* Herbert, *N. H. G.* Herbert (*For* -bert, *s.* baírhts); *and probably O. E.* hæring, *m., Mdl. E.* hering, *Mdn. E.* herring, *O. H. G.* haring, hering, *M. H. G.* herinc (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* häring, *herring* (*Hence the fish has its name from appearing in large shoals*). — *Germanic* harja- *refers to pre-Germanic root* kar; *comp. O. Bulg.* kara, *f., quarrel, Lith.* karas, *war.*]

hatan, *w. v.* (193, *n.* 1), *w. acc., to hate;* Lu. 1, 71. 6, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* hatian (*w.* i, j.), *Mdl. E.* hate, *Mdn. E.* hate, *O. S.* hatôn, *to hate, persecute, O. H. G.* hazzên, hazzôn, *to persecute, hate, M. H. G.* hazzen *N. H. G.* hassen, *to hate. Allied to O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* hetzen (*from* *hatjan), *to bait, instigate, whence N. H. G.* hetze, *f., baiting, hunting, etc. The*

meaning 'persecute' makes it probable that root hat *is also contained in Mdl. E.* (*Scand.*) haste (*w. Germanic suff.* -sti-), hæste, *Mdn. E.* haste, *N. H. G.* (*L. G.*) hast, *f., haste, hurry. S. follg. w.*]

hatis, *n., gen.* **hatizis** (94 *and n.* 5), *hate, hatred, wrath, anger;* Lu. 3, 7. Gal. 5, 20. Eph. 2, 3. 4, 31. 5, 6. Col. 3, 6. 8. I Thess. 2, 16. Skeir. VIII, b. [*From* hatan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* hete (*w. stem in* i-, *for orig.* iz-), *m.* (*orig. n.*), *hate, persecution, Mdl. E.* hate, hæte, *Mdn. E.* hate, *O. N.* hatr, *O. S.* heti, *m., O. H. G.* haz (*gen.* hazzes), *m. n., M. H. G.* haz, *N. H. G.* hass, *m., hate, hatred.* — *Der. O. E.* hete-lîc (*For* -lîc, *s.* *leiks), *Mdl. E.* hetelîch, heteli (*beside* hateful, *Mdn. E.* hateful; *for* -ful, *s.* fulls), *adj., hateful, violent, M. H. G.* haz-lîch, hezzelîch, *hateful, hostile, ugly, N. H. G.* hässlich, *adj., ugly, wicked, hateful. Further Mdl. E.* hate-rêde(n), *Mdn. E.* hatred (*For the suff., orig. subst.,* -red, *O. E.* -rǽden, *s.* *rêdan, *also* kuni). — *Comp. follg. w., also* *hats.]

hatizôn, *w. v.* (78), *to be angry;* Jo. 7, 23. — *From* hatis, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

hatjan, *w. v.* (193, *n.* 1) *w. acc., to hate;* Mt. 5, 44. Lu. 6, 7 (gloss). Rom. 7, 15. — *Comp.* hatan, hatis, hatizôn, *and follg. w.*

***hats,** *gen.* **hatis** (94, *n.* 5; *codex A has* hatizê), *hatred;* Eph. 2, 3. — *Comp.* hatis; *also prec. w.*

haubiþ, *n.* (93), *head;* Mt. 5, 36. 6, 17. 8, 20. 10, 30. Mk. 6, 16. 24. 28. 15, 29. Rom. 12, 20. I Cor. 11, 3. 4. 5. 12, 21. Eph. 1, 22. Col. 2, 19; haubiþ waíhstins, *the head of the corner, cornerstone;* Mk. 12, 10. Lu. 20, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* heafod, *n., Mdl. E.* heafd, hæfed, hêd, head, *Mdn. E.* head, *O. N.* haufuþ, *O. S.* hôbid, *n., head, O. H. G.* houbit, *M. H. G.* houbet, houpt, höubet, *N. H. G.* haupt, *n., head.* — *Der. Mdl. E.* hêd-ling(es), *Mdn. E.* headlong (*w. suff.* -l-ing, -l-ung; -long *by influence of the adj.* long; *s.* laggs); *comp. M. H. G.* houbet-lingen, *adv., headlong.* — *Allied to O. E.* hûfe, *f., miter, N.* hûfa, *f., cap, O. H. G.* hûba, *cap, hood* (*for men*), *M. H. G.* hûbe, *th. s.* (*especially a soldier's helmet*), *N. H. G.* haube, *f., cap, hood.*]

háuhaba, *adv., high, highly;* Rom. 11, 20. 12, 16. — *From stem of* háuhs (*q. v.*) *and the adv. suff.* -ba. *Comp. follg. w.*

háuhei, *f.* (113, *n.* 1), *height;* Eph. 3, 18. [*From* háuhs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în-. *Comp. O. S. O. H. G.* hôhi, *M. H. G.* hœhe, *N. H. G.* höhe, *f., height. S.* háuhiþa, *also prec. and follg. w.*]

háuheins, *f.* (113, *n.* 1), *lit. a heightening, a raising on high; hence honor, glory, praise;* Jo.

8, 50. 54. 9, 24. 11, 4. 12, 43. Phil. 2, 3. — *From* háuhjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* î-ni-. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

háuh-haírtei, *f., high-heartedness, pride;* Mk. 7, 22.—*From* háuh-haírts (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în-. *Comp. prec. w.*

háuh-haírts, *adj., high-hearted, proud;* II Tim. 3, 2. Tit. 1, 7. — *Comp.* háuhs, haírtô; *also prec. and follg. w.*

háuhis, *compar. adv.* (212), *higher;* Lu. 14, 10. — *From* háuhs. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

háuhisti, *n., the highest;* Mk. 11, 10. Lu. 2, 14. 19, 38. — *From* háuhista-, *superl. stem of* háuhs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja-. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

háuhiþa, *f., height, high;* us háuhiþai, *from on high;* Lu. 1, 78; in háuhiþa, *on high;* Eph. 4, 8; *height, loftiness;* Rom. 8, 39. II Cor. 10, 5; *exaltation, honor, glory;* Lu. 14, 10. Jo. 7, 18. [*From* háuhs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-þô-. *Cf. O. E.* heahðo *and* (*w. i-uml.*), hiehðo, hȳhðu, *f., Mdl. E.* hêgðe *and* heighte, hîgte hîghte, *Mdn. E.* height, *O. H. G.* hôhida, *f., height. Comp. prec. and follg. w., also* háuhei.]

háuhjan, *w. v.* (188) *w. acc., to exalt, lift on high, glorify, magnify;* Mt. 5, 16. 6, 2. Mk. 2, 12. Lu. 14, 11. 18, 14; *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Jo. 13, 31. 32. 14, 13. 15, 8. 17, 10.—*Compds.* (a) ufar-h., *to lift up; pret. partic.* ufarháuhiþs, *being lifted up with;* I Tim. 3, 6. (b) us-h. *w. acc., to elevate, exalt, glorify;* Lu. 1, 52. 14, 11. 18, 14. Jo. 8, 28. 12, 34. II Cor. 11, 7; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Jo. 12, 32; *or* und *w. acc.;* Mt. 11, 23. Lu. 10, 15. [*From* háuhs, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* hôhjan, hôhen, *M. H. G.* hœhen, *N. H. G.* er-höhen (*For* er- *s.* us), *to make high, raise, etc. Der.* háuheins, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***háuhnan,** *w. v., in* us-h., *to be exalted, be glorified;* II Thess. 1, 12. — *From* háuhs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w., also* háuhei.

háuhs, *adj., high;* Mk. 9, 2. Lu. 4, 5. 16, 15; *superl.* háuhista (*said of God*); Mk. 5, 7. Lu. 1, 32. 35. 76. 6, 35. 8, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* hêah, *Mdl. E.* hêh, hîgh, *Mdn. E.* high, *O. N.* hár (*for* hauhr), *O. S. O. H. G.* hôh, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hoch, *high, and O. N.* haugr (*w. g for* h, *by grammatical change*), *m., M. H. G.* houc (*gen.* -ges), *n., hill.* —*Der.* háuhaba, háuhei, háuhis, háuhisti, háuhiþa, háuhjan, *and prec. w., q. v. Comp. follg. w. and* hiuhma.]

háuh-þûhts, *adj., having high thoughts, being high-minded, proud;* I Tim. 6, 4. — *Comp.* háuhs *þûhts.

háuneins, *f., humbleness, humility, lowliness;* Eph. 4, 2. Phil. 2, 3. 3, 21. Col. 2, 18. 23. 3,

12.—*From* háunjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* î-ni-.

háunjan, *w. v. w. acc., to abase, humiliate;* II Cor. 11, 7. Phil. 4, 12. — *Compd.* ga-h. *w. acc., th. s.;* II Cor. 12, 21. Phil. 2, 8. — [*From* háuns, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* hŷnan (*ŷ for* ie, *from* êa, *by* i-*uml.*), hênan, *Mdl. E.* hêne, hêne, heane, *to humiliate, oppress, O. H. G.* hônen, *M. H. G.* hœnen, *to insult, defame, N. H. G.* höhnen, *to insult, mock, sneer at. Comp. prec. w.*]

háuns, *adj.* (130, *n.* 2), *humble, base;* II Cor. 10, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* hêan, *Mdl. E.* hêen, hên, *base, mean, vile, poor, O. H. G.* hôni, *M. H. G.* hœne, *contemptible, low. Allied to O. H. G.* hôna, *f., scoff, scorn, disgrace, M. H. G.* hôn, *m., N. H. G.* hohn, *m., th. s.; to O. S.* hônða, *f., O. H. G.* hônida, hônda, *M. H. G.* hônde, hœnde, *f., disgrace, contumely; and to M. H. G.* hœnisch, *N. H. G.* höhnisch, *adj., sneering, scornful. — S.* háunjan, háuneins.]

haúrds, *f., door;* Mt. 6, 6. I Cor. 16, 9. II Cor. 2, 12. Col. 4, 3. Neh. 7, 1. [*Cf. O. N.* hurð, *f., hurdle, door, O. H. G.* hurt, *pl.* hurdi, *f., hurdle, M. H. G.* hurt, *pl.* hürte, hürde, *f., hurdle, door, N. H. G.* hürde, *f., hurdle, pen, fold, Eff.* hüed (*the* r *before* d *being regularly dropped in this dial.*), *a kind of hurdle on which fruit is dried. A corresponding word does not occur in E., but may be inferred from O. E.* hyrdel (*w. Germanic suff.* -i-la-), *m., Mdl. E.* hurdel, *Mdn. E.* hurdle. *The kindred Lt.* crâtes (*whence perhaps Mdn. E.* crate), *Gr.* κυρτία, *wicker-work,* κύρτη, κύρτος, *wear, weel,* κάρταλος, *basket, Skr.* krit, *to spin,* chrit, *to connect, join, show that the original sense of the above words was 'anything woven'; a 'texture of twigs, osiers', etc., whence 'door'.*]

haúri, *n., occurs only in plur.:* haúrja, *coals, burning coals;* Rom. 12, 20; *a fire of coals;* Jo. 18, 18. [*Cf. O. N.* hyrr (*only poet.*), *m., fire. Allied to O. E.* heorð (eo *for* e, *by breaking*), *m., Mdl. E.* herð (*compd.* fîr-herð; *for* fîr, *s.* fôn), *Mdn. E.* hearth, *O. S.* herth, *hearth, O. H. G.* herd, *m.,* herda, *f., ground, floor, fireplace, hearth, M. H. G.* hert (*gen.* -des), *m., floor, hearth, N. H. G.* herd, *m., hearth.—S. Sch.* haúri, *and Kl.,* herd.]

haúrn, *n.* (94), *horn;* Lu. 1, 69; *the fruit of the carob-tree, a husk* (κεράτιον); Lu. 15, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* horn, *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* horn, *O. N.* horn, *O. Fris.* horn, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* horn, *n., horn; allied to Lt.* cor-nu, *Gr.* κέρ-ας, *horn; to Skr.* çiras, *head, Gr.* κάρα, κάρηνον, *head; and to Lt.* cerebrum, *brain, whence Mdn. E.* cerebrum, *the adj.* cerebral,

and the Lt. dim. cerebellum, *whence Ital.* cervello, *brain, whence* cervellat(t)a, *a saveloy (from its containing brains), whence Fr.* cervelat (*16th century*), cervelas, *whence Mdn. E.* saveloy, *formerly* cervelas, *a kind of sausage* (*S. Sk.*, saveloy); *comp. also N. H. G.* cervelat-wurst (*O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* wurst *refers to root of* waírþan, *q. v.*), *f., brain-sausage* (*so Grieb*). *Further cognates are O. N.* hjarni, *m., O. H. G.* hirni, *M. H. G.* hirne, *N. H. G.* hirn, *n., brain; Gr.* κρανίον, *skull; and, as some suppose, Germanic* *herut-, *for* herwut, herwo-t (*w. suff.* -t-), *whence O. E.* heorot (eo *from* e, *by* u-*uml.*), heort, *m., Mdl. E.* hert, hart, *Mdn. E.* hart (=hart *in* Hartford, *etc., s.* faran), *N.* hjörtr, *O. H. G.* hiruȝ, hirȝ, hirz, *M. H. G.* hirȝ, hirz, *N. H. G.* hirsch, *for* hirss, *m., stag, deer; and Lt.* cervu-s, *stag, prop. a horned animal; comp. Gr.* κεραός, *horned* (*s.* κέρας *above*). *S. Kl.*, hirsch; *Comp.* puthaúrn *and follg. w.*]

haúrnja, *m.* (108), *horn-blower, trumpeter;* Mt. 9, 23. — *From stem of* haúrn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan-. *Comp. follg. w.*

haúrnjan, *w. v.* (187), *to blow a horn;* Mt. 6, 2. 9, 23. — *From* haúrn, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

hauseins, *f., the hearing, the ears;* II Tim. 4, 3. 4; *that which is heard: word, preaching;* Jo. 12, 38. Rom. 10, 16. I Thess. 2, 13. — *From* hausjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

hausjan, *w. v.* (187), *to hear, listen, hearken,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 4, 3. 6, 2. Lu. 6, 49. 8, 12. Jo. 9, 27. (2) *w. gen. of th.;* Jo. 7, 14. 10, 16. 18, 37. 19, 13; *or pers.* Lu. 2, 47. (3) *w. dat. of pers.: to listen to, hear;* Mk. 6, 11. 7, 14. 9, 7. Lu. 10, 16. Skeir. III, b; *or th.;* Jo. 10, 3. 27. 12, 47. (4) *w. acc. of th.: to hear;* Mt. 7, 24. Mk. 4, 16. 18. Lu. 1, 41. (5) *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Jo. 12, 34; *or* at *w. dat.;* Jo. 8, 26. 15, 15. II Tim. 1, 13. 2, 2; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Lu. 9, 9; *or* fram *w. dat.;* Mk. 3, 21. Lu. 16, 2. Jo. 7, 51. 8, 38. 40. Skeir. II b. (6) *folld. by a dependent clause introduced by* ei; Mk. 6, 55. Jo. 12, 18. 14, 28; *or* þatei; Mt. 5, 21. Mk. 16, 11. Jo. 9, 35. 11, 20. 12, 34. Gal. 1, 23; *or* untê; Lu. 1, 58. (7) *folld. by acc. w. inf.;* Phil. 2, 26; *for the inf. the partic. occurs;* Lu. 4, 23. Jo. 7, 32. II Thess. 3, 11; *pres. partic.*, hausjands, *used as subst., hearer;* Eph. 4, 29. II Tim. 2, 14.—*Compds.* (a) and-h. *w. dat., to listen to, obey, hear;* Mk. 6, 20. Lu. 17, 6. I Cor. 14, 21; *to listen* (*and assent*) *to, to hear;* Jo. 9, 31. 11, 41. 42. II Cor. 6, 2; *personal pass.;* Mt. 6, 7. Lu. 1, 13. (b) ga-h., *to hear,* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 11, 5. 8, 10. 27, 14. Mk. 4, 9. Lu. 20,

45; (2) *w. acc. of th.;* Mt. 11, 4. Lu. 7, 22. 19, 11. Phil. 4, 9. Skeir. IV, c. VI, d; (3) *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* Jo. 6, 45. Skeir. IV, d; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Mk. 5, 27. 7, 25. Lu. 7, 3. Phil. 1, 27; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 10, 27; *or* us *w. dat.;* II Cor. 12, 6; (4) *folld. by a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Mk. 10, 47. Jo. 9, 32. Phil. 1, 27; (5) *folld. by acc. w. inf.;* Mk. 12, 28. 14, 58. Lu. 18, 36. (c) uf-h., *to listen to with submission, obey, be subject to,* (1) *abs.;* Rom. 13, 5. I Tim. 3, 4; (2) *w. dat. of pers. or th.;* Mt. 6, 24. 8, 27. Lu. 2, 51. Rom. 10, 3. 13, 1. II Cor. 2, 9. Gal. 3, 1. Eph. 5, 21. II Thess. 1, 8; *folld. by* bi all, *throughout, in all things;* Col. 3, 20. 22; *or* in allamma, *th. s.;* II Cor. 2, 9; *or* du *w. inf.;* Skeir. I, c. [*Cf. O. E.* (ȝe-)hieran (ie *from* ea, *by* i-*uml.; for* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), (ȝe-)hŷran, (ȝe-)hêran, *Mdl. E.* (i-)hêre, *to hear, belong, obey, Mdn. E.* hear, *O. N.* heyra, *O. H. G.* hôren, *M. H. G.* hœren, gehœren, *to hear, belong, N. H. G.* hören, *to hear,* gehören, *to belong. — Der.: O. E.* *hŷrcian, *and* hŷrcnian, hêrcnian, *Mdl. E.* hêrke *and* hêrkne, *Mdn. E.* hark *and* hearken, *O. H. G.* hôrechen, *M. H. G.* horchen, hôrchen, *N. H. G.* horchen, *to hearken,* gehorchen, *to obey; further O. E.* ȝe-hŷr-sum (*For* -sum, *s.* -sams), *adj., obedient, O. H. G. M. H. G.* ge-hôr-sam, *N. H. G.* gehorsam, *adj., obedient. — From Germanic root* hauz, *pre-Germanic* kous, *perhaps allied to Gr.* ἀκούειν (*for* ἀ-κούσ-jειν?), *to hear; s. Kl.,* hören, *and Sk.,* hear. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

hausjôn, *w. v., to hear,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 4, 33. Lu. 5, 15; hausjônds, *pres. partic. used as subst., hearer;* II Tim. 2, 14. (2) *w. gen.;* Jo. 6, 60.—*From root of* hausjan, *q. v.*

hawi, *n.* (*dat.* hauja), *grass;* Mt. 6, 30. Jo. 6, 10. Skeir. VII, b. [*Cf. O. E.* hêȝ, *n., Mdl. E.* hei, hai, *Mdn. E.* hay, *O. N.* hey, *O. S.* houwi, *O. H. G.* hewi, houwi (*prop., nom.* hewi, *gen.* houwes, *dat.* houwe; *s. Brn. 201, n. 2*), *M. H. G.* höu, hou, houwe, *N. H. G.* heu *and* (*formerly*) hau, *n., hay. Germanic stem* hauja- (*Goth. form*), *prop. a 'thing to be cut', refers to root* hau *in O. E.* hêawan (*red. v.*), *to hew, cut, cut down, kill, Mdl. E.* hêwe, *Mdn. E.* hew, *O. N.* höggwa, *O. S.* hauwan, *O. H. G.* houwan (*str. v.*), houwôn (*w. v.*), *M. H. G.* houwen (*str. and w. v.*), *N. H. G.* hauen (*str. v.*), *to strike, cut, hew; O. H. G.* houwa, *M. H. G.* houwe, *whence N. H. G.* haue, *f., hoe, Fr.* houe, *whence Mdn. E.* hoe. *Comp. also the verbal abstr.: O. E.* *hêaw (*in compds.*), *m., blow, N. H. G.* hieb, *m., blow.*]

hazeins, *f., praise;* Lu. 18, 43. Rom. 13, 3. I Cor. 4, 5. II Cor. 8, 18. Eph. 1, 6. 12. 14. Phil. 4, 8; *hymn;* Eph. 5, 19. Col. 3, 16. — *From* hazjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -î-ni.

hazjan, *w. v.* (187) *w. acc., to praise;* Lu. 2, 13. 16, 8. 19, 37. Rom. 15, 11. I Cor. 11, 2. 22. Neh. 5, 13; *and folld. by* in *w. gen. of cause;* Lu. 2, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* herian (e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.;* r *for* z, *by rotacism*), *Mdl. E.* herie, *to praise.*]

heitô, *f., fever;* Mt. 8, 14. [*From stem* heita- *and suff.* -ôn. *Allied to O. E.* hât (*Gothic stem* *haita-, *from root* hīt), *Mdl. E.* hât, hôt, *Mdn. E.* hot (*w. short* o), *O. N.* heitr, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* heiz, *N. H. G.* heiss, *hot, whence, respectively, O. E.* hâetan (*from* *hâtian), *Mdl. E.* hâete, hête, *Mdn. E.* heat; *O. E.* hâetu, hâete, *f., Mdl. E.* hâete, hête, heate, *Mdn. E.* heat. *Root* hīt *further appears in O. N.* hiti (*Goth.* *hitja), *m., O. H. G.* hizzea, hizza, hitza, *f., M. H. G. N. H. G.* hitze, *f., heat.*]

heiwa-frauja, *m., master of the house;* Mk. 14, 14.—*From stem of* *heiws *and* frauja, *q. v.*

***heiws,** *m.* (*or* ***heiw,** *n.?*), *house, in* heiwafrauja. [*Cf. O. E.* *hî (*for* *hîw; *final* w *disappears after a long vowel; s.* aiws, saiws, snaiws) *in* hîrêd (*For* rêd, *s.* rêdan), *n., Mdl. E.* hîrêd, *family, retinue, O. H. G. M. H. G.* hîrat, *m. f., N. H. G.* heirat (*formerly also* heurat, *from M. H. G.* *hiurât; hiu- *for* hîw), *f., marriage, prop. care of domestic affairs, husbandry. To stem* hîwa- *refers the extended O. E.* hîwa (*stem in* -an), *m., member of a family, plur.* hîwan, *domestics, Mdl. E.* hîwe, *servant, domestic, O. H. G.* hîwo, *m., husband,* hîwa, *f., wife, plur.* hîun, hîwun (*original form*), *m., husband and wife, family; and* (*w. suff.* -i-sk-jo-), *O. E.* hîwisc, *n., O. N.* hyski, *n., family, O. H. G.* hîwiski, *n., family, household, domestics. Here belongs also Mdn. E.* hind (*with inorganic* d), *peasant, Mdl. E.* hîne, *O. E.* hîna *for* hîwna, *short for* hîwena *gen., plur. of* hîwan (*s. above*); hîna=hîna man, *a man of the domestics* (*Sk.*). — *Germanic stem* hîwa- *is supposed to be allied to Lt.* civ-is, *citizen, or to the root of* 'home', *Goth.* haims, *q. v.*]

hêlei, *for w.,* ἡλί, *my God;* Mt. 27, 46.

***Hêlei,** *pr. n., gen.* -eis, Ἡλεί; Lu. 3, 23.

Hêlias, *pr. n.,* Ἡλίας; Mt. 11, 14. 27, 49. Mk. 6, 15. 9, 4. 11. 12. 13. 15, 36. Lu. 4, 26. 9, 8. 30; *or* Hêleias; Lu. 9, 54; *gen.* Hêleiins; Lu. 4, 25; *or* Haileiins; Lu. 1, 17; *dat.* Hêlijin; Mk. 9, 5. Lu. 9, 33; *acc.* Hêlian; Mt. 27, 47. Mk. 8, 28. 15, 35; *or* Hêleian; Lu. 9, 19.

***Hêr,** *pr. n.,* Ἡρ, *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 28.

hêr, *adv.* (8; 213, *n.* 1), *here, hither;* Mt. 8, 29. Mk. 6, 3. 9, 1. 5. 13, 21. 16, 6. Lu. 4, 23. 7, 8. 9, 12. 27. 33. 17, 21. 19, 27. Jo. 6, 9. 25. 11, 21. 32. Col. 4, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* hêr, *Mdl. E.* hêr, hêre, *Mdn. E.* here, *O. N. O. S.* hêr, *O. H. G.* hiar, *M. H. G.* hier, hie, *N. H. G.* hier, hie, *here. From the pronominal stem* hi- *contained in Mdn. E.* he (*s.* *his). *Comp.* hiri, *also* hidrê, hindana, hindar.]

Hêrôdês, *pr. n.* (61), Ἡρῴδης; Mk. 6, 14. 16. 17. Lu. 3, 19. 9, 9; *or* Hêrôdis; Mk. 6, 20. 21. Lu. 9, 7; *gen.* Hêrôdeis; Lu. 3, 1; *or* -is; Mk. 8, 15; *or* -es; Lu. 1, 5. 8, 3. Skeir. III, a; *dat.* -a; Mk. 6, 18. 22.—*Comp. follg. w.*

Hêrôdia, *pr. n.,* Ἡρῳδιάς; Mk. 6, 19; *gen.* Hêrôdiadins; Mk. 6, 22; *or* Hairôdiadins; Mk. 6, 17; *acc.* Hêrôdiadein; Lu. 3, 19.—*Comp. prec. w.*

Hêrôdianus, *pr. n.,* Ἡρῳδιανός, *an Herodian; gen. plur.* -ê; Mk. 12, 13; *dat.* -um; Mk. 3, 6.—*Comp. prec. w.*

hêþjô, *f., chamber;* Mt. 6, 6. [*Supposed to be cognate with Gr.* κοίτη, *bed,* κεῖσθαι, *to lie, rest, Skr. root* çî, *to lie, rest. S. Sch. and L. M.*]

hidrê (hidrei), *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *hither;* Mk. 11, 3. Lu. 9, 41. 14, 21. [*From pronominal stem* hi-. *Allied to O. E. Mdl. E.* hider, hiðer, *Mdn. E.* hither, *O. N.* hêðra, *Lt.* citra, *on this side. S.* hêr, hiri, *his.]

hilms, *m., helmet;* Eph. 6, 17. I Thess. 5, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* helm, *m., helmet, protector, lord, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* helm, *O. S. O. Fris.* helm, *O. N.* hjalmr, *O. S. O. Fris.* helm, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* helm, *m., helmet.*—*Der. Mdl. E.* helmed, *Mdn. E.* helmet. *Stem* helma-, *from root* hel, (*Indg.* kel, *s.* huljan) *and suff.* -ma-, *refers to Indg.* kelmo-; *allied to Skr.* çarman, *n., shelter, protection.*]

hilpan, *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to help, w. gen.;* Mk. 9, 22. 24. Lu. 5, 7; *w. instr. and a follg.* bi *w. acc.;* II Cor. 1, 11.—*Compd.* ga-h. *w. gen., th. s.;* II Cor. 6, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* helpan, *Mdl. E.* helpe, *Mdn. E.* help, *O. N.* hjalpa, *O. S.* helpan, *O. H. G.* helfan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* helfen, *to help.—Der. O. E.* help, helpe, *f., Mdl. E.* help, *Mdn. E.* help, *O. S.* helpa, *f., O. H. G.* hilfa, helfa, *M. H. G.* hilfe, helfe, *N. H. G.* hilfe, *f., help.*]

himina-kunds, *adj., heavenly;* Lu. 2, 13. I Cor. 15, 49. Eph. 1, 3. 2, 6. 3, 10. 6, 12. Skeir. II, b. IV, c. d.—*From stem of* himins *and* kunds, *q. v. Comp.* ufar-himinakunds.

himins, *m., heaven;* Mt. 5, 16. 18. 19. 34. 6, 26. Mk. 1, 10. Lu. 16, 17. Eph. 1, 10. Skeir. IV, d. VI, c; sa ufar himinam atta, *the heavenly Father;* Mt. 6, 14. 26. 32. [*Cf. O. N.* himinn,

m., heaven; and (with suff. -l-), *O. S.* himil, *O. H. G.* himil, *M. H. G.* himel, *N. H. G.* himmel, *m., heaven. Supposed to be cognate with O. E.* heofon (*for* heofun, hefun; eo *is* u-*uml. of* e), *m., Mdl. E.* heofen, hefen, heven, *Mdn. E.* heaven, *O. S.* heban, *m., heaven.*]

himma; *s.* ***his.**

hina; *s.* ***his.**

hindana, *adv. used as prep. w. gen.: behind, on the further side of, beyond;* Mk. 3, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* hindan, *adv., behind, in the rear,* be-hindan (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *adv., in the rear, and prep., behind, after, Mdl. E.* hinde- (*in composition, O. E.* hinde-), behinde, *adv. and prep., Mdn. E.* hind, *adj.*, behind, *adv. and prep., O. S.* bihindan, *adv., behind, O. H. G.* hintana, *M. H. G.* hinden, *N. H. G.* hinten, *adv., behind. Allied to O. E.* hine, *hence, away,* hin- *in* hingang (*For* gang, *s.* gaggan), *m.,* hin-sîð (*For* sîð, *s.* sinþs), *m., departure, death,* heona (eo *for* i, *by* o-*uml.*), *adv., away, hence, O. H. G.* hina, *M. H. G.* hin, hine, *N. H. G.* hin, *adv., denoting direction or motion toward; and to O. E.* heonan, heonon, *adv. hence, from hence, Mdl. E.* hene, henne, *and (with suffixal* s) hennes, *Mdn. E.* hence (*w.* c *for* s), *O. H. G.* hinnan, hinnân, hinnana, *M. H. G.* hinnen, *hence, N. H. G.* hinnen, *in phrase* 'von hinnen', *hence, from hence. For further cognates, s.* hindumists, hêr, hiri, hidrê, *and follg. w.*]

hindar, *prep., behind, on the further side of, on that side of, beyond,* (1) *w. dat.,* (a) *local,* (*α*) *answering to the question 'where?';* Jo. 3, 26. 6, 22. 25; (*β*) *after* qiman *it answers to the question 'whither?';* Mt. 8, 28. Mk. 5, 1. 10, 1; (b) fig.: nist hindar uns maizô fimf hlaibam, *lit. there is not behind us..., i. e. we have no more but five loaves* (*οὐκ εἰσὶν ἡμῖν πλεῖον ἢ πέντε ἄρτοι*); Lu. 9, 13; sums stôjiþ dag hindar daga, *one man esteemeth one day above another* (*κρίναι ἡμέραν παρὰ ἡμέραν*); Rom. 14, 5. (2) *w. acc., answering to to the question 'whither?';* Mt. 8, 18. 34. Mk. 5, 17. 21. 8, 13. Lu. 8, 22.—*Occurs also in composition with v., subst, and adj.* [*Prop. acc. n. of an old compar., with suff.* -dára-, *Gr.* -τερο-, *Skr.* -तर- (*Comp.* hindumists). *Cf. O. E.* hinder, *adv. and prep., behind, Mdl. E.* hinder- *in composition, hind, O. H. G.* hintar, *M. H. G.* hinter, *N. H. G.* hinter, *prep., behind. Mdl. E.* hinder, *Mdn. E.* hinder, *compar. adj., refers to the adj.* hind (*s.* hindana) *and suff.* -er, *while the corresponding O. H. G.* hintaro, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hinter, *hind, is derived from the prep.* hintar (*above*). *To O. E.* hinder, *O. H. G.* hin-

tar, *refer, respectively, O. E.* hinderian, *Mdl. E.* hindre, *Mdn. E.* hinder, *O. H. G.* hintarôn *and* hintiren, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hindern, *to hinder. — From demonstrative stem* hi-; *s.* *his, hêr, hidrê, hiri, *also follg. w.*]

hindar-weis, *adj., deceitful;* II Cor. 11, 13. — *S.* hindar, *weis, *and follg. w.*

hindar-weisei, *f., deceitfulness, guile;* II Cor. 12, 16. — *From* hindarweis, *q. v.*

hindumists, *superl. adj.* (139, *n.* 1), *hindmost, uttermost;* Mt. 8, 12. [*Prop. a double superl. form, from stem* hind-u-man *and suff.* -ista-, *s.* batists). *Cf. O. E.* hindema, *the last. Mdn. E.* hindmost *stands for* *hindmest; *s. remarks under* aftumists *and* maists. *Concerning the corresponding compar., s.* hindar.]

***hinþan,** *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to catch. — Compd.* (a) fra-h. *w. acc., to take captive, bring into captivity;* Rom. 7, 23. II Cor. 10, 5; *pret. partic.* frahunþans, *a captive,* Lu. 4, 19. II Tim. 3, 6. (b) miþ-fra-h., *pret. partic.* miþfrahunþans, *a fellow-prisoner;* Col. 4, 10. Philem. 23. (c) us-h., *to take captive, lead captive;* Eph. 4, 8. [*Allied to O. E.* hendan (*w. v.*), *Mdl. E.* hende, *to seize, hold, Mdn. E.* hend (*obs.*), *to seize, occupy, beside O. E.* hentan, *Mdl. E.* hente, *Mdn. E.* hent (*obs.*), *to seize, hold, occupy; to O. E.* huntian, *Mdl. E.* hunte, *Mdn. E.* hunt; *and perhaps to* handus (*q. v.*), *hand, and to Mdn. E.* hint.—*Der.* hunþs, *q. v.*]

hiri, *adv. imper.* (20, *n.* 1; 187, *n.* 4; 219), *come here!* (*δεῦρο, ἔρχου*); Mk. 10, 21. Lu. 18, 22. Jo. 11, 34; hiri ût, *come out, come forth!;* Jo. 11, 43; *dual:* hirjats, *come here* (*you two*)*!* (*δεῦτε*); Mk. 1, 17; *plur.* hirjiþ, *come here* (*you all*)*!* (*δεῦτε*); Mk. 12, 7. [*Allied to O. H. G.* hera, *M. H. G.* her, here, *N. H. G.* her, *adv., hither. From pronominal stem* hi-; *s. Brgm., M. U., IV, p. 414 et seq. Comp.* hêr, hidrê, *hindana, hindar, hindumists, *his.]

***his,** *dem. pron., this, occurring in but a few forms; as, dat. m.* himma, *in the phrases:* himma daga, *to-day;* Mt. 6, 11. 30. Lu. 2, 11. 4, 21. 5, 26. 19, 5. 9; *dat. n.:* fram himma, *from henceforth;* Jo. 13, 19. 14, 7; fram himma nu, *th. s.;* Lu. 1, 48. 5, 10; *acc. m.:* und hina dag, *until this day;* Mt. 11, 23. 27, 8. II Cor. 3, 14. 15; *acc. neut.:* und hita, *until this day, until now;* Mt. 11. 12. Mk. 13, 19. Jo. 16, 24. I Cor. 15, 6; und hita nu, *th. s.;* Skeir. IV, b. [*From pronominal stem* hi-, *whence also the personal prn.: O. E. sing. m.* hê, *gen.* his (*also possessive*), *dat.* him, *acc.* hine, *Mdl. E.* hê, *gen.* his (*also poss., whence Mdn. E.* his), *dat.* him, *acc.* hin *and* him (*by*

influence of the dat.), *Mdn. E.* he, *dat. acc.* him; *O. E. sing. fem. nom.* heo, hie, hi, *gen.* (*also poss.*) hiere, hire, hyre, *dat. th. s.*, *Mdl. E. nom. acc.* heo, hie, hi, *gen.* hire (*also poss.*), *dat.* hire, *Mdn. E.* (*For nom.* she, *s.* sa) *dat. acc.* her; *O. E. nom. acc. neut.* hit, *gen.* his (*also poss.*), *dat.* him, *Mdl. E. nom. acc.* hit *and* it, *gen.* his (*also poss.*), *dat.* him, *Mdn. E.* it, *dat. acc.* it; *O. E. plur.* (*of all genders*) *nom. acc.* hie, heo, hi, hiȝ, *gen.* (*also poss.*), hiera, hira, hyra, heora, heara, *dat.* him, heom, *Mdl. nom. acc.* hie, heo, hi, *gen.* (*also poss.*) heore, here, hire, *dat.* him, hem, heom, ham, hom. *For the Mdn. E. plur. of all genders, s.* þata (*under* sa). *Further comp. O. S. L. G. Eff.* he, *he. Germanic* hi- *answers to Lt.* ci- *in* cis, citer, citra, *on this side, and to* hi- (*for Indg.* khi; *s. remarks under* haban) *in* hic. *Here belong also O. E.* heo-dæȝ (*For* dæȝ, *s.* dags), *to day, O. S.* hiu-du, *O. Fris.* hiu-dega, *O. H. G.* hiu-to (-tu, -ta), *M. H. G.* hiute, *N. H. G.* heute, *to-day; and O. H. G.* hiuro (*from* hiu *and* jâro; *s.* jêr), *M. H. G.* hiure, *N. H. G.* heuer, *adv., this year. Comp.* hidrê, hindana, hindar, hindumists, hêr, hiri.]

hita; *s.* ***his.**

hiufan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to mourn, lament;* Mt. 11, 17. Lu. 7, 32 (*gloss*). [*Cf. O. E.* hêofian, *w. v., to lament,* hêofon, *f., lamentation, O. S.* hioban, *O. H. G.* hiufan, *to mourn, lament. S. Sch.*, hiufan.]

hiuhma (hiuma, 62, *n.* 4), *crowd, multitude;* Mt. 8, 18. Lu. 1, 10. 5, 15. 6, 17. 8, 4. 14, 25. —*Allied to* hauhs, *high, q. v.*

hiwi, *n., form, appearance;* II Tim. 3, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* hîew, hîw, hêow hêo, *n.* (*f.*), *Mdl. E.* hiu, hew, heu, *form, appearance, color, Mdn. E.* hue.]

hlahjan, *st. v.* (177, *n.* 2), *to laugh;* Lu. 6, 25. — *Compd.* bi-hl. *w. acc., to laugh at, laugh to scorn;* Mt. 9, 24. Mk. 5, 40. Lu. 8, 53. [*Cf. O. E.* hliehhan, hlihhan, hlyhhan (i, y, *for* ie, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml.;* hh *by gemination*), hlæhhan (*North.*), *pret.* hlôh (*Goth.* hlôh), *Mdl. E.* laghe, laughe, lehghe, *Mdn. E.* laugh, *O. N.* hlæja (*for* *hlahja), *O. S.* hlah(i)an, *O. H. G.* hlahhan, hlahhen, lahhen (hh *for* hj, *as in O. E.*), lachen, *str. v., whence* lachên, *w. v., M. H. G. N. H. G.* lachen, *w. v., to laugh, iter.* lächeln, *M. H. G.* lecheln, *to smile.* — *Der.: O. E.* hleahtor (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m., Mdl. E.* laghter, laughter, *Mdn. E.* laughter, *M. H. G.* lahter, *n. laughter, and M. H. G.* lache, *f., N. H. G.* lache, *f., laughing; also N. H. G.* gelächter, *n., laughter.* — *Comp.* *hlôhjan.]

***hlaiba,** *in* ga-hlaiba, *q. v.* — *S.* hlaifs.

hlaifs, *gen.* **hlaibis,** *m.* (56, *n.* 1; 90); *bread, loaf of bread;* Mt. 6, 11. Mk. 2, 26. 8, 4. Lu. 4, 3. 15, 17. Jo. 6, 7. 51. 13, 27. Skeir. VII, a. b. c. d. [*Cf. O. E.* hlâf, *m., Mdl. E.* lǫf, *Mdn. E.* loaf, *O. H. G.* hleib, leib, *M. H. G.* leip(b), *N. H. G.* laib, *m., loaf.—Compds. O. E.* hlâf-weard (*For* weard, *s.* *wards), *Mdl. E.* lâverd, lǫverd, *Mdn. E.* lord; *O. E.* hlâf-mæsse, *Mdl. E.* lammas, *Mdn. E.* lammas, *prop.* '*loaf-mass*', *i. e.* '*bread-feast*', '*thanksgiving*'. (*The second component, also found in* Christmas, *Mdl. E.* cristes masse, *is identical with Mdn. E.* mass, *Mdl. E.* messe, masse, *O. E.* mæsse, *f., mass, church-festival, N. H. G.* messe, *f., mass, fair, M. H. G.* messe, *O. H. G.* messa, missa, *f., mass, church-festival, fair, from Mdl. Lt.* missa, *dismissal, mass, from the phrase* 'ite missa est', *sc.* concio, *go, the congregation is dismissed. The secondary meaning of G.* messe, '*fair*', *is a parallel of the latter, from Mdl. E.* feire, *from O. Fr.* feire, *fair, from Mdl. Lt.* fêria (*Lt.* fêriae, *pl., whence N. H. G.* ferien, *pl., vacation, holidays*), *holiday, fair, fairs being held on certain holidays. To Mdl. Lt.* fêria *refers also O. H. G.* fîra, *M. H. G.* vîre, *N. H. G.* feier, *f., holiday, feast, celebration*). *Further, comp. O. E.* hlâfdiże (-diże *being supposed by some to be contracted from* weardiże, *from* weard, *above; by others to be cognate with* deigan, *q. v.*), *Mdl. E.* lâfdi, lâfdi, lâdi, *Mdn. E.* lady.]

hlains, *m., hill;* Lu. 3, 5. [*From stem* hlai (*and suff.* -na) *which also appears in O. N.* hlein, *f., prominence of a rock, and in O. E.* hlâdder (*Goth.* *hlai-dri, *gen.* -drjôs), *f., Mdl. E.* ladder, *Mdn. E.* ladder, *O. H. G.* leitara (*for a more ancient* *hleitir), *M. H. G.* leiter, leitere, *N. H. G.* leiter, *f., ladder. Stem* hlai *is an abl.-form of* hli, *pre-Germanic* kli; *cf. O. E.* hli-n-ian, hlionian, *intr.,* hlânan, *trans., Mdl. E.* leonie, lâne, *Mdn. E.* lean, *to incline, and O. E.* hlâne, *lean, orig. bending, Mdl. E.* lêne, *Mdn. E.* lean, *meager, slender, thin; O. H. G.* hlinên, linên, *intr.,* hleinen, leinen, *trans., M. H. G.* linen, lenen, *intr.,* leinen, *trans., N. H. G.* lehnen, *trans. and intr., to lean, recline, Gr.* κλί-ν-ειν, *to lean,* κλί-νη, *couch, and* κλι-σία, *couch, arm-chair, tent; Lt.* *cli-n-are (*only* clinatus *occurs*), in-clinare (*For* in, *s.* in), *to incline, bend, whence Fr.* incliner, *whence Mdl. E.* enclîne, *Mdn. E.* incline; *and Lt.* de-clinare (de, *from, down from*), *to bend off from, turn aside, inflect* (*a part of speech*), *whence N. H. G.* deklinieren, *inflect, O. Fr.* de-

cliner, *whence Mdl. E.* declîne, *Mdn. E.* decline; *to the Lt. pret. partic.* declinatus *refers the subst.* declinatio, *acc.* -onem, *whence Fr.* déclinaison *and* déclination, *whence Mdn. E.* declension *and* declination, *N. H. G.* deklination, *f., th. s. Further Lt.* re-clinare (re, *back*), *to bend back, lean back, recline, whence Mdn. E.* recline. *Also O. E.* hlið, *n., Mdl. E.* lið, *slope, O. N.* hlið, *hill; and O. H. G.* lîta (*for* *hlîta), *M. H. G.* lîte, *N. H. G.* leite, *f., declivity, Gr.* κλι-τύς, κλῖτος, κλίτος, *hill; and Gr.* κλίμα, *gen.* κλίματος, *slope, region or zone of the earth, whence Lt.* clima, *acc.* climatem, *climate, whence Fr.* climat, *whence Mdl. E.* climat, *Mdn. E.* climate, *beside* clime, *directly from the Lt.* clima, *whence also N. H. G.* klima, *n., climate; and Gr.* κλῖμαξ, *a ladder, whence Lt.* climax, *a rhetorial figure, according to which there is a gradual increase in force of expression, whence Mdn. E.* climax, *N. H. G.* klimax, *m., climax; and Lt.* clîvus, *m., hill, slope, whence* ac-clivis *and* ac-clivus (ac *for* ad, *to, toward, by assimilation*), *adj., ascending, whence* acclivitas, *acc.* -atem, *whence Mdn. E.* acclivity, *formed in analogy with the kindred* declivity, *the latter from Fr.* déclivité, *from Lt.* declivitatem, *acc. of* declivitas, *a sloping place, from* declivis, *declivus, *sloping. — S.* hleiþra, hlijans, *and follg. w.*]

hlaiw, *n.* (42), *tomb, grave;* Mt. 27, 60. 61. 64. 66. Mk. 6, 29. 15, 46. 16, 2. 3. 5. 8. Jo. 11, 17. 31. 38. 12, 17. [*From stem* hlaiwa-, *orig.* *hlaiwaz-, *hlaiwiz-; *cf. O. E.* hlâw, hlæw (*w. i-uml.*), *m., Mdl. E.* lâwe, lǫ̂we, *mound, hill, cave* (*hollow mountain*), *O. S.* hlêo, *O. H. G.* hlêo, lêo, lê (*gen.* hlêwes, lêwes), *m., mound, hill. Cognate w.* hlain, *q. v. Comp. also follg. w.*]

hlaiwasna, *f.* (*occurring in plur. only*), *tomb;* Mt. 8, 28. 27, 52. 53. Lu. 8, 27. — *From stem of* hlaiw (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -asnô-, -aznô-.

hlamma, *f., snare;* I Tim. 3, 7. 6, 9. [*Supposed to be allied to Gr.* κρεμαννύναι, *to hang, hang up* (*s. L. M.* hlammâ-), *or to O. E.* *hlem (*only in compds.*), *noise, sound. O. N.* hlam, *n., a sound, clash, etc.* (*S. Sch.*, hlamm).]

hlas, *adj., cheerful, joyful, glad;* II Cor. 9, 7; *compar.* hlasôza; Phil. 2, 28. — *Der.* hlasei, *q. v. S. L. M.*, hlas.

hlasei, *f., cheerfulness, joy;* Rom. 12, 8. — *From* hlas (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

***hlaþan,** *st. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to load, lade in* af-hl., *th. s.;* II Cor. 3, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* hladan (*st. v.*), *Mdl. E.* lade (*st. v.*), *Mdn. E.* lade (*w. v., but pret.*

partic. laden, *beside* laded), *O. N.* hlaða, *O. S.* hladan, *O. H. G.* hladan, ladan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* laden, *st. v., to load.* — *Der.: Mdn. E.* load (*s. Sk.*, load); *and Mdl. E.* ladel, *Mdn. E.* ladle; *and O. N.* hlaða, *barn, whence Mdl. E.* laðe, *barn, granary,* (*which answers in form to*) *Mdn. E.* lathe, *a turning-lathe, M. H. G. N. H. G.* lade, *f., case, box, chest. Further* (*w. suff.* -st, *before which the dental of the verbal stem,* hlaþ, hlad, *regularly disappears*) *O. E.* hlæst, *n., Mdl. E.* last, *Mdn. E.* last, *O. H. G.* hlast, *f., M. H. G.* last, *f. m., N. H. G.* last, *f., burden, load, etc., Du.* last, *burden, compd.* ballast (*The orig. of the first component,* bal, *is unknown; comp. however Sk.*, ballast, *and Kl.*, ballast), *whence Mdn. E.* ballast, *N. H. G.* ballast, *f., ballast. Also O. N.* hlass (*for* *hlaþto, *an old partic. in* -to-), *n., load.* — *Germanic root* hlad *answers to Indg. root* kladh; *comp. O. Bulg.* klada, *to lay. Concerning the irregularity of the dental of Goth.* hlaþan, *etc., s. Kl.*, laden, *and Brn.*, 346, 3.]

***hlaupan,** *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *to run, in* us-hl., *to leap up, rise quickly;* Mk. 10, 50. [*Cf. O. E.* hlêapan, *run, jump, dance, Mdl. E.* lêpe, lêpe, *Mdn. E.* leap, *O. N.* hlaupa, *O. H. G.* louffan (*from* hlauffan), *M. H. G.* loufen, *N. H. G.* laufen, *to run, Du.* lôpen, *compd.* ont-lôpen, *escape, run away, whence Mdn. E.* elope (*w. pref.* e-, *from Lt.* e, ex, *out, away, for Du.* ont= *N. H. G.* ent-, *in* entlaufen, *to run away, elope, Goth.* and, *q. v.*). *From Germanic root* hlaup, *a secondary form of which is* hlŭp: hlop; *comp. M. H. G. N. H. G.* (*dial.*) ge-loffen, *pret. partic., run. Furthermore, comp. O. E.* hlŷp, *m., leap, jump, O. N.* hlaup, *n., O. H. G. M. H. G.* louf, *N. H. G.* lauf, *m., course, current, etc.; and O. H. G.* louft, *m., course, M. H. G.* louft, *m., course, pl.* löufte, *conjunctures, junctures, N. H. G.* lauft, *plur.* läufte (*a hunting term*), *m., foot, leg.*]

hlauts, *m., lot;* Mk. 15, 24; *that which is determined by lot; hence inheritance;* Col. 1, 12; hlauts imma urrann, *the lot fell to him, it was his lot;* Lu. 1, 9; hlauts gasatiþs wisan, *lit.* '*to be set as a lot*', *hence to be called upon to receive an inheritance;* Eph. 1, 11. [*Cf. O. N.* hlautr (hlutr), *lot, share, victim, O. S.* hlôt, *m., lot, O. H. G. M. H. G.* lôz, *m. n., N. H. G.* lo(o)s, *n., lot, der.* losen, *to cast lots, from M. H. G.* lôzen, *w. v., th. s. Allied to O. E.* hlyt, *m.*, hlot, *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* lot, *der.* allot (al *for Lt.* ad, *to, by assimilation*). *Further cognates are O. E.* hlêotan, *st.*

v., to cast lots, obtain by lot, get, Mdl. E. *lêote *in* i-lêote (*For* i-, *s.* ga-), *th. s., O. N.* hljóta, *O. S.* hliotan, *O. H. G.* lioȝan, *M. H. G.* lieȝen, *st. v., to cast lots, obtain by lot, foretell. Of Germanic orig. are the kindred Fr.* lot, *share, O. Fr.* lotir, *to cast lots, foretell, Mdn. Fr. lotir, to portion, Ital.* lotto, *a game, whence Fr.* loto, *Mdn. E.* lot(t)o; *further Ital.* lotteria, *whence Fr.* loterie, *whence Mdn. E.* lottery, *N. H. G.* lotterie, *f., lottery.*]

hleiþjan, *w. v. w. dat., to help* (*ἀντιλαμβάνεσθαι*); Lu. 1, 54. [*Cf. O. N.* hlîfa, *protect, O. H. G.* lîben, *w. v.*, lîban, *str. v., M. H. G.* lîben, *w. v., to spare, protect, assist. S. L. M., 40.*]

hleiduma, *superl. adj.* (139), *left,* Mt. 25, 41. II Cor. 6, 7; *used as subst.* (*for* hleidumei handus); Mt. 6, 3. Mk. 10, 37. 40. 15, 27. [*Supposed to be derived from root* hli (*s.* hlains)—hleiduma=*hanging down most; s.* taíhswa, *right.* — *Concerning the suffix* -uma, *s.* hindumists.]

hleiþra, *f., hut, tent;* Lu. 9, 33. 16. 9. II Cor. 5, 1. 4. [*Comp. O. N.* hleiþra, *tent. From stem* hli (*and suff.* -þrô.), *which answers to Gr.* κλι *in* κλισία, *tent. See* hlains, hlaiw, hlijans, *and follg. w.*]

hleiþra-stakeins, *f., feast of tabernacles;* Jo. 7, 2. — *Comp.* hleiþra, *stakeins; *also follg. w.*

***hleiþrjan,** *w. v., to pitch a tent, in* ufar-hl., *to pitch a tent over; hence to dwell upon, rest upon;* II Cor. 12, 9. — *From* hleiþra, *q. v.*

hlifan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *to steal;* Mt. 6, 19. Mk. 10, 19. Lu. 18, 20. Rom. 13, 9. Eph. 4, 28. [*Cf. Lt.* clepere, *Gr.* κλέπτειν, *to steal.*]

hliftus, *m., thief;* Jo. 10, 1. — *From* hlifan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tu-.

hlijans, *acc. plur., nom.* hleis (?), *m., tent, tabernacle;* Mk. 9, 5. [*Allied to O. E.* hlêo, hlêow, *m., shelter, protection, roof, also protector, Mdl. E.* lê, lêw, *shelter, Mdn. E.* lee, *prov.* lew, *a sheltered place, a place defended from the wind,* (*a nautical term, probably due to*) *O. N.* hlê, *lee* (*of a ship*)*; further O. S.* hleo, *m.*, hlea, *f., a covering, shelter, M. H. G.* lie, liewe, *f., a sheltered place in a garden, a bower.* — *From root* hli; *s.* hlains.]

hliuma, *m.* (108), *hearing;* Mk. 7, 35. Lu. 7, 1. I Cor. 12, 17. [*From root* hlŭ *and suff.* -man; *cf. O. N.* hljómi, *sound, tone. Allied to O. E.* hlêo-ðor, *n., sound, voice, melody, harmony,* hlêoðrian, *to utter sounds, speak, sound; O. E.* hlûd, *adj.* (*prop. an old partic. in* -to; *s.* alþeis, dauþs, guþ, kalds, kunþs), *Mdl. E.* lûd, loud, *Mdn. E.* loud, *lit. heard, audible, O. S.* hlûd, *O. H. G.* hlût, lût, *M. H. G.* lût. *N. H. G.* laut, *loud,*

whence, respectively, O. E. hlŷdan (ŷ *from* û, *by* i-*uml.*), *to cry aloud, make a noise, O. H. G.* hlûtên, lûtên, *M. H. G.* lûten, *to be loud, to sound, N. H. G.* lauten, *to sound, and O. H. G.* hlûttan (*from* hlûtjan), lûten, *M. H. G.* liuten, *N. H. G.* läuten, *to cause to sound, ring. Further M. H. G.* lût, *m., sound, tone, voice, N. H. G.* laut, *m., sound, and prep. w. gen., according to, from the M. H. G.* lût, *for* nach lût (*as* des artikels, der briefe), *lit. according to the sound of, etc. Also Mdn. E.* aloud, *Mdl. E.* a loude, *O. E.* on hlŷde, ge-hlŷde, *from* on, *in* (*s.* ana), *and* hlŷd, *m.*, ge-hlŷde, *n., cry, noise, din, from* hlûd (*above*), *as O. H. G.* hlûtî, lûtî, *M. H. G.* lûte, liute, *f., loudness, from O. H. G.* hlût (*above*). *Germanic* hlŭ *answers to Indg.* klŭ; *comp. Gr.* κλύ-ειν, *Lt.* cluere, cluêre; *Skr.* çru, *to hear, Gr.* κλυ-τός, *Lt.* in-clu-tus, *Skr.* çru-tas, *much heard or spoken of, hence celebrated, famous; further Gr.* κλέος, *Skr.* çrávas, *rumor, glory. — Here belong also pr. n. like N. H. G.* Ludwig (*s.* wign), Lothar, Clothilde; *and M. H. G.* liumunt (*For the suff.* -munt, *which is not related to N. H. G.* mund, *Goth.* munþs, *s. Kl.*, leumund), *N. H. G.* leumund, *m., fame, glory, rumor. M. H. G.* liumunt *appears as* liumde (*for* liumunde) *in th. v.* liumden, ver-liumden, *N. H. G.* verleumden, *to calumniate, slander. An extended form of root* hlŭ *is* hlŭs, *which occurs in O. E.* hlosnian, *to listen; in O. H. G.* hlosên, *M. H. G.* losen, *to listen, hearken; in O. E.* hlyst (y *from* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *f., Mdl. E.* lust, list, *hearing, O. N.* hlust, *ear, O. E.* hlystan, *Mdl. E.* luste, liste, *beside* lustne, *Mdn. E.* list *and* listen; *in O. H. G.* lûstrên, *M. H. G.* lŭstren, (*early*) *N. H. G.* laustren, *Eff.* lŭstre, *to listen; and in M. H. G.* lûschen (*from* *hlûs-skan), *N. H. G.* lauschen, *to listen. Comp. follg. w.*]

hliuþ, *n., listening, silence, occurs only in phrase:* in hliuþa, *in silence;* I Tim. 2, 11. [*Cf. O. N.* hljóð, *n., hearing, sound. Allied to prec. w., q. v.*]

***hlôhjan,** *w. v., in* uf-hl., *to cause to laugh; in pass. 'to rejoice';* Lu. 6, 21.—*Causal of* hlahjan, *q. v.*

hlûtrei, *f., purity, sincerity;* II Cor. 1, 12. [*From* hlûtrs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în-. *Cf. O. H. G.* hlût(t)rî, lût(t)rî, *M. H. G.* liuter, *f., purity, cleanness. S. follg. w.*]

hlûtriþa, *f., purity, sincerity;* II Cor. 2, 17.—*From* hlûtrs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iþô. *Comp. prec. w.*

hlûtrs, *adj.* (15), *pure;* II Cor. 7, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* hlûtor, hlûttor (tt *by influence of the syncopated forms with* tt, *for* t *before*

r, *in consequence of which the preceding* û *was shortened*), *adj., pure, clear,* hlût(t)re, *adv., purely, clearly, brightly, Mdl. E.* lutter, *O. S.* hlûtar, hluttar, *O. H. G.* hlûttar, lûttar, *M. H. G.* lûter, *adj., pure, clear, and adv., plainly, openly, N. H. G.* lauter, *adj., pure, clear, plain, sincere, and adv., purely, merely, nothing but, Eff.* lûte(r), *adv., purely, nothing but, always* (*Comp. N. H. G.* schön, *adj., beautiful, and* schon, *adv., already*).—*Der.: O. E.* hluttran, *to make pure, clear, O. H. G.* hlûttarên, *M. H. G.* lûteren, liuteren, *N. H. G.* läutern, *to purify, clear, refine. Germanic root* hlût *is allied to Gr.* κλυδ *in* κλύζειν, *to wash, cleanse; and in* κλύδων, *billow, surge.* — *Comp.* hlûtrei, hlûtriþa.]

hnaiweins, *f., lowliness, humility;* Lu. 1, 48.—*From* hnaiwjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni-.

hnaiwjan, *w. v.* (187) *w. acc., to abase;* Lu. 14, 11. 18, 14; *pret. partic.* hnaiwiþs, *cast down;* II Cor. 7, 6. — *Compds.* (a) ana-hn. *w. acc., to lay upon;* Mt. 8. 20. (b) ga-hn. *w. acc., to humble;* Lu. 3, 5. 14, 11. 18, 14; *pret. partic.* ga-hnaiwiþs, *low;* Lu. 1, 52. (c) uf-hn., *to put under, subdue, w. acc. and a follg. dat. of advantage;* Phil. 3, 21; *or folld. by* uf *w. acc.;* I Cor. 15, 27. 28; *or* uf fôtuns *w. dat.;* I Cor. 15, 26. Eph. 1, 22. [*Causative of* hneiwan (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* (ȝe-) hnæ̂gan (*from* *hnâgjan), *to bend, press down, vanquish, O. S.* hnêgan, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* neigen, *to bend, incline.* — *Comp.* hnaiweins, hnaiws.]

hnaiws, *adj., low, humble;* Rom. 12, 16. — *Allied to* hneiwan, hnaiwjan, hnaiweins, *q. v.*

hnasqus, *adj., soft, tender;* Mt. 11, 8. Lu. 7, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* hnæsce, hnesce, *Mdl. E.* nesh, *Mdn. E.* nesh.—*Der. O. E.* hnescian, *Mdl. E.* neshe, *to make soft or delicate, O. H. G.* nascôn, *to eat dainties, M. H. G. N. H. G.* naschen, *to eat or steal dainties, to take or enjoy illicitly.*]

hneiwan, *st. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to bend downwards, decline, bow;* Lu. 9, 12.—*Compd.* ana-hn., *to bend down, stoop down;* Mk. 1, 7. Skeir. III, c. [hneiwan *stands for* *hneigwan; *cf. O. E.* hnîgan, *O. S.* hnîgan, *O. H. G.* nîgan (*for* hnîgan), *M. H. G.* nîgen, *N. H. G.* neigen, *to bow, incline.—Der.: O. H. G.* nicchen (*iter.*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* nicken, *to nod, wink, whence M. H. G.* genic, genicke, *n., N. H. G.* genick, *n., nape, neck. From Germanic root* hnîgw, *pre-Germanic* knĭgh; *perhaps allied to Lt.* con-nîvere, nîcare, nictare, *to wink with the eyes. S. the causative* hnaiwjan *and the adj.* hnaiws.]

***hniupan,** *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to tear, break, in* dis-hn. *w. acc., to tear or break to pieces, to break;* Lu. 8, 29. [*Supposed to be allied to Gr.* κνύειν, *to scratch, scrape; s. L. M., 40. Comp. follg. w.*]

***hnupnan,** *w. v.* (194), *in* dis-hn., *to be torn or broken into pieces, to break;* Lu. 5, 6.—*From prec. w.*

hnutô, *f., thorn, sting* (hnuþô *in codex A, with the marginal gloss* gáiru); II Cor. 12, 7. [*Allied to N. H. G.* nuss, *f., blow* (*Kl.*). *Comp., however, Sch.,* hniutan, hnuƶ.]

***hôbains,** *f., in* ga-, un-ga-hôbains. [*From* haban, gahaban, *but with* ô *for* a, *as if from* *hôban, *gahôban. *Since* haban *is probably not allied to* hafjan (*q. v.*), *Mdn E.* behoof, behove, *N. H. G.* behuf, *which are related to the latter, do not belong here. See, however, Sk.,* behoof.]

hôha, *m., plow;* Lu. 9, 62. [*Perhaps allied to Skr.* kôka, *wolf, i. e.* 'tearer', *or to Gr.* ἀκωκή, *point, etc. S. Sch.,* hôha, *and L. M., 39.*]

hôlôn, *w. v. w. acc., to do damage to, to treat with violence;* Lu. 3, 14. — *Compd.* af-h., *to defraud;* Lu. 19, 8. [*Cf. O. H. G.* huoljan, huolan, *to deceive. Allied to Lt.* calvi, *to deceive,* calumnia, *trick, intrigue. S. L. M., 39.*]

hôrinassus, *m., adultery, fornication, whoredom;* Mk. 7, 21. Jo. 8, 41. II Cor. 12, 21. Gal. 5, 19. Eph. 5, 3. Col. 3, 5. — *From follg. w.* (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -assus.

hôrinôn, *w. v., to commit adultery;* Mt. 5, 27. 32. Mk. 10, 12. 19. Lu. 16, 18; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 10, 11.—*Pres. partic. fem.* hôrinôndei, *adulterous;* Mk. 8, 38; *subst., adulteress;* Rom. 7, 3. — *Compd.* ga-h. *w. dat., to whore, commit adultery with;* Mt. 5, 28. — *From* hôrs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

hôrs, *m., whoremonger, adulterer;* Lu. 18, 11. I Cor. 5, 9. 10. Eph. 5, 5. I Tim. 1, 10. [*Cf. O. N.* hôrr, *m., adulterer,* hôra, *f., adulteress, O. E.* *hôre, *f., Mdl. E.* hôre, *Mdn. E.* whore (*the* w *being inorganic*), *O. H. G.* huora, huorra, *M. H. G.* huore, *N. H. G.* hure, *f., whore. Further O. E.* *hôr, *n., Mdl. E.* hôr, *O. N.* hór, *O. H. G.* huor, *n., fornication, adultery; and O. E.* hôring, *m., adulterer; and Mdl. E.* hôrling, *fornicator; and O. Bulg.* kurŭva, *f., Lith.* kûrva, *f., adulteress. S. Kl.,* hure, harn.]

hrainei, *f., purity, purification;* Skeir. III, b. — *From* hrains (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. follg. w.*

hraineins, *f., purification;* Lu. 2, 22. Skeir. III, b. d. — *From* hrainjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***hrainiþa,** *f., in* unhrainiþa. — *From* hrains (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-þô-. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

hrainja-haírts, *adj., pure in heart, pure-hearted;* Mt. 5, 8.—*Comp.* hrains, haírtô; *also prec. and follg. w.*

hrainjan, *w. v. w. acc. folld. by* af *w. dat., to purify, cleanse;* II Cor. 7, 1.—*Compds.* (a) af-hr. *w. acc., to destroy what is unclean, to cleanse one from;* Skeir. I, a. (b) ga-hr. *w. acc., to cleanse, purge;* Mt. 8, 2. Mk. 1, 40. 7, 19. Lu. 3, 17. 4, 27. 5, 12. 7, 22. 17, 14. 17. Jo. 15, 2; *and a follg. gen.;* II Tim. 2, 21; *or instr.;* Eph. 5, 26. (c) us-hr. *w. acc., to cleanse out, purge out;* I Cor. 5, 7. [*From* hrains, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* hreinnan (*for* hreinjan), reinen, *M. H. G.* reinen, *O. S.* hrênjan *and* hrênôn, *to make clean, purify. N. H. G.* reinigen, *M. H. G.* reinigen, reinegen, *refers to the extended adj.* reinec, reinic, *from* reine (*s.* hrains) *and Germanic suff.* -ga. *Comp. prec. w.*]

hrains, *adj.* (130), *pure, clean;* Mt. 27, 59. Jo. 13, 11. 15, 3. I Tim. 1, 5. 2, 9. 3, 9. II Tim. 2, 22. Tit. 1, 15. Skeir. III, c; hrains waírþan, *to be cleansed;* Mt. 8, 3. 11, 5. Mk. 1, 41. 42. Lu. 5, 13. 17, 15. [*Comp. O. N.* hreinn, *O. S.* hrêni *O. H. G.* reini (*for* *hreini), *M. H. G.* reine, *N. H. G.* rein, *adj., clean. From root* hrī (*and suffix* -ni-, *as in Mdn. E.* clean, *N. H. G.* klein, *Goth.* *klai-ni-), *pre-Germanic* krī, *to separate by a sieve, to sift, contained in O. E.* hridder, *f., sieve, Mdl. E.* ridel (*by confusion of suffixes*), *Mdn. E.* riddle, *sieve* (*For Mdn. E.* riddle, *enigma, s.* *rêdan), *O. H. G.* rîtara (*for* *hrîtara), *M. H. G.* rîter, *N. H. G.* reiter, *f., riddle, sieve, Lt.* cri-brum (*from* *cri-dhrum; *suffix* -dhrum *answers to Germanic* -dra, *O. E.* -der, *O. H. G.* -tara, *etc.*), *Gr.* κρί-νειν, *to sift, select, etc. Here belongs also Mdn. E.* rinse, *Mdl. E.* rinse, *from O. Fr.* rincer, *from N.* hreinsa, *to cleanse, purify, from* hreinn (*above*). *Comp. prec. w.*]

***hraiw,** *n., corpse, in* hraiwadûbô. [*Cf. O. E.* hrâ(w), hrǽ(w), *n., O. N.* hrǽ, *corpse, O. S. O. H. G.* hrêo, rêo, rê (*gen.* rêwes), *M. H. G.* rê (*gen.* rêwes), *n., corpse, death, funeral. Comp. follg. w.*]

hraiwa-dûbô, *f., turtle-dove* (τρυγών); Lu. 2, 24. — *From stem of* *hraiw *and* dûbô, *q. v.*

hramjan, *w. v. w. acc., to crucify;* Jo. 19, 6. — *Compds.* (a) us-hr. *w. acc., th. s.;* Mt. 26, 2. Mk. 15, 13. 20. 24. 25. 16, 6. I Cor. 1, 23. Gal. 3, 1. (b) miþ-us-hr. *w. acc. and dat., to crucify with;* Mt. 27, 44. Mk. 15, 32. Gal. 2, 20. [*Probably allied to O. H. G.* rama, *pillar, support, M. H. G.* ram, rame, *m. f., sup-*

port, frame, N. H. G. rahmen, *m., frame; or to Gr.* κρεμαννύναι, *to hang up, suspend.*]

***hrisjan,** *w. v., to shake. — Compds.* (a) af-hr., *to shake off, w. acc. and a follg.* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 9, 5; *w. acc. and a follg. dat. of disadvantage;* Lu. 10, 11. (b) us-hr. *w. acc., to shake out, shake off;* Mk. 6, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* hrissan, *Mdl.* rise, ruse, *to tremble, shake, O. S.* hrissian, *to live, tremble. Probably cognate w. O. E.* hrîs, *n., Mdl. E.* rîs, *twig, twigs, O. N.* hrís, *O. H. G.* rîs, *from* hrîs, *M. H. G.* rîs, *N. H. G.* reis, *n., twig, whence, respectively, O. H. G.* rîsach, *M. H. G.* rîsech, *N. H. G.* reisig, reisich, *n., brushwood, sprigs; and to O. E.* hrêran, *to move, stir* (hrêremûs, *f., Mdl. E.* rêrmûs, *Mdn. E.* rear-mouse), *Mdl. E.* rêre, *O. N.* hræra, *O. S.* hrôrian, *to move, stir, O. H. G.* ruoren, *M. H. G.* rüeren, *to set in motion, impel, stir, touch, N. H. G.* rühren, *to stir, move, etc.*]

hrôþjan, *w. v., to call, cry, cry out;* Mt. 8, 29. 9, 27. Mk. 5, 5. 9, 26. 10, 47. 48. Lu. 4, 41. 9, 39. 19, 40; *w. instr.;* Mt. 27, 50. Mk. 1, 26. 5, 7. Jo. 11, 43. — *Compd.* uf-hr., *th. s.;* Mk. 1, 23. 9, 24. Lu. 4, 33. 8, 28. 16, 24; *w. instr.;* Mt. 27, 46. Mk. 1, 26. [*Cf. O. H. G.* ruofen, *M. H. G.* rüefen (*w. v.*), *to call, cry, cry out; and O. E.* hrôþan (*red. v.*), *Mdl. E.* rôþe, *Mdn. E.* (*Scot.*) roup, *to cry, shout, O. S.* hrôpan, *O. H. G.* ruofan (*str. v.*), *M. H. G.* ruofen, *N. H. G.* rufen, *to call, cry. Comp. follg. w.*]

hrôps, *m., outcry, clamor;* Eph. 4, 31. [*Cf. Mdl. E.* rôþ, *Mdn. E.* (*Scot.*) roup, *an outcry, O. H. G.* ruof, *from* *hruof, *M. H. G.* ruof, *N. H. G.* ruf, *m., calling, cry, etc. Allied to M. H. G.* ruoft, *m., cry, outcry, rumor; to M. H. G.* (*prop. L. G., w.* cht *for* ft), *N. H. G.* berüchtigen, *to defame, pret. partic.* berüchtigt, *ill-famed; to N. H. G.* (*L. G.*) ruch(t)bar (*For* -bar, *s.* baíran), *adj., notorious, rumored; and to N. H. G.* anrüch(t)ig (*For* an, *s.* ana), *adj., disreputable, ill-famed. Comp. prec. w.*]

hrôt, *n., roof;* Mt. 8, 8. 10, 27. Mk. 2, 4. Lu. 5, 19. 7, 6. 17, 31. [*Allied to O. E.* hrôst, *m., Mdl. E.* rôst, *Mdn. E.* roost, *a perch for fowls, O. S.* hrôst, *m. or n.?, timber-work of a roof, N. H. G.* (*dial.*) *rus *in* rusbaum, *a piece of timber on which the ceiling of a room rests.*]

hrôþeigs, *adj., victorious, triumphant;* II Cor. 2, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* hrêðiȝ (ê *is* i-*uml. of* ô), *adj., triumphant,* hrêð, *m., glory, O. N.* hrôðugr, *adj., victorious, glorious,* hrôðr, *m., glory, O. H. G.* -hrôd, -ruod, *in many pr. n., whence N. H. G. Mdn. E.* Ru-, Ro-, *in* Rudolf (*For* -olf, *s.* wulfs), Robert (*For*

-bert, *s.* baírhts). *From root* hrô *contained also in O. S.* hrôm, *O. H. G.* hruom, ruom, *M. H. G.* ruom (ruon), *N. H. G.* ruhm, *m., glory, fame, praise.*]

hrugga, *f., staff;* Mk. 6, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* hrung, *f., a heavy staff, a timber, Mdl. E.* rung, *Mdn. E.* rung, *O. H. G.* *runga *hrunga, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* runge, *rundle, carriage-trigger.*]

hrûks, *m.* (*or* **hrûk,** *n.*), *the crowing of a cock;* Mt. 26, 75. [*Allied to Skr.* kruç, *to cry, lament; Gr.* κραυγή *a cry,* κρωγ-μός, *croak, Lt.* crocire, crocitare, *to croak.* (*S. Sch.*, hrûks). *Further, comp. O. E.* hrȯc, *m., Mdl. E.* rȯk, *Mdn. E.* rook, *a kind of crow, O. N.* hrókr, *O. H. G.* hruoh, ruoh, *beside* ruoho, *M. H. G.* ruoch, *beside* ruoche, *m., a crow. Comp. follg. w.*]

hrûkjan, *w. v.* (15), *to crow;* Mt. 26, 74. Mk. 14, 72. Jo. 13, 38. 18, 27.—*From prec. w.*

***hruskan,** *w. v.?, in* and-hruskandans (*pres. partic. plur.*), *asking questions, inquiring;* I Cor. 10, 25. *Here and* I Cor. 10, 27 (andsitans) *the Gr. text has* '*ἀνακρίνοντες*', *the Lt. respectively* '*examinantes*' *and* '*reponentes*'.—*S. Sch.*, hruskan.

huggrjan, *w. v.* (66, *n.* 1; 67, *n.* 1), *to hunger, used impers. w. acc.;* Jo. 6, 35; *pret. partic. plur.* huggridai, *hungered;* I Cor. 4, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* hyngran (*from* *hyngrjan; y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *Mdl. E.* hungre, *Mdn. E.* hunger, *O. N.* hungra, *O. S.* hungrjan, *O. H. G.* hungerôn, hungeren, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hungern, *to hunger. S.* hûhrus.]

***hugds,** *f., in* ga-hugds. [*From root of* hugjan (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* *hygd *in* ȝe-hygd, *f. n., thought, mind, O. S.* gi-hugd, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* gehuht, *f., mind, memory.*]

hugjan, *w. v., to think, be minded believe, w. acc.;* Gal. 5, 10. Phil. 3, 15. 16. Skeir. VII, a; *folld. by acc. w. inf.;* Lu. 2, 44. I Tim. 6, 5; *or* ei; Mt. 5, 17; *or* þatei; Jo. 11, 13; háuhaba h., *to think highly, be proud;* Rom. 11, 20; waíla hugjan *w. dat., to think well of, agree with;* Mt. 5, 25.—*Compds.* (a) af-h. *w. acc., to deprive of sound judgment, to fascinate, bewitch;* Gal. 3, 1. (b) and-h; *so in cod. B, which is probably an error, for the correct* and-huljan *in A* (*s.* huljan)*;* Phil. 3, 15. (c) faúra-ga-h., *to think beforehand, to purpose;* II Cor. 9, 7. (d) ufar-h., *to think in a haughty manner, be overbearing, be exalted above measure;* II Cor. 12, 7. [*From* hugs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* hycȝean (*from* *huggjan; y *is* i-*uml. of* u, cȝ *for* gg, *the latter by gemination before* j, *the* e *denotes the palatal sound of* cȝ, *the original* j *is dropped after a long closed syllable*), *Mdl. E.* hûȝe, *O. N.*

hyggja, *to think, mean, O. S.* huggjan, *O. H. G.* huggen, hugen, *M. H. G.* hugen, hügen, *to think, etc. S. also prec. w.*]

hugs, *m.* (*or* **hug,** *n.?; occurs only in gen.*, hugis), *mind, thought, understanding;* Eph. 4, 17. [*cf. O. E.* hyge, *m., mind, heart, pride, Mdl. E.* hyge, hige, *mind, O. N.* hugr, *m., mind, thought, heart, wish, O. S.* hugi, *m., mind, thought, O. H. G.* hugu, *m., M. H. G.* huge, hüge, *f., mind, thought, etc. Comp.* hugjan, *hugds.]

hugs, *n.?, gen.* **hugsis,** *field, estate;* Ar. doc.—*S. Dief., II, 577.*

huhjan?, *w. v., occurs only once, in the pres. partic.* huhjands, *which is probably an error for the correct* huzdjands (*S.* huzdjan), *θησαυρίζων, heaping up treasure;* I Cor. 16, 2.

hûhrus, *m.* (15; 66, *n.* 1; 105), *hunger;* Lu. 4, 25. 15, 14. 17. Rom. 8, 35. [*From stem* hunhru-; *another, but kindred stem,* hungru-, *appears in the verb* huggrjan (*q. v.*), *and in O. E.* hungor, *m., Mdl., E.* hunger, honger, *Mdn. E.* hunger, *O. N.* hungr, *O. S. O. H. G.* hungar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hunger, *m., hunger.*]

hulistr, *n., a covering, veil;* II II Cor. 3, 13. 14. 15. 16. [*From* huljan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -stra, *from* -s-tra. *Cf. O. N.* hulstr, *case, covering, Swed.* hölster, *Dan.* hylster, *case, Du.* holster, *a case for a pistol, whence Mdn. E.* holster, *th. s. Allied to O. E.* heolstor (*a primary root-formation, from* *heolostor; eo *for* e, *by influence of the dark vowel follg.* l, *not by breaking; the* o *of the suff. indicates the vocalic nature of the final* r (27 *and n.* 1) *n., covering, cave, darkness; and to O. H. G. M. H. G.* hulst, *f., a covering. Comp.* hulôn, hulundi, halja, hilms, *and follg. w.*]

***huleins,** *f., in* and-huleins.—*From* huljan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni. *Comp. prec. w.*

huljan, *w. v.* (187) *w. acc., to cover, veil;* Mk. 14, 65. I Cor. 11, 6. — *Compds.* (a) and-h. *w. acc., to uncover;* Mk. 2, 4; *to reveal;* Mt. 10, 26. Lu. 2, 35. 17, 30. II Thess. 2, 3; *and a follg. dat. of the person to whom anything is revealed;* Lu. 10, 21. 22. Jo. 12, 38. Eph. 3, 5. Phil. 3, 15; *pret. partic.* andhuliþs, *used as adj., uncovered, open;* I Cor. 11, 5. II Cor. 3, 18. (b) dis-h. *w. acc., to cover;* Lu. 8, 16. (c) ga-h. *w. acc., to cover, hide, conceal;* Mt. 10, 26. I Cor. 11, 6. II Cor. 4, 3; *folld. by* fram *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 24. Lu. 9, 45; gahulidamma haubida; *so rendered after the Lt.* 'velato capite'; I Cor. 11, 4. [*Allied to O. E.* helan (*Goth.* *hilan), *Mdl. E.* hele, *to cover, hide, conceal, O. S. O. H. G.* helan, *M. H. G.* heln, *N. H. G.* hehlen, *to conceal.*—*Der. M. H. G.* hæle, *adj., con-*

cealed, hæle, *m.*, *N. H. G.* hehl, *m.*, *secrecy. Germanic root* hel *answers to pre-Germanic* kel *in Lt.* cêlare, *to conceal, hide, cover*, concêlare (con= cum), *to conceal carefully, whence Mdn. E.* conceal; *allied to Lt.* oc-culere (oc *for* ob, *by assimilation*), *to cover up, hide, conceal, pret. partic.* occultus, *whence Fr.* occulte, *secret, hidden, whence Mdn. E.* occult, *th. s.; to Lt.* cella, *a place for depositing grain or fruits, a granary, store-room, chamber, etc., whence Mdl. E.* celle, *Mdn. E.* cell, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* zelle, *f., cell; and to Lt.* cellarium (*a post-classical accessory form to* cella), *a receptacle for food, a pantry, whence O. Fr.* celier, *whence Mdl. E.* celer, *Mdn. E.* cellar. *To Lt.* cellarium *refers also O. N.* kjallari, *O. S.* kellere, *O. H. G.* chellâri, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* keller, *m., cellar, der.* kellner, *m., butler, waiter*, kellnerin, *f., bar-maid, M. H. G.* kelnære, *m., butler, waiter*, kellnærinne, *f., bar-maid, from Mdl. Lt.* cellenarius, *a steward, beside Lt.* cellarius, *m.* (*prop. adj., pertaining to a store-room, from* cella; *s. above*), *a steward, butler. Furthermore, comp. Gr. root* καλ *in* καλύπτειν, *to cover, veil,* καλύβη, *hut. For further cognates, s.* halja, hilms, hulistr *huleins, *hulôn, hulundi.]

***hulôn,** *w. v., to make hollow, in* us-h., *to hollow out;* Mt. 27, 60. [*From stem* hula-, *hollow. Allied to O. E.* hol (*adj. used as subst.*), *n., cave, cavern, Mdl. E.* hole, hol, *Mdn. E.* hole, *O. N.* holr, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* hol, *N. H. G.* hohl, *adj., hollow; and to the extended O. E.* holh, *Mdl. E.* holh, *whence* holu, holou (u, ou, *from* w, *from* gh, h, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* hollow. *Further cognates are O. N.* holâ, *f., O. H. G.* holî, *M. H. G.* hüle, *N. H. G.* höhle, *f., den, cave; and O. E.* hulu, *f., Mdl. E.* hule, *Mdn. E.* hull, *husk, also body, lit. 'shell', of a ship; and O. H. G.* hul-sa (*for* *hulisa, *w. suff.* -i-sa), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hülse, *f., husk; and O. H. G.* hulla (*Goth.* *hulja), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hülle, *f., covering, raiment, cap, etc.; and O. E.* heall, *f.* (*For* heal, *m., rock, s.* hallus), *Mdl. E.* hall, *Mdn. E.* hall, *O. N.* höll, *f., O. S. O. H. G.* halla, *f., M. H. G.* *halle (*s. Kl.*, halle), *N. H. G.* halle, *f., hall. S.* halja, hilms, huljan, *huleins, hulundi, hulistr.]

hulþs, *adj., gracious, merciful;* Lu. 18, 13. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* hold, *gracious, favorable, faithful, O. N.* hollr, *O. S. O. H. G.* hold, *M. H. G.* holt (*gen.* holdes), *N. H. G.* hold, *affectionate, gracious, favorable. Probably from root* hal; *s.* *halþei. *Germanic* hulþo- *designated the relation between a lord and his*

vassal, i. e. 'gracious, favorable' on the one hand, and 'true, faithful' on the other. Comp. M. H. G. holde, *m. f., a servant, at a later period used also with reference to relegion. S.* unhulþa, unhulþô, *and Kl.*, hold. — *Der.: O. E.* hyldu (*for* *hyldi, *from* *huldi; y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *f., favor, allegiance, O. S. O. H. G.* huldî, *M. H. G.* hulde, *N. H. G.* huld, *f., favor, allegiance, fidelity.*]

hulundi, *f., a hollow, cave;* Jo. 11, 38. [*From stem* hula- (*s.* *hulôn) *and suff.* -undjô, *extended from* -und-; *s. v. B., p. 192, also P., Beitr., VII, p. 198.*]

-hun, *an enclitic particle forming the indef. pronouns* ainshun, ƕashun, *and the adv.* ƕanhun, *all of which occur in negative clauses only; further* ni mannahun, *nobody,* ni ƕeilôhun, *not even for a while; and* þishun, *chiefly, especially.* [*Shortened from* ƕan (*q. v.*), *and answering to Lt.* -quam, cun , *in* -cunque; *s. P., Beitr., IV, 387, and, for a contrary opinion, Scherer, 'Zur Geschichte der deutschen Sprache', p. 502.*]

hund, *n.* (144), *a hundred, occurs only in the plur.* (*nom.* hunda, *dat.* hundam); Mk. 14, 5. Lu. 7, 41. Jo. 6, 7. 12, 5. I Cor. 15, 6. Ezra 2, 36. [*Cf. O. E.* hund, *a hundred, Mdl. E.* hund, *O. S.* hund, *O. H. G.* hunt, *th. s.; and the compounded O. E.* (*chiefly North.*) hund-rað, -reð (*For* -rað, reð, *Goth.* *raþ, *s.* *raþjan, *to count*), *Mdl. E.* hundred (*oftener than* hund), *Mdn. E.* hundred, *O. N.* hundrað, *O. S.* hunderod, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* hundert, *a hundred. Germanic stem* hunda *answers to Indg.* kmtó-; *comp. Lt.* centum, *Gr.* ἑκατόν, *Skr.* çatam, *a hundred. For interesting details, s. Kl.*, hundert, *and Sk.*, hundred. *Comp. follg. w.*]

hunda-faþs, *m., the chief of a century, a centurion;* Mt. 8, 5. 8. 13. 27, 54. Mk. 15, 39. 44. 45. Lu. 7, 2. 6. — *From stem of* hund *and* *faþs, *q. v.*

hunds, *m., dog, hound;* Mk. 7, 27. 28. Lu. 16, 21. Phil. 3, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* hund, *m., dog, Mdl. E.* hund, *Mdn. E.* hound (*Mdn. E.* dog, *Mdl. E.* dogge, dog, *probably comes from Du.* dog, *whence also N. H. G.* dogge, *f., bull-dog*), *O. N.* hundr, *O. S.* hund, *O. H. G.* hunt(d), *M. H. G.* hunt (*pl.* hunde), *N. H. G.* hund, *m., dog. Germanic* hunda- (*if for* hun-da) *answers to to Indg.* kun-, *dog; comp. Gr.* κύων, *gen.* κυν-ός, *Skr.* çvã, *gen.* çún-as, *dog* (*Lt.* canis?). *S. Kl.*, hund.]

hunsl, *n., sacrifice;* Mt. 9, 13. Mk. 9, 49. Lu. 2, 24. I Cor. 10, 18. Eph. 5, 2. Skeir. I, a; *service;* Jo. 16, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* hûsel (*from* *hunsel *by compensation*), *n., offering, eucharist, Mdl. E.* hûsel, *Mdn. E.*

housel, *the eucharist. Comp. follg. w.*]

***hunslags,** *adj., making sacrifices, in* *unhunslags, *q. v.* — *From stem of* hunsl (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ga. *Comp. prec. w.*

hunsla-staþs, *m., a place where sacrifices are offered, an altar;* Mt. 5, 23. 24. Lu. 1, 11. I Cor. 10, 18. — *From stem of* hunsl *and* staþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

hunsljan, *w. v., to offer;* II Tim. 4, 6. — *From* hunsl, *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

hunþs *or* **hunþ?,** *occurs only in acc. sing.,* hunþ, *captivity;* Eph. 4, 8. [*From* *hinþan, *q. v. Allied to O. E.* hûð (*from* *hunð, *by compensation*), *f., booty, O. H. G.* *hunda *in* heri-hunda, *f., spoil taken in war; booty; lit.* '*army-booty*' (*For* heri, *s.* harjis).]

hups, *m., hip, loins;* Mk. 1, 6. 14. [*Cf. O. E.* hype (y *for* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *m. f., Mdl. E.* hupe, hipe, *Mdn. E.* hip, *O. H. G.* huf (*pl.* huffi), *f., M. H. G.* huf (*pl.* hüffe), *N. H. G.* hüfte, *f., hip.*]

***hûs,** *n.* (15), *house, in* gud-hûs, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* hûs, *n., Mdl. E.* hûs, hous, *Mdn. E.* house, *O. N.* hûs, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* hûs, *N. H. G.* haus, *n., house.* — *Compds.: O. N.* hûs-bondi (*For* bondi, *s.* bauan), *whence O. E.* hûsbonda, *Mdl. E.* hûsbonde, *Mdn. E.* husband; *Mdl. E.* hûs-wîf (*For* wîf, *s.* manna), *Mdn. E.* huswife, *whence* hussy, *an ill-behaved woman or girl, a pert girl; O. N.* hûs-þing, *council, meeting, whence O. E.* hûsting, *Mdl. E.* husting, *Mdn. E.* hustings. — *Stem* hûsa-, *for* hûssa- *is supposed to refer to root* hŭd *occurring in O. E.* hŷdan (*for* *hûdjan, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* hîde, hûde, *Mdn. E.* hide, *to conceal; in O. E.* hŷd, *f., hide, skin, prop. that which covers, Mdl. E.* hîde, hûde, *Mdn. E.* hide, *O. N.* hûð, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* hût, *f., N. H. G.* haut, *f., hide, skin; and in N. H. G.* hütte, *f., hut, tent, M. H. G.* hütte, *O. H. G.* hutta, *f., hut, tent, whence O. Fr.* hutte, *cottage, whence Mdl. E.* hotte, *Mdn. E.* hut. *Allied to Gr.* κεύθειν, *to hide, cover;* κύτος, *n., hide, cover, Lt.* cŭtis, *f., skin, hide. Comp. the kindred* huzd.]

huzd, *n., treasure;* Mt. 6, 19. 20. 21. Lu. 6, 45. 18, 22. II Cor. 4, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* hord, *n. m., Mdl. E.* hord, *Mdn. E.* hoard, *store, treasure, O. N.* hodd, *n.,* hoddr, *m., O. S.* hord, *n., M. H. G.* hort, *m., N. H. G.* hort, *m., a treasure, a safe retreat. Goth.* huzda- *answers to pre-Germanic* kuzdhó-, *for* kudhto-, *pret. partic., that which is hidden, from root* kŭdh, *to hide; s.* hûs. *Allied to Lt.* custos, *gen.* custodis, *guardian,* custodire, *to guard,* custodia, *guard, care, whence Mdn. E.* custody. *Comp. follg. w.*]

huzdjan, *w. v., to lay up treasure,* (1) *abs.;* II Cor. 12, 14. (2) *w. acc.* huzda; Mt. 6, 19. 20.—*The pres. partic.* huzdjands *is probably the correct reading, for* huhjands; I Cor. 16, 2.—*From* huzd, *q. v.*

Ƕ.

Ƕad, *s.* **ƕaþ.**

ƕadrê, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *whither;* Jo. 7, 35. [*From stem of* ƕas (*q. v.*) *and* -drê=*Skr.* -trâ. *Cf. O. E.* hwæder, hwyder, hwider, *Mdl. E.* hwider, *Mdn. E.* whither. *Comp.* ƕaþ, ƕaþar, ƕaþaruh, ƕaþrô.]

ƕah, *s.* **ƕazuh.**

ƕaírban, *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to walk;* ungatassaba ƕ., *to* (*walk*) *live disorderly;* II Thess. 3, 6. 11.—*Compd.* bi-ƕ. *w. acc., to throng about, to throng;* Lu. 8, 45. [*Cf. O. E.* hweorfan (eo *for* e, *by breaking*), hwurfa (*North.*), *Mdl. E.* hwerfe, wherfe, *to turn one's self, walk about, O. N.* hwerfa, *O. S.* ƕwerban, *to turn, go about, O. H. G.* werban (werfan), *M. H. G.* werben (werven), *to turn, walk about, take pains about, pursue, bring about, N. H. G.* werben, *to sue for, woo, enlist, etc. From Germanic root* hwerf *occurring also in O. E.* hwearf, *a turning about, crowd, congregation, a place where people* (*especially laborers*) *congregate, compd.* mere-hwearf (*For* mere, *s.* marei), *m., sea-shore, Mdl. E.* hwarf, *th. s., Mdn. E.* wharf, *a place for lading and unlading ships and other vessels, O. N.* hwarf, *L. G.* hwarf, *Du.* werf, *whence N. H. G.* werft (*the* t *being inorganic*), *n., wharf. Further cognates are O. H. G.* wirbil wirfil (*with suff.* i-la), *m.,* whirlwind, *M. H. G.* wirbel, *m., the crown of the head, vertex, whirl, N. H. G.* wirbel, *m., whirl, vertex, O. N.* hvirfill, *whirl,* hvirfla, *to whirl, whence Mdl. E.* *hwirl (*in compds.*), *subst.,* whirle, *v., Mdn. E.* whirl, *subst. and v., also in compds.:* whirligig, whirlpool, whirlwind (*comp. O. N.* hvirfilvindr, *th. s.*). *Of German orig.* (*comp. N. H. G.* wirbeln, *to whirl*) *is O. Fr.* werbler, *whence Mdl. E.* werble, *Mdn. E.* warble, *to sing in a trilling manner. Comp.* ƕaírbs, ƕarbôn.]

***ƕaírbs,** *adj., in* ga-, ƕeila-, un-gaƕaírbs. — *From root of* ƕaírban, *q. v.*

ƕaírnei, *f.* (113), *skull;* Mk. 15, 22. [*Not allied to N. H. G.* hirn (*S.* haúrn), *M. H. G.* hirne, *O. H. G.* hirni, *from* *hirzni, *hirzni, *O. N.* hjarni, *from* *hjarsni, *L. G.* hersen, *f., brain, because the initial consonants*

are not identical: Goth. hw=*G.* w, *not* h. *S. Kl.*, hirn.]

hwaiteis, *m.* (92), *wheat;* Jo. 12, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* hwête (ê *is* i-*uml. of* â, *Goth.* ai), *m., Mdl. E.* hwêt, whêt, *Mdn. E.* wheat, *O. N.* hweiti, *O. S.* hwêti, *O. H. G.* weizzi, *M. H. G.* weitze, *N. H. G.* weizen, *m., wheat; and O. H. G.* weiʒi (*S. Kl.*, weizen, *and Brn., A. Gr., p. 124, n. 4*), *M. H. G.* weiʒe, *N. H. G.* (*dial.*) weissen, *m., Eff.* wêss, *m., wheat. — Der. O. E.* hwêten (-en *from Germanic suff.* -înо), *Mdl. E.* hwêten, *Mdn. E.* wheaten.—*Stem* hwaitio- *refers to the root of* hweits, *white, q. v.*]

hwaiwa, *adv. and conj.* (218), *how,* (1) πῶς; Mt. 6, 28. Mk. 2, 26. Skeir. II, b. c. V, c. (2) ποίας; Lu. 5, 19. (3) τί; Lu. 1, 62. (4) ὡς; Mk. 12, 26. Lu. 6, 4. (5) *for an inf. clause;* Lu. 5, 18.—ei hwaiwa, (1) εἴπως, *if by any means;* Rom. 11, 14. Phil. 3, 11. (2) ἵνα πάντως, *that by any means;* I Cor. 9, 22.—hwaiwa manags, ὅσος, *how many, as many as;* II Cor. I, 20.—hwaiwa mais, πόσῳ μᾶλλον, '*quanto magis*', *how much more;* Mt. 6, 30. [*Comp. O. H. G.* wio, weo, hweo (*from* *hwêo *for* *hwêwu, *hwaiwô), *M. H. G.* wie, *N. H. G.* wie, *adv., how. Allied to O. E.* hû, *Mdl. E.* hû, hou, *Mdn. E.* how, *O. S.* hwô, *adv., how. — From stem of* hwas, *q. v.*]

hwan, *adv.* (214, *n.* 1), (1) *interr.* (πότε), *when?;* Mt. 25, 44. Lu. 17, 20. Jo. 6, 25; hwan-uh þan (*s.* -uh, þan) (πότε δέ), *th. s.;* Mt. 25, 38. 39. (2) *indef.* (ποτέ), *any time;* I Cor. 9, 7; ju hwan (ἤδη ποτέ, *nunc tandem*), *now at the last;* Phil. 4, 10. (3) *in negative clauses* (μήποτε): niu (*s.* ni, -u) hwan, *if perchance;* II Tim. 2, 25; ei hwan ni, *lest at any time;* Lu. 4, 11; ibai hwan, *th. s.;* Mt. 5, 25; nibai hwan, *th. s.;* Mk. 4, 12. (4) *w. adj. or adv., quam, how,* (a) *in dir. questions:* hwan filu, *how great;* Mt. 6, 23; *how much;* Lu. 16, 5. 7; hwan filu mais, *how much more?;* Rom. 11, 24. Philem. 16; und hwan filu mais, *th. s.;* Mt. 10, 25; hwan lagg mêl, *how long?;* Mk. 9, 21; hwan manags, *how many?;* Mk. 8, 5. 19. 20; hwan mais, *how much more?;* Rom. 11, 12. (b) *in indir. questions:* hwan filu, *how much, how many things, how, or what, great things;* Mt. 27, 13. Mk. 3, 8. 5, 19. 20. 15, 4. Lu. 4, 23. 8, 39. (c) *in exclamations:* hwan aggwu, *how narrow!;* Mt. 7, 14; hwan filu asnê, *how many hired servants!;* Lu. 15, 17. (d) *rel.:* hwan filu—mais þamma, *the more—so much the more;* Mk. 7, 36. [*Allied to O. E.* hwænne, *Mdl. E.* hwenne, whenne, when, *Mdn. E.* when, *O. S.* hwan, *O. H. G.* wanne, *from* *hwanne, *M. H. G.* wanne, *N. H. G.* wann,

when, and wenn, *if, from M. H. G.* wenne, *a by-form of* wanne. *and to O. E.* hwanan, *Mdl. E.* whanene *and* whannes, whennes (*the* s *being an adv. suff.*), *Mdn. E.* whence, *O. S.* hwanan, *O. H. G.* hwanana, wanana, *M. H. G.* wannen, *N. H. G.* wannen (*poet.*), *adv., whence.* — *From stem of* ƕas, *q. v. Comp.* -hun *and follg. w.*]

ƕan-hun, *adv., ever, at any time* (*occurs always in negative clauses*); Mt. 7, 23. Lu. 15, 29. Jo. 5, 37. 6, 35. 7, 46. 8, 33. Eph. 5, 29. II Tim. 3, 7. Skeir. VI, d. VIII, a. *It is often found with* aiw, *q. v.* — *S.* ƕan, -hun.

***ƕapjan,** *w. v., in* af-ƕ. *w. acc., to quench;* Eph. 6, 16. I Thess. 5, 19; *to choke;* Mk. 4, 7. 19. Lu. 8, 7. — *For the supposed etymology of this and the follg. w., s. D., vol. II, p. 600.*

***ƕapnan,** *w. v., in* af-ƕ., *to be quenched;* Mk. 9, 44. 46. 48; *to be choked;* Mk. 5, 13. Lu. 8, 14. 33. — *S.* unƕapnands *and prec. w.*

ƕar, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *where;* Mt. 8, 20. Mk. 14, 12. 14. 15, 47. Lu. 8, 25. I Cor. 1, 20. [*Allied to O. E.* hwâr, hwâ̂r, *Mdl. E.* hwâ̂r, *where, whither, anywhere, Mdn. E.* where, *O. S.* hwar, *O. H. G.* wâ (*from* wâr, *for* hwâr), *M. H. G.* wâ, *N. H. G.* wo, *adv., where.* — *Der. O. E.* hwærgen, hwergen, *adv., anywhere, O. S.* hwergin, *O. H. G.* wergin (*for* *hwergin, *hwargin). — *From stem* ƕa- (*s.* ƕas), *Indg.* ko-; *comp. Skr.* karhi, *when? S.* ƕarjis.]

ƕarbôn, *w. v.* (190), *to go about, walk;* Mt. 9, 27. Mk. 2, 14. Jo. 8, 59; *folld. by* in *w. dat.:* Mk. 11, 27. Jo. 7, 1. 10, 23; *or* faúr *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* hwearfian, ea *from* a, *by breaking, Mdl. E.* hwarfe, *to turn, wander about, O. S.* hwarbôn, *O. H. G.* warbôn, *for* *ƕarbôn, *to go, walk about, wander. Allied to* ƕaírban, *q. v.*]

ƕarjis, *interr. pron.* (160), *who?, which?* (*out of many*), *fem.* ƕarja, *neut.* ƕarjata (*not* ƕari!), (1) *in dir. questions;* Mk. 12, 23. 28. Lu. 20, 33. Jo. 10, 32. (2) *in indir. questions;* Mk. 9, 34. Lu. 9, 46. Jo. 6, 64. 13, 18. 22; *attrib.;* I Thess. 4, 2. [*From* ƕar (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja-. *Cf. O. N.* hverr, *f.* hver, *n.* hvert. *Comp. follg. w.*]

ƕarjiz-uh, *indef. pron.* (147, *n.* 1; 165), *every one, every, fem.* ƕarjôh (*only acc. occurs*), *n.* ƕarjatôh, (1) *abs.;* Mk. 15. 24. Lu. 2, 3. 6, 40. 19, 15. Rom. 12, 3. I Cor. 4, 5. 7, 17. 12, 11. Eph. 4, 25. Phil. 2, 4. (2) *folld. by the gen. partit.;* Mk. 9, 49. Lu. 14, 23. 19, 26. Rom. 14, 12. I Cor. 14, 26. 16, 2. I Thess. 4, 4. Skeir. VI, b. (3) *attrib.;* Mt. 27, 15. Mk. 15, 6. Skeir. IV, b (*sc.* staþ).—ana ƕarjanôh fimf tiguns, *by fifties;* Lu.

9, 14. — *S.* ƕarjis, -uh; *also* ainƕarjizuh.

ƕas, *pron., f.* ƕô, *n.* ƕa, (1) *interrog.*, (a) *in a dir. question: who?, what?, which?, what sort of?;* Mt. 8, 29. 26, 68. 27, 17. Mk. 1, 27. 6, 24. 12, 16. Lu. 20, 24. Jo. 6, 68; *attr.;* Lu. 15, 4; (b) *in an indir. question;* Mt. 6, 3. Mk. 1, 24. Lu. 1, 21. II Tim. 1, 12; *attrib.;* I Thess. 4, 2. — *The attributive use of the interrog.* ƕas *is rare; the subst. follg. usually occurs in the gen. plur. with which the prn. agrees in gender;* Mt. 6, 27. Mk. 11, 28. Lu. 4, 36. 9, 55. 14, 28. 17, 7. I Thess. 3, 9; *only a follg. adj. occurs in the gen. sing.;* Mk. 4, 22. 15, 14;—*in one case* (Mk. 6, 2.) ƕas *is strengthened by a demonstr. pron. The neut.* ƕa *is sometimes used like 'τί, quid'?, irrespective of a masc., fem., or plur. following: what?;* Mt. 27, 4. Jo. 18, 38. Eph. 1, 19; *and like 'τί, quare, quomodo': why?;* Mk. 5, 35. 39. Rom. 14, 10; *and in the adv. phrases:* und ƕa, *ἕως πότε, till when, how long?;* Mk. 9, 19. Lu. 9, 41; in whis, *διὰ τί, wherefore?;* II Cor. 11, 11. — (2) *indef.: any one, anything;* Mt. 5, 23. Mk. 8, 4. I Cor. 10, 19. I Thess. 4, 12; *attrib.;* Jo. 14, 13. II Cor. 11, 1. 16. 10, 8. Phil. 3, 4; — *a subst. or adj. follg. is often found in the gen.;* Mk. 4, 22. Rom. 9, 11. I Cor. 6, 1. 16, 7. Gal. 6, 1. Eph. 5, 27. Col. 2, 23. II Thess. 3, 8. I Tim. 1, 10.— *The indef.* ƕas *occurs quite often in subordinate clauses, after* ei; Mk. 9, 30. 11, 13. Jo. 13, 29. I Thess. 4, 6; *or* þatei; Mt. 5, 23. I Cor. 10, 19; *or* ibai; II Cor. 8, 20. 11, 16. 12, 6. 18. I Thess. 5, 15; *or* jabai; Mt. 5, 39. Mk. 11, 25. 12, 19. Lu. 19, 8. Jo. 14, 14. Rom. 13, 9. II Cor. 2, 10. 10, 8. Phil. 2, 1. 3, 4. Col. 3, 13. I Tim. 1, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* hwâ, *m. f.*, hwæt, *n.*, *gen.* hwæs, *dat.* hwǽm hwâm, *acc.* hwǫne (hwane, hwæne, *rare*), *m. f.*, hwæt, *n.*, *instr.* hwŷ, hwî (hû); *Mdl. E. nom.* hwâ, hwǫ̂ whǫ̂ whô, *m. f.*, hwæt, hwat, what, *n.*, *gen.* hwæs, hwas, whas, whǫs, *dat.* hwǽm, hwâm, whâm, whǫ̂m, whộm, *acc.* hwan, hwam (*prop. dat.* form), wham, *m. f.*, hwæt, hwat, what, *n.*, *instr.* hwû, hwou, whou; *Mdn. E.* who, *m. f.* what, *n.*, *gen.* whose, *dat.* (*to*) whom, *acc.* whom, *m. f.*, *acc.* what, *n.*; *O. N.* *hvar, hvat; *O. S.* huê, huat; *O. H. G.* hwer, wer, *m. f.*, hwaz, waz, *n.*, *gen.* (h)wes, *dat.* (h)wemu, *acc.* (h)wen(an), *m. f.*, (h)waz, *n.*; *M. H. G.* wer, *m. f.*, waz, *n.*, *gen.* wes, *dat.* wem(e), *acc.* wen, *m. f.*, waz, *n.*; *Eff.* wê, *m. f.*, wat, *n.* — *From Germanic stem* hwa:hwe, *Idg.* ko:ke; *comp. Lt.* quo-d, *what, which, Gr.* *πό-τερος for* *κότερος, *which*

of the two?, Skr. kas, *Lith.* kas, *who. — S.* ƕadrê, ƕaiwa, ƕan, ƕar, ƕarjis, ƕaþ, ƕaþar, ƕaþrô, ƕazuh, ƕê, ƕileiks, *and follg. w.*]

ƕas-hun, *indef. prn.* (163), *any one; occurs only in nom. sing. m., and always with* ni: ni ƕashun, *no one;* Mt. 9, 16. Mk. 10, 18. 29. Lu. 10, 22. Jo. 10, 18. 28. I Cor. 16, 11. Col. 2, 18. II Thess. 2, 3. — *S.* ƕas, -hun.

***ƕass,** *adj., sharp, whence* ƕassaba, ƕassei, *q. v.* [*From stem* ƕassa-, *for* *ƕatta-, *prop. an old partic. in* -to (*s.* *qiss, *adj.*). *Cf. O. N.* ƕass, *sharp, O. H. G.* ƕas, was, *M. H. G.* was, *sharp; allied to O. E.* ƕæt (*stem* ƕato-), *sharp, bold, brave, Mdl. E.* ƕat, ƕæt, *sharp, quick, O. N.* ƕatr, *quick, brave, O. S.* *ƕat *in* mênƕat (*For* mên, *s.* *mains), *malicious, O. H. G.* ƕaz, waz, *sharp. — From Germanic root* ƕat; *s.* ƕatjan, ƕôtjan.]

ƕassaba, *adv., sharply;* Tit. 1, 13. — *From stem of* *ƕass (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ba. *Comp. follg. w.*

ƕassei, *f., sharpness, severity;* Rom. 11, 22. — *From stem of* *ƕass (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***ƕatjan,** *w. v.* (*orig. str.*), *to make sharp, incite, in* ga-ƕ., *to sharpen, incite, entice;* Skeir. I, c. [*Cf. O. E.* ƕettan (*from* ƕattjan; e *is* i-*uml. of* a, æ; tt *for* t *before* j, *by gemination*), *Mdl. E.* ƕette, ƕette, *Mdn. E.* ƕet, *O. N.* ƕetja, *O. H. G.* wezzen (*from* ƕazzjan), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wetzen, *to ƕet. From Germanic root* ƕat, *perhaps allied to Skr. root* cud, *to ƕet, sharpen, incite; s. Kl.,* wetzen. — *Furthermore, comp. O. E.* ƕetstân, *m., Mdl. E.* ƕetstǫ̂n, *Mdn. E.* ƕetstone, *M. H. G.* wetze-, wetzstein, *N. H. G.* wetzstein, *m., ƕetstone. — Comp.* *ƕass *and prec. w.*]

ƕaþ, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *ƕither,* (1) *in a dir. question;* Jo. 16, 5; ƕad; Jo. 13, 36. (2) *in an indir. question;* Jo. 8, 14. 12, 35. 14, 5. — *From stem of* ƕas, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ƕaþar, *interrog. prn.* (124, *n.* 1.4; 160), *f.* ƕaþara, *n.* ƕaþar, *ƕhether, ƕhich of two;* Mt. 9, 5. Mk. 2, 9. Lu. 5, 23. 7, 42. Skeir. III, a. [*Cf. O. E.* ƕæðer, *ƕhich of two, Mdl. E.* ƕeðer, ƕeðer, *Mdn. E.* ƕether, *O. N.* ƕárr, *O. S.* ƕeþar, *O. H. G.* ƕedar, wedar, weder, *M. H. G.* weder, *ƕhich of two, N. H. G.* weder, *conj., neither, contained also in N. H. G.* entweder, *conj., either, from M. H. G.* eintweder, *conj., either, and prn., one of two, O. H. G.* ein-de-weder (*For* ein, *s.* ains), *prn., one of two; and in N. H. G.* jedweder, *prn., every, each, any, from M. H. G.*

ietweder, ie-de-weder, *each of two* (*For* ie, *s.* aiw; *the* de *of both words is obscure*). *Further O. E.* æȝðer (êȝðer), *contracted from* æ-ȝe-hwæðer, *for* â-ȝe-hwæðer (æ=i-*uml. of* â), *Mdl. E.* aiþer, eiþer, êþer, *Mdn. E.* either, *O. S.* iahwethar, *O. H. G.* iowedar, êo-hwedar, *and* eogiwedar, *M. H. G.* ieweder, (*contracted*) ieder, *and* iegeweder, *prn., either, N. H. G.* jeder, *every, each, any; O. E.* ne-æ-ȝe-hwæðer, *Mdl. E.* naiðer, neiðer, nêðer, *Mdn. E.* neither (*For O. E.* â, *O. H. G.* io, êo, *s.* aiw; *for O. E.* ȝe-, *O. H. G.* gi-, *s.* ga-; *for O. E.* ne, *s.* ni); *O. E.* âwðer, ǫ̂wðer, *contracted from* âhwæðer, ǫ̂hwæðer, *from* â *and* hwæðer, *Mdl. E.* ǫ̂ðer, ǫ̂r, *Mdn. E.* or; *O. E.* ne-â-hwæðer, nâwðer, nǫ̂wðer, *Mdl. E.* nǫ̂ðer, nǫ̂r, *Mdn. E.* nor.—*From stem of* ƕas (*q. v.*) *and Indg. suff.* -tero-; *comp. the corresponding Gr.* πότερος, *for* κότερος, *from* **κϝοτερος*, *Skr.* katarás, *Lt.* uter (*for* *cuter, *from* *qvoter), *which of two. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

ƕaþaruh, *indef. pron.* (166), *each of two, each; occurs only once, in dat. sing.:* ƕaþarammêh (*which is the correct reading, for* ƕaþaramma *of the MS*); Skeir. V, d.—*From* ƕaþar *and* -uh, *q. v.*

ƕaþjan, *w. v., to foam;* Mk. 9, 18. 20. — *Allied to follg. w. S. L. M., 42, 347.*

ƕaþô, *f., foam;* Lu. 9, 39. — *S. prec. w.*

ƕaþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *whence, from whence,* (1) *in dir. questions;* Mk. 6, 2. 8, 4. 12, 37. Lu. 1, 43. Jǫ. 6, 5. 19, 9. (2) *in indir. questions;* Lu. 20, 7. Jo. 7, 27. 28. 8, 14. 9, 29. 30. —ni habandam þan ƕaþrô usgibeina, *when they had nothing to pay;* Lu. 7, 42. — *From stem of* ƕas, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ƕaz-uh, *indef. prn.* (147, *n.* 1; 164), *f.* ƕôh, *n.* ƕah, *each, every;* Mk. 9, 49. Lu. 16, 16; *attrib.;* Mt. 5, 22. Mk. 6, 7. 14, 49. Lu. 2, 41. 9, 23. 10, 1. 16, 19. 19, 47. I Cor. 15, 30. 31. Eph. 4, 14; *a following partic. is sometimes preceded by the article;* Jo. 6, 45. Rom. 10, 11. — *Often w. partit. gen.;* Lu. 2, 23. 6, 30. I Cor. 11, 5. Gal. 5, 3. — ƕazuh *w. the rel.* saei (izei) *answers to Lt.* '*quicunque*', *Gr.* '*ὅς ἄν, ὅστις ἄν, or* πᾶς ὅ *w. partic.*', (1) ƕazuh saei *w. pres. indic.;* Mt. 5, 28. 32. 7, 21. 11, 6. Mk. 9, 37. Rom. 10, 13. I Cor. 11, 27; *or pres. opt.;* Mt. 5, 31. Mk. 9, 42. Lu. 16, 18. Jo. 12, 46. II Tim. 2, 19. (2) sa ƕazuh saei *w. pres. indic.;* Mt. 7, 24. 10, 32. Mk. 10, 11. 43. Lu. 7, 23. 9, 48. 18, 14. Gal. 5, 10. (3) sa ƕazuh izei *w. pres. indic.;* Jo. 15, 7. 16. 16, 2. 19, 12. (4) ƕazuh *with num. is used distributive-*

ly; as, twans ƕanzuh, *by twos;* Mk. 6, 7. Lu. 10, 1. — *S.* ƕas, -uh; *also* þisƕazuh, *and follg. w.*

ƕê (159), *instr. of interr. prn.* ƕas (*q. v.*)*: with what, wherewith,* (1) *interrog.,* (a) *in a dir. question;* Mt. 6, 31. Mk. 9, 50. Lu. 14, 34; ƕê galeiks, *like to what?;* Lu. 7, 31; ƕê galeikôn, *to liken unto what?;* Mk. 4, 30. Lu. 7, 31; *w. a follg. compar.:* ƕê managizô taujiþ?, *what greater or more do you?;* Mt. 5, 47; (b) *in an indir. question;* Mt. 6, 25. (2) *indef.:* in þammei ƕê, *in whatsoever, whereinsoever;* II Cor, 11, 21. [*Cf. O. E.* hwȳ *and* hû (*instr. of* hwâ), *Mdl. E.* hwî *and* hû, *Mdn. E.* why *and* how. — *Comp.* ƕêh, biƕê, duƕê, ƕêlauþs, ƕileiks, hwaiwa, *and prec. w.*

ƕê-h, *prn., used adverbially, at least, only:* ei ƕêh ni, *only lest;* Gal. 6, 12; ƕêh þatainei, *only;* Phil. 1, 27. — *Instr. of* ƕazuh, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ƕeila, *f.* (97), *while, hour, time, season;* Mt. 9, 15. Mk. 2, 19. 11, 11. 15, 25. Jo. 11, 9. Rom. 7, 1. Skeir. VI, a; ƕô ƕeilô, *for a while;* I Cor. 7, 5; ƕeilô ƕôh, *every hour;* I Cor. 15, 30. [*Cf. O. E.* hwîl, *f., Mdl. E.* hwîl, whîl, *Mdn. E.* while, *O. N.* hvîl, *place of rest, O. S.* hwîla, hwîl, *time, O. H. G.* wîla (hwîl), *f., M. H. G.* wîle, *f., time, hour, N. H. G.* weile, *f., while, time. Some forms of the E. and G. subst.* (*with and without the art.*) *are used as conj. or adv.; cf. Mdn. E.* while, *from Mdl. E.* whîl(e), *beside* þâ whîle, *O. E.* ðâ (*art.*) hwîle (*acc. sing.*) ðe, *while, N. H. G.* weil, dieweil, *because, from M. H. G.* wîle (*rare*), *beside* die wîle, *as long as, while, as, because, O. H. G.* dia wîla (*acc. sing.*) unz, *as long as; further Mdn. E.* whilom, *Mdl. E.* whîlom, hwîlom (-um, -em, -en), *O. E.* hwîlum (*dat. plur.*), *sometimes, N. H. G.* weiland, *adv. and adj., once, formerly, former, from M. H. G.* wîlent (*the dental being unoriginal*), wîlen, *O. H. G.* wîlôm (*dat. plur.*), *sometimes; and Mdn. E.* whiles, *whence* whilst (*w. an intensive, adverbial* -t), *Mdl. E.* whîles (*an adv. gen. formed after the analogy of forms like* daies, nihtes, *etc., gentives of* dai, niht, *etc.; s.* dags, nahts). — *Compd. Mdn. E.* meanwhile, *from Mdl. E.* in ðe mêne (*s.* midjis) whîle, *in the intervening time. — Germanic stem* hwî-lô (*Concerning the suff.* -lo-, *s. Osth., F., p. 157 et seq.*) *is probably allied to Lt. root* qui (quiê), *to rest, in Lt.* quies, *rest, compd.* re-quies, *repose, acc.* requiem, *whence Mdn. E.* requiem, *N. H. G.* requiem, *n., the Mass for the Dead, so called from its introductory words* 'Requiem aeternam dona eis Domine'; *in Lt.* quiêtus, *adj.* (*prop. pret. partic. of*

*quiêre), *quiet, whence Mdn. E.* quiet; *in Lt.* quiescere, *to rest, compd.* acquiescere (ac- *for* ad, *to, by assimilation*), *to come to repose, find one's rest in, whence Mdn. E.* acquiesce. *S. Sk.*, quiet, *and Kl.*, quitt. — *Comp.* *ƕeilains, ƕeilan, ƕeilaƕaírbs, ƕeilôhun.]

ƕeila-ƕaírbs, *adj., enduring but for a while, transitory;* Mk. 4, 17. II Cor. 4, 17. — *Comp.* ƕeila, *ƕaírbs; *also prec. and follg. w.*

***ƕeilains,** *f., in* ga-ƕeilains. — *From* ƕeilan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ƕeilan, *w. v., to while, cease;* Col. 1, 9. — *Compds.* (a) ana-ƕ. *w. acc., to give rest to, refresh;* II Cor. 7, 13. (b) ga-ƕ., *to cease;* I Cor. 13, 8; gaƕ. sik *folld. by* ana *w. dat., to rest upon,* Lu. 10, 6. — [*From* ƕeila, *q. v. Cf. Mdl. E.* *hwîle, *whîle, *in* i-while, *Mdn. E.* while, *O. H. G.* wîlôn, *M. H. G.* wîlen, *N. H. G.* weilen, *to stay, tarry. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

ƕeilô-hun, (97, *n.* 2; 163, *n.* 1), *adv., for a while:* ni ƕeilôhun (*οὐδὲ πρὸς ὥραν*), *not for an hour;* Gal. 2, 5. — *From stem of* ƕeila *and* -hun, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***ƕeitjan,** *w. v., in* ga-ƕ. *w. acc., to make white, whiten;* Mk. 9, 3. [*From* ƕeits, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* hwîtan (?), *to make white, polish, Mdl. E.* hwîte, i-hwîte, *beside* hwîtne, *Mdn. E.* white, *to make white, beside* whiten (*w. inf. suff.* -en, *Mdl. E.* -ne, *O. E.* -nian, *Goth.* -inôn, *and formed after the analogy of denominative verbs with orig.* -nian), *th. s.* (*O. N.* hvîtna, *th. s.*), *O. H. G.* hwîzan, wîzen, *M. H. G.* wîzen, *N. H. G.* weissen, *to whiten, whitewash. — Der. Mdl. E.* whîtstare, *whîtstere (*w. suff.* -stere *for* -estere, *O. E.* -estre, -istre, *orig. used to form fem. subst. denoting agents; s. Kl., N. St., p. 24 et seq.*), *Mdn. E.* whitster (*obs.*), *beside* whitester (*due to* white; *s.* ƕeits).]

ƕeits, *adj., white;* Mt. 5, 36. Mk. 9, 3. 16, 5. Lu. 9, 29. 20, 46. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* hwît, *Mdn. E.* white, *O. N.* hvîtr, *O. S.* hwît, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* wîz, *N. H. G.* weiss, *white. — Der. O. E.* hwîtel (*w. suff.* -lo), *m., Mdl. E.* whîtel, *Mdn. E.* whittle, *a grayish blanket; Mdn. E.* whiting, *a fish* (*named from its white flesh*), *also ground chalk. —Compd. Mdn. E.* whit-sunday, *etc.; s. Sk.*, whit-sunday, *under* white. — *Germanic stem* hwîto- *refers to Idg. root* kwĭd:kwīt *appearing in Skr.* çvid, *to be white, to shine,* çvêtá, çvitna, *white, and in Lith.* szvidus, *shining.—Comp.* ƕaiteis, *wheat, and prec. w.*]

ƕê-lauþs, *interrog. prn.* (161), *πόσος, what, what sort of;* II Cor. 7, 11. — *S.* ƕê, *lauþs.

ƕê-leiks, *s. follg. w.*

hwi-leiks, *interrog. prn.* (161), *what, what sort of,* (1) *in dir. questions;* Mt. 8, 27. Mk. 4, 30. Gal. 4, 15. (2) *in indir. questions;* Lu. 1, 29 (hwêleiks). 7, 39. Jo. 6, 11. 12, 33. 18, 32. Eph. 1, 18. 3, 9. *It is sometimes used as a relative* (*w. a correlative*)*;* I Cor. 15, 48. II Cor. 10, 11. (*without a correlative*) Gal. 2, 6. II Tim. 3, 11. [*From Germanic stem* hwe- (*s.* hwas) *and suff.* -lîka-; s. *leiks. *Cf. O. E.* hwilc (hwylc, hwelc), *contracted from* hwi-lîc, *Mdl. E.* hwilc, hwilch, hwich, which, *Mdn. E.* which, *O. N.* hvílíkr, *O. S.* hwilik, *O. H. G.* welih(h), wielih(h) (*S. Brn., A. Gr., 292 and notes*), *M. H. G.* welch, welich, *N. H. G.* welch (*infl.* welcher, *interrog. and rel. prn.*), *which. Comp.* galeiks, swaleiks. *Concerning the relation between the Germanic suff.* -lîka- *and Gr.* -λικο- *in* πη-λικος, *s. Kl., Nom. St., 238, and Scher., p. 497 et seq.*]

***hwilftri,** *f., bier, occurs only once, in dat. plur.* hwilftrjôm; Lu. 7, 14. [*Allied to O. E.* hwealf (ea *for* e, *by breaking*), *adj., arched,* hwealf, *m., vault, arch, O. N.* hvelfa, *to vault, arch, O. S.* bi-hwelbian, *to cover with a vault, to vault, O. H. G.* *hwalbjan, *walbjan, welben, *M. H. G.* welben, *N. H. G.* wölben, *to vault, arch,* gewölbe, *M. H. G.* ge-welbe, *n., vault, arch. Concerning the Goth. suff.* -trjô-, *s. Kl., Nom. St., 96.*]

hwôftuli, *f.* (51, *n.* 2; 98), *rejoicing, boasting, glory;* I Cor. 5, 6. 15, 31. II Cor. 1, 12. 14. 5, 12. 7, 4. 14. 8, 24. 9, 3. 4. 11, 10. 17. Gal. 6, 4. Phil. 1, 26. I Thess. 2, 19. — *From* hwôpan (*q. v.*) *and the composite suff.* -tuljô-; *s. Kl., Nom. St., 142.*

hwôpan, *red. v.* (179), *to boast, glory,* (1) *abs.;* I Cor. 4, 7. II Cor. 5, 12. 11, 16. 12, 1. 6. 11. Eph. 2, 9. (2) *w. dat. of th.;* II Cor. 9, 2. 11, 30. II Thess. 1, 4; *folld. by* bi *w. acc.;* II Cor. 10, 8. 11, 18; *or* du *w. dat.;* II Cor. 10, 16; *or* faúr *w. acc.;* II Cor. 12, 5; *or* fram *w. dat.;* II Cor. 7, 14. 9, 2; *or* in *w. dat.;* II Cor. 10, 15. 17. 11, 12. 12, 9. Gal. 6, 13. 14. Phil. 3, 3; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Rom. 11, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* hwôpan, *red. v., to cry out, threaten. Of Germanic orig. is the kindred Fr.* houper, *to hoop unto, whence Mdl. E.* houpe, *Mdn. E.* hoop, *written also* whoop, *to shout.*]

hwôta, *f., threat, threatening;* Eph. 6, 9. Skeir. II, a. — *Comp. follg. w.*

hwôtjan, *w. v. w. dat., to threaten, rebuke, charge;* Mk. 10, 48. — *Compd.* ga-hw., *th. s.,* (1) *abs.;* II Tim. 4, 2. (2) *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 43. 9, 25. Lu. 4, 35. 9, 21. 42. — *S. Sch.,* hwôta. *Comp. prec. w.*

Hymaínaius, *pr. n.,* Ὑμέναιος; I

Tim. 1, 20. Ymaínaius; II Tim. 2, 17.

hyssôpô, *for. w., f., hyssop; dat.* hyssôpôn; *only* Skeir. III, c.

I.

Iaeirus, *pr. n.,* Ἰάειρος; Lū. 8, 41. Jaeirus; Mk. 5, 22.

Iaíraímias, *pr. n.,* Ἱερεμίας, *acc.* -an; Mt. 27, 9.

Iaíraúpaúlein, *pr. n. dat., after the Gr. dat.,* ἐν Ἱεραπόλει; Col. 4, 13; Jaírupulai (*dat.*); Cal.

Iaíreikô, *pr. n.,* Ἱεριχώ, *gen.* Eiaíreikôns; Ezra 2, 34; *dat.* Iaíreikôn; Lu. 18, 35; *or* Iaírikôn; Mk. 10, 46; *acc.* -ôn; Lu. 10, 30. 19, 1.

Iaírusalêm, *pr. n.* Ἱερουσαλήμ; Gal. 4, 26; *gen.* -êms; Neh. 7, 2. 3; *dat.* -êm; Mk. 11, 1. Lu. 2, 22. 25. 43. 6, 17. 9, 31. 53. 10, 30. 19, 11. I Cor. 16, 3. Gal. 4, 25; *acc.* -êm; Mk. 15, 41. Lu. 2, 41. 45. 4, 9. 9, 51. 17, 11. 18, 31.

Iaírusaúlyma, *pr. n.,* Ἱεροσόλυμα, *gen.*—ôs; Lu. 2, 38; *dat.* -ai; Mt. 5, 35. Mk. 3, 22. 10, 32. 11, 15. 27. Jo. 10, 22; *or* Iaíraúsaúlymai; Jo. 12, 12; *acc.* Iaírusaúlyma; Mk. 10, 33. 11, 11. Lu. 2, 42. 19, 28. Gal. 2, 1; *another dat.,* Iaírusaúlymim, *occurs* Mk. 7, 1; Jo. 11, 18 (*where* Iaírusaúlymiam *of the MS. is probably an error*). — *Comp.* Iaírusaúlymeis.

Iaírusaulymeis, *pr. n. in nom. plur.,* Ἱεροσολυμῖται, *the people of Jerusalem;* Mk. 1, 5. — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

Iaírusaúlymeitê, *pr. n. in gen. plur.,* Ἱεροσολυμειτῶν, *of the people of Jerusalem;* Jo. 7, 25. — *Comp. prec. w.*

Iaíssais, *pr. n.,* Ἰεσσαί, *gen.* Iaíssaizis; Lu. 3, 32. Rom. 15, 12.

Iakôb, *pr. n.* (54), Ἰακώβ, *gen.* -is; Mk. 12, 26. Lu. 1, 33. 3, 34. 20, 37; *dat.* -a; Mt. 8, 11. Rom. 11, 26; *acc.* Iakôb; Rom. 9, 13.

Iakôbus, *pr. n.,* Ἰάκωβος; Mk. 10, 35. Lu. 9, 54 (*for* Iakubôs *of the MS.*). Gal. 2, 9; *gen.* -aus; Mk. 3, 17. Lu. 6, 16; *or* -is; Mt. 27, 56. Mk. 5, 37. 15, 40. 16, 1; *dat.* -au; Mk. 1, 29. 3, 16. I Cor. 15, 7. Gal. 2, 12; *or* -a; Mk. 6, 3; *acc.* -u; Mk. 1, 19. 3, 18. 5, 37. 9, 2. 10, 41. Lu. 5, 10 (*for* -au *of the MS.*). 6, 14. 15. 8, 51. 9, 28.

Iarêd, *pr. n.,* Ἰαρέδ, *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 37.

Iareim, *pr. n.,* Ἰαρείμ (-ιμ?), *gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 39.

Iassôn, *pr. n.,* Ἰάσων; Rom. 16, 21.

Iaúrdanus, *pr. n.,* Ἰόρδανος; *gen.* -aus; Mk. 3, 8. Lu. 3, 3; *dat.* -au; Mk. 10, 1. Lu. 4, 1; *or* Jaúrdanau; Skeir. IV, a; *acc.* Iaúrdanu; Jo. 10, 40; *also dat.* Iaúrdanê; Mk. 1, 5 (Ἰορδάνῃ). 9 (Ἰορδάνην).

ib-, *an inseparable particle contained in* ibdalja *and perhaps also in* ibuks, *q. v. S. L. M., 68.*

ibai (iba), *interrog. w.* (216), *used where a negative answer is expected; and conj.* (218). (I) *interrog.*, (1) *in a direct question, where it usually has no corresponding term in E.*, (a) *used alone;* (*μή, num*) Mt. 9, 15. Rom. 11, 1. Skeir. II b. c. VIII, c. d; iba; Lu. 17, 9. (*or μήτι, numquid*) Mt. 7, 16. II Cor. 12, 18; (b) *together with other words:* ibaiþau (*μὴ γάρ*); Jo. 7, 41; ibai auftô; (*εἰ μήτι, num fortasse*) II Cor. 13, 5. (*μήτι ἄρα, num tandem*) II Cor. 1, 17. (*μήποτε*) Jo. 7, 26; aíþþau ibai (*ἤ, num forte*); II Cor. 11, 7; ibai ni (*οὐ μή, num non*); I Cor. 9, 4. 5. Rom. 10, 18. 19; ibai ƕa (*μήτι*); II Cor. 12, 18. (2) *in an indir. question, the v. occurring in the opt.: for fear, lest;* II Cor. 12, 20. I Thess. 3, 5. (II) *conj.: lest, lest by any means,* (a) *used alone;* (*μή*) II Cor. 12, 21 (*ἵνα μή*) Lu. 18, 5. (*μήπως*) I Cor. 9, 27. Gal. 2, 2. 4, 11. (*εἰ δὲ μή*) Mk. 2, 21. Gal. 6, 1 (B, iba *in* A); (b) *together w. other words:* ibai auftô, *lest, perhaps, lest perhaps* (*μήποτε*); Mt. 27, 64. Lu. 14, 12. (*ἵνα μήποτε*) Lu. 14, 29. (*μήπως*) Rom. 11, 21. II Cor. 2, 7. 11, 3. 12, 20. (*ἵνα μή*) I Tim. 3, 6. (*εἰ δὲ μή*) Mk. 2, 22; ibai ƕas (*μήτις*), *lest any man;* II Cor. 8, 20. 11, 16. 12, 6; þatainei ibai, *only not* (*μόνον μή*); Gal. 5, 13; ibai ƕan (*μήποτε*), *lest at any time;* Mt. 5, 25. Mk. 4, 12. [*Allied to O. E.* ȝif, *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* if, *O. N.* if, ef, *O. S.* ef, of, *perhaps, if perhaps, lest perhaps, O. H. G.* ibu, *also* oba, *M. H. G.* obe, ob, op, *if, as if, even if, whether, N. H. G.* ob (*For* ob, *prep., s.* ufar), *if, whether, Eff.* of, *if, whether, or* (*in certain phrases*). *Prop. instr. dat.; comp. O. N.* ifi, efi, *m., and* if, ef, *n., doubt, O. H. G.* iba, *f., doubt, condition. S.* nibai, jabai.]

ib-dalja, *m., descent;* Lu. 19, 37. *From* ib (*q. v.*) *and stem* daljan-, *extended from* dala-; *s.* dal.

ibna-leiks, *adj., equal* (*as opposed to* galeiks, '*similar*'); Skeir. V, d. [*From stem of* ibns *and suff.* -leiks, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* efenlîc, *Mdl. E.* evenli, *Mdn. E.* evenly. *Comp. follg. w.*]

ibna-skauns, *adj., of like form or appearance with;* Phil. 3, 21.— *From stem of* ibns *and* skauns, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

ibnassus, *m., evenness, equality;* II Cor. 8, 13. 14. Col. 4, 1. [*From* ibns (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -assus. *Cf. O. E.* efenness, *f., Mdl. E.* evenness, *Mdn. E.* evenness. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***ibnjan,** *w. v., in* ga-ibnjan, *to make even;* Lu. 19, 44. [*From*

ibns, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* efnjan, ȝe-efnjan, *Mdl. E.* evene, *Mdn. E.* even, *O. H. G.* ebanôn, *M. H. G.* ebenen, *to even, make straight or fit, put in order, N. H. G.* eb(e)nen, *to even, level. Comp. prec. w.*]

ibns, *adj., even, flat;* Lu. 6, 17; *equal;* Lu. 20, 36. Skeir. I, a. V, d. [*Cf. O. E.* efn (emn, *by assimilation; comp. Mdn. E.* woman, *from O. E.* wimman, *for* wîf-mon; *s. also* stibna), *Mdl. E.* êven, *Mdn. E.* even, *O. N.* jafn, *O. S.* eban, *O. H. G.* eban, *M. H. G.* eben, *N. H. G.* eben, *even; further O. E.* efne, *adv., Mdl. E.* êven, *Mdn. E.* even, *O. S.* efno, *O. H. G.* ebano, *M. H. G.* ebene, *N. H. G.* eben, *evenly, even, just. Perhaps allied to Goth.* ibuks, *q. v.* — *Here belong also N. H. G.* neben, *by, near, beside, from M. H. G.* neben (*short for*) eneben, *O. H. G.* neben, *for* ineben, *from* in *and* eben (*above*), *prop., in the same line with; cf. O. E.* on efn, on emn, *Mdl. E.* on evne, on emne, *equally); also N. H. G.* nebst (nebenst), *with, together with, beside, from Du., where* neffens, nevens, *near by, is found* (*comp. also G.* evens, *just, just now, which is very common in the dialect spoken in the city of Cologne*). — *Comp. prec. w.*]

ibuks, *adj., backwards;* Lu. 17, 31. Jo. 6, 66. 18, 6. [*Perhaps from* ib- (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ka-, *and probably allied to* ibns *q. v. Concerning its signification, it may be compared w. O. E.* ebba, *m., Mdl. E.* ebbe, *Mdn. E.* ebb, *N. H. G.* ebbe, *f.* (*borrowed from L. G.*), *ebb. S. Kl.*, ebbe. *Comp.* ibdalja.]

id-, *an inseparable particle meaning 'back, again.' It occurs in the subst.* idweit *and, not impossibly, in* idreiga, *repentance,* idreigôn, *to repent,* where *it has the force of Lt.* re- *in Mdn. E.* repent. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* ed-, *O. N.* ið-, *back, again, whence* iða, *eddy, whirl-pool, whence Mdn. E.* eddy (*S. Sk.*); *further O. H. G.* ita-, it-, *M. H. G.* ite-, it-, *back, again.*]

iddja, (207), *weak pret. of a supposed v. meaning 'to go';* Mk. 1, 45. 5, 42. Lu. 4, 30. II Cor. 12, 18. Eph. 2, 2. iddjuh (= iddja -uh); Jo. 18, 3. Lu. 7, 6. [*Derived from root* i, *to go, and answering to O. E.* eode (*pret., I went—for* ëodde, *from* *eododе, *eodade (eo *is* o-*uml. of* i), *Mdl. E.* eode, ede, ȝeode, yede, ȝode. *Comp. Lt.* ire, *Gr.* ἰέναι, *Skr. root* i, *Lith.* eiti, *O. Bulg.* iti, *to go. Root* i *is probably contained also in O. H. G.* îlen, *M. H. G.* îlen, *N. H. G.* eilen, *to hasten, hurry, and in O. E.* ile, *m., O. N.* il (*gen.* iljar), *O. Fris.* ile, *sole of the foot; s. Kl.*, eilen. *Comp.* gaggan.]

idreiga, *f., repentance;* Mk. 1, 4. Lu. 3, 3. 8. 5, 32. 15, 7. Rom. 11, 29. II Cor. 7, 9. 10. II Tim.

2, 25. Skeir. III, c. — *Comp. follg. w., also* id-.

idreigôn, *w. v.* (190), *to repent, do penance;* Mt. 27, 3. Mk. 1, 15. 6, 12. Lu. 15, 7. 10. II Cor. 7, 8; *w.* sik (mik); Lu. 17, 3. 4. II Cor. 7, 8; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* II Cor. 12, 21. — *Compd.* ga-idreigon, *th. s.;* Lu. 10, 13. — *From prec. w., q. v.*

Idumaia, *pr. n.,* *Ἰδουμαία, dat. th. s.;* Mk. 3, 7.

id-weit, *n., reproach (prop. a looking back?);* Lu. 1, 25. I Tim. 3, 7. [*From* id- *and* *weit, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* edwît, *n., Mdl. E.* edwît, *O. H. G.* itawîz, itewîz, *M. H. G.* itewîz, itwîz, *m. n., and O. H. G.* itiwîzî, *M. H. G.* itewîze, *f., all meaning reproach, blame, contumely. Comp.* idweitjan, *under* *weitjan.]

Iêsus, *pr. n.* (1, *n.* 4), *Ἰησοῦς (always abbreviated in the manuscripts, when applied to Christ: nom.* is, *gen.* iuis, *dat.* iua, iu, *acc.* iu), (1) *applied to Christ;* Mt. 7, 28; *gen.* Iêsuis; Mt. 26, 75; *dat.* Iêsua; Mt. 9, 10; *or (less frequent)* Iêsu; Mk. 10, 50; *acc.* Iêsu; Mt. 8, 34; *voc.* Iêsu; Mt. 8, 29; *so probably also* Lu. 18, 38 (*for* Iêsus *in codex A*). (2) *another person;* Col. 4, 11. Ezra 2, 36. 40.

iftuma, *an old superl., with the meaning of a compar., occurring only in the phrase:* iftumin daga, *on the next day;* Mt. 27, 62. Mk. 11, 12. Jo. 6, 22. 12, 12. — *Supposed to be allied to* aftuma, *q. v. Concerning formation, s.* hindumists *and* innuma.

Igila, *pr. n.; Neap. doc.*

igqar (iggqar; 67, *n.* 1), *poss. prn. dual* (151), *your;* Mt. 9, 29. [*From stem of the corresponding pers. prn.; s. follg. w. Cf. O. E.* incer, *Mdl. E.* inker, *O. N.* ykkar, *O. S.* inka, *your (dual).*]

igqara (iggqara; 67, *n.* 1; 150), *pers. prn. 2nd pers. dual gen.; s.* þu. [*Cf. O. E. gen.* incer, *dat.* inc, *acc.* incit *and* inc, *Mdl. E. gen.* incer, inker *dat. acc.* inc, ink, *O. N. gen,* ykkar, *dat. acc.* ykkr, *O. S. gen.* *incero, *dat. acc.* inc, *O. H. G. gen.* *inkar, *dat. acc.* *ink (*S.* *ugkara). *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

igqis (iggqis; 150 *and n,* 1), *pers. prn. 2nd pers. dual dat. acc.; s.* þu. — *Comp. prec. w.*

ija (152), *pers. prn. 3d pers. acc. sing. fem., and nom.* (*acc.*) *plur. n.* — *S.* is.

ik (150), *pers. prn. 1st pers. sing. nom.,* (I) *sing.,* (1) *nom,* ik, *I,* (a) *used alone;* I Cor. 7, 8. II Cor. 11, 23. Gal. 2, 20. Phil. 3, 4. (b) *w. verbs, for emphasis;* Mt. 3, 11. 5, 22. Mk. 1, 2. Lu. 1, 18. 19. Jo. 5, 36. Rom. 7, 9 (*'was' being implied from* 8). I Cor. 1, 12. II Cor. 1, 23. Gal. 2, 19. Phil. 2, 28. Col. 1, 25. I Tim. 1, 15. II Tim. 1, 11. Tit. 1, 5. Philem. 13, 19. 20. Neh. 5, 14. 15. Skeir. III, d. IV, a.

VI, a. b; (c) jah ik (καγώ), *I also;* Mt. 10, 32. 33. Mk. 11, 29. Lu. 20, 3. I Cor. 16, 10. II Cor. 2, 10. Gal. 4, 12. Eph. 1, 15. I Thess. 3, 5; *and I;* Lu. 2, 48; *or* ik jah, *I and;* Jo. 8, 16. 10, 30. I Cor. 9, 6; jaþþê ik jaþþê (*for* jah þê; *s.* jaþþê), *whether I or;* I Cor. 15, 11. (d) *w. subst., chiefly pr. n., for emphasis;* Rom. 16, 22. Gal. 5, 2. Eph. 3, 1. 4, 1. Col. 1, 23. I Thess. 2, 18. Philem. 19. Neap. doc. Ar. doc.; (e) *w.* silba, *as* ik silba, *I myself;* II Cor. 12, 13; *and a follg. pr. n.; as,* ik silba Paulus, *I Paul myself;* II Cor. 10, 1; *or* silba ik, *I myself;* Rom. 7, 25. 9, 3; (2) *gen.* meina; Mt. 10, 37. 38. 25, 43. Mk. 8, 38. Lu. 9, 26; in meina, *for my sake;* Mt. 10, 39. Mk. 8, 35. 10, 29. Lu. 9, 24. 17, 33. Jo. 6, 57. 12, 30; (3) *dat.* mis; Mt. 3, 11. Mk. 1, 7. 17. Lu. 1, 3. 25. Jo. 5, 36. 46. Rom. 7, 8. I Cor. 4, 3. 4. 6. II Cor. 1, 17. Gal. 1, 2, 24. Eph. 3, 2. 3. Phil. 1, 19. 21. I Tim. 1, 11. 16. II Tim. 1, 13. 15. 18. Tit. 1, 3. Philem. 11, 13. 16. 18. 19. 22. 23. Neh. 5, 14. 15. 18. Skeir. III, d. VI, b; (4) *acc.* mik; Mt. 8, 2. Mk. 1, 40. Lu. 1, 48. Jo. 5, 36. 37. 46. Rom. 7, 11. 23. 24. I Cor. 1, 17. II Cor. 1, 16. 19. Gal. 2, 18. 20. Eph. 6, 21. Phil. 2, 23. 27. Col. 4, 7. I Tim. 1, 12. II Tim. 1, 12. Philem. 17. Neh. 6, 14. 19. Skeir. V, d. VI, c. (II) *dual,* (1) *nom.* wit, *we two;* Jo. 17, 11. 22; (2) *gen.* *ugkara; (3) *dat.* ugkis, uggkis; Mk. 10, 35. 37. Jo. 17, 21. I Cor. 4, 6; (4) *acc.* ugkis, uggkis, ugk; Mt. 9, 27. Lu. 7, 20. Eph. 6, 22. (III) *plur.,* (1) *nom.* weis, *we* (a) *w. verbs, for emphasis;* Mt. 6, 12. Mk. 9, 28. Lu. 3, 14. Jo. 6, 42. I Cor. 1, 23. II Cor. 1, 4. Gal. 2, 15. 16. Eph. 1, 4. 12. Phil. 3, 3. Col. 1, 28. I Thess. 2, 17. 5, 8; (b) jah weis, *we also;* Jo. 11, 16. I Cor. 4, 8. II Cor. 1, 6. Gal. 4, 3. Col. 1, 9. I Thess. 2, 13; weis jah; *we and;* Mt. 9, 14; weis allai, *we all;* I Cor. 12, 13. II Cor. 3, 18. Eph. 2, 3; allai weis, *th. s.;* II Cor. 5, 10. Skeir. V, c; weis silbans, *we ourselves;* II Thess. 1, 4; weis þai libandans, *we the living:* I Thess. 4, 15. 17; weizuþ þan (*for* weis uh þan; *s. Grammar,* 78, c); I Cor. 4, 10; (2) *gen.* unsara; Mk. 9, 22. Rom. 14, 12. Eph. 4, 7; (3) *dat.* uns, unsis; Mt. 26, 68. Mk. 6, 3. Lu. 1, 2. Jo. 6, 34. Rom. 9, 29. I Cor. 15, 57. II Cor. 4, 7. Eph. 1, 9. Col. 4, 3. I Thess. 3, 6. II Thess. 3, 7. 9. Neh. 5, 17; (4) *acc.* uns, unsis; Mt. 8, 25. Mk. 5, 12. Lu. 1, 71. Jo. 9, 34. II Cor. 1, 21. Gal. 2, 4. Eph. 1, 4. Phil. 3, 17. I Thess. 3, 6; uns silbans, *ourselves;* II Thess. 3, 9; unsis silbans, *th. s.;* II Cor. 10, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* ĭc, *Mdl. E.* ic, ich, ĩ, *Mdn. E.* I, *O. N.* ek, *O. S.* ik, *O. H. G.* ih, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* ich,

I. From pre-Germanic egom; *comp. Lt.* ego, *Gr.* ἐγώ, *Skr.* aham, *O. Bulg.* azŭ, *I. — For* meina, mis, mik, *s.* meina; *for* wit, weis, *s.* wit; *for* *ugkara, ugkis, *etc., s.* *ugkara; *for* unsara, uns, unsis, *s,* unsara.]

ik-ei, *rel. prn.* (158), (*I*) *who;* I Cor. 15, 9. II Cor. 10, 1. I Tim. 1, 13. — *From* ik *and* ei, *q. v.*

im, *pers. prn. 3d pers. dat. plur.; s.* is.

im, *1st pers. sing. pres. indic. of* wisan *to be, q. v.*

imma, *pers. prn. 3d pers. dat. sing. m. n.; s.* is.

immuh, *from* imma *and* -uh, *q. v.*

in, *prep.,* (1) *w. gen.* (*so chiefly after v. of affection, or after subst. and adj. kindred to such v.; hence, this gen. discharges the function of the ablative of cause, and stands for Gr.* ἀντί *w. gen.,* διά *w. gen. or acc.,* ἕνεκεν *w. gen., etc., about, through, by;* Mt. 27, 18. 10, 39. Mk. 10, 24. Jo. 10, 33. 6, 51. I Cor. 15, 31. II Cor. 8, 8. Tit. 1, 11; in þis, *on this account, for this cause;* Eph. 3, 14. Skeir. IV, d; *or* inuh (*i. e.* in *and the enclitic particle* uh), þis, *th. s.;* Mk. 10, 7. Rom. 13, 6. · II Cor. 7, 13. I Thess. 3, 7. II Tim. 2, 10. Skeir. I, a. d. II, a. b. III, d. IV, a. b. VI, c. d; in þizei, *because, for the reason that;* Lu. 7, 47. 19, 44; in þizôzei waíhtais, *for this cause;* Eph. 3, 1. Tit. 1, 5; in hvis, *wherefore;* II Cor. 11, 11. (2) *w. dat.,* (a) *local: in, into, within, among, on, at, towards, to, before,* (α) *after v. of rest; so chiefly w.* wisan, bauan, sitan, ligan, *and the like;* Mt. 5, 25. 6, 5. 8, 11. Lu. 2, 16. 7, 32. Rom. 7, 17. II Cor. 1, 12. Skeir. I, c. IV, c.; *the verb being understood;* Mt. 5, 15. Jo. 15, 2; (β) *after v. of motion within a limited space;* Mk. 3, 3. 11, 27. Lu. 1, 41. 44. 9, 57. Jo. 7, 1. 10, 23. I Cor. 9, 24; (γ) *after* qiman; Mt. 8, 14; *comp.* Lu. 1, 44. Jo. 16. 21; (δ) *after trans. v.;* Mt. 27, 5. 60. Lu. 4, 35. 5, 19. 16, 16. Skeir. II, a. III, a; (ε) *in other relations;* Mt. 5, 19. 6, 2. 10. Mk. 1, 2. 5, 30. Lu. 20, 42. Jo. 11, 38. II Cor. 10, 12. Phil. 1, 30. Skeir. VII, c; (b) *temporal: in, at, during, within, by, for;* Mt. 7, 22. 8, 13. 11, 22. Skeir. VI, c. VIII, c; (c) *in other relations, indicating* (α) *a state or condition: in, of, with;* Mt. 8, 14. Mk. 1, 23; (β) *manner: in, with;* Mt. 6, 4. Mk. 3, 23. 4, 30. Jo. 8, 12. II Cor. 7, 1. Skeir. I, d; (γ) *an instrument or means: by means of, by, through;* Mt. 3, 11. 9, 29. 34. Skeir. III, d; (δ) *purpose: for, to;* Rom. 13, 4. Col. 3, 15; (ε) *reason or cause: because of, for;* Mt. 6, 7. 11, 6. Lu. 10, 20. Eph. 4, 1; (ζ) *in, after, with regard to;* Lu. 1, 6. Rom. 8, 1. II Cor. 2, 9. 9, 8; (η) *in adjurations, invocations or en-*

treaties (*διά w. gen., or simply acc.; Lt. per*): *in, by;* Rom. 9, 1. Eph. 4, 17. I Thess. 5, 27. (3) *w. acc.* (a) *of place, after v. of motion: in, into, to, toward, down to, up to;* Mt. 5, 25. 29. 6, 6. 7, 19. 9, 1. 6. Mk. 6, 56. II Cor. 1, 16. 3, 13. Skeir. I, c. II, b. c. III, c; (b) *of time: in, for;* Mt. 6, 13. Mk. 11, 20. 13, 24. 15, 1. 16, 9. Lu. 1, 33. 50. 2, 1. Jo. 6, 51. 58. 12, 7. Eph. 3, 21, 6, 18. I Tim. 1, 17. II Tim. 1, 12; (c) *in other relations,* (*α*) *to express the disposition, feeling, or action towards a person: toward, against, to, unto;* Lu. 15, 18. Rom. 10, 12. 12, 10. 16. 14, 19. II Cor. 8, 4. 9, 8. 13, 3. Eph. 1, 15. I Thess. 3, 12. 4, 10. II Thess. 1, 3; (*β*) *to designate purpose, aim, result;* Mt. 5, 22. 9, 38. 27, 51. Mk. 5, 34. Lu. 10, 2. Gal. 5, 10. Eph. 4, 19; *here belong:* Mk. 14, 5. Jo. 12, 5; *where it indicates the price.* — *It occurs very often in composition with v., subst., and adj.* [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* in, *prep., O. N.* i, *O. S.* in, *prep. in, into, O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* in, *prep., in, into, Lt.* in, *Gr. ἐν, ἐνί, prep., in, into. Further O. E.* in, inn, *adv., in, within, and subst., n., chamber, house, Mdl. E.* in, inn, *Mdn. E.* inn, *subst., and v., whence* inning; *and O. H. G. M. H. G.* in, *adv., within, whence* în, *adv., in, whence N. H. G.* ein, *adv., in. The G. prep.* in *occurs also in the N. H. G. conjunctions* indem, indess, indessen, *etc. For the Mdn. E. neg. pref.* in, *s.* un-. *S.* inn, inna, innana, innaþrô, innuma, *and* inilô; *also follg. w.*]

in-ahei, *f., soberness, sobriety;* I Tim. 2, 9. II Tim. 1, 7. — *From follg. w.* (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în-.

in-ahs, *adj., wise, sober;* Rom. 12, 16. — *S.* *ahs, in, *and prec. w.*

in-gardja, *w. adj. used as subst., one of the same household;* Eph. 2, 19. I Tim. 5, 8. — *From follg. w., q. v.*

in-gards, *adj., w. f.* ingardjô, *being in the house;* I Cor. 16, 19. Col. 4, 15. — *From* in (*q. v.*) *and stem* gardi-; *s.* gards. *Comp. prec. w.*

inilô, *f., excuse;* Jo. 15, 22 (-ôns, *partit. gen.*). Phil. 1, 18; *occasion, pretense;* II Cor. 11, 12. — *From* in (*q. v.*) *and suft.* -i-lôn-.

in-kilþô, *adj. f.,* *inkilþs, *m.* (132, *n.* 2), *pregnant; used as subst.;* Lu. 1, 24. 36. 2, 5. — *From* in (*q. v.*) *and stem* kilþa-, *allied to* kilþei, *q. v.*

in-kunja, *m., one of the same country* (*prop., of the same kin or tribe*), *countryman;* I Thess. 2, 14. — *From* *inkunja-, *adj., from* in *and stem of* kuni, *q. v.*

in-maideins, *f., exchange;* Mk. 8, 37; *change;* Skeir. V, c.—*From*

inmaidjan (*from* in *and* maidjan, *q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

inn, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *in, into;* Mt. 9, 25. Mk. 5, 40. 6, 22. 15, 43. Lu. 1, 28. 4, 16. Jo. 18, 16. — *Occurs often in composition w. verbs.* [*Allied to* in, inna, *q. v. Concerning the doublets* inn—inna, ût—ûta, iup—iupa, dalaþ—dalaþa, nêh nêhva, and—anda, und—unþa; *s. Paul, Beitr., IV, p. 468.*]

inna, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *within, into;* I Cor. 5, 12. II Cor. 3, 3. 6, 16. Col. 1, 29; *occurs as a prefix in* innakunds, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* inne, *adv., inside, within, O. S.* inne, *O. H. G.* inna, inne, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* inne, *adv., within.—Der.: O. E.* innera, *compar. adj., Mdl. E.* innere, *Mdn. E.* inner, *O. H. G.* innar, *adj., M. H. G.* inner, *adj., inner, and adv., inwardly, N. H. G.* inner, *adj., inward, inner; O. E.* inne-weard (*For* -weard, *s.* *waírþs), *Mdl. E.* in(n)eward, *Mdn. E.* inward; *O. E.* innemest, *Mdl. E.* innemest, *Mdn. E.* inmost *and* innermost (*due to* inner, *above. For the double suff.* -m-est, *and* -most, *s.* aftumists); *M. H. G.* innec(g), innic(g), *N. H. G.* innig, *adj., inward, devout, whence M. H. G.* inneclich, *N. H. G.* inniglich, *th. s. S.* in, inn, innana, innuma, *and Paul, Beitr., IV, p. 471.*]

inna-kunds, *adj., of the same household;* Mt. 10, 25. 36. — *From* inna *and* *kunds, *q. v.*

innana, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *within* (ἔσωθεν); II Cor. 7, 5; *folld. by the gen.* (ἔσω *w. gen.*): *within, inside, into;* Mk. 15, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* innan, *adv. and prep., Mdl. E.* inne, innen, *Mdn. E.* -in, *in* within, *from Mdl. E.* wiðinne, *O. E.* wið-innan (*For* wið, *s.* wiþra), *within, etc., O. N.* innan, *O. S.* innan, *O. H. G.* innana (innân), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* innen, *adv., within. — Compds. O. E.* binnan (*For* bi-, *s.* bi), *Mdl. E.* binne, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* binnen, *prep., within. Comp.* inna, inn, in, innuma, innaþrô, *and P., 'Beitr.,' vol. IV, p. 470.*]

inn-at-gâhts, *f., a going or coming in, entrance;* Lu. 1, 29 (*the MS. erroneously has* imnagâhtai). — *A verbal abstr. from* innatgaggan; *s.* gaggan. *Comp.* *gâhts, at, inn.

innaþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *within;* Mk. 7, 21. 23; *inwardly;* Mt. 7, 15. — *From* inna, *q. v.*

in-niujiþa, *f., the feast of the dedication;* Jo. 10, 22. — *Comp.* niujiþa, in.

innuma, *superl. adj., with the meaning of a compar.* (139), *the inner, innermost, inward* (ὁ ἔσω, ὁ ἔσωθεν); Rom. 7, 22. Eph. 3, 16. II Cor. 4, 16. [*From* inn (*q. v.*) *and superl. suffix* -man. *For like formations, s.* aftuma, auhuma,

fruma, hindumists, hleiduma, iftuma.]

ins, *pers. prn. 3d pers. plur. acc. m.; s.* is.

insahts, *f., declaration, explanation, account, argument;* Lu. 1, 1. I Cor. subscr. Skeir. V, b. c. VI, a. b. — *From* insakan (*s.* sakan) *and suff.* -ti.-

inuh (inu), *prep. w. acc.* (217), *without;* Mt. 5, 32. 10, 29. *Mk. 4, 34. Jo. 15, 5. Rom. 7, 8. 9. 10, 14. 11, 29. I Cor. 4, 8. 15, 27. II Cor. 10, 15. 11, 28. 12, 2. 3. Eph. 2, 12. I Tim. 2, 8. 5, 21. Philem. 14. Skeir. I, b. VII, b. [*Akin to O. N.* án, ón (*from* *anu), *O. S.* ân̂o, *O. H. G.* ân̂o, *M. H. G.* ân̂, âne, *N. H. G.* ohne; *to Gr.* ἄνευ; *and to* un-, ni, *q. v.*]

in-uh=in *plus the enclitic* -uh. *S.* in, (1).

in-windiþa, *f., injustice, unrighteousness;* Lu. 16, 8. 9. 18, 6. Jo. 7, 18. Rom. 9, 14. I Cor. 13, 6. — *From follg. w. and suff.* -i-þô.

in-winds, *adj., turned aside; hence distorted from the right; perverse;* Lu. 9, 41; *unjust, unrighteous;* Mt. 5, 45. Lu. 16, 11. 18, 11. I Cor. 6, 1. — *From* in *and* *winds, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

in-witôþs, *adj., being under the law;* I Cor. 9, 21. — *From* in *and stem of* witôþ, *q. v.*

Iôanan, *pr. n., Ἰωνάν;* Neh. 6, 18.

Iôdas, (11, *n.* 1), *Ἰούδας; gen.* -ins; Lu. 3, 26.

Iôhanna, *pr. n. f., Ἰωάννα;* Lu. 8, 3.

Iôhannaí, *pr. n. m., gen.* -ins; Lu. 3, 27 (τοῦ Ἰωαννά). 30 (τοῦ Ἰωαννᾶν).

Iôhannês, *pr. n.* (61, *n.* 1), *Ἰωάννης;* Mt. 11, 2. Skeir. I, a. III, a. b. c; *or* Iôhannis; Mk. 6, 14; *gen.* -is; Mt. 11, 12; *or* -ês; Mt. 9, 14. Skeir. III b. VI, b; *dat.* -ê; Mt. 11, 4. Skeir. IV, d. VI, a; *or* -ên; Mk. 1, 29; *or* -au; Lu. 9, 9; *acc.* -ên; Mt. 11, 7; *or* (CA) -ein; Lu. 3, 15; *or* -ê; Mt. 11, 13. Mk. 1, 19.

Iôra, *pr. n., Ἰωρά, gen.* -ins; Ezra 2, 18.

Iôreim, *pr. n., Ἰωρείμ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 29.

Iôsêf, *pr. n., Ἰωσήφ;* Mt. 27, 53. Mk. 15, 43. Lu. 1, 27. 2, 4. 33. 43; *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 23. 24. 26. 30. 4, 22. Jo. 6, 42; *dat.* -a; Mk. 15, 45; *or* Iôsêba; Skeir. II, a; *acc.* Iôsêf; Lu. 2, 16.

Iôsês, *pr. n., Ἰωσῆ, gen.* Iôsêzis; Mk. 15, 40. 47. Lu. 3, 29; *also* Mt. 27, 56 (*for the incorrect* Iôsêz).

is (152), *pers. prn. 3d pers. sing. m.,* si, *f.,* ita, *n. The genitives* is, izôs, izê, izô, *when used as possessive pronouns, never refer to the subj. of the sentence. See notes on* II Cor. 9, 14. II Thess. 1, 10. I Tim. V, 18. (I) *m.,* (1) *sing.,* (a) *nom., he;* Mk. 2, 25. 3, 13. 4, 27. 38. 7, 36. 8, 29. Lu. 2, 28. Jo. 6, 15. Rom.

8, 10. I Cor. 15, 28. II Cor. 10, 7. Eph. 5, 23. Col. 1, 17. I Tim. 3, 7. Skeir. V, c. VI, a. VII, d; auk is, *for he;* I Cor. 15, 25; biþê is, *as he;* Mt. 9, 10. Mk. 2, 15; biþê þan is, *and when he;* Lu. 19, 37; iþ is, *but he;* Mt. 8, 24. 26, 70. Mk. 1, 8. 45. Lu. 4, 30. Jo. 9, 9. 18, 17. 25; jah is, *and he, he also;* Jo. 7, 29. II Tim. 2, 12; jah is silba, *and he (himself);* Lu. 5, 1; miþþanei is, *while he;* Mt. 9, 18. Lu. 1, 8; þanuh is, *but he;* Lu. 8, 54; þaruh is, *and he, but he;* Lu. 4, 43. 5, 34; (b) *gen.* is; Mt. 3, 11. 5, 35. Mk. 1, 7. 8, 38. 14, 51. Lu. 1, 5. 2, 47. 8, 40. Jo. 5, 35. II Thess. 1, 7. 9. II Tim. 2, 19. (c) *dat.* imma; Mt. 5, 25. 39. 40. 41. Mk. 1, 5. 12. 18. Lu. 1, 9. 11. 13. Jo. 3, 26. 6, 5. 7. 28; immuh (*i. e.* imma *and*-uh, *q. v.*); Rom. 11, 36. Eph. 3, 21; (d) *acc.* ina; Mt. 6, 8. 7, 24. 8, 2. 5. 7. Mk. 1, 10. 12. 25. Lu. 1, 12. 21. 50. Jo. 6, 2. 6; (2) *plur.*, (a) *nom.*, *they;* Lu. 6, 11. 9, 36. 14, 12. Jo. 15, 8. 17, 19. Rom. 11, 31. II Cor. 6, 16. 10, 12. Gal. 2, 9; ak eis, *but they;* II Cor. 10, 12; aþþan eis, *they indeed, now they;* I Cor. 9, 25; iþ eis, *but they, and they, now they;* Mt. 8, 32. Mk. 3, 4. Lu. 5, 33. 6, 11. Jo. 18, 7. 28. Gal. 2, 9; jah eis, *and they, they also;* Jo. 17, 19. Rom. 11, 31; ibai auftô jah eis, *lest they also;* Lu. 14, 12; þanuh biþê eis, *as they, now when they;* Mt. 9, 32; (b) *gen.* izê; Mt. 6, 15. 9, 36. 10, 29. Mk. 1, 39. 5, 37. 8, 3. 12, 23. Lu. 1, 16. 4, 27. 40. 5, 7. 9, 46. 15, 12. 17, 15. Jo. 7, 7. 44. 50 (izei *in CA*). 11, 37. 46. 18, 9. Rom. 10, 18. I Cor. 12, 18. Tit. 1, 12. Skeir. VII, a. d. VIII, a; (c) *dat.* im; Mt. 6, 1. 7. 7, 12. 23. Mk. 1, 44. 2, 8. Lu. 1, 22. 2, 49. Jo. 6, 31. 61. Rom. 9, 26; (d) *acc.* ins; Mt. 6, 26. 7, 16. 20. 29. Mk. 1, 21. 22. 2, 13. Lu. 2, 9. 46. 4, 30. Jo. 12, 40. 17, 15. 17. 18. 23. (II) *fem.*, (1) *sing.*, (a) *nom.* si, *she;* Lu. 7, 12; iþ si, *and she, but she;* Mk. 6, 24. 7, 28. Lu. 1, 29. 7, 44. 45. 46; jah si silbô, *and she (herself);* Lu. 7, 12; (b) *gen.* izôs; Mt. 5, 28. 8, 15. 10, 35. Mk. 1, 31. Lu. 1, 5. Jo. 11, 1. 5. (c) *dat.* izai; Mt. 5, 28. 31. 10, 39. Mk. 5, 34. 41. 43. Lu. 1, 28. 29, 30. Jo. 3, 30. 11, 23. Rom. 9, 12. 10, 5. I Cor. 7, 13. Eph. 6, 20. Col. 4, 2; (d) *acc.* ija; Mt. 8, 15. 9, 18. Mk. 1, 30. 5, 33. Lu. 4, 39. Jo. 11, 31. 33. 12, 7; (2) *plur.*, (a) *nom.* *ijôs, *they;* (b) *gen.* izô; Jo. 11, 19; (c) *dat.* im; Mk. 16, 6. Eph. 4, 18. I Tim. 5, 16; (d) *acc.* ijôs; Mk. 16, 8. Jo. 11, 19. (III) *neut.*, (1) *sing.*, (a) *nom.* ita, *it;* Mk. 4, 37; (b) *gen.* is; Mt. 7, 27. Mk. 4, 32. Jo. 8, 44. Col. 2, 22. I Tim. 1, 8; (c) *dat.* imma; Lu. 1, 66. 14, 35. (d) *acc.* ita; Mt. 5, 29. 27, 59. 60. Mk. 4, 16. 6,

28. 29. Lu. 6, 48. 8, 16. Jo. 15, 2. Rom. 7, 20. Eph. 5, 29. Col. 2, 14. 4, 17; (2) *plur.*, (a) *nom.* ija, *they;* jah ija, *and they;* Lu. 2, 50; (b) *gen.* *izê; (c) *dat.* im; Mk. 10, 13. 16. Lu. 1, 7. 2, 42. 49. 50. 51. 5, 2; (d) *acc.* *ija. [*From pronominal stem* i- (*except nom. sing. fem.* si, *q. v.*) *appearing also in Mdl. E.* it (*beside* hit, *from stem* hi-; *s.* *his), *Mdn. E.* it; *in O. S. m. gen.* is, *dat.* imu (-o), *acc.* ina, *neut. gen.* is, *dat.* imu(-o), *acc.* it, *fem. gen.* ira (-o, -u), *dat.* iro (-u, -a), *plur. of all genders, gen.* iro, *dat.* im; *in O. H. G. sing. m. nom.* ir, er (r *from Germanic* z), *dat.* imu (-o), *acc.* in(an), *f. gen.* irâ, *dat.* iru, *n. nom.* iȝ, *gen.* is, es, *dat.* imu, -o, *acc.* iȝ, *plur. of all genders, gen.* irô (-o), *dat.* im, in; *M. H. G. sing. m. nom.* -er, *dat.* im(e), *acc.* in, *fem. gen. dat.* ir, *neut. nom.* eȝ, *gen.* es, *dat.* im(e), *acc.* eȝ, *plur. of all genders, gen.* ir, *dat.* in; *N. H. G. sing. m.* er, *dat.* ihm, *acc.* ihn, *fem. gen.* ihr-er, *dat.* ihr, *neut. nom.* es, *gen.* es (*only in certain phrases; as,* ich bin's satt, ich habe's genug), *dat.* ihm, *acc.* es, *plur. of all genders, gen.* ihrer, *dat.* ihnen, — *Comp.* izei.]

Isak, *pr. n.*, *Ἰσαάκ, gen.* -is; Mk. 12, 26. Lu. 3, 34. 20, 37. Rom. 9, 10. Gal. 4, 28; *dat.* -a; Mt. 8. 11. Rom. 9, 7.

Iskariôtês, *pr. n.*, *Ἰσκαριώτης;* Jo. 12, 4; *or* Iskarjôtês; Jo. 14, 22; *or* Iskariôteis; Mk. 14, 10; *dat.* Skariôtau; Jo. 13, 26; *acc.* Iskariôtên; Mk. 3, 19. Lu. 6, 16; *or* Iskariôtu; Jo. 6, 71.

Israêl, *pr. n.*, *Ἰσραήλ;* Rom. 9, 6. 31; *and* allai Israêl (*πᾶς Ἰσραήλ*); Rom. 11, 26; *gen.* -is; Mt. 10, 23; *dat.* -a; Mt. 8, 10; *acc.* Israêl; Rom. 9, 27. I Cor. 10, 18; *voc.* Israêl; Mk. 12, 29. — *Comp. follg. w.*

Israêleitês, *pr. n.* (120, *n.* 2), *Ἰσραηλίτης;* Rom. 11, 1; *plur.* Israêleitai; Rom. 9, 4; *or* -eis; II Cor. 11, 22. — *Comp. prec. w.*

ita, *pers. pron. 3d pers. nom. acc. sing. n.*; *s.* is.

itan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 3), *to eat;* Lu. 15, 16. 16, 21. 17, 27. 28. — *Compd.* fra-itan *w. acc., to eat up, devour;* Mk. 4, 4. Lu. 8, 5. 15, 30. II Cor. 11, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* etan, *Mdl. E.* ête, eate, *Mdn. E.* eat, *O. N.* eta, *O. S.* etan, *O. H. G.* ezzan, *M. H. G.* ezzen, *N. H. G.* essen, *to eat. From Germanic root* ĕt, *Indg.* ĕd; *comp. Lt.* ĕdere, *Gr.* *ἔδειν*, *Skr. root* ad, *to eat. Allied to O. E.* âs, *n.*, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* âs, *N. H. G.* aas, *n., carcass, carrion. The compd.* fraïtan *answers to O. E.* fretan, *to devour, eat, Mdl. E.* frete, *to devour, consume, corrode, Mdn. E.* fret, *to eat away, O. H. G.* frezzan, *M. H. G.* vrezzen (*and* verezzen), *to devour, eat, N. H. G.*

fressen, *to devour, eat, etc.; For the factitive, N. H. G.* ätzen, *to corrode, cauterize, Du.* etsen, *whence Mdn. E.* etch, *s.* *atjan.]

Ituraia, *pr. n.,* *Ἰτουραία, gen.* -as; Lu. 3, 1.

iþ, *conj.,* (218), (1) *at the beginning of the sentence, serving to continue the narrative, where it has a more or less adversative force, for the Gr.* δέ *(generally in opposition to* μέν*), but;* Mt. 3, 11. 5, 33. 9, 37. Lu. 3, 16. Rom. 11, 22. Phil. 3, 1. Skeir. I, d. II, c. III, c. d. IV, b. c. d. V, a. VI, a. b. c. d. VII, a. VIII, b. d; *or* καί*, and;* Mt. 6, 24. Lu. 2, 9; *or* οὖν*, now, then;* Jo. 6, 15. 11, 20. 32. 12, 3. 18, 3. 4. 10. 19. 28. 40; *or* γάρ*, for;* Mk. 7, 3. Jo. 6, 6. 12, 8. 19, 6. Rom. 8, 7. Gal. 6, 3; *or* γέ*, yet;* Lu. 18, 5; *w. other particles:* iþ þan (δέ), *but then, but;* Mt. 27, 46; iþ—þan (*i. e. separated by one or more words*)*;* Lu. 7, 50. 9, 21. 17, 15. Jo. 8, 59; iþ—nu, *then, therefore* (οὖν)*;* Mt. 5, 19; iþ—-uh, *but,* (δέ)*;* Mk. 10, 38. Lu. 6, 8. 7, 6. 18, 21. Jo. 11, 41; οὖν*;* Jo. 16, 19; *it often occurs where the Gr. has no corresponding particle:* iþ jabai, *if* (ἐάν)*;* Rom. 12, 20; iþ nu, *now* (ἄρτι)*;* Jo. 9, 25; iþ swêþauh, *nevertheless* (πλήν)*;* Lu. 18, 8; iþ nu swê, *therefore* (ὥστε)*;* Gal. 4, 16. (2) *occurring for Gr.* εἰ*, if, in hypothetical clauses implying non-fullfilment, the verb of the protasis standing in the pret. opt., that of the apodosis in the pret. opt. either alone;* Jo. 8, 39. 15, 24. Skeir. V, b; *or together with* þau; Lu. 7, 39. 10, 13. Jo. 8, 19. 9, 41. 11, 21. 32; aíþþau; Jo. 14, 7. 18, 36; *in all these cases* iþ *must not necessarily occur at the beginning of the sentence.* — *Etymology unknown. Comp. Dief., I, 94.* — *S.* aíþþau.]

Iudaia, *pr. n.,* *Ἰουδαία, gen.* -as; Mk. 10, 1. Lu. 1, 5. 5, 17. 6, 17. Gal. 1, 22; *dat.* -a; Mk. 3, 7. Lu. 3, 1. Jo. 7, 1. I Thess. 2, 14. Neh. 5, 14. 6, 18. Skeir. IV, b; *acc.* -an; Lu. 2, 4. Jo. 7, 3. 11, 7; *or* -a; Lu. 7, 17. II Cor. 1, 16. — *Comp. follg. w.*

Iudaialand, *pr. n.,* *Ἰουδαία χώρα, the country of Judaea;* Mk. 1, 5. — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

Iudaius (*or* Judaius), *pr. n.,* *Ἰουδαῖος, a Jew;* Jo. 18, 35. I Cor, 9, 20. Gal. 3, 28; *gen.* -aus; Rom. 10, 12; *plur. nom.* -eis; Mk. 7, 3. I Cor. 12, 13; *gen.* -ê; Mt. 27, 11. Jo. 12, 11. Skeir. VIII, d; *dat.* -um; Jo. 10, 19. Skeir. III, b. IV, a; *acc.* -uns; Jo. 9, 22. 11, 33. I Cor. 9, 20. — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

iudaiwiskô, *adv., in a Jewish manner;* Gal. 2. 14. — *From* iudaiwisks, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

iudaiwiskôn, *w. v., to live like a*

Jew; Gal. 2, 14. — *From* iudaiwisks, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

iudaiwisks, *adj., Jewish;* Tit. 1, 14. Skeir. III, b. — *From stem of* Iudaius (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iska. *Comp.* iudaiwiskô *and prec. w.*

Iudas, *pr. n.,* Ἰούδας; Mt. 27, 3; *or* Judas; Jo. 12, 4; *gen.* Iudins; Mk. 6, 3. Lu. 1, 39. 3, 30. 33; *dat.* -in; Jo. 13, 26; *acc.* -an; Mk. 3, 19. Lu. 6, 16. Jo. 6, 71.

iumjô, *f., crowd; multitude;* Mt. 8, 1. — *Etymology unknown. S. L. M., p. 270.*

iup, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *upwards, up* (ἄνω); Lu. 19, 5. Jo. 11, 41. Rom. 10, 7. [*Allied to O. E.* up, upp, *Mdl. E.* up, *Mdn. E.* up, *O. S.* ûp, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* ûf, *N. H. G.* auf, *Eff.* op, *adv. and prep. S.* ufar *and follg. w.*

iupa, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *above, on high* (ἄνω); Gal. 4, 26. Phil. 3, 14. Col. 3, 1. 2. Skeir. II, a. [*Comp. prec. and follg. w. Concerning the relation between* iupa *and* iup, *s.* inn.]

iupana, *adj.* (213, *n.* 2), *from above, again* (ἄνωθεν); Gal. 4, 9. [*Comp.* iup, iupa, *and follg. w. Concerning its form, s.* innana.]

iupaþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *from above* (ἄνωθεν, ἄνω); Mt. 27, 51. Mk. 15, 38. Jo. 8, 23. 19, 11. Skeir. II, a. b. IV, c. — *Comp.* iup, iupa, iupana.

ius, *adj., good; occurs only once, in compar.;* iusiza wisan, *to be better, to excel;* Gal. 4, 1. — *S. L. M., p. 166.* — *Der.* iusila, *q. v.*

Iusê, *pr. n. dat.,* Ἰωσῆ; Mk. 6, 3.

iusila, *f., easement, rest;* II Cor. 8, 13. II Thess. 1, 7. — *From stem of* ius (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-lô.

izai, *pers. prn. 3d pers. dat. sing. fem.; s.* is.

izê, *pers. prn. 3d pers. gen. plur.; s.* is.

iz-ei (izê), *rel. prn., he who, he that, answering to Lt. 'is qui', he who* (157, *n.* 3). *Only three cases occur:* (1) *nom. sing. m.,* izei; Jo. 8, 40. Eph. 4, 15. (2) *nom. sing. f.* sei (*i. e.* si ei); Lu. 1, 27. 36. 2, 4. Rom. 7, 10. (3) *nom. plur. m.* izei (*for* *eizei); Mt. 7, 15. Mk. 9, 1. Lu. 8, 15. Gal. 6, 13. — *Preceded by the demonstr. prn.* sa; Mt. 5, 32. Skeir. I, a. —saiwazuh izei, *whoever, whosoever;* Jo. 16, 2. 19, 12. — *From* is *and* ei, *q. v.*

izô, *pers. prn. 3d pers. gen. plur. fem.; s.* is.

izôs, *pers. prn. 3d pers. gen. sing. fem.; s.* is.

izwar, *poss. prn.* (151) *m.* (124, *n.* 1), izwara, *f.,* izwar, *neut.* (124, *n.* 4), (1) *w. a subst.,* (a) *following it, always without the article;* Mt. 5, 16. 20. Mk. 10, 43. Jo. 14, 1. I Cor. 15, 31. II Cor. 1, 24. 7, 7. 8, 14. 11, 8. I Thess. 5, 23; (b) *preceding it,* (α) *without the art.;* Mt. 5, 16. 44. 45. 48. 6, 1. 15. 25. 9, 4. Mk. 6, 11. Lu. 3, 14. 6, 23.

9, 44. 10, 20. Jo. 6, 49. 8, 24. 42. I Cor. 7, 5. 16, 7. II Cor. 1, 14. 4, 5. 9, 10. 13. 10, 8. Phil. 4, 7; (*β*) *w. the art.;* Mt. 5, 47. 9, 11. Mk. 7, 9. 13. Lu. 5, 4. Jo. 8, 44. 16, 20. 22. [*From stem of the corresponding pers. prn.; cf. O. E.* êower, *Mdl. E.* êower, êour, ȝour, your, *Mdn. E.* your, *O. H. G.* iuwar, *M. H. G.* iuwer, *N. H. G.* euer, *your. S. follg.* w.]

izwara, *pers. prn. 2nd pers. gen. plur.; s.* þu, jus.

izwis, *pers. prn. 2nd pers. dat. acc. plur.; s.* þu, jus.

izwizei (*i. e.* **izwiz-ei**), *rel. prn.; s.* þuei.

J.

Ja, *adv.* (216), *yes;* Mt. 5, 37. II Cor. 1, 17. 18. 19. 20. [*Allied to O. E.* ȝeâ, *Mdl. E.* ȝê, yê, *Mdn. E.* yea, *O. N.* já, *O. S.* jâ, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* ja, *yes. Mdn. E.* yes, *Mdl. E.* ȝes, *refers to O. E.* ȝese (*for* ȝe-swa, *yes, so; s. Kl.*, ja). *Comp. L. M., p. 318, 692.* — *S.* jai.]

jabai, *conj.* (218), *if, whether, even if, although,* (1) *w. pres. indic.;* Mt. 5, 46. 47. 6, 23. 8, 31. Mk. 3, 24. 25. 11, 26. Lu. 4, 7. 6, 34. 14, 26. Jo. 6, 62. 7, 4. 8, 24. Rom. 7, 2. 3. 16. I Cor. 7, 8. 15. II Cor. 2, 2. 5, 1. Gal. 2, 14. Phil. 1, 22. I Thess. 3, 8. 4, 14. I Tim. 1, 8. 10. II Tim. 2, 5. 12. 13. Tit. 1, 6. Philem. 17; untê jabai—aíþþau, *for either—or;* Mt. 6, 24. (2) *w. pret. indic.;* Mt. 10, 25. Mk. 3, 26. Lu. 16, 11. 12. Jo. 10, 35. I Cor. 4, 7. II Cor. 2, 5. Col. 2, 20. II Tim. 2, 11. Philem. 18. Skeir. IV, c. (3) *w. pres. opt.;* Mt. 5, 29. 30. Mk. 4, 23. 7, 11. 9, 22. Lu. 4, 3. 9. 17, 3. Jo. 7, 17. 8, 52. 10, 24. Rom. 8, 9. 12, 18. I Cor. 7, 9. 10, 28. II Cor. 11, 30. 12, 6. Gal. 5, 11. 6, 1. Col. 4, 10. II Thess. 3, 10. I Tim. 6, 3. II Tim. 2, 21. (4) *w. pret. opt.;* Mt. 11, 14. Lu. Lu. 17, 6. Jo. 5, 46. 8, 42. 55. Rom. 9, 27. I Cor. 11, 31. Gal. 4, 15. (5) iþ jabai ni (*εἰ δὲ μήγε*), (*but*) *if not;* Lu. 10, 6. Jo. 14, 11; jabai (*εἴγε*), *if at least, if;* Gal. 3, 4; jabai swê-þauh (*εἴγε*), *if only, even though;* II Cor. 5, 3. Eph. 3, 2. 4, 21. Col. 1, 23. — *Allied to* iba, ibai, *q. v.*

Jaeirus; *s.* **Iaeirus.**

jah, *conj.* (217), (1) *and* (*καί*); Mt. 5, 18. 19. (2) *also* (*καί*); Mt. 5, 39. Skeir. I, b. d. II, a. d. III, b. c. IV, b. VII, a. c. (3) *and, but* (*δέ*); Mt. 6, 30. Jo. 6, 35. (4) *for* (*γάρ*); II Tim. 3, 2. —jah—jah, *both—and* (*καί—καί*); Mt. 10, 28. Philem. 16. Skeir. III, b. — *The* h *of* jah *is often assimilated to the initial consonant of a follg. word: The forms* jag, jan, jas, jaþ, jab, jad, jal, jar, jam *are very*

numerous. [*Cf. O. H. G.* joh, *M. H. G.* joch, *and, also. Allied to* ja, *q. v. Comp. L. M., p. 318, and P., Beitr., IV., 386.*]

jai, *adv.* (216), *for the Gr.* ναί, *yea, yes, verily,* (1) *answering to a question;* Mt. 9, 28. 11, 9. Mk. 7, 28. Lu. 7, 26. Jo. 11, 27. (2) *used as an interjection expressing astonishment or desire;* Lu. 10, 21. Phil. 4, 3. Philem. 20; *so for the Gr.* ὦ; Rom. 9, 20. I Tim. 6, 11; *it is added for the sake of emphasis:* þannu nu jai (ἄρα οὖν), *therefore indeed;* Rom. 9, 18. — *Allied to* ja, *q. v.*

***jaína,** *adv., in* ufarjaína, *q. v. From stem of* jaíns, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

jaínar, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *there;* Mt. 5, 23. 24. — *From stem of* jaíns, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

jaínd, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *there, thither;* Jo. 11, 8. [*From* jaíns, *the* -d *being a locative suffix; cf. O. E.* ȝeond, ȝiond, *Mdl. E.* ȝeond, ȝond, *adv.: thither, and prep.: across, beyond; and O. E.* ȝeondan, beȝeondan, beyonde, *Mdl. E.* ȝeonde, ȝonde, beȝeonde, *Mdn. E.* beyond. — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

jaíndrê, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *there, thither;* Lu. 17, 37. [*From stem of* jaíns (*q. v.*). *Cf. Mdl. E.* ȝonder, yonder, *Mdn. E.* yonder. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

jaínd-waírþs, *adv., thither;* Jo. 18, 3. [*From* jaínd *and* *waírþs, *q. v. Cf. Mdl. E.* ȝeondward, *thither.*]

jaíns, *dem. prn.* (156), *that,* (1) *used alone:* Mk. 12, 5. Lu. 9, 34. 18, 14. 20, 11. Jo. 5, 46. 47. 6, 29. 7, 11. 8, 44. 9, 11. 25. 36. 10, 35. 11, 29. 13, 25. 27. 30. 16, 13. 14. Rom. 11, 23. 14, 15. I Cor. 15, 11. II Cor. 8, 13. 14. 10, 18. II Tim. 2, 13. Skeir. IV, a. V, a. c. VI, a. b. d. VIII, a. b. d. (2) *w. subst.,* (a) *without art.;* Mt. 7, 22. 27. 8, 13. 9, 26. 31. 11, 25. 27. 8. 63. Mk. 1, 9. 2, 20. 4, 35. 8, 1. 13, 17. 24. Lu. 2, 1. 4, 2. 5, 35. 6, 23. 9, 36. 10, 12. 15, 14. 15. 17, 9. 31. 19, 27. 20, 1. 35. Jo. 14, 20. 16, 23. 26. 18, 17. II Thess. 1, 10. II Tim. 1, 12. 18. Neh. 6, 17; jaínis stadis, *to the other side;* Mk. 4, 35. (b) *with art., the prn. follg. the subst.;* Mt. 7, 25. 8, 28. 9, 22. Mk. 3, 24. 25. 6, 11. 13, 19. 24; Lu. 9, 5. 10, 12. 18, 3; *the prn. standing before the art.;* Mk. 4, 11, 12, 7. Lu. 14, 24. I Cor. 10, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝeon, *Mdl. E.* ȝeon, ȝon, *Mdn. E.* yon, *prn.* (*yon house= that house; so used at the South; s. St. H. Carpenter's Anglo-Saxon Grammar, p. 17.*), *O. N.* enn, inn, *the, orig. that, O. H. G.* jen-êr, *M. H. G.* jener, *N. H. G.* jener; *and M. H. G.* der jener, *whence N. H. G.* der-jenige, *he, that; and N. H. G.*

jenseits (*with an adverbial* s), *beyond, on the other side, from M. H. G.* jensît, jene sîte, *etc.* (*N. H. G.* seite, *M. H. G.* sîte, sît, *O. H. G.* sîta, *f., O. E.* sîde *f., Mdl. E.* sîde, *Mdn. E.* side), *that side.* — *Comp.* jaína, jaínar, jaínd, jaíndrê, jaíndwaírþs, *and follg. w.*]

jaínþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *thence;* Mt. 5, 26. 9, 9. 27. 11, 1. Mk. 1, 19. 6, 1. 10. 11. 7, 24. 9, 30. 10, 1. — *From stem of* jaíns, *q. v.*

Jaírupula, *pr. n.; s.* Iaíraúpaúlein.

Janna, *pr. n.,* Ἰαννα, *gen.* -ins; Lu. 3, 24.

Jannês (*so in A, B has* **Jannis**), Ἰαννῆς; II Tim. 3, 8.

jaþþê, *conj.* (218), *and if, if* (εἴτε); I Cor. 14, 27; jaþþê—jaþþê, *either—or, whether—or* (εἴτε—εἴτε); I Cor. 12, 13. 15, 11. II Cor. 1, 6. 5, 9. 10. 13. 23. 12, 2. 3. Eph. 6, 8. Phil. 1, 18. 20. 27. Col. 1, 20. I Thess. 5, 10. Skeir. IV, c; j.—j.—j., *whether—or—or;* I Cor. 10, 31. 13, 8; j.—j.—j.—j., *whether—or—or—or;* Col. 1, 16. — *From* jah *and* þê (62, *n.* 3), *q. v.*

jau, *adv. interrog. particle* (216), *whether, if* (*the verb occurring always in the opt.*); Lu. 6, 7. Jo. 7, 48. Rom. 7, 25. I Tim. 5, 10. Skeir. VIII, c. [*Supposed to be composed of* ja *and* -u (216), *but s. P., Beitr., IV, 385, and Goth.* ju.]

jêr, *n.* (94), *year;* Mk. 5, 25. 42. Lu. 2, 41. 4, 19. Neh. 5, 14. Skeir. VII, d; *time, season;* Lu. 20, 9. II Tim. 3, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝeâr (eâ *is palatal uml. of* æ̂), *n., Mdl. E.* ȝêr, ȝêr, *Mdn. E.* year, *O. N.* ár, *O. S.* jâr, jêr, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* jâr, *N. H. G.* jahr, *n., year, Gr.* ὥρα, *season, spring, year,* ὥρος, *year, O. Bulg.* jarŭ, *spring, Zend* yâre, *year.*]

jiuka, *f., strife, anger;* II Cor. 12, 20. Gal. 5, 20. [*Supposed to be allied to O. Ind.* judh, *to fight, Gr.* ὑσμίνη (*from* ϳυϑ-μίνη), *fight, battle; S. L. M., p. 319, also Sch.,* jiuka. *Comp. follg. w.*]

jiukan, *w. v., to contend, fight;* I Cor. 9, 26; *to conquer;* Rom. 8, 37. — *Compd.* ga-j. *w. acc., to overcome, conquer;* Jo. 16, 33. Rom. 12, 21; *to beguile;* Col. 2, 18. — *From prec. w.*

jiuleis, *a term explaining the Gothic* Naúbaímbaîr; Cal. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝêola, *m., in phrase:* se æ̂rra ȝêola, *December,* se æftera ȝêola, *January; from* ȝêol, *n., name of a heathen festival observed from the 26th of Dec. to the 6th of Jan.* (*S. remarks under* nahts); *the same word was afterwards used to signify 'Christmas', Mdl. E.* ȝo̊l (ȝo̊ldai, ȝo̊lniht), *Mdn. E.* yule, *O. N.* jól, *Christmas. Der.: Norman Fr.* joli (*for* jolif), *Mdl. E.* joli, *Mdn. E.* jolly, *and O. Fr.* jolivetê, *Mdl. E.* jolite, *Mdn. E.* jollity (joliness *being a new-formation, with suffix* -ness). —

Supposed to be allied to Mdn. E. yawl, *Mdl. E.* ȝaule, *from O. N.* gaula, *to cry out loud, and to Mdn. E.* yell, *Mdl. E.* yelle, *O. E.* ȝellan, ȝyllan, *O. N.* gella *and* gjalla, *N. H. G.* gellen, *to resound, etc.; s.* gôljan.]

jôta, *m., iota, jot;* Mt. 5, 18. [*It is the Gr. ἰῶτα, iota, whence also Mdn. E.* iota *and* jot, *N. H. G.* jota *and* jot.]

ju, *adv.* (214, *n.* 1), *now, already;* Mt. 5, 28. Mk. 9, 13. Lu. 2, 15. Skeir. I, a. c. II, a. III, a. V, d. VI. d; ju haban, *to have already, to have received;* Lu. 6, 24; ju ni, *not now, no more, no longer;* Rom. 7, 17. 20. 14, 15. Eph. 2, 19. I Thess. 3, 1. 5. Philem. 16; ni—ju þanamais, *now no more, no longer;* Lu. 16, 2; ju ni þanamais, *th. s.;* I Tim. 5, 23; ju þanaseiþs ni, *th. s.;* Lu. 15, 19. 21. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝêo, ȝîo, *adv., once, formerly, O. S.* giu, iu, *O. H. G.* giû, iû, *Lt.* jam, *already. For* ju *and* jau, *s. P., Beitr., IV, 386.*]

jugga-lauþs, *m., a young man;* Mk. 14, 51. 16, 5. Lu. 7, 14. — *From stem of* juggs *and* *lauþs, *q. v.*

juggs, *adj.* (124), *new, fresh;* Mt. 9, 17. Mk. 2, 22. Lu. 5, 38. 39; *young;* Lu. 2, 24. I Tim. 5, 1. 2. 11. 14; *suitable to the first part of life, youthful;* II Tim. 2, 22. *Compar.* sa jûhiza (15; 66, *n.* 1; 135, *n.* 1), *the younger;* Lu. 15, 12. 13. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝeong, ȝiong (eo, io, *for* u, *by palatal uml.*), *Mdl. E.* ȝiung, ȝung, ȝong, yong, *Mdn. E.* young, *O. N.* ungr, *O. S. O. H. G.* jung, *M. H. G.* junc(g), *N. H. G.* jung, *young. From Germanic stem* junga-, *contracted from* juvunga-, *pre-Germanic* yuwenko-, *young; comp. Lt.* juvencus, *adj., young, and subst., m., a young bullock, young man,* juvenca, *f., a young cow, a girl, Skr.* yuvaçás, *young. Stem* yuwenko- *refers to* yuwen-, *which appears in Lt.* juven-is, *young, young man,* juven-ta (=junda, *q. v.*), *youth, and in Skr.* júvan, *young, young man. All from Idg. root* yŭ, *to be young. — Der.: O. E.* ȝeoguð, ȝioguð (*for* *ȝeonguð), *f., Mdl. E.* ȝugeðe ȝuweðe (w *from* g, *by labialization*), *beside* yongðe, *Mdn. E.* youth, *O. S.* juguð, *O. H. G.* jugund, *M. H. G.* jugent(d), *N. H. G.* jugend, *f. youth, O. E.* ȝeongling, *Mdl. E.* ȝeongling yongling, *Mdn. E.* youngling, *O. N.* ynglingr, *O. H. G.* jungaling, *M. H. G.* jungelinc, *N. H. G.* jüngling (*but Goth.* juggalauþs, *q. v.*), *young man; O. H. G.* jungiro (*prop. compar. of* jung), *M. H. G.* junger, *N. H. G.* jünger, *m., disciple; N. H. G.* jungfer, *f., virgin, maid, from M. H. G.* juncvrouwe (*M. H. G.* vrouwe, vrowe, *appears as* vor, ver, *etc., before pr. n. and in address; s. also* frauja),

young lady, maid, virgin. Further Mdn. E. yo(u)nker, *from Du.* jonker, jonkheer, *M. H. G.* junc-hĕrre (*for* hĕrre, *N. H. G.* herr, *lord, master, s.* hais), *N. H. G.* junker, *m., young nobleman; and Mdn. E.* youngster.]

juk, *n.* (94), *yoke, pair;* Lu. 14, 19. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝeoc, ȝioc (eo, io *for* o, *by palatal umlaut.*), *n., Mdl. E.* ȝok, *Mdn. E.* yoke, *O. N.* ok, *O. H. G.* joh (hh), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* joch, *n., yoke. From Idg. root* yug, *to join; comp. Gr.* ζυγόν, *Lt.* jugum, *Skr.* yugá, *a yoke, a couple. Allied to Lt.* jungere, *to join, whence O. Fr.* joindre, *whence Mdl. E.* joine, *Mdn. E.* join, *etc.; s. Sk.*, join. *Comp.* ga-juk *and follg. w.*]

***juka,** *m., in* gajuka, *q. v.* — *Comp.* juk *and follg. w.*

***jukô,** *f. n., in* gajukô, *q. v.* — *Comp.* juk, *also prec. and follg. w.*

jukuzi, *f., yoke;* Gal. 5, 1. I Tim. 6, 1. — *Allied to* juk. *For the suff.* -uzjô, *s. Kl., N. St., p. 40.*

junda, *f., youth;* Mk. 10, 20. Lu. 18, 21. I Tim. 4, 12. — *Allied to* juggs, *q. v.*

jus, *pers. prn. 2nd pers. plur.: ye, you; s.* þu. [*Cf. O. E. nom.* ȝê, *gen.* êower, *dat.* êow, *acc.* êowic, êow, *Mdl. E. nom.* ȝê, yê, *gen.* ȝour, your, *dat. acc.* ȝou, you, yow, *Mdn. E. nom.* ye, *gen.* your, *used as a poss. prn.* (*s.* izwar), *dat. acc.* you (*also used as nom.*); *O. N. nom.* ér, *gen.* yð(v)ar, *dat. acc.* yðr; *O. S. nom.* gî, ge, *gen.* iuuer, *dat. acc.* iu; *O. H. G. nom.* ir, *gen.* iuwêr, *dat.* iu, *acc.* iuwih, *M. H. G. nom.* ir, *gen.* iuwer *dat.* iu, *acc.* iuch, *N. H. G. nom.* ihr, *gen.* euer, *dat. acc.* euch. *Allied to Gr.* ὑ-μεῖς, *Skr.* yú-yam, *ye; s. L. M., p. 318.* — *Concerning the corresponding sing. and du. forms, s.* þu *and* igqara, *respectively.*]

Justus, *pr. n.,* Ἰοῦστος; Col. 4, 11.

ju-þan, *adv., already;* Mk. 4, 37. 11, 11. 13, 28. 15, 42. 44. Lu. 7, 6. 9. 12. 19, 37. Jo. 6, 17. 7, 14. 9, 22. 11, 17; juþan ni, *no longer, no more;* Mk. 1, 45. 2, 2. — *From* ju *and* þan, *q. v.*

juz-ei; *s.* **þuei.**

K.

Kaballarja, *pr. n.;* Ar. Doc.

Kaeinan, *pr. n.,* Καϊνάν, *gen.* is; Lu. 3, 36. 37.

Kafarnaum, *indecl. pr. n.,* Καφαρναούμ, *dat.;* Mk. 9, 33. Lu. 4, 23. Jo. 6, 24. 59; *acc.;* Mt. 8, 5. Mk. 1, 21. 2, 1. Lu. 4, 31. 7, 1. Jo. 6, 17; *voc.;* Mt. 11, 23. Lu. 10, 15.

Kaídmeiêl, *pr. n.,* Κεδμιήλ, *gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 40.

Kaídrôn, *pr. n.,* Κεδρών; Jo. 18, 1.

kaisar (91, *n.* 4; 119), *m.*, *gen.* -is; Mk. 12, 16. 17. Lu. 3, 1. 20, 24. 25; *dat.* -a; Mk. 12, 14. Lu. 2, 1. 20. 22. Jo. 19, 12. [*From Lt.* Caesar, *whence also O. E.* câsere, *Mdl. E.* kaiser, keiser, *O. H. G.* keisar, *M. H. G.* keiser, *N. H. G.* kaiser, *m.*, *emperor. Comp. Gr.* καῖσαρ, *Caesar, emperor. S. follg. w.*]

kaisara-gild, *n.*, *tribute due to Caesar, tribute;* Mk. 12, 14. — *From stem of* kaisar *and* gild, *q. v.*

Kaisaria, *pr. n.*, *Καισαρία, gen.* -as; Mk. 8, 27.

Kajafa, *pr. n.*, *Καϊάφας;* Jo. 18, 14; *dat.* -in; Lu. 3, 2. Jo. 18, 13. 24. 28.

kalbô, *f.*, *a young cow, heifer, calf;* Skeir. III, c. [*Cf. O. H. G.* chalbâ, kalbâ, *M. H. G.* kalbe, *f.*, *a female calf. Further O. E.* cealf (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *n.* (*plur.* cealfru), *Mdl. E.* cælf, kalf, *Mdn. E.* calf, *O. N.* kalfr, *m.*, *O. H. G.* chalb (*pl.* chelbir), *n.*, *M. H. G.* kalp(b), *n.*, *N. H. G.* kalb, *n.*, *calf. Allied to O. E.* cilforlomb (*For* lomb, *s.* lamb), *n.*, *ewe-lamb; and to O. H. G.* chilburra, *M. H. G.* kilbere, *f.*, *ewe-lamb, N. H. G.* (*Swiss*) kilber, *a young ram.* — *Der. O. E.* cealfian, *Mdl. E.* calve, *Mdn. E.* calve, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* kalben, *to calve.*]

kalds, *adj.*, *cold;* Mt. 10, 42. Jo. 18, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* ceald (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* câld, cǫld, *Mdn. E.* cold, *O. N.* kaldr, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* kalt, *cold. An old participial formation in* -to (=*Lt.* -tus, *Skr.* ta-s; *s.* alþeis, dauþs, *etc.*), *from root* kal, *whence also O. E. Mdl. E.* cǫl (*stem* kôla-), *Mdn. E.* cool, *and O. E.* cêle (*orig. stem* kôli-), *cold, O. H. G.* chuoli, *M. H. G.* küel, küele, *also* kuol- (*in compds.*), *N. H. G.* kühl, *cool. Allied to O. E.* ciele, cyle, *m.*, *frost, chilliness, Mdn. E.* chill. *Root* kal, *contained also in O. E.* calan, *O. N.* kala, *to freeze, answers to the root of Lt.* gelu, *frost,* gelare, *to freeze, whence Fr.* geler, *whence* gelée (*prop. partic.*), *frost, jelly, whence Mdn. E.* jelly (gelly); *Lt. compd.* congelare (con=cum, *together*), *to cause to freeze wholly, to freeze wholly, freeze up, whence Fr.* congeler, *whence Mdn. E.* congeal.]

kalkinassus, *m.*, *adultery, fornication;* Mt. 5, 32. Mk. 7, 21. Gal 5, 19. I Thess. 4, 3. — *Allied to follg. w., the suff. being* -in-assus.

kalkjô (*or* **kalki,** *only dat. pl.*, kalkjôm, *occurs*), *f.*, *harlot, whore;* Lu. 15, 30. — *Etymology unknown. Comp. Dief., II, 439, and L. M., p. 311.*

Kananeitês, *pr. n.*, *Καναναίτης, acc.* -ên; Mk. 3, 18.

kannjan, *w. v. w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: to make known;* Jo. 17, 26. I Cor. 15,

1. II Cor. 8, 1. Eph. 1, 9. 3, 10. 6, 19. 21. Skeir. IV, b. — *Compds.* (a) ga-k. (1) *w. acc.*, (*α*) *of pers.: to praise*, (*used in a pass. sense:*) *to be praised, be commended;* II Cor. 12, 11; (*β*) *of th.: to make known;* Rom. 9, 23. I Cor. 11, 26. Skeir. IV, d; (2) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: th. s.;* Lu. 2, 15. Jo. 15, 15. 17, 26. Eph. 3, 3. Col. 1, 8. 27. 4, 7. 9; (3) *folld. by* bi *w. acc.: to make known abroad;* Lu. 2, 17; (b) us-k., (1) *w. acc. of th.: to make known;* Rom. 9, 22; (2) *w. both dat. and acc. of pers.: to commend one to one;* Rom. 9, 22. [*Factitive of* kunnan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* cennan (e *from* a, *by* i-*uml.*), ȝe-cennan, *to make known, Mdl. E.* kenne, i-kenne, *to make known and* (*by Norse influence*), *to know, Mdn. E.* ken, *to know, recognize, O. N.* kenna, *to know, O. H. G.* chennen, *to know*, ir-chennan, bi-chennan, *to make known, know, M. H. G.* kennen, *to know*, erkennen, bekennen, *to make known, know, N. H. G.* kennen, *to know*, erkennen, *to perceive, recognize, know*, bekennen, *to acknowledge, confess.*]

kapillôn, *w. v., to shave, shear;* I Cor. 11, 6. [*From stem of Lt.* capillus, *hair.*]

kara, *f., care;* kara wisan, *to concern; as,* kar' ist *w. acc. of pers. and gen. of th., it concerns;* Jo. 10, 13; ni þêei ina þizê þarbanê kara wêsi, *not that he cared for the poor;* Jo. 12, 6; ist *being omitted;* Mk. 4, 38. 12, 14; hva kara unsis?, *what is that to us?;* Mt. 27, 4; hva mik? (*where* kara *or* kar' *is probably understood*), *what have I to do?, what does it concern me?;* I Cor. 5, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* cearu (ea *is palatal uml. of* a, æ), *f., care, sorrow, grief, Mdl. E.* care, *Mdn. E.* care, *O. S.* cara, *O. H. G.* chara, *f., lamentation, mourning, M. H. G.* *kar, *in* karvrîtac, kartac, *N. H. G.* karfreitag, *m., Good Friday, and in M. H. G. N. H. G.* karwoche, *f., passion week. S.* *karja, karôn.]

Kareiaþiareim, *pr. n., Καριαθιαρίμ;* Ezra 2, 25 (*cod. has* -aareim).

***karja,** *w. adj., in* unkarja, *q. v.* [*From stem of* kara, *q. v. To Germanic stem* karô- *refer also O. E.* cearig (*Goth.* *karags), *Mdl. E.* charig, *Mdn. E.* chary, *O. S.* *karag, *in* môdkarag, *O. H. G.* charag, *sad. Comp.* kara, karôn.]

karkara, *f.* (119), *prison;* Mt. 5, 25. 11, 2. 25, 39. 43. 44. Mk. 6, 17. 28. Lu. 3, 20. II Cor. 6, 5. 11, 23. Skeir. III, a. [*From Lt.* carcer, *m., prison.*]

karôn, *w. v., to care for, be concerned about;* I Cor. 7, 21. [*From stem of* kara, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* cearian, *Mdl. E.* care,

Mdn. E. care, *O. S.* karôn, *O. H. G.* charôn, *to moan, bemoan, bewail. Comp.* *karja.]

Karpus, *pr. n., Κάρπος, dat.* -au; II Tim. 4, 13.

kas, *n.* (*gen.* **kasis**), *vessel, pitcher, pot, measure;* Mk. 11, 16. 14, 13. Lu. 8, 16. 6. Rom. 9, 21. 22. 23. II Cor. 4, 7. I Thess. 4, 4. II Tim. 2, 20. 21. *The plur. has also a more general signification: things, goods;* Mk. 3, 37. Lu. 17, 31. [*Comp. O. N.* ker (r *for* s, *by rotacism*), *n., vessel, O. H. G.* char, *n., vessel, dish, M. H. G.* kar, *n., vessel, dish, measure, bee-hive* (*also* bînenkar, *n., for which N. H. G.* bienenkorb, *m., bee-hive.*) *Comp. follg. w.*]

kasja, *m., potter;* Mt. 27, 7. 10. Rom. 9, 21. — *From stem of* kas (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan.

katils, *m., kettle, vessel;* Mk, 7, 4, [*Cf. O. E.* cetel (*the first* e *being* i-*uml. of* a, *the second* e *showing the usual weakening of the* i *of final syllables*), *m., Mdl. E.* ketel, *Mdn. E.* kettle, *O. N.* ketill, *O. H. G.* chezzil, *M. H. G.* kezzel, *N. H. G.* kessel, *m., kettle. From Germanic stem* kat *contained also in O. H. G.* chezzî, *M. H. G.* kezzî, *n., kettle.*]

Kaúlaússaius, *pr. n.* (*A doubtful form; B has* kaússaim, *A the mutilated* ..u.aús..., *for Gr. Κολλοσσαεῖς*); *Col. subscr.*

kaupatjan, *w. v.* (187, *n.* 1), *to strike with the palm of the hand, to cuff, buffet;* Mk. 14, 65; *pret.* kaupasta; Mt. 26, 67. II Cor. 12, 7; *pret. partic.* kaupatiþs; I Cor. 4, 11. [*The supposed relationship between this word and* kaupôn (*q. v.*) *is doubtful; s. Sch.,* kaupatjan, *and Kl.,* kaufen.]

kaupôn, *w. v., to traffic, trade;* Lu. 19, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* cêapian (*beside* cŷpan, *for* ciepan, *from* cêapian, *by* i-*uml., to sell, barter=Goth.* *kaupjan), *Mdl. E.* chêape, chêpe, *O. H. G.* choufôn, *M. H. G.* koufen, *to traffic, trade, buy, sell, N. H. G.* kaufen, *to buy. Further O. E.* cêap, *m., purchase, price, sale, cattle, Mdl. E.* chêap, chêp, *purchase, price, Mdn. E.* cheap (*obs.*), *now used as an adj., from phrase* 'good cheap' (*Shakespeare*), *Mdl. E.* gôd chêp, *cheap, profitable, lit. a good bargain* (*Comp. Fr.* bon marché, *cheap*); *O. H. G.* chouf, *M. H. G.* kouf, *N. H. G.* kauf, *m., purchase, bargain.* — *Compds.: O. E.* cêapman (*For* man, *s.* manna), *Mdl. E.* chêpman, chapman, *Mdn. E.* chapman (*short* chap), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* koufman, *N. H. G.* kaufmann, *m., merchant.*]

Kaúrazein, *pr. n., Χοραζείν;* Mt. 11, 21. Lu. 10, 13.

kaúrban, *for. w., κορβᾶν, a gift;* Mk. 7, 11. — *Comp. follg. w.*

kaúrbanaun, *for. w., acc., κορβανᾶν, treasury;* Mt. 27, 6. — *Comp. prec. w.*

kaúrei, *f., weight, burden;* II Cor. 4, 17. — *From* kaúrus (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp.* kaúriþa, kaúrjan, *and follg. w.*

***kaúreins,** *f., in* unkaúreins. — *From* kaúrjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. prec. w.*

Kaúrinþius, *pr. n., Κορίνθιος, plur. dat.* -um; I Cor. superscr. *and* subscr. II Cor. subscr. (*so in A*); *or* Kaúrinþaium; II Cor. superscr. *and* subscr. (*so in B*); *voc.* Kaúrinþius; II Cor. 6, 11. — *Comp. follg. w.*

Kaúrinþô, *pr. n., Κόρινθος, Corinth, dat.* -ôn; Rom. subscr. II Cor. 1, 1. 23. — *Comp. prec. w.*

kaúriþa, *f., weight, burden;* Gal. 6, 2. — *From* kaúrus (*q. v.*) *and suff.* i-þô. *Comp.* kaúrei, *kaúreins, *and follg. w.*

kaúrjan, *w. v. w. acc., to press, charge, trouble, burden:* Lu. 9, 32. II Cor. 1, 8. 5, 4. 11, 8. 12, 13. 14. 16. II Thess. 3, 8. I Tim. 5, 16. Neh. 5, 15. 18. — *Compds.* (a) ana-k. *w. acc., to press upon, overload;* II Cor. 2, 5. (b) miþ-k. *w. acc., to load with:* miþkaúriþs was dauþau is, *being made conformable unto his death;* Phil. 3, 10. — *From* kaúrus, *q. v. Comp.* kaúrei, *kaúreins, *and prec. w.*

kaúrn, *n., corn, grain;* Mk. 4, 28. Lu. 3, 17. 16, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* corn, *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* corn, *O. N.* korn, *O. S.* korn, *n., O. H. G.* choron, chorn, *n., corn, grain, M. H. G.* korn, *n., corn, grain, stone* (*of grapes*), *cornfield, corn-stalk, N. H. G.* korn, *n., corn, grain, etc. From Germanic stem* korna-, *a single seed, a grain, also kernel, and grain collectively. Der. O. E.* cyrnel (*with dim. suff.* -ilo; y *is* i-*uml. of* o), *n., Mdl. E.* kirnel, kurnel, kernel, *Mdn. E.* kernel. *Stem* korna- *is allied to stem* kerna- *occurring in O. H. G.* kerno, *M. H. G.* kern, kerne, *N. H. G.* kern, *m., kernel; and to Lt.* granum, *a grain, corn, whence N. H. G.* grân, *m., beside* grän, *m.* (*by influence of Mdn. Fr.* grain, *a small weight, from Lt.* granum), *a small weight, a grain, O. Fr.* grain, *whence Mdl. E.* grein, grain, *Mdn. E.* grain. *To Lt.* granum *refer Lt.* granaria, *granary, whence O. Fr.* grenier, *whence Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* garner (*by metathesis*), *Mdn. E.* granary *being more closely attached to Lt.* granaria (*above*); *and Lt.* granulum, *a little grain, whence Mdn. E.* granule, *th. s.; and Vulg. Lt.* granea, *barn, whence O. Fr.* grange, *whence Mdl. E.* grange, *Mdn. E.* grange. *For further der. from Lt.* granum, *such as Mdn. E.* garnet (*for* *granet=*N. H. G.* granat, *m.*), grenade (*N. H. G.* granate, *f.*), grenadier (*N. H. G.* grenadier, *m.*), granite (*N. H.*

G. granit, *m.*), *s. Sk.*, grain. — *Comp. follg. w.*]

kaúrnô, *n.* (110), *corn, a grain;* Mk. 4, 31. Lu. 17, 6. Jo. 12, 24. — *Allied to prec. w., q. v.*

kaúrus, *adj.* (131, *n.* 1), *weighty, heavy, burdensome;* II Cor. 10, 10. [*Cf. Gr. βαρύς (for *γϝαρυς), Skr.* gurús, *Lt.* gravis (*for* *garwis), *heavy, acc.* gravem, *whence Fr.* grave, *whence Mdn. E.* grave, *weighty, sad. Comp.* kaúrei, kaúriþa, kaúrjan; *also* kaúreins.]

kausjan, *w. v.*, (1) *w. gen., to taste;* Mk. 9, 1. Lu. 14, 24; (2) *w. acc., th. s.;* Lu. 9, 27. Jo. 8, 52; *to prove, test;* Lu. 14, 19. II Cor. 13, 5; (3) *abs., to taste:* Col. 2, 21. — *Compd.* ga-k. *w. acc. of pers., to prove, test, try;* II Cor. 8, 22. — *From* kiusan, *q. v.*

kawtsjô, *f., for Lt.* 'cautio'; Neap. doc.

Kêfas, *pr. n., Κηφᾶς;* I Cor. 9, 5; *gen.* -ins; I Cor. 1, 12; *dat.* -in; I Cor. 15, 5.

keinan, *st. v.* (172, *n.* 2; 195, *n.* 2), *to germinate, spring up, grow;* Mk. 4, 27. — *Compds.* (a) us-k. (*with the weak pret.* uskeinôda), *to spring up, grow up;* Lu. 8, 8. *to produce, put forth;* Mk. 13, 28. (b) miþ-us-k., *to spring up with, grow up with;* Lu. 8, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* cînan, *Mdl. E.* chîne, *to spring up, burst, O. S. O. H. G.* kînan, *to germinate.—Der. O. E.* cîne, *f., Mdl. E.* chîne, *whence the extended Mdn. E.* chink. *From Germanic root* kî, *to burst, spring forth, which appears also in O. H. G.* chîm (*with* m-*suffix*), chîmo, *M. H. G.* kîm, kîme, *N. H. G.* keim, *m., germ, and in O. E.* cîð (*with a dental suffix*), *m., O. S.* cîð, *m., O. H. G.* chîdi (frumikîdi), *M. H. G.* kîde, *n., N. H. G.* (*dial.*) keide, *shoot, sprout. Comp.* *keian.]

***keian (*keijan?),** *st. v.* (172, *n.* 2), *to spring up; occurs only once, in the pret. partic.*, uskijans; Lu. 8, 6. — *From root* kî, *to burst, spring forth; s.* keinan.

kêlikn, *n., tower;* Mk. 12, 1. Lu. 14, 28; *an upper room;* Mk. 14, 15. — *Etymology unknown. Comp. Dief., I, 450.*

Kileikia, *pr. n., Κιλικία, gen.* -ais; Gal. 1, 21.

kilþei, *f.* (113), *womb;* Lu. 1, 31. [*Allied to O. E.* cîld, *n., Mdl. E.* chîld, *Mdn. E.* child, *Skr.* jaṭhara, *womb. S.* inkilþô.]

kindins, *m., governor;* Mt. 27, 2. 11. 14. 15. Lu. 20, 20; kindins wisan, *to be governor, to govern;* Lu. 2, 2. — *From an extended stem* kind-ina-; *allied to* kuni, *q. v.*

kinnus, *f.* (105), *cheek;* Mt. 5, 39. Lu. 6, 29. [*Cf. O. E.* cin, *n., Mdl. E.* chin, *Mdn. E.* chin, *O. N.* kinn, *cheek, O. S.* kinni, *f. n., O. H. G.* chinni, *n., chin, jaw-bone, M. H. G.* kin, kinne, *N. H. G.* kinn, *n., chin. The*

more original signification, 'cheek', is preserved in O. E. cin-bân, *n., cheek-bone,* cin-tôð, *m., cheek-tooth, O. H. G.* chinnebein, *M. H. G.* kinnebein, *N. H. G.* kinnbein, *n., cheek-bone, O. H. G.* chinnizan, *M. H. G.* kinnezan, *cheek-tooth. Furthermore, comp. Gr.* γένυς, *f., under-jaw, chin; also the edge of a hatchet, and the hatchet itself,* γένειον, *n., chin, under-jaw,* γενειάς, *f., chin, beard; Lt.* gena, *cheek,* dentes genu-ini, *cheek-teeth; Skr.* hánu-s, *f., underjaw. For Mdn. E.* cheek, *s.* kukjan.]

kintus, *m., farthing* (κοδράντης); Mt. 5, 26. [*Supposed to be identical with Lt.* quintus, *one fifth* (*of an 'as'?*). *Comp. N. H. G.* quentchen, *n., M. H. G.* quentîn, quintîn, *one fourth* (*originally one fifth?*) *of a 'lot'* (=*about ½ ounce*), *from Mdl. Lt.* quintînus, *from Lt.* quintus.]

kiusan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *w. acc., to prove, test, choose;* II Cor. 8, 8. Gal. 6, 4. — *Compds.* (a) ga-k. *w. acc., to prove, test, examine;* Rom. 12, 2. I Cor. 11, 28. Eph. 5, 10. I Tim. 3, 10; *pret. partic.* gakusans, *approved;* Rom. 14, 18. II Cor. 10, 18. 13, 7. II Tim. 2, 15; un-gakusans, *unchosen, reprobate;* II Cor. 13, 5. 6. 7. (b) us-k., (1) *w. acc.: to prove, test;* I Thess. 5, 21; (2) *w. instrumental dat.: to cast out, thrust out, reject;* Lu. 4, 29. 20, 17. I Cor. 1, 19; *and folld. by* ût us *w. dat.;* Lu. 4, 29; *in pass. it is construed personally;* Lu. 9, 22. 17, 25. I Cor. 9, 27; *so w.* skulds wisan; Mk. 8, 31; *pret. partic.* uskusans, *reprobate; followed by* bi *w. acc.;* II Tim. 3, 8; *or* du *w. dat.;* Tit. 1, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* cêosan, *Mdl. E.* chêse, chȯse, *Mdn. E.* choose, *O. S.* kiosan, *to choose, O. H. G.* chiosan, *M. H. G.* kiesen, *to prove, test, examine closely, choose, N. H. G.* kiesen, *to choose. From Germanic root* kus (*pre-Germanic* gus; *s.* kustus), *which appears as* kur (*by rotacism*), *in O. E.* curon (*pret. pl.; sing.* cêas), coren (*pret. partic.*), *Mdl. E.* curen, churen, coren, koren (*beside forms with* s); *in N. H. G.* erkoren (*pret. partic.*), *chosen, elected, elect, etc.; also in O. E.* cyre, *m., Mdl. E.* cure, kire, *choice, custom, O. H. G.* churi, *M. H. G.* kür (*w. uml.*), *N. H. G.* kur, chur, *f., choice, in* kurfürst (*For* fürst, *s.* faúra), *m., elector, and* -kür, *in* willkür (*For* will-, *s.* wilja). *Of Germanic orig. is the kindred O. Fr.* choisir, coisir, *to choose, whence* chois, *whence Mdl. E.* chois, *Mdn. E.* choice. — *Comp.* kausjan, kustus.]

***klahs,** *adj., in* niu-klahs. — *Etymology obscure; comp., however, L. M., p. 2.*

Klêmaíntus, *pr. n., formed after*

the Gr. gen., Κλήμεντος; dat. Klêmaíntau; Phil. 4, 3. (*so in B, A has* Klaimaíntau).

klismjan, *w. v., to tinkle, clink;* I Cor. 13, 1. — *From follg. w.*

klismô, *f., cymbal;* I Cor. 13, 1. *Etymology unknown.*

kniu, *n.* (93), *knee;* Mk. 1, 40. 15, 19. Lu. 5, 8. Rom. 14, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* cnêo, *n.* (*contracted from* cne-u, *for* cnewo, *the* w, *when final, becoming* u *after a short vowel*), *Mdl. E.* knê, *Mdn. E.* knee. *The secondary O. E.* cnêow *is owing to the inflected forms with* w (*comp. gen.* cnêowes, *etc.*), *O. H. G.* chniu, chneo (*gen.* chnewes, chniwes), *M. H. G.* knie (*gen.* knies, kniewes), *N. H. G.* knie, *n., knee. Germanic stem* knew-a- *answers to Indg.* gnew- (*without the* a-*extension*), *a by-form of* gnu- = *Goth.* knu- *in* *knussus, *whence the v.* knussjan (*q. v.*), *to kneel. Beside Idg.* gnu, *the forms* genu, gonu-, *occur; comp. Lt.* genu, *Gr.* γόνυ (*ἰγνύα, inner part of the knee, hough; γνύξ, adv., with bended knee*), *Skr.* jānu, *n., knee* abhijñu, *up to the knee,* jñu-bādh, *kneeling*). *Allied to Mdl. E.* cnêole, knêle, *Mdn. E.* kneel (*with* l-*suffix*), *perhaps from a cognate dialect; comp. Du.* knielen, *Dan.* knæle, *to kneel.*]

knôþs (*only* knôdai *occurs;* 74, *n.* 2), *f., race, stock;* Phil. 3, 5. [*Cf. O. H. G.* chnôt, chnuat, *f., race. Allied to O. E.* cnôsl (*w. suff.* -sla), *n., race, kin, progeny, O. S.* knôsal, *O. H. G.* chnuosal, *n., race, kin; and to Lt.* nâtus (*for* *gnâtus), nâtio, nâsci. *S. the kindred* kuni, *and Brgm., M. U., I, 47.*]

knussjan, *w. v., to kneel;* Mk 10, 17; kniwam knussjan, *th. s.;* Mk. 1, 40. [*From* *knussus, *from stem* knu- (*Idg.* gnu; *s.* kniu), *and suffix* -ssus.]

Kôsam, *pr. n., Κωσάμ, gen.* is; Lu. 3, 28.

Kostila (Kustila?) Neap. doc.

Krêks, *pr. n.* (8; 119), *Ἕλλην;* Gal. 2, 3. 3, 28. Col. 3, 11; *gen.* -is; Rom. 10, 12; *nom. plur.* -ôs; I Cor. 1, 22.

Krêskus, *pr. n., Κρήσκης* (*A has* Xrêskus, *B* Krispus); II Tim. 4, 10.

Krêta, *pr. n.* (6), *Κρήτη, dat.* -ai; Tit. 1, 5.

Krêtês (*the second* ê *stands for Gr.* ε, *as in* Iarêd (6, *n.* 1), *or for* ei (17, *n.* 1)), *pr. n. in plur., Κρῆτες;* Tit. 1, 12. — *Comp. prec. w.*

Krispus, *pr. n., Κρίσπος;* II Tim. 4, 10 (*so in B, A has* Xrêskus); *acc.* -u; I Cor. 1, 14.

kriustan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to gnash;* kr. tunþuns, *to gnash with the teeth;* Mk. 9, 18. [*Supposed to be the source of O. Fr.* cruisir, croissir, *whence Mdl. E.* crusche, *Mdn. E.* crush; *s. Dz., I, 113.* — *Der.* krusts, *q. v.*]

***krôtôn,** *w. v.* (12, *n.* 1), *to crush,*

grind, in ga-kr., *th. s.;* Lu. 20, 18 (*the MS. has* gakrôtuda). — *Supposed to be allied to* kaúrn (*q. v.*); *s. L. M., p. 3.*

krusts, *m.* (101, *n.* 1), *gnashing;* Mt. 8, 12. — *From* kriustan, *q. v.*

kubitus, *m., a reclining (at table);* anakumbjan kubituns (*cognate acc.*), *to recline in a company;* Lu. 9, 14. [*It is the Lt.* cubitus, *m., a lying down; bed, couch. Comp.* *kumbjan.]

kukjan, *w. v. w. dat., to kiss;* Mk. 14, 44. 45. Lu. 7, 38. 45. 15, 20. — *Compd.* bi-k. *w. acc., th. s.;* Lu. 7, 45. [*Cognate with O. E.* cêace, cêoce, *m., Mdl. E.* chêk, *Mdn. E.* cheek.]

***kumbjan,** *w. v.* (54, *n.* 1), *to lie down, recline. — Compds.* (a) ana-k., *to lie down, sit down, recline, sit at meat;* Lu. 7, 36. 9, 14. 15. 17, 7. Jo. 6, 10. 11. 13, 12. 28. Skeir. VII, b; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 8, 6. Lu. 14, 10. Jo. 13, 25; *or* in *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 10. Mk. 2, 15. Lu. 7, 37. Jo. 13, 23. I Cor. 8, 10; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 11. Lu. 5, 29. Jo. 12, 2. (b) miþ-ana-k., *to lie down together with, to sit at meat with;* Mk. 6, 22. 26. Lu. 7, 49; *w. a follg. dat.;* Mt. 9, 10. Mk. 2, 15. Lu. 14, 10. [*From Lt.* ac-cumbere *to lay one's self down, recline. Comp.* cubitus.]

kumei, *for. w., κοῦμι!, arise!* Mk. 5, 41.

kuna-wida, *f., bond;* Eph. 6, 20. [*From* kuna (*s. L. M., 218, 361, 373, and Sch.,* kunavida) *and* *wida, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* cynewiððe, *f.* (?), *bond, band, O. H. G.* chunwid, *f., bond, fetter.*]

***kunds,** *f., in* ga-kunds. — *S.* *kunþs.

***kunds,** *adj., of a certain kind or nature, native; from; occurs in:* aírþa-, gôda-, guma-, himina-, ufarhimina-, inna-, *and* qina-kunds. [*Prop. an old partic. in* -to (*comp.* dauþs, guþ, kalds, *etc.*), *from root* kun (ken, kan), *to bear, bring forth, beget; cf. O. E.* -cund *in* godcund, *divine,* heofoncund, *heavenly,* feorrancund, *born in a foreign land, etc. Allied to O. N.* kundr, *m., son, and to O. S.* kind, *n., O. H. G.* chind, *M. H. G.* kint (*gen.* kindes), *N. H. G.* kind, *n., child. For further cognates, s. follg. w.*]

kuni, *n.* (93), *kin, race, tribe, stock, generation;* Mt. 11, 16. Mk. 8, 12. 9, 19. 29. Lu. 1, 8. 48. 61. Lu. 2, 36. 3, 7. 7, 31. 9, 41. 43. 17, 25. II Cor. 11, 26. Phil. 3, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* cyn(n), *gen.* cynnes, *n.* (*from West Germanic* *kunnjo-, *Germanic* kunjo-; *the* y *of* cynn *being* i-*uml. of* u; nn *for* n, *by gemination before the original* j), *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* kin, *O. N.* kyn, *O. S.* kunni, *n., O. H. G.* chunni, *M. H. G.* künne, *n., race. From root* kun, ken, kan, *to bring forth, bear, beget, which appears also in Goth.* *kunds (*s.*

prec. w.) *and in the follg. words: O. E.* (ge)cynd, *f. n., nature, Mdl. E.* kînd, *Mdn. E.* kind, *and the adj.*, (ge)cynde, *natural, suitable, Mdl. E.* kînd, *natural, kind, Mdn. E.* kind; *O. E.* *cyn-rêde(n) (*For the latter part of the word s.* *rêdan), *Mdl. E.* kinrêd, *Mdn. E.* kindred (*the* d *being inserted for the sake of* euphony); *O. E.* cyning (*w. suff.* -ing. *Concerning the original meaning of this word, s. Kl.*, könig), *m., Mdl. E.* kyning, kining, king, *Mdn. E.* king, *O. N.* konungr, *O. S.* cuning, *O. H. G.* chuning, chunig, *M. H. G.* künic, künc(g), kuninc, konig, köninc, *N. H. G.* könig, *m., king; O. E.* cennan, *Mdl. E.* kenne, *to bear* (*children*), *beget. Germanic* ken *answers to Indg.* gen, *which occurs in Gr.* γένος, *n., race, generation,* γί-γνεσθαι, *to be born, grow, begin,* γυνή, *f., woman, wife; in Lt.* genus (*stem* gener-), *kin, race,* gens (*gen.* gentis), *clan, race,* gignere, *to beget; in Skr. root* jan, *to beget,* jánas, *n., race,* janús, *n., birth, creature, kin,* janî, *f., woman,* jantú, *m., child, being, race,* jâtá, *son; in O. Bulg.* zěna, *woman; in Lith.* gentis, *relation. To the stem of Lt.* genus (*above*) *refer O. Fr.* genre, *kind, whence Mdl. E.* gendre (*the* d *being inorganic, as in Mdn. E.* kindred; *above*), *Mdn. E.* gender; *Lt.* generalis, *of or belonging to a kind or species, of or relating to all, general, whence O. Fr.* general, *whence Mdl. E.* general, *Mdn. E.* general; *Lt.* generosus, *of good or noble birth, noble, whence O. Fr.* generous, genereux, *whence Mdn. E.* generous; *Lt.* generare, *to produce, pret. partic.* generatus, *whence Mdn. E.* generate, *Lt. compd.* ingenerare (in, *in*), *to produce, whence O. Fr.* engendrer, *whence Mdl. E.* engendre, *Mdn. E.* engender, *and Lt.* regenerare (re, *again, anew*), *to bring forth again, reproduce, pret. partic.* regeneratus, *whence Mdn. E.* regenerate; *Lt.* degener (de, *from, down from*), *that departs from its race or kind, not genuine, base, whence* degenerare, *to depart from its race or kind, to degenerate, pret. partic.* degeneratus, *whence Mdn. E.* degenerate. *To the stem of Lt.* gens (*above*) *refer Mdn. E.* genteel, gentile, gentle, gentry, *all through the Fr. To the pret. stem of* gignere (*above*) *refer Mdn. E.* genital, genitive, genitor, progenitor, *all through the Fr. For further cognates, such as Mdn. E.* genius, ingenious, ingenuous, genial, congenial, genuine, generic, engine, progeny, *s. Sk.*, genus. — *Comp.* *kuns.]

***kunnains,** *f., knowledge, in* anakunnains. — *From* kunnan (*w. v.*), *q. v.*

kunnan, *pret.-pres. v.* (199), *to know,* (1) *used alone;* Mt. 27, 65. I Cor. 13, 9. (2) *w. acc.;* Mt. 7, 23. 26, 72. Mk. 1, 34. 4, 11. 10, 19. 12, 24. Jo. 6, 42. 7, 49. 8, 19. 55. Rom. 7, 1. 7. II Cor. 5, 21. II Tim. 3, 15. Skeir. II b. V, a. VII, a. VIII, c. (3) *w. double acc.;* Mk. 6, 20. Jo. 17, 3. (4) *folld. by* bi *w. dat.;* Lu. 1, 18. II Cor. 5, 16. (5) *folld. by an indir. question;* Mk. 1, 24. 14, 68. Lu. 4, 34. 10, 22. Skeir. III a. (6) *folld. by a dependent clause introduced by* ei; Jo. 15, 18. II Tim. 3, 1; *or* þatei; Mk. 13, 28. II Cor. 13, 5. Skeir. I, b. — *Compds.* (199, *n.* 1), (a) fra-k. *w. dat., to despise;* Mt. 6, 24. Lu. 16, 13. 18, 9. Jo. 12, 48. Rom. 14, 3. 10. I Cor. 11, 22. 16, 11. I Thess. 5, 20. I Tim. 4, 12. Skeir. I, d. VI, d; *the dat. being implied;* I Tim. 6, 2. (b) ga-k. (*with or without* sik), *to acknowledge one's inferiority or subjection, to subject one's self,* (1) *w. dat.;* Gal. 2, 5. (2) *folld. by* faúra *w. dat.;* I Cor. 15, 28; *pres. partic.* ga-kunnands, *by permission;* I Cor. 7, 6. (c) uf-k. (*the pres. follows the weak inflection; pret.* ufkunþa, *once* ufkunnaida; I Cor. 1, 21; *pret. partic.* ufkunnaiþs), *to know, recognize.* (1) *w. acc. of pers. or th.;* Mt. 10, 26. Mk. 6, 54. Lu. 8, 46. 19, 44. Rom. 7, 7. I Thess. 3, 5. (2) *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 5, 29; *or* bi *w. dat.;* Mt. 7, 16. 20. II Cor. 5, 16; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Jo. 7, 17. (3) *folld. by a dependent interrog. clause;* Lu. 7, 39. Jo. 7, 51. II Cor. 2, 9; *or by a dependent clause introduced by* ei; Jo. 17, 7; *or* þatei; Mk. 2, 8. Lu. 7, 37. Jo. 6, 69. 7, 26. 8, 28. 14, 31. Neh. 6, 16; *or* þei; Jo. 13, 35. [*Cf. O. E.* cunnan, *pres. indic. sing.* cann, *plur.* cunnon, *pret.* cûðe (û *for* un; *s.* munþs. — *Goth.* kunþa), *to know, be able, Mdl. E.* cunne, *pres. indic. sing.* can, *plur.* cunne, *pret.* cûð, couð, *to know, be able, pres. partic.* cunning (*used as an adj., Mdn. E.* cunning, *adj. For the subst.* cunning, *s.* *kunnan), *Mdn. E.* can, *pret.* could (*the* l *being due to* would *and* should; *s.* wiljan, skulan), *O. H. G.* chunnan, *M. H. G.* kunnen, *N. H. G.* können, *to be able, understand. From Germanic stem* kann-, *which is closely allied to O. E.* cnâ- (*Goth.* *knê-) *in* cnâwan (*pret.* cnêow), *Mdl. E.* knǫwe (*pret.* knêw), *Mdn. E.* know, *O. H. G.* *chnâan *in* irchnâan, bichnâan, *to know, recognize. A third Germanic stem,* knô-, *appears in O. H. G.* irchnuodilen, *to be perceptible. To Germanic* knô *answers Idg.* gnô; *comp. Gr.* γι-γνώ-σκειν, *aor.* ἔ-γνω-ν, *to peeceive, recognize, know,* γνῶσις, *recognition, knowledge, Lt.* gno-scere, nô-

tus, nô-tio (*For a large number of cognates referring to the stems of these Lt. words, such as* noble, quaint, acquaint, cognisance, recognize, cognition, note, denote, notary, notion, notorious, *etc., s. Sk.* noble), *and Ind.* jânâmi, jajnâu, *pret. partic.* jnâtá, *recognize, know. — Der.: O. S.* cunsti, *pl., knowledge, wisdom, O. H. G.* kunst, *M. H. G.* kunst, *f., knowledge, wisdom, skill, art, N. H. G.* kunst, *f., art, skill. Comp.* kannjan, *kunnan, kunþs.]

***kunnan,** *w. v., in* (a) ana-k. *w. acc., to read;* II Cor. 1, 13. 3, 2. (b) at-k. *w. acc., to afford, grant, give;* Col. 4, 1. (c) ga-k. *w. acc., to recognize, know, consider;* Mt. 6, 28. Lu. 1, 4. 8, 17. 19, 15. II Cor. 1, 14. Gal. 4, 9; *to read;* Mk. 12, 26. (d) uf-k. (*pret. strong* (199, *n.* 1), *except once* ufkunnaida, *pret. partic.* ufkunnaiþs; *comp.* I Cor. 1, 21; *and* II Cor. 6, 9, *respectively); s. prec. w.,* (c). [*Cf. O. E.* cunnian, *to try to find out, to try, Mdl. E.* cunne, *to try, Mdn. E.* con *to consider, know* (*obs.*). — *Der. O. E.* cunning, *f., trial, experiment, experimental knowledge, Mdl. E.* cunning, *knowledge, wisdom, Mdn. E.* cunning (*For the adj.* cunning, *s.* kunnan). *From Germanic stem* kann-; *s. prec. w.*]

***kuns,** *adj., of the same race, of kin; occurs in* alja-, sama-kuns; in-kunja, *q. v.* — *From stem of* kuni, *q. v.*

kunþi, *n., knowledge;* Lu. 1, 77. Rom. 10, 2. I Cor. 8, 10. 13, 2. 8. II Cor. 2, 14. 4, 6. 6, 6. 8, 7. 10, 5. 11, 6. Eph. 3, 19. Phil. 3, 8. Col. 1, 9. Skeir. I d. IV, b. VI, b. — *From stem of* kunþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja.

***kunþjan,** *w. v., in* ga-swi-k. *w. acc., to make known, to manifest, commend;* Mk. 3, 12. Lu. 19, 11. II Cor. 10, 18. Col. 1, 26. II Tim. 1, 10. Skeir. II, a. IV, c. — *From* kunþs, *q. v.* — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***kunþs,** *f.; in* ga-kunþs; *s.* ga-kunds. — *From* kunnan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þi (-di; *s. v. B., p. 71*). — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

kunþs, *adj., known,* (1) *w. dat.;* Jo. 18, 15. 16. Phil. 4, 5; kunþs wisan, *to be made known;* Eph. 3, 5; *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* Phil. 4, 6; kunþa, *subst. m., acquaintaince;* Lu. 2, 44. [*Prop. pret. partic. of* kunnan (*q. v.*), *to know. Cf. O. E.* cûð (*from* *cunð), *Mdl. E.* cûð, couð, *known, Mdn. E.* *couth *in* uncouth (*Mdl. E. O. E.* uncûð, *adj., unknown*), *O. S.* cûth, *O. H. G.* chund, *M. H. G.* kunt (d). *N. H. G.* kund, *adj., known.* — *Der.: O. E.* cŷðan (*ŷ from* û, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* cîðe, kîðe, *to make known, Mdn. E.* kythe, *to show, declare, O. S.* kûðian, *O. H. G.* chundan, kun-

den, *M. H. G.* kunden, künden, *N. H. G.* künden, *to make known; O. E.* cȳððu (-ðu= *Goth.* -iþa), *shortened* cȳð(ð), *f., home, kindred, Mdl. E.* kîððe, *Mdn. E.* kith, *kindred, acquaintance, O. H. G.* chundida, *f., race, kindred.* — *Comp.* kunþi, *kunþjan, *kunþs.]

Kusa, *pr. n., gen.* -ins: qêns Kusins, *γυνὴ Χουζᾶ;* Lu. 8, 3.

Kustanteinus, *pr. n., Κωνσταντῖνος; gen.* -aus (*The MS. has* -us (105, *n.* 2)); Cal.

***kusts,** *f., proof, in* ga-kusts (103), *q. v.* [*From root of* kiusan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* cyst, *f., choice, virtue, Mdl. E.* custe, *virtue, quality, O. S.* kust, *O. H. G.* kust, *f., choice, trial, quality. S. follg. w.*]

kustus, *m., proof, trial, test;* II Cor. 2, 9. 8, 2. 13, 3. [*From root of* kiusan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tu. *Cf. O. E.* cost, *m., manner, Mdl. E.* cost, *choice, quality, manner, O. N.* kostr, *m., choice, quality, condition, circumstance, O. H. G.* chost, *m., judgment, decision. Further O. E.* costian, costnian, *Mdl. E.* costne, *to prove, try, tempt, O. S. O. H. G.* costôn, *to prove by tasting, M. H. G. N. H. G.* kosten, *to taste, try* (*For Mdn. E.* cost, *N. H. G.* kosten, *etc., s.* standan). *Root* kus *answers to pre-Germanic* gus *in Lt.* gustus, *taste, whence Mdn. E.* gust, *relish, taste, and Fr.* goût, *taste, whence Mdn. E.* gout, *taste; in Lt.* gustare, *to taste, whence O. Fr.* gouster, *th. s., compd.* desgouster (des=*Lt.* dis, *apart*), *to distaste, loathe, whence Mdn. E.* disgust; *and Lt.* *re-ad-gustare (re, *again*, ad, *to*), *to restore one's taste, whence Fr.* ragoûter, *to give an appetite, stimulate, whence Fr.* ragoût, *stew, whence Mdn. E. N. H. G.* ragout. — *Comp. prec. w.*]

Kyrênaius, *pr. n., Κυρήνιος, Quirinus, dat.* -au; Lu. 2, 2.

Kyrênaius, *pr. n., Κυρηναῖος, a Cyrenian, acc.* -u; Mk. 15, 21.

Q.

Qainôn, *w. v., to weep, mourn, lament;* Mt. 9, 15. 11, 17. Mk. 16, 10; *w. acc., to bewail;* II Cor. 12, 21. [*Cf. O. E.* cwânian, *to lament, bemoan, O. N.* kveina, *th. s.*]

***qaírnus,** *m., in* asilu-qaírnus, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* cweorn (eo *from* e, *by breaking*), cwyrn (y *for* ie, *from* eo, *by* i-*uml.*), *f., mill, Mdl. E.* cwern, quern, *Mdn. E.* quern, *hand-mill, O. N.* kvern, *O. H. G.* kurn, *M. H. G.* kurn, kürne, *f., mill-stone, hand-mill, mill, Eff.* kwien, *f., churn.*]

qaírrei, *f., meekness, gentleness;* II Cor. 10, 1. Gal. 5, 23. 6, 1. Eph. 4, 2. Col. 3, 12. I Tim. 6,

11. II Tim. 2, 25.—*From stem of* qaírrus (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

qaírrus, *adj.*, (131), *meek, gentle;* I Tim. 3, 3. II Tim; 2, 24. [*Cf. O. N.* kvirr, kyrr, *still, quiet, O. H. G.* *churri, *cwirri, *M. H. G.* kürre, *M. G.* kurre, kirre, *tame, mild, N. H. G.* kirre, *adj., tame, familiar, submissive.* — *Comp. prec. w.*]

Qartus, *pr. n.* (59), *Κούαρτος;* Rom. 16, 23.

***qêniþs,** *adj., having a wife, in* unqêniþs, *q. v.* — *Prop. pret. partic. of* *qênjan, *to take a wife, from* qêns; *s. follg. w.*

qêns (qeins; 7, *n.* 2), *f.* (103), *woman, wife;* Mt. 5, 31. 32. 27, 19. Mk. 6, 17. 18. 10, 2. 11. 29. 12, 19. 20. 22. 23. Lu. 1, 5. 13. 18. 24. 2, 5. 3, 19. 8, 3. 14, 20. 26. 16, 18. 17, 32. 18, 29. 20, 28. 29. 30. 32. 33. Rom. 7, 2, I Cor. 7, 10. 11, 12. 13. 14. 16. 27. 28. Eph. 5, 22. 23. 24. 25. 28. Col. 3, 19. I Tim. 3, 2. 12. 5, 9. Tit. 1, 6. Neh. 6, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* cwên (*from* *cwôni-; ê is i-*uml. of* ô= *West Germanic* â *before a nasal, Germanic* ê), *f., queen, woman, wife, Mdl. E.* qwên, *woman, queen, quean, Mdn. E.* queen, quean, *O. N.* kván, *O. S.* quân, *f., woman, wife, Skr.* gâni-, *wife, woman. S.* qinô *and prec. w.*]

***qêþs,** *adj., in* unqêþs. — *Allied to* qiþan, *q. v.*

qiman, *st. v.* (175, *n.* 1), *used both lit. and trop.: to come, arrive;* Mt. 6, 10. 7, 25. 8, 9. 11, 14. Lu. 5, 35. Skeir. I, c; *folld. by* (1) af *w. dat.;* Mk. 3, 22. 15, 21. II Cor. 1, 16. 11, 9; (2) ana *w. dat.;* Lu. 19, 5. 43. Eph. 5, 6. Col. 3, 6. Skeir. IV, d; *or acc.;* Mk. 8, 10. Jo. 18, 4. Gal. 1, 21; (3) and *w. acc.;* Lu. 3, 3; (4) at *w. dat.;* Mt. 7, 15. Mk. 1, 40. Skeir. VIII, c; (5) du *w. dat.;* Jo. 6, 37. 9, 39; du þamma, *for this cause;* Jo. 18, 37; duþê (=du *and instr.* þê), *therefore;* Mk. 1, 38; duþþê (*i. e.* du-uh-þê), *th. s.;* Jo. 12, 27; (6) fram *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 11. Mk. 5, 35. Gal. 2, 12. I Thess. 3, 6; (7) hindar *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 28. Mk. 5, 1; (8) in *w. gen.* (*s.* in); Jo. 12, 9; *or dat.;* Mt. 5, 20. Mk. 13, 26; in garda qumans, *being in the house;* Mk. 9, 33; *or acc.;* Jo. 6, 14. 11, 27. II Cor. 12, 1; (9) miþ *w. dat.;* Mk. 14, 62. Jo. 11, 33. II Cor. 9, 4; (10) nêhva *w. dat.;* Mk. 2, 4. Jo. 6, 19. 23; (11) und *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 42. 18, 5; (12) us *w. dat.;* Mk. 7, 1. Neh. 5, 17. Skeir. IV, c. d; (13) *adv.; as,* faírraþrô; Mk. 8, 4; hêr; Mt. 8, 29. Lu. 7, 8. Jo. 6, 25; hvaþrô; Jo. 8, 14; iupaþrô; Skeir. IV, b. c; þaruh (*i. e.* þar-uh); Skeir. III, a; (14) *a final clause introduced by* ei; Jo. 10, 10. 12, 9. 47. 16, 32. 18, 37; *or* duþê ei; Mk. 4, 21; (15) *an inf., denoting purpose;* Mt. 5, 17. Skeir. I, a; (16) *an acc.*

of space; as, dagis wig q., *to go a day's journey;* Lu. 2, 44. — *The pres. partic. preceded by the art., follows the weak infl.; as,* sa qimanda; Mt. 11, 3. II Cor. 11, 4; *once occurs* sa iupaþrô qimands; Skeir. IV, b.— *Compds.* (a) ana-q. *w. acc., to come near, approach;* Lu. 2, 9. (b) bi-q. *w. acc., to come upon;* I Thess. 5, 3. (c) faúra-q. *folld. by* in andwaírþja *w. gen., to come before, go before;* Lu. 1, 17. (d) fra-q., *to expend, spend,* (1) *w. dat.;* Mk. 5, 26. Lu. 8, 43. 9, 54; (2) *construed pers. in pass.;* II Cor. 12, 15. Gal. 5, 15. Neh. 5, 18. (e) ga-q., (1) *to come together;* Mt. 27, 17. Mk. 2, 2. Lu. 8, 4; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 62; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Jo. 11, 19; *or* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 5, 17; *w. the rel. adv.* þarei; Jo. 18, 20; *intensified by* samana; I Cor. 14, 23; ga-q. sik *folld. by* du *w. dat., th. s.;* Mk. 5, 21. 7, 1. 10, 1. (*Comp.* gaqumþs); (2) *folld. by* in *w. dat., to arrive at, attain to;* Phil. 3, 11; (3) gaqimiþ, *it is fit;* Col. 3, 18. (f) miþ-q. *w. dat., to come with;* Jo. 6, 22. (g) us-q., *to kill,* (1) *abs.;* II Cor. 3, 6; (2) *w. dat.;* Mt. 10, 28. Mk. 3, 6. 6, 19. 9, 31. 10, 34. 12, 7. 8. Jo. 7, 25. 8, 22. 37. 12, 10. 18, 31. I Thess. 2, 14; *dat. or acc.?;* Jo. 16, 2; (3) *w. acc.;* Mk. 12, 5. Jo. 7, 1. 19. 20. 8, 40; — *the object being implied;* Lu. 19, 27. 20, 15. Rom. 7, 11; — *the inf. occurring in a pass. sense;* Mk. 8, 31. Lu. 9, 22. — [*Cf. O. E.* cuman (*for* *cwuman, *from Germanic* queman), *Mdl. E.* cume, come, *Mdn. E.* come, *O. N.* koma, *O. S.* cuman, *O. H. G.* choman, *M. H. G.* komen, *N. H. G.* kommen, *to come, Eff.* kǫmme (*pret.* kǫ̂m, kwǫ̂m), *to come.* — *Compds.: O. E.* becuman (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to come upon, Mdl. E.* becume, become, *to come to, come upon, reach, become, Mdn. E.* become, *O. H. G.* biqueman, bechomen, *M. H. G.* bekomen, *to come to, come upon, become, N. H. G.* bekommen, *to get, obtain, be good for, agree with* (*Comp. Goth.* ga-qimiþ, *it is fit, and Lt.* convĕnit, *th. s.*). — *Der. O. E.* cyme, *adj., becoming, lovely, whence* cymlîc (*For* -lîc, *s.* *leiks), *lovely, splendid, Mdl. E.* kumli, comli, *Mdn. E.* comely; *Mdn. E.* welcome, *from a cognate dial.; comp. Du.* welkom, *O. N.* vellkominn, *welcome, from* vel (*s.* waíla), *and* kominn, *pret. partic. of* koma (*above*), *M. H. G.* willekumen, *N. H. G.* willkommen, *adj., welcome; also O. E.* wilcuma, *m., a welcome guest. Further the verbal adj.: O. E.* ȝe-cwême (ê *from* ô, *by* i-*uml., for* â, *Germanic* ê; *Goth.* *ga-qêmi-), *Mdl. E.,* i-cwêm, cwêm, *convenient, becoming, O. H. G.* bi-quâmi, *M. H. G.* bequæ̂me,

N. H. G. bequem, *convenient, pleasing, comfortable.* — *Germanic root* kvem *answers to pre-Germanic* gvem, *for* gem; *comp. Lt.* venire (*for* *gvemire), *to come, Gr.* βαίνειν (*for* *βαν-jειν, *βαμjειν, *from* *γϝεμjειν), *to go.* — *S.* qums, *qumþs.]

qina-kunds, *adj., female;* Gal. 3, 28. — *From stem* qinô- (*s.* qinô, *stem* qinôn-) *and* *kunds, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

qinein, *n., a silly woman;* II Tim. 3, 6. — *From stem* qinô- (*s. prec. w.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna (*s.* gaitein). — *Comp. follg. w.*

***qineins,** *adj., female;* Mk. 10, 6. — *From stem* qinô- (*s. prec. w.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna. *Comp. follg. w.*

qinô, *f.* (112), *woman;* Mt. 5, 28. 11, 11. Mk. 7, 25. 15, 40. Lu. 1, 28. I Cor. 7, 16. 11, 3. 6. I Tim. 2, 9. 10. Skeir. VII, b. [*Cf. O. N.* kona, *O. S. O. H. G.* quena, chone, *M. H. G.* kone, *woman, Gr.* γυνή (*For* γ *from* γϝ, *s.* qiman), *Skr.* gnâ, *woman. S.* qêns.]

***qiss,** *f.* (76, *n.* 1), *speech, in* ana-, ga-, missa-, sama-, þiuþi-, us-, waíla-qiss, *q. v.* [*From* qiþan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* cwiss *in* ȝe-cwiss, *f., harmony. Comp. follg. w.*]

***qiss,** *adj., in* ga-qiss, *q. v.* — *From* qiþan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tá; qissa- *from* qiþ-tá. *Comp. prec. w.*

qisteins, *f., destruction;* I Cor. 5, 5. — *From* qistjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni.

qistjan, *w. v. w. dat., to destroy;* Lu. 9, 56. — *Compds.* (a) fra-q., *to destroy,* (1) *abs.;* Jo. 10, 10; (2) *w. dat.;* Mt. 10, 28. 39. 42. Mk. 8, 35. 9, 41. Lu. 9, 24, 25. 17, 29, 33. Jo. 12, 25. 18, 9. Rom. 14, 15; *dat. or acc.?;* Mk. 1, 24. Lu. 4, 34. I Cor. 1, 19; *acc.;* Lu. 17, 27. Jo. 18, 14. *Pret. partic.* fraqistiþs; II Cor. 4, 9. (b) us-q., *to destroy, kill,* (1) *w. dat.;* Mk. 9, 22. 11, 18. Lu. 20, 16; (2) *w. acc.;* Mk. 3, 4. 12, 9. Lu. 6, 9. 19, 47. *Pret. partic.* us-qistiþs; Mk. 9, 31. [*From stem* qis-ti-, *destruction; cf. O. H. G.* quist, *f., destruction* (*S. v. B., p. 66*). — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***qistnan,** *w. v., in* fra-q., *to be destroyed, to perish;* Mt. 5, 29. 30. 8, 25. 9, 17. Mk. 2, 22. 4, 38. Lu. 5, 37. 8, 24. 15, 17. Jo. 6, 12. 10, 28. 17, 12. I Cor. 8, 11. 15, 18. II Cor. 2, 15. Skeir. VII, d. — *Allied to prec. w., q. v.*

qiþan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *to say, speak, tell, name, call,* (1) *the person addressed is indicated by* (a) *the dat.* (*very often*); Mt. 5, 18. Skeir. IV, a. VII, d; (b) du *w. dat.* (*very often*); Mt. 8, 7. Mk. 4, 41. Skeir. V, d. VIII, a; — *inanimate beings addressed are always indicated by* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 4, 39. Lu. 17, 6. I Cor. 12, 21.

(2) *that which is said, is expressed by* (a) *the acc.;* Mk. 1, 42. 44. 14, 68. Jo. 7, 36. I Cor. 15, 51; (b) *a dependent clause,* (*α*) *acc. w. inf.;* Mk. 8, 27. 12, 18. Lu. 9, 18. 20. 20, 27, 41. Jo. 12, 29. II Cor. 4, 6; (*β*) *a clause introduced by* þatei; Mt. 5, 20. Skeir. VIII, d; *or* þei; Jo. 13, 38. 16, 20. 26. I Cor. 15, 50; *or* ei *w. indic.;* Jo. 9, 17. 18. 37; *w. opt. denoting purpose;* Mk. 3, 9. 8, 7. 9, 18. Lu. 4, 3. Gal. 5, 16; *or* ei ni *w. indic.;* Mt. 10, 23. 42. Mk. 9, 41; (*γ*) *an optative clause denoting command or exhortation;* Lu. 9, 54; (*δ*) *an infinitive clause w.* ni, *denoting prohibition;* Mt. 5, 34. 39. Rom. 12, 3; (c) *a direct quotation; s. examples under* (a) *and* (b); *the dir. quotation being often introduced by* þatei; Mt. 9, 18. Lu. 17, 34. Skeir. VIII, a; *or* untê; Mk. 9, 11. Rom. 9, 17; *or* ei; Jo. 13, 33. 18, 9. (3) *the person or thing spoken of, are indicated by the acc.;* Mk. 14, 71. I Cor. 10, 29. Phil. 3, 18; *for this acc.,* bi *w. acc. is found;* Mt. 11, 7. Mk. 1, 30. Jo. 7, 39. 9, 17. 10, 41. 11, 13. 13, 18. 22. 24. 18, 34. (4) *w. double acc.: to call;* Mk. 10, 18. 12, 37. 15, 12. Lu. 18, 19. Jo. 10, 35. 15, 15. Skeir. IV, c. d; — q. sik raíhtana, *to justify one's self;* Gal. 5, 4. (5) *w. instr.;* Mt. 8, 8. Lu. 7, 7. 8, 28. (6) *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 3. 21. Mk. 4, 2. 12, 1. 36. 38. Lu. 2, 24. 3, 8. 7, 49. 16, 3. 20, 42. Rom. 9, 25. 10, 6; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* Mt. 27, 9. Lu. 8, 4. (7) *in the follg. phrases:* waíla q. *w. dat., to speak well of, to praise;* Lu. 6, 26; ubil q. *w. dat., to speak evil of, to curse;* Mk. 7, 10. — *Compds.* (a) af-q. *w. dat., to renounce, forsake;* Lu. 14, 33. (b) ana-q., *to blaspheme; in pass., to be evil spoken of;* I Cor. 10, 30 (*Comp.* anaqiss). (c) and-q. *w. dat., to speak with, approach;* Lu. 8, 19; *to bid farewell to;* Lu. 9, 61. (d) faúr-q., *to make excuse;* Lu. 14, 18. 19; *w. dat., to gainsay, frustrate;* Gal. 2, 21. (e) faúra-q., *to tell beforehand, prophesy,* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 11, 13; (2) *w. dat. of pers., a dependent clause being introduced by* þatei; II Cor. 7, 3. 13, 2. Gal. 5, 21. I Thess. 3, 4. 4, 6; (3) *folld. by a conditional sentence;* Rom. 9, 29. (f) fra-q., (1) *to curse, w. acc.;* Mk. 11, 21. Lu. 6, 28. Jo. 7, 50. Skeir. VIII, c; *pret. partic.* fraqiþans, *used as a subst.;* Mt. 25, 41. Skeir. VIII, d; (2) *to declare against, despise, reject, w. acc. folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Lu. 7, 30. (g) ga-q. sis, *to agree among themselves;* Jo. 9, 22 (*Comp.* gaqiss). (h) missa-q., *to speak perversely, to strive, dispute;* Skeir. V, a (*Comp.* missaqiss). (i) us-q. *w. acc., to proclaim;* Mk. 1, 45. [*Cf. O. E.* cweðan, *Mdl. E.*

cweðe, *Mdn. E.* *queath *in* bequeath (*Mdl. E.* bicweðe, *to bequeath, O. E.* bi-cweðan, *th. s. For* bi-, *s.* bi), *O. N.* kveða, *O. S.* queðan, *O. H. G.* quedan, *M. H. G.* queden, keden, *to say, speak, call. To O. E.* cwæð, *pret. of* cweðan (*above*), *Mdl. E.* cwað, quo̧ð (*the* o̧ *from* a, *by influence of the prec.* w., *as in Mdn. E.* was (a=o̧), *from Mdl. E.* was, wæs, *O. E.* wæs; *s.* wisan), *refers Mdn. E.* quoth. — *Der. O. E.* cwide, *m., a saying, speech, Mdl. E.* cwide, *a saying, promise, legacy,* becwide, *legacy, confused with* bequeste, *legacy* (queste, *from O. Fr.* queste, *from pret. partic. of Lt.* quaerere), *Mdn. E.* bequest. — *S.* qiss, *qiss.]

***qiþrei,** *fem., in* lausqiþrei, *q. v.* — *From* *qiþrs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

***qiþrs,** *adj., in* laus-qiþrs.—*Allied to* qiþus, *q. v. Comp. L. M., p. 372.*

qiþu-hafts, *adj., pregnant;* qiþu-haftô, *f., used as subst., a woman being with child;* Mk. 13, 17. I Thess. 5, 3. — *From stem of* qiþus *and* -hafts, *q. v.*

qiþus, *m., womb;* Lu. 1, 41. 42. 2, 23; *stomach;* I Tim. 5, 23. [*Cf. O. N.* kviðr, *m., stomach, O. H. G.* quhiti, *m., womb. Allied to Lt.* venter (*for* *gventer), *Gr.* γαστήρ, *Skr.* gatháras, *belly, womb; s. Sch.,* qiþus.]

***qiujan,** *w. v.* (42; 187), *to quicken.* — *Compds.* (a) ana-q. *w. acc., to quicken, stir up;* II I Tim. 1, 6. (b) ga-q., *to quicken, give life, make alive,* (1) *abs.;* II Cor. 3, 6; (2) *w. acc.;* I Tim. 6, 13. Skeir. V, b. (c) miþ-ga-q. *w. acc., to quicken together with,* (1) *w. a dependent dat.;* Eph. 2, 5; (2) *folld. by* miþ *w. dat.;* Col. 2, 13. [*From* qius, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* cwicjan (*from* cwic), *to make alive, Mdl. E.* qvike, *to make alive* (*for which Mdn. E.* quicken, *from Mdl. E.* qvikne, *O. N.* kvikna, *to quicken*), *O. H. G.* quicken *in* irquicken, *M. H. G.* erquicken, *to quicken, N. H. G.* erquicken, *to refresh, recreate, comfort, revive. S. follg. w.*]

***qiunan,** *w. v., to be quickened, become alive.* — *Compd.* ga-q., *to be quickened, be made alive;* Lu. 15, 24. 32. Rom. 7, 9. I Cor. 15, 22. — *From* qius, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

qius, *adj.* (124, *n.* 3), *quick, living, alive;* Mk. 12, 27. Lu. 20, 38. Rom. 12, 1. 14, 9. Col. 2, 20. II Tim. 4, 1. [*From stem* qiwa-, *for* gwiwo-, giwo-, *living, alive, which answers to O. E.* cwicu, cucu, cwic, *alive, Mdl. E.* qvic, qvik (*infl. also* ck), *Mdn. E.* quick, *O. N.* kvikr, kykr, *alive, O. H. G.* quec, chec (*infl.* quecchêr, checchêr), *alive, M. H. G.* kec, quec (*infl.* kecker, quecker), *alive, fresh, N. H. G.* keck, *pert, bold, lively, and* queck, *quick* (*in E., G., and N. a* k-*sound has been inserted before*

the second w *of the Germanic stem*). *Germanic* gwiwo- *answers to Lt.* vîvus, *for* gwîvus, *Skr.* jîvás, *alive*, *Gr.* βίος (*For the initial* β=*Germanic* gw, *s.* qiman), *m.*, *life; comp. also Lt.* vivere (vic-tus), *Gr.* βιοῦν, *to live*, βίοτος, *life*, *Skr.* jîvâtu, jîvathas, *life. Indg. root* gᵾw, *to live, appears* (*w. abl.*) *in O. N.* kveikja, kveykva (*Goth.* *qaiwjan), *to kindle a fire, prop., to make alive. Compds. O. E.* cwicseolfor (*For* seolfor, *s.* silubr), *n.*, *Mdl. E.* quiksilver, *Mdn. E.* quicksilver, *O. H. G.* quecsilbar, *M. H. G.* quecsilber, *N. H. G.* quecksilber, *n.*, *quicksilver* (*formed after the Lt.* argentum vivum; *comp. Ital.* argento vivo, *Fr.* vif-argent). *S.* *qiujan, qiunan.]

qrammiþa, *f., moisture;* Lu. 8, 6. — *Probably from an adj.* qramma-, *moist. S. L. M., p. 267.*

qums, *m.* (101, *n.* 1), *a coming, appearing, arrival, presence;* I Cor. 15, 23. 16, 17. II Cor. 7, 6. 7. 10, 10. Phil. 1, 26. I Thess. 2, 19. 3, 13. 4, 15. 5, 23. II Thess. 2, 1. I Tim. 6, 14. II Tim. 4, 1. 8. [*From stem* qumi-, *from* qiman, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* cyme (*from* *cumi), *m.*, *Mdl. E.* cume, come, *arrival, O. S.* kumi, *O. H. G.* quumi, *m.*, *a coming, arrival. Comp. follg. w.*]

***qumþs,** *f., in* ga-qumþs. [*A verbal abstr., from* qiman, *to come, and suffix* -þi-. *Cf. O. H. G. M. H. G.* kunft (*For the insertion of* f *between* m *and* þ, *and the change of* mf þ *to* nft, *s.* *numts), kumft, *f., a coming, arrival, N. H. G.* -kunft *in* ankunft (*For* an-, *s.* ana), *f., arrival,* zusammenkunft (*For* zusammen-, *s.* samana), *f., a coming together, meeting, etc., whence O. H. G.* kumftîg, *M. H. G.* kümftec, *N. H. G.* künftig, *adj., future. Comp. prec. w.*]

L.

***Lageins,** *f., a laying, in* af-, ana-, faúrlageins. — *From* lagjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

lagga-môdei, *f., longsuffering;* Rom. 9, 22. II Cor. 6, 6. — *From stem of* laggs *and* môdei, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

laggei, *f.* (113), *length;* Eph. 3, 18. [*From* laggs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Cf. O. E.* lengu, *f.* (*for* *lengî, *from* *langî, *by* i-*uml., Mdl. E.* lenge, *f., length, stature, O. H. G.* lengî, *from* *langî, *M. H. G.* lenge, *N. H. G.* länge, *f., length. — Comp. prec. w.*]

laggs, *adj.* (*refers to time only*), *long;* Mk. 2, 19. 9, 21. Lu. 8, 27. 18, 4. Rom. 7, 1. 11, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* long (o *for* a *before nasals*), *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* long,

O. N. langr, *O. S. O. H. G.* lang, *M. H. G.* lanc(g), *N. H. G.* lang, *Lt.* longus, *long. — Compds.: O. E.* andlang (*For* and-, *s.* and), *continuous, entire, and prep. w. gen., along, Mdl. E.* anlang along, *Mdn. E.* along, *O. S.* antlang, *adj., entire, N. H. G.* entlang, *prep., along. — Der.: O. E.* lengð (*for* lengðu, *Goth.* laggiþa), *f., Mdl. E.* lengð, *Mdn. E.* length, *O. H. G.* lengida, *M. H. G.* lengede, *N. H. G.* (*dial.*) lengde, *f., length; O. E. Mdl. E.* longsum (*For* -sum, *s.* -sams), *O. S. O. H. G.* langsam, *M. H. G.* lancsam, *N. H. G.* langsam, *slow; O. E.* longian, *to long after, Mdl. E.* longe, *to long after,* be-longe (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to pertain to, Mdn. E.* long, belong, *O. S.* langôn, *desire, O. H. G.* langên, *to grow long, extend, reach, desire, M. H. G.* langen, *th. s.,* be-langen, *to long after, N. H. G.* langen, *to reach, be sufficient,* belangen, *to concern,* verlangen, *to long for, desire; O. E.* lengan (*from* langjan, *by* i-*uml.*), *to to make long, prolong, put off, Mdl. E.* lenge, *to tarry, whence the Mdn. E. iter.* linger. *To Lt.* longus *refer: Lt.* oblongus (ob *denoting direction toward*), *rather long, longish, whence Fr.* oblong, *whence Mdn. E.* oblong; *Lt.* *longare *in* elongare (e, *out*), *to remove, pret. partic.* elongatus, *whence Mdn. E.* elongate, *to lengthen; in Lt.* prolongare (pro, *forward*), *to prolong, whence Fr.* prolonger, *whence Mdn. E.* prolong; *another development of Lt.* prolongare, *is O. Fr.* porloigner (por *for* pro, *by metathesis*), purloigner, *to prolong, retard, delay, whence Mdl. E.* purloigne, *Mdn. E.* purloin; — *and in Fr.* allonger (al *for Lt.* ad, *to, by assimilation*), *to lengthen, whence* allonge, *a lengthening, whence* (*by error*) *Mdn. E.* a longe, *later* lunge, *a thrust* (*in fencing*). *Further Lt.* longitudo, *length, whence Fr.* longitude, *whence Mdn. E.* longitude; *and Lt.* longaevitas (*For* *aevitas=aetas, *s.* aiws), *whence Mdn. E.* longevity, *length of life. — Comp. prec. w.*]

lagjan, *w. v.* (187), *to lay, lay down, put, place, w. acc. of th.;* Lu. 19, 21. 22; kniwa l., *to bow one's knees;* Mk. 15, 19; *and folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 6, 56; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Mt. 9, 16. 27, 48. Mk. 10, 16. Lu. 5, 36. II Cor. 3, 13; gawaírþi l. ana aírþa, *to send peace on earth;* Mt. 10, 34; *or* faúr *w. acc.; as,* l. saiwala seina faúr, *to give one's life for;* Jo. 10, 11. 15. 13, 37. 38. 15, 13; *or* fram *w. dat.; as,* fram silbin, *by himself;* I Cor. 16, 2; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 27, 6. Mk. 7, 33. Lu. 9, 44. Jo. 18, 11. II Cor. 5, 19; *or* ana; Mk. 5, 23; *or*

hvar; Jo. 11, 34; *or a dat. of pers.;* Mk. 7, 32. I Tim. 5, 22. — *Compds.* (a) af-l. *w. acc., to lay off, put off, put away;* I Cor. 13, 11. Eph. 4, 22. 25. Col. 3, 8; *to lay down;* Jo. 10, 18. (b) ana-l. *w. acc., to lay on;* Lu. 4, 40; banjôs anal., *to wound;* Lu. 10, 30. (c) at-l. *w. acc.* (*expressed or implied*), *to lay, lay on, put on; folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Mt. 9, 18. Mk. 15, 17; *or* du *w. dat.;* Lu. 19, 23; *or* faúr *w. acc.;* Mk. 8, 6; *or* in *w. acc.: to cast into;* Mt. 7, 19; *or* ana (*adv.*); Mk. 8, 23; *or* faúr (*adv.*); Mk. 8, 6. (d) faúr-l. *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: to lay before, set before;* Lu. 9, 16. 10, 8. I Cor. 10, 27. (e) ga-l. *w. acc., to lay, lay down, set, put, place; folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Mk. 8, 25. 9, 42. 15, 36. Jo. 9, 15; *or* in *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 60. Mk. 6, 29, Lu. 1, 66. 2, 7. 12. 5, 18. 19, 20. Rom. 9, 33. Skeir. III, a; *or* in *w. acc.: to cast into;* Mt. 5, 25. 6, 30. Lu. 3, 9. Jo. 15, 6; *or* uf *w. acc.;* I Cor. 15, 25; *or dat.;* Mk. 6, 5; *to lay up;* II Tim. 4, 8; *or* ana (*adv.*); Mk. 11, 7; *or* hvar; Mk. 15, 47. Lu. 9, 58; *or* þarei; Mk. 16, 6; *w. double acc., to make;* Mk. 12, 36. Lu. 20, 43. (f) ufar-l. afarô, *to lay upon; in pass.: to be laid upon, lie upon;* Jo. 11, 38. (g) us-l. *w. acc. and* ana *w. acc.;* Mk. 14, 46. Lu. 9, 62. 15, 5. 20, 19. Jo. 7, 30. 44. Skeir. VIII, a. [*Causal of* ligan (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* lecʒ(e)an (cʒ *for* ʒʒ, *from* ʒj, *by gemination*), *Mdl. E.* leʒʒe, leʒe, leie, *Mdn. E.* lay, *O. N.* legja, *O. S.* leggian, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* legen, lecken, *N. H. G.* legen, *to lay.* — *Compds.: O. E.* â-lecʒan (*For* â-, *s.* us), *to lay down, lay aside, Mdl. E.* alaie, *Mdn E.* allay (*Comp. Sk.*, allay), *to assuage; O. H. G.* bi-legen (bi= *Goth.* bi, *q. v.*), *M. H. G.* belegen, *to lay down, overlay, N. H. G.* belegen, *to cover, overlay, belay, Du.* beleggen, *to overlay, belay a rope, whence Mdn. E.* belay, *to fasten a rope.* — *Comp. prec. w.*]

laian, *red. v.* (22; 182) *w. dat., to revile;* Jo. 9, 28. [*Supposed to be allied to Lt.* la-tr-âre, *to bark, bark at, rant, and to Gr.* λοιδορεῖν, *to revile, etc.; s. Sch.*, laian.]

laiba, *f., that which is left, a remnant;* Mk. 8, 8. Rom. 9, 27. [*From* *leiban, *q. v. Cf. O. S.* lêba, *O. H. G.* leipa, leiba, *M. H. G.* leibe, *f., remnant. Comp. follg. w.*]

***laibjan,** *w. v., to leave, in* bi-l. *w. acc., to leave; in pass: to be left, to remain;* I Thess. 4, 15. [*Causal of* *leiban, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* lǽfan (æ *for* â, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* lêave, lêve, *Mdn. E.* leave. — *Comp. prec. w.*]

laígaíôn, *for w.,* λεγεών, *legion;* Mk. 5, 9. 15.

***laigôn,** *w. v., in* bi-l., *to lick;* Lu. 16, 21. [*Cognate w. O. E.* liccian (*Goth.* *likkôn), *Mdl. E.* licke, *Mdn. E.* lick, *O. H. G.* lechôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* lecken, *to lick. Of Germanic orig. is the kindred O. Fr.* lecher, *to lick, whence O. Fr.* lecheour, *a man addicted to lewdness, lit. a licker, whence Mdl. E.* lechour lechur, *Mdn. E.* lecher; *compd.* re-lecher (re= *Lt.* re, *again*), *to lick over again, whence Mdn. E.* relish, *to taste or eat with pleasure. Goth.* laigôn *refers to* loigha-, *Idg. root* lĭgh: leigh; *comp. Gr.* λείχειν, *to lick,* λιχνεύειν, *to lick, lick up, feast on by stealth,* λίχνος, *delicate, dainty, exceedingly fond of dainties, Lt.* lingere, *to lick, Skr.* rih, lih, *to lick.*]

laikan, *red. v.* (179), *to leap for joy;* Lu. 1, 41. 44. 6, 23. — *Compd.* bi-l. *w. acc., to mock;* Mk. 10, 34. 15, 20. 31. Lu. 14, 29; *pass;* Lu. 18, 32. Gal. 6, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* lâcan, *to leap, play, Mdl. E.* lâke, *to play, M. H. G.* leichen, *to leap, mock, O. N.* leika, *to play. S. follg. w.*]

laiks, *m., a dance, dancing;* Lu. 15, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* lâc, *n., Mdl. E.* lâk, lǫ̂k, *play, gift, sacrifice, O. N.* leikr, *play, O. H. G. M. H. G.* leich, *m. n., play, song, melody, N. H. G.* (*borrowed from M. H. G.* leich), leich, *m., a kind of song. From Germanic stem* laik; *s. prec. w.*]

laíktjô, *f.* (57), *for. w., lection, lesson, reading; occurs always in the margin* (*in cod. B*), *opposite the passage to be read in church; comp.* I Cor. 15, 58. II Cor. 3, 4. [*Borrowed from Lt.* lectio, *a reading, a passage to be read, from* lectus, *pret. partic. of* legere, *to read. Of the same orig. are Mdn. E.* lection, *N. H. G.* lection.]

lais, *pret.-pres. v.* (30; 197), *I know* (οἶδα), *w. a follg. inf.;* Phil. 4. 12. — *Prop. pret. of* *leisan, *q. v. S. the causative* laisjan *and follg. w.*

laisareis, *m.* (92), *teacher, master;* Mt. 8, 19. 9, 11. 10, 24. 25. Mk. 4, 38. 5, 35. 9, 17. 38. 10, 17. 20. 35. 12, 14. 19. 32. 14, 14. Lu. 2, 46. 3, 12. 6, 40. 7, 40. 8, 49. 9, 38. 10, 25, 18, 18. 19, 39. 20, 21. 28. 39. Jo. 11, 28. 13, 13. 14. Eph. 4, 11. I Tim. 2, 7. II Tim. 1, 11. 4, 3. Skeir. I d. II, b. VII, a. [*From* *laisa (*comp. O. E.* lâr, *f., teaching, learning, Mdl. E.* lǫ̂re, *Mdn. E.* lore, *O. S. O. H. G.* lêra, *M. H. G.* lêre, *N. H. G.* lehre, *f., teaching, doctrine, s.* lais, *leisan), *and Germanic suff.* -arja. *Cf. O. H. G.* lêrari, *M. H. G.* lêrære, lerer, *N. H. G.* lehrer, *m., teacher. — Compd.* witôdalaisareis, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

laiseigs, *adj., apt to teach;* I Tim. 3, 2. II Tim. 2, 24. — *From* *laisa *and suff.* -ei-ga. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

laiseins, *f.* (103, *n.* 1); Mt. 7, 28. Mk. 7, 7. 11, 18. Jo. 7, 16. I Cor. 14, 26. Col. 2, 22. I Tim. 4, 1. Skeir. I, c. IV, b. VIII, b.— *From* laisjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. prec. w.*

laisjan, *w. v.* (30; 197), *to teach,* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 11, 1. Mk. 4, 1. 11, 17. Lu. 4, 15. Jo. 7, 14. 18, 20; (2) *w. acc. of pers.;* Mt. 5, 19. Mk. 1, 21. Skeir. III, d. IV, a; (3) *w. acc. of th.;* Mk. 7, 7. 12, 14. Lu. 20, 21. I Tim. 6, 2; (4) *w. acc. of pers. and th.;* Mk. 4, 2. Jo. 14, 26; (5) *w. acc. of pers. and a dependent inf.;* Skeir. V, d; *so* laisjan sik, *to learn;* I Tim. 5, 13. II Tim. 3, 7; (6) *w. acc. of pers. and a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Mk. 8, 31; (7) anþarleikô *or* aljaleikôs l., *to teach otherwise;* I Tim. 1, 3. 6, 3. — *Pret. partic.* laisiþs, *taught* (*διδακτός*); Jo. 6, 45; sa laisida waúrda (*instr.; comp.* qiþan (5)), *he who is taught in the word;* Gal. 6, 6. — *Compds.* (a) ga-l., *to teach, instruct;* I Tim. 2, 12; galaisiþs bi *w. acc., instructed in;* Lu. 1, 4; gal. sik, *to learn,* (1) *abs.;* I Tim. 2, 11; (2) *w. acc. of th.;* Phil. 4, 9; (3) *w. inf.;* Phil. 4, 11. I Tim. 5, 4. II Tim. 3, 14 (wisan *being implied*); (4) *folld. by* bi *w. dat.;* Skeir. V, a. (b) us-l. *w. acc., to teach thoroughly; occurs only in pass.;* Eph. 4, 21. I Thess. 4, 9; *s.* unuslaisiþs. [*Causative of* lais, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* lǽran, *to teach, Mdl. E.* lǽre, lêre, *to teach, learn, Mdn. E.* lear (*obs. or Prov.*), *to learn, O. H. G. M. H. G.* lêren, *to teach, instruct, learn* (*rare*), *N. H. G.* lehren, *to teach, Eff.* liĕre, *to teach, learn.* — *S.* *leisan, *also prec. and follg. w.*]

laistjan, *w. v., to follow, follow after,* (1) *w. acc.* (*sometimes implied*), (a) *of pers.;* Mt. 8, 19. Mk. 9, 38. 10, 28. 52. 15, 41. Jo. 10, 4. 13, 36; (b) *of th.;* Rom. 9, 30. 31. 14, 19. I Thess. 5, 15. I Tim. 6, 11; (2) *folld. by* afar *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 1. 22. 9, 9. 27. 10, 38. 27, 55. Mk. 1, 18. 3, 7. 6, 1. 8, 34. 14, 54. Lu. 5, 11. 28. 9, 11; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Lu. 9, 49. — *Compds.* (a) afar-l., *to follow after, follow diligently;* Mt. 8, 10. Mk. 10, 32; *w. dat.,* (1) *of pers.;* Lu. 7, 9; (2) *of th.;* Lu. 1, 3. I Tim. 5. 10. (b) ga-l., *to follow, w. acc. of th.;* Rom. 12, 13. I Tim. 4, 6. II Tim. 3, 10 (*gloss*). (*S.* unbilaistiþs, unfaírlaistiþs). [*From* laists (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* lǽstan, *to perform, carry out, stand by, Mdl. E.* lǽste, lâste, *Mdn. E.* last, *O. S.* lêstan, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* leisten, *to follow,* fulfill, *carry out, N. H. G.* leisten, *to do, make, fulfill, perform.*]

laists, *m., foot-print, track, step, aim, end;* II Cor. 12, 18. Skeir. II, d. V, b. [*From root* lis (*s.*

*leisan) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* lâst, lêast, *m., foot-print, track, Mdl. E.* lâst, lêst, *Mdn. E.* last, *O. H. G.* leist (*n.?*), *form, M. H. G.* leist, *m., track, last, N. H. G.* leisten, *m., last. From root* lis, *to go. — Der.* laistjan, *q. v. Comp.* lists.]

Laíwweis, *pr. n., Λευείς;* Lu. 5, 29; *gen. th. s.;* Lu. 3, 24. 29; *acc.* -i; Mk. 2, 14. Lu. 5, 27.

Laíwweiteis, *pr. n. pl., Λευῖται;* Ezra 2, 40. Neh. 7, 1.

Lamaík, *pr. n. nom. Λάμεχ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 36.

lamb, *n., lamb, sheep:* Mt. 7. 15. 9, 36. Lu. 10, 3. 15, 4. 6. Jo. 10, 1. 2. 3. 4. 7. 8. 10, 11. 12. 13. 15. 16. 26. 27. Rom. 8, 36. Neh. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* lomb, lamb (o *for* a *before nasals*), *n., Mdl. E.* lomb, lamb, *Mdn. E.* lamb, *O. S. O. H. G.* lamb, *M. H. G.* lamp (*infl.* lamb-), *N. H. G.* lamm, *n., lamb.*]

land, *n., land, ground, field, region, country; standing for Gr. ἀγρός;* Lu. 14, 18. *πατρίς;* Mk. 6, 1. *κλίμα;* II Cor. 11, 10. *χώρα;* Mk. 5, 1. 10. Lu. 2, 8. 3, 1. 15, 13.—landis (25), *partit. gen., a portion of land, far away;* Lu. 19, 12. þata bisunjanê land, *the country round about;* Lu. 4, 37. [*Cf. O. E.* lond, land (o *for* a *before nasals*), *n., Mdl. E.* land, lond, *Mdn. E.* land, *O. N. O. S.* land, *O. H. G.* lant, *M. H. G.* lant(d), *N. H. G.* land, *land, country. For Mdn. E.* landgrave, *N. H. G.* landgraf, *s.* *grêfts. *Comp.* Iudaialand.]

lasiws, *adj.* (42, *n.* 1), *feeble, weak;* II Cor. 10, 10; *superl.* lasiwôsts; I Cor. 12, 22. [*From stem* las-, *which occurs in O. E.* læssa, *compar. adj.* (læs, *adv.*), *superl.* læst (*contracted from* læsast), *Mdl. E.* lese (les, *adv.*), *superl.* leste (lest, *adv.*), *Mdn. E.* less, *superl.* least. *Mdn. E.* lest, *for fear that, that not, is due to O. E.* phrase ðŷ læs ðe (ðŷ *was dropped, and* læs ðe *became Mdl. E.* leste; *for both* ðŷ *and* ðe, *s.* þata), *conj. with subj.: lest.*]

latei, *f., sloth;* latei ni mis (*sc.* ist), *it is not grievous to me;* Phil. 3, 1. — *From* lats, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

latjan, *w. v. w. acc., to make slothful, to delay;* Lu. 1, 21. — *Compds.* (a) ana-l. *w. acc., to hinder;* I Thess. 2, 18. Phil. 4, 10. (b) ga-l. *w. acc., th. s.;* Gal. 5, 7. [*From* lats, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* lettan (*from* lattjan *for* latjan; tt *by gemination before* j, *which was dropped after a long closed syllable;* e *is* i-*uml. of* a), *Mdl. E.* lette, *Mdn. E.* let, *to delay, hinder, O. H. G.* lezzen, *M. H. G.* letzen, *to delay, hinder, injure, N. H. G.* *letzen *in* verletzen, *to hurt, wound, injure, and* letzen, *to refresh, rejoice,* sich letzen, *to rejoice, enjoy, from M. H. G.* letzen, *to rescue, do a favor, take leave, enjoy. — Comp.* lêtan.]

lats, *adj., slothful, lazy;* Lu. 19, 22. Rom. 12, 11. Tit. 1, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* læt, *slow, late. Mdl. E.* læt, lat, *compar.* later, latter, *superl.* latest, latst, last, *Mdn. E.* late, *compar.* later, latter, *superl.* latest, last (*also O. E. superl.* læt-ma *and* lætmest, *Mdl. E.* latemest; *s.* aftumists), *O. N.* latr, *slothful, lazy, O. S.* lat, *lazy, O. H. G.* laz (lazz), *superl.* lezzist, lazzost, *M. H. G.* laz (zz), *superl.* lest, lezzist, *N. H. G.* lass, *adj., weak, slothful, lazy,* (*superl.* letzt *perhaps from L. G.* letist, lezt *for* letst). *N. H. G.* letzt, *in phrase* zu guter letzt, *finally, for good and all, stands for* letz, letze, *from M. H. G.* letze (*from* letzen; *s.* latjan), *f., leave, farewell. Germanic* lat- *answers to pre-Germanic* lad, *which appears in Lt.* lassus (*for* *lad-tus, *an old pret. partic.*), *weary. S.* lêtan *and prec. w.*]

laþa-leikô, *adv., very gladly;* II Cor. 12, 15. — *From* laþa- (*allied to* laþôn; *s. follg. w.*) *and* *leikô, *q. v.*

laþôn, *w. v., to invite, call, w. acc.;* Mt. 9, 13. Mk. 2, 17. Lu. Lu. 5, 32. I Cor. 10, 27. Gal. 5, 8. I Thess. 5, 24; *w. a dependent instr.;* I Cor. 7, 20. Eph. 4, 1. II Tim. 1, 9; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Gal. 1, 6. 5, 13. Col. 1, 12. I Thess. 2, 12. 4, 7. I Tim. 6, 12; *or* in *w. dat.;* I Cor. 7, 15. Col. 3, 15; *or* us *w. dat.;* Rom. 9, 24. *Pres. partic.,* laþônds, *used as a subst.;* Rom. 9, 11. — *Compds.* (a) at-l., *th. s., w. acc. folld. by* in *w. dat.;* I Cor. 7, 24; *or* in *w. acc.;* Eph. 4, 4. (b) ga-l. *w. acc.* (1) *to call together;* Lu. 15, 6; (2) *to take in* (*i. e. to one's home*); Mt. 25, 38. 43; (3)=laþôn, *to call, invite;* I Cor. 7, 17. Skeir. I, d; *pass.;* I Cor. 7, 18. 21. *Pret. partic.,* galaþôþs, *used as a subst.;* I Cor. 1, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* laðian, *Mdl. E.* laðe, *O. H. G.* ladôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* laden, *to invite, cite, summon. From root* laþ, *to treat kindly, pray; s. prec. and follg. w.*]

laþôns, *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *a calling, vocation, invitation;* Rom. 11, 29. I Cor. 7, 20. Eph. 1, 18. 4, 1. 4. Phil. 3, 14. II Thess. 1, 11. II Tim. 1, 9; *consolation;* Lu. 2, 25; *redemption;* Lu. 2, 38. — *From* laþôn (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ô-ni.

***laubeins,** *f., in* ga-, un-ga-laubeins. — *From* *laubjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

***laubeins,** *adj., in* ga-laubeins. — *Allied to prec. and follg. w.* (*q. v.*), *the suff. being Germanic* î-na.

***laubjan,** *w. v.* (31) *in* (a) ga-l., *to believe,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 9, 24. Jo. 9, 38. II Cor. 4, 13. II Tim. 2, 13; (2) *w. acc. of th.;* Jo. 11, 26. I Cor. 13, 7; *in pass. w. nom.;* II Thess. 1, 10. I Tim. 3, 16; (3) *w. acc. and inf.;* Lu. 20, 6; (4) *w. inf.* (*to dare?*);

Rom. 14, 2; (5) *usually follḍ. by a clause introduced by* þatei; Mt. 9, 28. Mk. 11, 23. 24; (6) *follḍ. by* bi *w. acc.* (*concerning one*) *and a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Jo. 9, 18; (7) *w. dat. of pers. or th.: to trust, confide in, believe;* Mt. 27, 42. Mk. 11, 31. Lu. 1, 20. Skeir. VI, a. d; *to intrust;* Lu. 16, 11; *to believe in* (*on*); Jo. 6, 29. 7, 5. 31. 48. Skeir. VIII, c. *For the dat. there occurs also* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 9, 42. Jo. 6, 35. 7, 39. Rom. 9, 33 (*for the incorrect* laubjands *in A*) 10, 11; *or* in *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 15. Gal. 2, 16; (8) *with* swaswê; Mt. 8, 13; swarê; I Cor. 15, 2. — leitil galaubjands., *of little faith;* Mt. 6, 30. 8, 26. — triggwaba gal., *to be persuaded;* Lu. 20, 6. (b) us-l., *to permit, suffer, give leave, w. dat.:* Mk. 5, 13; *usually w. a dependent inf.;* Mt. 8, 21. 31. Mk. 10, 4. Lu. 8, 32. 9, 59. 61. I Tim. 2, 12. Skeir. VIII, a; — *to command;* Mt. 27, 58. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝe-liefan, ȝe-lŷfan, ȝelêfan, *from* ȝe-lêafian (ie(ŷ), ê *from* êa, *by* i-*uml.; for* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *Mdl. E.* i-lêfe, be-lêve, -lêfe (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *Mdn. E.* believe, *O. S.* gi-lôbian, *O. H. G.* gi-louben, *M. H. G.* gelouben, glöuben, *N. H. G.* glauben, *to believe; and O. H. G.* ir-lauben (*Goth.* us-laubjan; *above*), *to permit, orig. to consent to, approve, M. H. G.* erlouben (erleuben), *N. H. G.* erlauben, *to permit. Abstr. from the same root: O. E.* ȝe-lêafa, *m., Mdl. E.* i-, be-lêfe, -lêfe, -lêve, *Mdn. E.* belief, *O. S.* gi-lôbô, *O. H. G.* gi-loubo, *M. H. G.* geloube, gloube, *N. H. G.* glaube, *m., belief; and O. H. G. M. H. G.* urloup(b), *m. n., N. H. G.* urlaub (ur, *with its original accent,* =er=*Goth.* us), *m., leave of absence, furlough; and N. H. G.* verlaub, *m., permission, Mdn. E.* furlough, *the latter from a cognate dial.; comp. Du.* verlof, *leave, furlough, Dan.* forlov, *leave* (for=*Engl.* for-=*G.* ver-; *s.* faír-). — *From root* lub; *s.* liufs. *Comp. also* *laubeins, *laufs, ungalaubjands.]

Laudeikia, *name of a town,* (*in A, B has* Laudeikaia), *Λαοδίκια;* Col. 4, 13. 15. — *S. follg. w.*

Laudekaíôn (*Gr. form*), *the Laodeceans, Λαοδικέων;* Col. 4, 16. — *S. prec. w.*

laudi, *f., form;* Gal. 4, 19 (gloss). — *From* *lauþs, *q. v.*

laufs, *m.* (56, *n.* 1; 91), *leaf, the leaves;* Mk. 11, 13. 13, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* lêaf, *n., Mdl. E.* lêaf, lêf, lêf, *Mdn. E.* leaf, *O. H. G.* loub, *M. H. G.* loup(b), *N. H. G.* laub, *n., foliage, leaves, Eff.* lôf, *n., foliage, leaves, also the stem or vine of certain plants; as, potatoes, cucumbers, etc. Allied to N. H. G.* laube, *f., arbor, bower, M. H. G.* loube,

f., arbor, portico, court-room, gallery, O. H. G. louba, *f., a roof, hall, porch, orig. a lattice-work formed of branches, whence Mdl. Lt.* laubia, *a portico, gallery, covered way, whence (through the Fr.) Mdn. E.* lobby, *a small hall, passage, and Ital.* loggia, *O. Fr.* loge, *whence Mdl. E.* loge, logge, *Mdn. E.* lodge, *a small house, cot, resting-place, a box at an opera-house.*]

***laufs,** *adj.* (56, *n.* 1), *in* ga-, unga-, filugalaufs. *Allied to* liufs, *q. v.*

laugnjan, *w. v.* (31), *to deny;* Mt. 26, 70. 72 (afaíaik *in CA*). Mk. 14, 70. Lu. 8, 45,—*Compd.* ga-l., *to be hid;* Mk. 7, 24. Lu. 8, 47: *to hide one's self;* Lu. 1, 24. [*From stem of* *laugns, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* lêȝnian, lŷȝnian, lîeȝnian (*from* *lêaȝnian, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* leine, laine, *to deny, O. N.* leyna, *for* *leygna, *to hide, O. S.* lôgnian, *O. H. G.* louginen, lougnen (*from* laugna, *f.*, laugan, *m., M. H. G.* lougen, *m., f., denial*), *M. H. G.* löugenen, lougenen, lougen, *N. H. G.* läugnen, *to deny. S.* liugan.]

***laugns,** *adj., hidden, secret, in* analaugns, *q. v.* — *From* liugan, *q. v. Comp.* laugnjan.

laúhatjan, *w. v., to lighten;* Lu. 17, 24. [*From* *lauha. *Cf. O. H. G.* lohazzen, *to lighten, from* *loho, *M. H. G.* lohe, *m., flame, blaze, N. H. G.* lohe, *f., th. s. Further O. E.* lêȝe, lîeȝe, lîȝe, (i-*stem*) *m., flame, O. H. G.* loug, *M. H. G.* louc, *m., flame; and the O. E. der.* lêȝet, lŷȝet, lîȝet, *n., Mdl. E.* lêit, *lightning, whence O. E.* lêȝettan, *Mdl. E.* lêite, *to lighten, flame.* — *For* -atjan (*as compared to Gr.* -αϛειν, *s. v. B., p. 111.* — *Comp.* liuhaþ *and follg. w.*]

laúhmuni (-moni; 14, *n.* 3), *f., lightning;* Lu. 10, 18; -moni; Lu. 17, 24. II Thess. 1, 8. [*From stem* laúh-munjô-, *extended from* laúh-mun-, *which answers to Lt.* lûmen-, *for* luc-*men-, from root* luk (*s.* liuhaþ) *and suff.* -men. *Comp. prec. w.*]

Laúidjai (*or* **Laúidi,** *Gr. form*), *pr. n., Λοϊδι, dat.;* II Tim. 1, 5 (*Comp. note*).

laun, *n., reward, thank, wages;* Mt. 6, 1. Lu. 6, 32. 33. 34. Rom. 6, 23. [*Cf. O. E.* lêan, *n., Mdl. E.* lêan, lên, *reward, gift, O. N.* laun, *O. S.* lôn, *n., O. H. G. M. H. G.* lôn, *m. n., N. H. G.* lohn, *m., wages, pay, reward. From root* lau *and suffix* -na.]

launa-wargs, *m., an unthankful person;* II Tim. 3, 2. — *From stem of* laun *and* *wargs, *q. v.*

laus, *adj.* (78, *n.* 2), *empty;* Lu. 1, 53. 20, 10. 11; *vain;* I Cor. 15, 14. 58. Eph. 5, 6. Phil. 2, 3; laus waírþan, *to be made vain;* II Cor. 9, 3; l. wisan *w. gen., to be without;* I Cor. 9, 21; *or folld. by* af *w. dat., to be separated from, to have lost;* Gal. 5, 4. [*From root*

of *liusan, *q. v.* *Cf. O. E.* lêas, *adj., without, free from, empty, vain, false, Mdl. E.* lêas, lês, *adj., th. s.* (*also subst., falsehood*), *Mdn. E.* -less (*Mdl. E.* -lêas, -lês, *O. E.* -lêas, *th. s.*), *O. N.* lauss, *free, whence Mdl. E.* lǫs, lôus, laus, *Mdn. E.* loose. *Further O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* lôs, *free, loose.* — *Der.: O. E.* lêasung, lêasing, *f., Mdl. E.* lêsing, *Mdn. E.* leasing, *falsehood. To Mdl. E.* lǫs, *refers Mdl. E.* lǫse, *Mdn. E.* loose, loosen (*a secondary form owing to verbs with regular* -en). *S.* lausjan; akrana-, andi-, guda-, witôda-laus; *and* laus-qiþrs.]

lausa-waúrdei, *f., empty talk;* I Tim. 1, 6.—*From* lausawaúrds, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

lausa-waúrdi, *n., empty talk;* II Tim. 2, 16. — *From* lausawaúrds, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

lausa-waúrds, *adj., speaking loose words, talking vainly;* Tit. 1, 10. — *From stem of* laus *and* waúrd, *q. v. Comp prec. and follg. w.*

***lauseins,** *f., a loosing, in* uslauseins, *q. v.* — *From* lausjan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

laus-handus, *adj.* (131, *n.* 1), *empty-handed;* Mk. 12, 3. — *Comp.* laus, handus; *also prec. and follg. w.*

lausjan, *w. v.,* (1) *w. acc. of pers.: to loose, redeem, deliver;* Mt. 27, 43; *and a follg.* af *w. dat.;* Mt. 6, 13; *or* us *w. dat.;* Rom. 7, 24. (2) *w. acc. of th.: to exact;* Lu. 3, 13; *to make of none effect;* I Cor. 1, 17; *and a follg.* af *w. dat.: to ask for back again;* Lu. 6, 30. — *The inf.,* lausjan, *is used w. a pass. sense: to be loosed;* I Cor. 7, 27. — *Pres. partic.,* sa lausjands, *the deliverer;* Rom. 11, 26. — *Compds.* (a) ga-l., (1) *w. acc. of pers.: to loose, loosen;* Skeir. I, c; *and a follg. dat.;* I Cor. 7, 27; *or* af *w. dat.;* Rom. 7, 2; *to keep from;* II Thess. 3, 3; *or* us *w. dat.: to deliver;* Lu. 1, 74. II Cor. 1, 10. Col. 1, 13. II Tim. 3, 11. Skeir. I, b; (2) *w. acc. of th.: to ask for back again;* Lu. 19, 23; *and a follg.* af *w. dat.: to loose;* Mk. 5, 4. (b) us-l., (1) *w. acc. of pers.: to loosen out;* usl. sik silban, *to make one's self mean;* Phil. 2, 7; *and a follg.* af *w. dat.: to deliver;* II Thess. 3, 2; *or* us *w. dat.: to deliver;* Gal. 1, 4; *to loosen out, pluck up;* Lu. 17, 6. [*From* laus, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* lȳsan, lêsan (*from* *lêasian, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* lêse, *to loose, deliver* (*beside* lǫse, *whence Mdn. E.* loose; *s. under* laus), *O. N.* leysa, *O. S.* lôsian, *O. H. G.* lôsen, *M. H. G.* lœsen, *N. H. G.* lösen, *to loose; compd.* erlösen, *to redeem, release, save, from M. H. G.* erlœsen, erlosen, *O. H. G.* irlôsen, *th. s.,* =*O. S.* alôsian, *th. s., Goth.* uslausjan (*above*). — *S.* lauseins, *liusan.]

laus-qiþrei, *f., fasting;* II Cor. 6, 5. 11, 27. — *From follg. w.*

laus-qiþrs, *adj., with empty stomach, fasting;* Mk. 8, 3. — *From* laus *and* *qiþrs, *q. v.*

***lauþs,** *adj., being grown up; occurs in* hwê-, jugga-, sama-, swalauþs. — *From root of* liudan, *q. v. Comp.* laudi.

Lazarus, *pr. n., Λάζαρος;* Lu. 16, 20. Jo. 11, 1. 2. 11. 14. 12, 1. 2; *dat.* -au; Jo. 12, 10; *acc.* -u; Jo. 11, 5. 12, 9. 17; *or* Lazzaru; Lu. 16, 23; *voc.* -u; Jo. 11, 43.

***lêdi,** *n., in* unlêdi, *q. v.* — *From* lêþs, *q. v.*

***lêdjan,** *w. v., in* ga-un-lêdjan, *to make poor;* gaunl. sik, *to become poor;* II Cor. 8, 9.—*From* *lêþs, *q. v.*

***leiban,** *st. v.* (56, *n.* 1; 172, *n.* 1), *in* bi-l., *to remain;* Cal. [*Cf. O. E.* *lîfan, *in* be-lîfan (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *Mdl. E.* belîfe, belîve, *O. H. G.* bi-lîban, *M. H. G.* blîben, *N. H. G.* bleiben, *Eff.* blîve, *to stay, remain. From Idg. root* lĭp, *to cleave, stick, comp. Gr.* λιπαρός, *fat, shining with fat,* λίπος, *n., fat, and* λιπαρεῖν, *to persist, persevere. For further cognates, s.* liban, libains, *lif.]

leiht, *n.* (?), *lightness;* II Cor. 1, 17. — *Allied to follg. w.*

leihts, *adj., light;* II Cor. 4, 17 (*MS has* hweiht). [*Cf. O. E.* leoht *from* liht, *for* lîht, *by breaking before* ht, *Mdl. E.* lîht, lîght, *Mdn. E.* light (*not heavy*), *O. N.* lettr, *O. H. G.* lîhti, *M. H. G.* lîht, lîhte, *N. H. G.* leicht, *light, easy. Supposed to be allied to Lt.* lĕvis (*for* lêvis, *from* lenhvis; lenh=*Germanic* linh-, *whence* lîh-; *s. Kl.*, leicht). — *Der.: Mdn. E.* lights, *lungs* (*so called from their lightness*); *O. E.* liehtan, lihtan (*from* leohtjan, *by* i-*uml.*), *to alight from, lit. to make light, Mdl. E.* lîhte, *Mdn. E.* light, *extended* lighten (-en *as in* loosen; *s. under* laus); *compd. O. E.* a-lihtan (a- *for* of; *s.* af), *to alight from, Mdl. E.* alîhte, *to alight from,* a-lîhte (a=on; *s.* ana), *to light upon, Mdn. E.* alight, *to descend from, and to light upon, i. e. to descend and settle.*]

leihwan, *st. v.* (172), *to lend;* Lu. 6, 34. 35; l. sis, *to borrow;* Mt. 5, 42. [*Cf. O. E.* lêon (*contracted from* lîhon), *to lend, O. N.* ljâ, lêa (*from* *lîha), *to lend, O. S.* *lîhan, *in* farlîhan, *to grant, O. H. G.* lîhan, *M. H. G.* lîhen, *N. H. G.* leihen, *to lend, borrow.—Der.: O. E.* lâen (lân), *n., Mdl. E.* lân, lǫn, *Mdn. E.* loan, *O. N.* lân, *loan, feud, O. H. G.* lêhan, *M. H. G.* lêhen, *N. H. G.* lehen, *n., fief, feud, compd.* darlehen (*For* dar- *s.* þar), *n., loan. From these nouns come, respectively, O. E.* lǽnan (*pret.* lǽnde), *Mdl. E.* lêne (*pret.* lênde), *Mdn. E.* lend (*the* d *being* due *to the pret. forms*), *O. H. G.* lehanôn, *M. H. G.* lehenen, *N. H. G.* lehnen,

to lend, borrow. From Idg. root lik, *which is contained in Lt.* linquere, *to leave,* relinquere, *to leave behind, leave,* reliquus, *that is left or remains; in Gr.* λειπειν (*For* π=*Lt.* qu, *Germanic* hw, *s.* ƕas), *to leave, forsake,* λοιπός, *remaining; and in Skr.* ric (*for* lik), *pres.* rinácmi, *give away, yield, make free, empty,* riktham, *n., a leaving behind, inheritance,* réknas, *n., legacy, riches,* riktás, rékus, *adj., empty. To Lt.* relinquere *refers Lt.* reliquiae, *acc.* reliquias, *remains, whence Fr.* reliques, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* relics. *For further cognates from Lt. stems, s. Sk.,* licence. — *Comp.* *lif.]

***leija,** *in* **undarleija,** *q. v.* — *From* undar (*q. v.*) *and? Comp. L. M., 289, 298.*

leik, *n., body;* Mt. 5, 29. 30. 6, 22. 23. 25. 10, 28. II Cor. 1, 17. Gal. 2, 16. Eph. 1, 23. Col. 1, 22. I Thess. 5, 23. Skeir. I, b. d. II, a. d. III, b. IV, c; leikis siuns, *bodily shape;* Lu. 3, 22; *a dead body, corpse;* Mt. 27, 52. 58. 59. Mk. 6, 29; *flesh;* Mk. 10, 8. 13, 20. Lu. 3, 6. Jo. 6, 51. 52. Rom. 7, 5. 25. I Cor. 5, 5. II Cor. 1, 17. Phil. 1, 22. Philem. 16; frauja bi leika, *a master according to the flesh;* Col. 3, 22. [*Cf. O. E.* lîc, *n., body, corpse, Mdl. E.* lîch, *body, corpse, also funeral, Mdn. E.* *lich *in* lichgate (*For* gate, *s.* gatwô), *a churchyard gate,* lichwake (*Scot.*), *the time or act of watching with the dead* (*For* -wake, *s.* wakan), Lichfield, *name of a city, lit. the field of dead bodies, O. N. O. S.* lîk, *O. H. G.* lîh(h), *f. n., body, flesh, M. H. G.* lîch, lîche, *f., body, corpse, N. H. G.* leiche, *f., dead body, corpse, and* leich-, *in* leichdorn (*For* dorn, *s.* þaúrnus), *m., corn* (*on the toe*). *For O. E.* lîchoma, *N. H. G.* leichnam, *s.* *hamôn. *Comp.* *leiks, galeiks, *and follg. w.*]

leikains, *f., liking, good pleasure, purpose;* Eph. 1, 5. 9 (gloss). II Thess. 1, 11. II Tim. 1, 9. — *From* leikan *and suff.* ai-ni; *s. follg. w.*

leikan, *w. v. w. dat., to please;* Jo. 8, 29. I Cor. 10, 33. — *Compds.* (a) ga-l., (1) *to please,* (*α*) *abs.* Col. 1, 10. (*β*) *w. dat.;* Mk. 6, 22. Rom. 8, 8. I Thess. 2, 15. 4, 1. II Tim. 2, 4; — *impers.:* galeikaiþ mis, *it seems good to me, it pleases me, folld. by inf.;* Lu. 1, 3. I Cor. 1, 21; *or acc. w. inf.;* Col. 1, 19; *or* in *w. dat.;* II Cor. 12, 10; *or a clause introduced by* ei; I Thess. 3, 1; (2) *to take pleasures in, folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 11. Lu. 3, 22. — *The pret. partic. is used adjectively: good, pleasing, acceptable;* Lu. 10, 21. Rom. 12. 1. 2. Eph. 5, 10. Col. 3, 20. (b) faúra-ga-l. *w. dat., to please beforehand;* Eph. 1, 9.

[*Cf. O. E.* (ȝe)lîcian (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *to please* (*also impers., w. dat. of pers.:* me lîcað, *it pleases me*), *Mdl. E.* (i-)lîke, *to please, like* (*impers.:* me lîkeð), *Mdn. E.* like, *O. N.* lîka, *O. S.* licôn, *to please, O. H. G.* (gi)lîchên, (gi)lîhhên, *M. H. G.* (ge)lîchen, *to be like, to please, N. H. G.* gleichen, *to be equal, be like, to equal, resemble. The signification of the simple verb is probably due to the compound* (*Goth.* galeikan, *from* galeiks, *q. v.*), *lit. to be alike in body, to correspond to; hence to suit, please*). — *Comp.* *leiks, *also prec. and follg. w.*]

leikei, *f., in* anþar-leikei. — *From* *leiks (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp.* *leikei, *also prec. and follg. w.*

leikeins, *adj., bodily, fleshly;* Rom, 7, 14. II Cor. 1, 12. 3, 3. 10, 4. I Tim. 4, 8. Skeir. II, b. — *From* leik (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna. *Comp. prec. w.*

leikeis; *s.* **lêkeis.**

***leiki,** *n., in* galeiki, *q. v. Comp.* leikan *and follg. w.*

***leikjan,** *in* silda-leikjan, *w. v.,* (1) *abs., to wonder, marvel, be amazed;* Mt. 8, 10. 27. 9, 8. 33. 27, 14. Mk. 1, 27. 5, 20. 6, 2. 7, 37. 10, 32. 15, 5. Lu. 1, 63. 2, 48. 8, 25. Jo. 7, 15. 21. (2) *w. acc.: to wonder at, marvel at, be astonished at;* Lu. 7, 9. 20, 26. Skeir. VIII, b; *for this acc. we find* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 12, 17. Lu. 2, 33; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Lu. 2, 18. 4, 22. 32. 9, 44; *or* in *w. gen.;* Mk. 6, 6. 11, 18; *or a dependent interrog. clause;* Lu. 1, 21; *or a clause introduced by* ei; Mk. 15, 44. Gal. 1, 6. — *From* silda-leiks, *q. v.*

-leikô, *adv., in* ana-, anþar-, ga-, laþa-, sama-, waíra-leikô, *q. v.*

***leikôn,** *w. v., in* (a) ga-l., (1) *trans., w. acc. and a follg. dat. of resemblance: to liken unto;* Mt. 7, 24. 26; *or* hwê; Mk. 4, 30. Lu. 7, 31; *w.* sik, *to liken one's self, to be like, be conformed to;* Rom. 12, 2; (2) *intr., to be like, be conformed to;* Mt. 6, 8. Skeir. V, a. b; *to be like, follow, imitate;* II Thess. 3, 7. 9; — galeikônds (*pres. partic.*) waírþan, *to be, or become, a follower;* I Cor. 11, 1. Eph. 5, 1. I Thess. 2, 14. (b) ga-ga-l. sik, *to liken one's self, make one's self resemble,* (1) *w. dat.;* II Cor. 11, 14; (2) *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* II Cor. 11, 13; (3) *w.* swê *and a follg. nom.;* II Cor. 11, 15. (c) in-ga-l. (*μεταμορφοῦν*), *to metamorphose, change into the likeness of;* II Cor. 3, 18. (d) miþ-ga-l., *in the phrase:* miþ-galeikônds waírþan, *to be an imitator or follower;* Phil. 3, 17. (e) þaírh-ga-l., *to transfer in a figure* (*μετασχηματίζειν*), *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* I Cor. 4, 6. — *From* *leiks, galeiks, *q. v.*

***leiks,** *suff., like, similar, equal; in* ga-, hwi-, ibna-, liuba-, missa-, sama-, silda-, swa-leiks, *adj., q. v.* [*From stem of* leik, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* -lîc, *Mdl. E.* -lîc, -lîch, -li, *Mdn. E.* -ly, *O. H. G.* -lich, *M. H. G.* -lîch, *N. H. G.* -lîch. *Comp.* ana-, anþar-, ga-, laþa-, sama-, waíra-leikô, alja-leikôs, *adv.;* silda-leikjan, *v.;* silda-leik, ga-, man-leika, *[subst.; also prec. w.]*

lein, *n., linen;* Mk, 14, 51. 52. 15, 46. [*Cf. O. E.* lîn, *n., Mdl. E.* lîn, *Mdn. E.* line (*obs.*), *flax, lint, O. S. O. H. G.* lîn, *n., flax, lint, M. H. G.* lîn, *m., flax, lint, a linen garment, N. H. G.* lein- *in* leinwand (*for M. H. G.* lînwât, *by influence of N. H. G.* gewand, *n., garment, dress; s.* *widan windan). *Der.: O. E.* lînen, *adj., of linen, Mdl. E.* lînen, *adj., of linen, and used as a subst.* (*whence the v.* lîne, *Mdn. E.* line, *whence* lining), linen, *Mdn. E.* linen, *O. S.* lînin, *adj., O. H. G. M. H. G.* lînîn, *adj., of linen, and used as a subst., linen, N. H. G.* leinen *and* (*L. G.*) linnen, *adj. and subst., n., linen. Germanic stem* lîna- *probably refers to Lt.* lînum (*from root* lī; *comp. Gr.* λί-νον, *flax, thread,* λίς, *dat.* λῑ-σί, *plur.* λῑ-σα, *linen*), *flax, whence* lîneus, *made of flax, f.* linea, *also used as a subst.: a string* (*made of flax*), *thread, line, transferred a thread-like stroke or mark, a line, whence* (*but s. Kl.,* leine) *O. E.* lîne, *f., cord, Mdl. E.* lîne, *Mdn. E.* line, *a thread, thin cord, O. H. G.* lîna, *M. H, G.* lîne, *N. H. G.* leine, *f., a linen thread, a string, rope, line, O. Fr.* lîgne, *a thread-like stroke* (*Mdn. Fr.* ligne, *a line, rank, whence Mdn. E.* lineage), *whence Mdl. E.* lîne, lînie, *Mdn. E.* line, *a thread-like stroke, O. H. G. M. H. G.* linie (*the orig.* î *being shortened*), *N. H. G.* linie, *f., a thread-like stroke. — To Lt.* linum (*above*) *refers O. E.* linete, *f., in* linet-wize, *f. or m?, a flax-hopper* (*or Fr.* lin, *whence* linotte, *a bird, whence*) *Mdl. E.* linet, *Mdn. E.* linnet, *a bird* (*feeding on flax-seed*); *and Lt.* linteus, *adj., linen, n.* linteum, *also used as a subst.,* linen, *whence Mdn. E.* lint, *flax, scraped linen. To Lt.* linea (*above*) *refer Lt.* lineare, *to reduce to a straight line, make straight, mark out, compd.* delineare (de, *from, down from*), *to sketch out, pret. partic.* delineatus, *whence Mdn. E.* delineate; *Lt.* lineamentum, *whence Fr.* lineament, *whence Mdn. E.* lineament. *Lt.* linealis, linearis, *adj., belonging to a line, whence Mdn. E.* lineal, linear.]

***leis,** *adj., experienced, in* lubja-leis, *q. v. — From root* lis; *s.* *leisan. *Comp.* *leisei.

***leisan,** *str. v., pret.* lais (*q. v.*), *pret. partic.* lisans. *— It is sup-*

posed that this verb meant 'to go, travel', whence lais, *I know, I have found out, experienced, lit. 'have passed through'; s.* laists, galaista, laistjan. — *To the pret. partic.,* *lisans, *answers the stem of O. E.* leornian (=*Goth.* lisnôn; *the* r *from* s=z, *by rotacism;* eo *for* e, *by breaking*), *to learn, Mdl. E.* lerne, *Mdn. E.* learn, *O. S.* lînôn, *O. H. G.* lirnên, *M. H. G.* lernen, *to learn, teach (rare, and by confusion with* lêren; *comp. Mdn. E.* learned, *prop. pret. partic., for Mdl. E.* lêred, *learned, from* lêre, *to teach; s.* laisjan), *N. H. G.* lernen, *to learn.* — *From root* lis, *to go, which also occurs in O. E.* leoran, *to go; in N. H. G.* gleise, geleise, *n., track; and in Lt.* lira, *furrow, whence* delirus (de, *from*), *silly, crazy, lit. going out of the furrow, whence* delirium, *madness, whence Mdn. E.* delirium *and the adj.* delirious. — *Comp. also* *leis, lists.]

***leisei,** *f., experience, in* lubjaleisei. — *From* *leis, *q. v.*

leitan (7, *n.* 2); *s.* **lêtan.**

leitils, *adj.* (138), *little, short;* Mk. 9, 42. Lu. 7, 49. Jo. 6, 7. 7, 33. II Cor. 8, 15. Eph. 3, 3; leitil mêl, *or simply* leitil, *a little while;* Jo. 12, 35. 13, 33. 16, 16. 17. 18. 19; du leitilamma mêla, *for a short time, a little while;* Skeir. IV, b; du leitilai hweilai, *th. s.;* II Cor. 7, 8. Skeir. VI, a; afar leitil, *after a while, a little after;* Mt. 26, 73. Mk. 14, 70; nauh leitil *or* leitil nauh, *yet a little while;* Jo. 14, 19. 16, 16; leitil hwa, *a little;* II Cor. 11, 1. 16; *w. a superl. meaning: very little, the least;* Mt. 25, 45. Lu. 16, 10. 19, 17; *w. a partit. gen.;* I Cor. 5, 6. Gal. 5, 9; *used adverbially;* Mk. 1, 19. Lu. 5, 3. I Tim. 5, 23; leitil galaubjands, *one of little faith;* Mt. 6, 30. 8, 26; *w. a follg. instr., as* wahstau, *of stature;* Lu. 19, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* lytel (*Concerning the relation between the* ei *of Goth.* leitils *and the* y *of O. E.* lytil, *etc., s. P., Beitr., VI, p. 245*), *infl.* lytl-, *Mdl. E.* litel, *infl.* litl-, littl-, *Mdn. E.* little, *O. N.* lîtill, *O. S.* luttil, *O. H. G.* luzzil, *M. H. G.* lüzzel, lützel, *N. H. G.* lützel (*dial., and in pr. n., as* Lützelsachsen), *little. From root* lŭt; *s.* liuts.]

***leiþan,** *st. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to go. Compds.* (a) af-l., *to go away, depart;* Mt. 9, 24. 27, 5. Lu. 20, 9. 20; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 42. Lu. 5, 13; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Lu. 5, 16; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 3, 7; *or* faírra *w. dat,;* Mt. 7, 23. Lu. 4, 42; *or* in *w. acc.;* Lu. 15, 13; afl. aljaþ, *to go away;* Mk. 12, 1. (b) bi-l., *to leave, forsake,* (1) *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 46. Mk. 10, 7. 12, 19. 20. 21. 22. 14, 52. 15, 34. Lu. 5, 28. Jo. 8, 29. 10, 12. II Tim. 4, 10. 16. Tit. 1, 5;

(2) *w. double dat.;* Rom. 9, 29; (3) *w. acc.;* Lu. 15, 4. Jo. 14, 27. 16, 28. 32. II Tim. 4, 13. (4) *w. partit. gen.;* Mk. 12, 19. Lu. 20, 31.—*In pass. construed personally;* Lu. 17, 34. 35.—*Pret. partic.* bileiþans; II Cor. 4, 9. I Thess. 3, 1. (c) ga-l., *to go, come;* Mt. 8, 21. 33. 27, 60. Mk. 11, 4. Lu. 7, 24. 17, 14. 23. Jo. 6, 67. 9, 11. 16, 7; *w. gen. of aim;* I Tim. 1, 13; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 10, 30; *or* afar *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 20. Jo. 12, 19; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 35. Lu. 4, 42; *or* and *w. acc.;* Rom. 10, 18; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 3, 13. 7, 30. Lu. 1, 28. Skeir. VIII, a; *or* faírra *w. dat.;* Lu. 1, 38. 2, 15. 8, 37; *or* faúr *w. acc.;* Mk. 2, 13. 14, 68; *or* hindar *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 18. Mk. 5, 17. Lu. 8, 22; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 32. Lu. 9, 46. Skeir. II b. c; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Mk. 5, 24. I Cor. 16, 4; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* Mk. 10, 25; *or* ufar *w. acc.;* Jo. 6, 1. 10, 40; *or a dependent inf.;* Lu. 19, 7; *or adv.:* inn; Mk. 5, 40. 15, 43. Lu. 1, 28. 4, 16; ût; Jo. 13, 30; ût du *w. dat.;* Jo. 18, 38; dalaþ und *w. acc.;* Mt. 11, 23; gal. ibuks, *to go back;* Jo. 6, 66. 18, 6; gáurs gal., *to be sad;* Mk. 10, 22; nahts framis galaiþ, *the night is far spent;* Rom. 13, 12. (d) inn-ga-l., *to go in, enter;* Lu. 19, 1. Rom. 11, 25; *folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 7, 21. Lu. 6, 4. 18, 24; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* Mt. 7, 13; *or* þadei; Mk. 14, 14. (e) miþ-inn-ga-l., *to go in with, folld. by* miþ *w. dat.;* Jo. 18, 15. (f) hindar-l., *to go;* Lu. 17, 7; *to pass away;* Lu. 16, 17. (g) þaírh-l., *to go through, pass by;* I Cor. 16, 7; *w. acc.;* Lu. 19, 1; *folld. by* þaírh *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 30. 18, 25; *or* jaínþrô; Mt. 9, 9. (h) ufar-l., *to pass over;* Mt. 9, 1. (i) us-l., *to go out, come out, go away from,* (1) *w. gen. of aim;* Mk. 4, 35; (2) *w. acc.;* I Cor. 16, 5; (3) *folld. by* hindar *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 34. Mk. 5, 21. 8, 13; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 28. Jo. 8, 59; *or* us *w. dat.;* II Cor. 5, 8; *or* þaþrô; Jo. 7, 3; *to pass away;* Mt. 5, 18. II Cor. 5, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* lîðan, *Mdl. E.* lîðe, *to go, O. S.* lîðan, *to go, O. H. G.* lîdan, *M. H. G.* lîden, *to go; also the factitive: O. E.* lǣdan, *from* *lâdian (*by i-uml., Goth.* *laidjan), *Mdl. E.* lǣde, lêde, leade, *Mdn. E.* lead, *O. N.* leiða, *O. S.* lêdan, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* leiten, *to lead, conduct, guide, whence, respectively, O. E.* lâd, ȝe-lâd, *f., journey, way, Mdl. E.* lâd, lǭd, *Mdn. E.* lode (load), *a (metallic) vein or course of water, also found in* loadsman, *from Mdl. E.* lǭdes man, *O. E.* lâdman (*For* -man, *s.* manna), *m., pilot, in Mdn. E.* lodestar, loadstar=*N. H. G.* leitstern (*For* -star, -stern, *s.* staírnô), *the star that leads, the pole-*

star, and in Mdn. E. lodestone, loadstone (*For* -stone, *s.* stains), *a magnet. Here belongs also N. H. G.* lotse, *m., pilot, borrowed from a kindred dial.; comp. L. G. Du.* loots, loods (*perhaps of Engl. orig.*), *pilot. Germanic* lîþan, *to go, is usually supposed to be identical with* lîþan, *to suffer* (*But s. Kl.*, leiden), *the latter having developed itself from the former — to go, travel, wander, endure hardships;—cf. O. H. G.* lîdan, *M. H. G.* lîden, *N. H. G.* leiden, *to suffer, and the Germanic adjective stem* laiþa-, *grievous, averse, hostile, appearing in all dialects, except Gothic: O. E.* lâð, *Mdl. E.* lâð, lǫ̂ð, *adj., hostile, hateful to, hated by, noxious, loathsome, hateful, grievous, unpleasant, Mdn. E.* loath, *O. N.* leiðr, *O. S.* lêð, *O. Fris.* lêd, *O. H. G.* leid, *M. H. G.* leit (*infl.* leid-), *grievous, sorry, unpleasant, disagreeable, hated, N. H. G.* leid, *sorry, grieved, vexed; the adj. being also used as a subst.: O. E.* lâð, *n., Mdl. E.* lâð, lǫ̂ð, *injury, misfortune, O. S.* lêð, *n., evil, O. H. G.* leid, *n., grief, sorrow, pain, M. H. G.* leit(d), *N. H. G.* leid, *n., sorrow, pain, injury. — Der.: O. E.* lâðian, *to hate, Mdl. E.* lâðe, lǫ̂ðe, *Mdn. E.* loath, *O. N.* leiþa, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* leiden (*from* *leidjan), *N. H. G.* ver-leiden, *to render unpleasant or disagreeable, to disgust.*]

leiþus, *m., a strong drink;* Lu. 1, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* lîð, *m., a drink, potion,* lîð-wæge, *n., a cup to drink* 'lîð' *from* (*Beow. 1983*), *O. N.* lîð, *O. S.* lîð, *O. H. G.* lîth, lîd, *M. H. G.* lît (*infl.* lîd-), *n. m., a wine-like drink. Allied to Skr.* rî, *to ooze,* lî, *to become liquid, Gr.* λείβειν, *to shed, Lt.* liquere, *to be moist, whence* liquor, *moisture, acc.* liquorem, *whence O. Fr.* liqeur, liqueur, *whence Mdl. E.* licour, licur, *Mdn. E.* liquor. *To Lt.* liquere *refers also Lt.* liquidus, *moist, whence Fr.* liquide, *whence Mdn. E.* liquid.]

lêkeis (leikeis), *m., physician;* Mt. 9, 12. Mk. 2, 17. 5, 26. Lu. 4, 23. 5, 31. 8, 43. Col. 4, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* lǽce, *m., one who heals, a physician, also a blood-sucking worm, Mdl. E.* lǽch, lêch, *Mdn. E.* leech, *th. s., O. H. G.* lâhhi, *physician. Comp.* lêkinôn *and follg. w.*]

lêkinassus (leikinassus), *m., healing;* Lu. 9, 11. — *From follg. w. and suff.* -assus.

lêkinôn (leikinôn), *w. v., to heal,* (1) *abs.;* Lu. 6, 7. 9, 6. (2) *w. acc. of pers.;* Lu. 10, 9; *and gen. of the disease;* Lu. 5, 15. — *Compd.* ga-l., *th. s., w. acc.;* Lu. 8, 43; *and gen. of the disease;* Lu. 8, 2. [*From* lêkeis, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* lâcnian, lǽcnian, *Mdl. E.* lâcne, lêcne,

to heal, beside lêche, *Mdn. E.* leech, *th. s. O. N.* lækna, *O. H. G.* lâhhinôn, *to heal, M. H. G.* lâchenen, *to leech, conjure, whence* lâchenære=*O. N.* lækna, *one who heals, a conjurer. Comp. prec. w.*]

lêtan (leitan; 7, *n.* 2), *red. v.* (181), (1) *to leave, w. acc.;* Lu. 19, 44; *w. double acc.;* Jo. 14, 18; (2) *to refer, leave;* Rom. 12, 19; (3) *to give forth, utter:* l. stibna mikila, *to cry with a loud voice;* Mk. 15, 37; (4) *to let, let be, let alone, suffer* (*sometimes in a pregnant sense*)*;* Lu. 4, 34. 6, 42; *w. acc.;* Mk. 5, 19. 14, 6. Jo. 12, 7; *and a follg. inf.;* Mt. 8, 22. Mk. 7, 27. 10, 14. Lu. 4, 41. 9, 60. 18, 16. Jo. 18, 8; *an inf. being implied;* Mk. 11, 6; *an acc. being implied;* Jo. 11, 44; *folld. by a clause introduced by* ei, (*α*) *for Gr. ἵνα;* Mk. 11, 16; (*β*) *for the Gr. subj.;* Mt. 27, 49. Mk. 15, 36. — *Compds.* (a) af-l., (1) *to leave, forsake, put away* (*as, a wife*), *w. acc.* (*α*) *of pers.;* Mt. 5, 31. 32. 8, 15. Mk. 1, 20, 31. 4, 36. 8, 13. 10, 4 (*acc. implied*). 11. 12. 12, 12. 14, 50. Lu. 4, 39. 16, 18. I Cor. 7, 12. 13; (*β*) *of th.;* Mt. 5, 24. Mk. 1, 18. 10, 28. 29. Lu. 5, 11. 18, 28. 29; (2) *to leave, disregard, lay aside, w. acc.;* Mk. 7, 8, (3) *to let off, forgive, w. acc. of th.;* Mt. 9, 6. Mk. 2, 7. 10. Lu. 5, 21. 24. 7, 47. 49; *and dat. of pers.;* Mt. 6, 12. 14. 15. 9, 2. 5. Mk. 2, 5. 9. 3, 28. 4, 12. 11, 25. 26. Lu. 5, 20. 7, 47. 48; (4) *to let one have, w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* Mt. 5, 40; —afl. ahman, *to expire;* Mt. 27, 50. (b) fra-l., (1) *to let down, w. acc.;* Mk. 2, 4; (2) *to let go, set free, release,* (*α*) *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 19. Jo. 19, 10. 12. (*or pers. pass.*) Lu. 6, 37; (*β*) *w. acc. of a dir. and dat. of an indir. obj.;* Mt. 27, 15. 17. Mk. 15, 6. 9. 11. 15. Jo. 18, 39; (3) *to send away, w. acc.;* Mk. 8, 9. Lu. 2, 29. 8, 38. 9, 12; *w. double acc. folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 8, 3; (4) *to put away, w. acc.* (qên); I Cor. 7, 12; (5) *to forbear, w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.* (*in pass. nom. of th.*)*;* Lu. 7, 47; (6) *to permit, suffer;* I Cor. 16, 7; *w. acc. of pers. and a dependent inf.;* Mk. 1, 34. 5, 37. 7, 12. Lu. 8, 51; (7) *to refer, commend, w. acc. of a dir. and dat. of an indir. obj.;* Skeir. IV, b; (8) *the imper. is used w. a pregnant sense: let be, let alone;* Mk. 1, 24. (c) us-l. *w. acc., to leave out, exclude;* Gal. 4, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* lætan (*str. v.*), *Mdl. E.* lête, lête, *Mdn. E.* let, *to permit* (*For* let, *to hinder, s.* latjan), *O. N.* láta, *O. H. G.* lâzzan, *M. H. G.* lâzen, *N. H. G.* lassen, *to let. From root* lêt, *Indg.* lêd, lad (*w. abl.*)*; s.* lats. *Comp. follg. w.*]

***lêtnan,** *w. v., in* and-l., *to get*

one's self free, to depart; Phil. 1, 23. — *From* lêts, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***lêts,** *m.* (*or n.?*), *in* af-, fra-lêts. — *From stem of* lêtan, *q. v. Comp.* lats *and prec. w.*

***lêþs,** *adj., in* **unlêþs** (74, *n.* 2), *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* *lǣd, *in* unlǣd, unlǣde (*For* un-, *s.* un-), *adj., poor, wretched. Comp. Dief. II, 130, and Gr., preface to Schulze's Gotisches Glossar, XI.*]

lêw, *n.* (94, *n.* 1), *occasion, opportunity;* Rom. 7, 8. 11. II Cor. 5, 12. Gal. 5, 13. [*Cognate w. O. E.* lǣwa, *m., betrayer,* lǣwsa, *m., wretchedness, misery; s.* lêwjan.]

lêwjan, *w. v. w. acc., to betray, occurs only in pres. partic.;* Mk. 14, 42. Jo. 18, 5; *without obj.;* Mk. 14, 44. — *Compds.* (a) fra-l., *pres. partic.* fralêwjands, *traitor* (*προδότης*); II Tim. 3, 4. (b) ga-l., (1) *to present, offer, w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* Lu. 6, 29; (2) *to betray,* (*α*) *w. acc. of pers.;* Mt. 27, 3. Mk. 3, 19. 14, 11. Lu. 6, 16. Jo. 6, 64. 71. 12, 4. 13, 21. 18, 2. 19, 11; *or th.;* Mt. 27, 4; *pass.;* I Cor. 11, 24; (*β*) *w. acc. of a dir. and dat. of an indir. obj.;* Mk. 14, 10. Jo. 18, 36; *for the dat. there occurs* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 14, 41. [*From* lêw, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* lǣwan, be-, ȝe-lǣwan, *Mdl. E.* be-lǣwe, *to betray, O. H. G.* *lâwen (*S. Brn., A. Gr., p. 248, d*), *in* gi-, fir-lâwen, *to betray.*]

libains, *f.* (113, *n.* 1), *life, world;* Mt. 7, 14. 25, 46. Mk. 4, 19. Jo. 6, 63. — *From* liban *and Germanic suff.* -ai-ni; *s. follg. w.*

liban, *w. v.* (193), *to live;* Mt. 9, 18. 27, 63. Mk. 5, 23. Lu. 10, 28. Jo. 6, 51. 69. 7, 38. 11, 25. Rom. 7, 2. 9; *w. dat. of interest;* Lu. 20, 38. II Cor. 5, 15. Gal. 2, 19. 5, 25; *folld. by* bi *w. acc., to live on anything, i. e. to maintain one's self;* Lu. 4, 4; *or* in *w. gen.* (*for — sake, by*); Jo. 6, 57; *or* in *w. dat.;* Rom. 10, 5. Gal. 2, 20. Phil. 1, 22. Col. 3, 7; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Lu. 2, 36. II Cor. 13, 4. I Thess. 5, 10; *or* us *w. dat.* (*by means of, through, by;* II Cor. 13, 4; — samana l., *to live together;* II Cor. 7, 3; liban taujan, *to make to live, to quicken;* Jo. 6, 63; l. gataujan, *th. s.;* Jo. 5, 21. Skeir. V, b. — *Compd.* miþ-l., *to live with;* II Tim. 2, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* libban, lifiaȝ, *Mdl. E.* libbe, life, live, *Mdn. E.* live, *O. N.* lifa, *to live* (*also to be left, to remain*), *O. H. G.* lebên, *M. H. G.* leben (*also used as a subst., n., manner of living, life, whence N. H. G.* leben, *n., life*), *N. H. G.* leben, *to live. From Indg. root* lĭp; *s.* *leiban. *Der.: O. E.* lîf, *n., life, Mdl. E.* lif, *Mdn. E.* life, *O. N.* líf, *n., body, life, O. H. G.* lîb, *m. n., life, M. H. G.* lîp(b), *m., life, body, N. H. G.* leib, *m.,*

body (*also life, in* leibrente (rente, *from M. H. G.* rente= *Mdn. E.* rent, *Mdl. E.* rente, *annual payment, both from Fr.* rente, *from Mdl. Lt.* renta, *contracted form of* rendita, *prop. pret. partic., for Lt.* reddita, *from* reddere, *to render, from* red-, *back, and* dare, *to give*), *f.*, leibzucht (*For* -zucht, *s.* *taúhts), *f.*, *annuity, liferent*).]

***lif,** *in* ain-, twa-lif. [*Supposed to refer to Idg. root* lik (*For Idg.* k=*Germanic f., s.* wulfs), *to be left, to remain* (s. leihvan), *or to root* lip (*s.* *leiban, liban). *Comp. follg. w.*]

***lifnan,** *w. v., in* af-l., *to be left remaining, to remain, remain over and above;* Lu. 9, 17. Jo. 6, 12. 13. 12, 24. Skeir. VII, c. d; *to remain, survive;* I Thess. 4, 17. — *From* leiban, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

ligan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *to lie;* Mt. 27, 52; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 2. Mk. 2, 4. 7, 30. Lu. 5, 25. II Cor. 3, 15. Skeir. III, d; *or* in *w. dat.;* Mt. 8, 6. 14. Mk. 1, 30. Lu. 2, 16; *or* du *w. dat.;* Lu. 2, 34; *or* at *w. dat.;* Lu. 3, 9; *w.* þarei; Mk. 5. 40. — *Compds.* (a) at-l., *to lie close to, be present with;* Rom. 7, 18. (b) uf-l., *to lie under; hence to faint;* Mk. 8, 3; *to fail;* Lu. 16, 9. [*Cf. O.* licȝ(e)an, *for* liȝȝ(e)an, *from* liȝjan (*by gemination before* j, *the latter occurring in the present tense only; pret.* læȝ), *Mdl. E.* liȝe, lîe, *Mdn. E.* lie, *to rest, abide* (*For* lie, *to tell a falsehood, s.* liugan), *O. N.* liggja (*pret. sing.* lá, *plur.* lágum), *O. S.* liggian (*pret.* lag), *O. H. G.* liggen, likkan (*pret.* lag), *M. H. G.* ligen, licken, *N. H. G.* liegen, *to lie, rest, abide.* — *Der.: O. E.* lagu, *f., law, Mdl. E.* laghe, lawe (w *from* gh, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* law (*whence* lawyer, *like* sawyer, *from* saw, bowyer, *from* bow, *w. suff.* er, *the* y *being intrusive*), *lit.* '*that which lies*', *i. e.* '*is fixed as a rule*', *O. N.* lög (*plur. in form*), *n., a law, O. S.* *lag (*in compds*), *plur.* lagu, *n., O. H. G.* *lag, *lac (*in composition*), *m., beside O. S.* *lâga (*in composition*), *a lying*, lâga, *M. H. G.* lâge, *f., a lying, position, situation, a lying in ambush, an ambush, N. H. G.* lage, *a lying, position, situation, condition, layer, stratum. Further Mdn. E.* ledge (*of Scand. orig.*), *a slight shelf, ridge; Mdn. E.* ledger (*of Du. orig.; s. M. and Sk.*, ledger); *O. N.* lág, *a felled tree, lit. a tree that lies on the ground, a log, whence Mdn. E.* log; *O. N.* lágr, *low, whence Mdl. E.* lâh, lagh, lǫ̂u (u *for* h, gh, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* low (*compar.* lower, *whence the v.* lower; *compd.* below; *for* be-, *s.* bi)=*Du.* laag, *low, whence* laagte, *O. Du.* leeghde, *valley,*

whence (*by L. G. influence*), *N. H. G.* lehde, *f., barren tract, waste land. Here belongs also Mdn. E.* rely (re *is a Lt. pref., meaning 'back'*), *to repose on, hence to depend, confide, compd.* reliance (-ance *being a Fr. suff., from Lt.* ent-ia). — *From Germanic root* leg, *Idg.* legh; *comp. Lt.* lectus, *bed, Gr.* λέχ-ος, λέκτρον, *bed,* ἄ-λοχ-ος (*w. abl.*), *she who shares the bed, wife, concubine,* λοχ-εῖν, *to bear children,* λέ-ξον, *aor. imper., put to rest, etc.* — *S.* lagjan, ligrs.]

ligrs, *m., couch, bed;* Mt. 9, 2. 6. Mk. 4, 21. 7, 4. 30. Lu. 5, 18. 8, 16. 17, 34; *chambering, adultery* (*s.* galigri); Rom. 13, 13. [*From* ligan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ra. *Cf. O. E.* leger, *m., a resting-bed, couch, Mdl. E.* leir, *Mdn. E.* lair (*perhaps identical with* layer, *stratum, bed; s. Sk.,* lie), *resting-place, bed, couch* (*especially of a wild beast*), *O. S.* legar, *n., couch, sick-bed, O. H. G.* legar, *M. H. G.* leger, *couch, bed, lair, sick-bed, siege, N. H. G.* lager (*by influence of* lage; *s.* ligan), *n., a lying down, bed, couch, magazine, encampment, camp, Du.* leger, *a camp, encamped army, whence Mdn. E.* leaguer, *camp.* — *Der.: M. H. G.* legern (*intr.*), *to lie down,* (*refl.*) sich legern, *to lie down, pitch a camp,* (*trans.*), *to form into a camp, encamp, N. H. G.* lagern, *th. s., compd.* be-lagern (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to besiege, Du.* belegeren, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* beleaguer, *to besiege.* — *Comp.* lagjan.]

lima (*Hebr.*), λιμά, *why;* Mt. 27, 46. Mk. 15, 34.

***linnan,** *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to cease.* — *Compd.* af-l., *to depart;* Lu. 9, 39. [*Cf. O. E.* linnan, blinnan (=be-linnan; *for* be, *s.* bi), *to recede, be deprived of, Mdl. E.* linne, blinne, *Mdn. E.* lin, blin, *to yield, stop, cease, O. N.* linna, *O. H. G.* bi-linnan, *to stop, cease. From Germanic root* len, *to be pliant, contained also in O. N.* linr, *mild, soft, and* (*with a suffixal dental*), *in O. E.* lîðe (*for* linðe), *meek, mild, tender, Mdl. E.* lîð, *Mdn. E.* lithe (*whence* lissom, *for* lithesome; *for* -some, *s.* sams), *pliant, flexible, limber, O. S.* lîthi, *O. H. G.* lindi, *M. H. G.* linde, *N. H. G.* lind, ge-lind, *mild, soft, tender. Allied to Lt.* lên-is, *smooth, soft, calm, and* len-tus, *flexible, limber.*]

lisan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *to gather, collect,* (1) *folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 6, 26. (2) *w. acc. folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mt. 7, 16; *or* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 6, 44. — *Compd.* ga-l. *w. acc.* (*expressed or understood*), *to gather, collect, gather together;* Jo. 6, 12. 13. 11, 47. 15, 6. Skeir. VII, d; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mk. 13, 27; *or* du *w. dat.;* Neh. 5, 16; ga-l. sik, *th. s., w. acc. folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 4, 1; *or* jaíndrê;

Lu. 17, 37. [*Cf. O. E.* lesan, *Mdl. E.* lese, *Mdn. E.* lease, *to glean* (lease, *to let, refers to O. Fr.* laisier, lessier, lesser, *to leave, transmit, from Lt.* laxare, *to extend, slacken, from* laxus, *loose*), *O. N.* lesa, *O. S.* lesan, *to gather, collect, O. H. G.* lesan, *M. H. G.* lesen, *to gather, collect, read, also to tell, report, N. H. G.* lesen, *to gather, collect, pick up, read. The original signification of Germanic* lesan, *was 'to gather, collect', while that of 'to read' is of later origin. The art of reading was not known to the Germanic stock till after its separation into tribes, which is evident from the fact that the ancient Germanic dialect had no word in common for the conception of 'reading'. The Goths used* siggwan (*q. v.*), *the Germans* lesen, *the Norsemen* lesa (*at a late period*), *the English* rêdan (*s. Goth.* rêdan), *etc. The first Germanic 'letters' were certain mysterious characters, 'Runes'* (*s.* rûna), *cut into small twigs. These, being scattered about on the ground, were picked up and the characters on them interpreted. It is owing to the different modes of interpretation that, beside the original* lesan, *to pick up, gather, the Goth.* siggwan, *'to sing', and the E.* rêdan, *'to guess', came to mean 'to read.'*]

listeigs, *adj., crafty, cunning, wily;* II Cor. 12, 16. Eph. 4, 14. [*From stem of* lists (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ei-ga. *Cf. O. H. G.* listîg, *M. H. G.* listec, *N. H. G.* listig, *adj., cunning, artful.*]

lists, *f.* (30; 103), *wile;* Eph. 6, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* list, *f., art, skill, cunning, craft, Mdl. E.* list, *th. s., O. N.* list, *f., prudence, skill, dexterity, O. S.* list, *m. f., understanding, judgment, O. H. G. M. H. G.* list, *m., wisdom, prudence, cunning, wile, art. An abstr. subst.* (*w. suff.* -ti-) *originally meaning knowledge, prudence, from verbal stem* lis, *to know; s.* *leisan, lais, laisjan, *and prec. w.*]

lita, *f., pretense, dissimulation;* Gal. 2, 13. *Allied to O. H. G.* liz, *m. n.?, pretense, M. H. G.* litz, litze, *m. or f., caprice, humor, silliness. Comp. the kindred* liuts *and* *litjan.]

liteins, *f., intercession;* I Tim. 2, 1. [*From* (*litjan *and Germanic suff.* î-ni, *from*) *Gr.* λιτή, *prayer.*]

***litjan,** *w. v., in* miþ-litjan, *w. dat., to dissemble with;* Gal. 2, 13. [*From* lita (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. H. G.* lizzôn, *to form, fashion.*]

liþus, *m., limb, member;* Mt. 5, 29. 30. Rom. 7, 5. 23. 12, 4. I Cor. 12, 12. 14. 18. 19. 20. 22. Col. 3, 5. Eph. 4, 25. [*From root* li *and suff.* -þu-, *Idg.* -tu-. *Cf. O. E.* *lioðu (*occurs only in compds.;* io *for* i, *by* u-*uml.*),

m., lið, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* lið, *Mdn. E.* (*Scot.*) lith, *limb*, *O. N.* liðr, *m.*, *O. S.* lith, *n.*, *O. H. G.* lid, *n. m.*, gi-lid (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *n.*, *limb, joint*, *M. H. G.* lit(d), *n. m.*, gelit(d), *n. m.*, *limb, joint, also member of a society*, *N. H. G.* glied, *n.*, *limb, joint, rank, member* (*of a society*), *compd.* gliedmassen (*plur.*), *limbs*, *M. H. G.* lide-mâʒ, *n.*, gelide-mæʒe, *n.*, *limbs* (*The second component is allied to Goth.* mitan (*q. v.*); *comp. M. H. G.* gelidmâʒe, *f.*, *stature*). *Stem* liþu- *is supposed to be allied to O. S.* bilithi (*For* bi-, *s.* bi), *n.*, *parable, image*, *O. H. G.* bilidi, *M. H. G.* bilde, *image, figure, parable, model*, *N. H. G.* bild, *n.*, *image, figure, picture*. *S. Kl.* bild, glied. — *Root* li *occurs also in O. E. Mdl. E.* lim, *n.*, *Mdn. E.* limb, *O. N.* limr, *n.*, *limb of a tree*, limr, *m.*, *limb of the body*.]

liuba-leiks, *adj.*, *lovely;* Phil. 4, 8. [*From stem of* liufs *and suff.* *leiks, *q. v. Cf. O. S.* lioflik, *O. H. G.* lieblîh, *M. H. G.* lieplich, *N. H. G.* lieblich, *lovely*.]

liudan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to grow, spring up;* Mk. 4, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* lêodan, *O. S.* liodan, *O. H. G.* liotan, *to grow. From Idg. root* ludh, *to grow, whence also O. E.* lêod, *m. f., folk, people, nation, pl.* lêode, *people, men, Mdl. E.* lêod, lêd, *people, man, pl.* lêode, lêde, *people, men, O. S.* liud, *O. H. G.* liut, *m. n., people, pl.* liuti, *people, men, M. H. G.* liut, *m. n., people, pl.* liute, *people, men, N. H. G.* leute, *pl., people, men, servants; further O. E.* lêod, *m., one of the people or nation, a man κατ' ἐξοχήν, hence chief, prince, king; and O. E.* lêden, lŷden, *n., Mdl. E.* lêden, *the language of the people* (*Comp. O. E.* ʒe-þêode, *n., language, and* þêod, *f., people*). *Allied to Celt.* lath, *a youth, champion, whence Mdl. E.* ladde, *Mdn. E.* lad, *a youth; the fem.*, lass, *girl, refers to Welsh* llodes, *a girl, from* llawd, *a lad.* — *The E. word for 'people' came out of use at the end of the Mdl. E. period, and was replaced by O. Fr.* pueple, peuple (*from Lt.* populus, *people*), *Mdl. E.* pêople, pêple, *Mdn. E.* people.— *Comp.* *lauþs, ludja.]

liufs, *gen.* **liubis,** *adj.* (31; 56, *n.* 1; 124, *n.* 2), *beloved, dear;* Mk. 1, 11. 9, 7. Lu. 3, 22. 9, 35. 20, 13. Rom. 9, 25. 11, 28. 12, 19. I Cor. 15, 58. II Cor. 7, 1. 12, 19. Eph. 1, 6. 5, 1. 6, 21. Phil. 4, 1. Col. 1, 7. 4, 7. 9. 14. I Tim. 6, 2. II Tim. 1, 2; *w. dat.;* Mk. 12, 6. Philem. 16. [*Cf. O. E.* lêof, *Mdl. E.* lêf, lêv, *Mdn. E.* lief, *dear, O. N.* ljufr, *O. H. G.* liob, *M. H. G.* liep (*infl.* lieb-), *N. H. G.* lieb, *beloved, dear.* — *Compd. Mdl. E.* lemman (*from* lêf man; *for* man, *s.* manna), *Mdn. E.* lem-

(m)an, *a sweetheart. — From root* liub, *appearing also in O. H. G.* liubî, *M. H. G.* liebe, *N. H. G.* liebe, *f., love, whence O. H. G.* liubôn, *M. H. G.* lieben, *N. H. G.* lieben, *to love. A weakened form of root* liub, lub, *appears in O. E.* lufu, lufe, *f., love, Mdl. E.* lufe, luve, love, *Mdn. E.* love (*S.* *lubô, *lufs, galufs), *whence O. E.* lufian, *to love, Mdl. E.* lufe, luve, bi-lufe, *to love, Mdn. E.* love, belove (*obs.*), *pret. partic.* (*now adj.*) beloved. *Another form of root* lub *appears in O. E.* lof, *m., Mdl. E.* lof, *O. N.* lof, *O. H. G.* lob, *M. H. G.* lop(b), *N. H. G.* lob, *n., praise, whence, respectively, O. E.* lofian, *Mdl. E.* lofe, love, *O. H. G.* lobôn, lobên, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* loben, *to praise, compd.* geloben (*For* ge-, *s.* ga-), *to promise, vow, from M. H. G.* geloben, *O. H. G.* gilobôn, *th. s., prop. to assent to, approve; cf. O. N.* lofa, *th. s. Germanic root* lub: liub *answers to pre-Germanic* lubh-leubh; *comp. Lt.* lub-ens, libens, *willing, glad,* lubîdo, libîdo, *pleasure, desire, inclination, Skr. root* lubh, *to desire. For further cognates, s.* *laufs, galaufs, *laubjan.]

***liug.** *n., in* ga-liug, *q. v. — From* liugan (*st. v.*), *q. v. Comp. also* liugn, laugnjan.

liuga, *f., marriage, wedlock;* I Tim. 4, 3; liugôm hafts, *wedded, married;* I Cor. 7, 10. [*Supposed to be allied to Lt.* ligare, *to bind, bind together, Gr.* λυγοῦν, *to bend, twist; s. Sch.,* liugan. *Comp. follg. w.*]

liugan, *w. v.,* (192, *n.* 1; 193), *to marry, take a wife,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 12, 25. Lu. 17, 27. 20, 34. 35; (2) *w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 32. Mk. 10, 11. Lu. 14, 20. 16, 18. *Pass.: to be married, be given in marriage, take a husband;* Mk. 12, 25. Lu. 17, 27. 20, 34. 35. I Cor. 7, 28; *w. a follg. dat.;* Mk. 10, 12. *The inf. is used in reference to either sex;* I Cor. 7, 9. I Tim. 5, 14. — *Compd.* ga-l. *w. acc., to marry, take a wife;* Mk. 6, 17. — *From prec. w. Comp.* unliugaiþs.

liugan, *st. v., to lie;* Rom. 9, 1. II Cor. 11, 31. Gal. 1, 20. I Tim. 2, 7. Skeir. VIII c; *w. acc., to tell a lie to, deceive by lies;* Col. 3, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* lêoȝan, *str. v.* (*pret.* lêaȝ, *pret. partic.* loȝen), *Mdl. E.* lêȝe, lîȝe (*pret.* lǣh, lêȝ), *Mdn. E.* lie, *O. N.* ljúga, *O. S.* liogan, *O. H. G.* liogan (*str. v.*), *M. H. G.* liegen, *N. H. G.* lügen (*dial.* liegen), *Eff.* lêȝe, *to lie. — Der. O. E.* lyȝe (*stem* lugi; y *by* i-*uml.*), *m., Mdl. E.* liȝe, lîe, *Mdn. E.* lie, *O. H. G.* lugî, *f., beside* lug, *m., M. H. G.* lüge, *f.,* luc(g), *m., N. H. G.* lüge, *f.,* lug, *m., lie; and O. E.* lyȝen (*stem* luȝ-inô-), *f.,* lie, *O. S.* lugina, *O. H. G.* lugina, *M. H. G.* lügene, *f., lie, whence, respectively, O. H. G.* luginâri, *M. H. G.* lugenære,

lügenære, *N. H. G.* lügner, *n.*, *liar.* — *Comp.* *liug, laugnjan, *and follg. w.*]

liugn, *n.* (31), *lie;* Jo. 8, 44. Eph. 4, 25. Skeir. I, c. — *From* liugan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -na. *Comp.* *liug, laugnjan, *and follg. w.*

liugna-praúfêtus, *m.*, *a false prophet;* Mt. 7, 15. — *From stem of* liugn *and* praúfêtus. *q. v.*

liugna-waúrds, *m.* (*prop. adj.*), *one who speaks lies, speaking lies;* I Tim. 4, 2. — *From stem of* liugn *and* *waúrds, *q. v.*

liugnja, *m.*, *liar;* Jo. 8, 44. 55. I Tim. 1, 10. Tit. 1, 12.—*From* liugn *and suff.* -jan.

liuhadei, *f.* (*and* liuhadeins, *f.;* 113, *n.* 2), *light, illumination;* II Cor. 4, 4 (*A has* -eins, *perhaps partit. gen.; B* -ein). 6. — *From* liuhaþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. follg. w.*

liuhadeins, *adj.*, *full of light, shining, bright;* Mt. 6, 22. — *From* liuhaþs *and Germanic suff.* -îna.

liuhaþ, *gen.* **liuhadis,** *n.* (94), *light;* Mt. 5, 16. Mk. 13, 24. 14, 54. II Cor. 11, 14. Skeir. VI, a. [*From stem* liuh-ada- (*root* luh); *cf. O. E.* lêoht, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* lîht, lîght, *Mdn. E.* light, *O. S.* lioht, *O. H. G.* lioht, *M. H. G.* lieht, *N. H. G.* licht, *n.*, *light. From Idg. root* luk:leuk, *to shine; comp. Gr.* λευκ-ός, *shining, bright, white,* ἀμφιλύκη, *twilight; Lt.* lucerna, lucere, lux (*gen.* luc-is), lucidus, lûna (*for* *lucna, *whence M. H. G.* lûne, *f., caprice, also phase of the moon, N. H. G.* laune. *f., caprice, humor*), lûmen (*for* lucmen), di-luc-ulum; *Skr.* ruc (*pres.* rôcâmi), *to shine,* ruc-má-s, *adj., shining, subst., jewels,* rôká-s, *m.*, rôcaná, *n., light. For numerous Mdn. E. cognates from Lt. stems, such as* lucid, elucidate, illuminate, illustrate, luminary, luminous, lunar, lunatic, lustre, lynx (*G.* luchs; *s. Kl.*, luchs), *etc., s. Sk.*, lucid. *Root* luh *is further found in O. E.* lêoma (*for* *lêohma, *Germanic stem* *leuhmen-), *m., Mdl. E.* lêome, lême, lêm, *a ray of light, light, brightness, whence O. E.* lêomian, *Mdl. E.* lêome, lême, *to shine, be bright; in O. N.* ljómi, *O. S.* lioma, *a ray of light; in O. E.* lixan (*shortened from* lîexan, *from* lêohsjan, *by i-uml.*, =*Goth.* *liuhsjan), *to shine; in O. N.* ljós, *subst., light* (*comp. Skr.* rocis, *n., splendor, light,* rukšá, *Zend* raokšna, *adj., bright*); *O. H. G.* liehsen, *adj., bright. For further cognates, s.* laúhmuni, laúhatjan, *and follg. w.*]

liuhtjan, *w. v., to give light, to light, shine;* Mt. 5, 15. 16. II Cor. 4, 4. 6. Skeir. VI, a. — *Compds.* (a) ga-l. *w. acc., to enlighten, bring to light;* I Cor. 4, 5. II Tim. 1, 10. (b) in-l *w. acc., to enlighten;* Eph. 1, 18. 3, 9. [*From* *liuhts, *adj.*,

light, O. E. lêoht, *Mdl. E.* light, *Mdn. E.* light, *O. H. G.* lioht, *M. H. G.* lieht, *N. H. G.* licht, *adj., light. The corresponding verbs are: O. E.* lêohtan, *to give light, Mdl. E.* lîhte, lîghte, *Mdn. E.* light, *extended* lighten (*compd.* enlighten; en- *from Fr.* en-, *from Lt.* in), *Mdl. E.* lîghtene, lîghtne, *whence Mdn. E.* lightning (*w. suff.* -ing); *further O. H. G. M. H. G.* liuhten, *N. H. G.* leuchten, *to give light, to shine, light. S.* liuhaþ.]

***liusan,** *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *in* fra-l. *w. dat., to lose;* Lu. 15, 4. 6, 24. 32. 19, 10. Jo. 6, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* *lêosan, for-lêosan (*For* for-, *s.* faír-), *pret. sing.* -lêas, *plur.* -luron, *pret. partic.* -loren (*the* r *for* s, *by rotacism*), *Mdl. E.* forlêose, forlêse, *and* lêose, lêse, *pret. sing.* (for)lêas, (for)lês, *plur.* (for)luren, *pret. partic.* (for)loren, *Mdn. E.* leese (*obs.*), *pret. partic.* lorn (*used as adj., and obs.*), *compd.* forlorn, lasslorn, *forsaken by a lass* (*For* lass, *s.* liudan). *Allied to* los, *n., Mdl. E.* los, *Mdn. E.* loss, *whence O. E.* losian, *Mdl. E,* lǫ̂se, *to be loosed from, escape, also to lose. Mdn. E.* lose *suggests Mdl. E.* *lǫ̂se; *comp. Mdn. E.* choose, *from Mdl. E.* *chǫ̂se (*s.* kiusan). *Both forms remain to be explained; comp., however, Wells, Anglia, VII, 1, p. 208. Further O. H. G.* far-liosan, *M. H. G.* verliesen, *N. H. G.* verlieren, *Eff.* velêse, *to lose. — From Germanic root* lus, *allied to Idg. root* lŭ, *in Gr.* λύειν, *Lt.* solvere, *to loose* (*pret. partic.* so-lû-tus). *For further cognates, s.* *lusnan, laus, lausjan, lun.]

liutei, *f., deceit, pretense, hypocrisy;* Mk. 7, 22. 12, 15. Eph. 4, 14. I Tim. 4, 2. — us liutein taiknjan sik, *to feign one's self;* Lu. 20, 20. — *From* liuts (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

liuts, *adj., deceitful; used as a subst., m., dissembler, hypocrite;* Mt. 6, 2. 5. 16. Mk. 7, 6. Lu. 6, 42. II Tim. 3, 13. [*From Germanic root* lût, *to hide one's self, incline, stoop, whence also O. E.* lûtan, *to bow, bend down, lie hid, Mdl. E.* lûte, *to incline, cower down, stoop down, Mdn. E.* lout, *to bend, bow, stoop* (*whence* lout, *a clown*), *O. N.* lúta, *to bend, incline, O. H. G.* lûzên, *M. H. G.* lûzen, *to lie hid; further O. E.* lyteg (*w. suff.* -eg), *adj., Mdl. E.* luti, *shrewd, cunning; and perhaps O. E.* lûs, *f., Mdl. E.* lûs, *Mdn. E.* louse, *O. N.* lús, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* lûs, *N. H. G.* laus, *f., louse; s. Kl.,* laus. — *Comp.* liutei, lutôn, lita, *and* leitils.]

liuþareis, *m., singer;* Ezra 2, 41. Neh. 7, 1. [*From* *liuþ, *n., song, and suff.* -arja; *cf. O. E.* lêoð, *n., Mdl. E.* lêoð, lêod, lêd, *O. H. G.* liod, *M. H. G.* liet(d), *N. H. G.* lied, *n., song. Comp. follg. w.*]

liuþôn, *w. v., to sing;* Rom. 15, 9. — *From* *liuþ; *see prec. w.*

Lôd, *pr. n., Λώδ;* Lu. 17, 29; *gen.* -is; Lu. 17, 28. 32.

lôfa, *m., the palm of the hand;* Mt. 26, 67. Mk. 14, 65; slahs lôfin, *a buffet;* Jo. 18, 22. 19, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* lôf, *f., Mdl. E.* lôve, lûfe, *Mdn. E.* (*Scot.*) loof, *O. N.* lófi, *f., the palm of the hand; perhaps identical with Mdl. E.* lǫf, *a contrivance for altering a ship's course, Mdn. E.* loof *and* luff.; *and O. E.* glôf (*for* ge-lôf; *for* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *f., Mdl. E.* glove, *Mdn. E.* glove, *O. N.* glófi, *glove.*]

lubains, *f.* (31), *hope;* Rom. 15, 13. [*From* *luban (*stem* lubai-), *to hope, and suff.* -aini. *From root* lub; *s.* liufs.]

lubja-leis, *adj., skilled in witchcraft;* II Tim. 3, 13 (gloss). [*The first component,* lubja-, *answers to O. E.* lyb, (y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *f.* (?), *poison, O. N.* lyf, *medicine, physic, O. H. G.* luppi, *n., M. H. G.* lüppe, luppe, *n. f., a poisonous juice. The original meaning of* lubja- *was, probably, 'a strong, acrid essence, vegetable juice'; comp. also O. E.* cêse-lib, *m.* (?), *Mdl. E.* chêselep, *rennet, Mdn. E.* cheese-lep, *O. H. G.* châsiluppa (*O. E.* cêse, *m., O. H. G.* châsi, *m., etc., from Vulg. Lt.* *casius, *for Lt.* caseus, *cheese*), *M. H. G.* kæseluppe, *f., beside* kæse-lap, *n., rennet* (*M. H. G.* lap, *gen.* labes, *n. m., rennet, also an acrid liquid, N. H. G.* lab, *n., rennet, anything that curdles certain fluids; s. Kl.,* lab). *For the second component, s.* *leis. — *Comp.* lubjaleisei.

lubja-leisei, *f.* (30), *witchcraft;* Gal. 5, 20. — *From* lubja-leis (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

***lubô,** *f.* (31), *love, in* brôþrulubô. [*Cf. O. E.* lufan-, *hope, consolation, comfort?, nom.* *lufa *does not occur; s.* liufs.]

ludja, *f., face, countenance;* Mt. 6, 17. *From root of* liudan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jô.

***lufs,** *in* galufs, *q. v.* — *Allied to* liufs, *laufs, *q. v.*

luftus, *m., air;* I Cor. 9, 26. Eph. 2, 2. I Thess. 4, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* lyft, *m. f.* (*from stem* luf-ti, *by* i-*uml., f.,* beside *luf-tu, *m.*), *air, Mdl. E.* lift, *air, Mdn. E.* (*Scot.*) lift, *the atmosphere, O. N.* lopt (a-*stem*), *n., air, O. S.* luft, *f., O. H. G. M. H. G.* luft, *m. f., N. H. G.* luft, *f., Du.* lucht, *Eff.* luëch (*with* ch *for* f). *f., air, whence, respectively, Mdl. E.* lifte, *to lift up, prop. to raise into the air, Mdn. E.* lift, *O. N.* lypta, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* lüften, *to lift. O. N.* lopt *also meant 'an upper room', whence Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* loft, *an upper room, a garret, whence* lofty; *cf. Eff.* löf, *f., a garret. Mdn. E.* aloft, *Mdl. E.* ǫn (ǫ-, a-; *s.* ana) lofte, *refers to O. N.* á lopt, *aloft in the air.*]

***lûkan,** *st. v.* (15; 173, *n.* 2), *to lock.* — *Compds.* (a) ga-l., (1)

w. acc., to shut, close; Mt. 27, 66; *to enclose;* Lu. 5, 6; *folld. by* in *w. dat., to shut up;* Lu. 3, 20; *to enclose;* Rom. 11, 32; (2) *w. instr., to shut, close;* Mt. 6, 6. (b) us-l *w. acc. of a dir. obj., to unlock, open;* Mk. 1, 10 (uslukanans *for the incorrect* usluknans). Lu. 2, 23. 4, 17. Neh. 7, 3; *to unsheath, to draw (a sword);* Mk. 14, 47. Jo. 18, 10; *folld. by a dat. of pers. for whom anything is opened;* Jo. 10, 3. Col. 4, 3. II Cor. 2, 12; *or a dependent dat. of possession;* Jo. 9, 14. 17. 21. 26. 30. 32. 10, 21. 11, 37. [*Cf. O. E.* lûcan, *to lock* (*compds.* â-, be-, ʒe-, ǫn-, to-, un-lûcan), *Mdl. E.* lûke, *to lock* (*compds.* be-, i-, to-, un-lûke), *O. N.* lúka, *O. H. G.* lûhhan, *M. H. G.* lûchen, *to lock. From root* lŭk, *pre-Germanic* lŭg; *comp. Skr. root* ruj, *to break. S.* *luknan, *luks.]

lukarn, *n., a light, candle;* Mt. 6, 22. Mk. 4, 21. Lu. 8, 16. 15, 8. Skeir. VI, a. [*From* Lt. lucerna, *f., lamp, oil-lamp, candle. Comp. follg. w.*]

lukarna-staþa, *m., candlestick;* Mt. 5, 15. Mk. 4, 21. Lu. 8, 16. — *From stem of* lukarn *and* staþa, *q. v.*

Lukas, *pr. n.,* Λουκᾶς; Col. 4, 14. II Tim. 4, 11; *acc.* -an; Lu. superscr.

Lukius, *pr. n.,* Λούκιος; Rom. 16, 21.

***luknan,** *w. v., to be locked, in* (a) ga-l., *to be locked, be shut up, be closed;* Lu. 4, 25. (b) us-l., *to become unlocked, be opened, open;* Mt. 27, 52. Mk. 7, 34. Lu. 1, 64. 3, 21; *w. dat. of advantage;* I Cor. 16, 9; *for this dat. there occurs* du *w. dat.;* II Cor. 6, 11; — *w. possessive dat.;* Mt. 9, 30. Mk. 7, 35. Jo. 9, 10. — *From the pret. partic. of* lûkan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***luks,** *m., an opening, in* usluks, *q. v.* [*From* lûkan (*w. abl.*), *q. v. Cf. O. E.* loc, *n., Mdl. E.* loc, lok, *inclosure, inclosed place, the fastening of a door, beside* loca, *m., inclosure, prison, Mdl. E.* loke, *inclosure, lock* (*whence the v.* loke, *Mdn. E.* lock), *beside* loke, *inclosure, prison, lock, Mdn. E.* lock, *O. N.* loka, *lock, O. H. G.* loh, *M. H. G.* loch, *n., inclosure, prison, secret abode, cave, opening, hole, N. H. G.* loch, *n., hole, prison* (*vulg.*), *L. G.* luke, *an opening, whence N. H. G.* luke, *f., hatch, hatchway, dormer-window; and O. H. G.* bi-loh (*For* bi-, *s.* bi), *M. H. G.* bloch (*for* beloch), *a kind of trap* (*whence* blocken, *to imprison*), *N. H. G.* block, *m., prison, in phrase* 'in den block legen', *to imprison. To the stem of O. H. G.* loh *refers O. H. G.* luccha (*for* *lukkja), *M. H. G.* lücke, lucke (*whence* lücke, *loose, light, dissolute, whence N. H. G.* locker, *th. s.*),

N. H. G. lücke, *f.*, *gap, opening, hole.* — *Comp.* luknan.]

lûn, *n.* (?), *ransom;* Mk. 10, 45. — *From root* lû (*s.* liusan) *and suff.* -na (*or* -ni?). *Comp. follg. w.*

***lûneins,** *f.*, *in* us-lûneins, *q. v.* — *From* *lûnjan (*from* lûn, *q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni.

***lusnan,** *w. v.* (194), *in* fra-l., *to be lost, perish;* I Cor. 1, 18. II Cor. 2. 15 (gloss). 4, 3. — *From the pret. partic. of* *liusan, *q. v.*

lustôn, *w. v. w. gen., to desire;* Mt. 5, 28. [*From* lustus, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* lustôn, *M. H. G.* lusten, *to desire. Allied to follg. w.*]

***lusts,** *f.*, *in* fra-lusts, *q. v. From root of* liusan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* lyst, *f.*, *Mdl. E.* list, *desire*, *Mdn. E.* list (*obs.*), *O. N.* lyst, *O. S.* lust, *f.*, *O. H. G.* lust, *f.*, *M. H. G.* lust, *N. H. G.* lust, *f.*, *desire.* — *Der.: O. E.* lystan (*not* lystan, *but* *lustian, *without uml., would be the v. derived from* lust=*Goth.* lustus, *answering to Goth.* lustôn, *above*), *Mdl. E.* liste, *to desire* (*used impers.*), *Mdn. E.* list, *to please*, *O. N.* lysta, *O. H. G.* lustjan, lusten, *M. H. G.* lüsten, *N. H. G.* lüsten, *to long for, desire. It appears from these derivatives that the meaning of the simple subst.* *lusts, *O. E.* lyst, *etc., must have been the same as that of* lustus, *O. E.* lust, *etc.; comp. also v. Bd., p. 66. S. follg. w.*]

lustus, *m.* (105), *lust, desire;* Mk. 4, 19. Jo. 8, 44. Rom. 7, 7. 8. 13, 14. Gal. 5, 16. 24. Eph. 2, 3. 4, 22. Phil. 1, 23. Col. 3, 5. I Thess. 2, 17. 4, 5. 5. II Tim. 3, 6. 4, 3; us lustum, *willingly;* Philem. 14. [*Cf. O. E.* lust, *Mdl. E.* lust, *Mdn. E.* lust, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* lust, *m., lust, desire. From root of* liusan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tu. *S.* lustôn *and prec. w.*]

lustu-sams, *adj., longed for, much desired;* Phil. 4, 1. — *From stem of* lustus *and* -sams, *q. v.*

lutôn, *w. v., to betray; pres. partic.* lutônds, *used as a subst., m., deceiver, betrayer;* Tit. 1, 10. — *Compd.* us-l. *w. acc., to deceive;* Rom. 7, 11. II Cor. 11, 3. Gal. 6, 3 (gloss). Eph. 5, 6. II Thess. 2, 3. I Tim. 2, 14. Skeir. I, b. d. — *From root* lût; *s.* liuts.

Lyddômaeis, *pr. n., a corrupted form of the Gr.* Ἀνδδωναΐδ, Ἀνδδών, Λοδαδί, *etc.;* Ezra 2, 33.

Lysanius, *pr. n.*, Λυσανίας, *gen.* -aus; Lu. 3, 1.

Lystra, *pr. n.*, Λύστρα, *dat.* -ys (-οις); II Tim. 3, 11.

M.

Maeinan, *pr. n., Μαϊνάν, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 31.

magan, *pret.-pres. v.* (201), *to be able, be able to do;* mag, *I am able, can, may, pret.* mahta, *etc.*, (1) *used alone;* Mk. 6, 19. 9, 18. 22. 10, 39. Lu. 19, 3. Rom. 8, 7. (2) *w. acc.;* Phil. 4, 13; *and a follg.* faúr *w. acc.;* II Cor. 13, 8. (3) *w. inf.*, (a) wisan *w. nom.;* Lu. 14, 26. 27. 33. 16, 2; (b) waírþan *w. nom.;* I Cor. 7, 21; mag waírþan, *it is possible, it may be* (*δυνατόν*); Rom. 12, 18; (c) *other verbs* (*trans. or intrans.*); Mt. 5, 36. 6, 24. 8, 28. 9, 15. 28. 10, 28. Mk. 2, 4. 3, 20. 7, 15. 9, 28. 10, 38. Lu. 1, 20. 14, 20. 29. Jo. 14, 5. II Cor. 1, 4. 3, 7. Eph. 3, 4. Skeir. I, b. II, a. b. c. V, c. VI, b; *an inf. follg. the pret. partic.*, mahts, *is used in a pass. sense;* Mk. 14, 5. Lu. 8, 43. Jo. 3, 4. 10, 35. I Tim. 5, 25. Skeir. II, b. c. VI, b. — *Compd.* ga-m., *to avail;* Gal. 5, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* *magan, *mugan (?): *pres.* mæȝ, *Mdl. E.* mæȝ, mæi, mai, *Mdn. E.* may (*pret.: O. E.* meahte, mihte, *Mdl. E.* meaht, miht, mîght, *Mdn. E.* might), *O. N.* mega, *O. H. G.* mugan, magan, *M. H. G.* mugen, mügen, *N. H. G.* mögen (*pret.: O. H. G.* mahta, *M. H. G.* mahtemohte, *N. H. G.* mochte), *indicating permission, concession, desire or liking. — Compd. O. H. G.* furi-mugan (*For* furi-, *s.* faúr, faúra), *M. H. G.* vermugen, vermügen, *N. H. G.* vermögen, *to be able, have power, also used as a subst., n., ability, power, faculty, fortune, property, M. H. G.* vermügen, *n., ability, power, might. The N. H. G. prep.* vermöge, *by virtue of, refers to M. H. G.* vermüge, *f., might, power. Of German orig. is O. Fr.* desmayer, esmayer (*Prov.* esmaiar, *to dishearten, Sp. Pg.* desmayar, *th. s.;* des- = *Lt.* dis-, es- = *Lt.* ex), *'to lack power, faint, be discouraged', whence Mdl. E.* desmaie, *Mdn. E.* dismay. *For further cognates from root* mag, *s.* mahts; *comp. also* magus *and follg. w.*]

magaþei, *f.* (113), *virginity;* Lu. 2, 36. — *From* magaþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

magaþs, *f.* (103), *maid, virgin;* Lu. 1, 27. [*From stem* mag-aþi, *from* magus, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* mæȝð, *f.*, (*compd.* mæȝðhâd, *m., Mdl. E.* mæiðhâd, mæiðhọ̊d; *for* -hâd, -hôd, s. haidus), *Mdl. E.* mæið, maið, *virgin, O. S.* magath, *f., virgin, female servant, O. H. G.* magad, *virgin, M. H. G.* maget, meit, *virgin, female servant, N. H. G.* magd, *female, servant* (*whence N. H. G.* mädchen, *n., girl;* -chen *being a dim. suff.*)—

Der. (*w. Germanic suffix* -îna): *Goth.* *magadein, *n.*, *O. E.* mæʒden, *n.*, (*O. E.* mæʒdenhâd, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* mæiden-, maidenhȯd, -hêd, *Mdn. E.* maidenhood, -head. *For* -hood, -head, *s.* haidus), *Mdl. E.* mæiden, maiden, *short* mæide, maide, *Mdn. E.* maiden, maid, *O. H. G.* magatîn, *M. H. G.* magetîn, *girl, maid.*]

Magdalan, *pr. n.*, *Μαγδαλάν;* Mk. 8, 10.

Magdalênê, *pr. n.*, *Μαγδαληνή;* Mt. 27, 56. 61. Mk. 15, 40. 47. 16, 1. Lu. 8, 2; *dat. th. s.;* Mk. 16, 9.

magula, *m.* (108), *a little boy, lad;* Jo. 6, 9. Skeir. VII, a. — *From stem of* magus (*q. v.*) *and dim. suff.* -lan; *comp.* mawilô.

magus, *m.* (105), *boy, child, servant;* Lu. 2, 43. 48. 9, 42. 15, 26. [*Cf. O. E.* magu, *m.*, *son, man, O. N.* mögr, *son. Supposed to be derived from root of* magan (*q. v.*), *or to be allied to O. Ir.* mug, *slave, and to Zend* magu, *youth* (*S. Kl.*, magd). — *Comp.* magaþs, magula, mawi; *also* þiu-magus.]

Mahaþ, *pr. n.*, *Μαάθ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 26.

mahteigs, *adj.* (124), (1) *mighty, strong, able;* Mk. 13, 22. Lu. 1, 49. 52. II Cor. 12, 10. I Tim. 6, 15; *w.* wisan *and a follg. inf.;* Lu. 14, 31. Rom. 8, 39. 9, 22. 11, 23. 14, 4. II Cor. 9, 8. Eph. 3, 20. II Tim. 1, 12. 3, 7. 15. Tit. 1, 9; *an inf. being understood;* Lu. 14, 32; *w.* wisan *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* II Cor. 13, 3. (2) *possible;* Mk. 13, 22. Gal. 4, 15; *w. a follg. dat.;* Mk. 9, 23. II Cor. 10, 4; *or* at *w. dat.;* Lu. 18, 27; *or* fram *w. dat.;* Mk. 10, 27. [*From* mahts (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suffix* -ī-ga; *cf. O. E.* meahtiʒ, mæhtiʒ, mihtiʒ, *Mdl. E.* mîhtiʒ, mîghti, mîhti, *Mdn. E.* mighty, *O. H. G.* mahtîg, mahtîc, *M. H. G.* mehtic (*infl.* g), *N. H. G.* mächtig, *mighty, powerful. For the compds., Mdn. E.* almighty, *N. H. G.* allmächtig, *s.* alls. — *Comp.* unmahteigs *and follg. w.*]

***mahtjan,** *w. v., in* ana-m., *to be violent against, do wrong, defraud, maltreat,* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 11, 12. Mk. 10, 19. II Cor. 7, 12. *Pass.: to suffer violence;* Mt. 11, 12; *to suffer wrong;* II Cor. 7, 12. (2) *w. acc.;* Lu. 3, 14. 6, 28. (*In pass. the nom.:*) Lu. 18, 32. — *From* mahts, anamahts, *q. v.*

mahts, *pret. partic. of* magan, *q. v.*

mahts, *f.* (66, *n.* 1), (1) *might, power, strength, virtue;* Mt. 6, 13. Mk. 9, 1. 12, 24. 30. 33. 13, 25. 26. Lu. 1, 17. 35. 4, 14. 36. 5, 17. 6, 19. 8, 46. 9, 1. 50. 10, 19. 27. 19, 37. Rom. 8, 38. 9, 17. I Cor. 1, 18. 24. 5, 4. 15, 24. 56. II Cor. 1, 8. 4, 7. 6, 7. 8, 3. 12, 9. 13, 4. Eph. 1, 19. 21. 3, 7. 20. 6, 10. Phil. 3, 10.

Col. 1, 11. 29. II Thess. 1, 7. 9. 11. II Tim. 1, 7. 8. 3, 5. (2) *a mighty work, a wonderful thing or deed, a miracle;* Mt. 7, 22. 11, 20. Mk. 6, 2. 5. 14. 9, 39. II Cor. 12, 12. Gal. 3, 5. Lu. 10, 13. 19, 37. [*From stem* mahti-, *w. suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* meaht (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), mæht, miht (*For the* æ, i, *s. P., Beitr., VI, 47 et seq.*), *f., Mdl. E.* mîht, mîght, *Mdn. E.* might, *O. N.* máttr, *m., O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* maht, *N. H. G.* macht, *f., might, power, strength. Allied to* magan, *q. v.* — *Comp.* ana-, un-mahts; mahteigs, *mahtjan.]

***maideins,** *f., in* inmaideins. — *From* maidjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni.

maidjan, *w. v. w. acc., to corrupt, deform, falsify;* II Cor. 2, 17. — *Compd.* in-m. *w. acc., to change, exchange, transfigure;* I Cor. 15, 51. 52. Gal. 4, 20. Rom. 12, 2. Skeir. III, b. VI, b; *w. the refl. acc.* sik; Mk. 9, 2; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Phil. 3, 21. [*From* *maiþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* mǽdan (ǽ *for* â, *from* ai, *by* i-*uml.*), *to deform, confuse, Mdl. E.* mǽde, *beside* madde, *to confuse, derange, Mdn. E.* (*Shakespere*) mad, *to make mad, O. N.* meiða, *to deform, injure.*]

maíhstus, *m., dung, dunghill, mixen;* Lu. 14, 35. [*Cf. O. E.* meox (*for* *meoxt? eo *for* i, *by breaking*), mix, *m., Mdl. E.* mix, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* mist (*for* *mihst), *m., manure, dung.* — *Der.: O. E.* mixen, *f., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* mixen, *O. H. G.* mistunnea, mistina, *f., M. H. G.* misten, miste, *f., dunghill.* — *From root* mĭg, *to urine, appearing in O. E.* mîȝan, *Mdl. E.* mîȝe, *O. N.* míga, *to urine. The corresponding Indg. root* mĭgh *is found in Lt.* mingere, *to urine, Gr.* ὀμιχεῖν, *Skr. root* mih, *to urine.* — *Supposed to be allied to O. E.* mist, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* mist; *comp. Gr.* ὀμίχλη, ὁμίχλη, *mist, fog; and Skr.* mêgha, *cloud,* míh, *rain, fog.*]

mail, *n., spot, wrinkle;* Eph. 5, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* mâl, *n., Mdl. E.* mâl, mǫ̂l, *Mdn. E.* mole (*whence* mould, *a spot; s. Sk.* mole (1)), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* meil, *n., mole, spot. Supposed* (*But s. Kl.*, mal), *to be allied to* mêl, *q. v.*]

Maílaían, *pr. n., gen.* -is, *Μελεᾶ;* Lu. 3, 31.

Maílkei (?), *pr. n., Μελχεί, gen.* -eis; Lu. 3, 24; *or* -eins; Lu. 3, 28.

maímbrana, *for. w., m., μεμβράνα, f., membrane, parchment;* II Tim. 4, 13.

***mainjan,** *w. v., in* (a) ga-m., (1) *w. acc., to make common, defile;* Mk. 7, 15. 18. 20; (2) *w. dat. of pers. folld. by* in *w. dat., to communicate;* Gal. 6, 6. Phil. 4, 15; (3) *w. dat. of th., to distribute;* Rom. 12, 13; *to*

partake of; I Cor. 10, 18. Eph. 5, 11. (b) ga-ga-m. *w. acc., to defile;* Mk. 7, 23. — *From* *mains, gamains, *q. v.*

***mains,** *adj., in* ga-mains, *q. v. Comp.* *mainjan.

mais, *adv.* (212), *more, rather;* Mt. 10, 28. Mk. 9, 42. 10, 26. 15, 11. 14. Lu. 5, 15. 7, 42. Jo. 19, 8. Rom. 14, 13. I Cor. subscr. 7, 21. II Cor. 2, 7. 5, 8. 7, 7. 11, 23. Eph. 4, 28. 5, 4. Phil. 1, 14. 3, 4. I Thess. 4, 1. 10. I Tim. 6, 2. Skeir. I, c. VIII, b; mais þau, *more than, rather than;* Jo. 12, 43. Gal. 4, 27. I Tim. 1, 4. II Tim. 3, 4; *w. dat.: more than;* Mt. 6, 25. Lu. 7, 26; *pleonastic w. another compar.;* Mt. 6, 26. Mk. 5, 26. — filu mais, *much more;* Skeir. VII, d. mais filu, *th. s.;* I Cor. 12, 22; filu gabaúrjaba mais, *most gladly;* II Cor. 12, 9; und filu mais, *much more, so much the more;* Lu. 18, 39. II Cor. 3, 9. 11; und filu mais batizô, *far better;* Phil. 1, 23; hvan filu — mais þamma, *the more — so much the more;* Mk. 7, 36; filaus mais, *th. s.;* II Cor. 7, 13. Skeir. V, c; *w. a follg. compar.;* II Cor. 8, 22; hvan mais, *how much more;* Rom. 11, 12; hvan filu mais, *th. s.;* Rom. 11, 24. Philem. 16; und hvan filu mais, *th. s.;* Mt. 6, 30; hvaiwa nei mais, *not much more;* II Cor. 3, 8. — mais fraþjan, *to think more highly;* Rom. 12, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* mâ (*from* *mai *for* *mais; *cf. O. E.* bet *for* *bete, *from* batis; *s.* batiza), *adv., Mdl. E.* mâ, mǫ̂, *Mdn. E.* (*obs.*) mo, moe, *more, O. N.* meiri, *O. H. G.* mêr, *M. H. G.* mêr (mêre, mê), *compar. adv., more, and uninfl. subst., n., more, N. H. G.* mêhr, *adj. and adv., more* (*For N. H. G.* i-mmer, n-i-mmer, *s.* aiw). *From stem* ma-; *s.* maiza; *also* þanamais.]

Maísaúllam, *pr. n., Μεσολλάμ, gen.* -is; Neh. 6, 18.

maist, *adv.* (212, *n.* 3), *at the most;* I Cor. 14, 27. — *Prop. acc. sing. n. of* maists, *q. v.*

maists, *superl. adj.* (138), *the greatest;* Mk. 4, 32. 9, 34. Lu. 9, 46; *a chief man, a man of rank;* Mk. 6, 21; sa maista gudja, *the high priest;* Jo. 18, 24. 26. 19, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* mæst, (*with uml. — caused by?*) mâst (*without uml.*), *Mdl. E.* mæst, mâst, mǫ̂st, *Mdn. E.* most (*For* -most *in* aftermost, hindmost, *etc., s.* aftumists), *O. N.* mestr (*for* *meistr), *O. S.* mêst, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* meist, *most. From stem* ma- (*s.* maiza) *and superl. suffix* -ist (*s.* aftumists, batists, *etc.*). *Comp.* mais *and prec. w.*]

***mait,** *n., in* bimait, un-bi-mait. *From follg. w.*

maitan, *red. v.* (179), *w. acc., to cut, cut off, cut down;* Mk. 11, 8. — *Compds.* (a) af-m., *to cut off, w. acc. of th.;* Mt. 5, 30. Mk. 9, 43. 45; af-m. haubiþ *w.*

possessive dat., to behead; Mk. 6, 16. 27. Lu. 9, 9. Jo. 18, 10. 26. (b) bi-m., (1) *trans., to circumcise;* Jo. 7, 22. Lu. 1, 59. 2, 21; *pret. partic.* bimaitans, *circumcised;* I Cor. 7, 18. Gal. 5, 3. 6, 13; (2) *intr., to be circumcised;* Gal. 2, 3. 5, 2. 6, 12. I Cor. 7, 18. (*S.* unbimaitans) (c) ga-m., *to circumcise; s.* gamaitanô. (d) us-m. *w. acc., to cut out, cut off, hew down;* Mt. 7, 19. Lu. 3, 9. Rom. 11, 22. 24. II Cor. 11, 12. Gal. 5, 12. [*Comp. O. N.* meita, *O. H. G.* meizan, *M. H. G.* meizen, *to hew, cut; from Germanic root* mait, *to hew, appearing also in O. N.* meitill, *m., O. H. G.* meizil, *M. H. G.* meizel, *N. H. G.* meissel, *m., chisel; and in O. H. G.* *meizzo, *in* steinmeizzo (*For* stein-, *s.* stains), *m., stone-cutter* (*beside* steinmezze, *M. H. G.* steinmetze, *N. H. G.* steinmetz, *m., th. s.; s. Kl.*, metze, *m.*). *Supposed to be allied to root* mat, *to hew; cf. O. E.* mattoc, mattuc, *m., Mdl. E.* mattok, *Mdn. E.* mattock, *a kind of pick-ax; and* mat- *in Eff.* mathǫ̂ch (-hǫ̂ch='*hook*'), *m., a hooked instrument used to receive the grain as cut, and to lay it evenly in swaths. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***maitanô,** *f., in* ga-maitanô, *q. v.* — *Comp. prec. w.*

maiþms, *m.* (91, *n.* 1), *gift;* Mk. 7, 11. [*From a verbal stem* maiþ *and suff.* -ma. *Cf. O. E.* mâðum (*gen.* mâðmes; *the* u *simply indicates the syllabic value of the final* m), *m., Mdl. E.* mâðem (*plur.* mâðmes, *beside* mâdmes), *O. N.* meiðm, *O. S.* mêðom, *m., gift, present, M. H. G.* meidem, meiden, *m., horse* (*S. Schade*, maithms, *and L.*, meidem). *Allied to Lt.* mûtuus (*from* *moituos), *borrowed, lent.*]

***maiþs,** *adj., in* ga-maiþs, *q. v.* [*Allied to Lt.* mûtare (*from* *moitare), *to alter, change, O. Ind.* mai *or* mâ, *to change, exchange; s. L. M., p. 117. Comp.* maidjan.]

maiza, *compar. adj.* (138), *more, greater;* Jo. 19, 11. Skeir. III, a; sa maiza, *the elder;* Rom. 9, 12; maizô þau, *more than;* Eph. 3, 20; — *w. dat., more than, greater than;* Mt. 11, 11. Mk. 12, 31. Lu. 7, 28. 9, 13, Jo. 8, 53. 10, 29. 13, 16. 14, 12. 28. 15, 13. 20. [*From Germanic stem* ma- *and suffix* -iza (*Comp.* batiza, hauhiza, *etc.*); *cf. O. E.* mâra (r *from* z, *by rotacism*), *compar. adj., greater, more, Mdl. E.* mare, mǫ̂re, *th. s., Mdn. E.* more, *O. H. G.* mêro, *M. H. G.* mêre, *compar. adj., greater* (*recent N. H. G.* mehre, *adj., several*), *and, w. a double compar. suffix, O. H. G.* mêrôr, mêrôro, mêriro, *M. H. G.* mêrer, mêrre, merre, *greater* (*said of space, time, and value*), *N. H. G.* *mehrer, *plur.*

mehrere, *adj., several. Concerning the supposed relation between* maiza *and Lt.* major, magis, magnus, *etc.* (*comp.* mikils), *s. Kl.*, mehr.]

Makebis, *pr. n.* (*for* Makbeis, *Μαχβεὶς?*) *gen.;* Ezra 2, 30.

Makidoneis, *pr. n., Μακεδόνες;* II Cor. 9, 4; *dat.* -im; II Cor. 9, 2 (*A, B has* Makidonnim). — *Comp. follg. w.*

Makidonja (?), *pr. n.* (11, *n.* 1), *Μακεδονία, gen.* -ais; II Cor. 8, 1; *and subscr.* (*in A, wanting in B*). I Tim. 1, 3 (*B, A has* Makedonais); *dat.* Makidonai; II Cor. 11, 9. Phil. 4, 15. I Thess. 4, 10 (*in B, wanting in A*); *or* Makaídonjai; II Cor. 1, 16. 7, 5 (*in A, B has* i *for* aí); *acc.* Makidonja; I Cor. 16, 5 (*in A B*); II Cor. 2, 13 (*B, A has* aí *for* i). — *Comp. prec. w.; also Bernh.*, Makidonja.

Makmas, *pr. n., uninfl., Μαχμάς;* Ezra 2, 27.

malan, *st. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to grind in a mill;* Lu. 17, 35. [*This v. occurs in all the Germanic dialects, except E.* (*where it is represented by the v. 'to grind'; s.* grinda-fraþjis); *comp. O. N.* mala, *O. S. O. H. G.* malan, *M. H. G.* maln, *N. H. G.* mahlen, *to grind. From root* mal: mol, *occurring further in O. E.* melu(-o), meolu(-o) (*gen.* meoluwes, *for* meolwes; *from stem* mel-wo-, *the w becoming* u(o) *in the nom; the* eo *is* u-*uml. of* e), *n., Mdl. E.* melu, mele, mêl, *Mdn. E.* meal, *flour* (*Concerning Mdn. E.* meal, *repast, s.* mêl), *O. N.* mjöl (*gen. pl.* mjölva), *O. S.* mel, *O. H. G.* melo (*gen.* melwes, melawes), *M. H. G.* mel (*gen.* melwes), *N. H. G.* mehl, *n., flour; in O. S.* maldar (*w. Germanic suff.* -dra-, *usually* -þra- = *Indg.* tro; *Lt.* -tro-, *Gr.* -τρο-), *O. H. G.* maltar, *M. H. G.* malter, malder, *n., N. H. G.* malter, *m. n., a dry measure. Further cognates from root* mal:mol *are Gr. μύλλειν, to grind, μύλη, mill, Lt.* molere, *to grind,* mola, *mill, whence the later* molina, *whence O. E.* myln, mylen, *n., Mdl. E.* miln, myln, mulne, mille, mulle (*by loss of* n), *Mdn. E.* mill, *O. N.* mylna, *O. H. G.* mulî, mulîn, *M. H. G.* mul, mule, *N. H. G.* mühle, *f., mill, and Mdl. Lt.* molinarius, *a miller, whence Mdl. E.* mulnere, milnere, miller, *Mdn. E.* miller, *O. H. G.* mulinâri, *M. H. G.* mulnære, mulner, *N. H. G.* müller (Müllner, *pr. n.*), *m., miller. Concerning E.* mill, *G.* mühle, *as supposed to be independent Germanic formations* (*w. suff.* -inô), *s. Kl.*, mühle. — *Comp.* malma, malô, *malwjan, mulda.]

Malatheus, *pr. n.;* Neap. doc.

Maleilaíêl, *pr. n., Μαλελεήλ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 37.

Malkus, *pr. n., Μάλχος;* Jo. 18, 10.

malma, *m., sand;* Mt. 7, 26. Rom. 9, 27. [*From root of* malan (*q. v.*), *to grind, and suff.* -man. *A shorter stem,* malma-, melma-, *is found in O. E.* mealm (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m., O. N.* malmr, *m., sand, O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* melm, *m., Eff.* mölm, *m., fine earth, mold.* — *Der.* (*O. H. G.* *malmôn, *M. H. G.* *malmen), *N. H. G.* malmen, zermalmen (*For* -zer-, *s.* tuz-), *to bruise, crush* (*for which M. H. G.* zermaln, zermüln). — *Comp.* malô, mulda.]

malô, *f., moth;* Mt. 6, 19. 20. [*Lit.* '*a grinding insect,*' *from root of* malan (*q. v.*), *to grind, and suff.* -ôn. *Allied to O. H. G.* milwa, miliwa, *M. H. G.* milwe, *N. H. G.* milbe, *f., mite, moth.* — *Comp.* malma, *malwjan, mulda.]

***malsks,** *adj., in* untila-malsks, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* malsc (*Ettm.*), *O. S.* malsk, *adj., proud, haughty. Comp. Sch.,* malsk.]

***malteins,** *f., in* ga-malteins, *q. v.* [*From a verb* *maltjan, *to melt, dissolve, and Germanic suff.* î-ni; *cf. O. E.* meltan, *Mdl. E.* melte, *Mdn. E.* melt; *from stem* malta-, *occurring in O. N.* maltr, *adj., rotten, O. H. G. M. H. G.* malz, *melting, soft. The adj. was prob. used as a subst.; comp. O. E.* mealt (ea *for* a *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* malt, *Mdn. E.* malt, *O. N. O. S. malt, O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* malz, *n., malt, lit. a being soft, a soft substance. Root* melt *is supposed to be allied to root* smelt, *in O. H. G.* smelzan, *M. H. G.* smelzen, *N. H. G.* schmelzen, *to melt; in O. H. G. M. H. G.* smalz, *N. H. G.* schmalz, *n.,* (*melted*) *fat, lard; and in Mdn. E.* smelt, *to fuse ore, of Scand. orig.; comp. Dan.* smelte, *Swed.* smälte, *to smelt. Of Germanic orig. are Ital.* smalto, *enamel, O. Fr.* esmail, esmal, *enamel, whence Mdl. E.* en-amaile (en=*Lt.* in), *Mdn. E.* enamel. — *Allied to Gr.* μέλδειν, *to melt.*]

***malwjan,** *w. v., in* ga-m. *w. acc., to grind, bruise, crush;* gamalwiþs haírtin, *broken-hearted;* Lu. 4, 18. — *From stem* *malwa-, *from root of* malan, *q. v.*

Mambrês, *pr. n.,* Μαμβρῆς; II Tim. 3, 8.

mammô, *f., flesh;* Col. 1, 22. [*Etymology unknown; s. Dief. I, p. 29.*]

mammôna, *for. w., m.,* μαμμωνᾶ, *Mammon, riches;* Mt. 6, 24. Lu. 16, 13 (gloss).

***mampjan,** *w. v.,* in bi-m., *w. acc., to deride, mock at;* Lu. 16, 14.

managdûþs, *f.* (103), *abundance;* II Cor. 8, 2. — *From stem* manag(a)- (*s.* managS) *and suff.* -dû-þi=*Lt.* -tûti- (*s.* ga-maindûþs). *Comp. follg. w.*

managei, *f., crowd, multitude, the people;* Mt. 9, 36. 11, 7. 27, 1. 15. 64. Mk. 2, 4. 13. 3, 7. 8. 9. 4, 1. 36. 5, 21. 24, 27.

30. 7, 17. 33. 8, 2. 6. 34. 9, 14. 17. 11, 32. 12, 12. Lu. 1, 10. 77. 2, 13. 3, 18. Lu. 5, 3. 6. 19. 6, 17. 7, 1. 7, 11. 24. 9, 16. 8, 19. 40. 9, 3. 7. 38. 19, 3. 39. 47. 20, 1. 9. 19. 26. Jo. 6, 2. 5. 7, 12. 31. 40. 43. 18, 14. Rom. 15, 10. I Cor. 14, 21. II Cor. 6, 16. Neh. 5, 15. *An adj., partic., or prn., referring to* managei, *usually agrees with it in gender and number;* Mt. 9, 23. Mk. 5, 31. 7, 14. 10, 46. Lu. 1, 17. 68. 2, 10. 31. 32. 3, 7. 10. 7, 12. 16. 29. 8, 47. Lu. 9, 13 (gloss). 18, 36. Jo. 7, 32. Rom. 9, 25. 10, 21. 15, 11. Neh. 5, 18; *exceptions:* Mt. 9, 8. Mk. 15, 11. 15. Lu. 1, 21. 9, 13. Jo. 7, 49. 12, 12, *etc. The verb either agrees with* managei; Mt. 7, 28. 9, 8. 25. 33. Mk. 3, 20. 7, 6. 8, 1. 9, 25. 10, 1. 14, 43. Lu. 3, 15. 21. 4, 42. 5, 1. 29. 7, 9. 8, 42. 45. 9, 11. 18. 18, 43. 19, 48. 20, 6. 45. Jo. 7, 15. 12, 17. 34. Skeir. VII, c; *or* managei *stands in the sing. and the verb in the plur. number;* Mk. 3, 32. 9, 15. 11, 18. 12, 37. 15, 8. Lu. 1, 21. 6, 19. 9, 12. 19, 37. Jo. 6, 22. 7, 49. 11, 42. 12, 18. Neh. 5, 13; *or one v. occurs in sing. and another in plur.;* Jo. 6, 24. 7, 20. 12, 9. 29. Skeir. VIII, c. [*From stem of* managS (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Cf. O. E.* menʒu, menigu (o, *for* orig. î, *which had caused the change from* a (o) *to* e), *f., multitude, the people, Mdl. E.* menige, manige, *Mdn. E.* many, *in phrase 'a great many', O. H. G.* menigî, managî, *M. H. G.* menege, *N. H. G.* menge, *f., multitude, quantity. — Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

manag-falþs, *adj., manifold;* Lu. 18, 30. Eph. 3, 10. [*From stem* manag(a)- (*s.* managS) *and suff.* -falþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* manigfeald, *Mdl. E.* manifeald, manifald, mǫnivǫ̂ld, *Mdn. E.* manifold, *O. S.* managfald, *O. H. G.* managfalt, *M. H. G.* manecvalt, *N. H. G.* mannigfalt, *adj., manifold. — Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

managjan, *w. v. w. acc., to multiply;* II Cor. 9, 10. I Thess. 3, 12. — *From* managS, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

managnan, *w. v., to increase, abound;* II Cor. 4, 15. Eph. 3, 10 (gloss). II Cor. 8, 7. II Thess. 3, 7; *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* II Cor. 8, 7. — *Compd.* us-m. *folld. by* du *w. dat., to abound exceedingly;* II Cor. 8, 2.—*From* managS, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

managS, *adj.* (124), *much, many;* Mt. 7, 13. 8, 1. 11. 16. 18. 30. 9, 37. 27, 52. 55. Mk. 1, 34. 2, 2. 15. 3, 10. 4, 2. 5. 33. Lu. 1, 1. 14. 2, 34. 35. 36. 3, 18. Jo. 6, 10. 60. 8, 26. Rom. 9, 22. 12, 4. 5. I Cor. 9, 19. 10, 17. 33. II Cor. 1, 11. 2, 4. 3, 12. Phil. 3, 18. Col. 4, 13. I Thess. 2, 17. I Tim, 1, 3. 13. 6, 9. 10.

II Tim. 2, 2. 4, 14. Skeir. VII, b; *w. gen.;* Lu. 1, 16. Jo. 6, 66. 7, 31. 40. 10, 20. 11, 19. 45. 12, 11. II Cor. 12, 21. Neh. 6, 17; *folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Jo. 12, 42. — filu managS, *very much, very great;* Mk. 8, 1; hwaiwa managS, *how many;* II Cor. 1, 20; hwan managS, *how many;* Mk. 8, 5. 19. 20; swa managS, *so many;* Jo. 6, 9. Skeir. VII, b; swa managS swaswê, *as many as;* Mk. 3, 28; swa managS swê, *as many as;* Mk. 3, 10. Gal. 3, 27. Phil. 3, 15. — *Compar.* managiza, *more, greater;* Mt. 5, 37. 47. Lu. 7, 43. Jo. 7, 31. 10, 10. 15, 2. I Cor. 9, 19. 15, 10; II Cor. 2, 6. 7. 4, 15. 10, 8. 11, 23; managizô (*sc.* haban), *to have more;* II Cor. 8, 15; managizô waírþan, *to become more or greater;* Mt. 5, 20; in managizô þau, *for more than;* Mk. 14, 5; *comp. also* I Cor. 15, 6. — *Superl.* managists (*only in plur.*): þai managistans, *the most;* Mt. 11, 20. I Cor. 15, 6. II Cor. 9, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* manig, mǫnig, *Mdl. E.* manig mani, *Mdn. E.* many, *O. S.* manag, *O. H. G.* manag, *M. H. G.* manec(g), *N. H. G.* manch (ch *for* g, *by L. G. influence; but s.* mannig-, *under* managfalþs). *Etymology obscure; s. Kl.*, manch.]

mana-maúrþrja, *m.* (108), *manslayer, murderer;* Jo. 8, 44. — *From* mana- (*s.* manna) *and* *maúrþrja, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

mana-sêþs, *gen.* **-sêdis,** *f.* (103), *usually preceded by the article:* (λαός), *people, multitude;* Lu. 9, 13; (κόσμος), *world;* Mk. 14, 9. Lu. 9, 25. Jo. 1, 29. 6, 14. 33. 51. 7, 4. 7. 8, 12. 12, 19. 31. 47. 14, 17. 19. 22. 27. 30. 31. 15, 18. 19. 16, 8. 20. 17, 9. 13. 14. 18. 21. 23. 25. 18, 20. I Cor. 4, 9. II Cor. 5, 19. Eph. 2, 12. Skeir. I, a. b. — *From* mana- (*s.* manna) *and* *sêþs. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

manauli, *the shape or fashion of a man, occurs only once, in dat.* manaulja (σχήματι); Phil. 2, 8. — *From stem* manaulja-, *perhaps allied to* manna, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

man-leika, *m., the image or likeness of a man, an image* (εἰκών); Mk. 12, 16. Lu. 20, 24. I Cor. 15, 49 (*A has* mannleika). — *Prop. a weak adj., from* man- (*s.* manna) *and* *leiks, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* manlîca, *m., statue, effigy, Mdl. E.* manlîche, *human form, O. H. G.* manlîcho, *th. s.; and O. N.* mannlikann, *str. subst. n., statue, idol.* — *Comp.* galeika.

manna, *m.* (117), *man* (ἀνήρ, ἄνθρωπος, τίς); Mt. 5, 16. 19. 6, 15. 7, 12. 26. 8, 2. 9. 20. 9, 9. 32. 10, 35. 11, 8. 26, 72. 27, 57. Mk. 1, 23. 2, 10. 27. 3, 1. 3. 5. 4, 26. 7, 8. 15. 18. 20. 8, 27. 10, 2. Lu. 4, 33. 5, 8. 18.

20. 6, 12. 48. 49. 7, 8. 8, 29. 33. Jo. 6. 10. 27. 7, 22. 23. 9, 1. 11. 10, 33. 16, 21. Rom. 7, 1. 22. 24. 9, 20. I Cor. 7, 26. 9, 8. 11, 28. 15, 21. 32. II Cor. 3, 2. 4, 2. 12, 2. Gal. 1, 1. 2, 16. 5, 3. 6, 1. 7. Eph. 2, 15. 4, 14. 24. Phil. 2, 7. 4, 5. Col. 2, 22. 3, 22. 23. I Thess. 2, 13. 15. 4, 8. II Thess. 3, 2. I Tim. 1, 9. 10. 2, 5. 4, 10. 5, 24. 6, 11. II Tim. 2, 2. 3, 2. 8. 13. Tit. 1, 14. Skeir. I, b. II b. d. IV, c. VI, b. VIII, a.—ni manna (*οὐδείς*), *no man, nobody;* Mt. 6, 24. Mk. 2, 21. 22. 3, 27. 5, 3. 7, 24. 11, 14 (*μηδείς*). Lu. 8, 16. 62. Jo. 6, 44. 7, 4. 27. 9, 4. 18, 31; Eph. 5, 6 (*μηδείς*). I Tim. 4, 12 (*μηδείς*); *or* manna ni, *th. s.;* Mt. 8, 4. 9, 30. Mk. 5, 4. 43. 7, 36. Lu. 5, 14. 8, 56. 9, 21. 36, 15, 16. Jo. 15, 13 (*οὐδείς*. [*Cf. O. E.* manna, mǫnna (ǫ *for* a *before a nasal*), *m., man, person* (*male or female*), *beside* man(n), mǫn(n), *gen.* mannes, *dat.* menn, *plur. nom. acc.* menn, *gen.* manna, *dat.* mannum (*the change of* a, o, *into* e *was caused by an original* i *of the final syllable*), *man, vassal, person* (*of either sex; comp. O. E.* wîf-man, *m., woman, lit.* '*wife-man*', *Mdl. E.* wimman, (mm *for* fm, *by assimilation*), *plur.* wimmen, *whence Mdn. E.* women, *plur. of* woman, *the latter from Mdl. E.* wumman, *a variant of* wimman, *due to the sound of the* w; *the* o *of Mdn. E.* women *is owing to the* o *of the sing. The etymology of E.* wife=*O. S.* wîb, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* wîp(b), *N. H. G.* weib, *f., wife, is unknown; but s., Kl.,* weib), *one* (*indef. pron.*), *Mdl. E.* manne, mǫnne, *and* man(n), mǫn(n), *man, person, O. N.* maðr (*for* mannr), *gen.* manns, *dat.* manni, *acc.* mann, *plur. nom. acc.* menn, *for the rare* mennr, meðr, *gen.* manna, *dat.* mönnum, *man, O. S.* man, *man, vassal, O. H. G. n. acc. sing.* man, *gen.* mannes, *dat.* man *and* manne, *plur. nom. acc.* man, *and* (*in late compds.*) -manna, -manne, *man, vassal, M. H. G. n. acc. sing.* man, *gen.* man, mannes, *dat.* man, manne, *plur. nom. acc.* man (manne), *gen.* manne, man, *dat.* mannen, man, *th. s., N. H. G.* mann, *plur.* männer, *man, men, and* mannen, *vassals; also indef. prn.,* man, *one, they, anybody* (*Comp. Fr.* on, *indef. prn.,* homme, *subst., from Lt.* homo, *acc.* hominem, *respectively, man, person*). *The different forms of inflection of the word refer to different stems. Stem* mann- *refers to* manw-, *from* manu-; *s. Kl.,* mann. *Comp. further Skr.* manus, *m., man. Here belong also N. H. G.* jemand (*the* d *being inorganic*), *from M. H. G.* ieman, *O. H. G.* êo-man (*For* êo-, *s.*

aiw), *some one, anyone; N. H. G.* niemand, *M. H. G.* nieman, niemen, *O. H. G.* nioman (*from* ni-io-man; *for* ni-, *s.* ni; *for* io, *s.* aiw), *no man, nobody, no one. For Mdn. E.* lem(m)an, *s.* liufs. — *Comp.* alamans, gaman, manamaúrþrja, manasêþs, manauli, manleika, mannahun, mannisks, *and* unmanariggws.]

manna (*Hebr.*), *μάννα;* Jo. 6, 31. 49. 58.

manna-hun, *any one, always in negative clauses, no one; standing for Gr. οὐδείς;* Mk. 9, 39. 12, 14. 16, 8. Jo. 8, 33; *or μηδείς;* Mk. 1, 44. 8, 26. 30. 9, 9. Lu. 3, 14. 10, 4. I Tim. 5, 22. — *From* manna, *and* -hun. *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

manniskôdus, *m., humanity;* Skeir. VI, b. — *From stem of* mannisks (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ôdus (ô-þus=*Lt.* â-tus; *s. Kl. N. St., p. 60*).

mannisks, *adj., human;* Jo. 12, 43. I Cor. 4, 3. Skeir. VI, b. [*From* mann- (*s.* manna), *man, and suffix* -iska; *cf. O. E.* mennisc, *Mdl. E.* mennesc, *adj., human, and subst., m., man* ('*homo*'), *O. N.* mennskr, *O. S. O. H. G.* mennisc, *M. H. G.* mennisch, *adj., human, and O. S.* mennisco, *O. H. G.* mannisco, *subst., m.* (*prop. weak form of the adj.*), *a human being, man, M. H. G.* mensch, mensche, *m., a human being, man, also n., th. s., chiefly applied to female servants, N. H. G.* mensch, *m., a human being, man* ('*homo*'), *also n., a strumpet, dial. also girl, sweetheart.*]

manwiþa, *f., preparation;* Eph. 6, 15; *plur.* manwiþôs, *necessary means;* Lu. 14, 28 (*gen. partit.*). *Comp.* manwjan, manwus.

manwjan, *w. v., to prepare, make ready, w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 3. 19. 14, 12. Lu. 2, 31. 3, 4. 17, 8; *and a follg. dat. of pers.;* Mt. 25, 41. Mk. 10, 40. 14, 15. Lu. 1, 17. 76. 9, 52. Jo. 14, 2. 3. Philem. 22. — *Compds.* (a) faúra-m. *w. acc., to prepare beforehand;* Skeir. IV, b. (b) ga-m., *to prepare, make ready, w. acc.;* Mt. 11, 10. Mk. 1, 2. Lu. 6, 40. 7, 27. II Cor. 9, 2. 3; *and a follg. dat. of pers.;* Neh. 5, 18; *or* du *w. dat.;* Rom. 9. 22. II Cor. 5, 5. II Tim. 2, 21. 3, 17. (c) faúra-ga-m., *to prepare beforehand, w. acc.;* II Cor. 9, 5. Eph. 2, 10; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Rom. 9, 23. — *From* manwus, *q. v.*

manwuba, *adv.* (210), *in readiness;* II Cor. 10, 6. — *From* manwus, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

manwus, *adj.* (131), *ready;* Mk. 14, 15. Lu. 14, 17. Jo. 7, 6. II Cor. 9, 5. 10, 16. 12, 14. — *Comp.* manwiþa, manwjan, *and prec. w.; also* unmanwus.

maran aþa, *for ws., μαρὰν ἀθά, the Lord is coming;* I Cor. 16, 22. — *Of Hebr. orig.*

marei, *f.* (113), *sea;* Mt. 8, 24.

26. 27. 32. Mk. 3, 7. 4, 41. 5, 13. 9, 42. 11, 23. Lu. 17, 6. Jo. 6, 18. Rom 9, 27. I Cor. 10, 1. 2. II Cor. 11, 25. 26; ana marein (*dat.*), *on the sea;* Jo. 6, 19; ana marein (*acc.*), *to the sea;* Jo. 6, 16; faúr marein, *near the sea;* Mk. 1, 16. 2, 13. Lu. 6, 17; faúra marein, *th. s.;* Mk. 5, 21; hindar marein, *across the sea;* Mt. 8, 18. 28. Mk. 5, 21. 8, 13. Jo. 6, 1. 17. 22. 25; wiþra marein, *by the sea;* Mk. 4, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* mere (*from* *mari, *by* i-*uml.*), *m.* (*originally n.*), *Mdl. E.* mere, *sea, lake, Mdn. E.* mere, *a pool or small lake, O. N.* marr, *m., O. S.* meri, *f., O. H. G.* meri, mari, *m. n., M. H. G.* mere, *n., N. H. G.* meer, *n., sea, Lt.* mare, *n., sea. Allied to Gr.* Ἀμφι-μαρος, *son of Neptune;* ἀμάρα, *f., ditch. Supposed to refer to Idg. root* mar, *to die* (*s.* maúrþr).—*Der.: O. E.* merse (*for* *merisc; *suff.* -isc=*Mdn. E.* -ish, *N. H. G.* -isch), *m., swamp, Mdl. E.* mersh, *Mdn. E.* marsh, *L. G.* marsch, *whence N. H. G.* marsch, *m., swamp, marsh. Compds.: Mdl. E.* mere-maiden, mereman, *Mdn. E.* mermaid (*For* maid, *s.* magaþs), merman (*For* man, *s.* manna); *N. H. G.* meerschaum, *m., sea-foam, transferred a fine white clay used for pipes, whence Mdn. E.* meerschaum (schaum, *m., foam, M. H. G.* schûm, *O. H. G.* scûm, *m., O. N.* skúm, *whence Mdl. E.* scûm, scôm, *Mdn. E.* skum (*w. short* u; *comp. Norw. Dan.* skum, *n., froth, foam); from root* skû, *to cover.*)—*Comp.* marisaiws.]

Maria, *pr. n.,* Μαρία; Lu. 2, 19; *or* Marja; Mt. 27, 56. 61. Mk. 15, 40. 47. 16, 1. Lu. 8, 2. Jo. 11, 2. 32. 12, 3; *or* Mariam, Μαριάμ; Lu. 1, 27. 30. 34. 38. 39. 46. 56; *gen.* Mariins; Lu. 1, 41; *or* -jins; Mk. 6, 3. Jo. 11, 1; *dat.* Mariin; Lu. 2, 5. 34; *or* -jin; Mk. 16, 9. Jo. 11, 45; *acc.* Marian; Lu, 2, 16; *or* -jan; Jo. 11, 19. 28. 31.

marikreitus, *m.* (119), *pearl;* I Tim. 2, 9. [*Coined from Gr.* μαργαρίτης, *a pearl,* =*Lt.* margarita, *a pearl, whence Mdl. E.* margarite, *Mdn. E.* margarite (*obs.*), *a pearl. Compare also O. E.* meregreot, *m.* (?), *pearl, O. S.* merigrîta, *f., pearl, O. H. G.* merigrioȝ, *M. H. G.* meregrieȝ, *pearl, all coined from Lt.* margarita (*above*).]

mari-saiws, *m., sea;* Lu. 8, 22. 23. 33.—*From* mari- (*short for* marein-; *s.* marei) *and* saiws, *q. v.*

marka, *f., border, boundary, coast;* Mt. 8, 34. Mk. 5, 17. 7, 24. 31. 8, 34. [*Cf. O. E.* mearc (ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *f., Mdl. E.* merke, marke, *Mdn. E.* mark, *border, boundary, O. N.* mǫrk, *forest* (*as a natural border*), *O. S.* marca, *territory, O.*

H. G. marcha, *border*, *M. H. G.* marc, *mark*, *sign*, *N. H. G.* mark, *border*, *Lt.* margo, *acc.* marginem, *whence Ital.* margine, *Mdl. E.* margine, *Mdn. E.* margin. *Of German orig. are: Ital.* marca, *O. Fr.* marche, *border*, *whence Mdl. E.* marche, *Mdn. E.* march, *border*, *confine*.]

Markaíllus, *pr. n.*, *Marcellus*, *gen.* -aus (*Cod. has* -iaus); Skeir. IV, d.

Markus, *pr. n.*, *Μάρκος;* Mk. superscr. Col. 4, 10; *acc.* -u; II Tim. 4, 11.

martyr (?), *gen. plur.* marytrê, *m.* (39), *martyr;* Cal. [*The spelling* marytrê *for* martyrê *is probably a mistake of the writer. From Gr.* μάρτυρ, *witness*, *whence also Lt.* martyr, *whence O. E.* martyr, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* martir, *Mdn. E.* martyr, *O. S.* martir, *O. H. G.* martir, martyr, *for which usually its der.* martirâri, *M. H. G.* merterer, *N. H. G.* märtyrer, *m.*, *martyr*.]

Marþa, *pr. n.*, *Μάρθα;* Jo. 11, 20. 21; *gen.* -ins; Jo. 11, 1; *acc.* -an; Jo. 11, 5. 19.

marzeins, *f.*, *offense;* Gal. 5, 11. — *From* marzjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. — *Compds.* af-, fraþja-, ga-marzeins.

marzjan, *w. v. w. acc.*, *to offend;* Mt. 5, 29. 30. Mk. 9, 43. 45. 47. — *Compds.* (a) af-m. *w. acc.*, *th. s.;* Jo. 16, 1. II Cor. 11, 29. (b) ga-m. *w. acc.*, *th. s.;* Mk. 9, 42. Jo. 6, 61. I Cor. 8, 13; *pass.*, *to be offended;* Mk. 4, 17; *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Mt. 11, 6. Mk. 6, 3. Lu. 7, 23. [*Cf. O. E.* *merran, *mierran, *myrran (rr *for* rz, *by rotacism*, ie, y, *for* ea, *by* i-*uml.; for* a, *by breaking*), *in* â-m., *to provoke*, *offend*, *impede*, *dissipate*, *Mdl. E.* merre, mærre, marre, *Mdn. E.* mar, *O. H. G.* marran, marren, merran, *M. H. G.* merren, *to impede*, *dissipate*.]

mati-balgs, *m.*, *meat-bag*, *wallet*, *scrip;* Mk. 6, 8. Lu. 9, 3. 10, 4. — *From stem of* mats *and* balgs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

matjan, *w. v.*, *to eat*, (1) *abs.;* Mt. 25, 52. Mk. 7, 3. 8, 9. Lu. 5, 33. 6, 1. 7, 34. 9, 17. 15, 23. Jo. 6, 13. I Cor. 10, 28. 31. 11, 21. 24. 29. 15, 32. II Thess. 3, 10. Skeir. VII, c. (2) *w. acc.;* Mt. 6, 25. 31. Mk. 1, 6. 2, 26. 3, 20. Lu. 4, 2. 6, 4. 7, 33. 10, 7. Jo. 6, 23. 31. 49. 53. 54. 56. 57. 58. Rom. 14, 2. I Cor. 8, 13. 10, 3. 18. 25. 27. II Thess. 3, 8. 12. Neh. 5, 14; *and a follg. instr.;* Mk. 7, 2. 5. (3) *w. gen.;* Jo. 6, 26. 50. 51. I Cor. 9, 7. 11, 28. (4) *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mk. 7, 4. 28; *or* at *w. dat.;* II Thess. 3, 8; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 11. Mk. 2, 16. 14, 14. Lu. 5, 30. 7, 36. Jo. 13, 18. Gal. 2, 12. — *Compds.* (a) ga-m., *th. s.;* Mk. 8, 8. Lu. 17, 8. (b) miþ-m. *w. dat.*, *to eat*

with; Lu. 15, 2. I Cor. 5, 11. — *From* mats, *q. v.*

mats, *m.* (101), *meat, food;* Mk. 7, 19. Lu. 3, 11. 8, 55. 9, 12. 13. Jo. 6, 27. 55. Rom. 12, 20. 14, 15. 17. 20. I Cor. 8, 13. II Cor. 9, 10. Col. 2, 16. I Tim. 4, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* mete (*from* *mati-; e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.*), *m., Mdl. E.* mete, *food, Mdn. E.* meat (*compd.* flesh-meat, *Mdl. E.* flêsc-met; flêsc *from O. E.* flǽsc, *n., flesh; comp. O. N.* flesk, *pork, O. H. G.* fleisk, *M. H. G.* vleisch, *N. H. G.* fleisch, *n., flesh, meat*), *O. N.* matr, *m., O. S.* meti, *m., food, O. H. G. M. H. G.* maȝ, *n., food, L. G.* *met *in* metwurst, *whence N. H. G.* mettwurst (*For* wurst, *s.* waírþan), *f., a kind of sausage. — From root* mat, *whence also O. E.* mæst (*from stem* *mat-sti-), *f., Mdl. E.* mæst, *Mdn. E.* mast, *O. H. G.* mast, *f. n., M. H. G.* mast, *m. f. n., food, mast, N. H. G.* mast, *f., mast;—ders.: O. E.* mæstan, *Mdl. E.* mæste, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* mesten, *N. H. G.* mästen, *to make fat, fatten. — compds.: O. E.* mete-seax, *n., knife, prop. food-knife, from* mete, *food, and* seax (*from* sax, *by breaking*), *knife, sword, O. S.* mezas (*for* met-sahs), *O. H. G.* maȝ-sahs, meȝȝi-sahs, meȝȝirahs, meȝȝiras (*the* r *from* s (z), *by rotacism*), *M. H. G.* meȝȝer (*from* *meȝȝeres, meȝȝres, meȝȝers), *N. H. G.* messer, *n., knife* (*The second component,* sax *or* sahs, *is supposed to be identical with Lt.* saxum, *stone, because the ancient knives were made of stone, whence also the pr. n.* 'Saxon', *so called from their stone weapons. For Mdn. E.* buck-mast, *s.* bôk. *Comp.* nahti-, undaûrni-mats, mati-balgs.]

Mattaþan, *pr. n.,* *Ματταθά, Ματτάθ?, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 29. 31.

Mattaþius, *pr. n.,* *Ματταθίας, gen.* -iwis; Lu. 3, 25; *or* -aus; Lu. 3, 26.

Matþaius *or* **Maþþaius,** *pr. n.,* *Ματθαῖος, acc.* -u; Mt. superscr. 9, 9. Mk. 3, 18. Lu. 6, 15.

Matþat, *pr. n.,* *Ματθάτ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 24.

maþa, *m., a worm;* Mk. 9, 44. 46. 48. [*Cf. O. E.* maða, *m., Mdl. E.* maðe, *Mdn. E.* mad (made), *an earth-worm, O. H. G.* mado, *M. H. G.* made, *m., N. H. G.* made, *f., maggot. Supposed to refer to the root of O. E.* mâwan, *Mdl. E.* mâwe, mo̧we, *Mdn. E.* mow, *N. H. G.* mähen, *to mow. — Der.: O. N.* maðkr, *m., a maggot, whence Mdl. E.* maðek, *whence* (*by influence of the kindred* mougðe, mouðe, *O. E.* mohðe, *f., a moth, beside* moððe, *f., th. s., Mdl. E.* moððe, *Mdn. E.* moth, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* motte, *f., th. s.;* tt *from* þþ), mauk, mawk, *Mdn. E.* (*Scot.*) mawk, *a maggot, whence* mawkish (*w. suff.* -ish), *disgusting, squeamish.*]

maþl, *n.* (94, *n.* 2), *assembly, market, market-place;* Mk. 7, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* mæðel, *n., council, meeting, O. H. G.* *madal, *in pr. n. Allied to O. E.* mǽl, *n., speech, O. N.* mál, *discourse, speech, O. H. G.* mahal, *n., meeting, agreement, contract, marriage-contract, M. H. G.* mahel, mâl, *n., meeting, contract, only in compds. and ders.* (*comp.* mahel-schatz, *N. H. G.* mahlschatz, *m., wedding-present, wedding-ring; and O. H. G.* mahal-stat, *M. H. G.* mahel-stat, *f., N. H. G.* mahlstatt, *f., place of execution; for* schatz, statt, *s.* skatts, staþs, *respectively); and to O. H. G.* gi-mahalo, *m., bridegroom, husband,* gi-mahala, gi-mâla, *bride, wife, M. H. G.* gemahele, *m., bridegroom, husband,* gemahele, *f.* (*rarely n.*), *bride, wife, N. H. G.* gemahl, *m. n., spouse, husband,* gemahlin, *f., wife.* — *Comp.* maþljan *and follg. w.*]

maþleins, *f., public speech, discourse;* Jo. 8, 43. — *From* maþljan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***maþleis,** *m., in* faúra-maþleis. — *From stem of* maþl (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* maþleins, maþljan, *and follg. w.*

***maþli,** *n., in* faúra-maþli.—*From stem of* maþl (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* maþleins, *maþleis, *and follg. w.*

maþljan, *w. v., to speak publicly, talk;* Jo. 14, 30. [*From* maþl (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* maðlan, meðlan, *Mdl. E.* maðle, meðle, *to harangue, speak, talk, beside* mǽle, mêle, *O. E.* mǽlan, *th. s., O. N.* mǽla, *to speak, O. H. G.* mahalôn, *to summon, accuse,* mahaljan, mahalen, *M. H. G.* mahelen, mehelen, ge-, ver-mehelen, *to give or take as a wife, to betroth, marry, N. H. G.* ver-mählen, *to marry, give in marriage.* — *Comp.* maþleins *and prec. w.*]

Maþusal, *pr. n., Μαθουσαλά, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 37.

***maudeins,** *f., remembrance, in* ga-, ufar-maudeins. — *From* maudjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

maudjan, *w. v. w. acc., to remind;* Skeir. VI, a. — *Compd.* ga-m., *th. s.,* (1) *w. acc. of pers. and gen. of th.;* Jo. 14, 26. *acc. implied;* II Tim. 2, 14. (2) *w. acc. of pers. and a dependent inf.;* II Tim. 1, 6. Skeir. VII, d. — *Etymology unknown; but s. L. M., p. 114. Comp. prec. w.*

maúrgins, *m.* (91, *n.* 1; 214), *morn, morning;* Mt. 27, 1. Mk. 11, 20. 15, 1. 16, 9. Jo. 18, 28; du maúrgina, *to-morrow;* I Cor. 15, 32. [*Cf. O. E.* morgen, mergen (*w. i-uml. of* o), *m., gen.* mornes (*from* morgnes, morgenes), *dat.* morne (*from* morgne morgene), *whence the nom.* morn, *Mdl. E.* morgen, morn, mor-

wen, morwe (*the* w *from the guttural* g, *by labialization*), *and* morning, morwening (*from* morn, morwen, *and suffix* -ing, *as in Mdn. E.* evening, *Mdl. E.* êvening, êven, æfen, *O. E.* æfen, *m.*), *Mdn. E.* morn, morning, *O. N.* morgunn, *O. S.* morgan, *O. H. G.* morgan, morgen, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* morgen, *m.*, *morning; furthermore, Mdn. E.* to-morrow, *from Mdl. E.* tô (*prep.*) morwe (*dat.*); *when the* e *of* morwe *disappeared, the* w *was totally vocalized and as such denoted by* u, ou, *whence Mdn. E.* morrow (*cf. Mdn. E.* hollow, *Mdl. E.* holu, holou, *infl.* holw-, *for* holgh; *s.* hulôn; *also Mdn. E.* follow, *Mdl. E.* folwe, folghe, *O. E.* folgian); *O. N.* á morgun, *to-morrow; N. H. G. M. H. G.* morgen, *adv.*, *to-morrow, comes from O. H. G.* morgane (*dat. of* morgan). *Concerning the supposed relation between* maúrgins *and the follg. w.*, *maúrgjan, *s. Kl.*, morgen.]

***maúrgjan,** *w. v., in* ga-m. *w. acc., to shorten, cut short;* Mk. 13, 20. Rom. 9, 28. [*Comp. concluding remark under* maúrgins, *and L. M., p. 263, where* maúrgjan *is said to be allied to Lt.* brevis=*Gr.* βραχύς, *from* *μραχύς (*comp.* βροτός, *for* *μροτός, *under* maúrþr), *short.*]

maúrnan, *w. v., to be anxious, be troubled;* Mt. 6, 27. 31; *w. dat.* (*about anything*); Mt. 6, 25. Phil. 4, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* murnan, *Mdl. E.* mourne, morne, *Mdn. E.* mourn, *O. N.* morna, *O. S.* mornian, *O. H. G.* mornên, *to mourn.*]

maúrþr, *n.* (94), *murder;* Mk. 7, 21. 15, 7. Gal. 5, 21. I Tim. 6, 4. [*Cf O. E.* morðor, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* morðer, morder, *Mdn. E.* murder, murther (*obs.*). *From root* mor, *to die* (*and suff.* -þra), *whence also* (*w. suff.* ða-), *O. E.* morð, *n.*, *O. H. G.* mord, *n.*, *M. H. G.* mort (*gen.* mordes), *m. n.*, *N. H. G.* mord, *m.*, *murder. Comp. Skr. root* mṛ, *to die,* mṛtá-m, *death,* amṛta-m, *immortality,* mṛtás, *dead,* márta-s, *mortal,* amṛta-s, *immortal,* mṛtyús, *death; Lt.* mori, *to die,* mortuus, *dead,* mors, *gen.* mort-is (*Skr.* mṛti-s), *death, Gr.* βροτός (*for* *μροτός), *mortal,* ἀμβροτός, *immortal. To* mort- (*stem of Lt.* mors) *refers Lt.* mortalis, *subject to death, whence Fr.* mortal, *whence Mdn. E.* mortal, *compd.* im-mortal (im- *for* in-, *by assimilation; s.* un-); *Fr.* mortgage (*For* gage, *pledge, s.* wadi), *whence Mdn. E.* mortgage, *lit. a dead pledge* (*s. definition in Webster's or Skeat's dictionary*); *Lt.* mortificare (morti- *extended from* mort-; -ficare, *for* facere, *to make*), *whence O. Fr.* mortifier, *whence Mdn. E.* mortify; *Lt.* morbus, *disease, whence* morbidus,

sickly, whence Fr. morbide, *whence Mdn. E.* morbid. — *Comp.* maúrþrja, maúrþrjan, *and* marei.]

***maúrþrja,** *m., murderer, in* mana-maúrþrja. — *From stem of* maúrþr (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan. *Comp. follg. w.*

maúrþrjan, *w. v. w. acc., to murder, kill;* Mt. 5, 21. Mk. 10, 19. Lu. 18, 20. Rom. 13, 9. I Tim. 1, 9. [*From* maúrþr, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* myrðrian (*from* morðor, murðor; *the* y *being* i.*uml. of* u), *Mdl. E.* murdre, murdere, *Mdn. E.* murder, *O. H. G.* murdiren (*and* murdjan, *from* mord, *Goth.* *maúrþ), *M. H. G.* morden, mörden, *N. H. G.* morden, er-morden (*For* er-, *s.* us), *to murder, kill. Comp. prec. w.*]

mawi, *f.* (42; 94), *gen.* maujôs, *maid, maiden, damsel;* Mt. 9, 24. 25. Mk. 5, 42. 6, 22. 28. Lu. 8, 51. 54. I Cor. 7, 25. 28. II Cor. 11, 2. [*For* magwî, *from stem of* magus (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jô, *the* u *being changed into* w. *Cf. O. N.* mær (*for* *magwî, *by loss of* g). — *Der.* mawilô; *s. follg. w.*

mawilô, *f., young maiden, damsel;* Mk. 5, 41. [*From* mawi (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -lôn. *Cf. O. E.* mêowle (*for* *mewilô; e *is* i-*uml. of* a; *s.* awêþi), *f., maiden, maid. Comp.* magus, magaþs.]

mêgs, *m.* (91, *n.* 1), *son-in-law;* Neh. 6, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* mæȝ, *m., Mdl. E.* mæi, mâi, *kinsman, O. N.* magr, *brother-, son-, father-in-law, O. S. O. H. G.* mâg, *M. H. G.* mâc(g), *N. H. G.* mage, *m., kinsman.*]

meina, *pers. prn. 1st pers. sing. gen.* (150); *s.* ik. [*Cf. O. E.* mîn, *dat.* mĕ, *acc.* mec, mĕ (*by analogy w. the dat.*), *Mdl. E. gen. wanting, dat. acc.* me, mi, *Mdn. E. dat. acc.* me, *O. N. gen.* mín, *dat.* mér, *acc.* mik, *O. S. gen.* mîn, *dat.* mî, *acc.* mî (mik), *O. H. G. gen.* mîn, *dat.* mir, *acc.* mih, *M. H. G. gen.* mîn, *dat.* mir, *acc.* mich, *N. H. G. gen.* mein (*occurs only in poetry and in some expressions, as* vergiss mein nicht, *forget me not, etc.*), *whence the extended form* meiner, *th. s., dat.* mir, *acc.* mich. *From Idg. stem* me- *in Lt.* mihi, *dat.*, me, *acc., Gr.* μέ, *acc., Skr.* ma, *acc., etc. Comp.* meins. *Concerning the first pers. sing., the dual, and plur., s.* ik; wit, ugkara; weis, unsara, *respectively.*]

meins, *poss. pron.* (151), *my, mine, following the strong inflection only: f.* meina, *n.* mein, meinata; *occurs,* (1) *alone;* Jo. 7, 16. 10, 14. 14, 24. 16, 14. 15. 17, 10; *and w. art.;* Jo. 10. 14. (2) *w. a subst. preceding,* (a) *without art.;* Mt. 7, 21. 24. 8, 6. 8. 9. Phil. 2, 25. Neh. 5, 14. Lu. 1, 18. 20. 25. Jo. 6, 32. 51. Rom. 7, 4. 18. 23. I Cor. 8, 13. II Cor. 2, 13; (b) *w. art.;* Mt. 8, 8. Mk. 3, 33. 34.

Lu. 14, 24. 19, 23. Jo. 6, 55. 14, 24; (3) *w. a subst. follg.*, (a) *without art.;* Mk. 9, 24. 14, 8. Lu. 7. 44. 14, 26. Rom. 10, 1. Philem. 19, 20. Skeir. VI, b; (b) *w. art.;* Jo. 7, 16. [*From stem of* meina (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* mîn, *Mdn. E.* mine, *O. N.* mînn, minn, *O. S.* mîn, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* mîn, *N. H. G.* mein, *mine, my. Mdn. E.* my *refers to Mdl. E.* mî, *a secondary form of* mîn, *and before words beginning with a consonant.*]

mêki, *n.?, or* **mêkeis,** *m.?, sword, occurs only in acc. sing.*, mêki; Eph. 6, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* mêce, *m., O. N.* mækir, *m., O. S.* mâki, *m. or n., sword.*]

mêl, *n., a portion or period of time, time in general, season* (*χρονός, καιρός, ὥρα*); Mk. 1, 15. 9, 21. 12, 24. Lu. 1, 57. 4, 5. 21. 8, 27. 29. 19, 44. Jo. 7, 6. 8. 12, 35. 13, 33. 14, 9. Rom. 13, 11. II Cor. 6, 2. Gal. 4, 1. 4. 10. 6, 10. Eph. 1, 10. Col. 4, 5. II Tim. 4, 3. 6; *plur.: writings, scriptures* (*γραφή, γράμμα*); Mk. 12, 24. Lu. 4, 21. Jo. 5, 47. — *In adverbial phrases, it is found in dat., or is governed by a prep.;* Mt. 8, 29. 11, 25. Mk. 10, 30. 12, 2. Lu. 1, 20. 4, 13. 8, 13. 18, 30. 20, 10. Jo. 5, 47. Rom. 9, 9. I Cor. 4, 5. II Cor. 6, 2. 8, 13. Gal. 6, 9. Eph. 2, 12. 6, 18. Col. 4, 5. I Thess. 2, 17. I Tim. 2, 6. 6, 15. II Tim. 1, 9. Tit. 1, 2. 3. Skeir. II, a. IV, b. VI, c. — us þamma mêla, *since that time;* Jo. 6, 66; mêl gabaúrþais, *birthday;* Mk. 6, 21. [*Cf. O. E.* mæl, *n., measure, a point or portion of time, spot, sign, meal, Mdl. E.* mæl, mêl, meal (*compd.* mêltîd, *N. H. G.* mahlzeit, *f.*,=mêltîma, *Mdn. E.* meal-time; *for* tîd, time, zeit, *s.* til), *Mdn. E.* meal, *repast, O. N.* mál, *measure, point of time, time, meal-time, sign, O. S.* mâl, *sign, O. H. G.* mâl, *n., point, point of time,* ana-mâli, *spot, scar, M. H. G.* mâl, *point, point of time, meal, N. H. G.* mal, *n., spot, mole, time, meal* (*in which sense it is usually, written* mahl). *N. H. G.* -mal (*a suffix forming numeral and temporal adv.*) *refers to M. H. G.* male (*dat. sing.*), malen (*dat. plur.*), *in phrases like* z'einem mâle, *once,* ze drîn mâlen, *three times, etc.;* -mals *in* niemals (*for* nie *s.* aiw, ni), *never, is, prop., an adv. gen. — From Idg. root* mĕ (*and suff.* -la), *to measure; comp. Lt.* mêtiri, *to deal out, measure, Gr. μέτρον, measure. — Comp.* mêljan *and follg. w. S. also* mail.]

mêla, *m., measure, bushel;* Mk. 4, 21. *Allied to* mêl, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***mêleins,** *f., writing, in* ga-, gil-stra-, ufar-mêleins. — *From* mêljan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. follg. w.*

***mêli,** *n., writing, in* ufar-mêli,

q. v. — *From* mêljan, ufar-m. (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp. prec. w.*

mêljan, *w. v.* (187), *to write,* (1) *abs.;* Lu. 1, 63. II Cor. 7, 12. (2) *w. dat. of the pers. addressed:* Lu. 1, 3. II Cor. 9, 1. I Thess. 4, 9. 5, 1. (3) *w. acc. of the th. written;* Mk. 10, 4. Lu. 1, 1. 16, 7. Rom. 16, 22. II Cor. 13, 10; *or of pers.: to enroll for taxation, to tax;* Lu. 2, 3. (4) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* II Cor. 1, 13. Gal. 1, 20. Phil. 3, 1. I Tim. 3, 14. (5) *w. dat. of pers. and a dependent inf.;* I Cor. 5, 11. (6) *w. dat. of pers. and a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Rom. 10, 5. II Cor. 13, 2. (7) *folld. by* du *w. dat. of the pers. addressed;* subscr. of Rom. *and* I Cor. (8) *w.* swa; II Thess. 3, 17. — *Compds.* (a) ana-m. (*the inf. being here used in a pass. sense; lit.* '*to write down*'), *to be enrolled for taxation, be taxed;* Lu. 2, 5. (b) faúra-m., *to write beforehand, describe;* Gal. 3, 1. (c) ga-m. (*occurs very often*), *to write,* (1) *w. dat. of the pers. addressed;* II Cor. 2, 4. Philem. 21. (2) *the th. written is indicated by* (*α*) *acc.;* Lu. 16, 6; — *to enroll for taxation, to tax;* Lu. 2, 1. (*β*) *a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Mk. 11, 17. Lu. 4, 4. 19, 46. Rom. 8, 36. (3) *w. dat. of the pers. addressed and* (*α*) *acc. of the th. written;* Mk. 10, 5. II Cor. 2, 3. (*β*) *a dependent clause introduced by* þatei–ei; Mk. 12, 19; *or* ei; Lu. 20, 28 (4) *the pers. of whom anything is written, is indicated by* bi *w. acc.;* Mt. 11, 10. Mk. 9, 12. 13. Lu. 7, 27. Jo. 5, 46; *or* du *w. dat.;* Jo. 12, 16. (5) *w. an opt. clause;* Lu. 4, 8; *or a prohibitive clause;* I Cor. 5, 9. (6) *w.* swê; Mk. 1, 2. 7, 6; *or* swaswê; Mk. 9, 13. Jo. 6, 31. 12, 14. Rom. 8, 36. (7) *the th. by means of which anything is written, is indicated by the instr.;* Philem. 19. (8) *the place where anything is written, is indicated by* ana *w. dat.;* Jo. 6, 45. I Cor. 5, 9; *or* in *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 2. Lu. 2, 23. 3, 4. (9) *a purpose is expressed by* du *w. dat.;* Rom. 15, 4; *or a dependent clause introduced by* duþþê–ei; II Cor. 2. 9; *or* ei; II Cor. 2, 3; — *pret. partic.,* þata gamêlidô, *that which is written; hence the scripture;* Mk. 12, 10. 15, 28. Jo. 10, 35, Gal. 4, 30. (d) faúra-ga-m., *to write beforehand;* Rom. 15, 4. Eph. 3, 3. (e) uf-m., *to subscribe;* Neap. *and* Ar. doc. (f) ufar-m. *w. acc., to write over;* Mk. 15, 26. — [*From* mêl (*q. v.*), *plur.* mêla, *writings. Cf. O. E.* mælan, ȝemælan, *to mark, soil, spoil, O. S.* mâlôn, *to mark* (*w. the sword*), *to wound, O. H. G.* malôn, malên, *to mark, paint,*

M. H. G. mâlen, *to paint, color, write, N. H. G.* malen, *to paint* (*For* mahlen, *to grind in a mill, s.* malan). *Comp.* *mêleins, *mêli.]

mêna, *m.* (108), *moon;* Mk. 13, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* mônа (ô *from* â, *by influence of the follg. nasal; West-Germanic* â=*Goth.* ê), *m., Mdl. E.* môn, *Mdn. E.* moon, *f., O. N.* máni, *O. S. O. H. G.* mâno, *M. H. G.* mâne (*beside* mânîn, *O. H. G.* mânîn; *and* mânt, mânde, *the latter probably by influence of* mânet; *s.* mênôþs, *or the dental being the same as that of N. H. G.* jemand, niemand; *s.* manna), *m., moon, month, N. H. G.* mônd (ô=*M. H. G.* â *before a nasal, as in* mônat, ôhne; *s.* mênôþs, inu), *m., moon, month* (*rare*). *Supposed to refer to Idg. root* mē, *to measure, as also Gr.* μήν (*for* μηνς), *Lt.* mensis, *month, Skr.* mâs (*for* mâṅs, mêns), *m., moon, month; further Skr.* mâ, *to measure,* mâtram, *measure, and Gr.* μέτρον, *measure. See Kl.,* mond. — *Compd. O. E.* mônandæʒ, *m., day of* (*i. e. sacred to*) *the moon, Mdl. E.* mônen-, mône-day, *Mdn. E.* Monday, *O. N.* mánadagr, *O. H. G.* mânatag, *M. H. G.* mântac, *N. H. G.* Montag (*without the* d *of* mond), *m., Monday. Comp.* mêl.]

mênôþs, *m.* (117), *month;* Lu. 1, 24. 26. 36. 4, 25. Gal. 4, 10. Neh. 6, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* mônað (*For* ô *from* â=*Goth.* ê, *s.* mêna), *m., Mdl. E.* môneð, *m., Mdn. E.* month, *O. N.* mânaðr, *O. H. G.* mânôd, *M. H. G.* mânôt, mânet, mânt (*gen.* mand-), *N. H. G.* mônat (ô=*M. H. G.* â *before a nasal, as in* mônd; *s.* mêna), *m., month. Allied to* mêna, *q. v.*]

mêreins, *f.* (113, *n.* 1), *a preaching;* I Cor. 15, 14. Tit. 1, 3. Skeir. I V, b. — *Compds.* waíla-, waja-mêreins. — *From* mêrjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

Merila, *pr. n.* (*written also* Mirjca); Neap. doc.

mêriþa, *f., fame, report;* Mt. 9, 26. Mk. 1, 28. Lu. 4, 14. 37. [*From stem of* mêrs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þô. *Cf. O. E.* mǽrðu, mǽrð, *f., Mdl. E.* merð, *fame, glory, glorious deed. Comp. follg. w.*]

mêrjan, *w. v., to make known, proclaim, noise abroad, preach,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 1, 7. 39. 3, 14. 7, 36. (2) *with dat.* (*indir. obj.*); I Cor. 9, 27. (3) *w. acc.* (*dir. obj.; becomes nom. in pass.*); Mt. 9, 35. 10, 27. Mk. 1, 4. 14. 45. 14, 9. Lu. 1, 65. 3, 3. 8, 1. 9, 2. Rom. 10, 8. I Cor. 1, 23. 15, 12. II Cor. 4, 5. 11, 4. Gal. 1, 23. 2, 2. 5, 11. Phil. 1, 15. 17. 18. Col. 1, 23. I Tim. 3, 16. II Tim. 4, 2. Skeir. III, c; (4) *an object clause;* Mk. 6, 12. Lu. 4, 4. 8, 39. (5) *w. dat. of person* (*indir. obj.*) *and acc. of th.* (*dir. obj.*); Lu.

4, 19. I Cor. 15, 1. II Cor. 10, 16. 11, 7. (6) *w.* swa; I Cor. 15, 11; *or* ƀaiwa; Rom. 10, 15; — *The place where anything is made known or preached, is indicated by* ana *w. dat.;* Mt. 10, 27; *or* and *w. acc.;* Mt. 11, 1. Mk. 14, 9; *or* in *w. dat.;* Mk. 1, 39. 5, 20. Lu. 1, 65. Gal. 2, 2. I Tim. 3, 16; *or* jaínar; Mk. 1, 38; — *pres. partic.* mêrjands, *used as a subst., m.* (115), *preacher;* I Tim. 2, 7. II Tim. 1, 11. — *Compds.* (a) us-m. *w. acc., to spread abroad, proclaim;* Mt. 9, 31. (b) waíla-m., *to bring glad tidings, proclaim, preach, preach the gospel,* (1) *abs.;* Lu. 9, 6. 20, 1. I Cor. 1, 17; *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* II Cor. 1, 19. (2) *w. acc.;* Lu. 16, 16; *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Eph. 3, 8. (3) *w. dat. of an indir. obj.:* Lu. 4, 18. I Cor. 15, 2; *in pass. this dat. may be used as subj.;* Mt. 11, 5. Lu. 7, 22. (4) *w. dat. of pers. and* (*α*) *acc. of th.;* Lu. 1, 19. Eph. 2, 17. (*β*) bi (*concerning*) *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 43 (c) waja-m. (21, *n.* 2), *to blaspheme,* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 9, 3. Jo. 10, 36. I Tim. 1, 20. (2) *w. acc.;* Mk. 3, 29. 15, 29. Rom. 14, 16. I Tim. 6, 1. Mk. 3, 28 (*cognate acc.*); — *pres. partic.* wajamêrjands, *subst., m., blasphemer;* I Tim. 1, 13. II Tim. 3, 1. [*From* *mêrs, waíla-mêrs, *wajamêrs, *q. v.* ***Cf.*** *O. E.* mǽran, *to spread, make known, praise, O. S.* mârian, *O. H. G.* mâren, *M. H. G.* mǽren, *th. s. S.* waíla-, waja-, mêreins, *and follg. w.*

***mêrnan,** *w. v. in* us-m., *to be made known, be proclaimed, get noised abroad, become known.* Lu. 5, 15. — *Correlative to* mêrjan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***mêrs,** *adj., known, famous, in* waílamêrs. [*Cf. O. E.* mǽre, *Mdl. E.* mǽre, mêre, *famous, illustrious, Mdn. E.* mere, *unmixed, pure, etc., O. N.* mǽrr, *unmixed, pure, famous, O. H. G.* mâri, *M. H. G.* mǽre, *splendid, illustrious, famous. The meaning 'unmixed, pure' of the Mdn. E. and O. N. words seems to be due to the corresponding Lt.* mêrus, *unmixed, pure, clear.* — *Der.: O. H. G.* mârî, *f.*, mâri, *n., rumor, saying, fame, M. H. G.* mǽre, *n. f., tale, story, saying, report, N. H. G.* märe, *f., news, tidings, report, whence* märchen (*w. dim. suffix* -chen), *n., tale, story, fable.* — *Comp.* mêriþa, mêrjan, waíla-mêrs, *and prec. w.*]

mês, *n.* (8), *table;* Mk. 11, 15; *dish, 'charger';* Mk. 6, 25. 28; dal uf mêsa, *a ditch for a wine-vat;* Mk. 12, 1. [*Cf. O. H. G.* meas, mias (ea, ia, *from* ê= *Germanic* ê= *O. E.* ê, not= *Goth.* ê= *Germanic* æ̂= *O. E.* æ̂, *O. H. G.* â). *Perhaps of Lt. orig. Cf. O. E.* mêse, *gen.* mêsan (mêse *for* *mĕnse), *f., table.*]

***mêt,** *n., in* us-mêt, *q. v.* — *From root of* mitan, *q. v.* [*Cf.* late *M. H. G.* mâȝ, *n., measure, a certain quantity, degree, manner, N. H. G.* mass, *n., th. s. To the same root refers O. H. G.* mâȝa, *M. H. G.* mâȝe, *f., a limited space or time, a measure, weight, moderation, N. H. G.* masse, *f., proportion, a just measure, moderation. The dat. plur. of M. H. G.* mâȝe, mâȝen, *was also used adverbially: 'in a measure', whence N. H. G.* massen, *conj., considering that, because, as.*]

midja-sweipains, *f., the flood, deluge;* Lu. 17, 27. *From stem of* midjis *and* *sweipains, *q. v.*

midjis, *adj.* (122, *n.* 1; 125), *middle, construed like Gr.* μέσος, *Lt.* medius; Mk. 9, 36. 14, 60. Lu. 2, 46. 4, 30. 35. 5, 19. 6, 8. 17, 11. Jo. 7, 14. 8, 59. [*Cf. O. E.* mid (*gen.* middes, *stem* midjo-; dd *by gemination before* j), *Mdl. E.* mid, midd, *Mdn. E.* *mid, *in composition; as* midday, midnight, *etc.* (*For* day, night, *s.* dags, nahts, *respectively; s. also compds. below*), *O. N.* miðr, *O. S.* middi, *O. H. G.* mitti, *M. H. G.* mitte, *adj., middle, N. H. G.* *mit, *in* mittag, mitwoch, *etc.* (*For* tag, woch, *etc., s.* dags, wikô, *respectively*); *also in N. H. G.* mitternacht, *f., from M. H. G.* ze mitter naht, *O. H. G.* zi mitteru naht (*dat.*), *at midnight.* — *Compds.: O. E.* midrif (*for* midhrif; hrif, *f., belly, womb*), *Mdl. E.* midrif, *Mdn. E.* midriff; *Mdn. E.* midship, *for* amid-ship (*S.* amid, *below*). — *Der.: O. E.* midde, *f., middle, center, Mdl. E.* midde, ǫn midden, a midde (*O. E.* ǫn middan; *for* ǫn, a, *s.* ana), *in the middle, Mdn. E.* amid, *extended* amidst, *from Mdl. E.* amiddes (*the* t *having an intensive force, the* s *being an adverbial suff., prop. the genitival* s), *also* in middes, *whence Mdn. E.* midst; *O. H. G.* mittî, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* mitte, *f., middle; further O. E.* middel, *n.* (*orig. adj., w.* l-*suff.*), *middle part, Mdl. E.* middel, *adj. and subst., Mdn. E.* middle, *adj. and subst., O. H. G.* mittil, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* mittel, *adj., middle, also subst., n., middle, midst, means, from M. H. G.* mittel, *n., middle, midst, center, an intermediate thing, means. To the N. H. G. subst.* mittel *refers the N. H. G. prep.* mittels, mittelst (*the* s, st, *are the same as those of Mdn. E.* amidst; *s. above*). (*For Mdn. E.* mid-, *in* midwife, *s.* miþ). — *Germanic stem* midja- *answers to Indg.* médhyo-; *comp. Gr.* μέσος (*for* *μεϑjος), *Skr.* mádhyas, *Lt.* medius, *middle, neut.* medium, *also used as a subst., whence Mdn. E.* medium, *midst, means; Lt. compd.* di-midius (di- *for* dis-, *apart*), *half, whence O. Fr.* demi, *whence Mdn. E.* *demi, *in*

compds.—Der. from Lt. medius: *Lt.* mediare, *to divide in the middle, also to be in the middle, pret. partic.* mediatus, *whence Mdn. E.* mediate, *adj., middle, intervening, and v., to be in the middle, interpose between parties, whence* 'mediation', 'mediator'; *Vulg. Lt. compd.* immediatus (im- *for* in-, *not; s.* un-), *whence O. Fr.* immediat, *whence Mdn. E.* immediate; *Lt.* medianus, *middle, whence O. Fr.* meien, *whence Mdl. E.* mêne, *Mdn. E.* mean, *intermediate, adj., and in compds.; as,* meantime (*For* time, *s.* tils), meanwhile (*For* while, *s.* hweila), *also subst., pl.* means. *For further cognates from Lt.* medius, *such as* medieval, mediocre, mediterranean, *etc., s. Sk.,* medium. — *Comp. follg. w.*]

midjun-gards, *m., the inhabited earth, earth, world;* Lu. 2, 1. 4, 5. Rom. 10, 18. Skeir. IV, b. [*From* midjun-, *from stem* midja- (*s.* midjis), *and* gards, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* middangeard, *beside* -eard, *m., Mdl. E.* middaneard, *beside* middeleard, -ærd, -erd, -yard, *Mdn. E.* (*obs.*) middle-earth, *the world, considered as lying between heaven and hell, O. N.* miðgarðr, *O. S.* middilgard, *O. H. G.* mittigart, mittangart, *m., world, earth, th. s.* -- *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

miduma (*or* **midums?**), *midst;* Mk. 3, 3. Lu. 8, 7. 10, 3. II Cor. 6, 17. Col. 2, 14. Skeir. III, d. [*From* mid (*in stem* midja;- *s.* midjis) *and suff.* u-mô. *Cf. O. H. G.* mittamo, *weak subst., m., midst, in the adverbial phrase:* in mittamen, *M. H. G.* in mittemen, enmittemen, enmitten, *N. H. G.* inmitten, *in the midst.* — *Comp. prec. w.*

midumôn, *w. v., pres. partic.* midumônds, *used as subst.* (115), *m., mediator;* I Tim. 2, 5. — *From stem of* **miduma,** *q. v.*

mik, *pers. prn. 1st pers. sing. acc.; s.* ik. [*S.* meina.]

mikilaba, *adv., greatly;* Phil. 4, 10. — *From stem of* mikils *and suff.* -ba, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

mikildûþs, *f.* (113) *greatness;* Skeir. IV, b. c. — *From* mikil, *for* mikila-, *stem of* mikils (*q. v.*), *and suff.* -dûþi. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

mikilei, *f.* (113), *greatness;* Lu. 1, 49. 9, 43. Skeir. IV, d. — *From* mikils (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

mikiljan, *w. v.* (185) *w. acc., to magnify, glorify, praise;* Mt. 9, 8. Mk. 2, 12. Lu. 1, 46. 2, 20. 4, 15. 5, 25. 26. 7, 16. Rom. 11, 13. II Cor. 9, 13. Gal. 1, 24. Phil. 1, 20. II Thess. 3, 1. — *Compd.* ga-m. *w. acc., to make much of, magnify, enlarge;* Lu. 1, 58. — *From* mikils, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

mikilnan, *w. v.* (194), *to be en-*

larged, be magnified; II Cor. 10, 15. — *From* mikils, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

mikils, *adj.* (138), *mickle, great, much;* Mt. 5, 19. 8, 24. 35. 7, 22. 8, 26. 27, 46. 50. 60. Mk. 1, 26. 4, 32. 37. 39. 41. 5, 42. 10, 42. 43. 14, 15. 15, 34. 37. 16, 4. Lu. 1, 15. 32. 42. 2, 9. 10. 4, 25. 38. 5, 29. 6, 17. 7, 16. 8, 28. 37. 9, 48. 14, 16. 17, 15. 19, 37. Jo. 6, 18. 7, 12. 11, 43. 7, 37. Rom. 9, 2. I Cor. 16, 9. II Cor. 11, 5. 15. Eph. 3, 19. I Tim. 3, 16. 6, 6. II Tim. 2, 20. Skeir. VII, a. b. [*Cf. O. E.* micel, mycel, *Mdl. E.* mikel, michel, mukel, muchel, *Mdn. E.* mickle (*obs.*), *much, O. N.* mikill, mykill, *O. S.* mikil, *O. H. G.* mihhil, *M. H. G.* michel, *great; all w. suff.* -la; *and, without the* l-*suff., Mdl. E.* moche, miche, muche, *Mdn. E.* much, *O. N.* mjök, *adv., much. Allied to Gr.* μέγας, μεγάλη, *great, superl.* μέγιστος, *Lt.* magis, magnus. — *Comp.* mikilaba, mikildûþs, mikiljan, mikilnan, *and follg. w.*]

mikil-þûhts, *adj., high-minded, proud;* Lu. 1, 51. — *From stem* mikil- (*for* mikila-; *s.* mikils) *and* *þûhts, *q. v.*

mildiþa, *f.* (97), *mildness, kindness;* Phil. 2, 1. — *From stem of* milds (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þô.

***milds,** *adj., mild, in* friaþwa-, un-milds. [*Cf. O. E.* milde, *Mdl. E.* mîld, *Mdn. E.* mild, *O. N.* mildr, *O. S.* mildi, *O. H. G.* milti, *M. H. G.* milte, *friendly, kind, liberal, gracious, merciful, N. H. G.* mild, *adj., mild, gentle, liberal. Etymology obscure; s. Kl.*, mild. — *Comp. prec. w.*]

milhma, *m.* (108), *cloud;* Mk. 9, 7. 13, 26. 14, 62. Lu. 9, 34. 35. I Cor. 10, 1. 2. I Thess. 4, 17. — *Etymology unknown; the suff. being* -man. *Comp. Sch.*, milhma.

militôn, *w. v., to serve as a soldier, pres. partic.* militôndans, *soldiers;* Lu. 3, 14. [*From Lt.* militâre, *to be a soldier, serve as a soldier, from* miles, *gen.* milit-is, *soldier.*]

miliþ, *n., honey;* Mk. 1, 6. [*Allied to O. E.* mele, mil, *n., honey, whence* milisc (*w. suff.* -i-sc), *mixed with honey; O. N.* milsca, *a sweet drink; O. E.* meledêaw, mildêaw (dêaw, *m., Mdl. E.* deu, dew, *Mdn. E.* dew, *O. N.* dögg, *O. S.* dau, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* tou, *gen.* touwes, *n., m., N. H. G.* tau, *m., dew; perhaps allied to Skr. root* dháv, *to run, flow*), *m., Mdl. E.* mildew, *Mdn. E.* mildew, *O. H. G.* militou, *n. M. H. G.* miltou, *n., N. H. G.* mehltau (mehl *for* mil, *by influence of* mehl, *n., flour; s.* malan), *m., mildew; Lt.* mel, *Gr.* μέλι (*gen.* μέλιτος), *n., honey. S. Kl.*, mehltau, *and Sk.*, mildew.]

miluks, *f.* (116), *milk;* I Cor. 9, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* meolc (*for* *meoluc, eo *is* u-*uml. of* i), *f., Mdl. E.* milk, *Mdn. E.* milk, *O. N.*

mjólk, *O. H. G.* miluh, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* milch, *f.*, *milk. From root* melk, *appearing in O. E.* melcan, *Mdl. E.* melke, milke (*the* i *for* e, *by influence of the subst.* milk), *Mdn. E.* milk, *O. H. G.* melchan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* melken, *to milk. Germanic root* melk *answers to Idg. root* melg, *in Gr.* ἀμέλγειν, *Lt.* mulgere, *to milk; der.: O. E.* molcen, *n.*, *curdled milk, O. H. G.* *molchan, *M. H. G.* molchen, molken (*for* o, *also* u, ü), *n.*, *whey, milk, and that which is prepared of milk, N. H. G.* molke, *f.*, *whey; further Mdl. E.* milch, melch, *from O. N.* milkr, mjólkr, *milk-giving, Mdn. E.* milch, *O. H. G.* melch, *M. H. G.* melc, melch, *N. H. G.* melk, *milk-giving.*]

***mims, mimz,** *n.* (78, *n.* 1), *flesh, meat;* I Cor. 8, 13. [*Supposed to be allied to Skr.* mânsám, *n.*, *flesh. S. Dief. and Sch.*]

***minds,** *f.*, *in* ana-minds, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* *mynd, ȝemynd, *n. f.*, *Mdl. E.* mînd, *Mdn. E.* mind. *From root* men, *s.* *minþi, *munds, muns, munan. *For the suff.* -di, -þi, *s.* *kunþs.]

minnists, *superl. adj.* (138), *very small, least;* Mt. 5, 19. 26. 10, 42. 25, 40. Mk. 4, 31. Lu. 9, 48. I Cor. 4, 3. [*From stem* minn- (*from* minw *for* minu) *and superl. suffix* -ist- (*see* batists, maists, *etc.*); *comp. O. H. G.* minnisto, *M. H. G.* **minnest**, *N. H. G.* mindest (*the* d *by influence of the compar.; s.* minniza), *smallest, least. The corresponding Gr. and Lt. stems appear in Gr.* μινύ-ειν, *to lessen,* μίνυ-νθα, *a little while; Lt.* minuere, *to make small, pret. partic.* minûtus, *fem.* minûta, *also subst., a small part, whence Mdl. E.* minûte, *Mdn. E.* minute, *M. H. G.* minûte, *f.*, *N. H. G.* minute, *f.*, *minute, Vulg. Lt.* *minutiare (*S. Sk.*), *whence Fr.* menuiser, *whence Mdl. E.* menuse, *whence Mdn. E.* minish, *to lessen, compd.* diminish (di-=*Lt.* di-, *for* dis-, *apart*)=*Lt.* diminuere, *pret. partic.* diminutus, *to lessen, whence Fr.* diminution (*as if from Lt.* *diminutionem, *acc. of* *diminutio, *diminution*), *whence Mdn. E.* diminution. *For further cognates of Lt. orig., such as* minor, minus, minister, administer, minstrel, *etc.*, *s. Sk.*, minor. — *Comp.* mins *and follg. w. For the corresponding positive, s.* leitils.]

minniza, *compar. adj.* (138), *smaller, less;* Mt. 11, 11. Mk. 15, 40. Lu. 7, 28; *younger;* Rom. 9, 12; minnizei filaus, *much less;* Skeir. III, d; minnizô gataujan *w. dat., to be behind;* II Cor. 11, 5. [*From stem* minn- (*s. prec. w.*) *and compar. suffix* -iza (*comp.* batiza, maiza, *etc.*); *comp. O. H. G.* minniro, *M. H. G.* minner, minre, *N. H. G.* minder (*the* d

being euphonic), *smaller, less. S.* minnists, mins.]

Minnulus, *pr. n.;* Neap. doc.

mins (minz), *adv.* (78, *n.* 1; 212, *n.* 1), *less;* II Cor. 12, 15. I Tim. 5, 9; mins haban *w. dat., to be less, be behind;* II Cor. 12, 11. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* min, *adj.* (*prop. adv., for* *mine, *from* *minis=*Goth.* mins, *for* *minis; *s. O. E.* bet, *under* batiza), *less, O. H. G. M. H. G.* min, *adv., less. — Der. O. E.* minsian, *to grow less, decrease. Comp.* minnists, minniza, *and the der.* minznan.]

***minþi,** *n., in* gaminþi. — *From stem* minþja-, *extended from stem of* minds, *q. v.*

minznan, *w. v., to grow less, decrease;* Jo. 3, 30. Skeir. IV, a. VI, a. — *From* minz, *q. v.*

mis, *pers. prn. 1st pers. sing. dat.; s.* ik. [*S.* meina.]

missa-, *occurs only in compds; s. the follg. words.* [*Prop. an old partic. in* to- (missa *for* miþtó-), *from root* miþ, *to shun, conceal, appearing also in O. E.* mîðan, *Mdl. E.* mîðe, *to avoid, shun, conceal, O. S.* mîðan, *O. H. G.* mîdan, *M. H. G.* mîden, *N. H. G.* meiden, *to shun, avoid. To Goth.* missa- *answer O. E. Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* mis- (*but* mis-, *as in* mischief, mischance, *Mdl. E.* mis-, mes-, *refers to O. Fr.* mes-, *from Lt.* minus, *less*), *O. N.* mis-, *O. H. G.* missa-, missi-, *M. H. G.* misse-, *N. H. G.* mis(s)-. *Allied to O. E.* missan, *Mdl. E.* misse, *Mdn. E.* miss, *O. N.* missa, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* missen, *to miss; and to O. N.* á mis (*from* á=*Goth.* ana; *and* mis, *adv., wrongly*), *whence Mdl. E.* ǫn misse, *Mdn. E.* amiss. (*S. Sk.*, miss). *Comp.* missô.]

missa-dêþs (missadêds), *f., misdeed, trespass, sin;* Mt. 6, 14. 15. Mk. 11, 25. 26. Rom. 11, 11. 12. II Cor. 5, 19. Gal. 6, 1. Eph. 2, 1. Col. 2, 13. I Tim. 2, 14. Skeir. III, b. c. — *From* missa- *and* dêþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

missa-leiks, *adj., various, divers;* Mk. 1, 34. Lu. 4, 40. II Tim. 3, 6. Skeir. II, d. VI, c. — *From* missa- *and* *leiks, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

missa-qiss, *f., discord, dissension;* Jo. 7, 43. 9, 16. 10, 19. — *From* missaqiþan; *s.* qiþan. *Comp.* missa- *and* *qiss, *also prec. and follg. w.*

missa-taujands, *pres. partic.; s.* taujan. — *From* missa- *and pres. partic. of* taujan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

missô, *adv.* (211, *n.* 1), *reciprocally, one another, used,* (1) *without subst. or prn.;* Gal. 5, 26. (2) *w. the oblique case of the pers. prn. plur.,* (a) *prec.;* Jo. 13, 34. (b) *follg.;* Mk. 1, 27. 4, 41. 8, 16. 9, 10. 33. 34. 50. 10, 26. 11, 31. 12, 7. 15, 31. 16, 3. Lu. 2, 15. 4, 36. 6, 11. 7, 32. 8, 25. 20, 5. 14. Jo.

6, 43. 52. 7, 35. 12, 19. 13, 14. 34. 35. 15, 12. 17. 16, 17. 19. Rom. 12, 10. 13, 8. 16. 14, 13. 19. 15, 5. 7. I Cor. 7, 5. 16, 20. II Cor. 13, 12. Gal. 5, 13. 15. 17. Eph. 4, 2. 32. 5, 21. Col. 3, 9. 13. I Thess. 3, 12. 4, 9. 18. 5, 11. II Thess. 1, 3. Skeir. III, a. (3) *between a poss. prn. and the subst. to which the prn. belongs: one another's;* Gal. 6, 2. — *From* missa-, *q. v.*

mitadjô, *f., measure;* Lu. 6, 38.— *From stem of* mitaþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jôn. *Comp. follg. w.*

mitan, *st. v.* (176), *to measure,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 4, 24. Lu. 6, 38; *w. acc.;* II Cor. 10, 12.—*Compds.* (a) ga-m. *w. acc., to mete, measure out;* II Cor. 10, 13. (b) us-m., *always fig., to behave;* II Cor. 1, 12. Eph. 2, 3. Phil. 1, 27. I Tim. 3, 15; uswiss usm., *to be in error, to err;* II Tim. 2, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* metan, *to measure, estimate, judge, Mdl. E.* mete, *Mdn. E.* mete, *O. S.* metan, *O. H. G.* mezzan, *M. H. G.* mezzen, *to measure, test, reflect upon, etc., N. H. G.* messen, *to measure, compd.* ermessen (*For the pref.* er-, *s.* us), *to measure, judge, think, etc. From Germanic root* mĕt, *appearing also in O. E.* met, ȝemet, *n., measure, Mdl. E.* met, i-met, *measure; O. E.* mæte, *adj., Mdl. E.* mæte, mêt, *moderate, fit, and subst.,* mæte, mête, *measure, Mdn. E.* meet, *adj., fit, and subst.,* mete, *measure, limit, boundary; O. E.* mitta, *m., O. H. G.* mezzo, *m., M. H. G.* mezze, *m., a measure, N. H. G.* metze, *f., a dry measure=3.12 quarts.* — *Germanic root* mĕt *refers to Idg. root* mĕd: mod; *comp. Gr.* μέδεσθαι, μήδεσθαι, *to take counsel for one's self, devise,* μέδων, *adviser, counselor,* μέδιμνος, *a corn-measure; Lt.* modus, *measure, way, manner, and* modius, *a corn-measure, whence O. S.* muddi, *O. H. G.* mutti, *M. H. G.* mütte, *a dry measure.* — *Comp.* *mêt, mitaþs, mitôn.]

mitaþs, *f.* (116), *a measure;* Mk. 4, 24. Ln. 6, 38. 16, 7. Rom. 12, 3. II Cor. 10, 13. 15. Eph. 4, 7. 13. 16. [*From root of* mitan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* a-di. *Similar formations are O. E.* meotod, meotud (*for* eo, *also* e; eo *is* u-*uml. of* e), *m., creator, O. N.* mjötuðr, *O. S.* metod, *th. s.* — *Comp.* *met *and follg. w.*]

mitôn, *w. v.* (190) *w. acc., to consider, reason upon, think over, think;* Mt. 9, 4. Mk. 2, 8. 9, 33. I Cor. 13, 5. Phil. 4, 8; *and refl. dat.;* Mk. 2, 8; *to look to, mind;* Rom. 8, 5. Phil. 2, 4; *to purpose, intend;* II Cor. 1, 17; *w.* swê; *as,* mitôn swê niuklahs, *to think as a child;* I Cor. 13, 11. — *Compd.* ufar-m., *to cause to be forgotten, to forget;* Skeir. III, c. [*Allied to* mitan (*q. v.*), *and per-*

haps from a lost subst; comp. O. H. G. mezôn, *to mete, moderate,* mez, *n., measure, order, way, manner.—Comp. follg. w.*]

mitôns, *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *a measuring; hence consideration, thought;* Mt. 9, 4. Mk. 7, 21. Lu. 2, 35. 5, 22. 6, 8. 9, 46. 47. Rom. 14, 1. II Cor. 10, 5. — *From* mitôn (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ô-ni.

miþ (mid; 74, *n.* 1), *occurs very often;* (1) *prep. w. dat.* (217), (a) *with, together with, designating accompaniment or community of persons, connection of one object with another;* Mt. 5, 25. 41. Mk. 1, 13. Lu. 1, 28. Skeir. II, a; *or a being provided with;* Mk. 14, 43. Jo. 18, 3; *or relations, circumstances, way and manner;* Mt. 26, 72. II Cor. 7, 15. Phil. 2, 29. Skeir. I, b. VIII, b. c. (b) *between, through;* Mk. 7, 31. (c) *among;* Mk. 8, 16. 9, 33. Skeir. III, a. (2) *adv., along;* II Cor. 8, 18. — *Occurs very often in composition with v. and subst., where it designates connection, association, community.* [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* mid, *prep. and adv., with, along, Mdn. E.* mid- (*only in* midwife, *Mdl. E.* midwîf, *a midwife, lit. a woman who is with another, a helper; for* wîf, *s.* manna), *O. N.* með, *prep., with, O. S.* mid, mit, *adv. and prep., with, also, too, O. H. G. M. H. G.* mit, *prep., and O. H. G.* miti, *M. H. G.* mite, *adv., N. H. G.* mit, *prep. and adv., with, also, too, likewise, Gr.* μετά, *Zd.* maṭ, *with* (*For Mdn. E.* with, *s.* wiþra).]

miþ-ga-leikônds; *s.* ***leikôn.**

miþ-gardi-waddjus, *f., partition wall, acc.* miþgardawaddju (*in B, A has* midgardiwaddju); Eph. 2, 14. — *From* miþ, *stem of* gards, *and* *waddjus, *q. v.*

miþ-ga-sinþa, *m., traveling companion;* II Cor. 8, 19. [*From* miþ *and* gasinþa, *q. v. The prep.* miþ *is here identical with the pref.* ga-, *and has the same force as G.* mit *in* mitgenosse (*s.* niutan), *m., partner, companion.*]

miþ-þan, *adv., while, whilst, still;* Skeir. II, a. b. c. — *From* miþ *and* þan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

miþ-þan-ei, *conj.* (218), *when, while, as;* Mt. 9, 18. 27, 12. Mk. 4, 4. Lu. 1, 8. II Cor. 3, 15. — *From* miþ, þan, *and* ei, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

miþ-wissei, *f.* (30), *conscience;* Rom. 9, 1. 13, 5. I Cor. 8, 10. 10, 25. II Cor. 1, 12. 4, 2. 5, 11. I Tim. 1, 5. 19. 4, 2. Tit. 1, 15. — *From* *miþwiss (*adj., from* miþwitan, *from* miþ *and* witan, *q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în; *s.* *wiss, *wissei.*

mizdô, *f., reward;* Mt. 5, 46. 6, 2. 5. 16. 10, 41. 42. Mk. 9, 41. Lu. 6, 23. 35. 10, 7. I Tim. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* meord (r *from* s, z, *by rotacism;* eo *for* i, *by breaking*) *and* mêd (*For* ê *from* iz, *s. Kl.,* miete), *f., Mdl. E.*

mêd, *Mdn. E.* meed, *O. S.* mêda, *O. H. G.* mêta, mieta, miata, *M. H. G.* miete, *f.*, *reward, recompense, wages, N. H. G.* miete, *f.*, *hire, rent. Allied to Gr.* μισθός, *wages, O. Bulg.* mizda, *f.*, *Zd.* mîzda, *n.*, *reward, wages, O. Ind.* mîdha (*for* mizdhá), *combat, booty* (*perhaps originally a prize obtained as the award of a contest; comp. Skr.* mîdhvás, *adj., giving richly*); *and, probably, to Lt.* mîles (*for* mîdes), *one who serves for wages, a soldier, stem* milit-, *whence* militia, *warfare, troops, whence Mdn. E.* militia, *troops.*]

***môdei,** *f.*, *mood, in* lagga-, mûka-môdei. — *From* môþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. follg. w.*

môdags, *adj.* (124), *wroth, angry;* Mt. 5, 22. Lu. 15, 28. [*From stem of* môþs (*gen.* môdis) *and suffix* ga-. *Cf. O. E.* mǫ̂diȝ (*w. suff.* -iȝ *for* -eȝ=*Goth.* -ags, *not orig.* -iȝ=*Goth.* -eigs, *which would have caused uml. of* ô), *adj., proud, brave, Mdl. E.* mǫ̂diȝ, mǫ̂di, *Mdn. E.* moody, *O. S.* môdag (-eg, -ig), *O. H. G.* muotîg (*only in compds.*), *M. H. G.* muotic, muotec, *N. H. G.* mutig, *adj., courageous. S. prec. and follg. w.*]

***môjan,** *w. v.* (26; 187), *to weary, in* af-m., *to weary out, occurs only once, in pret. partic.*, af-mauidai; Gal. 6, 9. [*From root* mô; *comp. O. H. G.* muoan, muojan, *M. H. G.* müen, müejen, *to trouble, vex, make angry, N. H. G.* mühen, *to trouble; the verbal adj.: O. N.* móðr, *O. S.* môði, *O. H. G.* muodi, *M. H. G.* müede, *N. H. G.* müde, *tired, weary; and the verbal abstr.: O. H. G.* muoî, *M. H. G.* müeje, *N. H. G.* mühe, *f., trouble, pains. Further Lt.* mô-les, *f., exertion, trouble,* moliri, *to exert one's self, toil; Gr.* μῶ-λος, *trouble, labor,* μῶ-λυς, *weary, weak.*]

Môsês, *pr. n.*, *Μωσῆς;* Mk. 1, 44. 7, 10; Môsez; II Cor. 3, 13 (A); *gen.* Môsêzis; Mk. 12, 26. Lu. 2, 22. Jo. 7, 23; *dat.* Môsêza; II Tim. 3, 8; *or* Môsê; Mk. 9, 4. 5. Jo. 9, 28.

môta, *f.*, *toll, custom;* Rom. 13, 7; *place where customs are paid, receipt of custom;* Mt. 9, 9. Mk. 2, 14. [*Comp. O. H. G.* *muoza, *M. H. G.* muoze, *N. H. G.* (*Bav.*) mŭess, *f., toll, multure; beside O. H. G.* mûta (*probably borrowed from a kindred dial., after* t *had ceased to become H. G.* z; *s. Kl.*, maut), *M. H. G.* mûte, *N. H. G.* maut, *f., toll, custom. — Der.* môtareis; *compd.* môta-staþs, *q. v.*]

***môtan,** *pret.-pres. v.* (202), *in* ga-m., *to have or find room, have place;* Mk. 2, 2. Jo. 8, 37. II Cor. 7, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* *môtan, *pres. ind.* môt, *may,*

am allowed, have opportunity, pret. môste, *Mdl. E.* *môte, *pres. ind.* môt, *may, must, 2nd pers.* môst (*O. E.* môst), *pret.* môsse, mûste, môst, mûst, *Mdn. E.* must (*prop. a pret. form*), *O. S.* môtan, *to be obliged, O. H. G.* muoƶan, *M. H. G.* müeƶen, *to be allowed, be able, be obliged, N. H. G.* müssen, *to be obliged. — Der.: O. H. G.* muoƶa, *f., convenience, idleness, possibility, convenient opportunity, M. H. G.* muoƶe, *f., convenience, idleness, N. H. G.* mûsse, *f., leisure, ease, whence O. H. G.* muoƶîg (*w. suff.* -îg), *M. H. G.* müeƶec, *N. H. G.* müssig, *adj., idle, spare, free.*]

môtareis, *m., toll-taker, publican;* Mt. 5, 47. 9, 10. 11. Mk. 2, 15. 16. Lu. 3, 12. 5, 27. 29. 30. 7, 29. 34. 15, 1. 18, 10. 11. 13. 19, 2. — *From* môta (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -arja. *Comp. follg. w.*

môta-staþs, *m., toll-place, receipt of custom;* Lu. 5, 27. — *From* môta *and* staþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***môtjan,** *w. v., to meet.—Compds.* (a) ga-m. *w. dat., th. s.;* Mt. 8, 28. Mk. 5, 2. 14, 13. Lu. 8, 27. 9, 18. 37. 14, 31. 17, 12. Jo. 11, 30. 12, 18. (b) wiþra-ga-m. *w. dat., to go to meet;* Jo. 12, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* mêtan (ê *is* i-*uml. of* ô), *Mdl. E.* mête, *Mdn. E.* meet, *from O. E.* mọt, ƶe-mọt, *n., meeting, Mdl. E.* môt, *th. s., whence also O. E.* mọtian, *to cite to a meeting, Mdl. E.* mọte, *to discuss, cite, Mdn. E.* moot, *to debate, discuss, whence the meaning of the subst.* moot, *discussion debate, orig. meeting* (*above*). *Further O. N.* mœta, *O. S.* môtian, *to meet. — Der.* (*from* mêtan *and suff.* -ung, -ing), *O. E.* mêtung, mêting, *f., Mdl. E.* mêting, *Mdn. E.* meeting.]

môþs, *gen.* **môdis,** *m.* (74, *n.* 2; 91, *n.* 2), *wrath, anger;* Mk. 3, 5. Lu. 4, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* mọd, *n., heart, mind, courage, pride, Mdl. E.* mọd, *Mdn. E.* mood, *temper of mind, disposition* (mood=mode, *manner, style, grammatical form, refers to Fr.* mode, *from* modum, *acc. of* modus; *s. under* mitan), *O. N.* môðr, *m., wrath, moodiness, O. S.* môd, *m., heart, mind, courage, O. H. G. M. H. G.* muot, *m., mind, sense, courage, N. H. G.* mut, *m., courage, heart, disposition, etc., also M. H. G.* gemuot (*For* ge-, *s.* ga-), *minded, disposed,* wol gemuot, *courageous, N. H. G.* wohlgemut, *adj., in good spirits, cheerful, gay; and O. H. G.* gimuoti, *n., thoughts and sensibilities collectively, mind, heart, disposition, M. H. G.* gemüete, *n., th. s., also desire, liking, N. H. G.* gemüt, *n., mind, heart, temper, etc. — Perhaps allied to Gr.* μαίεσθαι, *to desire; s. Kl.,* mut. *— Der.* môdei, môdags, *q. v.*]

mûka-môdei, *f., meekness;* II Cor.

10, 1. — *From stem of* *mûks *and* môdei, *q. v.*

***mûks,** *meek, in* mûka-môdei. [*Comp. O. N.* mjúkr, *whence Mdl. E.* mêok, mêk, *Mdn. E.* meek.]

mulda, *f., dust;* Mk. 6, 11. Lu. 9, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* molde, *f., earth, land, country, world, Mdl. E.* mold, *earth, mould, Mdn. E.* mould, *earth, O. N.* mold, *f., mould, O. H. G.* molta, *f.*, molt, *m., M. H. G.* molte, *f.*, molt, *m., earth, mould. From root of* malan (*q. v.*), mulda *being prop. a partic.* in -da (*pre-Germanic* -to; *s.* alþeis, guþ, kalds, *etc.*), *used as a subst.* — *Compds.: Mdl. E.* moldwerp (*from* mold *and* werp; *for the latter, s.* waírpan), *and* mole (*perhaps short for* moldwerp, *or an independent formation, from Du.* mol, *from the same root*), *Mdn. E.* mole, *O. H. G.* moltwerf, multwurf, *m., M. H. G.* moltwerfe, moltwerf, mûlwerf (*by influence of* mûl; *s.* *mûljan), *N. H. G.* maulwurf, *m.*, mole, *beside M. H. G.* mûlwelf, wûrwerf; *and Eff.* môdhüvel (môd- *for* môld-; -hüvel *refers to root of* hafjan, *q. v.*), *m., mole. Comp. follg. w.*]

muldeins, *adj., earthy;* I Cor. 15, 47. 48. — *From* mulda (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna.

***mûljan,** *in* faúr-m. *w. dat., to bind up one's mouth, to muzzle;* I Cor. 9, 9. [*From* *mûla-, *n., mouth; comp. O. N.* múli, *m., mouth, O. H. G.* mûla, *f., M. H. G.* mûl, mûle, *n.*, mûle, *f., N. H. G.* maul, *n., mouth, Eff.* mûl, *f., mouth. Stem* mûla- *refers to root* mû (*s.* munþs) *and suffix* -la. — *Comp.* mulda.]

munan, *pret.-pres. v.* (200), *to mean, mind, think,* (1) *w. acc.;* II Cor. 12, 6. Skeir. II, b. III, c. (2) *w. double acc.;* Lu. 3, 23. II Cor. 11, 16. Phil. 2, 3; *the second acc. being an inf.;* II Cor. 9, 5. Phil. 2, 25; *or a partic.;* II Cor. 10, 2. (3) *w a dependent inf.;* II Cor. 10, 2. (4) *folld. by acc. w. inf.;* Rom. 14, 14. I Cor. 7, 26. II Cor. 11, 5. Phil. 1, 17. 3, 13. (5) *folld. by a clause introduced by* eiþatei; Jo. 13, 29; *or* þei; I Cor. 4, 9. (6) *an object clause being implied;* Lu. 17, 9. — *Compd.* ga-m. (200, *n.* 1), *to mind, remember,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 8, 18. 11, 21. (2) *w. gen.;* Mt. 26, 75. Lu. 1, 54. 72. 17, 32. Jo. 15, 20. 16, 4. 21. Gal. 2, 10. Col. 4, 19. II Tim. 1, 4. (3) *w. acc.;* Mk. 14, 72. I Cor. 11, 2. 15, 2. II Cor. 7, 15. (4) *w. double acc. the second of which is a partic.;* II Tim. 2, 8. (5) *folld. by* þatei; Mt. 5, 23. 27, 63. Jo. 12, 16. Eph. 2, 11. — [*From root* man (men), *to think; cf. O. E.* munan, ȝemunan, *to remember, think, pres. indic.* mǫn, man, ȝemǫn, *pret.* munde, *Mdl. E.* *mune, *to remember, think, pres. indic.*

man, mǫn, mun, *pret.* munde. *Allied to O. E.* manian, mǫnian, *Mdl. E.* mane, mǫne, *to admonish, exhort, O. S.* manôn, *O. H. G.* manôn, manên, *M. H. G.* manen, *N. H. G.* mahnen, *to remind, admonish, exhort; and perhaps to O. E.* mǽnan, *Mdl. E.* mǽne, mêne, *Mdn. E.* mean, *O. S.* mênian, *O. H. G.* meinen, meinan, *to mean, think, say, M. H. G.* meinen, *to turn one's thoughts upon anything, to meditate, intend, to have benevolence, or good will (or the contrary) toward, to love, N. H. G.* meinen, *to mean, think.* — *To the same root refers Lt.* mens, *gen.* men-tis, *mind,* monere, *to admonish,* meminisse, *to remember,* reminisci, *to recollect, Gr.* μιμνήσκειν, *to remember,* μένος, *courage, wrath, temper. For further cognates, s.* minds, *munds, *munnôn, muns, *and follg. w.*]

munan, *w. v.* (200, *n.* 1), *to think, intend,* (1) *w. inf.;* Jo. 6, 15. 14, 22. Lu. 10, 1. 19, 4. (2) *folld. by* ei *w. opt.;* Jo. 12, 10. [*From* muns (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* mynian, mynnan, *to be mindful of, have one's mind on, strive for, compd.* ȝemynian (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *to be mindful of, be intent on, to see to, see, Mdl. E.* munne, *compd.* i-munne, *to remember. Comp. prec. w.*]

***mundiþa,** *f., in* aina-mundiþa. — *From stem of* munþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-þô.

mundôn (sis), *w. v. w. acc., to mind, mark;* Phil. 3, 17. — *From* *munds, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

mundrei, *f., mark, goal;* Phil. 3, 14. — *From* munan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -drein.

***munds,** *f., in* ga-munds. — *From root of* munan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -di. *Comp.* minds, *also prec. and follg. w.*

***munnôn,** *w. v., in* ufar-m., *to forget,* (1) *w. inf.;* Mk. 8, 14. (2) *w. dat.;* Phil. 3, 14. — *Allied to* munan. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

muns, *m.* (101), *thought, mind, purpose;* Rom. 9, 11. Eph. 3, 11. II Tim. 3, 10; *counsel;* Eph. 1, 11; *device;* II Cor. 2, 11; *readiness;* II Cor. 8, 11; *provision;* Rom. 13, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* myne (*stem* muni-; y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *m., memory, love, Mdl. E.* mune, *mind, memory. Allied to O. N.* minni, *n., remembrance, mind, O. S. O. H. G.* minna, minnja, *beside O. H. G.* minnî, *f., love, M. H. G. N. H. G.* minne, *f., love, orig. remembrance. From root of* munan, *q. v.*]

munþs, *m., mouth* (*gen.* munþis); Lu. 1, 64. 70. 4, 22. 6, 45. 19, 22. Rom. 10, 8. 9. 10. II Cor. 6, 11. Eph. 4, 29. 6, 19. Col. 3, 8; munþ faúrwaipjan, *to bind the mouth;* I Tim. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* mûð (*from* munð; *for* û *from* un, *s.* kunnan), *m., Mdl. E.* mûð, mouð, *Mdn. E.* mouth,

O. N. munnr, muðr, *O. S.* mûð, *O. H. G.* mund, *M. H. G.* munt (*gen.* mundes), *N. H. G.* mund, *m.*, *mouth. Either allied to Lt.* mentum (*from* mñto-s=*Germanic* munþa-z) *or from root* mû (*s.* *mûljaɲ), *and suff.* -nþo-, *as in* tunþus (=*Engl.* tooth, *G.* zahn), *q. v. S. Kl.*, mund.]

N.

Nabaw, *pr. n.*, *Ναβού, gen.* Nabawis; Ezra 2, 29.

nadrs, *m.* (? *occurs only once in gen. plur.* nadrê), *adder, viper;* Lu. 3, 7. [*Comp. O. N.* naðr, naðra, *adder, and* (*w. abl.*) *O. E.* nædre, *f.*, *Mdl. E.* nadder, nedder, *Mdn. E.* adder (*from* a nadder, *for* an adder; *similarly, Mdn. E.* auger, *from* an auger, *for* a nauger, *Mdl. E.* naugêr; *comp. Fr.* lendemain *for* l'endemain), *O. N.* naðr, *O. S.* nâdra, *O. H. G.* nâtara, *M. H. G.* nâtere, nâter, *N. H. G.* natter, *f.*, *adder.*]

Naên, *pr. n.*, *Ναΐν;* Lu. 7, 11 (*MS. has* Maên).

Naggai (?), *pr. n.*, *Ναγγαί, gen.* Naggais; Lu. 3, 25.

***nagljan,** *in* ga-n. *w. acc., to nail;* Col. 2, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* næȝlian, *Mdl. E.* naile, *Mdn. E.* nail, *O. S.* neglian, *O. H. G.* nagalen, negilen, *M. H. G.* nagelen, negelen, *N. H. G.* nageln, *to nail. From the subst.: Goth.* *nagls, *O. E.* næȝel, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* nail, *Mdn. E.* nail, *O. N.* nagl, *m.*, *the human nail,* nagli, *m.*, *a nail or spike, O. S.* nagal, *O. H. G.* nagal, *M. H. G.* nagel, *N. H. G.* nagel, *m.*, *nail. Germanic* naglo- *refers to Idg.* noghlo-: nokhló-; *comp. O. Ind.* nakhá, *m. n.*, *nail of a finger or toe, claw of a bird, Gr.* ὄ-νυξ, *gen.* ὄ-νυχ-ος, *nail of a finger or toe, claw, hoof, hook, Lt.* unguis, *nail of a finger or toe, claw, talon, hoof, hook. The West-Germanic words mostly signify 'nail of a finger or toe' and 'nail of metal or wood', while the corresponding words of the pre-Germanic period chiefly mean 'nail of a finger or toe, claw'; hence the latter signification is supposed to be the original one.*]

***nah,** *in* ga-, bi-nah (201); *s.* naúhan.

Nahassôn, *pr. n.*, *Ναασσών, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 32.

nahta-mats, *m. supper;* Mk. 6, 21. Lu. 14, 12. 16. 17. 24. Jo. 12, 2. I Cor. 11, 25. Skeir. VII, b. — *From stem* nahta- (*s.* nahts) *and* mats, *q. v.*

nahts, *f.* (116), *night;* Jo. 9, 4. 13, 30. Rom. 13, 12;—*'time when' is indicated by* (1) *the gen.;* Lu. 2, 8. I Thess. 5, 5. 7; (2) *the dat.;* Mk. 4, 27. 5, 5. Lu. 2, 37. 17, 34. 18, 7. I Thess. 3, 10. II Thess. 3, 8. I

Tim. 5, 5. II Tim. 1, 3; (3) in *w. dat.;* Jo. 7, 50. 11, 10. I Cor. 11, 23. I Thess. 5, 2. Skeir. VIII. c; — *'time how long' is indicated by the acc.;* Lu. 5, 5. 6, 12. II Cor. 11, 25; — du naht matjan, *to sup;* Lu. 17, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* niht, *for* nieht, *from* neaht, *from* *naht (ea *from* a, *by breaking*, ie *from* ea *by* i-*uml.; s.* mahts), *f., Mdl. E.* niht, nîght, *Mdn. E.* night, *O. N.* nótt, natt, *O. S.* naht, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* naht, *N. H. G.* nacht, *f., night. Germanic* naht- *refers to Idg.* nokt-; *comp. Lt.* noct- *in* noct-is, *gen. of* nox, *f., night, Gr.* νυκτ-, *nom.* νύξ, *f., night, Skr.* nákta-, naktan-, *n.,* nákti-, *f., night. Lt.* noct- *is preserved in Mdn. E.* nocturn, *an office of devotion, or act of religious service by night, Mdl. E.* nocturne, *from Fr.* nocturne, *th. s., from Lt.* nocturna, *fem. of* nocturnus, *of or belonging to the night, whence* nocturnalis, *whence Mdn. E.* nocturnal. — *Compds. O. E.* nihte-gale, *f., Mdl. E.* nihtegale, nightengale (*The insertion of* n *before* g *and other consonants is quite common in E.; comp.* passenger, *from Fr.* passagier, *etc.*), nightingale, *Mdn. E.* nightingale, *O. S.* nahtigala, *O. H. G.* nahti-gala, *M. H. G.* nahtegal, *N. H. G.* nachtigall, *f., nightingale* (*The second component refers to Germanic* galan, *to sing; s.* gôljan). *The word* 'night' *was applied by our ancestors in reckoning time* (*s.* wintrus); *comp. Mdn. E.* fortnight (*contracted from Mdl. E.* fêowertêne (*s.* fidwôr-taíhun), niht, *fourteen nights, and N. H. G.* weihnachten (*contracted from M. H. G.* ze wîhen nahten; *s.* weihs), *Christmas, lit.* '*the time of the holy nights*', *originally a heathen expression designating a festival observed annually, from the 26th of Dec. to the 6th of Jan.* (*S.* jiuleis); — *Mdn. E.* nightmare, *an incubus, Mdl. E.* nightemare, *th. s., N. H. G.* nachtmahr, *m., M. H. G.* nahtmare, *m. f., th. s.* (*The second component is O. E.* mara, *m., an incubus, Mdl. E.* mare, *Mdn. E.* mare (*rare*), *sighing, suffocative panting, etc., occurring during sleep, O. N.* mara, *f., O. H. G.* mara, *f., M. H. G.* mar, mare, *m. f., N. H. G.* mahr, *m., an incubus*); — *O. E.* nihtscadu, *m., Mdn. E.* nightshade, *M. H. G.* nahtschate, *m., N. H. G.* nachtschatten, *m., nightshade* (*The second component is prob. identical w. Goth.* skadus, *q. v.*). — *Comp.* anda-nahti, nahtamats.]

Naiman, *pr. n.,* Ναιμάν; Lu. 4, 27.

naiteins, *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *blasphemy;* Mk. 2, 7. 3, 28. Lu. 5, 21. — *From* naitjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

***naitjan,** *w. v., to blaspheme, in* ga-n. *w. acc., to blaspheme, abuse, handle shamefully;* Mk. 12, 4. [*Cf. O. H. G.* gineiȝan, *M. H. G.* geneiȝen, *to plague, persecute.* — *Der.* naiteins, *q. v.*

Naítôfaþeis, *pr. n. in gen., Νετωφαθεί;* Ezra 2, 22.

Nakôr, *pr. n., Ναχώρ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 34.

naqadei, *f., nakedness;* Rom. 8, 35. II Cor. 11, 27. — *From stem of* naqaþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

naqaþs, *adj., naked;* Mt. 25, 38. 43. 44. Mk. 14, 51. 52. I Cor. 4, 11. II Cor. 5, 3; naqaþs waírþan, *to suffer shipwreck;* I Tim. 1, 19. [*Cf. O. E.* nacod, *Mdl. E.* naked, *Mdn. E.* naked, *O. N.* naktr, *O. H. G.* nacchot, nahhot, *M. H. G.* nacket (nackent), *N. H. G.* nackt (nackend), *naked. Prop. pret. partic. forms, from a verb seen in Mdl. E.* nake, *to strip* (*Sk. Comp. also Kl.*, nackt). *Allied to Lt.* nûdus (*for* *nugdus), *naked, bare, whence Mdn. E.* nude, *and Lt.* nudare, *to make naked or bare, to strip, pret. partic.* nudatus, *whence* nudatio, *stem* nudation-, *a stripping naked, nakedness, whence Mdn. E.* nudation, *the act of stripping bare or naked; Lt. compd.* denudare (de, *off*), *to lay bare, whence Mdn. E.* denude, *th. s.* — *Germanic ders.: Mdl. E.* nakedhêd, *N. H. G.* nacktheit, *f.* (*For* -hêd, -heit, *s.* haidus), *nakedness; Mdl. E.* nekednesse, *Mdn. E.* nakedness (*Concerning* -ness, *s.* ibnassus); *M. H. G.* nacketuom, *for* nackettuom (*For* -tuom, *s.* dôms), *m., nakedness.* — *Comp. prec. w.*]

namnjan, *w. v.* (187), *to name, call,* (1) *w. acc.* (*in pass. w. nom.*); Eph. 1, 21. 3, 15. 5, 3. II Tim. 2, 19. (2) *w. double acc.* (*in pass. w. double nom.*); Lu. 6, 13. 14. 7, 11. 9, 10. I Cor. 5, 11. Eph. 2, 11. — *Compd.* ga-n. *w. acc., to name;* Skeir. II, d. — [*From stem of* namô (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* nemnan, ȝe-nemnan (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *beside* (ȝe-)namian, *Mdl. E.* nemne, i-nemne, *beside* (i-)name, *Mdn. E.* name, *O. S.* nemnian, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* nemmen *and* nennen (mm *and* nn *for* mn, *by assimilation*), *N. H. G.* nennen, *Eff.* nöme, *to name.*]

namô, *n., gen.* namins, *dat.* namin, *plur.* namna, -ê, -am (110, *n.* 1), *name;* Mt. 6, 9. 10, 41. 42. 7, 22. 27, 57. Mk. 3, 16. 17. 5, 9. 22. 6, 14. 9, 37. 38. 39. 41. 11, 9. 10. 18, 10. Lu. 1, 5. 13. 27. 31. 49. 59. 61. 63. 2, 21. 25. 5, 27. 6, 22. 8, 30. 41. 9, 48. 49. 50. 10, 17. 16, 20. Jo. 10, 3. 25. 12, 13. 28. 14, 13. 14. 26. 15, 16. 21. 16, 23. 24. 26. 17, 1. 6. 11. 12. 26. Rom. 9, 17. 10, 13. 15, 9. I Cor. 1, 13. 15. 5, 4. Eph. 1, 21. 5, 20. Col. 3, 17. II Thess. 1, 12. 3, 6. I Tim. 6, 1. II Tim.

2, 19. Skeir. V, b. c. [*Cf. O. E.* nama, nǫma (o *before the nasal* m), *m., Mdl. E.* nǫme name, *Mdn. E.* name, *O. N.* nafn (*for*) namn, *n., O. S.* namo, *O. H. G.* namo, *M. H. G.* name, *N. H. G.* name, *m., name, Gr.* ὄ-νομα, *Skr.* nāman-, *Lt.* nomen, *name, whence O. Fr.* non, nun, noun, *whence Mdn. E.* noun, *compd.* pronoun (*Lt.* pro, *for; comp. Lt.* pronomen, *pronoun*). *To Lt.* nomin- (*stem of* nomen) *refer Lt.* nominalis, *belonging to a name, whence Fr.* nominal, *whence Mdn. E.* nominal; *and Lt.* nominare, *to name, pret. partic.* nominatus, *whence Mdn. E.* nominate. — *Compds.: Mdn. E.* surname, *formed after the Fr.* surnom, *a surname* (sur *from Lt.* super, *above, over*). — *Ders.: Mdl. E.* namelîche, *Mdn. E.* namely, *M. H. G.* namelich, nemelich, *adj., named, definite,* namelîche, nemelîche, *adv., namely, expressly, particularly, indeed, N. H. G.* nämlich, *adj., same, adv., namely, to wit* (*For* -ly, -lich, *s.* *leiks). — *Comp.* namnjan.]

***nanþjan,** *w. v., to dare.* — *Compd.* (a) ana-n., *to dare, be bold;* Mk. 15, 43. Rom. 10, 20. II Cor. 11, 21; *w. inf.;* Skeir. IV, d. (b) ga-n., *pret.* gananþida, *by error, for* gaandida; *s.* *andjan. — *Cf. O. E.* nêðan, ȝenêðan, *to dare, subdue* (*from* nôð, *f., audacity, from* *nanð, *by compensation; s.* hansa; *the* ê *of* nêðan *being* i-*uml. of* ô), *O. S.* nâðian, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* nenden, genenden, *to dare.*]

nardus, *m., nard, spikenard;* Jo. 12, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* nard, *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* nard, *O. H. G.* narda, *M. H. G.* narde, *N. H. G.* narde, *f., nard. From the Gr. and Lt.,* νάρδος, *f.,* nardus, *f.,* (nardum, *n.*), *nard, nard-oil, from Pers.* nard, *from Skr.* nalada, *the Ind. spikenard.* — *Compd.: Mdn. E.* spikenard, *Mdl. E.* spîkenard, *M. H. G.* nardespîke *and* spîca-, spîcnard, *N. H. G.* spiekennarde, *f., spikenard, from Lt.* spica nardi. *Comp. Sk.,* nard, spikenard.]

naseins, *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *salvation;* Lu. 1, 69. 71. 77. 2, 30. 3, 6. 19, 9. Rom. 10, 1. 13, 11. II Cor. 1, 6. 6, 2. Eph. 6, 17. I Thess. 5, 8. — *From* nasjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

nasjan, *w. v.* (185) *w. acc., to save;* Mt. 8, 25. 27, 49. Mk. 3, 4. 15, 30. Lu. 9, 24. 56. 19, 10. I Tim. 1, 15. II Tim. 1, 9; *folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Jo. 12, 27. — *Compd.* ga-n. *w. acc.,* (1) *to make whole, to heal;* Mt. 9, 22. Mk. 5, 34. 10, 52. Lu. 4, 6, 19. 7, 3. 8, 48. 50. 17, 19. Jo. 12, 40. (2) *to save;* Mk. 8, 35. 15, 31. Lu. 6, 9. 7, 50. 9, 24. 17, 33. 18, 42. Jo. 12, 47. Rom. 11, 14. I Cor. 1, 21. 7, 16. 9, 22. Eph. 2, 5. 8. I Tim.

4, 16. — [*Causal of* *nisan (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* (ȝe-)nerian, (ȝe-)nerȝan, (ȝe-)neriȝan, (ȝe-)neriȝean (e *is* i-*uml. of* a, æ; r *for* s=z, *by rotacism*), *to save, O. N.* nǽra, *O. S.* nerian, *O. H. G.* nerjan, neran, *M. H. G.* nerigen, nern, *to make whole, heal, save, N. H. G.* nähren, *to nourish, support, feed. Comp.* naseins *and follg. w.*]

nasjands, *m.* (115), *the Savior;* Lu. 1, 47. 2, 11. Eph. 5, 23. Phil. 3, 20. I Tim. 1, 1. 2, 3. 4, 10. II Tim. 1, 10. Tit. 1, 3. 4. Skeir. I, a. c. II, a. c. IV, a. V, d. [*Prop. pres. partic. of* nasjan (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* nerȝend, *m., savior, O. S.* nerjendo, *O. H. G.* nerrendo, *m., savior* (*For O. E. Mdl. E.* hǽlend, *N. H. G.* heiland, *m., savior, etc., s.* hailjan).]

nati, *n.* (95), *net;* Mk. 1, 16. 18. 19. Lu. 5, 2. 4. 5. 6. [*Cf. O. E.* net (*stem* natjo-), *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* net, *O. N.* net, *O. S.* net (*and* netti), *O. H. G.* nezzi, *M. H. G.* netze, *N. H. G.* netz, *n., net; also O. N.* nót (*w. abl.*), *a large net. Relationship between Goth.* nati *and* natjan (*s. follg. w.*) *is doubtful.*]

natjan, *w. v. w. acc., to make wet, to wet;* Lu. 7, 38. — *Compd.* ga-n. *w. acc., th. s.;* Lu. 7, 44. [*From* *nats, *wet, O. S.* nat, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* naȝ, *N. H. G.* nass, *adj., wet. Comp. O. H. G.* nezzen (*from* *natjan; e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.; zz from* t, *by gemination before* j), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* netzen, *to wet. Allied to* nati (*q. v.*)*?*]

Naþan, *pr. n.* (70), *Ναθάν, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 31.

***nauan,** *str. or w. v.?, in* bi-n., *to rub; occurs only once, in pres. partic.* binauandans, *for* bnauandans *in C A; s.* bnauan.

Naúbaímbaír (54, *n.* 1), *November;* Cal.

naudi-bandi, *f., fetter;* Mk. 5, 3. 4. II Tim. 1, 16. — *From stem of* nauþs *and* bandi (*q. v.*). *Comp. follg. w.*

naudi-þaúrfts, *adj., necessary;* II Cor. 9, 5. Skeir. II, c. [*From stem of* nauþs *and the adj.* þaúrfts (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. S.* nôd-thurft (*S. the subst.* þaúrfts), *f., O. H. G.* nôt-duruft, *M. H. G.* nôt-durft, *f., necessity, want, necessaries, N. H. G.* nôtdurft, *f., necessaries, exigency. Comp. prec. w.*]

Nauêl, *pr. n.* (26, *n.* 1), *Νῶε;* Lu. 17, 27; *gen.* -is; Lu. 3. 36. 17, 26.

naúh (*or* **náuh,** *formed like* þáuh (*q. v.*)*?*), *adv., still, yet;* Mt. 27, 63. Lu. 14, 22. 26. 18, 22. Jo. 7, 33. 12, 35. 13, 33. 14, 19. 16, 12. Rom. 9, 19. I Cor. 15, 17. Skeir. II, a. b. IV, a. VII, c. VIII, a; leitil naúh, *a little while* (*μικρόν*); Jo. 16, 16; ni naúh, *not yet, not as yet;* Mk. 4, 40. 8, 17. 21. Jo. 7, 6. 8. 16, 16; *or* naúh ni, *th. s.;* Mk. 11, 2. Jo. 8, 57. [*From* nu *and*

-uh, (*q. v.*)? *Comp. O. S.* noh, *O. H. G.* noh, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* noch, *yet, still. Comp. P., Beitr. IV, p. 386. S.* nuh, nih, niujis; naúh-þan.]

***naúha,** *m., in* ganaúha (*q. v.*), *the suff. being* -an. — *Comp. follg. w.*

***naúhan,** *pret.-pres. v.* (201), *in* (a) bi-n., *used impers.*, binah, *it is lawful;* I Cor. 10, 23; *it behoves;* II Cor. 12, 1; binaúht is, *th. s.;* I Cor. 10, 23. (b) ga-n., *used impers.*, ganah, *it is enough, it suffices,* (1) *w. dat.;* II Cor. 2, 6. (2) *w. acc.;* Mt. 10, 25. Jo. 14, 8. II Cor. 12, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* -nuʒan (*3d pers. sing. pres. indic.* be-, ʒeneah; neah *from* nah, *by breaking; pl.* -nuʒon, *pret.* -nohte), *O. H. G.* -nohan (*3d pers. sing. pres. indic.* gi-nah, *pret.* *nohte), *to be sufficient. From root* nŏh, *Idg.* năk, *supposed to be allied to Skr. root* naç, *to reach, and to Lt.* nancisci, *to get, obtain. Comp.* *naúha, *nôhs, ganôhs.]

naúh-þan, *adv., still, yet;* Lu. 1, 15. 8, 49. 9, 42; ni naúhþan, *not yet;* Jo. 6, 17. — *From* naúh *and* þan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

naúh-þanuh, *adv., still, yet;* Mk. 5, 35. 12, 6. 14, 43. Lu. 14, 32. 15, 20. Neh. 5, 15; ni n., *or* n. ni, *not yet;* Jo. 3, 24. 7, 30. 39. 8, 20. Rom. 9, 11. Skeir. III, a; niþþan n., *not yet;* Jo. 11, 30. — *From* naúh *and* þanuh, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

naúhuþ-þan, *adv.* (*for* naúh-uh-þan) *besides, moreover;* Lu. 14, 26. — *From* naúh, -uh, þan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

Naum, *pr. n., Ναούμ; gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 25.

naus (*nom. plur.* **naweis**), *m.* (101, *n.* 3), *a dead man;* Lu. 7, 12. 15. 22. 9, 60. [*Supposed to stand for* *nahus; *comp. O. N.* nâr, *m., corpse. Allied to Lt.* nex, *gen.* nɛc-is, *f., violent death, murder, death,* necare, *to kill, Gr. νέκυς, corpse, νεκρός, dead, Skr.* naç (*pres.* naçâmi *and* naçyâmi), *to vanish, perish, die. — Comp.* *nawistrôn *and follg. w.*]

naus, *adj.* (?), *dead;* Rom. 7, 8. —*Perhaps identical w. the prec. w., q. v.*

nauþjan, *w. v., to force, compel, w. acc.* (*in pass. w. nom.*); Lu. 16, 16; *w. inf.;* Lu. 14, 23; *w. acc. and a dependent inf.;* Gal. 6, 12. Skeir. I, b. — *Compd.* ana-n. *w. acc., to constrain, compel;* Mt. 5, 41. [*From* nauþs (*q. v.*). *Comp. O. S.* nôdjan, *to force, press, O. H. G.* nôtan, nôten, *M. H. G.* nôten, nœten, *to constrain, compel, necessitate, urge, beside O. H. G.* nôtegôn, nôtigôn, *for* *nôtagôn, *M. H. G.* nôtegen, nôtigen, *N. H. G.* nötigen, *th. s., from O. H. G.* nôtag, *adj.* (*likewise from* nôt), nôteg, *M. H. G.*

nôtec, nôtic, nœtic, nœtec, *N. H. G.* nötig, *needful, necessary, needy,=O. E.* nêdiȝ, *Mdl. E.* nêdi, *Mdn. E.* needy.]

nauþs, *f.* (103), *need, necessity;* II Cor. 6, 4. 9, 7. 12, 10. I Thess. 3, 7. Philem. 14. Skeir. I, b. c. VI, a. [*Cf. O. E.* nêad *and* (*by* i-*uml.*), nied, nŷd, nêd, *f., necessity, violence, force, Mdl. E.* nied, nêd, *Mdn. E.* need, *O. N.* nauðr, *O. S.* nôd, *f., need, necessity, O. H. G. M. H. G.* nôt, *f. and m.* (*rare*), *trouble, misery, danger, fight, force, N. H. G.* not, *f., need, necessity, trouble. The gen. of O. E.* nêad, nêades, niedes, nêdes, *was often used adverbially, whence Mdl. E.* nêdes, *Mdn. E.* needs. — *Compds.: N. H. G.* noterbe (*For* erbe, *s.* arbja), *a necessary, lawful heir; N. H. G.* notwehr, *f., M. H. G.* nôtwer (*For* wer, *s.* warjan), *f., defense in case of need or peril, self-defense; N. H. G.* notzucht (*For* zucht, *s.* *taúhts), *f., rape, violence, coined after M. H. G.* nôtzühten, *to violate, ravish, beside* nôtzogen, *to treat violently, to violate, O. H. G.* nôtzogôn, *th. s.* — *From root* nau, *to narrow* (*and Germanic suff.* -þi, -di), *whence, possibly, M. H. G.* nouwe, *adj., close, narrow, careful,* nouwe, genouwe, *adv., closely, carefully, scarcely, N. H. G.* genau, *adj., close, accurate, saving, etc., and adv., exactly, accurately, etc., Eff.* näu, ȝenäu, *adj., close, saving* — *Comp.* nauþjan.]

***nawistrôn,** *w. v., in* (a) ga-n. *w. acc., to bury;* I Cor. 15, 4. (b) miþ-ga-n. *w. acc. and a follg. dat., to bury with;* Col. 2, 12. [*From* *nawistr (*formed like* awistr, *q. v.*), *grave, from stem of* naus, *q. v.*]

Nazaraíþ (*indeclinable*), *pr. n.,* Ναζαρέθ; Mk. 1, 9. Lu. 1, 26. 2, 4. 39. 51. 4, 16. — *Comp. follg. w.*

Nazôraius, *pr. n.* (*always in apposition w.* Iêsus), Ναζωραῖος; Mk. 10, 47. Lu. 18, 37; *dat.* -au; Mt. 26, 71; *acc.* -u; Mk. 16, 6. Jo. 18, 5. 7. — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

Nazôrênus, *pr. n.* (*always in apposition w.* Iêsus), Ναζωρηνός, *dat.* -au; Mk. 14, 67; *voc.* -u; Lu. 4, 34; *or* -ai (*Gr. infl.*); Mk. 1, 24. — *Comp. prec. w.*

nê, *adv.* (216), *no, nay;* Mt. 5, 37. Lu. 1, 60. Jo. 7, 12. 18, 25. II Cor. 1, 17. 18. 19; *not;* Jo. 18, 40. [*Allied to O. N.* nei (*negative of* ei; *s.* aiw), *nay, whence Mdl. E.* nei, nai, næi, *Mdn. E.* nay (*Concerning* ay *and* no, *s.* aiw; *for* none, *s.* ains). *Comp.* ni, nei.]

nêlv, *adv.* (64), *near;* Lu. 15, 25. [*From stem* nêlva-. *Cf. O. E.* nêah, nêh, *adj.* (=*Goth.* *nêlvs), *adv., and prep. w. dat.* (*s. P., Beitr., VI, p. 91*), *Mdl. E.* nêh, neigh, nîgh, *Mdn. E.* nigh, *O. N.* ná-, *adj.* (*in composition*), *near, O. S. O. H. G.*

nâh, *adj.* (*infl.* nahêr) *and adv., beside* nâho, *near, and prep., to, after, towards, according to, M. H. G.* nâch, *adj.* (*infl.* nâher, *near,* nâch, nâhe, nâ (*contr.*), *adv., near,* nâch, *prep., to, towards, after, according to, N. H. G.* nah, *adj., near,* nahe, *adv., near,* nach, *prep., after, to, by, etc. Mdn. E.* near, *is prop. a compar., from Mdl. E.* nêor, nêr, *O. E.* nêar (*from* *nâor *for* *nâhor), *nearer; cf. O. N.* nær, *compar. adv.; the corresponding superl. is: O. E.* niehst (ie *from* êa, *by* i-*uml.*) nŷhst, nêst, *Mdl. E.* nêst, nêxt, *Mdn. E.* next. *Further ders.: O. E.* nêan (*from* nâun, *for* *nâhun), *Mdl. E.* nêan, *adv., near, near by; and O. H. G.* nâhî, *M. H. G.* nâhe, *N. H. G.* nähe, *f., nearness. For the kindred Mdn. E.* neighbor, *N. H. G.* nachbar, *s.* bauan. — *Comp. follg. w.*]

nêhwa (217), (1) *adv., near;* Mk. 13, 28. 29. Lu. 19, 37. 41. Jo. 6, 4. 7, 2. Eph. 2, 13. 17. Phil. 4, 6. (2) *prep. w. dat.;* Lu. 5, 1. Phil. 2, 27. Skeir. III, a; *w.* wisan; Mk. 11, 1. Lu. 7, 12. 18, 35. 40. 19, 11. 29. Jo. 11, 18. Rom. 10, 8; *w.* qiman; Mk. 2, 4. Jo. 6, 19. 23. — *From stem* nêhwa-; *s. prec. and follg. w.*

nêhwis, *compar. adv.* (212), *nearer;* Rom. 13, 11. — *From stem* nêhwa-; *s.* nêhw. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

nêhwjan, *w. v. w. refl. acc.,* sik, *to draw near;* Lu. 15, 1.—*Compd.* at-n. (*w. or without* sik); Mk. 1, 15. 14, 42. Rom. 13, 12; *folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Lu. 10, 9. 11; *or* und *w. dat.;* Phil. 2, 30. [*From stem* nêhwa-; *s. prec. and follg. w. Cf. O. H. G.* nâhan, nâhen, *M. H. G.* næhen, *to bring near by; beside M. H. G.* nâhen (*O. H. G.* *nahên), *N. H. G.* nahen, *to be near, come near, approach. Comp. follg. w.*]

nêhwundja, *m., neighbor;* Mk. 12, 33. Rom. 13, 10; *w. dat. of possession;* Lu. 10, 29; *or a poss. pron.;* Mt. 5, 43. Mk. 12, 31. Lu. 10, 27. Rom. 13, 9. Gal. 5, 14. Eph. 4, 25; — *another;* Rom. 13, 8. — *From stem of* nêhw (*q. v.*) *and suff.* und-jan (*s.* hulundi). *Comp. prec. w.*

nei, *interrog. particle, not;* II Cor. 3, 8. Skeir. I, c. — *From* ni *and* ei, *q. v. Comp. Scher., p. 514.*

neiþ, *n. envy;* Mt. 27, 18. Mk. 15, 10. Gal. 5, 21. Phil. 1, 15. I Tim. 6, 4; *in* neiþa wisan, *to envy;* Gal. 5, 26. [*Cf. O. E.* nîð, *m., envy, hatred, indignation, war, violence, Mdl. E.* nîð, *contention, envy, malice, O. N.* nîð, *n., disgrace, abuse, O. S.* nîð, *m., zeal, contention, hatred, O. H. G.* nîd, *m., hatred, wrath, envy, M. H. G.* nît (*gen.* nîdes), *m., hostile intention, grudge, jealousy, envy, N. H.*

G. neid, *m., envy. Comp. follg. w.*]

***neiþs,** *adj., in* anda-neiþs. — *Allied to* neiþ, *q. v.*

neivan, *st. v., to bear grudge, be angry;* Mk. 6, 19 (*S. foot-note*). — *The word is obscure. Beside the foot-note, comp. Sch.,* nais.

***nêm,** *n., a taking, in* anda-nêm. — *From root of* niman, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***nêmeigs,** *adj., in* anda-nêmeigs. *Extended from follg. w., by suff.* -ga. *Comp. prec. w.*

***nêms,** *adj., in* anda-nêms. — *From root of* niman, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

Nêrins, *pr. n. in gen., Νηρί;* Lu. 3, 27.

nêþla, *f., needle;* Mk. 10, 25. Lu. 18, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* nǽdl, *f., Mdl. E.* nêdle, *Mdn. E.* needle, *O. N.* nál, *O. S.* nadla, *O. H. G.* nâdal, nadala, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* nadel, *f., needle, Eff.* nǫ̂l, *f., needle. From root* nê (*and Germanic suffix* -þlô-, *Indg.* -tlâ-; *s. Osth., F., I, p. 19 et seq.*), *also found in O. H. G.* nâjan, *M. H. G.* næjen, *N. H. G.* nähen, *to sew, in O. H. G. M. H. G.* nât (*w. suff.* -ti), *N. H. G.* naht, *f., seam, whence O. H. G.* nâtâri (*w. suff.* -âri), nâteri, *M. H. G.* nâtære, *m., sewer, tailor, whence* nâtærîn (*w. suff.* -în), *f., N. H. G.* nähterin (*beside* näherin, *which is a new-formation, f., seamstress. Germanic root* nê *is supposed to be allied to pre-Germanic root* nê *in Lt.* nêre, *Gr. νεῖν, to spin, νῆμα, thread, νῆτρον, distaff.* (*For Mdn. E.* sew, *etc., s.* siujan).]

ni, *negative particle* (216), *not* (*οὐ, μή, etc.*), *usually standing before the finite v.; as;* Mt. 5, 17. 6, 1. Skeir. II, b. c. d; *in a few cases, between a particle and a v. to which that particle belongs;* Jo. 6, 22. 10, 1; *a verb being implied;* Rom. 9, 26. Gal. 5, 8. — ni *and a follg.* ist *always appear as* nist; I Cor. 7, 15. II Cor. 1, 18. *For Gr. οὐδέ, neither, nor, not even, not;* Mt. 8, 10. Mk. 6, 11; *or οὐχί, in the least, no, not;* Jo. 13, 11. 14, 22; ni *in interrog. clauses, answers to Lt.* nonne; Lu. 6, 3. I Cor. 1, 20; ni ju *or* ju ni, *no more, no longer;* Rom. 7, 17. I Thess. 3, 1; ni alja—alja, *none other things—than;* II Cor. 1, 13; ni naúh, *not yet;* Mk. 8, 17; ni—ak, *not—but;* Mt. 7, 21. Skeir. I, a; ni auk, *for not;* Mk. 9, 6. 11, 13; ni þanamais, *no more, no longer;* Lu. 16, 2; ni þanaseiþs, *no longer;* Jo. 16, 21; ni þatanei — ak jah, *not only — but also;* Rom. 12, 17. 13, 5; ni þatei—ak, *not because — but;* Jo. 7, 22. Skeir. IV, b; ni þatei—ak þatei, *not because — but because;* Jo. 6, 26; ni þêei—ak untê, *not that—but because;* Jo. 12, 6; *not that—but that;* II Cor. 2, 4; ni untê—ak unte,

not that—but that; II Cor. 7, 9; ni ei—ak, *for not—but;* II Cor. 5, 12; ni swa auk ei—ak, *for not that—but;* II Cor. 8, 13; jah ni, *and not, neither, but neither;* Mt. 7, 29. Mk. 12, 21. 14, 59; jah ni *w. opt., and except that, and if not;* Mk. 13, 20; akei ni, *but not;* Rom. 10, 2; untê ni, *for not;* Mt. 9, 24. Rom. 8, 7; ibai ni, *not* (ibai *remaining untranslated*); Rom. 10, 18. I Cor. 9, 4. 11, 22; jabai ni, *but if not;* Mt. 6, 15. Mk. 11, 26; nibai—ni, *if not—not;* Mt. 5, 21; þatei ni, *that not, because not;* Mt. 26, 72. 11, 20; þei ni, *for not, that not;* Mt. 6, 26. Jo. 7, 35; ei ni, *lest;* Neh. 5, 18; þandê (*or* þandei) ni, *since not;* Lu. 1, 34. Jo. 5, 47; duþê ei ni, *because not;* Lu. 1, 20; in þizei ni, *because not;* Skeir. VIII, b; iþ—ni, *but not;* Mk. 14, 7; *w. a subst. or indef. pron.:* ni waíht, *no whit, nothing;* Mt. 10, 26. 27, 19; ni aiw *or* aiw ni, *never;* Mt. 9, 33. Mk. 2, 12; ni aiw ƕanhuh, *or* ni ƕanhuh aiw, *not at any time;* Jo. 7, 46. II Tim. 3, 7. Skeir. VIII, a; ni manna *or* manna ni, *no man;* Mt. 6, 24. 9, 30; ni ainshun *or* ainshun ni, *not any one, none;* Mt. 27, 14. Skeir. V, c; — ni *occurs often in connection with* nih (*q. v.*); Mt. 5, 34. 35. 6, 20. 25. 26. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* ne, *O. N.* ne, *O. S.* ni, ne, *O. H. G.* ni, ne, *M. H. G.* ne (en, n'), *adv., not. Allied to Gr.* νη-, *in* νη-κερδής, *useless; to Lt.* ne-, *in* nefas, *unlawful, crime,* nemo, *nobody, etc.; to Lt.* nĕ, *not, less, Skr.* na, *not.* ni *occurs further in Mdn. E.* nay (*s.* nê), no (*adv.*), never, *N. H. G.* nie (*s.* aiw); *in Mdn. E.* no, none, *N. H. G.* nein (*s.* ains); *in Mdn. E.* not, nought, naught, nothing, *N. H. G.* nicht, nichts (*s.* waíht); *in Mdn. E.* neither (*s.* ƕaþar); *in N. H. G.* niemals (*s.* mêl), niemand (*s.* manna), nimmer=n-i-mmer (*For* n-, i-, -mmer, *s.* ni, aiw, mais, *respectively*), nirgend (*s.* ƕar; *the* d *being inorganic, as in* niemand, *above*), nirgends (*w. an adv., orig. genitival,* s), *nowhere, from M. H. G.* niergen, niergent, *th. s., from O. H. G.* niergen, *th. s., from* ni iergen, *not anywhere,* iergen *standing for an older* io wergin (*For* io, *s.* aiw; wergin *from* wer, *for* *ƕer (*s.* ƕar), *and the indef. particle* -gin).—*Comp. also the kindred* nei, niba, nih, niu, un-, *and* inuh.]

niba (nibai), *conj.* (218), *except, but, if not, unless, save;* Mk. 2, 7. 26. 5, 37. 6, 4. 5. 8. 8, 14. 9, 9. 29. 11, 13. Lu. 6, 4. 9, 43. 17, 18. 18, 19. Jo. 6, 46. 10, 10. 14, 6. 17, 12. Rom. 11, 15. 14, 14. I Cor. 1, 14. II Cor. 2, 2. 12, 5. Gal. 6, 14. I Tim. 5, 19. II Tim. 2, 14; niba(i) þatei, *except that;* Rom. 13, 8. II Cor. 12, 13. Eph. 4, 9; *w. pres.*

indic.; Mt. 5, 20. Mk. 3, 27. 7, 3. 4. Jo. 6, 53. 65. 7, 51. 12, 24. 15, 4. Rom. 10, 15. 11, 23. II Thess. 2, 3. II Tim. 2, 5. Skeir. II, a. c.; *w. pres. opt.;* Jo. 10, 37. 38; *w. pret. indic.;* I Cor. 15, 2; *w. pret. opt.;* Jo. 14, 2. II Thess. 2, 3; nibai *remains untranslated in the questions:* Jo. 7, 35. 8, 22; aþþan niba *w. pret. opt.: if not;* Jo. 14, 2; niba þau, *except it be;* I Cor. 7, 5; niba þau þatei *w. pres. opt.: except;* Lu. 9, 13; nibai ƕan *w. pres. opt.: lest at any time;* Mk. 4, 12. — *From* ni *and* iba(i) (10, *n.* 2) *q. v.*

nidwa, *f., rust;* Mt. 6, 19. 20. — *Etymology unknown. S. Dief. II, p. 110, and L. M., p. 121.*

nih (20, *n.* 1), *the* h *being sometimes assimilated to the initial* þ *or* s *of a follg. word* (62, *n.* 3), *conj.* (218), (1) *and not, also not, even not, nor;* Mt. 6, 29. Mk. 2, 2. 12, 10. Skeir. IV, d. VII, a. c. (2) *not* (*οὐ μή*); Mt. 10, 34. Jo. 6, 38. I Tim. 3, 6. II Tim. 1, 12. Skeir. I, b; nih—nih, *not—nor, neither—nor;* Mt. 6, 20. 28. 11, 18. Mk. 4, 22. Skeir. VI, d; nih þan, *for not;* Mt. 9, 13. Jo. 12, 47. Skeir. VII, c; nih—ak, *neither—but;* Rom. 9, 7; nih—ak jah, *neither—but also;* Skeir. VII, a; nih allis ƕa *or* nih waíht auk, *for nothing;* Mk. 4, 22. I Cor. 4, 4; niþ þan þanaseiþs, *and henceforth—not;* Lu. 20, 40; niþ þan naúhþanuh, *now not yet;* Jo. 11, 30. — *Concerning the connection of* nih with ni, *s. the latter.* — [*From* ni and -uh *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* nih-, *in* nihhein, nihein, nechein (*S. Br., A. Gr. p. 118*), *M. H. G.* nehein, nechein, nekein, *short* hein, kein, *N. H. G.* kein (*For the second component, s.* ains), *no, not any,=O. S.* nigên, negên, *th. s.; further Lt.* neque, *not, and not, also not.*]

Nikaúdêmus, *pr. n., Νικόδημος* (23, *n.* 1); Jo. 7. 50; *or* Nekaúdêmus; Skeir. II, b; *dat.* Neikaúdaimau; Skeir. VIII, c.

niman, *st. v.* (170; 175), *to take, receive, take away, take up, catch,* (1) *abs.;* Mk. 15, 23. Lu. 1, 63. Jo. 16, 24. I Cor. 4, 7. 11, 24. (2) *w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 40. 9, 6. Jo. 10, 31. Eph. 6, 13. Skeir. IV, c. VII, b; *and a dependent instr.;* II Cor. 12, 16. *or* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 6, 29. 19, 24. Jo. 10, 18. 16, 22. Col. 3, 24; *or* ana *w. acc.;* Mk. 9, 36; *or* at *w. dat.;* Jo. 10, 18. I Thess. 2, 13. Neh. 5, 15; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Col. 4, 10; *or* du *w. dat.;* II Cor. 11, 8. Neh. 6, 18; *or* fram *w. dat.;* II Cor. 11, 24; *or* in *w. acc.;* Jo. 6, 21; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Gal. 4, 30; *or* us *w. dat.;* Gal 3, 2; *or a refl. dat.;* Lu. 16, 6. 7. — *Compds.* (a) af-n., *to take away, remove, w. acc.;* Lu. 1, 25. Jo. 11, 39. Rom. 11, 27. II Cor. 3, 16. Skeir. I, b; *and a follg. dat.;*

Mk. 4, 25; *or* af *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 15. 16. Mk. 2, 20. 21. 7, 33. Lu. 5, 35. 8, 18. 16, 3. 19, 26- (b) and-n., (1) *w. gen., to partake of;* II Tim. 2, 6. (2) *w. acc., to take, receive, partake, except;* Mt. 10, 40. Mk. 4, 20. 36. 7, 4. 9, 37. 10, 15. 30. Lu. 6, 34. 8, 13. 40. 15, 27. 18, 30. Jo. 12, 48. 13, 30. I Cor. 10, 30. Philem. 12. 15. 17. Skeir. I, d. II, d. V, c. VII, c; *to have;* Mt. 6, 2. 16;—gamaudein and-niman, *to call to remembrance, to remember;* II Tim. 1, 5;—*and a follg.* ana *w. dat.;* Neh. 5, 17; *or acc.;* Lu. 2, 28; *or* in *w. acc.;* Lu. 16, 4. 9; *or* at *w. dat.;* I Cor. 11, 23. I Thess. 4, 1. II Thess. 3, 6; *or* du *w. inf.;* Mk. 7, 4. (c) at-n., *to take to, adopt;* Col. 1, 13. (d) bi-n. *w. dat., to take away, to steal;* Mt. 27, 64. (e) dis-n. *w. acc., to possess;* II Cor. 6, 10. (f) fra-n. *w. acc., to take, receive, folld. by a refl. dat.;* Lu. 19, 12; *or* du *w. dat.;* Jo. 14, 3. (g) ga-n. *w. acc., to take, take with one;* Mk. 5, 40. 9, 2. Lu. Lu. 9, 28. 18, 31. I Cor. 15, 50; II Cor. 5, 10; *folld. by* miþ *w. dat.;* Gal. 2, 1; *to receive, possess;* I Cor. 15, 50. II Cor. 5, 10; *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* Eph. 6, 8; *to learn;* Mt. 9, 13. Jo. 6, 45. Eph. 4, 20. Phil. 4, 9; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mk. 13, 28. Col. 1, 7; *or* at *w. dat.;* II Tim. 3, 14; *or* in *w. dat. and a dependent inf.;* I Cor. 4, 6;—gan. in kilþein, *or* in wamba, *to conceive;* Lu. 1, 31. 2, 21. (h) in-n. *w. acc., to take in, take notice of, take up;* Skeir. VI, b. (i) miþ-n. (*comp. Bernh., gl., ad loc.*), *to take with, receive;* Mt. 11, 14. (j) us-n. *w. acc., to take out, take away, take;* Mt. 8, 17. 27, 9. Mk. 4, 15. 8, 8. 19. 20. 15, 46. Lu. 6, 4. 17, 34. 35. Jo. 15, 2. II Cor. 11, 20; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 8, 12; *or* us *w. dat.;* Jo. 17, 15. I Cor. 5, 13. Col. 2, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* niman, *to catch, take, seize, Mdl. E.* nime, *Mdn. E.* nim (*obs.; at the end of the Mdl. E. period* nime *was superseded by 'to take'; s.* têkan), *O. N.* nema, *O. S.* niman, *O. H. G.* neman, *M. H. G.* nemen, *N. H. G.* nehmen, *to take. Allied to Gr.* νέμειν, *to dispense, drive to pasture* (νέμος, *pasture,* νόμος, *law, etc.*). *Der.: O. E.* numol, -ul, *taking, seizing; and Mdl. E.* nimel (*w. suff.* -el), *Mdn. E.* nimble (*the* b *being euphonic, as in* humble, *from Fr.* humble, *from Lt.* humilem, *acc. of* humilis); *and Mdl. E.* nome (*pret. partic. of* nime), *seized, taken, caught with, overpowered, deprived of sensation, compd.* benome (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *benumbed, deprived of, Mdn. E.* numb, benumb, *adj., and used as a v. — Comp.* *nêm, *nêms, *numts.]

***nipnan,** *w. v., in* ga-n., *to be sorrowful, be sad;* Mk. 10, 22.

***nisan,** *st. v., in* ga-n. (176, *n.* 1), *to become whole, be whole, be healed;* Mt. 9, 21. 22. Mk. 5, 23. 28. 6, 56. 8, 36; *to be saved;* Mk. 10, 26. 13, 20. Lu. 8, 12. 18, 26. Jo. 10, 9. Rom. 9, 27. 10, 9. 13. 11, 26. I Cor. 1, 18. 5, 5. 10, 33. II Cor. 2, 15. I Thess. 2, 16. I Tim. 2, 4; *folld. by* þaírh *w. acc.;* I Cor. 15, 2. I Tim. 2, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* ȝi-nesan, *to be saved, O. S.* ginesan, *to be saved, O. H. G.* ginesan, *M. H. G.* genesen, *to remain alive, to be saved, also to be delivered* (*of a child*), *N. H. G.* genesen, *to recover. From Germanic root* nes *answering to Skr. root* nas, *to approach affectionately, join in company with, and to Gr. root* νεσ- *in* νεῖσθαι (*from* νέσεσθαι), *to go, come,* νόσ-τος (*w. abl.*), *return home. Concerning further cognates, s.* *nists *and* nasjan.]

nist, *a contraction of* ni (*q. v.*) *and* ist (*3d pers. sing. pres. ind., from* wisan, *q. v.*

***nists,** *f., in* ga-nists. — *From root of* *nisan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* nist, *f., O. S.* ginist, *O. H. G.* ga-nist, *f., salvation, M. H. G.* genist, gnist, *f., recovery, convalescence, delivery, salvation; and N. H. G.* genesung (*w. suff.* -ung, *from* genesen), *f., recovery, convalescence.* — *Comp.* nasjan.]

niþan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *w. acc., to help;* Phil. 4, 3. [*From root* nĕþ, *which also occurs in O. N.* náð, *f., rest, O. S.* ginâða (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), nâða, *grace, kindness, help, O. H. G.* ginâda, *f., condescension, pity, mercy, grace, M. H. G.* gnâde, genâde, *f., blessedness, support, grace, etc., N. H. G.* gnade, *f., grace, favor, mercy.*]

niþjis, *m.* (92), *kinsman;* Lu. 14, 12. Jo. 18, 26. Rom. 16, 21. [*Cf. O. E.* nið, *m., offspring, son, man, O. N.* niðr, *m., offspring. Stem* niþja- *is supposed to have dropped a labial before the* þ, *and to be identical with Gr.* ἀνεπτιο-, *in* ἀνεψιός, *for* *ἀνεπτιός, *m., cousin; s. L. M., p. 198.* — *Comp.* ga-niþjis *and follg. w.*]

niþjô, *f.* (112), (*female*) *cousin;* Lu. 1, 36. — *Stem* niþjôn-, *extended from stem of* niþjis, *q. v.*

niu, *interrog. particle* (216); *in dir. questions* (=*Lt.* nonne), *not;* Mt. 5, 46. 47. 6, 25. 26. 7, 22. 10, 29. 27, 13. Mk. 4, 21. 38. 6, 3. Lu. 2, 49. 4, 22. 6, 39. Jo. 6, 42. 70. 7, 19. 25. 42. 8, 48. 9, 8. 10, 34. I Cor. 5, 12. 8, 10. 9, 1. 24. II Cor. 12, 18. Gal. 4, 21. I Thess. 2, 19; — þau niu (=*Lt.* necne, annon), *or not;* Mk. 12, 14. Lu. 20, 22. Rom. 7, 1. 9, 21. II Cor. 13, 5; — niu aiw, *never;* Mk. 2, 25; — niu waíht, *nothing;* Mk. 14, 60. 15, 4; — niu aúftô, *whether or not;* Lu. 3, 15; — niu ƕan, *if perchance;*

II Tim. 2, 25. — *From* ni *and* -u, *q. v.*

niuhseins, *f., visitation;* Lu. 19, 44. — *From* niuhsjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni.

***niuhsjan,** *w. v., to visit, in* bi-n. *w. acc., to spy out;* Gal. 2, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* nêosian (*for* *nêohsian), *to visit, go to, O. N.* nŷsan, *to examine, investigate, O. S.* niusian *and* niusôn, *O. H. G.* niusen, *to try.* — *Der.* niuhseins, *q. v.*

***niujan,** *w. v., to renew, in* ana-n. (187), *to renew;* II Cor. 4, 16. Eph. 4, 23. Col. 3, 10. — *From* niujis, *q. v. Comp.* ananiujiþa *and·follg. w.*

niuja-satiþs, *m., a novice;* I Tim. 3, 6. — *Prop. pret. partic. of* niujasatjan, *from stem of* niujis *and* satjan, (*q. v.*), '*newly planted*' (*G.* '*neubekehrt*').

niujis, *adj.* (126), Mt. 9, 17. 27, 60. Mk. 1, 27. 2, 21. 22. Lu. 5, 36. 37. 38. Jo. 13, 34. I Cor. 5, 7. 11, 25. II Cor. 3, 6. 5, 17. Gal. 6, 15. Eph. 2, 15. 4, 24. Col. 3, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* niwe, nêowe, *Mdl. E.* newe, neu, *Mdn. E.* new, *O. N.* nŷr, *O. S.* niuwi, niwi, *O. H. G.* niuwi, *M. H. G.* niuwe, niu, *N. H. G.* neu, *new. From Germanic stem* niuja- (*beside* newa-), *pre-Germanic* néuyo-; *comp. Skr.* návyas, *beside* návas, *Lt.* novus, *Gr.* νέος (*for* νέϝος), *new.* — *Mdn. E.* news (*S. Sk.*, now), *formerly* newes, *tidings, lit.* '*new things*', *is a translation of Fr.* nouvelles, *news, plur. of O. Fr.* novel, *new, whence Mdn. E.* novel, *from Lt.* novellus, *new, dim. of* novus (*above*), *whence also Lt.* novicius, novitius, *new, fresh, a novice, whence Fr.* novice, *whence Mdn. E.* novice, *a beginner,*=*N. H. G. M. H. G.* novize, *m., likewise from Lt.* novicius. *To Lt.* novus, *refers further Lt.* renovare (re, *again*), *to renew, pret. partic.* renovatus, *whence Mdn. E.* renovate. *Mdn. E.* renew *is made up of Lt.* re-, *again, and the adj.* new. *Mdn. E.* anew *refers to Mdl. E.* ǫ newe (ǫ=ǫn; *s.* ana), *anew.* — *Probably allied to* nu, *q. v.*]

niujiþa, *f., newness;* Rom. 7, 6. — *From stem of* niujis (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þô. — *Comp.* ana-, in-niujiþa.

niu-klahei, *f., puerility, pusillanimity;* Skeir. VII, a. — *From follg. w.* (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

niu-klahs, *adj., under age, young, childish* (νήπιος); Lu. 10, 21. I Cor. 13, 11. Gal. 4, 1. Eph. 4, 14. — *From stem* niwa- (*a collateral form of* niuja-; *s.* niujis) *and* *klahs, *q. v.*

niun, *num.* (141), *nine;* Lu. 15, 4. 7. 17, 17. Ezra 2, 36 (niun hunda=900). [*Cf. O. H. G. M. H. G.* niun, *N. H. G.* neun, *nine. Allied to O. E.* niȝon, niȝen, *Mdl. E.* niȝen, *infl.* niȝene, *contracted* nîne, *Mdn. E.* nine, *O. N.* níu, *O. S.* nigun; *and to Gr.*

ἐννέα (*for* ἐνέϝα), *Skr.* návan, *Lt.* novem, *nine, whence* nônus, *for* *novimus, *ninth, fem.* nôna, *whence O. E.* nôn (*from Lt. phrase* nôna hora, *the ninth hour of the day, i. e. 3 o'clock in the afternoon*), *f., Mdl. E.* nǫn, *Mdn. E.* noon. *To Lt.* novem *refers also Lt.* November, *the ninth month* (*of the old Roman year, which began with March*), *whence E. and G.* November.—*Comp.* niun-têhund *and follg. w; also Osth., M. U., I, 121—132.*]

niunda, *ord. number* (146). *ninth;* Mt. 27, 45. 46. Mk. 15, 33. 34. [*From* niun (*q. v.*) *Cf. O. E.* niʒoða (*for* *niʒonda), *Mdl. E.* niʒeðe *and* nînðe, *Mdn. E.* ninth, *O. N.* niundi, *O. S.* nigundo, *O. H. G.* niunto, *M. H. G.* niunte, *N. H. G.* neunte, *ninth.*]

niun-têhund, *ord. number* (143), *ninety;* Lu. 15, 4. 7. Ezra 2, 16. — *From* niun *and* têhund, *q. v.*

niutan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1) *w. gen., to receive joy from, to enjoy;* Philem. 20; *to obtain;* Lu. 20, 35. — *Compd.* ga-n. *w. acc., to catch,* (1) *lit.;* Lu. 5, 9. (2) *trop.;* Mk. 12, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* nêotan, *to take, use, enjoy, O. N.* njóta, *O. S.* niotan, *O. H. G.* giniozan (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *M. H. G.* geniezen, *N. H. G.* geniessen, *to eat, drink, take, enjoy. From Germanic root* nut, *to provide for one's self, to use, enjoy. — Der.: O. E.* ʒe-nêat, *m., O. N.* nautr, *O. H. G.* ginôʒ, *M. H. G.* genôʒ, *N. H. G.* genosse, *m., fellow, companion, partner, prop. 'one who shares or enjoys anything with others'* (*For like formations w. the prefix* ga, *s.* gajuka, gasinþja, saljan); *O. E.* nêat, *n., cattle, beast, animal, ox* (*dim.* nîeten, *n., w. Germanic suff.* -îna, *cattle;* îe *is* i-*uml. of* êa), *Mdl. E.* nêt, nêt, *Mdn. E.* neat, *cattle of the bovine genus, O. N.* naut, *n., cattle, O. H. G. M. H. G.* nôʒ, *n., cattle* (*Mdn. E. cattle, Mdl. E.* catel, *refers to O. Fr.* catel, *from Vulg. Lt.* capitâle, *capital, property, neut. of Lt.* capitalis, *relating or belonging to the head; hence chief, from* capit-, *stem of* caput, *head; Mdn. E.* chattel, *Mdl. E.* chatel, *refers to O. Fr.* chatel, *the same as* catel). *For further cognates, s.* *nuts.]

***nôhjan,** *w. v., in* ga-n., *to satisfy;* Skeir. VII, b; ganôhiþs wisan, *to be contented;* Lu. 3, 4 (gloss). Phil. 4, 11. I Tim. 6, 8; *to give in abundance, to abound;* Eph. 1, 8. — *From* *nôhs, ganôhs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***nôhnan,** *w. v., in* ga-n., *to be very well provided with, to abound.* — *From* *nôhjan, ga-nôhjan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***nôhs,** *adj., in* ganôhs, *q. v.* — *Allied to* *naúhan, ganaúhan,

q. v. Comp. *nôhjan, *nôhnan.

nôta, *m., hinder part of a ship, stern;* Mk. 4, 38. — *Etymology unknown; comp. Dief., I, p. 120, and Sch.,* nôta.

nu, (1) *adv.* (214, *n.* 1), *now, even now, just now;* Mt. 9, 18. Lu. 2, 29; *used adjectively:* þô nu hveila, *the present time;* I Cor. 4, 11; in þamma nu mêla, *at this present time, now;* II Cor. 8, 13; þô nu ald, *this present world;* II Tim. 4, 10; *or substantively (=the present moment):* fram himma nu, *from henceforth;* Lu. 1, 48. 5, 10; fram þamma nu, *th. s.;* II Cor. 5, 16; und hita nu, *until now, hitherto;* Skeir. IV, b. (2) *used as a conj., and as such never stands at the beginning of a sentence: now, then, now then, therefore;* Mt. 5, 23. Lu. 20, 25. Rom. 7, 4. 21. Skeir. I, a. d. III, d. IV, a. d. V, b. c. VI, a; aþþan nu swêþauh, *wherefore;* Rom. 7, 12; iþ in þizei nu, *but because;* Skeir. I, d; nu sai *or* sai nu, *now indeed, now therefore;* Rom. 7, 6. Eph. 2, 19. [*Cf. O. E.* nŭ, *Mdl. E.* nŭ, nou, *Mdn. E.* now, *O. S.* nŭ, *O. H. G.* nŭ, *M. H. G.* nŭ *and* nun, nuon (*w. an adv.* n; *rare*); *N. H. G.* nun (nu), *now. Allied to Lt.* nunc (*w. a suffixal* c, *as in* hi-c), *Gr.* νύ, νῦν, *Skr.* nŭ, nûnam, *now.* — *Comp.* nunu, þanu; naúh, niujis, *and follg. w.*]

nuh, *adv., occurring always in questions* (216, 218), *now, then, therefore;* Mk. 12, 9. Jo. 18, 37. I Cor. 7, 16. — *From* nu *and* -h, *i. e.* -uh, *q. v.*

***numja,** *m., one who takes, in* arbi-numja. — *From* niman (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan. *Comp. follg. w.*

***numts,** *f., a taking, in* anda-numts. [*From* niman (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti *before which a secondary spirant seems to have been dropped; comp. O. H. G. M. H. G.* numft, nunft (*For* n *from* m *before Germanic* f, *s. Br., A. Gr., p. 87*), *f., a taking, compd. O. H. G.* firnunft, *M. H. G.* vernunft, *f., perception, comprehension, judgment, understanding, N. H. G.* vernunft, *f., reason, from O. H. G.* firneman (*For* fir, *s.* fra-), *M. H. G.* vernemen, *N. H. G.* vernehmen, *to perceive, hear, understand, learn.* — *Comp. prec. w.*]

nunu, *adv. conj., then, therefore;* Mt. 10, 26. 31. Rom. 14, 15. 20. Phil. 4, 4. II Tim. 1, 8. — *From* nu nu; *s.* nu.

nuta, *m., a catcher, fisher;* Mk. 1, 17. Lu. 5, 10. — *From root of* niutan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an.

***nuts,** *adj., useful, in* un-nuts, *q. v.* [*From root of* niutan (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* nyt(t), *useful,* un-nyt(t), *useless, Mdl. E.* nut, un-nut (nytt *from stem* nutjo-, *by* i-*uml. of* u *and gemination before* j), *O. H. G.* nuzzi, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* nütze, *adj., useful,*

extended nützlich (*For* -lich, *s.* *leiks), *M. H. G.* nützlich, nützelich, *O. H. G.* nuzlîch, *th. s.; further O. E.* nyt(t), *f., Mdl. E.* nut, *subst., use, O. N.* nyt, *f., O. S.* not, *m.*, nota, *f., O. H. G.* nuz (*gen.* nuzzes), *M. H. G.* nutz, *N. H. G.* nutz, nutzen, *m., use, profit, advantage; and the corresponding v.: O. E.* nyttian, *Mdl. E.* nutte, *to use, enjoy, O. H. G.* nuzzen, *M. H. G.* nutzen, nützen, *to use, be useful, N. H. G.* nutzen, nützen, *to use, profit, be of use, be useful.*]

Nymfas, *pr. n., Νυμφᾶς;* Col. 4, 15.

Ô.

Ô, *interj.* (219), *O!, oh!* (ὦ); Mk. 9, 19. Lu. 9, 41. Gal. 3, 1; *ah!* (οὐά); Mk. 15, 29.

Ôbeid, *pr. n., Ὠβήδ, gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 32.

Ôdueia, *pr. n., Ὠδουϊά, gen.* -ins; Ezra 2, 40.

ôgan, *pret.-pres. v.* (35; 202), *often w. a refl. dat., to fear, be afraid, be afraid of,* (1) *w. acc.,* (a) *of pers.;* Mt. 10, 26. 28. Mk. 6, 20. 11, 18. 32. 12, 12. Lu. 1, 50. 18, 2. 4. 19, 21. 20, 19. Jo. 9, 22. Gal. 2, 12. 4, 11. Col. 3, 22. Neh. 7, 2; (b) *of th.;* Rom. 13, 3. (2) *w. a follg. inf.;* Mk. 9, 32. Lu. 9, 45. (3) *w. a clause introduced by* ibai; II Cor. 11, 3. 12, 20. Gal. 4, 11. (4) *without obj.;* Mt. 9, 8. 10, 31. Mk. 5, 15. 33. 16, 8. Lu. 1, 13. 30. 2, 10. 5, 10. 8, 25. 35. Jo. 6, 19. 20. 12, 15. Rom. 11, 20. 13, 4. Neh. 6, 16. (5) *w. adv.;* Mt. 27, 54. Jo. 19, 8. — ôg. agisa mikilamma (*instr.*), *to fear exceedingly;* Lu. 2, 9; ôg. sik agis mikil (*cognate acc.*), *th. s.;* Mk. 4, 41. — *From* *agan (*q. v.*). *Comp. follg. w.*

ôgjan, *w. v.* (35) *w. acc., to terrify, frighten;* Neh. 6, 19. — *Caus. of* *agan; *s. this and* ôgan.

Ôsaias?, *pr. n., dat.* **Ôsaiin,** *Ὡσηέ,* Rom. 9, 25.

ôsanna, *ὡσαννά, Hosannah;* Mk. 11, 9. 10. Jo. 12, 13. [*Of Hebr. orig.*]

P.

Paida, *f.* (51), *coat;* Mt. 5, 40. Mk. 6, 9. Lu. 3, 11. 6, 29. 9, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* pâd, *f.?, coat, O. S.* pêda, *f., coat, O. H. G.* pheit, *M. H. G.* pheit, pfeit, *f., gown, garment, shirt.* — *Der.* paidôn; *s. follg. w.*]

***paidôn,** *w. v., to clothe, in* ga-p., *to clothe one's self with, put on;* Eph. 6, 14. — *From* paida; *s. prec. w.*

paíntêkustê, (13, *n.* 1), *Pente-*

cost, acc. -ên; I Cor. 16, 8. [*From Gr.* πεντηκοστή (*f. of* πεντηκοστός, *fiftieth, from* πεντήκοντα, *fifty; orig. a Jewish festival on the fiftieth day after the Passover*), *Pentecost, whence Lt.* pentecoste, *whence Mdl. E.* pentecoste, *Mdn. E.* pentecost, *O. H. G.* *pfingustin (*for which* finfchustin, *of which* finf *is a translation of the Gr.* πέντε, *five; prop. dat. plur., from phrase* zi finfchustin, *at Pentecost*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* pfingsten, *Pentecost.*]

Paítrus, *pr. n., Πέτρος;* Mt. 26, 69. 75. Mk. 3, 16. 8, 29. 32. 9, 5. 10, 28. 11, 21. 14, 54. 72. Lu. 5, 8. 8, 45. 9, 20. 32. 33. 43. 18, 28. Jo. 6, 68. 13, 24. 36. 37. 18, 10. 15. 16. 18. 25. 26. 27. Gal. 2, 9. 11; *gen.* -aus; Mt. 8, 14. Jo. 6, 8; *dat.* -au; Mt. 26, 73. Mk. 14, 66. 70. 16, 7. Lu. 7, 40. Jo. 18, 11. 17. Gal. 2, 7. 8. 14; *acc.* -u; Mk. 5, 37. 8, 33. 9, 2. 14, 67. Lu. 6, 14. 8, 51. 9, 28. Jo. 18, 16.

papa, *m., a dignitary of a church, father, bishop;* Cal. [*From Lt.* pâpa, *father, bishop, pope, whence also O. E.* pâpa, *Mdl. E.* pâpe, pǫ̂pe, *Mdn. E.* pope, *O. H. G.* bâbes (*For* b *representing* p *in borrowed words, s. Br., A. Gr., p. 94. For the unoriginal* s, *s. Kl.*, papst), *M. H. G.* bâbes *and* bâbest (*w. an unoriginal, intensive* t, *as in E.* whilst, amidst; *s.* hveila, midjis), *N. H. G.* papst, pabst, *m., pope.*]

paraklêtus, *m., the Paraclete, Comforter;* Jo. 14, 16. 26. 15, 26. 16, 7. [*Borrowed from Gr.* παράκλητος, *a helper, comforter, prop. 'called to one's aid' (from* παρά, *beside, and* καλεῖν, *to call*), *whence Lt.* paraclêtus, *whence Mdn. E.* paraclete, *the Comforter.*]

paraskaíwê, (39), *the day of the preparation* (παρασκευή); Mk. 15, 42; *acc.* -ein; Mt. 27, 62. [*Borrowed from Gr.* παρασκευή, *preparation, the day of the preparation; cf.* παρασκευάζειν, *to prepare, from* παρά *beside, and* σκευάζειν, *to make ready, prepare.*]

paska, *f., the feast of the Passover, the Passover* (πάσχα); Mt. 26, 2. Mk. 14, 12. 14. Lu. 2, 41. I Cor. 5, 7; pasxa; Jo. 6, 4. 18, 28. 39. [*From Gr.* πάσχα (*of Hebr. orig.*), *Lt.* pascha, *whence also O. E.* pascha (*Sk.*), *Mdl. E.* pasche, paske, *Mdn. E.* pasch, *the Passover, O. S.* pascha, *n., M. H. G.* pasche, *n., and N. H. G.* pascha, *n., the s.*]

Paúntius, *pr. n.* (24, *n.* 5), Πόντιος, *dat.* Paúntiau; Mt. 27, 2. I Tim. 6, 13 (*A, B has* Paúnteau); *or* Puntiau; Lu. 3, 1.

paúrpura, paúrpaúra (24, *n.* 2. 5), *f., purple* (πορφύρα); Mk. 15, 17. 20. Lu. 16, 19. [*From Gr.* πορφύρα, *Lt.* purpura, *whence O. Fr.* porpre, pourpre, *whence*

Mdl. E. purpre, *Mdn. E.* purple (*w.* l *for* r), *O. H. G.* purpura, *f.*, *M. H. G.* purper, purpur, *m.*, *N. H. G.* purpur, *m.*, *purple.* — *Comp. follg. w.*]

paúrpurôn, *w. v., to clothe in purple; pret. partic.* paúrpurôþs, *clothed in purple;* Jo. 19, 25. — *From prec. w.*

Pawlus, *pr. n.*, Παῦλος; I Cor. 1, 13. II Cor. 1, 1. 10, 1. Gal. 1, 1. 5, 2. Eph. 1, 1. 3, 1. Col. 1, 23. I Thess. 2, 18. II Thess. 1, 1. I Tim. 1, 1. Tit. 1, 1. Philem. 19; *gen.* -aus; I Cor. 1, 12. 16, 21 (*A, B has* Pawlus). Eph. superscr. Col. 4, 18. II Thess. 3, 17.

peika-bagms, *m.* (51), *palm-tree* (φοινιξ̃); Jo. 12, 13. — *From* peika- (*etymology obscure; comp. Dief. I, 336*), *and* bagms, *q. v.*

Peilâtus, *pr. n.* (5, a), Πειλᾶτος; Mt. 27, 13. 17. 58. 65. Mk. 15, 1. 4. 5. 9. 12. 14. 15. 44. Jo. 18, 28. 31. 33. 35. 37. 38. 19, 1. 4. 6. 8. 10. 12. 13; *dat.* -au; Mt. 27, 2. 58. 62. Mk. 15, 1. 43. Lu. 3, 1. I Tim. 6, 13.

pistikeins, *adj., genuine, pure;* Jo. 12, 3. [*From the stem of Gr.* πιστικός, *faithful, honest* (*from* πίστις, *faith, honesty*), *and Germanic suff.* -îna.]

plapja, *f.* (97, *n.* 1), *street;* Mt. 6, 5. [*Occurs only once, in gen. plur.*, plapjô, *which is probably an error, for* *platjô, *from Lt.* platea, *from Gr.* πλατεῖα, *f., a broad way, a street, from* πλατύς, *adj., flat, broad. To Lt.* platea *refers Fr.* place, *f., whence Mdl. E.* place, *Mdn. E.* place, *M. H. G.* plaz, *gen.* platzes, *m., N. H. G.* platz, *m., place. Comp. follg. w.*]

plats, *m.* (*or* **plat,** *n.*?), *a piece of cloth, a patch;* Mt. 9, 16. Mk. 2, 21. Lu. 5, 36. [*Borrowed from Slav.* platu, *patch, etc.* (*S. Sch.*, plats), *whence also O. H. G.* plez, blez, *M. H. G.* blez, *m., patch. Allied to prec. w.*]

plinsjan, *w. v.* (51), *to dance;* Mt. 11, 17. Mk. 6, 22. Lu. 7, 32. [*Borrowed from old Slav.* plesati, *to dance. Comp. also L. M., p. 85.*]

***praggan,** *red. v.* (51), *to press, in* ana-pr., *to harass, trouble;* II Cor. 7, 5. [*Allied to Du.* prangen, *to press,* prang, *pressure, oppression,* pranger, *iron collar, barnacles* (*an instr. used to confine a horse for shoeing*), *M. H. G.* phrengen, *to press,* pranger, branger, *m., pillory,* phrange, phrenge, *f., pressure, oppression.*]

praitôria, praitaúria, *f.*, **praitôriaun** (*w. Gr. infl.*), *n.* (120, *n.* 2), *Pretorium;* Mk. 15, 16. Jo. 18, 28. 33. 19, 9. [*From Gr.* πραιτώριον, *Lt.* praetorium, *Pretorium.*]

praízbytaírei, *f., the presbytery, the elders; acc.* -ein; I Tim. 5, 19. Tit. 1, 5. [*Coined from Gr.* πρεσβύτερος (πρεσβυτέριον, *the presbytery*), *an elder* (*prop. compar. of* πρέσβυς, *old*),

whence also Lt. presbyter, *whence Mdn. E. N. H. G.* presbyter, *O. E.* prêost (*contracted*), *m., Mdl. E.* prêst, *Mdn. E.* priest, *O. N.* prestr, *O. S.* prêstar, *O. H. G.* priestar (prêstar), *M. H. G.* priester, *N. H. G.* priester, *m., priest. Comp. follg. w.*]

praízbytaíri, *n., the presbytery; gen.* -eis (*S. Grammar,* 95, *n.* 1); I Tim. 4, 14. — *Of Gr. orig.; s. prec. w.*

praúfêteis, *f., prophetess;* Lu. 2, 36. [*From Gr.* προφῆτις, *phrophetess; comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

praufêtês (*Gr. infl.*), *m., prophet;* Mk. 6, 15. 11, 32. Jo. 7, 40; *or* (*usually*) praúfêtus (*Goth. infl.*); Mk. 6, 4. Lu. 1, 76. 7, 16. 28. 39. 9, 8. 19. Jo. 6, 14. 7, 52. 9, 17. Tit. 1, 12. Skeir. IV, 10; *gen.* -is (a-*decl.*); Mt. 10, 41; *or* (*usually*) -aus (u-*decl.*); Mt. 10, 41. Lu. 3, 4. 4, 17 (*MS has* praufêtus). Jo. 12, 38; *dat.* -au; Mt. 11, 9. Mk. 1, 2. Lu. 4, 27. 7, 26 (*last word; MS has* praúfêtu); *acc.* praúfêtu; Mt. 8, 17. 27, 9. 10, 41. 11, 9. Lu. 7, 26. 20, 6; *plur. nom.* praúfêteis; Mt. 7, 12. 11, 13. Lu. 10, 24. 16, 16; *gen.* praúfêtê; Mk. 6, 15. 8, 28. Lu. 1, 70. 4, 24. Eph. 2, 20. Skeir. VI, c; *dat.* praúfêtum; Lu. 6, 23. Jo. 6, 45. Eph. 3, 5. I Thess. 2, 15; *acc.* praúfêtuns; Mt. 5, 17. Lu. 18, 31. Eph. 4, 11. [*From Gr.* προφήτης, *a prophet* (*from* πρό, *before, and* φάναι, *to speak;* φη-μί, *I speak*), *whence also Lt. propheta, whence O. Fr.* prophete, *whence Mdl. E.* prophête, profête, *Mdn. E.* prophet. *Of Lt. orig. is also M. H. G.* prophet(e), *N. H. G.* prophet, *m., th. s. — Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

praúfêti, *n., prophecy; plur. nom.* praúfêtja; I Cor. 13, 8; *dat* -jam; I Thess. 5, 20. I Tim. 1, 18; *or nom. sing.* praúfêtja, *m.;* I Cor. 14, 22; *whence acc. plur.* praúfêtjans; I Cor. 13, 2. I Tim. 4, 14. — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

praúfêtja; *s.* **praúfêti.** — *Comp. follg. w.*

praúfêtjan, *w. v., to prophesy;* Mt. 7, 22. Mk. 14, 65. Lu. 1, 67. I Cor. 11, 4. 5. 13, 9. 14, 24; *folld. by dat. of pers.;* Mt. 26, 67; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Mk. 7, 6. — *From* praúfêti, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

praúfêtus; *s.* **praúfêtês.** — *Compd.* galiuga-, liugna-praúfêtus, *q. v.*

Priska, *pr. n., Πρίσκα;* I Cor. 16, 19.

psalma, *f., or* **psalmô,** *f., psalm, acc.* -ôn; I Cor. 14, 26; *plur. gen.* -ô; Lu. 20, 42. (psalmô; Eph. 4, 8. gloss) *dat.* -ôm; Eph. 5, 19. Col. 3, 16. [*From Gr.* ψαλμός (*from* ψάλλειν, *to touch, twang a harp*), *m., whence also Lt.* psalmus, *whence O. E.* sealm (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *m., Mdl. E.* salm, psalm, *Mdn. E.* psalm, *O. H. G.*

salm, salmo, psalmo, *m., M. H. G.* salm, salme, psalme, *m., N. H. G.* psalm, *m., psalm.*]

psalmô; *s. prec. w.*

puggs, *m., or* **pugg,** *n.* (51), *occurs only once, in acc. sing., purse;* Lu. 10, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* pung, *m.* (?), *Mdl. E.* pung, *purse, O. N.* pungr, *O. H. G.* pfung, *th. s., L. G.* pung, punge, pungel (*dim.*), *m., Eff.* pöngel, *m., a small pack, bundle. A borrowed word; comp. Wallachian* punge, *purse, Mdl. Gr.* πούγγη, πουγγίον, *New Gr.* πουγγί, *Mdl. Lt.* punga, puncha, *purse. Etymology obscure. Comp. L. M., 25.*]

pund, *n.* (51), *pound;* Jo. 12, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* pund, *n., Mdl. E.* pûnd, *Mdn. E.* pound, *O. N. O. S.* pund, *O. H. G.* pfunt (*gen.* pfuntes), *M. H. G.* pfunt (*gen.* -des), *N. H. G.* pfund, *n. ,pound. Borrowed from the Lt..* pondo (*indecl. subst.*), *pound, allied to* pondus, *weight.*]

Q.

[*S. the letter follg.* K.]

R.

Rabbaunei, *Rabboni, i. e. Master, Lord* (ῥαββουνί); Mk. 10, 51. [*Of Hebr. orig. Comp. follg. w.*]

rabbei, *Rabbi, i. e. Master, Lord* (ῥαββί); Mk. 9, 5. 11, 21. 14, 45. Jo. 6, 25. 9, 2. 11, 8. Skeir. IV, a. [*Of Hebr. orig. Comp. prec. w.*]

Radagaisus, *pr. n.* (20, *n.* 1).

Ragaw, *pr. n.,* Ῥαγαῦ, *gen.* Ragawis; Lu. 3, 35.

ragin, *n., opinion, judgment;* I Cor. 7, 25; *advice;* II Cor. 8, 10; *ordinance, decree;* Col. 2, 14; *dispensation;* Col. 1, 25; *mind, consent;* Philem. 14. [*Cf. O. E.* reȝn-, in reȝn-, rênweard (reȝn *for* *reȝen, *from Germanic* raȝin, *by* i-*uml. of* a *and weakening of* i; rên *for* reȝn, *the* ȝ *before the syllabic* n *being lost, and the preceding* e *lengthened. For* -weard, *s.* *wards), *m., a counselor, lit. a* 'counsel-guardian', *O. N.* regin, rögn (*nom. plur., gen.* ragna), *the gods, prop., decrees of the gods, O. S.* regin- (*in composition*), *decree, counsel, O. H. G.* regin-, *only in composition, especially in pr. n.; as* Reginhart (*For* hart, *s.* hardus), *M. H. G.* Reinhart, *N. H. G.* Reinhard, *prop., strong in counsel, appearing in O. Flemish as* Reinærde, *the name of the fox in an epic poem, whence Prov.* raynart, *O. Fr.* renard, regnard, *whence Mdn. E.* renard,

reynard, *fox.* — *Allied to Skr.* rac, *to order, arrange, fix.* — *Comp.* rêhsns *and follg. w.*]

ragineis, *m., counselor, governor;* Mk. 15, 43. Rom. 11, 34. Skeir. VIII, d; *tutor;* Gal. 4, 2. — *From prec. w.* (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp. follg. w.*

***ragini,** *n., in* fidurragini, *q. v.* — *From* ragin (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp. follg. w.*

raginôn, *w. v. w. dat., to be governor;* Lu. 2, 2. 3, 1. — *Compd.* ga-r. *w. dat., to give counsel;* Jo. 18, 14. [*From* ragin (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* reȝnjan (*whence*) rênjan, *to arrange, prepare, plan,* ȝe-reȝnjan (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga), *to prepare, provide, furnish, adorn.* — *Comp. prec. w.*

rahnjan, *w. v.,* (1) *w. acc.: to reckon, count up, compute;* Lu. 14, 28. (2) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: to put on one's account;* Philem. 18; *to impute anything to;* II Cor. 5, 19; — *comp.* II Tim. 4, 16. (3) *w. double acc.: to compute, think, count;* Phil. 2, 6. I Tim. 6, 1; waírþana r., *to consider worthy;* Lu. 7, 7; — *the second acc. is preceded by* swê; Rom, 8, 36; *or* swaswê; II Thess. 3. 15; *or is represented by* du *w. dat.;* Rom. 9, 8; *or* miþ *w. dat.: to number with;* Mk. 15, 28. (4) *folld. by acc. w. inf.: to think, count;* Phil. 3, 7. Skeir. VIII, b. — *Compds.* (a) faúrar., *to regard before, to prefer;* Rom. 12, 10. (b) ga-r., *to value;* Mt. 27, 9. — *Probably allied to* rikan (*q. v*). — *Comp. follg. w.*

rahtôn, *w. v., to reach to; occurs only once, in pass., where it is folld. by* du *w. dat.;* II Cor. 9, 1. — *Allied to* *rakjan, *q. v.*

Raíbaíkka, *pr. n.,* Ῥεβέκκα; Rom. 9, 10.

***raideins,** *f., in* ga-raideins. — *From* raidjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

raidjan, *w. v. w. acc., to establish, fix, order, appoint;* Skeir. III, c. raíhtaba r., *to manage rightly, divide rightly;* II Tim. 2, 15. — *Compd.* ga-r., *to order, enjoin, command, appoint,* (1) *w. acc.;* Eph. 1, 9, gloss (*A*). (2) *w.* swaswê *and a follg. dat.;* I Cor. 16, 1. Tit. 1, 5. [*From* raiþs, garaiþs (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* rædan, ȝe-rædan (æ *being* i-*uml. of* â, *Goth.* ai; rêdan *from* *râdjan), *Mdl. E.* rêde, rêde, i-rêde, *to make ready, prepare, M. H. G.* reiten, be-reiten, *to make ready, prepare, count, count together, settle accounts, N. H. G.* bereiten, *to make ready, prepare, L. G.* rêden, *whence, probably, Mdn. E.* array, *through the Fr.* arreier, *to prepare* (*s. D., I,* redo). *For O. E.* rædan, *Mdn. E.* read (*a book*), *and Mdn. E.* read, rede (*to counsel, advise*), *s.* rêdan. — *Comp. prec. w.*]

raíhtaba, *adv., rightly;* Lu. 7, 43. 10, 28. 20, 21. II Tim. 2,

15; rôdjan raíhtaba, *to speak plain;* Mk. 7, 35; raíhtaba g., *to walk uprightly;* Gal. 2, 14. — *From stem of* raíhts; *s. also* ga-raíhtaba, *and follg. w.*

***raíhtei,** *f., in* ga-raíhtei. — *From* raíhts (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***raíhteins,** *f., in* ga-raíhteins. — *From* *raíhtjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

raíhtis, *adv.* (218); *occurs only once at the beginning of a clause, where it corresponds to Gr.* μενοῦνγε, *verily, indeed;* Rom. 10, 18; *in all the other cases it is used as an enclitic, for Gr.* (1) γάρ, *for;* Mt. 9, 5. 11, 18. Mk. 7, 8. 25. 8, 3. Lu. 1, 18. 7, 33. 14, 28. 17, 24. Rom. 11, 30. 12, 4. I Cor. 12, 12; *intensified by* auk; Mk. 6, 17. 7, 10. (2) οὖν, *for;* Mk. 12, 37. (3) πέρ: untê raíhtis, ἐπειδήπερ, *forasmuch as;* Lu. 1, 1; swê raíhtis, ὥσπερ, *just as, as;* II Cor. 8, 7. (4) ἤ γάρ: þau raíhtis, *rather than;* Lu. 18, 14. (5) μέν, *even, truly, indeed;* Rom. 10, 1. I Thess. 2, 18; *comp.* Skeir. II, a. d. V, c. — *Folld. by* iþ, þan, *or* aþþan, *truly, indeed—but, etc.;* Mt. 9, 37. Mk. 4, 4. Jo. 16, 9. Rom. 14, 2. II Cor. 8, 17. 10, 1. 10. Gal. 2, 15. 4, 24. Phil. 1, 15. II Tim. 1, 10. Skeir. III, d. IV, b; *so also, probably, in the mutilated passages;* Rom. 8, 10. 14, 5; *comp.* Skeir. VIII, d. — *From stem of* raíhts, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***raíhtiþa,** *f., in* garaíhtiþa. — *From* raíhts (*q. v.*) *and suff.* i-þô. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***raíhtjan,** *w. v., to make right, in* ga-r. *w. acc., to guide, direct;* Lu. 1, 79. I Thess. 3, 11. II Thess. 3, 5; *to justify;* I Cor. 4, 4. [*From* raíhts, garaíhts (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* rihtan, ȝe-rihtan, *to make right, direct, erect, rule, Mdl. E.* rihte, *to make right, direct, Mdn. E.* right, *O. S.* rihtian, *to erect, rule, O. H. G. M. H. G.* rihten, *to make right, direct, erect, rule, judge, N. H. G.* rihten, *to direct, erect, judge.* — *Der.* *raíhteins, garaíhteins, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*]

raíhts, *adj., straight, right;* Mk. 1, 3. Lu. 3, 4. 5. II Tim. 4, 8 (*so in B,* garaíhta *in A*). [*Cf. O. E.* rieht, riht, ryht (ie, i, y, *by palatal uml., from* eo, *for* e, *by breaking before* ht), *adj., right, true, and subst., n., right, duty, Mdl. E.* riht, right, *adj., right, just, 'dexter', and subst., right, Mdn. E.* right, *adj. and subst., O. N.* réttr, *O. S.* reht, *O. H. G.* reht, *straight, right, just, M. H. G.* reht, *right, straight, just, 'dexter' (rare; s.* taíhswa), *N. H. G.* recht, *adj., straight, just, 'dexter', and subst., n., right, justice, privilege, from M. H. G. O. H. G.*

reht, *n.*, *right, duly, law.* — *Compds.:* *O. E.* rihtwîs (*For* wîs, *s.* *weis), *Mdl. E.* rihtwîs rightwîs, *Mdn. E.* righteous; *s.* garaihts; *N. H. G.* rechtfertigen, *to justify, vindicate, M. H. G.* rehtvertigen, *to make right, put in proper condition, justify* (*The second component,* fertigen, *to make ready, make useful, is derived from* fertig, *M. H. G.* vertec, vertic, *ready, in good condition, lit. able to go, from O. H. G.* fartîg, *from* fart (*s.* *farþô) *and suff.* -îg). — *Stem* rehta- *is prop. an old partic. in* -to (*comp.* alþeis, dauþs, kalds, *etc.*), *from pre-Germanic root* rĕg (*s.* reiks), *to conduct; comp. Lt.* regere, *to rule, guide, conduct, pret. partic.* rectus, *right, correct, just, Skr.* ṛjú, *straight, right, just, superl.* rájišṭha; *also O. Pers.* râsta, *straight, right, correct.* — *'right' as opposed to 'left,' was expressed in O. E. by* swîð (*s.* swinþs), *in O. H. G. by* zeso (*s.* taíhswa). *To Lt.* regere *refer: M. H. G.* regieren (*w. inf. suff.* -ieren), *N. H. G.* regieren, *to rule, govern; Fr.* regent (*from stem of pres. partic.*, regent-), *whence Mdn. E.* regent, *N. H. G.* regent, *m., regent, governor, ruler; Lt.* regimen, *guidance, whence Mdn. E.* regimen; *Lt.* regimentum, *rule, government, whence Fr.* regiment, *whence Mdn. E.* regiment, *M. H. G.* regiment, *N. H. G.* regiment, *n., government, regiment; Lt.* regnum, *whence Fr.* regne, *reign, whence Mdl. E.* reȝne, *Mdn. E.* reign; *Lt.* regio, *acc.* regionem, *territory, whence Fr.* region, *whence Mdl. E.* regioun, *Mdn. E.* region, *N. H. G.* region, *f., region; Lt.* rêgula, *whence O. Fr.* riule reule, *whence Mdl. E.* reule, riwle, *Mdn. E.* rule, *while* rĕgula (*Mdl. Lt. pronunciation*) *is the source of O. E.* regol, regul, *m., canon, regulation, Mdl. E.* reȝel, *O. H. G.* regula, *f., M. H. G.* regel, regele, *N. H. G.* regel, *f., rule; Lt.* rex, *king, stem* reg-, *whence* regalis, *of or belonging to a king, royal, regal, whence Fr.* regal, *whence Mdn. E.* regal, *while another form, O. Fr.* real, roial, *is the source of Mdl. E.* rial, real, roial, *Mdn. E.* royal; *Lt. compd.* corrigere (con- *for* con=cum, *with*), *to correct, pret. partic.* correctus, *whence Mdn. E.* correct; dirigere (di- *for* dis-, *apart*), *to direct, pret. partic.* directus, *whence Mdn. E.* direct, *and O. Fr.* drescer (*through a Vulg. Lt.* *directiare), *to erect, set up, dress, whence Mdl. E.* dresse, *Mdn. E.* dress. *For further E. cognates from Lt., such as* address, adroit, alert, erect, escort, insurrection, realm, rectangle, rectify, regular, source, surge, *etc., s. Sk.*, regent. — *Comp.* raíhtaba, *raíhtei, raíh-

tis, *raíhtiþa, *raíhtjan, *and* garaíhts.]

***raips,** *m., rope, string, in* skauda-raips. [*Cf. O. E.* râp, *m., Mdl. E.* râp, rǫ̊p, *Mdn. E.* rope, *O. N.* reip, *n., rope, O. H. G. M. H. G.* reif, *m., rope, ring, hoop, ferrule, fetter, circle, N. H. G.* reif, *m., hoop, ferrule, ring, rim. Here belongs also Mdn. E.* stirrup, *from Mdl. E.* stirop, *O. E.* stîʒ-râp (*s.* steigan).]

***raisjan,** *w. v., to raise.—Compds.* (a) ur- r. (*For* ur *from* us, *s. Grammar,* 78, c, *n.* 4), *w. acc., to raise up, raise, lift up;* Mk. 1, 31. 9, 27. Jo. 5, 21. 6, 40. 44. 54. Rom. 9, 17. I Cor. 15, 15. II Cor. 1, 9. 4, 14. Skeir. V, b; *to rouse up, wake;* Mt. 8, 25. Mk. 4, 38. Lu. 8, 24; *folld. by dat. of advantage;* Lu. 1, 69. 3, 8. 20, 28. Phil. 1, 17; *or* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 3, 8. Jo. 12, 1. 9. 17. Rom. 10, 9. Gal. 1, 1. Eph. 1, 20. Col. 2, 12; *in pass.: to arise;* Jo. 6, 18. (b) miþ-ur-r., *to raise up together;* Eph. 2, 6. [*Causal of* *reisan (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* rǽran (*the second* r *for* s, z, *by rotacism*), *Mdl. E.* rǽre, rêre, *Mdn. E.* rear, *O. N.* reisa, *whence Mdl. E.* raise, *Mdn. E.* raise.]

***raiþs,** *adj., in* ga-raiþs. [*Cf. O. E.* rǽde, ʒerǽde, *rǽdiʒ (*w. suff.* -iʒ), *adj., ready,* rǽdlîce (*w. suff.* -lîc-e; *s.* *leiks), *adv., readily, Mdl. E.* (i-) rǽdi, readi, *adj.,* rêdelich, readelich, *adv., Mdn. E.* ready, readily (*For* -ly, *s.* *leiks). *O. H. G.* bi-reiti (*For* bi-, *s.* bi), *M. H. G.* bereite, bereit, *disposed, prepared, ready, N. H. G.* bereit, *prepared, ready. — Compd. Mdn. E.* already; *s.* alls. — *Allied to Du.* reede, *whence Mdl. E.* râde, rǫ̊de, *Mdn. E.* road, *roadstead, prop. a place where ships are equipped,* (road, *way, refers to root of O. E.* rîdan, *pret.* râd, *Mdl. E.* rîde, *Mdn. E.* ride, *O. H. G.* rîtan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* reiten, *but is supposed by some to be identical w.* road, *roadstead), N. H. G.* rhede, reede, *f., roadstead. — Comp.* garaiþs *and* raidjan.]

raka, (*indeclinable*), *raca;* Mt. 5, 22. [*From Gr.* ῥακά, *of Hebr. orig.*]

***rakjan,** *w. v., to stretch, in* uf-r. *w. acc., to stretch out, stretch forth, put forth;* Mt. 8, 3. Mk. 1, 41. 3, 5. Lu. 5, 13. 6, 10; *in pass.: to become uncircumcised;* I Cor. 7, 18. [*Comp. O. H. G.* recchen, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* recken, *Du.* rekken, *to stretch, whence Mdn. E.* rack, *th. s. Germanic root* rek (rak) *answers to pre-Germanic* reg (rog); *comp. Lt.* por-rigere, *to stretch, Gr.* ὀ-ρέγειν, *to stretch out. — Comp.* rahtôn.]

Rama, *pr. n.,* Ῥαμά, *indecl.;* Ezra 2, 26.

***rannjan,** *w. v., to cause to run, in* ur-r. (*For* ur, *s.* *raisjan, a), *w. acc., to cause to rise,*

lit. to make to run out; Mt. 5, 45. [*Caus. of* rinnan, *q. v. Comp. O. S.* rennjan, *O. H. G.* rennan, rennen, *M. H. G.* rennen, *to cause to run, especially a horse, whence N. H. G.* rennen, *intr., to run, course, race. — Comp.* ufar-ranneins.]

rasta, *f., a stage* (*of a journey*), *a mile;* Mt. 5, 41. [*From root* ras (*s.* razn), *to stay, dwell, and suff.* -tô. *Cf. O. E.* ræst, *f., rest, resting-place, bed, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* rest, *O. N.* röst, *a stage of a journey, O. S.* rasta, resta, *f., resting-place, couch, O. H. G.* rasta, *f., M. H. G.* rast, raste, *rest, repose, stage of a journey, N. H. G.* rast, *f., rest, repose.*]

***raþjan,** *st. v., in* ga-r. (177, *n.* 2) *w. acc., to reckon, number;* Mt. 10, 30. [*Allied to O. S.* reðiôn, *w. v.* (*from* reðia, *f.*), *O. H. G.* rediôn, redôn, *w. v., to speak* (*from* redia, reda, *f.; beside* redinôn, *th. s., whence* redinâri, *M. H. G.* redenære, *N. H. G.* redner, *m., a* (*public*) *speaker, an orator*), *M. H. G.* reden, *N. H. G.* reden, *to speak, say. For the above* reðia, redia, *etc., s. follg. w.*]

raþjô, *f.* (112), *number;* Jo. 6, 10. Rom. 9, 27; *account;* Lu. 16, 2. Rom. 14, 12; in raþjôn, *in regard to, concerning;* Phil. 4, 15. [*From root* ra *and suff.* -þjôn. *Cf. O. S.* reðia, *f., account, O. H. G.* redia, reda (*beside* redina, *whence* redinôn, *etc.; s.* raþjan), *account, speech, tale, news, M. H. G.* rede, *account, reason, speech, tale, etc., N. H. G.* rede, *f., speech, language, account, oration, Lt.* ratio, *account number, reason, etc., whence Mdn. E.* ratio, *and* (*from acc.* rationem) *Fr.* ration, *a portion or a fixed allowance of provisions, whence Mdn. E.* ration, *N. H. G.* ration, *f., th. s. To Lt.* rationem *also refers O. Fr.* reison (*Mdn. Fr.* raison, *reason, sense, cause, matter*), *whence Mdl. E.* resoun, reisun, *Mdn. E.* reason, *and O. Fr.* reisoner (*Mdn. Fr.* raisonner, *to reason, argue, discourse, whence N. H. G.* raisonnieren, *to judge, reason, subtilize, talk, find fault*), reisner, *to reason, compd.* areisnier, aranier (a=*Lt.* ad, *to*), *to speak to, discourse with, cite, arraign, whence Mdl. E.* araine, *Mdn. E.* arraign. *To Lt.* ratus, *pret. partic. of the corresponding v.* rêri, *to think, judge, reckon, calculate, refers Mdl. Lt.* rata (*for* rata pars), *rate, whence O. Fr.* rate, *price, value, whence Mdn. E.* rate, *proportion, standard, tax, N. H. G.* rate, *f., installment. A crude stem of Mdl. Lt.* rata *occurs in Mdl. Lt.* ratificare, *to confirm* (-ficare *from* facere, *to make*), *whence Fr.* ratifier, *whence Mdn. E.* ratify. *Germanic* raþ *is also seen in the second com-*

ponent of Mdn. E. hundred, *N. H. G.* hundert, *etc.* (*s.* hund), *and in O. H. G.* girad (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *M. H. G.* gerat (*infl.* d), *N. H. G.* gerad, *adj., even* (*not odd*). *For* gerade, *straight, s. follg. w.*).]

raþs, *adj., easy, occurs only once, in compar.* raþizô, *easier;* Lu. 18, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* ræð, hræð, *adj.* (raðe, hraðe, *adv., quickly*), *compar.* raðor, hraðor, *superl.* ræðest, hradost, *Mdl. E.* ræð, rað, hrað, *adj., quick* (raðe, *adv., quickly*), *compar.* raðer, *superl.* raðest, *Mdn. E.* rath, rathe, *adj.* (*also adv., early, betimes*), *early, compar.* rather, *by earlier choice, more readily, on the other hand, more properly, O. N.* hraðr, *quick, O. H. G.* rad, hrad, *adj., and* gi-radi (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *adj., quick* (girado, *adv., quickly*), *M. H. G.* rat, gerat (*infl.* d), gerade, *adj., quick, nimble, fresh* (*with reference to growth*), *straight* (gerade, *quickly, immediately*), *N. H. G.* gerade, *adj., straight, direct, and adv., straightly, directly, exactly. The* h *of some of the above forms is unoriginal, perhaps owing to the writers. For O. H. G. words w. unoriginal* h, *s. Br., A. Gr., p. 115. Gothic* raþa-, *quick, is therefore the correct Germanic form, allied to O. H. G.* rad, *M. H. G.* rat (*gen.* rades), *N. H. G.* rad, *n., wheel, answering to Lith.* ratas, *wheel, Lt.* rota, *th. s., whence* rotundus, *round, whence Fr.* rond (*O. Fr.* roond), *round, whence Mdl. E.* rond, round, *Mdn. E.* round, *M. H. G.* runt (*infl.* d), *N. H. G.* rund, *adj., round. Lt.* rotula, *a little wheel, dim. of* rota, *is the source of Mdl. Lt.* rotulus, rotula, *a roll of paper, a document, whence O. Fr.* rolle, *a roll, whence Mdl. E.* rolle, *Mdn. E.* roll=*N. H. G.* rolle, *f., M. H. G.* rolle, rulle, *f., beside* rodel, rottel, *m., f., from Mdl. Lt.* rotulus, rotula, *whence* rotulare, *to roll, whence, O. Fr.* roler (*Mdn. Fr.* rouler), *th. s., whence Mdl. E.* rolle, *Mdn. E.* roll, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* rollen, *to roll. For further cognates from the same Lt. source, such as Mdn. E.* rotary, roundel, rondeau, rouleau, control, *etc., s. Sk.*, rotary.—*Germanic root* raþ *occurs further in O. N.* röskr (*by loss of its dental before the suff.* -sko, -sqa), *vigorous, brave, Dan. Swed.* rask, *quick, rash, whence Mdl. E.* rash, rasch, *Mdn. E.* rash, *hasty, quick; and in O. H. G.* rask (rosk), *M. H. G.* rasch (rosch, resch, risch), *quick, nimble, speedy, hasty, vigorous, N. H. G.* rasch, *quick, swift, speedy.*]

***raubôn,** *w. v., to rob, in* bi-r. *w. acc., to rob, strip, despoil;* Lu. 10, 30. II Cor. 11, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* (bi-)rêafian (*For* bi-, *s.* bi), *to rob, plunder, despoil, Mdl.*

L. (be-)rǽfe, rǽve, rêve, *Mdn. E.* (be-)reave, *O. N.* raufa, *O. S.* rôbôn, *O. H. G.* (bi-)roubôn, *M. H. G.* (be-)rouben, *N. H. G.* (be-)rauben, *to rob, plunder, ravish. From the corresponding O. E.* rêaf, *n., robbery, plunder, booty, Mdl. E.* rêaf, rǽf, rêf, *plunder, spoil, O. N.* rauf, *O. S.* rôf *in* nôdrôf, *m., plunder, O. H. G.* roub, *m., M. H. G.* roup (*gen.* -bes), *N. H. G.* raub, *m., robbery, plunder, rape; allied to O. E.* rêofan, *to break, tear, O. N.* rjufa (*st. v.*), *break* (*especially a contract*). *O. E.* rêaf *O. H. G.* roub *also signified 'booty, armor, garment'* (*taken from the slain*); *this signification is preserved in Mdn. E. Mdl. E.* robe, *from Fr.* robe, *from G.* roub (*above*); *comp. Ital.* roba, *coat, garment; other Romanic cognates borrowed from the Germanic, show the original meaning; comp. Ital.* ruba, *rubbery, plunder,* rubare, *to rob, O. Fr.* robber, rober, *to spoil, strip, off clothing, plunder, whence Mdl. E.* robbe, *Mdn. E.* rob. — *Allied to Lt.* rumpere, *from Idg. root* rup; *cf. Skr. root* lup, *to break. S.* raupjan.]

***raúhtjan,** *w. v., to be angry, in* in-r., *to be angry, groan;* Jo. 11, 33. 38. [*Supposed to be allied to Gr.* ὀργή, *wrath, etc.; s. L. M., p. 278.*]

raupjan, *w. v. w. acc., to pluck;* Mk. 2, 23. Lu. 6, 1. [*Comp. O. H. G.* roufen, *M. H. G.* roufen, röufen, *to pluck, pull, N. H. G.* raufen, *to pluck, pull,* sich raufen, *or simply* raufen, *to fight, scuffle, grapple; and the M. H. G. intens. v.* rupfen, ropfen, *to pluck, pull, N. H. G.* rupfen, *to pluck, pull, fleece, pick* (*wool*); *allied to N. H. G.* ruppig (*a L. G. form*), *adj., tattered shabby, mean.—From M. H. G.* roufen *there is derived* roufe, *N. H. G.* raufe, *f., rack* (*for hay*). — *Probably allied to* *raubôn, *q. v.*]

raus, *n., a reed;* Mt. 11, 7. 27, 48. Lu. 7, 24. Mk. 15, 19. 36. [*Cf. O. N.* reyr, *n., O. H. G.* rôr, *M. H. G.* rôr, *N. H. G.* rohr, *n., reed; der.: O. H. G.* rôra, rôrra, *from* rôrja (*Goth.* *rauzjô), *M. H. G.* rœre, *f., reed, tube, N. H. G.* röhre, *f., tube, pipe, etc. Supposed to be allied to O. H. G.* rûsa, russa (*Goth.* *rûsjô), *M. H. G.* riuse, *N. H. G.* reuse, *f., weel, weely.*]

rauþs (*gen.* **raudis;** 74, *n.* 2), *adj., red;* Skeir. III, c. [*Cf. O. E.* rêad, *Mdl. E.* rǽd, rêd, *Mdn. E.* red, *O. N.* rauðr, *O. S.* rôd, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* rôt, *N. H. G.* rot, *adj., red; — der.: O. E.* rêadian, *Mdl. E.* rêde, *to become red* (*but Mdn. E.* redden, *by addition of an* n-*suff. to the adj.* red, *due to verbs with orig.* -n-, *from* -ne, *O. E.* -nian, *Goth.* -inôn: *to become red, to blush, and to make red*), *O. H. G.* rôtên, *M. H. G.* rôten, *to be*

or become red; and O. H. G. rôten (*from* *rôtjan), *M. H. G.* rœten, *N. H. G.* röten, *to redden, whence M. H. G.* rœtel (*w. instr. suff.* -l), *N. H. G.* rötel, *m., ruddle; comp.* röteln, *pl., measles. — Allied to O. E.* rud, *Mdl. E.* rud, rod (=*M. H. G.* rŏt), *adj., red, whence Mdl. E.* rudî, ruddi, rodi, *Mdn. E.* ruddy, *der.* ruddiness (*w. suff.* -ness); *and O. E.* rudu, *f., M. H. G.* rude, *redness; and Mdl. E.* rude, *to make red, Mdn. E.* rud (*obs.*), *th. s., whence Mdl. E.* rudel, rodel, *Mdn. E.* ruddle, *red earth; and O. E.* rudduc (*w. suff.* -uc), *Mdl. E.* ruddok, roddoc, *Mdn. E.* ruddock, *a red-breast. This adj. refers to a stem seen in O. E.* rudon, *pret. plur. of* rêoðan (*pret. sing.* rêað, *pret. partic.* roden; *comp. O. E.* rêod, *Mdl. E.* rêod, *O. N.* rioðr, *red*). *Germanic root* rud (*weak grade to* raud) *is further contained in O. E.* rust (*from Germanic* rut-ta? *S. v. B., p. 142*), *m., Mdl. E.* rust, *Mdn. E.* rust, *O. S.* rost, *m., O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* rost, *m., rust, whence, respectively, O. E.* rustian, *Mdl. E.* ruste, *Mdn. E.* rust, *O. H. G.* rostên, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* rosten, *to rust; and in O. H. G.* rosamo (*w. suff.* -smen *before wich the dental was lost*), rust, *M. H. G.* roseme, rosem, *freckle; and in M. H. G.* rot, *m. n., rust. It answers to Indg.* rudh, *in Gr.* ἐρυθρός, *red,* ἐρεύθειν, *to redden,* ἐρυσίπελας, *redness on the skin* (πέλλα, *skin*), *whence Lt.* erysipelas, *whence Mdn. E.* erysipelas, *th. s.; in Lt.* ruber (rubro- *for* rudhro-), rufus, *red,* rubidus, *red, reddish,* rubere, *to be red or ruddy, to blush,* robigo, *rust; and in Skr.* rudhirá-s, *red,* róhita (*for* rôdhita), *red. — To Lt.* ruber *refers Vulg. Lt.* rubinus, *a ruby, whence M. H. G.* rubîn (*sometimes* rubbîn, robîn), *N. H. G.* rubin, *m., ruby, O. Fr.* rubi, *whence Mdl. E.* rubi, *Mdn. E.* ruby; *further Lt.* rubrîca, *red earth, red earth for coloring, ruddle, hence transf. that which is written in red; as, the title of a law, rubric, whence M. H. G.* rubrike, rubrik, *f., red ink, Fr.* rubrique, *rubric, title, rule* (*also 'trick'; comp. M. H. G.* rôt, *tricky, cunning*), *whence Mdn. E.* rubric, *N. H. G.* rubrik, *f., rubric, title, column. — Comp.* *riuþs.]

razda, *f., speech, tongue, language;* Mt. 26, 73. Mk. 14, 70. Rom. 14, 11. I Cor. 12, 10. 13, 8. 14, 21. 22. 23. 26. 27. [*Cf. O. E.* reord, ȝe-reord, *n.* (eo *for* ea, *from* a, *by breaking; s. P., Beitr., VI, p. 98*), *voice, language, Mdl. E.* reord, (i-)rord, rerd, ȝe-reard, *voice, sound, sermon* (*whence O. E.* reordian, *Mdl. E.* reorde, *to speak*), *O. H. G.* rarta, *f., O. N.* rödd, *f., sound voice.*]

razn, *n., house;* Mt. 5, 15. 7, 24. 25. 26. 27. Mk. 11, 17. Lu. 6, 48. 49. 7, 37. 15, 8. 25. 17, 31. [*Cf. O. E.* ræsn, *n.?* (*also* ærn, *by metathesis, from* rænn, *for* ræsn, *i. e.* ræzn, *by assimilation; cf.*) *O. N.* rann, *n., house, whence* rannsaka, *to search the house, whence Mdl. E.* ransake, *Mdn. E.* ransack (*For the second component, s.* sôkjan). *From* ras, *to stay, dwell* (*S.* rasta), *which is perhaps allied to root* rô *in O. E.* rôw (= *Goth.* *rôwa=*Gr.* ἐ-ρωή, *cessation, pause*), *f., rest, repose, O. N.* ró, *f., rest, repose, O. H. G.* ruowa (*and* râwa), *M. H. G.* ruowe (*and* râwe), *N. H. G.* ruhe, *f., rest, repose, whence the corresponding v., O. H. G.* ruowên (râwên), *M. H. G.* ruowen (râwen), *N. H. G.* ruhen, *to rest, repose* (*N. H. G.* geruhen, *to be pleased, vouchsafe, does not belong here; s.* rikan). — *S.* garazna, garaznô.]

Reccarêd, *pr. n.* (6, *n.* 2).

***rêdaba,** *adv., in* **ga-rêdaba.** — *From* *rêþs, garêþs, *q. v. Allied to follg. w.*

***rêdan,** *red. v.* (181), *to counsel, deliberate, in* (a) ga-r. *w. acc., to reflect upon, provide for;* II Cor. 8, 21. (b) faúra-ga-r. *w. acc., to predestine, predestinate;* Eph. 1, 11; *and folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Eph. 1, 5. (c) und-r. *w. acc., to provide, furnish, grant;* Skeir. VI, b. (d) ur-r., *to make ordinances;* Col. 2, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* rêdan, ȝe-rêdan, *to take counsel, advise, decree, decide, agree to, plot, rule, and to interprete; hence 'to read'* (*S. remarks under* lisan), *Mdl. E.* rêde, rêade, rêde, *th. s., Mdn. E.* read (*a book*), *and, beside the spelling* rede, *to advise* (*obs.*), *O. N.* ráða, *O. S.* râdan, *O. H. G.* râtan, *M. H. G.* râten, *N. H. G.* râten, *to advise, counsel, guess. Der.: O. E.* rêd, *m., advice, council, help, benefit, good fortune, deliberation, design, sense, understanding, Mdl. E.* rêd, rêad, rêd, *Mdn. E.* (*obs.*) read, rede, *advice, counsel, decision, O. N.* ráð, *n., counsel, decree, permission, provision, support, O. S.* râd, *m., counsel, advice, deliberation, provision, gain, profit, O. H. G. M. H. G.* rât, *counsel, advice, deliberation, council, provision, N. H. G.* rât, *m., advice, counsel, means, council. Allied to O. E.* ȝerêde (*For the collective* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *n., trappings, ornaments, O. H. G.* girati, *M. H. G.* gerâte, *n., fitting out, equipment* (*prop. deliberation, provision*), *N. H. G.* gerät, *n., goods, utensils, furniture, etc.; O. H. G. M. H. G.* unrât (*For the negative* un-, *s.* un-), *m., helplessness, want, need, trash, N. H. G.* unrât, *m., trash, dirt, excrement; M. H. G.* vorrât (*For* vor-, *s.* faúr, faúra), *m., predeliberation, premeditation,*

reflexion, N. H. G. vorrât (*For* vor, *s.* faûr), *m., provision; O. E.* râdels (*for* râdesl, *w. Germanic suff.* -i-slia-; *s.* sêls), *m., Mdl. E.* redels, ridels, *Mdn. E.* riddle (*without the final* s *of the Mdl. E.* word, *which was mistaken for a plural form*), *O. H. G.* *râtisli, *beside* *ratisal (*also* rât-isca, -issa, -ussa, *th. s. S. v. Bd., p. 152*), *M. H. G.* râtsal, râtsel, *N. H. G.* rätsel, *n., riddle. Here belong also Mdn. E.* -red (*Mdl. E.* -rêde, -rêd, *O. E.* -râden, *orig. subst. f., meaning law, mode, condition, state*), *in* kindred (*s.* kuni), hatred (*s.* hatis), *and N. H. G.* -rat, *in* heirat (*s.* *heiws).]

***rêhsns,** *f., in* **ga-rêhsns.** [*Allied to Skr.* rac, *to order, establish, fix. The suff. is* -sni. *Comp.* ragin.]

***reikei,** *f., in* bireiki, *q. v.* — *For* *rêkei, *from* *rêks (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

reiki, *n.* (95), *power, authority, rule;* Lu. 20, 20. Rom. 8, 38. I Cor 15, 24. Eph. 1, 21. 3, 10. 6, 12. Col. 1, 16. 2, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* rîce (*for a more ancient* rîci), *n., kingdom, might, government, Mdl. E.* rîch, rîk, *reign, realm, kingdom, Mdn. E.* -ric (*in* bishopric, *Mdl. E.* bishoprîch, *O. E.* biscop-rîce, *n., diocese; for* bishop, *s.* aípiskaúpus), *O. S.* rîki, *n., kingdom, dominion, authority, O. H. G.* rîhhi, *M. H. G.* rîche, *n., kingdom, realm, dominion, reign, authority, N. H. G.* reich, *n., reign, kingdom, realm, empire. From Germanic stem* rîkja-, *derived from* *rîka-, *ruler; s.* reiks, *adj. and subst. Comp. follg. w.*]

reikinôn, *w. v.* (190), *w. dat., to rule, govern;* Mk. 10, 42. Jo. 14, 30. Rom. 15, 12. — *From the subst.* reiks (*q. v.*). *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

reiks, *adj., mighty, noble, honorable;* Neh. 6, 17; *superl.* sa reikista, *the mightiest, most powerful, prince;* Mk. 3, 22; sa reikista gudja, *the high-priest;* Jo. 18, 22. [*Cf. O. E.* rîce, *powerful, mighty, of high rank, Mdl. E.* rîk, rîch, *powerful, Mdn. E.* rich, *O. S.* rîki, *mighty, powerful, O. H. G.* rîhhi, *M. H. G.* rîche (*whence Fr.* riche, *Ital.* ricco, *rich*), *mighty, of high rank, rich, N. H. G.* reich, *rich.* — *Ders: Mdl. E.* rîchdôm (*For* -dôm, *s.* dôms), *O. H. G.* richetuom, *M. H. G.* rîchtuom, *N. H. G.* reichtum, *m., riches; Mdn. E.* riches, *which because of its apparent plural termination, is usually regarded and used as plur., but is really sing., from Fr.* richesse, *plur.* richesses, *riches.* — *From Germanic* rikja-(-i-); *s. Osth., F., II, 140; also prec. and follg. w.*]

reiks, *m.* (117), *ruler, prince;* Mt. 9, 18. 23. Lu. 18, 18. Jo. 7, 26. 48. 12, 31. 42. 16, 11. Rom. 13, 3. Eph. 2, 2. Skeir.

VII, c. d. [*From Germanic stem* *rîk(a), *ruler, which refers to Celtic* *rîg-, *ruler* (*S. Kl.*, reich); *allied to Lt.* rex, rêg-is, *Skr.* râjan, *king, from Idg. root* rēg, *to direct, guide* (*s.* raíhts).—*Comp.* reiki, reikinôn, reiks (*adj.*); *also* Friþareiks.]

reiran, *w. v., to tremble;* Mk. 5, 33. Lu. 8, 47. — *Compd.* in-r., *th. s.;* Mt. 27, 51. [*Supposed to refer to root* ar, *seen in Gr.* ὄρνυσθαι, *to be excited, start, arise, and in Lt.* oriri, *to rise; s. L. M., p. 280, and Sch.*, reiran. — *Comp.* rinnan.

reirô, *f., trembling;* Mk. 16, 8. II Cor. 7, 15; *an earthquake;* Mt. 27, 54. — *From* reiran (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ôn.

***reisan,** *st. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to rise, in* (a) ur-r. (ur *for* us, uz; 78, *n.* 4), *to arise;* Mt. 8, 15. 26. 9, 5. 6. 7. 19. 25. 11, 5. 11. 27, 52. 63. Mk. 2, 9. 12. 3, 3. 4, 27. 39. 5, 41. 42. 10, 49. 12, 26. 13, 22. 42. 14, 42. 16, 6. Lu. 5, 23. 24. 6, 8. 7, 14. 16. 8, 24. 54. 9, 22. 20, 37. Jo. 11, 29. 14, 31. I Cor. 15, 4. 13. 14. 16. 17. 29. 35. II Cor. 5, 15; *folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 64. Mk. 6, 14. 16. Lu. 9, 7. Jo. 7, 52. I Cor. 15, 12. 20. Rom. 7, 4. 13, 11. II Tim. 2, 8. (b) miþ-ur-r., *to rise up with;* Col. 2, 12; *w. dat.;* Col. 3, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* rîsan, *Mdl. E.* rîse, *Mdn. E.* rise, *O. N.* rísa, *O. S.* rîsan, *to rise, O. H. G.* rîsan, *M. H. G.* rîsen, *to move from a lower position to a higher, to ascend, mount; or from a higher position to a lower, to fall.* — *Compds.: O. E.* â-rîsan, *to rise, Mdl. E.* arîse, *Mdn. E.* arise, *O. S.* arîsan, *O. H. G.* ur- (ar-, ir-) rîsan, *to rise, all answering precisely to Goth.* urreisan (*above; for* ur- *O. E.* â-, *etc., s.* us). — *From root* rīs *signifying a vertical motion, especially from a lower position to a higher one.* — *S.* raisjan, *rists.]

***rêks,** *adj., in* **bi-rêks,** *q. v.*

Rêsa, *pr. n.,* Ῥησά, *gen.* **Rêsins;** Lu. 3, 27.

***riggws,** *adj., in* un-mana-riggws. — *Etymology unknown; s., however, Sch.*, unmanariggws.

rign, *n., rain;* Mt. 7, 25. 27. [*Cf. O. E.* reȝn, rên (*by contraction*), *m., Mdl. E.* rein, *Mdn. E.* rain, *O. N.* regn, *n., O. S.* regan, *O. H. G.* regan, *M. H. G.* regen, *N. H. G.* regen, *m., rain. From Germanic* regna-, *pre-Germanic* *reghno- (*perhaps for* *mreghno-; *comp. Gr.* βρέχειν *for* μρέχειν, μβρέχειν, *to wet, moisten, water, also Lt.* rigare, *th. s.*) — *Compd.:* (*Goth.* *rignbuga) *O. E.* reȝnboga, *m., Mdl. E.* reinbowe, *Mdn. E.* rainbow, *O. N.* regnbogi, *O. H. G.* reganbogo, *M. H. G.* regenboge, *N. H. G.* regenbogen, *m., rainbow* (*For the second component, Mdn. E.* bow, *etc., s.* biugan).—*S. follg. w.*

rignjan, *w. v., to rain;* Mt. 5, 45.

Lu. 17, 29. [*From* rign (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* reȝnian, *Mdl. E.* reine, *Mdn. E.* rain, *O. N.* rigna, *O. H. G.* reganon, *M. H. G.* regenen, *N. H. G.* regnen, *to rain.*]

rikan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *w. acc., to collect, heap up;* Rom. 12, 20. [*Comp. O. H. G.* rehhan, *M. H. G.* rechen, *to scrape together. From Germanic root* rek (rak), *appearing also in O. N.* reka, *f., O. H. G.* rehho, *M. H. G.* reche, *N. H. G.* rechen, *m., rake, and* (*w.* a-*abl.*) *O. E.* raca, *f., Mdl. E.* râc, *Mdn. E.* rake, *whence respectively, O. E.* racian, *Mdl. E.* râke, *Mdn. E.* rake, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* rechen, *w. v., to rake. Allied to O. E.* ȝerecenian, *to explain, Mdl. E.* rekene, *Mdn. E.* reckon, *O. H. G.* rehhanôn, *M. H. G.* rechenen, *N. H. G.* rechnen, *to reckon, calculate, cipher* (*Goth.* *rakinôn); *to O. E.* racu, *f., narration, O. S.* raka, *O. H. G.* rahha, *f., M. H. G.* rache, *f., narration, speech, account; to O. E.* rêcan (*from a subst. seen in O. H. G.* ruoh, *M. H. G.* ruoch, *care*), *and* rĕccan, *Mdl. E.* rêke, rĕke, *to reck, care* (*Der.* rêcelêas, *Mdl. E.* recklês, recklæs, *Mdn. E.* reckless; *for* -less, *s.* laus), *Mdn. E.* reck, *to regard, O. N.* rœkja, *O. S.* rôkian, *to care, O. H. G.* geruochan, *to care, regard, M. H. G.* geruochen, *to care, regard, approve of, grant, N. H. G.* geruhen (*for* *geruchen, *by influence of* ruhe; *s.* razn), *to be pleased, deign, vouchsafe. — Comp.* rahnjan.]

rimis, *n., rest, quietness;* II Thess. 3, 12. [*From an old stem in* -iz, *seen in O. E.* reomiȝ, *quiet, comfortable, from* *rime (*orig.* *rimi *from Germanic* *rimiz-, *from* *remiz-, *from* *remez-), *rest, quietness, and suff.* -iȝ (*orig.* -aȝ *which caused the change of* i *into* io *for which* eo; eo *for* io *is very common in O. E.*). *Allied to Skr.* ram, *to rest, rejoice,* râmas, *graceful, beautiful,* ramanas, *lover, Zd.* ram, *to rest, rejoice,* râma, *f., rest, comfort, Gr.* ἤ-ρεμος, ἡ-ρεμαῖος, *compar.* ἤ-ρεμέστερος, *quiet,* ἡ-ρέμα, *adv., quietly,* ἡρεμία, *rest.*]

rinnan, *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to run;* Mk. 5, 6. Rom. 9, 16. I Cor. 9, 24. 26. Gal. 2, 2; r. waíla, *to run well;* Gal. 5, 7; *folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 5, 13. Lu. 8, 33; *or* us *w. dat., to come out;* Mt. 8, 28; *to flow out;* Jo. 7, 38; r. samaþ, *to run together;* Mk. 9, 25. — *Compds.* (a) and-r., *to run against one; hence to strive, dispute;* Mk. 9, 34; *w.* sik; Skeir. III, a (*M. S. has* undrunnun). (b) at-r., *to run to, come to;* Lu. 16, 21. (c) du-at-r., *to run to, run towards;* Mk. 10, 17. (d) bi-r. *w. acc., to run about;* Mk. 6, 55; *to surround;* Jo. 10, 24. (e) blôþarinnandei (*pres. partic.,* '*blood-running*'): qinô blôþarinnan-

dei, *a woman with an issue of blood;* Mt. 9, 20. (f) du-r., *to run to;* Mt. 8, 2. Mk. 9, 15. (g) faír-r., *folld. by* du *w. dat., to pertain to, befit;* Eph. 5, 4; *to reach towards, attain;* II Cor. 10, 13. 14. (h) faúr-r., *to run before;* faúrrinnands (*pres. partic. used as a subst.*), *forerunner;* Skeir. III, b. (i) fra-r., *to run among, fall among;* Lu. 10, 30. (j) ga-r., *to run together, come together, gather together;* Jo. 12, 11 (*S. text*); *to obtain by running;* I Cor. 9, 24; *folld. by* at *w. dat., to come together, gather together;* Mk. 1, 33; *or* in *w. acc., to meet together, assemble;* Eph. 4, 13; *or* miþ *w. dat., to come together;* Mk. 14, 53; *or inf.;* Lu. 5, 15; samaþ gar. *th. s.;* I Cor. 14, 26. (k) und-r. *w. acc., to run to one; hence to fall to one, fall to one's share;* Lu. 15, 12. (l) ur-r. (ur *for* us, *by assimilation*) (1) *to go out, come out, come forth, proceed from;* Mk. 8, 11. Jo. 11, 44; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Lu. 4, 35; *or* and *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 14; *or* du *w. dat. and a dependent inf.;* Mk. 14, 48; *or* fram *w. dat.;* Lu. 2, 1. Jo. 8, 42. 15, 26. 16, 27. 30. 17, 8; *or* in *w. acc.;* Lu. 2, 4; *or* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 2, 4. Rom. 11, 26; *or inf.;* Jo. 12, 13; *or* du *w. inf.;* Mk. 4, 3. Lu. 8, 5. Rom. 11, 26; *or* ei *w. opt.;* Jo. 12, 20. (2) *to come;* Lu. 7, 33. 34; (3) *to spring up, grow up;* Mk. 4, 5. 8. 32; (4) *to rise* (*of the sun*); Mk. 4, 6. 16, 2. Neh. 7, 3; (5) *to fall* (*as a lot*), *w. dat. of pers., and folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Lu. 1, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* rinnan, *usually* irnan (*by metathesis, whence*) iornan, eornan (*by breaking, whence*) iernan, irnan, yrnan (*by weakening*), *Mdl. E.* rinne, renne, runne, irne, urne, *Mdn. E.* run (*prov. E. to congeal, coagulate, whence* runnet, *usually* rennet, *from Mdl. E.* renet; *comp. G.* rinnen, gerinnen, *below; also remarks under* lubjaleis), *O. N.* rinna, *usually* renna, *O. S.* rinnan, *O. H. G.* rinnan, *M. H. G.* rinnen, *to flow, swim, run, N. H. G.* rinnen, *to leak, drop, run, flow, coagulate, curdle; in the last sense usually* gerinnen (*For* ge-, *s.* ga), *lit. to run or flow together. The orig. signification was that of 'quick or rapid motion', either from root* re (*the* nn *being a formative suffix of the pres. tense, from* nv, nu, *answering to Gr. -νυ- in δείκ-νυ-μι); comp. Gr. ὀρ-νύ-ναι, to excite, incite, raise, rouse, Skr. root* ar (*pres.* ṛ-nô-mi: ṛ-numás, *and* ṛ-nv-ãmi), *to set in motion, excite, send; or from root* rǐ, *to flow, run; cf. O. E.* rīð (*w. a dental suff.*), *f., Mdl. E.* rið, *brook, Lt.* rî-vus, *brook.* — *S.* *rannjan, runs, *and follg. w; also* reiran.]

rinnô, *f.* (32), *brook;* Jo. 18, 1.

From rinnan, *q. v. Comp. O. H. G.* rinna *f., aqueduct, M. H. G.* rinne, *f., aqueduct, gutter, N. H. G.* rinne, *f., channel, gutter. Allied to O. E.* rynele, *Mdl. E.* rinel, runel, *Mdn. E.* runnel, *beside* rindle.]

riqis, riqiz (78, *n.* 1), *n.* (94), *darkness;* Mt. 6, 23. 8, 12. 10, 27. 27, 45. Mk. 15, 33. Lu. 1, 79. Jo. 6, 17. 8, 12. 12, 35. 46. Rom. 13, 12. I Cor. 4, 5. II Cor. 4, 6. 6, 14. Eph. 5, 8. 11. 6, 12. Col. 1, 13. I Thess. 5, 45. [*Comp. O. N.* rökr, *n., beside* rökvið, *n., twilight, Skr.* rájas, *n., mist, dust, darkness, Gr.* ἐ-ρεβος (*for* β=*Goth.* q, *s.* qiman), *darkness. — Comp. follg. w.*]

riqizeins, *adj., dark, darkened;* Mt. 6, 23. Eph. 4, 18. — *From stem of* riqis (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna. *Comp. follg. w.*

riqizjan, *w. v., to become dark, be darkened;* Mk. 13, 24. — *From* riqis, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

***rists,** *f., a rising, in* urrists. — *From root of* risan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti.

riurei, *f., corruption;* I Cor. 15, 50. Gal. 6, 8. Col, 2, 22. — *From* riurs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. follg. w., also* un-riurei.

riurjan, *w. v. w. acc., to corrupt;* I Cor. 15, 33. — *From* riurs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

riurs (*or* **riureis;** 130, *n.* 2), *adj., mortal;* II Cor. 4, 11; *temporal;* II Cor. 4, 18; *corruptible;* I Cor. 9, 25. 15, 53; *corrupt;* Eph. 4, 22; r. waírþan, *to be corrupted;* II Cor. 11, 3. [*Allied to O. N.* rýrr, *small, poor,* rýrð, *f., lost,* rýrir, *m., diminisher, corrupter,* rýra, *to diminish, corrupt, Skr. root* ru-, *to break, Lt.* ruere, *to fall down, rush down, go to ruin, whence* ruina, *ruin, destruction, whence Fr.* ruine, *whence Mdl. E.* ruine, *Mdn. E.* ruin, *N. H. G.* ruin, *m., th. s. — Comp.* riurei, riurjan, *and* unriurs.]

***riuþs,** *in* **ga-riuþs,** *q. v. — From Idg. root* rudh, *to be red; s.* rauþs.

***rôdeins,** *f., in* **bi-rôdeins.** — *From* rôdjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

rôdjan, *w. v., to speak,* (1) *w. acc. of th.;* Mk. 2, 2. 7. 9, 6. Jo. 8, 26. 40. 44. 10, 6. 16, 13. 18, 20. Skeir. VIII, c. II Cor. 7, 14. Col. 4, 3. (2) *w. dat. of the pers. addressed;* Mk. 2, 2. 4, 34. Lu. 1, 45; *w. refl. dat.* (sis); Lu. 7, 39. (3) *w. instr.;* Mk. 4, 33. I Cor. 14, 23. 27. (4) *folld. by* af *w. refl. dat.* (sis silbin); Jo. 14, 10. 16, 13; *or* bi *w. dat.;* II Cor. 11, 17; *or* bi *w. acc.;* Lu. 2, 17. 33. 38. 7, 24. 9, 11. Jo. 7, 13. 8, 26. 9, 21. 12, 41; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 18. Lu. 1, 19. du sis missô, *with one another, among themselves;* Lu. 4, 36. 6, 11; *expressing purpose;* Mk. 14, 9.

I Cor. 15, 34. Skeir. VIII, d; *or* faûr *w. acc.;* Skeir. VIII, d; *or* fram *w. refl. dat.* (sis silbin); Jo. 7, 17. 18; *or* in *w. gen.;* II Cor. 12, 19; *or* in *w. dat.;* Lu. 2, 38. Jo. 8, 20. 26. 16, 25. I Cor. 14, 21. Eph. 5, 19; in and-waírþja *w. gen.;* II Cor. 2, 17; *or* miþ *w. dat.;* Mk. 9, 4. Jo. 9, 37. Eph. 4, 25; *or* þaírh munþ *w. gen.;* Lu. 1, 70; *or* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 6, 45. Skeir. IV, c. d; *or* þatei (*conj.*); Lu. 4, 21. — *Compds.* (a) bi-r., *to murmur,* (1) *abs.;* Lu. 15, 2. 19, 7; (2) *w. acc. of th.;* Jo. 6, 61. 7, 32; (3) *folld. by* bi *w. acc.;* Jo. 6, 41. 7, 32; *or* du *w. dat.;* Lu. 5, 30; *or* miþ *w. refl. dat.* (izwis missô); Jo. 6, 43. (b) miþ-r. *w. dat. of pers., to speak with;* Lu. 9, 30. [*Cf. O. E.* rêdan, *Mdl. E.* rêde, *to speak. Allied to O. Ir.* rádim, *speech.* (*Comp. Anglia, I, 3, p. 543*).]

rôhsns, *f., hall;* Mt. 26, 69. Mk. 14, 66. Jo. 18, 15. — *Etymology unknown. Comp. L. M., p. 269, and Dief., II, 178.*

Rufus, *pr. n.,* Ῥοῦφος, *gen.* **Rufaus;** Mk. 15. 21.

***rugks,** *adj., in* **ur-rugks.** — *Etymology unknown; comp. Dief., II, 176.*

Rûma, *pr. n.* (15, *n.* 2), Ῥώμῃ; *dat.* **Rûmai;** II Tim. 1, 17. — *Comp.* Rûmôneis.

***rûmnan,** *w. v., in* **ur-rûmnan** *for* us-r. (78, *n.* 4), *to be enlarged;* II Cor. 6, 11 (*B has* us-r.). 13. — *A correlative v. to* ***rûmjan,** *from* rûms, *q. v.*

Rûmôneis, *pr. n.* (15, *n.* 2), Ῥωμαῖοι, *dat.* -im; Rom. subscr. — *Comp.* Rûma.

rûms, *m.* (?) (15), *room, place;* Lu. 2, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* rûm, *n., room, place, opportunity, Mdl. E.* rûm, roum, *Mdn. E.* room, *O. N.* rúm, *n., room, space, seat, bed, O. S.* rûm, *m., O. H. G.* rûm, *m., M. H. G.* rûm (rûn), *m., N. H. G.* raum, *m., room, space. From stem of the adj.* rûms (*s. follg. w.*). — *Der. O. E.* rŷman, ȝe-rŷman, *Mdl. E.* (i-) rûme, *to make room, to widen, extend, clear, open up* (*a way*), *O. N.* rýma, *O. S.* rûmian, *O. H. G.* rûman, *M. H. G.* rûmen, *N. H. G.* räumen, *to empty, clear, remove, evacuate. — N. H. G.* *raumen, *in* an-be-raumen, *to set, fix, appoint, does not belong here; it is a corruption of* *rahmen (*by influence of* raum, *above*), *M. H. G.* râmen, *to make a proposition, endeavor, strive, O. H. G.* râmên, *O. S.* rômôn, *to endeavor, strive, attempt. — Perhaps allied to Lt.* rûs, *country* (*opposed to the city*), *stem* rûr-, *whence* rûralis, *of or belonging to the country, whence Fr.* rural, *whence Mdn. E.* rural. *To Lt.* rus *refers further Lt.* rusticus, *whence Fr.* rustique, *whence Mdn. E.* rustic.]

rûms, *adj., roomy, large, broad;* Mt. 7, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* rûm, *adj.,*

roomy, spacious, rûme, *adv., roomily, Mdl. E.* rûm, roum, *adj., spacious, large* (*for which Mdn. E.* roomy, *from the subst.* room, *by means of the suffix* -y, *Mdl. E.* -i, -iȝ, *O. E.* -iȝ, -eȝ, *Goth.* -eig-; *s.* ansteigs, mahteigs, *etc.*), *O. H. G.* rûmi, *M. H. G.* rûme, rûm, gerûme, gerûm (*said of space and time*), *spacious, wide, long, N. H. G.* geraum, *long* (*of time*), *whence* geräumig (-ig=*Mdn. E.* -y, *above*), *adj., spacious, roomy, wide, large. — S. prec. w.*]

rûna, *f.* (15), (1) *mystery;* Mk. 4, 11. Lu. 8, 10. Rom. 11, 25. I Cor. 13, 2. 15, 51. Eph. 1, 9. 3, 3. 4. 9. 6, 19. Col. 1, 26. 27. 4, 3. I Tim. 3, 9. 16. (2) *counsel;* Mt. 27, 1. Lu. 7, 30. I Cor. 4, 5. [*From root* rû, *to buzz, and suff.* -nô. *Cf. O. E.* rûn, *f., mystery, council, rune, Mdl. E.* rûn, *counsel, communing, letter* (rûn-stæf, *plur.* rûnstaven, *letters, from O. E.* rûn-stæf, *m., Runic letter; for* stæf, *s.* stafs; *comp. also remarks under* bôk *and* lisan; rûn-wita, *m., councilor; for* wita, *s.* *wita), *O. N.* rún, *f., mystery, rune, Swed.* rûna, *Dan.* rûne, *letter, O. H. G.* rûna, *M. H. G.* rûne, *f., mystery, council, colloquy. — Mdn. E.* rune, *N. H. G.* rune, *f., rune, do not refer to Mdl. E.* rûn, *M. H. G.* rûne, *which would appear as* roun *and* raune, *respectively, but are of modern date, and of Scand. orig. — Der. O. E.* rûnian, *Mdl. E.* rûne, *Mdn. E.* roun, round (*The inorganic* d *is probably owing to the pret. forms*), *to whisper, O. N.* runôn, *O. H. G.* runên, *M. H. G.* rûnen, *N. H. G.* raunen, *to whisper, roun. Comp. also O. H. G.* al-rûna, *M. H. G.* alrûne, *N. H. G.* alraun, *m., mandragora, mandrake,* alraune, *f., a priestess of the ancient Germans, a hag, sorceress, witch. To root* ru *also refer Gr.* ἐρευνᾶν, *to search, inquire after, Lt.* rumor, *m., noise, murmur, whence M. H. G.* rumôr, *m. n. f., N. H. G.* rumôr, *m., noise, tumult; to Lt. acc.* rumorem *refers Fr.* rumeur, *whence Mdl. E.* rumour, *Mdn. E.* rumor. — *S.* *rûni *and follg. w.*]

***rûnains,** *f., deliberation, in* **birûnains.** — *From a supposed v.* rûnan, *to deliberate, and suff.* -ai-ni. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***rûni,** *n., in* **ga-rûni,** *q. v.* — *S.* rûna *and prec. w., the suff. being* -ja.

runs, *m.* (32; 49; 101, *n.* 1.), *a running, issue;* Mk. 5, 25. Lu. 8, 43. 44; *a course;* II Tim. 4, 7.—run gawaúrkjan sis, *to run down violently;* Mt. 8, 32. [*Cf. O. E.* ryne (y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *m., running, course, Mdl. E.* rune, *Mdn. E.* run, *O. H. G.* run, *m. From root of* rinnan (*q. v.*), *whence also O. H. G.* runsa, *f., M. H. G.* runse, *f., and* runs, *f. m., beside O. H. G. M. H. G.*

runst, *f.*, *a running, flowing, river. Comp. follg. w., also* garunjô; rinnô.]

***runs** (*gen.* **runsis;** 101, *n.* 2), *m.*, *in* urruns, *q. v.* — *From* rinnan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -si (*Comp. v. Bd., p. 72*). *S. prec. and follg. w.*

***runs** (*gen.* **runsais;** 103, *n.* 3), *f.*, *in* urruns, garuns, *q. v.* — *From* rinnan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -si. *Comp.* runs, *runs, *m., and prec. w.*

S.

Sa, *m.*, **sô,** *f.*, **þata,** *n.* (153), (I) *pron., standing for Gr.* (1) *οὗτος, ἐκεῖνος, this, that,* (a) *used alone;* Mt. 8, 5. 27. 5, 37. 6, 29. 32. 7, 12. 11, 7. Mk. 7, 15. 8, 4. 10, 7. 12, 4. 31. Lu. 6, 23. 8, 1. 19, 14. Jo. 6, 57. 9, 28. 17, 24. I Cor. 7, 20. Skeir. I, a. b. II, c. d. III, a. b. IV, a. c. d. V, a. d. VI, c. d. VII, d. VIII, d; — *concerning* in þis, inuh þis, in þizei, *s.* in; *for* afar þata, *s.* afar; (b) *w. subst. or adj.* (*follg. or prec.*); Mt. 5, 19. 10, 42. 25, 45. Mk. 7, 6. 29. 9, 29. Lu. 1, 24. 6, 49. 7, 44. 9, 48. 14, 30. 17, 34. Jo. 6, 51. 58. 8, 20. 10, 19. 21. 18, 15. Rom. 7, 24. II Cor. 9, 4. Skeir. VIII, b; (2) *αὐτός, he, -self,* (a) *used alone;* Mt. 5, 30. 6, 8. 7, 13. 14. 24. 8, 17. 26, 73. 27, 6. Mk. 1, 25. 10, 11. 11, 3. 15, 24. Lu. 1, 36. 2, 6. 4, 26. 15, 4. Jo. 6, 60. 17, 10. Rom. 13, 3. I Tim. 1, 18. Skeir. I, c. III, b. VI, b; (b) *w. subst.;* Mk. 6, 17. Lu. 2, 38. 10, 7. Jo. 5, 36. 14, 11. (II) *art., Gr. ὁ, ἡ, τό,* (a) *w. subst.,* (*α*) *appellatives;* Mt. 5, 15. 25. 6, 2. 23. 8, 13. 16. 31. 9, 22. 23. 36. 11, 7. 26, 72. 27, 5. 7. 15. 54. 60. Mk. 1, 34. 5, 12. 9, 20. Lu. 1, 13. 5, 3. Skeir. III, a. V, c. VI, b. VII, b. c. VIII, a. c. d; (*β*) *pr. n.* (*where the E. often omits it, especially when the pr. n. occurs alone*); Mt. 26, 69. 27, 56. 61. Mk. 1, 16. 3, 17. 6, 19. 10, 47. 15, 15. Lu. 6, 11. Jo. 18, 1. Gal. 4, 26. Skeir. VI, b; (b) *w. adj.* (*α*) *used alone;* Mt. 5, 8. 21. 37. 39. 8, 22. 9, 33. Mk. 3, 27. 7, 3. 8, 23. 13, 17. Jo. 16, 13. I Cor. 7, 15. II Cor. 5, 17. Gal. 4, 27. Eph. 6, 12. Col. 2, 7; (*β*) *qualifying a subst., in which case the art. precedes the adj. and its subst.;* Mt. 5, 26. 35. 7, 17. 27, 64. Mk. 2, 21 (sc. snaga). 9, 37. 15, 1. Lu. 3, 7. 4, 36. 43. 5, 37. 9, 26. Jo. 7, 24. 10. 3. 14 (*sc.* lamba). I Cor. 7, 26. II Cor. 1, 6. Phil. 3, 2. II Tim. 1, 5. 2, 23. Skeir. I, c. II. b. c. d. III, b. IV, d. VI, b; *or the subst. and its adj.;* Eph. 6, 13; *or stands between the subst. and its adj.;* Mt. 5, 19. 6, 11. 25, 41. Mk. 1, 26. 27. 2, 22. 4, 20. 5, 7. 13. 7, 6.

9, 25. 11, 2. Lu. 6, 6. 7, 47. I Cor. 12, 12. II Cor. 1, 6. II Tim. 3, 15; *or occurs twice, both before the subst. and its adj.;* Mk. 1, 27; *when a subst. has two qualifying adj., the art. occurs before each of them, and the subst. follows the first adj.;* Eph. 4, 22; *or the art. precedes the first adj., the subst. having the same position as in the previous case;* I Cor. 10, 3. Gal. 1, 4. Skeir. VII, d; (c) *w. rel. pron.;* Mt. 5, 32. 7, 15. 10, 33. Mk. 5, 15. 9, 1. Lu. 2, 33. 7, 43. 8, 4. Jo. 13, 20. 17, 9. Rom. 8, 5. I Cor. 15, 27. Bhil. 3, 6. Col. 3, 5. I Tim. 1, 16. II Tim. 1, 5. Skeir. I, b; (d) *w. num.,* (α) *used alone;* Mk. 4, 10. 6, 7. 10, 8. 41. 12, 22. 14, 10. Lu. 8, 2. 10, 17. 15, 4. 17, 17. I Cor. 15, 5. Eph. 2, 14. 15. 16. Phil. 1, 23; (β) *used attributively;* Mk. 8, 6. 19. Lu. 5, 7. 9, 1. 32. 19, 24. Skeir. VII, b; (e) *w. adv. or adv. phrases,* (α) *without subst.;* Mt. 25, 41. Mk. 1, 36. 5, 40. 7, 18. Lu. 6, 17. 10, 7. Jo. 8, 23. II Cor. 5, 16. Gal. 4, 23. Skeir. IV, a. VI, a; (β) *w. a subst. prec. it, the adv. phrase follg. the art.;* Mt. 5, 15. 16. 45. 48. 6, 1. 23. Mk. 4, 31. 12, 25. 13, 25. Lu. 1, 70. 5, 9. Rom. 7, 5. 8, 39. 9, 6. II Cor. 7, 14. Gal. 1, 22. I Thess. 4, 16. I Tim. 6, 3; *the adv. phrase standing between the art. and its subst.;* Mk. 1, 38. 4, 19. 5, 4. Lu. 3, 1. 9, 12. Rom. 7, 12. 11, 21. I Cor. 4, 11. II Cor. 4, 16. 8, 13. 9, 2. 12, 11. Phil. 3, 14. I Tim. 5, 23. 6, 3. Skeir. I, d. III, b; *the subst. standing between its art. and an adv. phrase;* Rom. 10, 5; (f) *w. partic.,* (α) *without subst.;* Mt. 3, 11. 5, 40. 44. 7, 13. 21. 8, 17. 10, 28. 27, 9. 47. 54. Mk. 4, 16. 5, 31. 7, 9. 12, 10. 13, 20. 22. 27. 15, 7. 28. Lu. 1, 45. 3, 14. 4, 18. 8, 34. 9, 31. 14, 17. 15, 4. 18, 7. 29. Jo. 6, 38. 10, 35. Rom. 13, 1. I Cor. 1, 24. 10, 27. 14, 22. Gal. 4, 29. Skeir. I, c. d. III, b. c. d. IV, a. b. c. V, b. VI, b. c. VIII, b. d; (β) *w. subst., the art standing between the subst. and its partic.;* Mt. 7, 13. 9, 8. 11, 23. 25, 41. Mk. 3, 22. 8, 38. 9, 43. 16, 6. Lu. 2, 21. 7, 32. 16, 21. 18, 30. 20, 20. 46. Jo. 6, 41. 51. 11, 42. Rom. 9, 30. I Cor. 7, 14. II Cor. 1, 1. 9. 3, 7. 8, 1. 19. Eph. 2, 7. 3, 7. 9. 4, 18. Col. 3, 10. 4, 10. Skeir. IV, a; *the subst. being a pr. n.;* Mt. 11, 11. 12. 27, 2. Mk. 6, 14. Lu. 1, 19. Rom. 16, 22; *the subst. being preceded by another art.;* Mt. 27, 44. Mk. 3, 3. 6, 2. 9, 42. 15, 39. Lu. 4, 22. 9, 32. 14, 24. 15, 6. Jo. 6, 27. II Cor. 1, 1. Eph. 4, 24; *the partic. standing between the art. and its subst.;* Mt. 27, 52. Mk. 15, 7. Lu. 1, 1. 3, 7. 19, 38. Jo. 6, 12. 14, 24. Rom. 7, 17. II Cor. 9, 5. 15. 11, 5.

Gal. 2, 4. I Tim. 1, 12. 18. 5, 21. Skeir. II, a. VII, d; *the partic. follg. the subst. preceded by the art.;* Mk. 5, 30. 36; (g) *w. a subst. or pron. in gen., where a subst. is easily understood;* Mt. 5, 46. 6, 7. 9, 15. Mk. 8, 33. 12, 17. Lu. 2, 49. 20, 25. Phil. 2, 4; (h) *a neuter art. may precede other words than those mentioned above, and even a whole clause regarded as a subst.;* Mk. 9, 10. 23. 10, 40. 12, 33. Lu. 1, 62. 9, 46. Rom. 13, 9. II Cor. 1, 17. 20. 7, 11. Eph. 4, 9. Phil. 1, 29. Skeir. I, a. [*This pron. refers to two Idg. stems,* sa *and* ta; *the former is found in Goth.* sa, *fem.* sô, *O. E.* sĕ, *m.,*(*chiefly art., but ocasionally and originally demonstr. prn.*), *the, Mdl. E.* sĕ, *m.,* (*S.* si), *O. N.* sá, *m.,* sú, sjá, *f., dem. prn., O. S.* se, *m., Gr.* ὁ (*for* σο), *m.,* ἡ (*for* σᾶ), *f., Skr.* sá, *m.,* sâ, *f., the; for the latter s.* þata. *Comp.* saei, sah, sahʋazuh, sai.]

Sabaíllius, *pr. n., gen.* -aus;

saban, *n., fine linen; occurs only once, in dat. sing.* sabana; Mt. 27, 59. [*Cf. O. E.* saban, *n., O. H. G.* saban, *M. H. G.* saben, *m., fine linen. From Gr.* σάβανον, *Lt.* sabanum, *a linen cloth for wiping, towel, napkin.*]

Sabaôþ, *Sabaoth, i. e. armies, hosts;* frauja Sabaôþ, κύριος Σαβαώθ, *the Lord of Sabaoth;* Rom. 9, 29. [*Cf. E.* sabaoth, *G.* sabaoth, *armies, hosts, from Hebr.* tsevá'óth, *armies, plur. of* tsává', *an army, from* tsává', *to go forth as a soldier.*]

sabbatô, *m., indeclinable, or* **sabbatus,** *m.* (120, *n.* 1), *the Sabbath;* Mk. 2, 27. 6, 2. 15, 42. Jo. 9, 14; *gen. sing.* sabbataus; Lu. 18, 12; *dat.* sabbatô; Mk. 2, 28. Lu. 6, 1. Jo. 7, 22. 23; *gen. plur.* sabbatô; Mk. 1, 21. 2, 23. 27. 3, 2. 16, 9. Lu. 4, 16. 6, 2. 5. 6. 7. 9; *or* sabbatê; Mk. 16, 1. Jo. 9, 16. I Cor. 16, 2. (*S.* afarsabbatus); *dat. plur.* sabbatum; Col. 2, 16; sabbatim; Lu. 4, 31. [*From Gr.* σάββατον, *whence also Lt.* sabbatum, *whence Mdl. E.* sabat, *Mdn. E.* sabbath, *M. H. G.* sabbat, *N. H. G.* sabbath, *all meaning 'the Sabbath'. The Gr. word is bor-rowed from Hebr.* shabbáth, *rest, sabbath-day, from* shábath, *to rest.*]

sabbatus; *s. prec. w.*

Saddukaius, *pr. n.,* Σαδδουκαῖος, *nom. plur.* -eis; Mk. 12, 18; *gen.* -ê; Lu. 20, 27.

sa-ei, *rel. pron.* (157), *m.,* sôei, *f.,* þatei (*for* þata-ei), *that, who, whosoever,* (I) *standing for,* (1) *Gr.* ὅς; Mt. 3, 11. 6, 8. 8, 4. 10, 27. 11, 10. 20. Mk. 2, 4. 26. 4, 16. 24. 6, 16. 7, 25. 10, 40. 15, 41. Jo. 6, 2. 10, 16. Rom. 9, 4. II Cor. 5, 10. Col. 4, 9. I Tim. 3, 16. Skeir. III, d. IV, a. d. V, b. VI, b. c. d. VII, a. b. c. d; (2) ὅς ἄν *w. pres. subj.,* (a) *w.*

pres. indic.; Mt. 5, 21. 22. Lu. 8, 18. 10, 22. 20, 18. Jo. 14, 13. Rom. 9, 15. I Cor. 16, 2. 3. Gal. 6, 7; (b) *w. pres. opt.* (*subj.*)*;* Lu. 10, 5. 8. 10; *so also for Gr.* ὃς ἄν *w. aor. subj.;* Mk. 9, 41. 14, 44. Lu. 9, 4. Jo. 6, 50; (3) ὅστις; Mt. 7. 24. 27, 55. Mk. 4, 20. Lu. 1, 20. 8, 26. 43; (4) ὅσος; Lu. 18, 22. Jo. 10, 41. 17, 7; (5) ὅσπερ; Mk. 15, 6; (6) οἷος; Phil. 1, 30; (7) τις; Jo. 6, 6. Eph. 5, 10; (8) εἴ τις, ἐάν τις; Jo. 3, 3. 5. 15, 6. Eph. 4, 29. Skeir. II, a. c; (9) οὗτος; Mt. 27, 46. II Cor. 12, 8. Eph. 3, 1. Tit. 1, 5; οὗτος γάρ; Eph. 5, 6; (10) *the Gr. art. w.* (a) *pres. partic.,* (*α*) *w. pres. indic.;* Mt. 6, 4. 11, 8. Lu. 10, 23. 19, 29. I Thess. 4, 5. Skeir. I, b; (*β*) *w. pres. opt.;* Mt. 11, 15. I Cor. 10, 25; (*γ*) *w. pret. indic.;* Mt. 11, 14. Mk. 10, 32. Lu. 6, 3. Gal. 2, 2; (*δ*) *pret. opt.;* Eph. 4, 28; (b) *fut. partic.;* Jo. 6, 64; (c) *pret. partic.;* Lu. 14, 10. 18, 9. Jo. 14, 9. (d) *aor. partic.,* (*α*) *w. pres. indic.;* Mt. 10, 39. Lu. 20, 35; (*β*) *w. pret. indic.;* Mk. 5, 16. 18. Lu. 2, 17. 9, 17. 17, 9. Jo. 11, 2. I Cor. 7, 22. Col. 1, 25; (e) *adj.;* Jo. 8, 29. Col. 1, 10; (f) *adv.;* Phil. 3, 14. Col. 3, 1. 4, 9. I Thess. 4, 12; (g) *adj. w. adv.;* Jo. 9, 13. Lu. 16, 10; (h) *subst.;* Mt. 6, 12; (i) *prep. w. its case;* Mt. 10, 32. Lu. 5, 7. 9, 61. 17, 31. Eph. 4, 6. Col. 3, 2. 5. 4, 13. II Tim. 1, 15. (II) *When a rel. clause contains two v., both may occur in the indic. mood;* Jo. 6, 54. 56. 8, 50. 12, 48. I Cor. 11, 29. Skeir. I, a; *or the first is found in the indic. and the second in the opt.* (*subj.*)*;* Mt. 5, 19. 10, 38. Lu. 14, 27. (III) *The rel.* saei *is often preceded by the dem.* (*art.*) sa; Mt. 10, 32. Mk. 5, 15. Lu. 1, 4. 2, 33. 8, 4. 9, 61. Jo. 9, 13. Rom. 8, 5. 11, 22. Gal. 4, 8. Phil. 3, 14. Col. 3, 2. 5. 10. 4, 13. I Thess. 4, 12. 14. II Tim. 2, 19. (IV) *The rel.* saei *is generally assimilated to the case of its antecedent;* Lu. 2, 20. II Cor. 13, 10; *when the antecedent would be a dem. pron., it is often omitted;* Mk. 7, 5. 15, 12. Lu. 3, 13. 6, 34. 9, 36. 17, 27. 29. 18, 12. Jo. 6, 29. 7, 31. 11, 6. I Cor. 2, 3. 8, 11. 12, 6. 17. Col. 1, 24. 3, 2. 4, 16. II Tim. 2, 4. 3, 14. Philem. 21. — saei *is prob. used as a dem. in* Mt. 27, 46. I Cor. 10, 17. 28. Eph. III, 1. 5, 6; *and especially in* Tit. 1, 5. (*S. Bernh., glossary.*) — *For* þatei, þizei, þammei, *used as conj., s.* þatei. — *From* sa *and the relative particle* ei, *q. v.*

sagqjan (saggqjan; *so in B*), *w. v., to cause to sink;* I Tim. 6, 9. — *Compd.* uf-s., *to swallow up;* I Cor. 15, 54. [*Caus. of* sigqan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* sencan (*caus. of* sincan, *pret.* sanc, *whence* *sancjan, *whence* sencan, *by* i-*uml. of* a *and loss of* j

after the long closed syllable sanc), *Mdl. E.* senke, *Mdn. E.* *senk (*for which* sink; *s.* sigqan), *O. S.* senkian, *O. H. G.* senchen, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* senken, *to sink* (*tr.*) — *Der. O. H. G.* senchil (*w. instr. suff.* -l), *m., anchor, draw-net, M. H. G.* senkel, *m., plummet, anchor, draw-net, N. H. G.* senkel, *m., plummet. Comp. follg. w.*]

saggqs, *m.? or* **saggq,** *n?., a sinking, setting* (*of the sun; hence*), *the west;* Mt. 8, 11. — *From root of* sigqan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

saggws, *m.* (101), *song, singing;* Eph. 5, 19. Col. 3, 16. Lu. 15, 25 (*for Gr.* συμφωνία, *musik*); saggws bôkô, *reading;* I Tim. 4, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* sang, sǫng (ǫ *for* a *before the nasal* n), *m. n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* song, *O. N.* söngr, *O. S. O. H. G.* sang, *m., M. H. G.* sanc (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* sang, *m., song,* gesang, *m., singing, song; From root of* siggwan, *q. v.*]

sa-h, *dem. pron.* (154), *m.,* sô-h, *f.,* þat-uh (*for* þata-uh), *n., and this, and that, and he, this, that, the same, he, who, which* (καὶ αὐτός, καὶ οὗτος, καὶ ἐκεῖνος, αὐτός, οὗτος, ἐκεῖνος, ὅς), (1) *referring to a preceding rel. clause;* Mt. 5, 19. Mk. 6, 16. 12, 10. Jo. 5, 37. 38. 7, 18. 10, 1. 12, 49. Phil. 3, 7. Skeir. VI, d; *so* I, c, *where the rel. clause is represented by a partic. preceded by the art.* (2) *follg. some other antecedent;* Mt. 27, 44. 58. Mk. 16, 10. Lu. 1, 32. 2, 38. 3, 16. Jo. 6, 27. 8, 40. 10, 3. 14, 8. Phil. 2, 23; *so often as a connective before accessory clauses;* Mt. 27, 57. Lu. 2, 36. 37. 8, 41. 16, 20. 17, 12. 16. 19, 2. Jo. 18, 26. I Cor. 15, 1. Philem. 11. — sah *occurs often with* þan; Mt. 3, 11. Ln. 2, 2. 37. Jo. 6, 6. 40. 7, 9. 39. 8, 35. 12, 6. 16. 33. 13, 28. 17, 3. 18, 10. 15. 40. Rom. 12, 4. I Cor. 7, 6. 9, 23. 12, 11. 12. II Cor. 1, 17. 4, 15. 9, 6. 12, 19. Eph. 4, 9. I Thess. 4, 15. I Tim. 2, 3. Skeir. II b. III, a. V, a. VIII, a. c. — *Contracted from* sa, sô, þata, *and the enclitic* -uh, *q. v.*

***sahtjan,** *w. v., in* **ga-fri-sahtjan;** *s.* *frisahtjan. — *Comp. follg. w.*

***sahtnan,** *w. v., in* **ga-fri-sahtnan;** *s.* *frisahtnan. — *Correlative to* *sahtjan, *q. v. Comp. also follg. w.*

***sahts,** *f., in* fri-, ga-, in-sahts, *q. v.* [*From root of* sakan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* saht, sæht, *f.* (*whence* sahtlian, *Mdl. E.* sahtle, *to reconcile, whence, by confusion w.* setle, *Mdn. E.* settle (*as, a dispute; so Sk. S.* settle, *under* sitls)), *Mdl. E.* sahte, sæhte, saughte, *reconciliation, peace, O. N.* sátt *and* sætt, *f., agreement. — Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***sahts,** *adj., in* ***unsahts,** *whence* unsahtaba, *q. v.* [*From root of* sakan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ta.

Cf. O. E. saht, sæht, *Mdl. E.* saht, saught, *adj., reconciled. Comp. prec. w.*]

sa-ƕaz-uh, *indef. rel.* (164, *n.* 1.— *Bernh. suggests* sa ƕazuh; *s. his glossary, under* ƕazuh) *folld. by* (I) saei (*q. v.*); saƕazuh saei (*only nom. sing. m. occurs*), (1) *w. pres. indic.: whosoever, lit. 'every one that',* (a) *for Gr.* πᾶς ὅστις *w. pres. indic.;* Mt. 7, 24; *or fut. indic.;* Mt. 10, 32; *or* ὃς ἐάν *w. aor. subj.;* Mk. 10, 11. 43. Lu. 7, 23. 9, 48; *or* πᾶς ὁ *w. partic.;* Lu. 18, 14; (2) *w. pres. opt., for Gr.* ὅστις ἄν *w. pres. subj.;* Gal. 5, 10. (II) izei; saƕazuh izei *w. pres. indic.: whosoever, for Gr.* πᾶς ὁ *w. partic.;* 'Jo. 16. 2. 19, 12; *neut.* þataƕah *folld. by* þei (*q. v.*)*: whatsoever; w. pres. opt., for Gr.* ὃ ἐάν *w. pres. subj.;* Jo. 15, 7; *or* ὅ, τι ἄν *w. aor. subj.;* Jo. 15, 16. — *From* sa *and* ƕazuh, *q. v.*

sai, *adv.* (219; 204, *n.* 2), *see! behold! lo!,* (1) *for Gr.* ἴδε; Mk. 2, 24. 11, 21. 15, 4. 16, 6. Jo. 7, 26. 11, 3. 36. 12, 19. 16, 29. 19, 4. Skeir. I, b. IV, a. (2) ἰδέ; Gal. 5, 2. (3) ἰδού; Mt. 8, 2. 24. 29. 32. 34. Mk. 1, 2. 3, 32. 34. 4, 3. Lu. 1, 31. 36. 38. Jo. 12, 15. 16, 32. Rom. 9, 33. I Cor. 15, 51. II Cor. 5, 17. 6, 2. 9. 12, 14. Gal. 1, 20. (4) ἴδετε; Gal. 6, 11. (5) *added in Goth.;* Mk. 10, 23. (sijai, ἔστω; **sai** *in AB;* II Cor. 12, 16). — sai nu (ἴδε νῦν), *see now, behold now, now, therefore, now therefore;* Mt. 26, 65. (ἴδε οὖν); Rom. 11, 22. (ἄρα οὖν); Eph. 2, 19; nu sai (*vvvi*), *now, now therefore;* Rom. 7, 6. II Cor. 8, 11. Eph. 2, 13. (νῦν); Gal. 4, 9; sai jau ainshun (μή τις, *num quis*); *here a negative answer is expected in a direct question, and* sai jau (*q. v.*) *has no corresponding term in English;* Jo. 7, 48. Skeir. VIII, c; untê sai ὅτι νῦν), *for now;* I Thess. 3, 8; suns sai (εὐθέως); *immediately;* Mk. 1, 12 (Löbe *unnecessarily suggests* sunsaiw (*q. v.*). [*An extended form of demonstr. stem* sa (*s.* sa), *by the Idg. part.* ĭd (*S. Osth., PB., Beitr., VIII, 311 et seq.*), *which is attached to make a word emphatic. Cf. O. H. G.* sê (*contracted from* sai; *also intensified by* nu), *M. H. G.* sê, *interj., see! behold! Further O. Ind.* sêd (*from* so-id), *this very man; and, similarly, Gr.* οὗτοσί, *th. s. Comp. also Sievers, Angelsaechsische Grammatik, p. 116* (*Engl. edition by Cook, p. 169*).]

saian (saijan; 22, *n.* 1), *red. v.* (22; 182), *to sow,* (1) *without obj.;* Mt. 6. 26. Mk. 4, 4. II Cor. 9, 6. (2) *w. acc.* (*becomes nom. in pass.;* Mk. 4, 14. 15. 32. Lu. 19, 21. 22. Gal. 6, 7. (3) *w. instr.* (fraiwa); Mk. 4, 3. Lu. 8, 5. — *Folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 4, 16. 20; *or acc.;*

Mk. 4, 31; — *or* in *with dat.;* Gal. 6, 8; *or acc.;* Mk. 4, 18. — *Pres. partic.* saiands, *used as a subst.;* II Cor. 9, 10. — *Compd.* in-s. *w. acc.* (*nom. in pass.*) *folld. by* in *w. dat.;* Mk. 4, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* sâwan (*beside* sæ̂wan; *the* w *between the two vowels being a secondary development*), *red. v., Mdl. E.* sâwe, sǫ̊we, *red. v., Mdn. E.* sow, *O. N.* sá, *O. S.* sâian, *w. v., O. H. G.* sâjan, *w. v.* (*orig. str.:* sâan, sâen, *beside* sâhen, sâwen, sân; *comp. Br., A. Gr., p. 240; 245; 82; 78*), *M. H. G.* sæjen, sæn, *N. H. G.* säen, *w. v., to sow. From Germanic and Indg. root* sê, *to sow; comp. Lt.* sê *in* sê-vi, *pret. of* serere, *to sow. S.* *sêþs.]

saíhs, *indecl. num.* (141), *six;* Mk. 9, 2. Lu. 4, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* seox (*by breaking before x, i, e.* hs), *whence* siex, six, syx (*by palatal uml.*), sex (*North.*), *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* six, *O. N.* sex, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* sehs, *N. H. G.* sechs, *six, primitive Idg.* seks (*and* sweks); *comp. Gr.* ἕξ, *Skr.* šaš, *O. Bulg.* šestĭ, *six, Lt.* sex, *whence* sêni (*for* *sexni), *six apiece, whence* senarius, *adj., consisting of six each, whence Mdn. E.* senary, *belonging to six.* — *Comp. follg. w.*]

saíhsta, *ord. num.* (164), *sixth;* Mt. 27, 45. Mk. 15, 33. Lu. 1, 26. 36. [*Cf. O. E.* sixta, siexta, syxta, (*North.* seista, sesta, sexta), *Mdl. E.* sixte (siste, seste), *Mdn. E.* sixth (th *by analogy w. the numerals w. regular* th; *in the combination* st, *the* t *remained unchanged*), *O. N.* sette, -i, *O. S.* sehsto, *O. H. G.* sehsto, *M. H. G.* sehste, *N. H. G.* sechste, *sixth, Lt.* sextus, *Gr.* ἕκτος, *Skr.* šaṣṭhás, *sixth.* — *Comp. prec. w.*]

saíhvan, *str. v.* (34, *n.* 1; 176, *n.* 1), *to see, look, behold, take heed, take heed to,* (1) *abs.;* Mt. 6, 4. 6. 18. Mk. 4, 12. 13, 23. Lu. 8, 10. Jo, 6, 30. 9, 7. 15. 19. 21. 25. 39. 11, 34. (2) *w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 28. 11, 7. 8. 9. Mk. 4, 24. 5, 22. 32. Lu. 2, 15. 26. 30. 8, 16. 35. 10, 23. 24. 14, 18. 20, 37. Jo. 6, 26. 40. 46. 7, 3. 8, 57. 9, 8. 11, 45. 12, 9. 41. 45. 14, 17. 19. 16, 10. 16. 17. 19. 22. 17, 24. 18, 26. 19, 6. I Cor. 9, 1. 10, 18. 16, 7. II Cor. 10, 7. Col. 2, 18. 4, 17. I Tim. 6, 16. Skeir. VI, d. (3) *w. double acc.;* Mt. 25, 38. 39. 44; *the second acc. being a partic.;* Mk. 5, 31. 9, 38. (4) *folld. by* du sis missô (*one on another*); Jo 13, 22; *or* faúra *w. dat.* (*to beware of*): Mk. 12, 38 (*s. note*); *or* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 12, 14; *or* þaírh *w. acc.;* I Cor. 13, 12. (5) *w.* aftra (*back*); Lu. 9, 62; *or* faírraþrô (*afar, afar off*); Mt. 27, 55. Mk. 5, 6. 15, 40. (6) *folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Mt. 5, 28; *or an indir. question;* Mk. 4, 24. 5, 14. Lu. 8, 18. II Cor. 7, 11; *the interrog. clause*

being indicated by the interrog. particle -u *attached to the verb* (qimai); Mt. 27, 49. Mk. 15, 36; *or a clause introduced by* þatei; Jo. 6, 22. 7, 52. 9, 8. 12, 19. Skeir. VIII, d; *or* ei; Mt. 8, 4. 9, 30. Mk. 1, 44. 8, 15. I Cor. 16, 10; *or* ibai; Gal. 5, 15. — *S.* unsaíhvands. — *Compds.* (a) and-s. *w. acc., to look at, regard, consider;* Lu. 20, 21. Gal. 6. 1 (*in A*). (b) at-s., (1) *w. gen.: to take heed to;* I Tim. 1, 4. 4, 1. Tit. 1, 14. (2) *folld. by* du *w. dat., th. s.;* I Tim. 4, 16; *or* faúra *w. dat.: to beware of;* Mt. 7, 15. Lu. 20, 46. (3) ats. sis (*or* sik?) *w. gen.: beware of;* Mk. 8, 15. (4) *w. acc.: to consider;* Gal. 6, 1 (*in B*). 5. (5) *w. inf.: take heed* (*that*)*;* Mt, 6, 1. (c) bi-s. (1) *abs., to look round about;* Mk. 10, 23. (2) *w. acc., to look round about on;* Mk. 3, 34. 11, 11; *to perceive;* Lu. 20, 23. (3) *w. gen., to have regard for, provide;* Rom. 12, 17. (d) ga-s. *w. acc.* (*sometimes implied*)*: to see, behold;* Mt. 5, 16. 6, 16 *and* 18 (*pass.: to appear*). 8, 18. 34. 9, 2. 8. 22, 36. 11, 4. 26, 71. 27, 42. 54. Mk. 2, 5. 12. 3; 11. 5, 16. 38. 8, 18. 23. 24. 25. 33. 9, 9. 15. 20. 10, 14. 12, 15. 28, 14, 69. 15, 32. 16, 7. 11 (*pret. partic. nom.*). Lu. 1, 12. 22. 2, 17. 20. 29. 48. 3, 6. 5, 12. 20. 26. 7, 13. 22. 39. 44. 8, 10. 20. 28. 34. 36. 9, 9. 27. 31 (*pret. partic.: appearing*). 32. 36. 47. 54. 10, 24. 14, 29. 15, 20. 16, 23. 17, 22. 18, 15. 43. 19, 3. 7. 41. 20, 13. 14. Jo. 6, 2. 14. 36. 8, 51. 56. 9, 37. 11, 9. 32, 40. 41. 12, 6. 21. 14, 7. 9. 15, 24. 16, 16. 17. 19. I Cor. 15, 6 (*pret. partic. nom.*). II Cor. 4, 18 (*pret. partic. nom. pl.: the things seen*). 12, 6. Phil. 1, 27. 2, 23. 28. Col. 1, 16 (*pret. partic.: visible*). I Thess. 2, 17. 3, 6. 10. II Tim. 1, 4. Skeir. I, a. II, a. IV, c. VI, d; — *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* Jo. 8, 38. IV, d; *or* bi *w. acc.* (sik); Mt. 8, 18. 9, 14; *or* in *w. dat.;* Phil. 1, 30. 4, 9. — *w. two acc., the second being an adj.;* Mk. 11, 20; *or a partic.;* Mt. 8, 14. 9, 9. 23. Mk. 1, 10. 16. 19. 2, 14. 16. 5, 15. 7, 2. 8, 24. 9, 1. 11, 13. 13, 26. 14, 62, 67. 16, 5. Lu. 5, 2. 27. 9, 49. 10, 18. 18, 24. Jo. 6, 19. 10, 12. 11, 33. Rom. 7, 23. I Cor. 8, 10; *or inf.;* Mk. 13, 29. Jo. 6, 62; *or a clause introduced by* þatei; Mt. 27, 3. Mk. 9, 25. 12, 28. 34. 15, 39. Lu. 8, 47. 53. Jo. 6, 24. 11, 31. II Cor. 7, 8. Gal. 2, 7. 14. Skeir. II, c.; *or an indir. question;* Phil. 2, 23. — *S.* ungasaíhvans. (e) in-s., (1) *abs.: to look round about;* Mk. 9, 8; *to look;* Mk. 16, 4; (2) *folld. by* du *w. dat.: to behold, look upon;* Mt. 6, 26. Mk. 10, 21. 27. 14, 67. Lu. 9, 38. 20, 17; *to regard;* Lu. 1, 48; *to look up to;* Lu. 9, 16; *or inf.;* Lu. 1, 25; *or* iup; Lu.

19, 5 (*to look up*). (f) þaírh-s. *w. acc.; to see through, behold as in a glass;* II Cor. 3, 18. (g) us-s. (1) *abs.: to regain one's sight;* Mt. 11, 5. Lu. 7, 22. Mk. 8, 24. 25. 10, 51. 52. 18, 41. 42. 43. Jo, 9, 11. 15. 18. (2) *w. acc.: to look on;* Mk. 3, 5. Lu. 6, 10. (3) *folld. by* du *w. dat.: to look up;* Mk. 7, 34. [*Cf. O. E.* (ȝe-) sêon (*contracted from* *se-on, *from* *se-hwon (hw *being dropped before a vowel*), *Mdl. E.* sê, *Mdn. E.* see, *O. N.* sjá, *O. S. O. H. G.* sehan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* sehen. *From Germanic root* sehw (segw, sew; *cf. O. E. pret. sing.* seah (ea *for* a, *by breaking before* h), *plur.* sâwon, sǽȝon, *pret. partic.* sewen, sawen) *answers formally to pre-Germanic root* seq, *in Lt.* sequi, *to follow, Gr.* ἕπεσθαι (*For Germanic* hw = *Lt.* qu, *Gr.* κ, π, *s.* hwas), *to follow, Skr.* sac, *to conduct, accompany, promote.* (*S. Kl.*, sehen). — *Der. O. E.* siht, ȝe-siht, *n.* (-e, *f.?*), *commonly* sihð, ȝesihð (*For* hð, *s. v. B., p. 68*), *Mdl. E.* sight, *Mdn. E.* sight, *O. H. G.* siht, gi-siht, *f., sight, aspect, dream, M. H. G.* siht, *f., sight, vision, dream, aspect,* gesiht, *f.,* gesihte, gesiht, *n., sight, aspect, face, N. H. G.* sicht, *f., sight,* gesicht, *n., face, sight, vision.* — *Comp.* siuns, *siuns.]

***sailjan,** *w. v., to cord, in* **insailjan;** *occurs only once:* insailidêdun þata badi jah fralailôtun, *they let down the bed with cords, lit. 'they tied the bed to cords and let (it) down';* Mk. 2, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* sǽlan (æ *from* â, *for Germanic* ai, *by* i-*uml.; the* j *after* l *being dropped after a long closed syllable*), *to tie, bind, fatter, fasten, O. Fris.* sêla, *to bind, M. H. G. N. H. G.* seilen, *to fasten with ropes or cords.* [*From a subst. seen in O. E.* sâl (*Goth.* *sail), *m., Mdl. E.* sâl, sǫ̂l, *rope, cord, O. N.* seil, *O. S.* sêl, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* seil, *n., rope, cord. From root* sī, *to bind, and instrumental suff.* -la, *whence also O. H. G.* silo, *m., M. H. G.* sile, sil, *m. n. f., rope, strap, N. H. G.* sille, *f.,* sill, *n., tether. Further cognates from root* sī: *O. E.* sîma (*w.* m-*suff.*), *m., O. N.* sími, *m., O. S.* sî-mo, *m., rope, cord, Skr.* sêtu, *band, fetter, Gr.* ἱ-μάς, *m., leather strap, etc.; s. Osth., M. U., IV, 133, 143, 154.*]

Saíllaum, *pr. n.,* Σελλούμ; *gen.* -is; Ezra 2, 42.

Saímaíein, *pr. n.,* Σεμεείν; *gen.* -ís; Lu. 3, 26.

sainjan, *w. v., to delay, wait, tarry;* I Tim. 3, 15. [*Cf. O. H. G.* *seinjan, *M. H. G.* seinen. *From an adj. seen in O. E.* sǽne (*Goth.* *sains), *slow, slack, lazy, negligent, O. N.* seinn, *lazy, slow, late, M. H. G.* seine, *slow, lazy, also adv., slowly, lazily. From root* sī-, *to hesitate, whence also the second*

component of O. H. G. langseim (*S.* laggs), *M. H. G.* lancseim, *adj., slow. Allied to* *seiþs, seiþus, *q. v.*]

sáir, *n.* (20, *n.* 2; 94), *sorrow;* I Tim. 6, 10; *travail;* I Thess. 5, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* sâr, *n., pain, Mdl. E.* sâr, sǫ̊r, *Mdn. E.* sore, *O. N.* sár, *n., wound, O. S.* sêr, *n., pain, O. H. G. M. H. G.* sêr, *n., pain. Prop. neuter adj. used as a subst; comp. O. E.* sâr (*Goth.* *sairs), *adj., painful, Mdl. E.* sâr, sǫ̊r, *Mdn. E.* sore, *O. N.* sárr, *painful, wounded, O. S. O. H. G.* sêr, *painful, M. H. G.* sêr, *sore, wounded, injured, painful, whence, respectively, O. S. O. H. G.* sêro, *adv., painfully, M. H. G.* sêre, *painfully, very, badly, N. H. G.* sehr, *very; and O. E.* sârigʒ (*w. suff.* -igʒ, *for* egʒ, *from* -ag, *Goth.* -aga-, *not from* -îgʒ, *Goth.* -eigʒa-; *in this case the word would be* sârigʒ, *by* i-*uml.; comp.* audags), *Mdl. E.* sǫ̊ri, *Mdn. E.* sorry (rr *by influence of* sorrow; *s.* saúrga; ǒ *for* ô *before the sonant* r); *and M. H. G.* sêren, *to make painful, to injure, wound; compd.* ver-sêren, *th. s., N. H. G.* versehren, *to hurt, injure, sear.*]

Saínnaa, *pr. n.; so in some editions, for the correct* Aínnaa, *q. v. Comp. note to the text.*

Saírôk, *pr. n.,* Σερούχ; *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 35.

saiwala, *f.* (97), (ψυχή), *soul, life;* Mt. 6, 25. 10, 28. 39. Mk. 3, 4. 8, 35. 36. 37. 10, 45. 12, 30 33. Lu. 1, 46. 2, 35. 6, 9. 9, 24. 10, 27. 14, 26. 17, 33. Jo. 10, 11. 15. 17, 24. 12, 25. 27, 13, 37. 38. 15, 13. Rom. 13, 1. II Cor. 1, 23. 12, 15. Phil. 1, 27. 2, 30. Col. 3, 23. I Thess. 5, 23. Skeir. II, d. IV, b. [*Cf. O. E.* sâwel (-ol, -ul), sâwl, sâul (*the vowel of the final syllable being syncopated in the inflectional syllables after the long vowel* â: *gen.* sâwle, *for* sâwele; *the nom.* sâwl *is due to the influence of these syncopated forms*), *f., Mdl. E.* sâwle, sâule, sǫ̊ule, *Mdn. E.* soul, *O. N.* sála, sál, *f., O. S.* sĕola, *f., O. H. G.* sêla (sĕula), *M. H. G.* sêle, *N. H. G.* seele, *f., soul. N. H. G.* seele *is not cognate w. the adj.* selig (*s.* sêls), *nor with the suff.* -selig (*s.* swartizl). — *Comp.* samasaiwals.]

saiws, *m.* (101, *n.* 1), *sea, lake;* Lu. 5, 1. 2; *marsh;* Neap. doc. [*Cf. O. E.* sǽ, *m.* (*gen.* sǽs, *dat.* sǽ, *gen. pl.* sǽwa), *f.* (*gen. dat.* sǽ, *and* sǽwe; *final* w *disappears after the long vowel* ǽ, *from* â=*Germanic* ai, *by* i-*uml; stem* saiwi-), *Mdl. E.* sê, *Mdn. E.* sea, *O. N.* sær, *m., O. S.* sêo, *m., O. H. G.* sêo (o *from final* w; ê=*Germanic* ai, *before* w, *etc.*), sê (*comp.* snaiws), *m., sea, lake, M. H. G.* sê, *m. f., sea, lake, N. H. G.* see, *m., lake, f., sea.* — *Comp.* marisaiws.]

Saíxaíneia, *pr. n.,* Σεχενία; *gen.* -ins; Neh. 6, 18.

sakan, *str. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to strive;* II Tim. 2, 24; *folld. by* miþ sis missô (*among themselves*); Jo. 6, 52; *w. dat.: to rebuke;* Mk. 10, 13. Lu. 19, 39. — *Compds.* (a) and-s., *to argue against, speak against;* Lu. 2, 34 (*S.* unandsakans). (b) ga-s. (1) *without obj.: to reprove, rebuke;* II Tim. 4, 2. (2) *w. dat., th. s.;* Mt. 8, 26. Mk. 4, 39. Lu. 4, 39. 41. 8, 24. 9, 55. 17, 3. Skeir. V, b. (3) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*): *to reprove, rebuke, convince;* I Cor. 14, 24. I Tim. 5, 20. Tit. 1, 9. 13. Skeir. IV, d. VII, a; *to stop one's mouth;* Tit. 1, 11. *and folld. by* bi *w. acc.: to reprove, convince;* Lu. 3, 19. Jo. 8, 46. 16, 8. (c) in-s., *to suggest, put in mind of, point out,* (1) *w. acc.;* Skeir. IV, c. d. V, a.; *to contend;* Skeir. VIII, c. (2) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: to put in mind of;* I Tim. 4, 6; *to add to* (ana *is adv.: in addition, besides*); Gal. 2, 6. (d) us-s. *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: to expound thoroughly or in detail, communicate to;* Gal. 2, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* sacan (*and in compds.*), *to fight, contend, struggle, Mdl. E.* *sake (*in compds.*), *O. S.* sakan, *to rebuke, O. H. G.* sahhan, *to rebuke, reprove, litigate. From root* sak, *to contend, litigate. S. follg. w., also* *sahts (*subst. and adj.*); sakuls; sôkareis, sôkeins, sôkjan, sôkns, *sôks.]

sakjô, *f.* (35), *strife;* II Tim. 2, 23. [*From* sakan *and suff.* -jôn. *Cf. O. E.* sæcc (jâ-*stem;* cc *for* c, *by the usual West Germanic gemination before* j), *f., strife, contest,* sacu (â-*stem*), *f., persecution, strife, hostility, Mdl. E.* sake, *dispute, strife, fault, guilt, cause, Mdn. E.* sake, *O. N.* sök, *f., charge, crime, O. S.* saka, *f., O. H. G.* sahha, *M. H. G.* sache, *f., strife, contest, litigation, affair, cause, N. H. G.* sache, *f., thing, matter, affair, cause.* — *Compds.* (*in which the orig. meaning of root* sak, *to strive, fight, contest in law, is preserved*): *O. E.* wiðersæc, *n., opposition, strife,* wiðersaca (*For* wiðer, *s.* wiþra), *m., Mdl., E.* wiðersake, *adversary, O. H. G.* widersahho, *M. H. G.* widersache, *an opponent in a judicial contest, an opponent in general, an adversary, beside* widersacher, *an adversary, N. H. G.* widersacher, *m., opponent, adversary, enemy.* — *M. H. G.* sachwalte *and* -walter (*For the second component, s.* waldan), *m., N. H. G.* sachwalter, *m., attorney, counsel, solicitor, protector. For further cognates, s.* sôkjan, *and prec. w.*]

sakkus, *m.* (58, *n.* 1), *sack, sackcloth;* Mt. 11, 21. Lu. 10, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* sæcc, *m., Mdl. E.* sak (*pl.* sackes), *Mdn. E.* sack, *O. N.* sekkr, *m., O. H. G.* sac (*gen.* sacches), *M. H. G.* sac (*gen.*

sackes), *N. H. G.* sack, *m.*, *Du.* zak, *sack. All from Lt.* saccus (*whence also Ital.* sacco, *Fr.* sac, *sack*), *from Gr.* σάκκος, *from Hebr.* saq, *sack-cloth, sack for corn. Lt.* saccus, *sack, Vulg. Lt.* saccus, *a garment, purse, is the source of Vulg. Lt.* saccare, *to put into a bag, whence Fr.* sac, *ruin, spoil, whence Mdn. E.* sack, *to plunder. To Lt.* saccellum, *dim. of* saccus, *refers O. Fr.* sachel, *whence Mdl. E.* sachel, *Mdn. E.* satchel.]

sakuls, *adj., contentious, quarrelsome;* ni sakuls, *not quarrelsome* (*E. version: 'not a brawler', G. version: 'nicht streitsuechtig', Gr. version:* ἄμαχος); I Tim. 3, 3. — *From* sakan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* u-la.

Salam, *pr. n.,* Σαλά; *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 35.

Salaþiêl, *pr. n.,* Σαλαθιήλ; *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 27.

salbôn, *w. v.* (189), *to salve, anoint; w. acc.;* Mt. 6, 17. Mk. 14, 8. II Cor. 1, 21; *and instr.;* Lu. 7, 46. Jo. 11, 2. — *Compd.* ga-s., *th. s.; w. acc.;* Mk. 16, 1. Lu. 4, 18. Jo. 12, 3; *and instr.;* Mk. 6, 13. Lu. 7, 38. 46. [*Cf. O. E.* sealfian (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* salfe, salve, *Mdn. E.* salve, *O. S.* salbôn, *O. H. G.* salbôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* salben, *to salve, anoint. From Goth.* *salba, *O. E.* sealf, *f., Mdl. E.* salfe, salve, *Mdn. E.* salve, *O. S.* salba, *O. H. G.* salba, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* salbe, *f., salve, unguent, ointment. Probably allied to Gr.* ἔλπος, *oil,* ἔλφος, *butter, Skr.* sarpís, *n., lard. — Comp. follg. w.*]

salbôns, *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *salve, ointment;* Jo. 12, 3. — *From* salbôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ô-ni.

saldra, *f., jesting;* Eph. 5, 4. — *Etymology unknown. Comp. L. M., p. 125, and Dief. 1, p. 187.*

saliþwa, *f., occurs only in plur.,* **saliþwôs,** *mansion, abode;* Jo. 14, 2. 23; *guest-chamber;* Mk. 14, 14; *lodging;* Philem. 22. [*From* *sali- (*S.* saljan, *below*) *and suff.* -þwô, *Indg.* -twâ. *Cf. O. E.* selð (*for* *salið, *by* i-*uml., from* *saliðu *for* *saliðwu), *f., O. S.* seliða, *f., O. H. G.* selida, selda, *M. H. G.* selde, *abode, lodging, mansion. In West-Germanic,* w *often disappeared after consonants* (*except* l, r; *s. Br. A. Gr., p. 78*). *Allied to O. Bulg.* selitva, *f., dwelling,* selo, *n., dwelling, ground. S. follg. w.*]

saljan, *w. v., to dwell, abide, lodge, tarry, remain;* Mk. 6, 10. Lu. 9, 4. 12. Jo. 10, 40. 11, 6; *folld. by* at *w. dat.;* I Cor. 16, 6. 7. 19; *or* in *w. dat.;* I Tim. 1, 3. — *Compd.* us-s., *to stay as a guest, be guest;* Lu. 19, 7. [*From a subst. seen in O. E.* sæl (æ *for* a *in a closed syllable*), *n., also* sele (i-*stem;* e *for* æ, *by* i-*uml.*), *m.*,

room, house, hall, O. N. salr, *m., O. S.* seli, *m., room, house, O. H. G. M. H. G.* sal (*whence Mdl. Lt.* sala, *whence O. Fr.* sale, *Mdn. Fr.* salle, *Ital.* sala), *m. n., house, hall, drawing-room, N. H. G.* saal, *m., hall, saloon, drawing-room. Orig.* *saloz, *saliz, *n.; cf. O. E.* salor (r *from medial* z, *by rotacism*). *Allied to Lt.* solum, *soil,* solea, *sill, soil, ground, whence O. Fr.* soel, suel, sueil, *threshold of a door, whence Mdl. E.* soile, *Mdn. E.* soil, *ground, country. — To O. H. G.* sal *refers the compd.* gisellio (*for* *giselljo, *w. suff.* -jan, *and gemination of* l *before* j *which changed the orig.* a *into* e; *here the pref.* ge- *denotes 'being together with'; s.* ga-, *and for similar compds.,* gahlaiba, gajuka, gasinþja), *M. H. G.* geselle, *N. H. G.* gesell(e), *m., companion, comrade, journeyman, prop. 'hall-mate', der. M. H. G.* gesellec, *associate, joint, N. H. G.* geselllig (*w. suff.* -ig), *social, sociable, familiar. — Comp. prec. w.*]

saljan, *w. v., to bring an offering, to sacrifice,* (1) *abs.:* du saljan (*Engl. version: 'to burn incense', G. version:* 'das räuchopfer darbringen', *Gr. version: 'θυμιᾶσαι'*); Lu. 1, 9. (2) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*); Mk. 14, 12. I Cor. 10, 20; *and dat.* (*indir. obj.*): þatei galiugam saljada, *that which is sacrificed to idols;* I Cor. 10. 19. 20. hunsla saljan (guþa), *to offer a sacrifice, do service;* Jo. 16, 2. — *Compd.* ga-s. *w. acc. and dat.* (*indir. obj.*); I Cor. 8, 10. 10, 28. Skeir. I, a. [*Cf. O. E.* sellan (*for* *selljan, *from* *saljan; e *for* a, *by* i-*uml;* ll *for* l, *by gemination before* j), *beside* siellan, sillan, syllan (ie, i, y, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml., from* a, *by breaking before* ll), *to give, give over, spend, expend, Mdl. E.* selle, *Mdn. E.* sell, *O. N.* selja, *O. S.* sellian, *to give, O. H. G.* sellan, *M. H. G.* sellen, *to give, give over. All from a subst. seen in O. N.* sala, *f.,* sal, *n., a sale, bargain, whence Mdl. E.* sale, *Mdn. E.* sale; *further in O. H. G.* sala, *M. H. G.* sale, sal, *f., a transfer of an estate,* sal, *m., bequest, legacy, N. H. G.* sal-, *in* salbuch (*For* buch, *s.* bôk), *n., a land-book, land-register, M. H. G.* salbuoch, *n., a register-book, cartulary.*]

Salmôn, *pr. n.,* *Σαλμών; gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 32.

Salômê, *pr. n.,* *Σαλώμη;* Mk. 15, 40. 16, 1.

salt, *n., salt;* Mk. 9, 49. 50. Lu. 14, 34. Col. 4, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* sealt (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *n., Mdl. E.* salt, *Mdn. E.* salt, *O. N.* salt, *n., O. S.* salt, *n., O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* salz, *n., Du.* zout, *Eff.* sâlz, *n., salt. Orig. adjectives, w. suff.* -ta (*Sk.*) *cf. O. E.* sealt, *Mdl. E.* salt, *Mdn. E.* salt, *O. N.* saltr, *salted. Stem* sal- *occurs in Lt.* sal (*gen.*

salis), *m. n., salt,* sal-sus, *adj., salted, Gr.* ἅλς (*for* *σάλς), *m., Skr.* sara, *salt. — Der.: Lt.* sal *is the source of Ital.* sal, sale, *whence* salare, *to salt, pret. partic.* salato, *fem.* salata, *also subst., a salad of herbs, whence M. H. G.* salat, *N. H. G.* salat, *m., salad, Fr.* salade, *whence Mdn. E.* salad; *of Lt.* salarium, *the money given to the soldiers for salt, 'salt-money', pension, stipend, allowance, salary, whence Fr.* salaire, *whence Mdl. E.* salarie, *Mdn. E.* salary, *N. H. G.* salär, *n., stipend, wages. To Lt.* salsa, *salted things, neut. plur. of* salsus, *used as a subst., refers O. Fr.* sauce (*for* sause, *from* *saulse, *with the usual development of* u *before* l), *whence Mdl. E.* sause, sauce, *Mdn. E.* sauce (*whence* saucy, *w. suff.* -y, *full of sauce, pungent, impudent; and* saucer, *w. suff.* -er, *orig. 'sauce-pan'; so used by Bacon);* souse, *pickle, is a modification of* sauce), *Mdn. Fr.* sauce, *whence N. H. G.* sauce, *f., sauce; and Vulg. Lt.* salcitia, *a sausage, whence Fr.* saucisse, *whence Mdn. E.* sausage.]

saltan, *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *to salt;* Mk. 9, 49. [*Cf. O. E.* sealtan (*For* ea *from* a, *s.* salt), *red. v., O. H. G.* salzan, *M. H. G.* salzen, *red. v. Mdl. E.* salte, *Mdn. E.* salt, *w. v., N. H. G.* salzen (*but pret. partic.* gesalzen), *w. v., are new-formations, from the subst., above. Allied to prec. w., q. v.*]

sama, *adj. prn.* (*weak form;* 132, *n.* 3; 156), *same* (ὁ αὐτός, εἷς), *the same,* (1) *without subst.,* (a) *without art.;* II Cor. 13, 11. Eph. 2, 14. Phil. 3, 16; (b) *w. art.;* Mt. 5, 46. 47. 27, 44. Mk. 10, 10. Lu. 6, 33. Rom. 12, 16. Eph. 6, 9. Phil. 2, 2. 3, 1. I Thess. 2, 14. Skeir. V, b. c. VII, d. (2) *with subst.,* (a) *without art.;* Mk. 10, 8. 17, 34; (b) *with art.;* Lu. 2, 8. 6, 18. 38. 8, 16. Rom. 9, 21. 12, 4. 10, 12. I Cor. 10, 3. 12, 11. II Cor. 1, 6. 3, 14. 4, 13. 6, 13. 12, 18. Eph. 6, 9. Phil. 1, 30. 2, 2. Skeir. V, d. (3) *in the follg. compds.* (*q. v.*)*:* sama-fraþjis, -kuns, -lauþs, -leiks, -saiwals, *adjs.,* sama-qiss, *subst.* [*Cf. O. E.* same, sǫme (ǫ *for* a, *before a nasal*), *adv.* (swâ same, sǫme, *just as*), *O. N.* samr (*str.*), *adj., the same, whence Mdl. E.* same, *adj., Mdn. E.* same; *further O. S.* sama, *adv., just as, O. H. G.* samo, *adj. prn., the same,* sama, *adv., M. H. G.* sam, *adj., the same,* sam, same, *adv.: just as, and conj.: as if, Gr.* ὅμός (*for* *σόμος; ἅμα, *from* *σάμα, *adv., at the same time*), *Skr.* sama, *same. Allied to Lt.* similis, simul, *together. Comp.* samana, samaþ, sams.]

sama-fraþjis, *adj., like-minded;* Phil. 2, 2. — *From* sama *and* *fraþjis, *q. v.*

sama-kuns, *adj., of the same kin, kindred;* Rom. 9, 3. — *From* sama *and* *kuns, *q. v.*

sama-lauþs, *adj.* (74, *n.* 1), *of the same size or quantity, an equal share, as much;* Lu. 6, 34. — *From* sama *and* lauþs, *q. v.*

sama-leikô, *adv., equally, likewise;* Mk. 4, 16. 12, 21. 22. 15, 31. Lu. 3, 11. 5, 10. 33. 6, 26. 31. 17, 28. 31. 20, 31. Jo. 6, 11. I Cor. 7, 22. 11, 25. I Tim. 2, 9. 3, 11. 5, 25. Skeir. VII, c. *From stem of* samaleiks; *s. follg. w.*

sama-leiks, *adj., alike, agreeing together;* Mk. 14, 56. 59. [*From* sama *and* *leiks, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* samolîh, samelîh, *M. H. G.* samelîch, semelîch, semlîch, *adj., alike, agreeing together. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

samana, *adv., together, withal, in the same place; it stands* (1) *for Gr ἅμα;* Col. 4, 3. I Tim. 5, 13. Skeir. I, a; samana miþ (*ἅμα σύν*), *w. dat.: together with;* I Thess. 5, 10. (2) *for ἐπὶ τὸ αὐτό;* Lu. 17, 35. I Cor. 14, 23 (3) *for συν- in composition;* Mk. 12, 28. Lu. 15, 13. II Cor. 7, 3. Phil. 1, 27. [*Cf. O. E.* saman, *Mdl. E.* same(n), *adv., Mdn. E.* same, *adv.* (*obs.*), *together, O. N.* saman, *O. S. O. H. G.* saman, *M. H. G.* samen, *adv., together. — Compds.: O. E.* tô-samne, -sǫmne, *Mdl. E.* tô-samen, *adv., together, O. S.* tesamne, *O. H. G.* zi-samane (*For* tô-, zi-, *etc., s.* tuz-), *M. H. G.* zesamene, *N. H. G.* zusammen, *adv., together. — Der.: O. E.* samnian, sǫmnian (o *for* a, *by influence of the follg. nasal*), *Mdl. E.* sǫmne, samne, *to collect, call together, O. S.* samnôn, *O. H. G.* samanôn, *M. H. G.* samenen, *beside* samelen (*w.* l-*suff.*), *N. H. G.* sammeln, *to collect, gather, whence, respectively* (*w. suff.* -ung), *O. E.* samnung, *f., Mdl. E.* samnung (-ing), *assembly, association, congregation, O. S.* samnunga, *O. H. G.* samanunga, samenunga, *M. H. G.* samenunge, samnung, *beside* samelunge, samlunge, *f., collection, assembly, congregation, N. H. G.* sammlung, *f., collection, compilation,* ver-sammlung, *f., assembly, meeting, congregation.—Comp.* sama sama þ; *also prec. and follg. w.*]

sama-qiss (*occurs only twice, in gen. plur.* **samaqissê**), *f., concord, agreement;* II Cor. 6, 15. 16. — *From* sama *and* *qiss, *q. v.*

Samareitês, *pr. n.,* Σαμαρείτης; Lu. 17, 16. Jo. 8, 48; *gen. plur.* -ê; Lu. 9, 52. — *Comp. follg. w.*

Samaria, *pr. n.,* Σαμαρία; *acc.* -an; Lu. 17, 11. — *Comp. prec. w.*

sama-saiwals, *adj., of one accord;* Phil. 2, 2. — *Formed from* sama *and* saiwala, *q. v.*

samaþ, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *to the*

same place, together. It stands for Gr. συν- *in verbal composition;* s. rinnan, *to run together;* Mk. 9, 25; s. garinnan, *to come together;* I Cor. 14, 26; s. gaggan, *to come together, gather together;* I Cor. 5, 4; s. gawandjan, *to come together;* I Cor. 7, 5. [*From* sama, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* samod, samed, samode (*also* o *for* a; *s.* sama), *Mdl. E.* samed, *adv., together, O. S.* samad, *adv., together, O. H. G.* samet, samit, *beside* samant, samunt, sament, *M. H. G.* samt, sament, *N. H. G.* samt, *adv., together, and prep., with, together with. S.* sama *and follg. w.*]

samjan, *w. v., to please;* Col. 3, 22; *refl.* s. sis, *to please one's self, make a fair show* (*Engl. version*), '*sich wohlgefaellig machen*' (*German version*). [*Cf. O. N.* sama, *to befit, whence* sæmr, *adj., fit,* sæmiligr (*w. suff.* -ligr), *seemly, whence Mdl. E.* sêmlich, *Mdn. E.* seemly, *fit. Allied to O. E.* (ȝe-)sêman, *to satisfy, reconcile, Mdl. E.* (i-)sême, *to seem,* be-sême (*for* ȝe-, be-, *s.* ga-, bi), *to befit, Mdn. E.* seem, beseem, *O. N.* sóma, *to befit. All cognate with* sama, *q. v.*]

-sams, *suff., in* **lustu-sams,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* -sum, *Mdl. E.* -sum, *Mdn. E.* -some, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* -sam (*Comp.* langsam, *etc., under* laggs). *From stem* sama-; *s.* sama. *Comp. prec. w.*]

sandjan, *w. v.* (74, *n.* 3; 187), *to send; w. acc.;* Mt. 10, 40. Mk. 9, 37. Lu. 9, 48. 10, 16. 20. 11. 12. 13. Jo. 6, 39. 40. 44. 7, 16. 18. 28. 33. 8, 16. 18. 26. 29. 9, 4. 12, 44. 45. 49. 13, 16. 20. 14, 24. 26. 15, 21. 16, 5. Phil. 2, 23. Skeir. VI, b. c; *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Jo. 16, 7. Phil. 2, 25. Neh. 6, 17; *or an inf.;* I Cor. 16, 3.—*Compds.* (a) ga-s., *to unite in sending; hence, to accompany* (*G.:* '*das geleit geben*', '*geleiten*'); *w. acc.;* I Cor. 16, 6; *folld. by* in *w. acc.;* II Cor. 1, 16; gah-þan-miþ-sandidêdum imma brôþar, *and we have sent a brother along with him* (miþ *is adv.—Bernh.*). (b) faúra-ga-s. *w. acc., to send beforehand;* II Cor. 9, 3. (c) in-s., *to send into, send off, send forth, send,* (1) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*); Mt. 11, 2. Mk. 4, 29. 6, 7. (*an obj. being implied*) 17. 27. 11, 1. 12, 5. 13, 27. 14, 13. Lu. 4, 26. 14, 32. 19, 29. 20, 11. Jo. 6, 29. 57. 7, 29. 8, 42. 11, 42. 13, 20. 15, 26. 17, 3. 8. 21. 23. 25. Rom. 8, 3. 10, 15. I Cor. 16, 11. II Cor. 8, 22. Gal. 4, 4. Phil. 4, 16. Neh. 6, 19. Skeir. IV, d; *to send back;* Philem. 11; (2) *w. double acc.;* Mk. 12, 3. 4. Lu. 1, 53. 20, 10. 11. Jo. 18, 24; (3) *w. acc. folld. by* afar *w. dat.;* Lu. 19, 14; *or* du *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 19. Mk. 3, 31. 8, 26. 12, 2. 4. 6. 13. Lu. 4, 26. 43. 7, 3. 6. 10. 19. 20. 20, 10.

Jo. 11, 3. 18, 24. II Cor. 12, 17. Eph. 6, 22. Col. 4, 8; *or* faúra *w. dat.;* Mt. 11, 10. Mk. 1, 2. Lu. 7, 27. 9, 52. 10, 1; *or* fram *w. dat.;* Jo. 15, 26. Skeir. VI, c; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 5, 12. Lu. 1, 26. 4, 26. 10, 1. Jo. 10, 36. 17, 18. Gal. 4, 6. II Tim. 4, 12; *or* (*once*) in *w. dat.* (midumai); Lu. 10, 3; *or gen. of aim* (haiþjôs seinaizôs); Lu. 15, 15; *or* hidrê; Mk. 11, 3. (4) *w. acc. folld. by the inf. of purpose;* Mk. 3, 14. Lu. 1, 19. 9, 2. 14, 17. 15, 15. I Cor. 1, 17. Neh. 6, 19; *or* du *w. inf.;* Lu. 4, 18. I Thess. 3, 5; *or* ei *w. opt.;* Mk. 5, 12. 12, 2. 13. Lu. 20, 10. 20. Jo. 7, 32. I Cor. 16, 11. Gal. 4, 4. Phil. 2, 28. I Thess. 3, 2; *or* duþþê ei; Eph. 6, 22. Col. 4, 8. — *Pret. partic.* insandiþs, *sent;* Jo. 9, 7.—ins. bi *w. dat.; s. note to* Mt. 11, 2. (d) miþ-in-s. *w. acc. folld. by the dat. of accompaniment;* II Cor. 12, 18. (e) us-s., *to send out, send forth, w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 43; *and folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 9, 38. [*Causal of Germanic* *sinþan, *pret.* *sanþ, *whence also O. E.* sendan (e *for* a, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* sende, *Mdn. E.* send, *O. N.* senda, *O. S.* sendian, *O. H. G.* senten, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* senden, *to send.* — *Ders.: M. H. G.* sant-(*prop. pret. partic.*), sende-, *in* sant-, sende- bote (*For* bote, *s.* biudan), *messenger,* sant-, sende-brief (brief, *M. H. G. O. H. G.* brief, *from* briaf, breaf, brêf, *m., document, letter, from Lt.* brĕve, *neut. of* brĕvis, *short, whence also O. Fr.* bref, *adj., short, whence Mdl. E.* brêf, *Mdn. E.* brief, *short, Fr.* brief, *a writ, whence Mdn. E.* brief, *th. s., lit. a short writing*), *m., a missive, epistle, N. H. G.* sendbote, *m.,* sendbrief, *m., th. s.* — *Comp.* sinþs.]

Saraípta, *pr. n. in acc.,* *Σάρεπτα;* Lu. 4, 26.

Sarra, *pr. n.; dat.* **Sarrin;** Rom. 9, 9.

sarva, *nom. plur. n., armor;* Rom. 13, 12; *panoply, whole armor;* Eph. 6, 11. 13. [*Cf. O. E.* searu (*stem* sarwo-; ea *for* a, *by* u-*uml.*), *n., Mdl. E.* sere, *O. H. G.* saro (*gen.* *sarwes), *M. H. G.* sar- (*in composition*) *and* sarwe, *f. n., armor, apparel. From root* sar, *to join or bind together; cf. Gr.* εἴρειν, *to bind, Lt.* serere, *to join or bind together, whence* series, *a row, whence Mdn. E.* series, *th. s. To* assertus, *pret. partic. of* asserere (*from* ad, *to, and* serere), *to appropriate something to one's self, to claim, assert, refers Mdn. E.* assert. *For further ders. from Lt.* serere, *such as Mdn. E.* concert, desert, dissertation, exert, insert, serried, *s. Sk.,* series. *Comp. Sch.,* saro.]

Satana, *pr. n., Satan;* Mk. 3, 26. Jo. 13, 27. I Cor. 7, 5. II Cor. 11, 14. I Thess. 2, 18; *or* Satanas; Mk. 3, 23. 4, 15; *gen.*

-ins; II Cor. 12, 7; *dat.* -in; Mk. 1, 13. II Cor. 2, 11. I Tim. 1, 20. *acc.* -an; Mk. 3, 23. Lu. 10, 18; *voc.* Satana; Mk. 8, 33. [*From Gr.* Σατανᾶς, *from Hebr.* sátán, *enemy, whence also E.* Satan, *G.* Satan.]

***sateins,** *f., a setting, placing etc., in* af-, ga-, us-s. — *From* satjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

satjan, *w. v.* (187) *w. acc., to set, place, put, appoint* (*G.* 'ordnen, bestimmen'); Mk. 4, 21. Lu. 8, 16. Rom. 14, 13; *to appoint* (*G.* 'bestimmen'); I Thess. 5, 9; *to plant;* Lu. 17, 28. I Cor. 9, 7; satiþs wisan, *to be set, made* (*G.* 'gesetzt, gestellt sein'); I Tim. 1, 9; *to be appointed* (*G.* 'bestimmt, geordnet sein'); I Thess. 3, 3. *S.* niujasatiþs. — *Compds.* (a) af-s. *w. acc., to put away* (*a wife*), *to divorce;* Mt. 5, 32. Mk. 10, 2; *to dismiss;* Lu. 16, 4. (b) and-s. *w. acc., to set against, attribute;* Skeir. V, c. (c) at-s. *w. acc., to present; folld. by* faúra *w. dat.* (*to the Lord*); Lu. 2, 22; *w. double acc.;* Col. 1, 22. 28. (d) bi-s. *w. acc., to beset, set round anything; folld. by instr.* (*but Gr.* περιέθηκε φραγμόν); Mk. 12, 1. (e) ga-s. *w. acc., to set, place;* Neh. 7, 1. (*to lay, found*) Lu. 14, 29. (*to ordain*) Rom. 13, 1. Tit. 1, 5; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Lu. 4, 9. (*to lay, found*) Lu. 6, 48; faúra *w. dat.;* Lu. 9, 47. (*to let down*) 5, 19; in *w. dat.;* Mk. 9, 36. Eph. 1, 20. I Tim. 1, 12; uf *w. acc.;* Lu. 7, 8. 8, 16; — namô gas., *to give a name, to surname;* Mk. 3, 16. 17. — gas. sik du *w. dat., to addict one's self to;* I Cor. 16, 15; — *in pass. folld. by* du *w. dat.: to be set for;* Phil. 1, 16; *w. double nom.: to be ordained, appointed* (*a preacher*); I Tim. 2, 7. II Tim. 1, 11; — hlauts gasatiþs wisan; *s.* hlauts; — aftra gas. waírþan, *to be restored;* Mk. 8, 25. (f) faúra-ga-s. *w. acc., to present;* II Cor. 4, 14. (g) miþ-ga-s. *w. acc., to set together, make to sit together;* Eph. 2, 6. (h) miþ-s. *w. acc., to remove* (μεθιστάναι); I Cor. 13, 2. (i) us-s. *w. acc., to set on, place upon;* Lu. 19, 35; *to set, plant;* Mk. 12, 1. Lu. 20, 9; *so refl.;* Lu. 17, 6; — barna uss. *w. dat.; to beget children to, raise up seed to;* Mk. 12, 19; — *folld. by* in *w. acc., to send out—into;* Lu. 10, 2; us-satiþs wisan, *to be founded, be made or created, to exist;* Col. 1, 17. Skeir, II, d. [*Causal of* sitan (*pret.* sat), *q. v. Cf. O. E.* settan (*for* settian, *from* sætjan, *from* sæt, *pret. of* sitan, *q. v.;* e *is* i-*uml. of* æ; tt *by gemination before* j), *to set, place, compd.* bisettan (*For* bi-, *by, around, s.* bi), *Mdl. E.* sette, *compd.* besette, *Mdn. E.* set, *compd.* beset, *O. N.* setja, *O. S.* settian, *O. H. G.* sezzen, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* setzen, *to set, put,*

place, plant, compd. besetzen, *to set, place or put anything on, occupy, etc., M. H. G.* besetzen, *O. H. G.* bisezzan, *to set, found, beset, surround, besiege. Of Germanic orig. is the kindred O. Fr.* saisir, seisir, *to put in possession of, take possession, whence Mdl. E.* seise, sêse, *Mdn. E.* seize. *For further cognates, s.* sitan, sitls, *and prec. w.*]

saþs (*gen.* **sadis**), *adj., full;* Lu. 6, 25; saþs wisan, *to be full;* I Cor. 4, 8; saþs waírþan, *to be filled, be full;* Mk. 7, 27. 8, 8. Lu. 6, 21. 9, 17. Jo. 6, 12. 26. Phil. 4, 12. Skeir, VII, d; saþ itan, *to eat enough, be filled;* Lu. 16, 21; *to fill one's belly;* Lu. 15, 16. [*Prop. an old partic. in* -da- *pre-Germanic* -tó- (*s.* alþeis, dauþs, kalds, *etc.*), *from Indg. root* să, *to satiate. Cf. O. E.* sæd, *satisfied, satiated, Mdl. E.* sad, *satisfied, satiated; hence heavy, tired, grieved, Mdn. E.* sad, *heavy, serious, sorrowful, O. N.* saddr, *O. S.* sad, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* sat (*gen.* sates), *N. H. G.* satt, *adj., satiated, satiate, sated, full, Lt.* sat, satis, *sufficient, whence* satiare, *to fill, satisfy, sate, etc., pret. partic.* satiatus, *whence Mdn. E.* satiate, *beside* sate (*coined directly from Lt.* sat); *further Lt.* satur, *full, whence* saturare, *to fill abundantly, pret. partic.* saturatus, *whence Mdn. E.* saturate, *to fill fully, sate. Allied to Gr.* ἄ-μεναι (ā), *to satiate,* ἄ-ατος, *adj., insatiable,* ἄδην, ἆδην, *orig.* ἄδδην = σάδjην, *adv., sufficiently; and to Skr.* a-si-nvá-, á-si-nvat-, *insatiable. Furthermore, comp. Lt. compd.* satisfacere, *to satisfy, lit.* '*to do enough*', *whence O. Fr.* satisfier, *Mdn. Fr.* satisfaire, *whence* (*by analogy with the numerous compd. verbs in* -fy, *Mdl. E.* -fie, *from O. Fr.* -fier, *from Lt.* -ficare *for* facere, *to make, do*), *Mdn. E.* satisfy. *To Lt.* ad satis, *sufficiently, lit.* '*to what is sufficient*', *refers Prov.* assatz (ss *for* ds, *by assimilation*), *Mdn. Fr.* assez, *sufficient* (*to pay with*), *whence Mdn. E.* assets, *property of a deceased person, subject by law to the payment of his debts and legacies. — Comp.* sôþs, sôþjan.]

Saúdaúma, *pr. n.,* Σόδομα; Rom. 9, 29. — *Comp. follg. w.*

***Saúdaúmus,** *pr. n., an inhabitant of Sodoma; occurs in gen. plur.* Saúdaúmjê; Mt. 11, 24; *dat.* -im; Lu. 17, 29; *or* -jam; Mt. 11, 23. Mk. 6. 11. Lu. 10, 12. — *Comp. prec. w.*

saúhts, *f.* (58, *n.* 2), *sickness, disease;* Mt. 8, 17. 9, 35. Mk. 1, 34. 3, 15. Lu. 4, 40. 5, 15. 6, 18. 7, 21. 8, 2. 9, 1. I Tim. 5, 23. [*From Germanic root* suk *and suff.* -ti; *cf. O. E.* suht, *f., Mdl. E.* suht, soght, *disease, illness, O. N.* sótt, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* suht, *N. H. G.*

sucht, *f.*, *malady, disease, illness, and* (*since* suht *was supposed to be connected with* suchen; *s.* sôkjan) *mania, inordinate desire, passion. For further cognates, s.* siukan, siuks.]

sauil, *n.* (26, 94), *the sun; occurs only twice, and without art;* Mk. 1, 32. 13, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* sôl, *f.*, *O. N.* sól (*Comp. Feist,* sauil), *f.*, *sun. Allied to Lt.* sôl, *Gr.* ἥλιος (*Homeric* ἠέλιος, *from* σᾱϝέλιος), *Skr.* sura, sûra, svar, *sun. From Idg. root* sāw:sū; *s.* sunnô.]

Saúlaúmôn, *pr. n.*, Σολομών; Mt. 6, 29; *gen.* -is; Jo. 10, 23.

***sáuleins,** *f.*, *in* **bisáuleins,** *q. v.* — *From* *sáuljan *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *S. follg. w.*

***sáuljan,** *w. v.* (24, *n.* 1), *to soil, sully, in* bi-s., *to sully, defile;* Tit. 1, 15. [*Allied to O. E.* sol, *n.*, *mud, mire, whence* solian (*without uml.*), *to soil, become soiled or defiled, beside* (be-) syllan (*w.* i-*uml. and gemination, from* sylian; *comp. Siev.*, *'Cynewulf's Elene, by Zupitza', Anglia. I, 3, p. 577; prob. from a lost subst. or adj.*), *Mdl. E.* sole, *beside* sulie (sulle?). *Mdn. E.* sully, *to soil, spot, does not fully answer to O. E.* syllan; *its* y *is probably due to Fr. influence.* — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***sáulnan,** *w. v.* (24, *n.* 1), *in* bi-s., *to be soiled, be sullied, be defiled;* Jo. 18, 28. — *From* sáuljan, *q. v.*

sáuls, *f.*, *pillar;* Gal. 2, 9. I Tim. 3, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* sŷl (*from stem* sûli, *by* i-*uml.;* û *is abl. of* áu), *f.*, *O. N.* súla, *O. H. G.* sûl (*pl.* sûli), *M. H. G.* sûl (*pl.* siule), *N. H. G.* säule, *f.*, *column, pillar. The* û *of these words is the long answering to* u, *the weak grade of the deep-tone* áu; *s.* *sûljan.]

Saúr, *pr. n.* (24, *n.* 5), *a Syrian,* Σύρος; Lu. 4, 27; *dat. plur.* -im; Lu. 2, 2. — *Comp. follg. w.*

Saúra, *pr. n.*, *Syria,* Συρία; *gen.* Saúrais; Gal. 1, 21. — *Comp.* Syria, *also prec. w.*

saúrga, *f.*, *sorrow, grief, care;* Mk. 4, 19. Lu. 8, 14. Jo. 16, 20. 21. Rom. 9, 2. II Cor. 2, 1. 3. 7. 7, 10. 11, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* sorh, sorg (*gen. dat. acc.* sorge), *sorrow, grief, pain, Mdl. E.* sorge, sorwe (*by labialization, through* gh), *Mdn. E.* sorrow, *O. N.* sorg, *O. S.* sorga, *O. H. G.* soraga (sworga; *s. Br., A. Gr., 107, n. 1*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* sorge, *f.*, *care, anxiety. Comp. follg. w.*]

saúrgan, *w. v.*, *to sorrow, be grieved, be anxious about;* Jo. 16, 20. II Cor. 2, 4. 6, 10. I Thess. 4, 13; *folld. by* bi *w. acc.;* Mt. 6, 28. II Cor. 7, 9. 11. [*From* saúrga, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* sorgian, *to sorrow, grieve, be anxious, Mdl. E.* sorge, sorwe, *Mdn. E.* sorrow, *O. S.* sorgôn, *O. H. G.* sorgên, *M. H. G.*

N. H. G. sorgen, *to fear, care, be anxious.*]

Saúrini, *f., a Syrian woman,* Σύρα; Mk. 7, 26. — *From* Saúr (*q. v.*) *and Germanic fem. suff.* -inî.

sáuþa, *f.;* **in þô** (*acc.*) **sáuþô** (*gen. plur.*), τίνι λόγῳ, *in what manner, how(?);* I Cor. 15, 2. — *The meaning of the word is obscure.*

sáuþs, *m.* (101), *a sacrifice;* Mk. 12, 33. Rom. 12, 1. Eph. 5, 2. Skeir. I, a. [*Cf. O. N.* sauðr, *m., sheep, prop. an animal to be immolated, a victim. Allied to O. E.* sêoðan (*pret.* sêað= *Goth.* *sáuþ), *to boil, Mdl. E.* sêðe, *Mdn. E.* seeth, *O. N.* sjóða (*pret.* sauð), *O. H. G.* siodan, *M. H. G.* sieden, *N. H. G.* sieden, *to boil.*]

Seidôna, *pr. n., f., Sidon,* Σιδών; *gen.* -ais; Lu. 4, 26; *dat.* -ai; Lu. 10, 13. 14; *acc.* -a; Mk. 3, 8. — *Comp. follg. w.*

***Seidôneis,** *pr. n., the inhabitants of Sidon; gen.* -ê; Mt. 11, 21. Mk. 7, 24. 31. Lu. 6, 17; *gen.* -îm; Mt. 11, 22. — *Comp. prec. w.*

Seimôn, *pr. n.,* Σίμων; Mk. 1, 36. Lu. 5, 5. 8. 7, 43. Jo. 6, 68. 13, 24. 36. 18, 10. 15. 25; *gen.* -is; Mk. 1, 16. 29. 30. 6, 3. Lu. 4, 38. 5, 3. Jo. 6, 71. 12, 4. 13, 26; *or* -aus; Jo. 6, 8; *dat.* -a; Mk. 3, 16. Lu. 5, 10. 7, 44; *or* -au; Lu. 5, 4; *acc.* -Seimôn; Lu. 6, 14. 15; *or* Seimôna (*Gr. infl.*); Mk. 3, 18. 15, 21; *or* Seimônu; Mk. 1, 16; *voc.* Seimôn; Lu. 7, 40.

Seina, *pr. n. f., name of a mountain,* Σινᾶ; Gal. 4, 25. *dat.* -a; Gal. 4, 24.

seina, *refl. prn. gen.* (*occurs once; s.* III *below*), sis *dat.*, sik *acc.* (*both occur frequently; s. complete citations, below*). *They are used for all genders and numbers* (*like the Lt.* sui, sibi, se), *and refer to the subj. of the sentence* (*whether primary or subordinate, also in connection with an inf. or a partic.;*). *They stand,* (I) *alone,* (1) *where the Gr. has no corresponding prn.,* (a) *m.,* (α) *sing.;* Mt. 5, 42. 6, 29. 9, 22. 11, 1. 27, 5. Mk. 6, 20. 8, 33. 36. 38. 9, 2. 14, 54. 67. Lu. 4, 1. 14. 7, 9. 44. 8, 37. 40. 9, 8. 25. 26. 15, 15. 17, 3. 4. 15. 31. 19, 12. 15. Jo. 8, 59. 12, 4. 36. 19, 8. I Cor. 7, 15. 9, 25. 15, 7. 8. 28. II Cor. 8, 9. 11, 14. Col. 2, 15. 18. II Thess. 2, 4. 3, 14. II Tim. 1, 16. 2, 4. Philem. 15. Skeir. II, a; (β) *pl.;* Mt. 27, 53. Mk. 2, 6. 4, 12. 41. 7, 1. 10, 35. Lu. 2, 20. 43. 7, 10. 9, 10. 12. 33. 10, 17. 15, 1. 17, 37. Jo. 6, 19. 9, 22. 18, 18. Rom. 11, 23. II Cor. 11, 13. 15. Gal. 6, 12. II Tim. 1, 15. 3, 2. 3. 4, 4. Tit. 1, 14. Skeir. III, a. V, a; (b) *fem.,* (α) *sing.;* Mk. 3, 20. Lu. 1, 56. 10, 11. I Cor. 11, 6. I Tim. 2, 11; (β) *plur.;* Mt. 11, 20. Mk. 4, 1. 5, 21. 10, 1. I Tim. 5, 13; (c) *neut. sing.;* Mk.

7, 6. Lu. 10, 6; (β) *plur.;* Mt. 8, 32. Lu. 2, 39. 45. I Cor. 15, 28. I Tim. 5, 25. II Tim. 3, 7. (2) *for the Gr.* ἑαυτῷ (αὐτῷ), αὐτῷ, *etc.* (a) *m.*, (α) *sing.;* Mt. 8, 18. 26, 75. Mk. 2, 26. 3, 14. 25. 34. 5, 4. 5. 30. 37. 40. 12, 6. Lu. 3, 7. 6, 4. 7, 9. 39. 9, 47. 52. 10, 29. 14, 12. 31. 15, 17. 18, 7. 11. 40. 16, 3. 19, 12. 15. Jo. 7, 18. 8, 31. 9, 21. 12, 48. 13, 16. 32. Rom. 10, 12. 14, 12. II Cor. 5, 19. Phil. 2, 3. 3, 21. Col. 2, 15. II Thess. 2, 4. II Tim. 2, 21. Skeir. I, a. IV, a. IV, c. VII, a; (β) *pl.;* Mk. 2, 8. 19. 4, 17. 8, 14. 9, 8. Lu. 6, 32. 7, 30. 8, 37. 18, 9. 19, 27. Jo. 17, 13. Rom. 13, 2. I Cor. 16, 15. II Cor. 5, 15. II Tim. 4, 3. (b) *fem.*, (α) *sing.;* Mt. 9, 21. Skeir. VIII, a; (β) *pl.;* I Tim. 2, 9. (3) *in the constr. of the acc. w. inf., for the Gr. inf.;* Phil. 1, 17. 2, 6; *or* αὐτός, ἑαυτός, *w. inf.;* Lu. 20, 20. Jo. 7, 4. (II) *strengthened by* silba (*q. v.*): (a) *m.*, (α) *sing.:* sis silbin, sik silban (ἑαυτῷ, ἑαυτόν, *etc.*), *himself;* Mk. 3, 26. 5, 30. 8, 34. 12, 33. 15, 31. Lu. 9, 23. 25. 14, 11 (silba? *S. text and note*). 18, 4. 14 (*or* silba? *S. text and note*). Jo. 6, 61. 7, 18. 8, 22. 11, 33. 38. 15, 4. 16, 13. 19, 7. 12. I Cor. 11, 28. 29. 16, 2. II Cor. 10, 7. 18. Gal. 1, 4. 2, 20. 6, 3. 4. Eph. 2, 15. 16. 5, 2. 25. 28. Phil. 2, 7. 8. I Tim. 2, 6. II Tim. 2, 13; (β) *plur.:* sis silbam (ἑαυτοῖς), sik silbans (ἑαυτούς), *themselves;* Mt. 9, 3. Lu. 7, 49. II Cor. 5, 15. 8, 5. 10, 12. Eph. 4, 19. I Tim. 6, 10; (b) *n. sing.:* þaírh sik silbô (δι' ἑαυτοῦ); Rom. 14, 14. (III) *w.* missô (*q. v.*)*:* seina missô (ἀλλήλοις), *one another;* Lu. 7, 32; sis missô (ἀλλήλοις, ἑαυτοῖς, *etc.*), *one another,* (a) *m. pl.;* Mk. 1, 27. 4, 41. 8, 16. 9, 10. 34. 10, 26. 11, 31. 12, 7. 15, 31. Lu. 2, 15. 4, 36. 6, 11. 8, 25. 20, 5. 14. Jo. 6, 52. 7, 35. 12, 19. 13, 22. 16, 17. Skeir. III, a; (b) *f. pl.;* Mk. 16, 3; (c) *n. pl.;* Gal. 5, 17. [*The corresponding reflexive prn. is not extant in E. and O. S.; comp. the poss. prn.* seins. *Cf. O. N. gen. sing.* sín, *dat.* sér, *acc.* sik (sig, sek), *O. H. G. gen. sing.* sîn (*only m. and n.*), *dat. not extant, acc.* sih (*sing. and pl.*), *M. H. G. gen. sing.* sîn, *acc. sing. and plur.* sich, *N. H. G. gen. sing.* sein (*poetical; s.* meina), *whence the extended form* seiner, *of him, of it, dat. acc.* sich (*for all genders and both numbers*). *S.* seins *and follg. w.*]

seina-gaírns, *adj., lovers of themselves, selfish;* II Tim. 3, 2 (*gloss to* sik frijôndans. *Concerning* seina-, *for* seinai-, *s. note to text*). — *From* seina *and* *gaírns, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

seins, *poss. prn.* (151), *his, theirs, their. This prn. follows the str. infl. only. Like* seina (*q.*

v.) *it is used for all genders and numbers, and refers to the subject of the sentence (whether primary or subordinate; exception;* I Tim. 5, 18; *and, apparently;* Lu. 1, 51: mikilþûhtans gahugdai haírtins seinis, *which is equivalent to a relative clause: 'those that were proud in the imagination of their heart(s)). It stands* (I) *alone, referring* (1) *to a m. in* (a) *sing.;* Mk. 6, 21. Jo. 8, 44. 16, 32. I Cor. 10, 24. Skeir. 38, 19; (b) *plur.;* Phil. 2, 4; (2) *to a fem. sing.;* Mk. 5, 26. I Cor. 13, 5. (II) *w. a subst., referring* (1) *to a m. in,* (a) *sing.;* Mt. 5, 22. 28. 32. 45. 6, 27. 29. 7, 24. 26. 8, 20. 9, 1. 7. 37. 38. 10, 24. 39. 42. 11, 1. 2. 26, 1. Mk. 1, 6. 41. 3, 7. 9. 4, 2. 3. 34. 6, 1. 4. 17. 7, 10. 11. 12. 33. 8, 6. 10. 12. 23. 27. 33. 34. 35. 36. 37. 38. 9, 18. 31. 41. 10, 7. 11. 23. 45. 46. 50. 11, 1. 23. 12, 19. 38. 13, 16. 24. 27. 14, 13. 63. Lu. 1, 8. 15. 23. 48. 51. 54. 58. 68. 69. 70. 72. 80. 2, 3. 28. 3, 17. 4, 10. 24. 5, 25. 29. 6, 13. 20. 40. 45. 7, 1. 12. 16. 19. 8, 5. 41. 9, 14. 23. 24. 26. 43. 51. 62. 10, 1. 2. 7. 22. 23. 14, 17. 21. 26. 27. 33. 15, 5. 12. 13. 15. 20. 22. 16, 1. 5. 18. 23. 17, 33. 18, 7. 13. 14. 19, 13. 29. 20, 28. 45. Jo. 3, 4. 6, 3. 12. 22. 7, 18. 10, 11. 11, 16. 12, 25. 13, 12. 16. 18. 15, 13. 20. 17, 1. 18, 1. 2. Rom. 8, 3. 9, 23. 11, 1. 14, 4. I Cor. 11, 4. 21. 15, 23. II Cor. 2, 14. 11, 3. Gal. 4, 6. Eph. 1, 5. 6. 9. 11. 17. 20. 2, 7. 3, 16. 4, 16. 18. 25. 5, 28. 29. Phil. 2, 30. 3, 21. Col. 1, 13. 2, 14. 18. I Thess. 2, 11. 12. 3, 13. 4, 4. 6. 8. II Thess. 1, 11. I Tim. 3, 4. 5. Tit. 1, 3. Skeir. II, b. c. IV, a. VII, c. d. (b) *plur.;* Mt. 6, 2. 5. 7. 16. 8, 22. Mk. 1, 5. 20. 2, 6. 5, 17. 11, 7. 8. 15, 29. Lu. 1, 51. 66. 2, 8. 39. 3, 15. 5, 15. 6, 17. 9, 60. 16, 4. 8. 19, 35. 36. Jo. 15, 22. Rom. 10, 3. II Cor. 8, 4. Gal. 5, 24. Eph. 4, 17. 5, 28. I Thess. 2, 16. II Thess. 3, 12. I Tim. 3, 12. 6, 1. II Tim. 3, 4. 4, 3. Skeir. III, a. VIII, b. (2) *to a f. in* (a) *sing.;* Mt. 11, 19. Mk. 6, 24. 28. 7, 30. 10, 12. Lu. 1, 18. 36. 56. 2, 7. 19. 36. 51. 7, 35. 38. 44. 8, 43. Jo. 11, 2. 28. 12, 3. I Cor. 7, 11. 11, 5. Gal. 4, 25. (b) *plur.;* Lu. 8, 3. Eph. 5, 22. 24; (3) *to a n. pl.;* Lu. 1, 7. 20. (4) *to a m. and f. sing.;* I Cor. 16, 19. — *Strengthened by* silbins (= *Lt.* ipsius; *s.* silba, *also* seina (II)): seina silbins saiwala, *his own soul;* Lu. 14, 26; waúrstw sein silbins, *his own work;* Gal. 6, 4; sein silbins leik, *his own body;* Eph. 5, 28. [*From stem of* seina (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* sîn (*referring to all genders and numbers*), *O. S.* sîn, *O. H. G.* sîn (*referring to a m. or n. sing. only*), *M. H. G.* sîn, *N. H. G.* sein, *his, its. Comp. prec. w.*]

seiteins, *adj.* (17, *n.* 2); *it stands for* **sinteins,** *q. v.*

***seiþs,** *adv., in* **þana-seiþs,** *q. v.* [*Prop. compar. adv.* (*comp.* mins, waírs), *to* seiþus (*q. v.*), *answering to O. E.* sîð (*orig.* *sîðiz; *Germanic final* z *vanishes in O. E.; so does final* i *after a long syllable*), *adv. comp.: later, afterward, late, and used as a prep.: since, Mdl. E.* sîð, *since, O. S.* sîð (*whence a new compar.,* sîðor, *th. s.*), *later, afterward, since, O. H. G.* sîd (*whence a new compar.,* sîdor, *M. H. G.* sîder, *th. s.*), *adv.: since, later, conj.: since, as, because, prep.: since, M. H. G.* sît (*by-form* sint), *prep., adv., conj.: since, N. H. G.* seit, *prep. and conj.: since.* — *Compd. O. E.* siððan (seoððan, *by* o-*uml. of* i), *shortened from* sîð ðôn (*an instr. form of the demonstr. prn.* ðæt; *s.* þata), *since that, Mdl. E.* siððen, siðen (seoððen, seðe) *and* siðenes (*w. an adv.* s), *whence Mdn. E.* since (c *for* s, *as in* hence, whence; *s.* hwan); *comp. N. H. G.* seitdem, *conj. and adv.: since then, since, from M. H. G.* sît dem (*dat. n. of dem. prn.*), *beside* sît dem mâle (*S.* mêl), *since then, since that time, whence N. H. G.* sintemal, *conj.: since, as, whereas.* — *From root* sī-; *s.* sainjan.]

seiþus, *adj.* (131), *late; occurs only twice, in n. sing.;* Mt. 27, 57. Jo. 6, 16. — *Allied to* *seiþs, *q. v.*

sêlei, *f., goodness, kindness;* Rom. 11, 22. II Cor. 6, 6. Gal. 5, 22. Eph. 2, 7. 5, 9. Col. 3, 12. — *From* sêls (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

sêls, *adj.* (130), *good, kind;* Lu. 8, 15. Eph. 4, 32; sêls wisan, *to be kind;* I Cor. 13, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* sæl sêl, *Mdl. E.* sêl, *adj., good, O. N.* sæll, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* *sâl, *in M. H. G.* sâllîche, *fortunately.*—*Der.: O. E.* *sæliȝ (*w. suff.* -iȝ), *in* ȝe-sæliȝ (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *Mdl. E.* sêli, *happy, blessed, Mdn. E.* silly, *simple, foolish* (*Comp. N. H. G.* albern, *under* alls *and* *wêrs), *O. S.* sâlig, *happy, blessed, pious, O. H. G.* sâlig, *M. H. G.* sælec, *N. H. G.* selig, *adj., happy, blessed, saved* (*in heaven*); *not allied to the suff.* -selig, *in* trübselig, mühselig, *etc., the latter being derived from* trübsal, *n., distress,* mühsal, *n. f., distress, trouble, etc., respectively from* trüben (*s.* drôbjan), mühen (*s.* *môjan), *and suff.* -sal, *M. H. G.* -esal, *O. H. G.* -isal, *Goth.* izl (*S.* swartizl, *and, for the suff., comp. v. Bd., p. 149 et seq.*). — *Cognate w. Lt.* sollus, *whole, Gr.* ὅλος (*from* *σόλνος, *Ionic* οὖλος), *Skr.* sárva-s, *whole, all? Comp. Feist,* sêls.]

Sêm, *pr. n.,* Σήμ; *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 36.

sêneigs (10, *n.* 5), *adj.; s.* **sineigs.**

***sêts,** *adj., in* **andasêts,** *q. v.* [*A verbal adj. to* sitan, andsitan, *q. v. Comp. N. H. G.* entzetz-

lich, *adj., terrible, terrific, from* (sich) entsetzen, *to shrink or be amazed at, M. H. G.* entsetzen, *to dispossess anyone of, remove one from, to disconcert, discompose, confuse, refl. to be afraid, causal of* entsitzen, *O. H. G.* intsitzen (int=ant, *s.* and; *for* sitzen, *s.* sitan), *to lose one's seat, to fear, be affrighted.*]

Sêþ, *pr. n.,* Σήθ; *gen.* **Sêdis;** Lu. 3, 38.

***sêþs,** *gen.* ***sêdis** (103), *f., seed, in* **manasêþs,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* sæd, *n., sowing, seed, Mdl. E.* sêd, *Mdn. E.* seed, *O. N.* sæ̂di, sáð, *n., O. S.* sâd, *n., O. H. G. M. H. G.* sât, *N. H. G.* saat, *f., sowing, seed, Du.* zaad, *Eff.* sǫ̂t, *f., th. s. From root of* saian (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -di (-da). *Another der. from root* sê *is O. S. O. H. G.* samô (*w. suff.* -man), *M. H. G.* sâme, *N. H. G.* same, *m., Lt.* sêmen, *stem* sêmin- *whence* seminalis, *of or belonging to seed, good for seed, whence Fr.* seminal, *whence Mdn. E.* seminal, *relating to seed. To Lt.* semin- *refer further Lt.* seminare, *to sow, compd.* disseminare (dis-, *apart*), *to scatter seed, sow, spread abroad, pret. partic.* disseminatus, *whence Mdn. E.* disseminate; *and Lt.* seminarium, *seed-plot, nursery; hence, also, a place of training, whence Mdn. E.* seminary, *N. H. G.* seminar, *n., a place of education.*]

si, *pers. prn. 3d pers. sing. fem., she; s.* is (II). [*Cf. O. E.* sêo (*contracted from* si *and the fem. termination* -u; *s.* sa), *dem. prn., but chiefly used as fem. of def. art.* (*comp.* hêo, *under* *his), *Mdl. E.* schê, shê, *Mdn. E.* she, *O. N.* sú, sjá (*f. of dem. prn.*), *O. S. sing. nom. f.* siu, *acc.* sia, sie, *plur. nom. acc.* sia, sie, *O. H. G. sing. m. nom.* siu, sî, si, *acc.* sia, sie, *plur. nom. acc. m.* sie (sia), *f. nom. acc.* sio, sie (sia), *neut.* siu, sie, *M. H. G. sing. f. nom.* si, sî, siu, sie, *acc.* sie, si, sî, *pl. nom. acc.* (*for all genders*) si, sî, sie (*neut. also* siu), *N. H. G. sing. f. nom. acc.* sie, *plur. nom. acc.* (*for all genders*) sie (*also used for the second pers. of both numbers*), *Skr.* syá, *fem. of* syas, *that. Comp. L. M., p. 474.*]

sibakþani, *thou hast forsaken me;* Mt. 27, 46; -þanei; Mk. 15, 34. [*Borrowed from the Gr.* σαβαχθανί, *of Hebr. orig.*]

sibja, *f.* (97, *n.* 1), *relationship;* suniwê sibja, *adoption of sons* (=*ás sons*); Gal. 4, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* sibb (*stem* sibjâ-; *the orig.* b *was geminated before* j, *the latter being dropped after a long closed syllable*), sib (b *for* bb *at the end of a syllable*), *f., peace, relationship, Mdl. E.* sibb, *relation, kin, family, O. S.* sibbea, *O. H. G.* sippa, *M. H. G.*

sippe, *f.*, *consanguinity, kin, N. H. G.* sippe, *f., kin, relatives, genus, family* (*der.* sippschaft, *f., M. H. G.* sippe-, sipp-, sipschaft, *f., th. s.; for* -schaft, *s.* *skapjan). *Allied to Skr.* sabhâ, *assembly. Comp. also O. N.* Sif, *goddess of the sanctity of the family and wedlock. S.* frasti-sibja *and follg. w.*]

***sibjis (?),** *adj., related, akin, in* **unsibjis,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* sib(b), ȝe-sib (*Goth.* *gasibjis; *s.* *sibjôn), *related, akin, Mdl. E.* sib, i-sib, *th. s., O. H. G.* sippi, *M. H. G.* sippe, *adj., peaceful, akin; further Mdl. E.* god-sib, gossib (*the* d *being assimilated to* s), *lit.* '*related in God*', *Mdn. E.* gossip (*Mdn. E.* p *at the end of a word sometimes stands for orig.* b), *a crone; s.* guþ. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***sibjôn,** *w. v., in* ga-s. *w. dat., to reconcile one's self to, be reconciled to;* Mt. 5, 24. [*From stem of* sibja, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ȝe-sibbian, *to appease, please. Comp. prec. w.*]

sibun, *indecl. num.* (141), *seven;* Mk. 8, 5. 6. 8. 20. 12, 20. 22. 23. 16, 9. Lu. 2, 36. 8, 2. 17, 4. 20, 29. 31. 33. [*Cf. O. E.* seofon (eo *is* u-*uml. of* e), *Mdl. E.* sefen, seven, *Mdn. E.* seven, *O. N.* sjau, *later* sjö, *O. S.* sibun, *O. H. G.* sibun, *M. H. G.* siben, *N. H. G.* sieben, *Lt.* septem, *Gr.* ἑπτά, *Skr.* saptán, *O. Bulg.* sedmĭ, *O. Ir.* secht, *Indg.* sáptm, *whence* sépm; *concerning accent and sounds, s. Osth., M. U., I, 92 et seq., and 130—132. — Comp. follg. w.*]

sibun-têhund, *indecl. num.* (143), *seventy;* Lu. 10, 1. 17. — *From* sibun *and* têhund, *q. v.*

sidôn, *w. v.* (190) *w. acc., to take care of, care for, practice, meditate upon;* I Tim. 4, 15. [*From* sidus, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* (gi-)sitôn, *to make, do, prepare, O. S.* gisidôn, *to prepare.*]

sidus, *m., custom, manner;* I Cor. 15, 33. II Tim. 3, 10. Skeir. III, b. [*Cf. O. E.* siodu (*from* sidu, *by* u-*uml. of* i), *m., custom, manner, morality, Mdl. E.* side, sede, *in* sedeful (*For* -ful, *s.* fulls), *adj., modest, sedate, O. N.* siðr, *O. S.* sidu, *O. H. G.* situ, *m., M. H. G.* site, *m., f.* (*rare*) *N. H. G.* sitte, *f., custom, manner. Perhaps cognate w. Gr.* ἔθος (*for* *σϝέθος, *but s. Feist,* sidus), *n., Skr.* svadhâ, *custom.* (*Comp. P., Beitr., VI, 188*). — *Der. O. H. G.* situ-, siti-lîh (*For* -lîh, *s.* *leiks), *M. H. G.* sitelich, *adj., customary, moral, quiet, mild, N. H. G.* sittlich, *customary, moral. Comp. prec. w.*]

sifan, *w. v., to rejoice, be glad;* Jo. 8, 56, Rom. 15, 10. Gal. 4, 27. [*Allied to O. E.* sifian, *to rejoice* (*Ettm.*) *Comp. also Dief., II, 224.*]

siggwan, *st. v.* (68; 174, *n.* 1), (1) *abs.: to sing.;* Eph. 5, 19. Col. 3, 16; *to read;* Eph. 3, 4. (2) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*):

to read aloud; Lu. 4, 16. II Cor. 3, 15. — *Compd.* us-s., (1) *w. acc. of th.;* Mk. 12, 10. Lu. 6, 3. Gal. 4, 21 (gloss); *folld. by a dat. of pers.;* I Thess. 5, 27; at *or* in *w. dat. of pers. or th.;* Col. 4, 16. (2) *w. an indir. qestion;* Mk. 2, 25. (3) *w. an adv.* (hwaiwa, *how?*); Lu. 10, 26. [*Cf. O. E.* singan, *Mdl. E.* singe, *Mdn. E.* sing, *O. N.* syngva, syngja, synga (y *is* u-*uml. of* i), *O. S.* singan, *to sing, O. H. G.* singan, *to sing, crow, M. H. G. N. H. G.* singen, *Du.* zingen, *Eff.* sönge (*w. the usual* ö *for* i *before* n), *to sing.—Der.: O. E.* sengan (*from* sangjan, *caus. of* singan, *lit.* '*to make to sing*'), *Mdl. E.* senge, *Mdn. E.* singe (*for* *senge), *O. H. G.* *sengan, *in* bi-sengan (*For* bi-, *s.* bi), *M. H. G.* (be-)sengen, *N. H. G.* (be-)sengen, *to singe, scorch.* — *Comp.* saggws, *also remarks under* lisan.]

sigis, *n., victory;* I Cor 15, 54. 55. 57. [*Cf. O. E.* siȝor, *m.* (*from stem in* -iz; *hence orig. n.*), *beside* siȝe, *m.* (*as if from* siȝi-z), *Mdl. E.* siȝe, *victory, O. N.* sigr, *m., O. S.* sigi, *in* sigi-drohtin, *m., lord, O. H. G.* sigi, sigu, *m., M. H. G.* sige, sic(g), *N. H. G.* sieg, *m., victory, compd. pr. n.* Siegfried, *M. H. G.* Sig(e)frit, -vrit, *contr.* Sîfrit, -vrit, *O. H. G.* Sigifrid (*For* -frid, *s.* Friþareiks, *friþôn). *Germanic* segoz, sigiz, *refer to Indg.* séghos, -es, *n., overwhelming power; comp. Skr.* sáhaz, *Zd.* hazô, *strength, power, victory, and Skr.* sah, *to overpower, vanquish, conquer. S. follg. w., also* sihu.]

sigis-laun, *n., the reward or crown of victory, prize;* I Cor. 9, 24. Phil. 3, 14. [*From stem of* sigis *and* laun, *q. v. Comp. N. H. G.* siegeslohn (sieges *being gen.*), *m., reward of victory. Comp. follg. w.*]

Sigis-mêres, *pr. n.* (6, *n.* 2).

sigljan, *w. v., w. acc., to seal;* II Cor. 1, 22. — *Compds.* (a) faúr-s. *w. acc.* (þana *stain), *to fasten with a seal, to seal;* Mt. 27, 66. (b) ga-s. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*), *to confirm by sealing, to seal;* Jo. 6, 27; *and instr.;* Eph. 1, 13. 4, 30 (*B, A has* in þammei, ἐν ᾧ). [*From stem* *sigla-. *Cf. O. Fris.* sig(e)lja, *O. H. G.* *sigiljan, *in* bi-sigiljan, *M. H. G.* (be-)sigelen, *N. H. G.* (be-)siegeln, *to seal. S. follg. w.*]

sigljô, *n.* (110), *seal;* I Cor. 9, 2. II Tim. 2, 19. [*Its stem,* sigljan-, *is perhaps derived from stem* *sigla-, *which is either cognate with, or borrowed, from Lt.* sigillum, *a sign, mark, dim. of* signum, *th. s. The same may be said of late M. H. G.* sigel, *m., N. H. G.* siegel, *n., seal, beside O. H. G.* insigili, *n., M. H. G.* insigel, insigele, *n., seal, stamp.* (*Comp. also L. M., p. 244, and Kl.,* siegel. — *To Lt.* sigillum *also refers O. Fr.* seel,

whence Mdl. E. sêl, *Mdn. E.* seal, *a stamp. — S. prec. w.*]

sigqan (siggqan), *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to sink;* Lu. 5, 7; *to set* (*of the sun*); Lu. 4, 40. — *Compds.* (a) dis-s. *to go down, descend* (*of the sun*); Eph. 4, 26. (b) ga-s., *to sink* (*of the sun*); Mk. 1, 32; *w. dat.: to sink under, be swallowed up by* (*G. version: versinken*); II Cor. 2, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* sincan (*intr.*), *Mdl. E.* sinke, *Mdn. E.* sink (*tr. and intr.*), *O. N.* sökkva (*for* sönkva), *O. S.* sincan, *O. H. G.* sinchan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* sinken, *Du.* zinken, *Eff.* sönke (*w. the usual* ö *for* i *before* n), *to sink* (*intr.*). — *Der. Mdl. E.* sinke, *Mdn. E.* sink. *S. the caus.* sagqjan, *also* saggqs; *and comp. Kl.*, sinken.]

sihu, *acc. n.* (20, *n.* 1; 106), *victory;* I Cor. 15, 57 (*gloss in B*). *Allied to* sigis (*q. v.*); *comp. P., Beitr., VI, 188.*

sik, *refl. prn. 3d pers. sing., dual, and plur.; s.* seina.

sikls, *m.* (?), *a shekel; occurs only once, in gen. plur.* siklê; Neh. 5, 15. [*Borrowed from the Gr.* σίκλος, σίγλος, *from Hebr.* sheqel, *a weight and coin, from* sháqal, *to weigh.*]

***silan,** *w. v.* (193) *in* **ana-silan,** *to be silent, be still, grow still;* Mk. 4, 39. [*From Lt.* silere, *to be still or silent, pres. partic.* silens, *stem* silent-, *whence Mdn. E.* silent, *and Lt.* silentia, *silence, whence Fr.* silence, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* silence.]

silba, *prn.* (132, *n.* 3; 156), *self* (αὐτός). *This prn. always follows the weak infl., and never occurs in connection with the article* (*Comp. IV, below*). *It often remains untranslated in Engl.* (1) *used alone;* Mt. 27, 57. Mk. 15, 43. Lu. 1, 17. 22. 5, 37. 6, 3. 42. 17, 13. Jo. 6, 6. 9, 21. 23. 12, 24. I Cor. 9, 20. 27. 10, 29. II Cor. 1, 4. 9. 8, 17. Gal. 2, 17. Eph. 4, 11. Phil. 2, 24. I Thess. 3, 3. 5, 2. II Thess. 3, 7. Skeir. I, a. (2) *w. a poss. prn., where it is found in gen.* (*like Lt.* ipsius *w. a poss. prn.*); Lu. 2, 35. 14, 26. Gal. 6, 4. Eph. 5, 28. (3) *w. a pers. prn.;* Mt. 8, 4. 9, 3. Mk. 1, 44. 3, 26. 5, 30. 8, 34. 12, 31. 33. 15, 30. 31. Lu. 4, 23. 5, 1. 14. 7, 7. 8. 12. 49. 9, 23. 25. 10, 27. 14, 11. 16, 15. 18, 14. Jo. 6, 53. 61. 7, 4. 17. 18. 28. 8, 13. 14. 18. 22. 28. 42. 54. 10, 18. 33. 11, 33. 38. 12, 49. 14, 3. 10. 21. 22. 15, 4. 16, 13. 17, 5. 19. 18, 34. 19, 7. 12. Rom. 7, 25. 9, 3. 11, 25. 12, 16. 19. 13, 9. 14, 14. I Cor. 4, 3. 4. 5, 13. 7, 7. 11, 28. 29. 31. 16, 2. II Cor. 1, 9. 3, 1. 5. 4, 2. 5. 5, 12. 15. 8, 5. 10, 1. 7. 12. 18. 11, 7, 9. 12. 5. 13. 13, 5. Gal. 1, 4. 2, 18. 20. 5, 14. 6, 1. 3. 4. Eph. 2, 15. 16. 4, 19. 5, 2. 25. 28. Phil. 2, 7. 8. 3, 13. Col. 3, 16. I Thess. 4, 9. II Thess. 1, 4. 3, 9. I Tim. 2,

6. 4, 7. 16. 5, 22. 6, 10. II Tim. 2, 13. 15. 4, 11. Philem. 19; *w.* sis *it sometimes refers to the subj.;* Lu. 18, 9. Rom. 13, 2. Eph. 5, 27. Col. 3, 13. (4) *w. a dem. prn.; as,* þata silbô, *this very thing;* II Cor. 2, 1. 3. Gal. 2, 10; *or* silbô þata; II Cor. 7, 11; du þamma silbin, *for this same purpose;* Rom. 9, 17; in þamma silbin, *in (on) this very thing;* Rom. 13, 6. (5) *w. a subst.;* Mk. 4, 28. 12, 36. 37. Lu. 3, 23. 4, 41. 20, 42. Jo. 16, 27. I Cor. 15, 28. subscr. II Cor. 11, 14. Eph. 2, 20. I Thess. 3, 11. 4, 16. 5, 23. II Thess. 2, 16. 3, 16. Skeir. V, d. [*Cf. O. E.* self (*Like the G.* selb, *it follows both the str. and weak infl.*), seolf (eo *for* e, *by breaking*), sielf, sylf (ie, y, *from* eo, *by palatal uml.; palatal* l *from orig. guttural* l), *Mdl. E.* self, *Mdn. E.* self, *O. N.* sjálfr, *O. S.* self, *O. H. G.* selb, *M. H. G.* selp(b), *N. H. G.* selb (*extended* selber, selbst), *Du.* zelf, *prn., self. Etymology unknown. Comp., however, L. M., p. 156, Dief. II, 208, and Schulze, 'Gotisches Glossar',* silba. — *S.* silba-siuneis, silba-wiljis.]

Silbanus, *pr. n.* (5, a; 54, *n.* 1), *Σιλουανός;* II Thess. 1, 1; *acc.* -u; II Cor. 1, 19.

silba-siuneis, *m., eye-witness;* Lu. 1, 2. — *From* silba *and* *siuneis, *q. v.*

silba-wiljis, *adj., willing of one's self;* II Cor. 8, 3. — *From* silba *and* *wiljis, *q. v.*

silda-, *an inseparable pref., in* **sildaleiks** *and its derivatives, q. v. Allied to O. E.* seldan, seldǫn, seldum, *Mdl. E.* seldom, *Mdn. E.* seldom, *O. N.* sjaldan, *O. Fris.* sielden, *O. H. G.* seltan, *adv., M. H. G.* selten, *N. H. G.* selten, *adv., seldom, and adj., rare, scarce; further O. H. G.* selt-sâni, *M. H. G.* seltsêne, *N. H. G.* seltsam (*by change of suff.; s.* *sams), *O. N.* sjaldsênn, *whence Mdl. E.* seldsêne, *adj., strange. Comp. L.,* selt.]

silda-leik, *n., wonder, astonishment;* Lu. 5, 9. — *Prop. n. adj. used as a subst.; s.* sildaleiks *and follg. w.*

silda-leikjan, *w. v., to be astonished, wonder; s.* *leikjan. — *From* sildaleiks, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

silda-leiknan, *w. v., to be admired;* II Thess. 1, 10 (*S. note*). — *This word should have been given under* *leiknan. *s. Appendix* — *From* sildaleikjan; *s. prec. w. Comp. also follg. w.*

silda-leiks, *adj., wonderful, marvelous;* Mk. 12, 11. Jo. 9, 30. II Cor. 11, 14. [*From* silda- *and* *leiks, *q. v. Comp. O. E.* sellîc, syllîc, *for* *seldlîc, *Mdl. E.* sellîch, selli, *adj., strange, odd, admirable. Comp. prec. w.*]

Silôam, *pr. n., Σιλωάμ; gen.* -is; Jo. 9, 7. 11.

silubr, *n.* (94), *silver, money;* Lu. 19, 15. 23. Neh. 5, 15; *plur.*

silubra, *pieces of silver;* Mt. 27, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* siolfur, seolfor (*eo stands frequently for* io *which is* u-*uml. of* i), *from* seolufor, *for* seolufr (*the* o *simply denotes the syllabic nature of the* r, *and occurs as a rule after the guttural vowels* a, o, u, *of the preceding syllable*), *beside* silofr, sylofr, *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* silver, *O. N.* silfr, *O. S.* silubar, *O. H. G.* silbar, *from* silabar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* silber, *Du.* zilver, *n., silver. Allied to O. Bulg.* sĭrebro, *Lith.* sidabras, *th. s. Etymology obscure. Comp. Kl.*, silber, *and Sk.*, silver. *For Mdn. E.* quicksilver, *N. H. G.* quecksilber, *etc., s.* qius. *Comp. also follg. w.*]

silubreins (silubrins; *s. note to* Mt. 27, 3), *adj., of silver;* II Tim. 2, 20; *piece of silver* skattê (*s.* skatts) *being implied;* Mt. 27, 3. 9. [*From stem of* silubr (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna. *Cf. O. E.* seolfren, (*from*) seolofren, *beside* silfren, sylfren (*S. remarks under* silubr), *Mdl. E.* silver(e)n, *Mdn. E.* silvern (*obs.*), *made of silver, O. S.* silubrîn, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* silberîn, *N. H. G.* silbern, *adj., made of silver.*]

simlê, *adv.* (214, *n.* 1), *once, at one time, at one former time, formerly;* Rom. 7, 9. Gal. 1, 23. 2, 6. Eph. 2, 2. 11. 13. Col. 1, 21. 3, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* simle, symle, symble, *adv., always* (*beside* simles symles, *the* b *being intrusive, as in Mdn. E.* nimble, *etc.; s.* niman; *these advs. were orig. genitives*), *Mdl. E.* simle, *adv., always, O. S.* simbla (*beside* simblon, simlun), *O. H. G.* simble (*beside* simblun), *adv., always. Allied to Lt.* sim-ul, *together, at once,* sem-el, *once,* sim-plex, *simple, Skr.* sa- (*from* sm-), *in* sa-hásra, *one thousand*), *Gr.* ἑῖς, *μία, ἕν* (*from* *sems, *smia, *sem); *s. Feist,* simlê. *Cognate w.* sineigs sinteins, *q. v. Comp. also F. Schwahn,* '*Die gotischen Adjectiv-Adverbien, p. 56 and 57; A. Bezzenberger,* '*Gotische Adverbien und Partikeln, p. 62.*]

sinaps, *m.* (*or* **sinap,** *n.?; only gen. sing. occurs*), *mustard;* Mk. 4, 31. Lu. 17, 6. [*Cf. O. H. G.* senaf, *M. H. G.* senf, senef, *N. H. G.* senf, *m., mustard. A borrowed word; cf. Gr. σίναπι, Lt.* sinâpi, *n.*, sinapis, *f., th. s.* (*Mdn. E.* mustard, *Mdl. E.* mustard, mostard, *M. H. G.* mostert, musthart, *N. H. G.* mostert, *m., mustard, whence* mostrich (*S. Kl.*, mostert), *m., th. s., refer to O. Fr.* mostarde, *Ital.* mostarda, *from Lt.* mustum, *must, and Germanic suff.* -hart; *s.* hardus).]

***sindô,** *adv., in* **us-sindô,** *q. v.* — *Allied to* sinþs, *q. v.*

sineigs, *adj.* (10, *n.* 5; 138), *old* (*πρεσβύτης*); Lu. 1, 18; *elder* (*πρεσβύτερος*); I Tim. 5, 1 (*B has* seneigana). 2. [*From an*

adj. stem, *sina-, *and suff.* -eiga *S. Kl., Nom. St., p. 87). Cf. Skr.* sánas, *old, Gr.* ἕνη (ἔνη), *sc.* ἡμέρα, *the last day, Lt.* senic (=*Germanic* sin-iga-), *nom. senex, old, compar.* senior, *older, whence Mdn. E.* senior, *O. Fr.* sire (*for* *sidre, *from* *sindre, *for* sendre, *from* senr, *the* d *being euphonic, weakened from* senior), *whence Mdl. E.* sire, *Mdn. E.* sire, *short* sir. *To Lt. acc.* seniorem *refers O. Fr.* seigneur, *whence Mdn. E.* seignior. *For further cognates of Lt. orig., such as Mdn. E.* senate (=*N. H. G.* senat, *m.*), senile, *s. Sk.*, senate. — *Comp.* sinteins *and follg. w.*]

sinista, *superl. adj.* (138), *the eldest,* (1) *with art.;* Mt. 27, 1. 12. Mk. 7, 3. 5. 8, 31. 11, 27. 14, 43. 53. 15, 1. Lu. 20, 1; (2) *without art.;* Mt. 27, 3. Lu. 7, 3. 9, 22. [*From the adj. stem* sina- (*S.* sineigs), *and superl. suff.* -ista, *E. and G.* -est.]

sinteinô, *adv., ever, always, continually;* Mk. 5, 5. 14, 7. 15, 8. Lu. 15, 31. 18, 1. Jo. 7, 6. 8, 29. 11, 42. 12, 8. 18, 20. I Cor. 15, 58. II Cor. 4, 10. 11. 5, 6. 6, 10. 9, 8. Gal. 4, 18. Eph. 5, 20. 6, 18. Phil. 1, 20. 4, 4. Col. 4, 6. 12. I Thess. 2, 16. 3, 6. 5, 16. II Thess. 1, 3. 11. II Tim. 3, 7. Tit. 1, 12. Skeir. III, b. — *From stem of* sinteins, *q. v.*

sinteins, *adj., daily;* Mt. 6, 11; **seiteina** (17, *n.* 2); II Cor. 11, 28. [*From Germanic pref.* sin- *and* -teins (*allied to Skr.* dina, *O. Bulg.* dĭnĭ, *day*). *The pref.* sin- (*from* sina-, *ever; s.* sineigs) *occurs in many compds.; comp. O. E.* sin- (sien-, syn-) niht, *f., eternal night;* singrêne, *Mdl. E.* sin-, sen-grêne, *Mdn. E.* sengreen, *N. H. G.* (*prop. L. G.*) singrün, *n., the houseleek, lit.* '*evergreen*'; *O. H. G.* sin-fluot (sintfluot), *M. H. G.* sinvluot (sint-, süntvluot), *N. H. G.* sündflut (sünd *for* sin, *by influence of M. H. G. N. H. G.* sünde, *f., O. H. G.* sunta, *f., from* *suntja, *sundî, *sin,*= *O. E.* synn, *f., Mdl. E.* sunne, sinne, *Mdn. E.* sin, *from stem* sunjô-, *for* sundjô-, *from* sntjã-; *allied to Lt.* sons, *gen.* sontis, *guilty, criminal; for* flut, *s.* flôdus), *n., deluge, flood, prop.* '*universal flood*'. *Allied to Skr.* sánâ, *ever before,* sanâtána-, *eternal, Lt.* sem-per, *always. Comp.* simlê, sineigs, sinista, *and prec. w.*]

Sinþila (Swinþila?), *pr. n., gen.* **Sinthilianis** (*Lt. infl.*); Neap. doc.

***sinþja, *sinþa,** *m., in* **ga-, miþ-ga-sinþa,** *q. v.* — *From* sinþs; *s. follg. w.*

sinþs, *m.* (*or* **sinþs,** *n.?*) *It occurs in dat. sing. and plur. only, and is used to express the numeral adverbs; as,* (1) *sing.:* ainamma sinþa, *once;* II Cor. 11, 25; ainamma sinþa jah twaim, *once and again;* Phil. 4, 16. I Thess. 2, 18; anþa-

ramma sinþa, *a second time, again;* Mk. 14, 72. Jo. 9, 24. II Cor. 13, 2; (2) *plur.:* twaim sinþam, *twice;* Mk. 14, 72. Lu. 18, 12; þrim s.; *thrice;* Mt. 26, 75. Mk. 14, 72. Jo. 13, 38. II Cor. 11, 25; fimf s., *five times:* II Cor. 11, 24. 12, 8; sibun s., *seven times;* Lu. 17, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* sîð (*from* sinð; *s.* fimf), *m., a going, way, etc.; also used to form adverbial phrases of number, Mdl. E.* sîð, *th. s., O. N.* sinn, *n., th. s., O. S.* sîð, *m., way, O. H. G.* sind, *M. H. G.* sint (*gen.* -des), *m., way, direction. From root of Germanic* *sinþan, *to go; s.* sandjan, *sindô. For its relation to N. H. G.* sinn, *m., sense, and Lt.* sentire, *to feel, pret. partic.* sensus, *whence* sensus, *m., feeling, acc.* sensum, *whence Fr.* sens, *whence Mdn. E.* sense, *s. Kl.*, sinn. — *Comp. prec. w.*]

Siôn, *uninfl. pr. n.,* Σιών; Jo. 12, 15. Rom. 9, 33. 11, 26.

sipôneis, *m.* (92), *pupil, disciple;* Mt. 8, 18, 21. 23, 25. 9, 10. 11. 14. 19. 37. 10, 20. 25. 42. 11, 1. 2. 26, 1. 27, 64. Mk. 2, 15. 16. 18. 23. 24. 3, 7. 9. 4, 34. 5, 31. 6, 1. 29. 7, 2. 5. 17. 8, 1. 4. 6. 10. 27. 33. 34. 9, 14. 18. 28. 31. 10, 10. 13. 23. 24. 46. 11, 14. 14, 12. 14. 16, 7. Lu. 5, 30. 33. 6, 1. 13. 17. 20. 40. 7, 11. 18. 8, 9. 22. 9, 14. 16. 18. 40. 43. 54. 10, 23. 14, 26. 27. 33. 16, 1. 17, 22. 18, 15. 19, 37. 39. 20, 45. Jo. 6, 3. 8. 12. 16. 22. 24. 60. 61. 66. 7, 3. 8, 31. 9, 2. 11, 7. 8. 12. 12, 4. 16. 13, 22. 23. 35. 15, 8. 16, 29. 18, 1. 2. 15. 16. 17. 19. 25. Skeir. III, b. IV, a. V, d. VII, d; *s.* wisan *or* waírþan *w. dat., to be a disciple;* Jo. 9, 27. 28. [*Supposed to be allied to Gr.* ἕπεσθαι (*from* σέκϝεσθαι), *Lt.* sequi, *to follow, O. Ind.* sac, *to follow, reverence. In this case the* p *of* sipôneis *would refer to* kv. *S. L. M., p. 57, also Dief., II, 219. Comp. follg. w.*]

sipônjan, *w. v.* (187; 188) *w. dat., to be a disciple;* Mt. 27, 57. — *From stem of* sipôneis, *q. v.*

sitan, *st. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *to sit;* Mt. 27, 61. Mk. 2, 6. 5, 15. 9, 35. Lu. 5, 17. 8, 35; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mk. 10, 37. 40. 12, 36. 14, 62. Lu. 20, 42; ana *w. dat.;* Mt. 26, 69. 27, 19. Mk. 11, 2. Lu. 5, 27. 19, 30. Jo. 12, 15; at *w. dat.;* Mt. 9, 9. Mk. 2, 14; bi *w. acc.;* Mk. 3. 32. 34; faúr *w. acc.;* Mk. 10, 46. Lu. 18, 35; in *w. dat.;* Mt. 11, 16. Mk. 16, 5. Lu. 1, 79. 2, 46. 7, 32. 10, 13. Jo. 11, 20. Col. 3, 1; du *w. inf.;* Mk. 10, 46. Lu. 18, 35; miþ *w. dat. of accompaniment;* Mk. 14, 54; *a partic.;* Jo. 9, 8. — *Compds.* (a) and-s *w. acc., to regard;* Gal. 2, 6. Skeir. VIII, b.; *to inquire into;* I Cor. 10, 27. (b) bi-s., *to sit about, sit near, occurs only in pres. partic. used as a subst., m.* (115), *one who dwells near,*

nom. pl. bisitands, *those that dwell round about, hence neighbors;* Lu. 1, 58; *gen.* bisitandê (*round about*); Lu. 4, 14; *dat.* bisitandam *w. acc.;* Lu. 1, 65; *acc.* bisitands (*neighborhood*); Lu. 7, 17; *w. a follg. gen.* (*round about Galilee*); Mk. 1, 28. (c) dis-s. *w. acc., to settle upon, seize upon;* Mk. 16, 8 (dizuh-þan-sat=dis-uh-þan-sat, *by tmesis; for* diz, *s. 78, c*). Lu. 5, 26. 7, 16. (d) ga-s., *to set one's self down, sit down, sit;* Lu. 4, 20. 5, 3. 14, 28. 31. 16, 6; *folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Mk. 11, 7. Jo. 12, 14; in *w. dat.;* Mk. 4, 1. II Thess. 2, 4; *or* jaínar (*there*), *and* miþ *with dat. of accompaniment* (e) us-s., *to sit up;* Lu. 7, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* sittan (*from* sitjan; *the* j *occurs in the pres. tense only; the* t *was geminated before* j, *which was then dropped after the long syllable* sitt-), *Mdl. E.* sitte, *Mdn. E.* sit, *O. N.* sitja, *O. S.* sittian, *O. H. G.* sizzen (*from* *sizzian, *from* *sittian), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* sitzen, *to sit. From root* sĕt, *Indg.* sĕd; *comp. Lt.* sedere, *Gr.* ἕζεσθαι (*for* σέδjεσθαι), *Skr.* sad, *to sit. — Der.: O. E.* sête, *Mdl. E.* sête, *Mdn. E.* seat, *O. N.* sæti, *O. H. G.* sâʒa, *M. H. G.* sâʒe, *f., seat, beside M. H. G.* saz (*gen.* satzes), *m., place where anything sits, position, ordinance, stake, N. H. G.* satz, *m., position, stake, sentence, etc.; and O. H. G.* siz (*gen.* sizzes), *M. H. G.* siz (*gen.* sitzes), *N. H. G.* sitz, *m., seat. S. the caus.* satjan *and follg. w.*]

sitls, *m., settle, seat;* Mk. 11, 15; *throne;* Col. 1, 16; *nest;* Mt. 8, 20. Lu. 9, 58. [*From root of* sitan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -la. *Cf. O. E.* setl, *n.* (*whence* setlan, *Mdl. E.* setle, *Mdn. E.* settle, *to fix, adjust; for 'to settle a dispute', s.* *sahts), *Mdl. E.* setel (*infl.* setl-; *the* e *before the* l *simply denotes the syllabic nature of the latter*), *Mdn. E.* settle, *O. H. G.* seʒʒal, *M. H. G.* seʒʒel, *N. H. G.* sessel, *m., seat, settle, chair, arm-chair, Lt.* sella (*for* *sedla), *Gr.* ἕδρα (*for* *σέδρα), *th. s.; and the collateral O. H. G.* sedal (*Goth.* *siþls), *M. H. G.* sedel, *seat, settle, whence M. H. G.* sidelen, *N. H. G.* siedeln, *to settle,* ansiedeln (*For* an-, *s.* ana), *to settle, colonize, and O. H. G.* ein-sidelo, -sidillo, *Goth.* *ainsiþlja (*Formed after the Gr.* ἀναχωρητής, *Lt.* anachoreta, *a hermit; s. Kl.* einsiedel. *For* ein, ain, *s.* ains), *M. H. G.* einsidel, einsidele, *also* einsidelære (*w. suff.* -ære), *N. H. G.* einsiedel, *beside* einsiedler, *m., a hermit. For the kindred O. E.* sadol, *m.* (*Goth.* *saduls), *Mdl. E.* sadel, *Mdn. E.* saddle, *O. N.* söðull, *O. H. G.* satal, satul, *M. H. G.* satel, *N. H. G.* sattel, *m., saddle, s. Kl.,* sattel, *and Sk.,* saddle.]

siujan, *w. v.* (187), *to sew;* Mk. 2, 21. [*From a subst. derived from root* sĭw. *Cf. O. E.* seowian siowian (eo, io *for* i, *by* o-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* seowe, sewe sowe, *Mdn. E.* sew, *O. N.* sýja, *O. H. G.* siuwan, *Skr.* sîw, *to sew, Lt.* suere, *to sew. Root* sĭw-sû *occurs further in Lt.* sûtor (*S.* skôhs), *shoe-maker,* sûbula, *awl; in Gr.* κασ-σύειν, *to mend, repair,* κάσ-σῡμα, *a sole made of leather; in O. H. G.* siula (*w.* l-*suff.*), *M. H. G.* siule, *N. H. G.* säule, *Eff.* sül, *f., awl; in O. E.* sêam (*w.* m-*suff.*), *m., Mdl. E.* sêm, *Mdn. E.* seam, *O. N.* saumr, *O. Fris.* sâm, *seam, edge, border, O. H. G. M. H. G.* soum, *N. H. G.* saum, *m., Eff.* sǫ̂m, *m., edge, border, list; and in Skr.* sûtra, *thread. To O. E.* sêam *refers O. E.* sêamestre (*w. orig. fem. suff.* -estre), *Mdl. E.* sêmster, *Mdn. E.* seamstress (*w. Romanic suff.* -ess; *s.* goddess, *under* guþ).]

siukan, *st. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to be sick, be ill, be weak;* Lu. 7, 2. II Cor. 11, 29. 12, 10. 13, 3. 9. Phil. 2, 26; *folld. by* bi *w. acc.;* II Tim. 6, 4; in *w. dat.;* II Cor. 13, 4. — *S.* siuks, saúhts, *and follg. w.*

siukei, *f., sickness, weakness, infirmity;* Jo. 11, 4. II Cor. 11, 30. 12, 10. 13, 4. Gal. 4, 13. [*From stem of* siuks (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Cf. O. H. G.* siuhhî, *M. H. G.* siuche, *N. H. G.* seuche, *f., disease, malady.*]

siuks, *adj.* (124), *sick, ill, diseased, weak;* Mt. 25, 39. 43. 44. Mk. 6, 5. 13. 56. Lu. 7, 10. 10, 9. Jo. 6, 2. I Cor. 8, 12. 11, 30. I Thess. 5, 14; *w. dat. of the disease;* Lu. 4, 40; siuks wisan, *to be sick, be weak;* Jo. 11, 1. 2, 3. 6. Rom. 8, 3. I Cor. 8, 10. II Cor. 11, 21. Phil. 2, 27. [*From root of* siukan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* sêoc, *Mdl E.* sêk, sîk, *Mdn. E.* sick, *O. N.* sjúkr, *O. S.* siok, *O. H. G.* sioh (hh), *adj., sick, M. H. G.* siech, *adj., sick, sickly, leprous, N. H. G.* siech, *sickly, infirm. Comp.* saúhts *and prec. w.*]

***siuneis,** *m., one who sees, in* **silba-siuneis,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* siuns (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* saíhvan *and follg. w.*

***siuniba,** *in* ***anasiuniba,** *in* **unanasiuniba,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* *siuns, *q. v. Comp. also prec. w.*

siuns, *f.* (103), *the sense of sight, sight;* Lu. 4, 19. 7, 21; *sight, seeing;* II Cor. 5, 7; *a sight, vision;* Lu. 1, 22; *appearance, shape, form;* Lu. 3, 22. 9, 29. Jo. 7, 24. Skeir. VI, d (*twice*); *in* siunai waírþan, *to appear.* [*It stands for* *siƷwns (*by loss of the guttural; s. Sievers, 'Zur Accent- und Lautlehre der germanischen Sprachen', p. 109, also 97; the* w *changing into* u *after the short vowel* i; *s. Gothic grammar,* 42, 2, *and note* 3), *for* *sihvns, *from root of* saíhvan (*q. v.*) *and the ac-*

cented suff. ni. *Cf. O. E.* sîen, sŷn (îe, ŷ, *from* êo, *by* i-*uml.*), *f., seeing, sight, vision, eye, O. S.* siun, *f., M. H. G.* siune sûne, *n., th. s. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***siuns,** *adj., visible, in* **anasiuns,** *q. v.* [*From stem* *sewni, *for* *seȝwni (*s. prec. w.*), *for* *selwni, *from root of* saílwan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ni. *Cf. O. E.* ȝe-sîene, -sŷne (*For* îe, ŷ, *s. prec. w.*), *Mdl. E.* i-sêne, *visible, clear. Comp. also* siuneis.]

skaban, *st. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to shave;* I Cor. 11, 6 (*twice*). — *Compd.* bi-sk., *to shave off the hair, to shave;* I Cor. 11, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* scafan, sceafan (ea *for* a *after the palatal* sc), *Mdl. E.* shave, *Mdn. E.* shave, *O. N.* skafa, *O. H. G.* scaban, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* schaben, *to shave, scrape, rub. From Germanic root* skab, *pre-Germanic* skăp; *comp. Gr.* σκάπ-τειν, *to dig,* σκαπάνη, *spade, O. Bulg.* skopati, *to dig. Probably allied to Lt.* scabere (*Indg. root* skăb), *to scratch, scrape* (*S. Kl.,* schaben). — *Der.: O. E.* sceafa, *m., plane, scraper, Mdl. E.* shave, *Mdn. E.* shave, *a tool for shaving wood, O. N.* skafa, *f., scraper, O. H. G.* scaba, *f., scraper, plane, M. H. G. N. H. G.* schabe, *f., scraper, plane, also cockroach, moth, lit.* '*scraper,*' *Eff.* shâv, *f., plane* (*for cutting cabbage or turnips*); *and O. E.* scæb, sceb, sceab, *f., Mdl. E.* scab, shab, *itch, scab, Mdn. E.* scab, shab, *whence* scabby, scabbed, shabby, shabbed, *adj., mean; comp. N. H. G.* schäbig, *adj., scabby, scabbed, shabby; further O. E.* sceaft, *m., shaft of a spear, Mdl. E.* scheft, schaft, *Mdn. E.* shaft, *O. N.* skapt, skaft, *O. S* scaft, *m., spear, O. H. G.* scaft, *M. H. G.* schaft, *m., shaft, spear, N. H. G.* schaft, *m., shaft, handle, etc., Du.* schacht (*for* schaft); *comp. Lt.* scâpus, *m., shaft, stem, Gr.* σκῆπτρον, *staff; also O. H. G.* scuoppa (uo *from* ô; *Germanic root* skôb), *M. H. G.* schuoppe (schuope, schuppe), *N. H. G.* schuppe, *f., Du.* schob, *scale* (*of a fish*).]

skadus, *m., shade, shadow;* Mk. 4, 32. Lu. 1, 79. Col. 2, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* sceadu (ea *for* a, *by influence of the palatal* sc *and the* u *of the follg. syllable*), *by-form* scæd (a *for* æ *in pl.*), *n., Mdl. E.* shade, shadue, shadowe, *Mdn. E.* shade, shadow, *O. S.* skado, *m., O. H. G.* skato (*gen.* -awes, -wes), *m., M. H. G.* schate, *m.* (*rarely f.*), *N. H. G.* schatten, *m., shade, shadow, Du.* schaduw. *Allied to O. Ir.* scáth, *and perhaps to Gr.* σκότος, *gloom. S. follg. w.*]

***skadweins,** *f.* (14, *n.* 1), *in* **ga-skadweins,** *q. v.* — *From* skadwjan *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

***skadwjan,** *w. v.* (14, *n.* 1), *to cast a shade or shadow, in*

ufar-sk., *to overshadow*, (1) *w. dat.;* Mk. 9, 7. Lu. 1, 35. (2) *w. acc.;* Lu. 9, 34. [*From stem of* skadus, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* sceadwian, *Mdl. E.* shadowe, *Mdn. E.* shadow, *O. S.* skadowan, *O. H. G.* scatwan, scatewen, *M. H. G.* schat(e)wen, *to cast a shade or shadow, to darken. Comp. prec. w.*

skaftjan, *w. v., to make ready, prepare; occurs only once:* skaftjan sik, *to be about to do;* Jo. 12, 4. — *From. follg. w.*

***skafts,** *f., a shaping, making, preparation, in* ga-, ufarskafts, *q. v.* [*From root of* skapjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti (f *for* p *before* t; *s. Grammar, 81*). *Cf. O. E.* (ʒe-)sceaft (ea *for* a, *by influence of the palatal* sc; *the suff. seems to be* -tu, *not* -ti *which would have caused uml.; s.* scipe, *below, and comp.* luftus, lustus lusts) *f., Mdl. E.* (i-)shafte, *creature, creation, existence, decree, O. S.* -skaft (*in composition*), *O. H. G.* (ga-)scaft, *M. H. G.* (ge-)schaft, *f., creature, creation, shape, condition, manner. When used as a suffix, the word denotes a a state, condition, manner* (*Comp. E.* -hood, -head, *G.* -heit, *under* haidus); *comp. O. E.* -sceaft, *Mdl. E.* -shaft, (*late*) *O. H. G.* -scaft, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* -schaft; *beside O. E.* -scipe (*m.* i-*stem;* i, ie, *is* i-*uml. of* ea, *from* a, *by influence of the palatal* sc), *Mdl. E.* -schipe, *Mdn. E.* -ship, *O. N.* skapr (*m.* i-*stem*), *O. S.* -skepi, *m., O. H. G.* -scaf (*f.* i-*stem*), *M. H. G.* -schaf. *Comp. prec. w.*]

skaidan, *red. v.* (179), *to sever, separate, put asunder;* Mk. 10, 9 (*For* þamma, *s. note*); *to set at variance;* Mt. 10, 35 (*w. acc.*); *to depart;* I Cor. 7, 10 (*folld. by* faírra *w. dat.*). 15; *w.* sik, *th. s.;* I Cor. 7, 15. — *Compds.* (a) af-sk. *w. acc., to sever from, separate from;* Lu. 6, 22; *and folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Rom. 8, 35. 39; *w. refl. prn.* sik, *to separate one's self;* II Cor. 6, 17. Gal. 2, 12; *and folld. by* af *w. dat.: to depart from;* Lu. 9, 33. (b) dis-sk. *w. acc., to dissever, set aside;* Skeir, VIII, a. (c) ga-sk., *w.* sik *and* af *w. dat.: to separate one's self from, withdraw from;* II Thess. 3, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* sceâdan (*the insertion of* e *is due to the palatal* sc), scâdan, *to separate, Mdl. E.* schǫde, *usually* schêde (*from* schæde, *from* schêade, *orig.* eâ), *to separate, shed, Mdn. E.* shed, *to part, pour, spill* (*the* ê *was shortened in Mdl. E.*), *O. S.* skêðan, *O. Fr.* skêtha, *to separate, O. H. G.* sceidan, *M. H. G.* scheiden, *to sever, separate, to decide, settle, N. H. G.* scheiden, *th. s. From Germanic root* skaiþ (*by-form* skīþ (*Goth.* skaidan, *for* skaiþan, *is due to the forms w.* d *produced by grammatical change; comp. Sievers, O. E.*

Grammar, 233), *whence also O. E.* scǽð, scêð, *f., Mdl. E.* schêð, *Mdn. E.* sheath (*whence the v.* sheathe), *O. N.* sceiðir, *f.* (*plur.*), *sheath, O. S.* sceðia, *f., O. H. G.* sceida, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* scheide, *f., sheath, point or line of separation, limit, boundary, Du.* scheede, *f., sheath, Eff.* shêd, *sheath, also the line by which the hair of the head is separated; comp. O. H. G.* sceitila (*w.* l-*suff.*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* scheitel, *m., crown of the head, vertex, the line by which the hair of the head is separated; O. E.* scîde, *a piece of wood split off, a billet, Mdl. E.* schîde, *Mdn. E.* shide, *a piece split off, a billet of wood, O. N.* skîð, *O. H. G.* skît, *M. H. G.* schît, *N. H. G.* scheit, *n., a billet of wood; M. H. G.* schîter (*pl. of* schît) *occurs in N. H. G.* scheiterhaufen (haufen, haufe, *from M. H. G.* hûfe, houfe, *O. H. G.* hûf, houf,= *O. E.* hêap, *m., Mdl. E.* hêap, hêp, *Mdn. E.* heap), *m., funeral pile, pyre; and in N. H. G.* scheitern, *to be wrecked. — O. H. G.* skidôn, *M. H. G.* schiden, *to separate, discern, decide,* schit (*gen.* -des), *m., decision,* schideman (*For* man, *s.* manna), *for which N. H. G.* schiedsrichter (richter, *m., judge, from* richten; *s.* raíhtjan), *m., umpire, arbiter; and M. H. G.* schîden (*str. v. intr.*), *to separate, depart, go away, also to interprete, decide; whence* geschîde, *N. H. G.* gescheit, *adj., sensible, clever.—Germanic* skaiþ, skīþ, *refers to Indg. root* skait, skīt: skaid, skīd (skhid); *comp. Gr.* σχίϛειν (*for* *σχιδjειν), *to split,* σχίϛα (*for* *σχιδja), *a billet of wood, Lt.* scindere, *to split, Skr.* chid, *th. s., Lith.* skeda, *a chip, shaving. — Comp. follg. w.*]

***skaideins,** *f., separation; in* **ga-skaideins,** *q. v. — From a w. v.* *skaidjan *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Allied to* skaidan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***skaidnan,** *w. v.* (194), *in* ga-sk., *to become parted, separated, or divorced;* I Cor. 7, 11. — *From* skaidan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

skalja, *f., a tile, prop. a shingle having the shape of a scale;* Lu. 5, 19. [*From root* skal, *to cut, separate, and suff.* -jan. *Cf. O. E.* scell (ll *for* l *before the orig.* j; e *is* i-*uml., of* a), scyll (y *for* ie, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml., from* **a**, *by influence of the palatal* sc), *f., Mdl. E.* shelle, *Mdn. E.* shell, *O. N.* skel, *f., shell, Du.* shel, *shell, compd.* shelvisch, *whence N. H. G.* shellfisch (*For* fisch, *s.* fisks), *m. Allied to O. E.* sceale, scale, *f., shell, husk, scale, Mdl. E. scale, Mdn. E.* scale, *shell, flake* (*beside* shale, *husk, pod; comp. N. H. G.* schalgebirge, *n., mountains formed of thin strata*),

O. H. G. scala, *M. H. G.* schal, schale, *N. H. G.* schale, *f., Eff.* schâl, *f., shell, husk, pod, whence O. H. G.* schellen, *M. H. G.* scheln, *to strip off, strip, peel, N. H. G.* schälen, *to peel, husk, etc., Eff.* schelle, *th. s.; further O. H. G.* scelo, *M. H. G.* schele, *m., stallion, for which N. H. G.* schellhengst (*For* hengst, *m., stallion, M. H. G.* hengest, *O. H. G.* hengist, *m., gelding, or horse in general, O. E. Mdl. E.* hengest, *m., stallion, s. Kl.*, hengst); *and O. E.* scâle, *f., scale of a balance, Mdl. E.* scǫle, scale (*by confusion with* scale, *above; hence*) *Mdn. E.* scale, *the bowl or dish of a balance, O. N.* skál, *f., bowl, scale of a balance* (*whence Mdl. E.* skulle, scolle, *Mdu. E.* skull, scull, *the cranium, also an oar*), *O. S.* skala, *f., bowl, O. H. G.* scâla, *M. H. G.* schâl, schâle, *N. H. G.* schale, *f., bowl, scale of a ballance, Du.* schaal, *f., bowl, scale; and to O. E.* scylfe, *f., Mdl. E.* schelfe, *Mdn. E.* schelf, *O. H. G.* sceliva, *M. H. G.* schelve, *N. H. G.* schelfe, *f., husk, O. Du.* schelpe, *a shell* (*especially of a scallop*), *whence Mdl. E.* scalp, *Mdn. E.* scalp (*whence N. H. G.* skalp, *m., th. s.*), *and O. Fr.* escalope, *whence Mdl. E.* scalop, *Mdn. E.* scallop, scollop, *a kind of shell-fish. For further cognates, such as Mdn. E.* scald, scall, skill, *s. Sk.*, skill. *All from Idg. root* skel, *to cleave, split; cf. Gr.* σκάλλειν (*from* *σκάλjειν), *to scrape, hoe,* σκάλμη, *knife. Comp. also* skilja.]

skalkinassus, *m., service;* Rom. 9, 4; *bondage;* Gal. 5, 1; galiugagudê skalkinassus, *idolatry;* Gal. 5, 20. Eph. 5, 5. Col. 3, 5. — *From* skalkinôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -assus. *Comp.* skalks.

skalkinôn, *w. v., w. dat., to serve, do service;* Mt. 6, 24; Lu. 1, 74. 15, 29. 16, 13. Jo. 8, 33. Rom. 7, 6. 25. 9, 12. 12, 11. 13, 6. 14, 18. Gal. 4, 8. 5, 13. Phil. 3, 3. Col. 3, 24. I Tim. 6, 2. II Tim. 1, 3; *to be in bondage;* Gal. 4, 9. 25; uf *w. dat.;* Gal. 4, 3. — in augam skalkinôn, *to serve with eye-service;* Col. 3, 22. — *Compd.* miþ-sk., *to serve with;* Phil. 2, 22. — galiugam skalkinônds, *idolater;* I Cor. 5, 10. 11. — *From stem of* skalks, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

skalks, *m.* (91), *servant;* Mt. 8, 9. 10, 24. 25. Mk. 10, 44. 12, 2. 4. 14, 47. Lu. 2, 29. 7, 2. 3. 8. 10. 14, 17. 21. 22. 23. 15, 22. 17, 7. 9. 10. 19, 13. 15. 17. 22. 20, 10. 11. Jo. 8, 34. 35. 13, 16. 15, 15. 20. 18, 10. 18. 26. Rom. 14, 4. I Cor. 7, 21. 22. 23. 12, 13. II Cor. 4, 5. Gal. 3, 28. 4, 1. 7. Eph. 6, 8. Phil. 2, 7. Col. 3, 11. 4, 12. II Tim. 2, 24. Tit. 1, 1. Philem. 16. Neh. 5, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* sceale (ea *for* a, *by breaking before* lk), *m., Mdl. E.* schalk, *servant, man, O. N.* skálkr, *O.*

S. skalk, *O. H. G.* scalch, *m.*, *servant*, *M. H. G.* schalc, *m.*, *servant, bondman*, *N. H. G.* schalk, *m.*, *wag, rogue, knave.* — *Compd. O. H. G.* marahscalc (marah, *M. H. G.* marc, *gen.* markes, *n.*, *horse*, = *O. E.* mearh (ea *for* a, *by breaking before* rh), *m.*, *horse*, *O. N.* marr, *Goth.* *marh, *m.*, *horse; fem.: O. E.* myre (y *for* ie, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml.; Goth.* *marhjô), mere, *Mdl. E.* mere, *Mdn. E.* mare, *O. N.* merr, *O. H. G.* meriha, marha, *M. H. G.* merhe, *N. H. G.* mähre, *mare*), *m.*, '*horse-servant*', *groom*, *M. H. G.* marschalc, *m.*, '*horse-servant*', *marshal*, *N. H. G.* marschall, *m.*, *marshal; further M. H. G.* marstal (*for* marhstal; *concerning* stal, *s.* staþs, *stass), *stable for horses*, *N. H. G.* marstall, *m.*, *stable for the prince's horses, etc., public stables. Of G. orig. is O. Fr.* mareschal, *whence Mdl. E.* mareschal, marschal, *Mdn. E.* marshal. — *Comp.* skalkinassus *and prec. w.*]

skaman, *w. v., always w.* sik, *to be ashamed, be ashamed of;* (1) *abs.;* II Tim. 1, 12. (2) *w. gen.:* Mk. 8, 38. Lu. 9, 26. II Tim. 1, 8. 16. (3) *w. inf.;* Lu. 16, 3. II Cor. 1, 8 (*s. note*). — *Compd.* ga-sk. sik, *to be ashamed;* II Thess. 3, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* sceamian, scamian (*also* eo, o, *for* ea, a; *s. below*), *Mdl. E.* schame, *Mdn. E.* shame (*compd. O. E.* â-scamian (*For* â-, *s.* us), *Mdl. E.* aschame, *to shame, make ashamed*, (*pret. partic.*) ashamed, *adj.; comp.* affright, *under* faúrhtjan), *O. H. G.* scamên, *M. H. G.* schamen *and* schemen, *N. H. G.* (sich) schämen, *to be ashamed. From Goth.* *skama, *f.*, *O. E.* sceamu (ea *as in* sceaft; *s.* *skafts), scamu, *also* sceǫmu, scǫmu (*w.* ǫ *for* a *before* m), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* schame, *Mdn. E.* shame (*Northern E.* sham, *a shame, disgrace; hence, trick*, *Mdn. E.* sham, *trick, fraud; — Sk.*), *O. H. G.* scama, *M. H. G.* scham, *f.*, *shame, abashment, disgrace*, *N. H. G.* scham, *f.*, *shame; cf. O. N.* skömm, *O. S.* skama, *f.*, *shame; — der. O. E.* scamfæst (*For* fæst, *strong, firm, s.* fastan), *adj.*, *feeling shame, modest*, *Mdl. E.* schamefast, *modest*, *Mdn. E.* shamefaced (*as if from* face, *countenance, from Fr.* face, *from Lt.* faciem, *acc. of* facies, *th. s.*). — *Comp. follg. w.*]

skanda, *f., shame;* Phil. 3. 19. [*From root* skam (*whence also* skaman, *q. v.;* m *before* d *changed into* d) *and suff.* -dô (*accented, for* -þô, *Indg.* tâ). *Cf. O. E.* sceond, sceand (*For* eo, ea, *s.* sceamu, *under* skaman; o *for* a *before* n), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* schande, schonde, *f.*, *O. H. G.* scanta, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* schande, *f., disgrace. To the same root refers O. H. G.* scant,

adj., ashamed, whence scenten, *M. H. G.* schenden, *to make ashamed, abash, N. H. G.* schänden, *to disfigure, disgrace, violate. Comp. Kl.*, scham, schande, *and Nom. St., p. 55*).]

Skariôtês; *s.* **Iskariôtês.**

***skaþjan,** *str. v.* (177, *n.* 2), *to shape, make, in* ga-sk. *w. acc., to shape, make, create;* Mk. 13, 19. Eph. 2, 15. 3, 9. Col. 3, 10. I Tim. 4, 3; *in pass. w. nom.: to be made, be created;* Mk. 2, 27. Eph. 2, 10. 4, 24. Col. 1, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* scieppan, scippan, scyppan (*W. S., pret.* sceôp, scôp; *for* *scieppjan; pp *for* p *before* j; ie, i, y, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml.;* ea *for* a, *as in* sceamu; *s.* skaman), sceppan (*North. Kent.*), *Mdl. E.* scheppen (*pret.* schôp), *and* schapen (*pret.* schaped), *Mdn. E.* shape, *O. N.* skepja (*str. v.*), skapa (*w. v.*), *to create, make, O. H. G.* skephen (*str.*); *pret.* skuof; *rarely* scafta, *to create, make, arrange, beside* scaffan (*w. v.; s. Br., A. Gr., p. 238*), *th. s., and* scaffôn, *w. v., th. s., M. H. G.* schaffen, (*str. and w.*), *to create, make, shape, arrange, N. H. G.* schaffen (*str. v.*), *to create, produce,* (*w. v.*) *to do, work, furnish. O. H. G.* skephen, skepfen, *also meant to draw* (*water*), *M. H. G.* schepfen (*rarely w. v.*), *N. H. G.* schöpfen (*w. v.*), *to draw* (*water, breath*), *take* (*comfort*), *etc., O. S.* skeppian, *Du.* scheppen, *Eff.* scheppe, *to draw* (*water*). *To O. H. G.* scepfen, *to create, refer O. H. G.* scepfâri (*w. suff.* -âri), *M. H. G.* schepfære, *N. H. G.* schöpfer, *m., creator; and M. H. G.* schepfunge, schöpfunge (*suff.* -unge, *O. H. G.* -unga), *creation, creature, N. H. G.* schöpfung, *f., creation. O. E.* scippend, *m., creator, is prop. pres. partic. of* scippan (*above*); *whence Mdl. E.* sheppend, *th. s.* (*superseded by* creatur, *from Fr.* createur, *from Lt.* creatorem, *acc. of* creator, *m., creator, from stem of* creatus, *pret. partic. of* creare, *to create*).]

skattja, *m.* (80), *money-changer;* Mk. 11, 15. Lu. 19, 23.—*From stem of* skatts (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan.

skatts, *m.* (69, *n.* 1), *money* (ἀργύριον); Lu. 9, 3; *coin, a penny* (δηνάριον); Mk. 12, 15. 14, 5. Lu. 7, 41. 20, 24. Jo. 6, 7. 12, 5; *a pound* (μνᾶ); Lu. 19, 16. 18. 20. 24; skattê *is implied in* Mt. 27, 6 (*s.* silubreins). [*Cf. O. E.* sceat(t) (ea *for* a, *as in* sceaft; *s.* *skafts), scat, *m., Mdl. E.* schat, *coin, money, O. N.* skattr, *tax, tribute, O. S.* scat, *coin, money; property, O. Fris.* sket, *money, cattle, O. H. G.* scaz, *m., coin, money, M. H. G.* schaz (*gen.* -tzes), *m., money, property, treasure, also sweetheart, N. H. G.* schatz, *m., treasure, sweet-heart. Comp. prec. w.*]

skaþis, *n., scath, wrong-doing,*

wrong; II Cor. 12, 13. [*From* skaþjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iza, *extended from* -is. *Allied to O. E.* sceðð (ja- *stem; ðð for ð before* j; e *is* i-*uml. of* a; — *comp. v. B., p., 54*), sceaða, scaða (n-*stem; comp. Osth., F., p. 101 et seq.*), *one who does scath, a thief, criminal, enemy, Mdl. E.* scaðe, *th. s., also damage, injury, Mdn. E.* scath, *damage, injury, O. N.* skaði, *m., an injurer, enemy, also damage, injury, O. S.* scaðo, *enemy, O. H. G.* scado, *m., an injurer, enemy, also damage, injury, M. H. G.* schade, *th. s.* (*rarely injurer*), *N. H. G.* schade, schaden (*the* n *from the oblique cases*), *m., damage, injury.*]

skaþjan, *st. v.* (177, *n.* 2), *w. acc. of th.: to do scath, do wrong;* Col. 3, 25. — *Compd.* ga-sk. *w. dat. of pers.: to do wrong to, injure, hurt;* Lu. 4, 35. 10, 19. II Cor. 7, 2. Gal. 4, 12. Philem. 18. [*Cf. O. E.* sceððan (*from* *scaððjan, *for* scaðjan; ðð *by gemination before* j; e *is* i-*uml. of* a), sceaðan (ea *as in* sceaft; *s.* *skafts), *str. and w.* (*Comp. Sievers, O. E. Grammar, 392, 4, and n. 4*), *Mdl. E.* scaðe, *Mdn. E.* scathe, *O. N.* skaða, *O. H. G.* scadôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* schaden (*w. v.*), *to do harm, to hurt, injure, damage. From Germanic root* skaþ. *S. prec. w.*]

skaþuls, *adj., hurtful, harmful;* Col. 3, 25. I Tim. 6, 9. — *From root of* skaþjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -u-la. *Comp.* skaþis.

skauda-raips, *m.* (*or* **-raip,** *n.?*), *a shoe-latchet;* Mk. 1, 7. Lu. 3, 16. Skeir. III, d. [*The first component is allied to O. N.* skauðir, *f. pl., vagina; and to M. H. G. N. H. G.* schôte, *f., husk, pod; from root* skū, *to cover, whence also O. H. G.* sciura, *M. H. G.* schiure, *N. H. G.* scheuer, *f., barn; and Lt.* scûtum, *shield,* ob-scû-rus, *dark, lit. covered over, whence Fr.* obscur, *whence Mdn. E.* obscure; *and Gr.* σκῦλον, *armor; and Skr. root* sku, *to cover. Comp. Sch.,* skaudaraip *and* skaudh. *For the second component, s.* raips.]

***skaunei,** *f., fine shape, beauty, in* **guda-skaunei,** *q. v.* [*From stem of* skauns (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Cf. O. S.* scônî (*in composition*), *O. H. G.* scônî, *M. H. G.* schœne, *f., beauty, brightness, splendor, beside* schœn-, schôn-heit (*For* -heit, *s.* haidus), *N. H. G.* schönheit, *f., beauty, fineness.*]

skauns, *adj.* (130, *n.* 2), *formed, well formed, beautiful;* Rom. 10, 15. [*From Germanic root* skau, *to behold, and suff.* -ni. *Cf. O. E.* scîene, scŷne, scêne (îe, ŷ, ê, *by* i-*uml., from*) scêone (*for which we should expect* *scêane), *adj., brilliant, beautiful, well-formed, Mdl. E.* shêne,

fair, Mdn. E. scheen, *adj., bright, also subst., brightness, O. S.* skôni, *O. H. G.* scôni, *M. H. G.* schœne, *adj., bright, beautiful, fair, N. H. G.* schön, *adj., beautiful, fair, fine,* schon (*without uml.; comp.* fest *and* fast, *under* fastan), *adv., already, even, indeed, M. H. G.* schôn, schône, *in a beautiful manner, in a fair way, already* (*rare*). — *Der. M. H. G.* schônen, *to treat kindly, to favor, N. H. G.* schonen, *to spare, forbear, favor. S.* ibnaskauns, *skawjan, *skaws, skuggwa.]

***skaúrô,** *f., a shovel, in* **winþiskaúrô,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. H. G.* scora, *M. H. G.* schor, *f., shovel, whence* schorn, *to schovel, scrape together; allied to M. H. G.* schürn (*Goth.* *skaúrjan), *to impel, incite, stir* (*a fire*), *N. H. G.* schüren, *to stir* (*a fire*), *stir up.*]

skaúrþjô, *f., scorpion;* Lu. 10, 19. [*From Lt.* scorpio, scorpius, *from Gr.* σκορπίων, σκορπίος. *To Lt.* scorpionem, *acc. of* scorpio, *refers Fr.* scorpion, *whence Mdl. E.* scorpioun, *Mdn. E.* scorpion; *further M. H. G.* scorpion, *beside* scorpe, schorpe, *N. H. G.* skorpion, *m., scorpion.*]

skauts, *m., the hem or border of a garment;* Mt. 9, 20. Mk. 6, 56. Lu. 8, 44. [*Cf. O. E.* scêat, *m.,* '*projection*', *edge, corner, fold of a garment, lap* (*der.* scŷtê, scête, *m.?* ŷ, ê, *by* i-*uml. of* êa, *Mdl. E.* schête, *Mdn. E.* sheet), *O. N.* skaut, *n., corner, sheet of a sail, O. H. G.* scôz, scôzo, scôza, *m. f., M. H. G.* schôz, *m. f. n., N. H. G.* scho(o)ss, *m., lap, womb, bosom, Du.* schoot, *Eff.* schûss, *m., lap. From root* skŭt, *to shoot, seen in* (*Goth.* *skiutan) *O. E.* scêotan (*pret.* scêat, *pl.* scuton, *pret. partic.* scoten), *Mdl. E.* schête, schûte, *Mdn. E.* shoot, *O. N.* skjóta, *O. S.* skeotan, *O. H. G.* sciozan, *M. H. G.* schiezen, *N. H. G.* schiessen, *Du.* schieten, *Eff.* schêsse, *to shoot; in O. H. G.* scoz, *n.,* scozza, *f., M. H. G.* schoz(z), *n., N. H. G.* schoss, *m., shoot, sprig; in O. E.* sceot (eo *for* o *after the palatal* sc), scot, *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* scot, *M. H. G.* schoz, *m., N. H. G.* schoss, *m., tax, tribute, Du.* schot, *th. s.; in O. E.* ze-sceot (*For* ze-, *s.* ga), *n., dart, thunderbolt, Mdl. E.* schot, *Mdn. E.* shot, *O. H. G.* gi-scoz, *M. H. G.* geschoz, *N. H. G.* geschoss, *n., missile, weapon, dart, etc.; in Mdl. E.* shitel (*w. suffix* -el), *shuttle, bolt of a door, Mdn. E.* shuttle; *comp. O. E.* scytel, *m., arrow, dart; in O. H. G.* scuzzo (*Goth.* *skutja), *m., archer, bowman, M. H. G.* schütze, *m., th. s., also* (*late*) *a beginner, freshman* (*comp. N. H. G.* abcschütze, *m.,* '*abece-scholar*'), *N. H. G.* schütze, *m., a shooter, archer, rifleman; in the verbal*

abstr.: O. E. scyte (y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *m., Mdl. E.* schute, scute, *shooting, shot, O. H. G.* scuʒ(ʒ), *M. H. G.* schuʒ(ʒ), *N. H. G.* schuss, *m., shooting, shot; in O. E.* scyttan (*from* *scutjan, *by* i-*uml. of* u, *and gemination of* t *before* j), *Mdl. E.* schutte, *Mdn. E.* shut, *M. H. G.* schützen (*O. H. G.* *scuzzen, *Goth.* *skutjan), *to dam up, protect, N. H. G.* schützen, *to protect, guard, shelter; der.* schutz, *m., protection, guard, shelter, M. H. G.* schuz(tz), *m., a dam, protection.*]

***skawjan,** *w. v.* (42, *n.* 2), *to behold, see, in* us-sk., (1) *w. refl. acc.* sik, *to awake;* I Cor. 15, 34. (2) *in pass.: to recover one's self;* II Tim. 2, 26 (*B, A has* usskarjaindau).—*From* *skaws, usskaws, *q. v.*

***skaws,** *adj., in* **uskaws,** *q. v.* [*From root* skau, skŭ, *to behold, see, whence also Goth.* *skaggwôn, *O. E.* scêawian, *w. v., intr.: to behold, see, and trans.: to see, look at, contemplate, Mdl. E.* schêwe, *Mdn. E.* shew, show, *O. S.* scauwôn, *O. H. G.* scauwôn, (*whence*) scouwôn, *M. H. G.* schouwen, *N. H. G.* schauen, *Du.* schouwen, *to look, behold, see, gaze, view. Allied to Lt.* cavêre (*from* scavêre), *to be on one's guard, take care, Gr.* κοεῖν, *to mark, preceive, hear, Skr.* kavis, *a seer, sage, poet. S.* skauns, skuggwa, *and prec. w.*]

skeima, *m., a light, torch, lantern;* Jo. 18, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* scîma, *m., light, splendor, O. N.* skîmi, *a gleam, O. S. O. H. G.* skîmo, schîmo, *M. H. G.* schîme, *m., splendor, brightness, gleam. From root* skĭ, *to shine* (*and Germanic suff.* -man), *also seen in O. E.* scimian, *Mdl. E.* schime, *whence the O. E. frequent.* scimrian, *Mdl. E.* schimere, *Mdn. E.* schimmer, *to glimmer, also subst., a gleaming, glimmering; comp. L. G. Du.* schemeren, *th. s., whence N. H. G.* schimmer, *m., glimmer; further in O. S.* skimo, *m., M. H. G.* scheme, *m., shadow, shade, N. H. G.* schemen, *m., phantom, shadow; in Gr.* σκιά, *shadow, shade, ghost; and in Skr.* châyâ-, *shade, shadow, splendor. S.* skeirs *and follg. w.*]

skeinan, *st. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to shine;* Lu. 9, 29. II Cor. 4, 6; *folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Lu. 17, 24. — *Compd.* bi-sk. *w. acc., to shine upon, shine round about;* Lu. 2, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* scînan, *Mdl. E.* schîne, *Mdn. E.* shine, *O. N.* skína, *O. S.* skînan, *O. H. G.* scînan, *M. H. G.* schînen, *N. H. G.* scheinen, *Du.* schijnen, *Eff.* schenge, *to schine. — Der.: O. E.* scîn, *n., apparition, ghost, phantom, Mdl. E.* *schîn, *in* dêofelshîn, *O. E.* dêofol-scîn (*For* dêofol, -ul, *s.* diabaúlus), *a diabolical vision* (*Ormulum, 8110*), *Mdn. E.* shine, *O. S.* skîn, *m., shine, splendor, O. H.*

G. scîn, *m.*, *shine, brightness, splendor, M. H. G.* schîn, *m., th. s., also evidence, testimony, N. H. G.* schein, *m., shine, splendor, brightness, appearance. — From root* skī (*and* n-*suff.*); *s.* skeima skeirs, *and follg. w.*]

skeireins, *f., a making clear, an explanation, interpretation;* 1 Cor. 12, 10. 14, 26 (*A has* skêreins; *s. note*).—*From* *skeirjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni. *Comp.* skeirs, skeima, skeinan.

***skeirjan,** *w. v., to make clear, explain, interprete; in* ga-sk., *th. s.;* Mk. 5, 41. 15, 22. 34. Skeir. II, c; *in pass. w. predicate nom.;* Jo. 9, 7. — *From* skeirs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

skeirs, *adj.* (78, *n.* 2; 129, *n.* 1; 130), *clear, evident, plain;* Skeir. IV, b. V, a. [*From root* skî, *to shine, and suff.* -ri (?). *Cf. O. E.* scîr, *Mdl. E.* schîr, *bright, clear, pure, O. N.* skírr, *O. S.* skîri, *M. H. G.* (*M. G.*) schîr, *pure, clear, bright, N. H. G.* schier (*for* *scheier, *by influence of* schier, *nearly, almost, M. H. G.* schiere, *quickly, soon, O. H. G.* sciaro (ia *for* ea, *from* ê; *s. Br., A. Gr., p. 23*), *quickly, quick, adv., to O. H. G.* sciari, scêri, *adj., sagacious, M. H. G.* shier, *adj., quick; comp. Du.* schier, *Eff.* schîe, *adv., nearly, almost*), *adj., sheer, smooth, clear. Allied to O. N.* skærr, *sheer, bright, whence Mdl. E.* scêre, schêre, *bright, Mdn. E.* sheer, *adj., pure, clear, perpendicular. S.* skeima, skeinan, skeireins, *and* *skeirjan.]

skêwjan, *w. v., to go, walk;* Mk. 2, 23. [*Allied to O. N.* skæva, *to go or stride along,* skæva*ðr*, *m., one who strides, a race-horse; and to O. Ind.* cju (*from* scju, skju), *to move, go away, Gr.* σεύεσθαι (*from* σκjεύεσθαι), *move quickly, hurry. S. Sch.,* skêvjan, *and L. M., p. 158.*]

skildus, *m., shield;* Eph. 6, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* scild, scyld, sceld (*Comp. P., Beitr., VI, p. 45*), *m., protection, shield, defense, Mdl. E.* schîld, schêld, *Mdn. E.* shield, *O. N.* skjöldr, *O. S.* skild, *O. H. G.* scilt, *M. H. G.* schilt (*infl.* d *and* t), *m., shield, N. H. G.* schild, *m.* (*pl.* schilde), *shield, also sign, sign-board; so chiefly n.* (*pl.* schilder); *comp.* schilderhaus (*For* haus, *s.* *hûs), *sentry-box. — To M. H. G.* shilt, (*painted*) *shield, refers N. H. G.* shildern, *to paint picture, depict, whence* schilderei (*w. suff.* -ei, *M. H. G.* -îe, *from Fr.* -íe, *from Lt.* -ia), *f., painting, picture; comp. M. H. G.* schiltære (*w. suff.* -ære *of the agent*), *m., painter; and Du.* schildern, *to paint, picture, describe. — Compd. O. E.* scild-truma (truma, *m., troop*), *m., a guard, lit.* '*shield-troop*', *Mdl. E.* sheldtrume, *also spelt* shelt-

ron, sheltrun, *whence Mdn. E.* shelter (*S. Sk. and M.*, shelter).]

skilja, *m., butcher;* **at skiljam** (*ἐν μακέλλῳ, at the market*), *from the butchers; hence, in the shambles;* I Cor. 10, 25. [*From a subst. meaning 'separation' and suff.* -jan), *seen in O. N.* skil, *distinction, whence Mdl. E.* skil, *skill, knowledge, understanding, reason, right, Mdn. E.* skill, *knowledge, understanding; cf. O. N.* skilja, *to part, separate, distinguish, often used impers., with the sense 'it differs', whence Mdl. E.* skile, *Mdn. E.* skill, *to be knowing, to have understanding, be dexterous in performance; 'it* skills *not', it makes no difference. — From root* skal (*S.* skalja), *to cut, whence also O. H. G.* scolla, *f.*, scollo, *m., M. H. G.* scholle, *m., N. H. G.* scholle, *f., a clod* (*of earth*), *flake* (*of ice*).]

skilliggs, *m., shilling;* Neap. *and* Ar. doc. [*Cf. O. E.* scilling, *m., Mdl. E.* schilling, *Mdn. E.* shilling, *O. N.* skillingr, *O. S.* skilling, *O. H. G.* scilling, *M. H. G.* schillinc (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* schilling, *m., Du.* schelling. *All* (*w. suff.* -ing) *from a verb seen in O. N.* skjalla (*later and rare*) skella, *str. v., to clash, O. H. G.* scellan (*pret.* scal, *whence the caus.* scelen, *from* *scaljan, *M. H. G.* scheln, schellen, *N. H. G.* schellen, *to ring the bell*), *M. H. G.* schellen, *str. v., to sound, resound, compd.* verschellen (*For* ver-, *s.* faír-, fra-), *to din, stun, decry, scatter, destroy, N. H. G.* verschollen, *adj., prop. pret. partic., no longer seen or heard of, disappeared; comp. O. H. G.* schella, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* schelle, *f., a bell; and O. H. G.* scal, *M. H. G.* schal (*gen.* -lles), *N. H. G.* schall, *m., sound, whence M. H. G. N. H. G.* schallen, *to sound.*]

skip, *n., ship, boat;* Mt. 8, 23, 24. 9, 1. Mk. 1, 19. 20. 3, 9. 4, 1. 36. 37. 5, 2. 18. 21. 6, 54. 8, 10. 13. 14. Lu. 5, 2. 3. 7. 11. 8, 22. 37. Jo. 6, 17. 19. 21. 22. 23. 24; usfarþôn gatawida us skipa (*for ἐναυάγησα*); *I suffered shipwreck;* II Cor. 11, 25. [*Cf. O. E.* scip, *n., Mdl. E.* schip, *Mdn. E.* ship, *O. N.* skip, *O. S.* skip, *O. H. G.* scif, scef (*gen.* -ffes), *M. H. G.* schif, schef (*gen.* -ffes), *N. H. G.* schiff, *n., Du.* schip, *n., ship, whence* schipper, *a mariner, whence Mdn. E.* skipper, *the master of a small trading or merchant vessel, also* (*rare*) *a ship-boy. Of G. orig. is the kindred Fr.* esquif, *a little boat, whence Mdn. E.* skiff. *Of L. G. orig. is O. Fr.* esquiper, *to equip a ship, Mdn. Fr.* équiper, *to equip, whence Mdn. E.* equip, *to furnish, fit out, N. H. G.* equipieren (*the suff.* -ieren *is coined from the Lt. inf. suff.* -ire), *to equip, fit out; and Fr.* équipage, *equipage, attendance, coaches, etc.,*

whence Mdn. E. equipage, *N. H. G.* equipage, *f., th. s.; and Fr.* équipement, *equipment, fitting out, manning, whence Mdn. E.* equipment, *th. s.*]

***skiuban,** *st. v.* (56, *n.* 1; 173, *n.* 1), *to shove, push, in* af-sk. *w. dat., to put away;* I Tim. 1, 19; *to cast away, reject;* Rom. 11, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* scûfan, *Mdl. E.* schûve, *O. N.* skûfa, *O. H. G.* scioban, *M. H. G.* schieben, *N. H. G.* schieben, *Du.* schuiven, *to shove, push, slide. Allied to O. E.* scofian (*w. v.*) *Mdl. E.* schove, *Mdn. E.* shove, *M. H. G.* schoben, *to shove, push, Swed.* skuffa, *to push, shove, jog, whence the Mdn. E. frequent.* scuffle, shuffle; *comp. O. Du.* schuffelen (*from* schuiven, *above*), *to drive on, also to run or shuffle off, Eff.* schufele, *to shuffle* (*the soil*). *From root* skŭb, *also found in O. E.* scêaf, *m., bundle, Mdl. E.* schêf, *Mdn. E.* sheaf, *O. N.* skauf, *O. H. G.* scoub, *m., sheaf, bundle* (*of straw*), *M. H. G.* schoup (*gen.* -bes), *bundle, a truss or wisp of straw, N. H. G.* schaub, *m., th. s., Du.* schoof, *Eff.* schôf, *a truss of straw; in O. H. G.* scobar (*w. Germanic suff.* -ra), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* schober, *m., cop, schock, mow; in O. E.* sceofel (*the* e *being inserted after the palatal* sc), scofel, *Mdl. E.* schovel, *Mdn. E.* shovel, *Du.* schoffel, *Eff.* schuffel, *f., shovel; allied to O. H. G.* scûvala, *M. H. G.* schûvel, *N. H. G.* schaufel, *f., shovel; further in O. H. G.* schupfa, *balancing board, whence M. H. G.* schupfen, *to balance, whence M. H. G.* schupf, *m., a swinging, rocking, a swing, N. H. G.* schupf, *m., a push, whence* schupfen, *to push; in M. H. G.* schup(b), *m., delay, respite, N. H. G.* schub, *m., shove, push, thrust,* aufschub (*from* aufschieben, *to defer, put off; for* auf, *s.* iup), *m., delay, respite; and in Du.* shup, shop, *L. G.* schuppe, *spade whence N. H. G.* schüppe, *f., spade, pl.* schüppen, *spades, with the sense 'a suit of cards', is a translation of Fr.* pique, *th. s.; cf. Eff.* schöp, *pl.* schöppe, *f., in both senses. S.* skuft.]

skôhs, *m., shoe;* Mk. 1, 7. Lu. 3, 16. Skeir. III, d. [*Cf. O. E.* sceôh (*the* e *by influence of the palatal* sc), scôh, *m.* (*plur.* scôs; *the* h *was lost before the orig. vocalic infl. which was absorbed by the long* ô; *in analogy with forms without* h, *we also find*), scǫ̂, *Mdl. E.* shǫ̂, *Mdn. E.* shoe, *O. N.* skór, *O. S.* skôh, *O. H. G.* scuoh, *M. H. G.* schuoch(h), *N. H. G,* schuh, *m., shoe, Du.* schoen, *Eff.* schôn (*The* n *is due to a weak infl. in pl.; comp. late W. S.* sceôna, *gen. plur.; s. Siev. O. E. Grammar, p. 118*), *m., th. s.*—*Compd. M. H. G.* schuoch-sûtære (*for which also the simple* sûtære,

O. H. G. sûtâri, *from Lt.* sûtor *and West Germanic suff.* -âri *of the agent; s.* siujan), *N. H. G.* schuster, *m., schoemaker, beside* schuoch-würhte (*whence the prop. n.* Schubert, Schuchart; *for* würhte, *s.* waúrkjan), *m., th. s. Comp.* ga-skôhi, ga-skôhs.]

skôhsl, *n., an evil spirit, demon;* Mt. 8, 31. Lu. 8, 27 (gloss). I Cor. 10, 20. 21. [*Etymology obscure. Perhaps allied to O. E.* scucca, sceucca (eu *by influence of the palatal* sc). *S. Sch.*, skôhsl, schûsel.]

***skreitan,** *st. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to shred, tear; in* dis-skr. *w. acc., to tear asunder, to rend;* Mk. 14, 63. [*Ct. O. S.* scrîtan, *to tear. Allied to Swiss* (*dial.*) schrîssen, schreissen, *to pull, tear; and to Bavarian* schritzen, *to slit. S. Sch.*, scrîtan. *Comp. follg. w.*]

***skritnan,** *w. v.* (194), *to become torn; in* dis-skr., *to become torn to shreds, to be rent in twain;* Mt. 27, 51. Mk. 15, 38. — *From pret. partic. of* *skreitan, *q. v.*

skuft, *n.* (*or* **skufts,** *m.? occurs only in dat. sing.*, skufta), *the hair of the head;* Lu. 7, 38. 44. Jo. 11, 2. 12, 3. [*Cf. O. H. G.* skuft, *O. N.* skopt. *Allied to M. H. G.* schopf, *m., the hair upon the head, N. H. G.* schopf, *m., tuft, top. Cognate w.* *skiuban, *q. v.*]

skuggwa, *m.* (68), *mirror;* I Cor. 13, 12. [*From root* skŭ (*S.* *skaws), *whence also O. E.* scûwa, *m., shade, also harm, malice, O. N.* skuggi, *m., shade, O. H. G.* scûwo; *and O. H. G.* scû-char, *mirror; comp. O. N.* skyggva, skyggja, *to overshade, overshadow; and* skyggna (*Goth.* *skuggwinôn), *to spy,* skyn, *n. f., perception.*]

skula, *m.* (108; *prop. weak adj.*), *guilty, debtor;* Mt. 6, 12; *w. gen. of th.:* dulgis skula (*S.* dulgs), *th. s.;* Lu. 7, 41; skula wisan *w. acc. of th.:* þatei skulans sijaima, *that for which we owe, our debts;* Mt. 6, 12; *or a dependent inf.: to be a debtor, to owe;* Gal. 5, 3; *w. dat. of the pers. to whom we owe;* Rom. 13, 8. Philem. 18. 19; *to be guilty of, be in danger of; the crime being indicated by the gen.:* Mk. 3, 29; *so the punishment;* Mt. 26, 66; *or dat.;* Mk. 14, 64; waírþan skula, *to be guilty of, be in danger of; w. gen. of th.;* I Cor. 11, 27; *the punishment being indicated by the dat.;* Mt. 5, 21. 22; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mt. 5, 22. [*From* skulan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an (*S. Osth., F., H.*). *Cf. O. E.* ȝe-scola (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga), *m., O. S.* skolo, *O. H. G.* scolo, *M. H. G.* schol, geschol, *m., debtor. S.* faihu-skula.]

skulan, *pret.-pres. v.* (200), (I) *w. acc. of thing: to owe;* Lu. 7, 41. 16, 7. Skeir. 41, 11; *and dat. of pers.* (*indir. obj.*); Lu.

16, 5. (II) *w. inf.: to be about to be, shall, be one's duty, be obliged, must,* (1) *for the Gr. future;* Lu. 1, 66; (2) *for μέλλειν w. inf.;* Mt. 11, 14. Lu. 9, 31. 44. 19, 11. Jo. 7, 35. 39. 12, 33. 18, 32. II Tim. 4, 1; (3) *for ἔχειν w. inf.;* Lu. 7, 40. Jo. 8, 26. 16, 12; (4) *for ὀφείλειν w. inf.;* Lu. 17, 10. Jo. 13, 14. 19, 7. I Cor. 5, 10. 15, 2. II Cor. 12, 11. 14. Eph. 5, 28. II Thess. 1, 3. Skeir. 46, 11; (5) *for δεῖ folld. by* (a) *acc. w. inf.;* Mk. 8, 31. 9, 11. Lu. 2, 49. 4, 43. 9, 22. 17, 25. 18, 1. 19, 5. Jo. 9, 4. 10, 16. 12, 34. I Cor. 15, 25. II Cor. 2, 3. 5, 10. Eph. 6, 20. Col. 4, 4. 6. I Thess. 4, 1. I Tim. 3, 2. 7. II Tim. 2, 6. 24. Tit. 1, 7. Skeir. I, d. IV, a. VI, a; (b) *inf., where* skal (*w. inf.*) *is used impers.;* Rom. 12, 3. Tit. 1, 11. (III) skuld ist: *it behooves,* (1) *for δεῖ,* (a) *in affirmative clauses;* Lu. 15, 32. I Cor. 15, 53. II Cor. 11, 30. II Thess. 3, 7. I Tim. 3, 15; (b) *in negative clauses;* I Tim, 5, 13. Tit. 1, 11; (2) *for ἔξεστι,* (a) *in affirmative clauses;* Mk. 3, 4. 10, 2 (*w. dat. of pers.*). 12, 14. Lu. 6, 9. 20, 22; (b) *in negative clauses;* Mt. 27, 6. Mk. 2, 24. 26. 6, 18 (*w. dat. of pers.*). Lu. 6, 2. 4. Jo. 18, 31 (*w. dat. of pers., as in*) II Cor. 12, 4. Skeir. VI, d. [*Cf. O. E.* sculan, *1st and 3d pers. pres. ind.* sceal *for* scæl, scal; e *by influence of the palatal* sc), *shall, must, pret.* sceolde, *should, ought, Mdl. E., respectively,* schel, scholde, schulde, *Mdn. E.* shall, should, *O. N. pres.* skal, *pret.* skyldi, *O. S.* skulan, *O. H. G.* scolan, *pres.* skal, *pret.* scolta; *also without the guttural; s. Br., A. Gr. 146, n. 4 and 5; 374, and n. 1. 2. 3. 4),M. H. G.* soln (scholn), *pres.* sol (sal; *rarely* schol, schal), *pret.* solde, solte, *N. H. G.* sollen, *pres.* soll, *shall, pret.* sollte, *should, ought, Du.* zal, *Eff.* sal, *shall. All meant orig. 'to owe'.—Der. O. E.* scyld, sceld (*w. suff.* -di *from Germanic* -þi; y, e, *by* i-*uml. of* u), *f., debt, obligation, crime, guilt, sin, Mdl. E.* schuld, *O. N.* skuld, skyld, *f., O. S.* sculd, *f., debt, fault, sin, O. H. G.* sculd, sculda, *f., M. H. G.* schult(d), schulde, *f., obligation, debt, fault, sin, N. H. G.* schuld, *f., debt, guilt, sin, fault, whence, respectively, O. E.* scyldiȝ (*w. suff.* -iȝ), *Mdl. E.* schuldi, scheldiȝ, *O. S. O. H. G.* skuldig, *M. H. G.* schuldic, schuldec, *N. H. G.* schuldig, *adj., guilty, in debt. — Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

skuldô, *n., a debt, a due;* Rom. 13, 7.—*Prop. weak pret. partic. n. of* skulan, *q. v. Comp.* skula.

skûra, *f.* (15), *shower;* **skûra windis,** *a storm of wind;* Mk. 4, 37. Lu. 8, 23. [*Cf. O. E.* scûr, *m., Mdl. E.* shûr, schour, *Mdn. E.*

shower, *O. N.* skûr, *O. S.* skûr, *O. H. G.* scûr, *M. H. G.* schûr, *N. H. G.* schauer, *m.*, *Du.* schoer, *Eff.* schue (*the* r *was dropped after* e *had developed itself before it*), *f.*, *shower.*]

Skyþus, *pr. n.*, *Σκύθης;* Col. 3, 11.

slahals, *adj.*, *fond of striking, a striker;* I Tim. 3, 3 (*in B, A has* slahuls). Tit. 1, 7.—*From* slahan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -a-la (-u-la).

slahan, *str. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to strike, beat, smite; w. acc.;* Mt. 26, 68, Mk. 14, 47. 15, 19. Jo. 18, 10. 23. I Cor. 8, 12; *folld. by* in *w. acc.;* Lu. 18, 13. II Cor. 11, 20; lôfam slahan, *to strike with the palms of the hands, to buffet;* Mt. 26, 67. Mk. 14, 65. — *Compd.* af-sl. *w. acc., to slay, kill;* Mk. 12, 5. Lu. 20, 14. Eph. 2, 16; *w. dat. of person and acc. of th., to strike off, cut off;* Mk. 14, 47. [*Cf. O. E.* slêan (*contracted from* *slaon, *for* *slahon, *slahan, *pret.* slôh, slôȝ), *to strike, slay, kill, Mdl. E.* slâ, slê (ê= æ), *Mdn. E.* slay, *O. N.* slá, *O. S.* slahan, *O. H. G.* slahan (*pret.* sluoh, *rare, usually* sluog, *by influence of the plur.* sluogum, *pret, partic.* gislagan, *where the* g *is due to grammatical change*), *M. H. G.* slahen (*pret.* sluoc-sluogen-geschlagen; *compd.* verslahen, *to slay, kill, etc., also to deceive, trick, pret. partic.* verslagen, *whence N. H. G.* verschlagen, *adj., cunning, crafty, sly, etc.*), *N. H. G.* schlagen (*w.* g *for* h, *by influence of the forms w.* g, *by grammatical change*), *to strike, beat, smite, Du.* slaan, *Eff.* schlŏn (*w. short* o *before final* n), *th. s. From Germanic root* slah:slag (*Comp. Windisch, Beitr., V, 215*), *whence also O. N.* slœgr, *sly, cunning, whence Mdl. E.* slîe, *Mdn. E.* sly, *cunning, and O. N.* slœgð, *slyness, cunning, whence Mdl. E.* sleiȝhðe, sleiȝhte, *Mdn. E.* sleight, *dexterity; comp. L. G.* slû, *whence N. H. G.* schlau (*S. Kl.*, schlau), *cunning, crafty. To O. E.* sleȝ- *in* sleȝen, slæȝen, *pret. partic.* (*w.* i-*uml. of* a) *of* slêan (*above*), *refers O. E.* sleczȝe, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* sleȝȝe, *a heavy hammer, Mdn. E.* sledge (*also* sledge-hammer; hammer *from Mdl. E.* hamer, *O. E.* hamor, *m.*,=*O. H. G.* hamar, *M. H. G.* hamer, *N. H. G.* hammer, *m., a hammer*); *comp. O. H. G.* sleȝil (*w. instr. suff.* -la, *from* *slagil, *by* i-*uml.*), *M. H. G.* slegel, *N. H. G.* schlegel, schlägel, *m., beetle, mallet. Allied to O. H. G.* gi-slaht (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *M. H. G.* geslaht (*w. suff.* -ta), *adj., of good race, noble, N. H. G.* geschlacht, *adj., of good race, soft, tender,* un-geschlacht (*For* un-, *s.* un-), *uncouth, rude, gross, boorish, M. H. G.* ungeslacht, *O. H. G.*

ungislaht, *adj.*, *ignoble, mean, base, low; to O. H. G.* slah-ta, *M. H. G.* slahte, *f., race, family, kind, beside O. H. G.* gi-slahti, *M. H. G.* geslehte, *n., race, family, birth, quality, N. H. G.* geschlecht, *n.; and to N. H. G.* schlag (*s.* slahs), *m., stamping, stamp; hence 'kind, manner'; comp. also O. H. G.* slahan *in the sense of 'to take after, resemble', for which M. H. G.* nâchslahen (*For* nâch, *s.* nêhvs), *N. H. G.* nachschlagen, *th. s. Comp. Kl.*, geschlacht. *S.* slahs, slaúhts.]

slahs, *m., stroke, stripe* (πληγή); II Cor. 6, 5. 11, 23; *plague* (μάστιξ); Mk. 5, 29. 34. Lu. 7, 21; slahs lôfin (ῥάπισμα), *a stroke with the palm of the hand, a buffet;* Jo. 18, 22. 19, 3. [*From* slahan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* sleȝe (*from* slaȝi-; e *is* i-*uml. of* a), *m., a striking, blow, slaughter, murder, defeat, Mdl. E.* sleȝe, *slaughter, murder, O. N.* slagr, *O. S.* slegi, *O. H. G.* slag, *M. H. G.* slac (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* schlag, *m., blow, stroke, etc. Comp.* slaúhts.]

slaíhts, *adj., plain, smooth;* Lu. 3, 5. [*Cf. O. N.* sléttr, *flat, smooth, trivial, O. H. G.* sleht, *adj., straight, even, plain, simple, smooth, gentle, friendly, M. H. G.* sleht, *adj., plain, smooth, straight, simple, clear, N. H. G.* schlecht, *plain, simple, upright, usually bad, mean, base, low, O. Du.* slicht, *even, plain,* slecht, *slight, simple, vile, whence Mdl. E.* slight, *Mdn. E.* slight. — *Der. O. H. G.* slehtî, slihtî (*w. suff.* -în), *M. H. G.* slihte, *f., plainness, rectitude; and O. H. G. M. H. G.* slichten, *N. H. G.* schlichten, *to make plain, smooth, level, to sleek, adjust, settle, whence N. H. G.* schlicht, *adj., plain, sleek, smooth, simple.*]

slaúhts, *f., slaughter;* Rom. 8, 36. [*From stem* sluhti-, *from* slahan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* sliht (i *for* ie, *from* ea, *by* i-*uml.; ea from* a, *by breaking before* ht: *stem* slahti-; *for the relation between* sluhti- *and* slahti, *s. v. B., p. 69*), sleaht (*without uml.; comp. P., Beitr., VI, 48*), *f., Mdl. E.* slaht, slauht, slaught, *slaying; allied to O. N.* slátr (*w. suff.* -tra; *whence* slátra, *to slaughter cattle*), *n., the meat of butchered cattle, also* (*Sk.*) *slaughter, whence Mdl. E.* slagter, slaughter (*by influence of* slaht, *etc.*), *Mdn. E.* slaughter. *Further O. H. G. M. H. G.* slaht, *f., slaying, plague, torture; and* (*w. fem. suff.* -tô), *O. N.* slátta, *f., mowing, O. S.* slahta, *in* man-slahta, *f., manslaughter, O. H. G.* slahta, *M. H. G.* slahte, slaht, *f., killing, slaying, battle* (*For another meaning, s. under* slahan), *N. H. G.* schlacht, *f., battle, whence, respectively, O. H. G.* slahtôn, *M. H. G.* slahten, *N. H. G.* schlachten, *to kill, slay,*

slaughter, and O. H. G. slahtâri (*w. suff.* -âri), *M. H. G.* slahtære, *N. H. G.* schlächter, *m., butcher. Comp. also* slahs.]

***slaupjan,** *w. v., in* af-sl. sis *w. acc., to slip off, put off;* Col. 3, 9. [*Caus. of* sliupan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* slêpan (*The* ê *is a rare by-form of* ý, î, îe; *from* slêapjan, *by* i-*uml.*), *to cover, draw a slip over, to impose, O. S.* slôpian, *to slip (tr.), lose, escape, O. H. G.* sloufen, *M. H. G.* sloufen, slöufen, *to slip (tr.), to cover, clothe, whence M. H. G.* sloufe, *f., a knot of ribbons, N. H. G. (dial.* schläufe, *f., for which)* schleife, *a knot, loop, a knot of ribbons, etc.*]

***slauþjan,** *w. v., to cause to slide, in* af-sl. *w. acc., to vex; in pass.: to be vexed, be in despair;* II Cor. 4, 8; afslauþiþs im in izwis, *I am in doubt about you, I stand in doubt of you;* Gal. 4, 20. [*From* *sliuþan (*pret.* *slauþ). *From Germanic root* slûþ, *whence perhaps M. H. G.* slûder, *N. H. G.* schleuder, *f., sling. Comp. follg. w.*]

***slauþnan,** *w. v., in* af-sl., *to be beside one's self, be astonished, be amazed;* Mk. 1, 27. 10, 24. Lu. 4, 36. — *Correlative to* *slauþjan, *q. v.*

slawan, *w. v., to be silent, hold one's peace;* Mk. 9, 34. Lu. 19, 40; slawands, *adj. (prop. pres. partic.), quiet;* I Tim. 2, 2. — *Compds.* (a) ana-sl., *to become silent;* Lu. 8, 24. (b) ga-sl., *to be silent;* Mk. 4, 39. [*Etymology unknown. Not allied to O. E.* slâw, *Mdl. E.* slǫw, *Mdn. E.* slow; *comp. Dief.,* slavan, *especially concluding reference.*]

sleiþa, *f., injury, loss;* Phil. 3, 7. 8. — *Perhaps from a verbal stem* slei- *and suff.* -þô, *Indg.* -tâ. *Allied to* sleiþs *and follg. w., q. v.*

sleiþei, *f., danger, peril;* Rom. 8, 35. — *From* sleiþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ein. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***sleiþjan,** *w. v., to injure, in* ga-sl., *th. s.;* gasl. sik, *to suffer damage, suffer the loss of, lose;* Lu. 9, 25 (*sc.* sik); *w. dat. of respect;* Mk. 8, 36; *so in pass.:* gasleiþiþs wisan, *to come off a loser;* Phil. 3, 8; in waíhtai ni gasleiþjaindau, *ye might receive damage in nothing;* II Cor. 7, 9. — *From* sleiþa, *q. v.*

sleiþs (*or* sleideis?), *adj., dangerous, perilous;* II Tim. 3, 1; *dangerous, fierce;* Mt. 8, 28. [*From root* slî *and suff.* -þi (-þja?). *Cf. O. E.* slîðe, *adj., injurious, dangerous, fierce, O. N.* slíðr, *adj., fierce, O. S.* slîði, *adj., bad, fierce, O. H. G.* slîdîc (*w. suff.* -ic), *adj., cruel, fierce, bad. Comp.* sleiþa, sleiþei, *sleiþjan.]

slêpan, *red. v.* (179; 78, *n.* 3), *to sleep, fall asleep, be asleep;* Mt. 8, 24. 9, 24. Mk. 4, 27. 5, 39. Lu. 8, 52. Jo. 11, 12. I Thess. 5, 7. 10; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mk.

4, 38. — *Compds.* (a) ana-sl., *th. s.;* Lu. 8, 23. I Thess. 4, 13. 14. 15. (b) gā-sl., *th. s.;* Jo. 11, 11. I Cor. 11, 30. 15, 6. 18. 20. [*Cf. O. E.* slǣpan (*str. and w.*), *Mdl. E.* slêpe (*str. and w.*), *Mdn. E.* sleep (*w. v.*), *O. S.* slâpan, *O. H. G.* slâfan, *M. H. G.* slâfen, *N. H. G.* schlafen, *Du.* slapen, *Eff.* schlǫ̂fe (*all str.*), *to sleep. From root* slêp; *s. follg. w.*]

slêps, *m.* (91, *n.* 2), *sleep;* Lu. 9, 32. Jo. 11, 13. Rom. 13, 11. [*From root* slêp. *Cf. O. E.* slǣp, *m., Mdl. E.* slêp, *Mdn. E.* sleep, *O. S.* slâp, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* slâf, *N. H. G.* schlaf, *m., Du.* slaap, *Eff.* schlǫ̂f, *m., sleep.* — *Der. O. E.* slǣpiʒ (*w. suff.* -iʒ), *Mdl. E.* slêpi, *Mdn. E.* sleepy, *O. H. G.* slâfag (*w. suff.* -ag), *M. H. G.* slâfec, *sleepy; and* (*w. double suff.* -ra, -ga), *O. H. G.* slâfarag, *M. H. G.* slâfrec, slǣfric (*w.* i-*uml. of* â), *N. H. G.* schläfrig, *adj., sleepy; comp. O. H. G.* slâferôn, slâfrôn (*w. v., beside* slafôn, *w. v.*), *M. H. G.* slâfern, *to become drowsy or sleepy, impers. w. acc., to be drowsy or sleepy, N. H. G.* schläfern, *impers. w. acc., to be drowsy or sleepy.* — *The orig. meaning of root* slêp *is probably that of the kindred O. H. G. M. H. G.* slaf (*infl.* ff; a *is abl. of* ê), *N. H. G.* schlaff, *adj., slack, loose, lax, indolent, languid, Du.* slap, *Eff.* schlapp, *slack, loose, languid, L. G.* slap, *th. s., whence N. H. G.* schlapp (*whence* schlappig, *w. suff.* -ig), *adj., lax, slack, indolent, negligent, and L. G.* slappe, *a slipper, whence N. H. G.* schlappe, *f., th. s. S.* slêpan.]

***slindan,** *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to devour, gulp down, in* fra-sl., *to swallow up;* II Cor. 5, 4. [*Cf. O. H. G.* (far)slintan, *M. H. G.* (ver)slinden, *N. H. G.* (ver)schlingen (ng *for* nd, *by influence of* schlingen, *to wind, twist; for* ver-, *s.* fra-), *to devour, gulp down, swallow up. The dental is preserved in N. H. G.* schlund, *m., M. H. G. O. H. G.* slunt (*infl.* d), *m., throat, gullet, pharynx, abyss.*]

sliupan, *str. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to slip; folld. by* in *w. acc.: to slip into;* II Tim. 3, 6. — *Compds.* (a) uf-sl., *to slip under, withdraw privily;* Gal. 2, 4. 12. (b) inn-uf-sl., *to slip in, creep in;* Gal. 2, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* slûpan (*for* *slêopan), *pret.* slêap, *Mdl. E.* slûpe (*in* ætslûpe), *to slip, O. H. G.* sliofan, *M. H. G.* sliefen, *N. H. G.* schliefen, *str. v., to slip. The stem of the pret. plur.,* slup-, *is seen in Du.* slof, *adj., careless, also subst., neglect, an old slipper, Eff.* schluff, *m., a slipper, O. Du.* slof, sloef, *a sloven, whence Mdn. E.* sloven (*w. suff.* -en, *Mdl. E.* -ein, *from Fr.* -ain, *Lt.* -anus; *s. Sk.,* sloven). *From root* slŭp, *pre-Germanic* slŭb, *in Lt.* lûbricus (*for* slûbri-

cus), *adj.*, *slippery.* — *All seem to be allied to O. E.* slîpan (*pret.* slâp, *pret. partic.* slippen), *Mdl. E.* slîpe (*pret.* slǫ̂p; *der.* slǫ̂pe, *Mdn. E.* slope), *to slip, glide, O. H. G.* slîfan, *str. v. to slip, glide, sink, smooth, M. H. G.* slîfen, *to glide, slip, grind, sharpen, N. H. G.* schleifen, *to grind, sharpen, Du.* slijpen, *Eff.* schliefe, *th. s.; to O. E.* slipor, *adj., Mdl. E.* sliper, *Mdn. E.* slippery (*extended by suff.* -y); *to Mdl. E.* slippe, *Mdn. E.* slip, *whence* slipper; *and to O. N.* sleppan (*from* slimpan), *pret.* slapp, *plur.* sluppom, *to slip, glide, whence* sloppr, *a slop, long loose gown, whence Mdl. E.* sloppe, *Mdn. E.* slop, *a loose garment. To O. H. G.* slîfan *refer the caus.* schleifẹn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* schleifen, *to drag, trail; comp. Du. L. G.* slepen (*whence N. H. G.* schleppen), *Eff.* schlêfe, *to drag, trail on or along the ground, Du.* sleep, *L. G.* slepe (*whence N. H. G.* schleppe), *Eff.* schlêf, *f., trail; and the O. H. G. intens.* slupfen, *M. H. G.* slupfen, slüpfen, *N. H. G.* schlüpfen, *to slip.* — *S.* *slaupjan.]

smaírþr, *n.?* (*occurs only once, in dat.* **smaírþra**), *fatness;* Rom. 11, 17. [*From root* smer, *to smear, and suff.* -þra, *Indg.* -tro. *To the same root refer O. E.* smeoru (*stem* smerwo-; *final* w *appears as* u *after a consonant;* eo *is* u-*uml. of* e), *n., fat, grease, Mdl. E.* smere, *fat, ointment, Mdn. E.* smear, *O. N.* smjör, *n., butter, O. H. G.* smero (*gen.* smerwes), *M. H. G.* smer (*gen.* -wes), *n., fat, grease, N. H. G.* schmeer, *m., grease, suet.* — *Der.: O. E.* smyrian (y *for* ie, *from* eo, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* smere, *to smear, anoint, Mdn. E.* smear, *O. N.* smyrja, *O. H. G.* smirwen (*for* *smirwjan), *M. H. G.* smirn, *to smear, anoint, also fig.* 'to *bribe*', *N. H. G.* schmieren, *to smear, grease, anoint, bribe, compd.* abschmieren (*For* ab, *s.* af), *to grease, fig. to copy negligently, also to thrash, cudgel* (*comp. the meanings of* smite, *Goth.* *smeitan (*q. v.*), *etc.*), *Eff.* schmĕrre, *to smear, besmear, compd.* af-schmĕrre (af=*G.* ab, *above*), *to beat, thrash, cudgel.* — *Allied to Lith.* smarsas, *fat, and to O. Ir.* smir, *marrow. Comp.* smarna.]

smakka, *m.* (58, *n.* 1), *fig;* Mt. 7, 16. Mk. 11, 13. Lu. 6, 44. [*A borrowed word. Comp. O. Bulg.* smoky, *fig. S. follg. w.*]

smakka-bagms, *m., fig-tree;* Mk. 11, 13. 20. 21. 13, 28. Lu. 19, 4. — *From* smakka *and* bagms.

smals, *adj., small, little; occurs only once, in superl.* smalista, *smallest, least;* I Cor. 15, 9. [*Cf. O. N.* smæl, *Mdl. E.* smal, *Mdn. E.* small, *O. S.* smal, *small, little, O. H. G. M. H. G.* smal, *small, little, slim, narrow, scarce, N. H. G.* schmal, *adj.,*

narrow, slim, slender, scanty, poor. — *Der. M. H. G.* smeln (*from O. H. G.* *smaljan; e *is* i-*uml. of* a), *to lessen, diminish, N. H. G.* schmälen, *to chide, scold, lit. to degrade, debase.* — *Allied to Gr.* μῆλον (*for* *σμῆλον), *small-cattle, domestic animals; comp. O. N.* smali, *domestic animals, especially sheep, O. H. G.* smalanôȝ (*For* nôȝ, *s.* niutan), *th. s.*]

smarna, *f., dung;* Phil. 3, 8. — *Cognate w.* smaírþr (*q. v.*), *the suff. being* -nô.

***smeitan,** *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *in* (a) bi-sm. *w. acc. of th. and dat. of pers., to besmear, anoint;* Jo. 9, 11. (b) ga-sm. *w. acc. of th. and dat. of person specified by* ana *w. acc., th. s.;* Jo. 9, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* smîtan, *to* (*smear, soil, dishonor?*) *strike,* besmîtan (*For* be-, *s.* bi-), *to soil, pollute, Mdl. E.* smîte, *to strike,* be-smîte, *to soil, pollute, Mdn. E.* smite, *O. H. G.* (be)-smîȝaṇ, *M. H. G.* schmîȝen, *to strike* (*intens.* smitzen, *N. H. G.* schmitzen, *to whip, lash, besmear, stain, whence* verschmitzt, *adj., cunning, crafty*), *be-schmîȝen, *to soil, pollute, N. H. G.* schmeissen, *to smite, strike, fling, throw,* beschmeissen, *to pelt, soil, foul, blow, fly-blow.* — *Der. O. H. G.* (bi-) smeiȝen (*from* *smeiȝjan, *caus. of* smîȝan), *to soil, pollute, M. H. G.* smeiȝen, '*cacare*', *N. H. G.* schmeissen, *to blow, fly-blow; further M. H. G.* smiz *m., spot, Eff.* schmetz (*a weaving term*), *m., a spot, often found in a warp; also N. H. G.* schmiss, *a dash, blow, stroke.* — *Perhaps cognate w. E.* smut, *G.* schmutz, *m., filth, dirt. Comp. Kl.,* schmutz, *and Sk.,* smut.]

***smiþa,** *m., smith, in* **aizasmiþa,** *q. v.* [*Allied to O. E.* smið (*str.*), *Mdl. E.* smið, *Mdn. E.* smith, *O. N.* smiðr, *m., artist, O. H. G.* smid (*str.*), *M. H. G.* smit (*gen.* -des), *N. H. G.* schmied, *Du.* smid, *Eff.* schmöd, *m., smith, whence, respectively* (*w. suff.* -jôn; *prop. from an adj., meaning* '*belonging to a smith*'), *O. E.* smiðde, *f., Mdl. E.* smiðde, smiðði, *Mdn. E.* smithy, *O. N.* smiðja, *O. H. G.* smitta (*from* smidda, *from* smiththa), *M. H. G.* smitte, *N. H. G.* schmiede (*by influence of* schmied, *above; in West-Germanic the* þ *was geminated before the suffixal* j), *f., smithy, shop of a smith, Du.* smisse, *th. s.* — *Perhaps from root* smī, *to work in metals or any other hard substance, whence also a v. seen in O. E.* smêðe (*w. suff.* -ði, *and* i-*uml. of* ô), *North.* smœðe, *sometimes* smôðe (*Sk.*), *Mdl. E.* smêðe, smôðe, *Mdn. E.* smooth, *whence O. E.* smêðan, *Mdl. E.* smêðe, smôðe, *Mdn. E.* smeeth (*prov.*), smooth; *and in O. H. G.* smîda, *f., beside,* gi-smîdi (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *n.,*

metal, M. H. G. gesmîde, *n., metal, things wrought of metal, especially weapons, ornaments, trinkets, N. H. G.* geschmeide, *n., trinkets, jewels; further O. H. G.* smeidar, *an expert in metallic work; M. H. G.* ge-smîdec (*w. Germanic suff.* -ga), *N. H. G.* geschmeidig, *adj., malleable, limber, flexible. Comp. Gr.* σμίλη, *a chipping knife,* σμι-νύη, *a hoe; also Kl.,* schmeicheln. *S. follg. w.*]

***smiþôn,** *w. v., to forge, in* ga-sm. *w. acc., to bring about, to work;* II Cor. 7, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* smiðian, *smioðian (io *for* i, *by influence of the orig.* ô *of the inf. termination*), *Mdl. E.* smiðe, smeoðe, *Mdn. E.* smith (*obs.*), *to forge, O. N.* smiða, *O. H. G.* smidôn, *M. H. G.* smiden, *N. H. G.* schmieden, *to forge. Allied to* *smiþa, *q. v.*]

smyrn, *n.*(*?*), *myrrh;* **wein miþ smyrna,** *wine mingled with myrrh;* Mk. 15, 23. [*Of Gr. orig. Cf.* σμύρνα, *f., myrrh.*]

snaga, *m., garment;* Mt. 9, 16. Mk. 2, 21. Lu. 5, 36. — *Etymology unknown; s. however Feist,* snaga.

snaiws, *m.* (91, *n.* 1), *snow;* Mk. 9, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* snâw, *for* snâ (*the* w *from the infl. cases*), *m., Mdl. E.* snǫ̂w, *Mdn. E.* snow, *O. N.* snær, *O. S. O. H. G.* snêo (o = *vocalized final* w), snê, *M. H. G.* snê, *N. H. G.* schnee, *m., snow, Du.* sneeuw, *Eff.* schnei, *m., snow. From Germanic stem* snaiwa-, snaigwa-, *pre-Germanic* snoighwo-; *comp. O. Bulg.* snegŭ, *Lith.* snegas, *snow. From Germanic root* snĭw (*pre-Germanic* snĭgh), *in O. E.* snîwan (*str. and w.*), *Mdl. E.* snîwe (*str. and w.*), (*Mdn. E.* snow *from the subst.*), *O. N.* *sníva (*pret. partic.* snivenn; *s. Noreen, Altnordische Grammatik, 400, n. 1*), *O. H. G.* snîwan, *M. H. G.* snîen, *w. v.* (*orig. str.*), *N. H. G.* schneien (*dial. str.*), *to snow, Lt.* ning(u)ere (n *for* sn), *to snow,* nix (*gen.* niwis), *snow,* νίφειν (*for* σν-), *to snow,* νίφα, νιφάς, *snow, Lith.* snigti, *to snow, O. Ir.* snechta, *snow, Zd.* sniz, *to snow.*]

***snarpjan,** *w. v., in* at-sn., *to taste;* Col. 2, 21. [*Caus. of* *snaírpan, *pret.* *snarp; *cf. O. H. G.* snerfen, *pret.* snarf, *M. H. G.* snerfen, *to draw together, shrink, shrivel, N. H. G.* (*dial.*) schnarfen, *th. s. The orig. meaning of the caus. seems to be 'to cause to diminish, as by nipping'; comp. the relation between N. H. G.* zehren, *to eat and drink, live,* verzehren, *to consume, spend, and Goth.* taíran (*q. v.*), *to tear.*]

snauh, *i. e.* **snau-h;** *s.* **sniwan.**

sneiþan, *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *w. acc., to cut, reap;* Mt. 6, 26. Lu. 19, 21. 22. II Cor. 9, 6. Gal. 6, 7. 8. 9. — *Compd.* uf-sn. *to kill;* (1) *abs.;* Jo. 10, 10. (2) *w. acc.* (*dir. obj., expressed*

or understood); Lu. 15, 23. 27 (af- *in C A*); *and dat.* (*indir. obj.*); Lu. 15, 30; *in pass. the nom., folld. by* faúr *w. acc.: to sacrifice;* I Cor. 5, 7. (1) *abs.;* Mt. 6, 26. II Cor. 9, 6. Gal. 6, 9. (2) *w. acc.;* Gal. 6, 7. 8. *an obj. clause;* Lu. 19, 21. 22. [*Cf. O. E.* snîðan, *Mdl. E.* snîðe (*for which Mdn. E.* cut, *Mdl. E.* cutte, *from Welsh* cwtau, *to shorten, dock; s. Sk.*, cut), *O. N.* snîða, *O. S.* snîðan, *O. H. G.* snîdan, *M. H. G.* snîden, *to cut, carve, reap, shape or form by cutting; hence to make* (*clothes*), *N. H. G.* schneiden, *Du.* snijden, *Eff.* schnegge (e *plus a guttural answering to N. H. G.* ei *plus a dental, is quite common in this dial.*), *to cut.* — *Der.: O. E.* snǽd, *f., Mdl. E.* snâde, *O. N.* sneið, *bite, bit; M. H. G.* snîde, *N. H. G.* schneide, *f., edge* (*of a knife or sword*); *M. H. G.* snîdære (*w. suff.* -ære), *N. H. G.* schneider, *m., tailor; O. H. G. M. H. G.* snit, *N. H. G.* schnitt, *m., cut, cut* (*of a garment, etc.*), *make, fashion, harvest, whence* schnitter, *M. H. G.* snitære, *m., reaper, harvest-man; O. H. G.* snita, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* schnitte, *f., slice; and the intensive M. H. G.* snitzen, *N. H. G.* schnitzen, *to cut, carve, chip.* — *Compd. O. H. G.* sniti-louh, *M. H. G.* snitelouch, *N. H. G.* schnittlauch, *m., porret* (lauch, *m., from M. H. G.* louch, *O. H. G.* louh(h)=*O. E.* lêac, *m., Mdl. E.* lêk, *Mdn. E.* leek, *short* *lic, *in* garlic).]

sniumjan, *w. v., to hasten, make haste;* Lu. 2, 16. 19, 5. 6; *w. inf.;* I Thess. 2, 17. II Tim. 4, 9. — *Compd.* ga-sn. *folld. by* und *w. acc.: to hasten to, to reach;* II Cor. 10, 14. [*From an adj. seen in O. S. O. H. G.* sniumi, *quick, fast* (sniumo *adv.*,=*O. E.* snêome, snîome, *adv., quickly, immediately*); *from root of* sniwan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -mi. *Comp. also O. E.* snû-d, *adj., quick,* snûde, *adv., quickly,* snûd, *m., quickness. S. follg. w.*]

sniumundô, *adv., with haste, quickly;* Mk. 6, 25. Lu. 1, 39; *compar.* sniumundôs (212, *n.* 2); *with more haste, more quickly, the more carefully* (*E. version*); 'um so eiliger' (*G. version*), σπουδαιοτέρως (*Gr. version*); Phil. 2, 28. [*From the adj. stem* *sniumunda-, *from root of* sniwan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -munda=*Lt.* -men-to-, *Gr.* -ματ- *for* μη-τ-, *primitive* -mn̥-tó- (*S., Brgm., M. U., II, p. 220; and Kl.*, leumund; *also Goth.* hliuma). *Comp. prec. w.*]

sniwan, *str. v.* (176, *n.* 2), *to hasten, go;* Jo. 15, 16; *folld. by* ana *w. acc.: to come hastily, come upon;* I Thess. 2, 16 (snauh=snau-h; *s. note*); *w. inf.: to hasten, strive;* I Cor. 9, 25. — *Compds.*, (a) du-at-sn., *to hasten towards, draw on;*

Mk. 6, 53. (b) bi-sn., *folld. by* faúr *w. acc.: to hasten on before, to prevent* (*E. version*), 'bevorkommen' (*G. version*), φθάνειν (*Gr. version*); I Thess. 4, 15. (c) faúr-bi-sn., *to hasten on before, go before;* I Tim. 5, 24. (d) faúr-sn., *to hasten before, anticipate; w. dat.;* I Cor. 11, 21; *w. inf.;* Mk. 14, 8; faúra faúrsn., *folld. by* ana *w. acc.: to go before;* I Tim. 1, 18. (e) ga-sn. *to come up with, reach, attain to; folld. by* bi *w. acc.;* Rom. 9, 31; *or* du *w. dat.;* Phil. 3, 16. [*Allied to O. N.* snúa, *red. v., to turn; and to O. E.* sneowan (eo *for* io, *from* i, *by* o-*uml.*), *w. v., to hasten. Comp.* sniumjan *and prec. w.*]

snôrjô, *f., wicker-work, basket-work, basket;* II Cor. 11, 33. [*Extended* (*by suff.* -jôn) *from a subst. seen in O. E.* snêr (*stem* snôri-), *f., chord, O. N.* snoeri, *a twisted cord, rope, O. H. G. M. H. G.* snuor, *string, rope, N. H. G.* schnur, *f., string, twine, lace, Du.* snoer, *Eff.* schnue, *f., string, whence, respectively, O. H. G.* snuoren (*from* *snuorjan), *M. H. G.* snüeren, *N. H. G.* schnüren, *to string, lace. From Idg. root* snă (*allied to* nê; *s.* nêþla), *to twist, whence also O. E.* snear, *f., cord, string, noose, Mdl. E.* snare, *Mdn. E.* snare, *noose; and Skr.* snâvan-, snâyu-, *Zd.* snâvare, *sinew.*]

snutrei, *f., wisdom;* I Cor 1, 17. 19. — *From stem of* snutrs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

snutrs, *adj., wise;* Lu. 10, 21. I Cor. 1, 19. [*Cf. O. E.* snot(t)or (*For* tt:t, *s. Sievers, O. E. Grammar, 269 and note; the* o *simply denotes the syllabic value of the* r), *Mdl. E.* snoter, *O. N.* snotr, *O. H. G.* snottar, *adj., wise, prudent. From Germanic stem* snut- *and suff.* ra.]

sô, *fem. of* **sa,** *q. v.*

sô-ei, *fem. of* **saei,** *q. v.*

sô-h, *fem. of* **sah,** *q. v.*

sôkareis, *m., disputer;* I Cor. 1, 20. [*From* sôkjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -arja. *Cf. O. H. G.* suohhari, *M. H. G.* suochære, suocher, *one who seeks, investigator, persecutor. Comp. follg. w.*]

sôkeins, *f., question, dispute;* Jo. 3, 25. Skeir. 3, a. b. — *From* sôkjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

sôkjan, *w. v.* (35; 186), (*orig. str.*) (1) *w. acc. of pers. or th.: to seek, seek for, ask for, desire, long for;* Mt. 6, 32. Mk. 1, 37. 3, 32. 8, 12. 11, 24. Lu. 1, 63. 2, 44. 45. 48. 49. 4, 42. 19, 10. Jo. 6, 24. 26. 7, 11. 18. 34. 36. 8, 21. 50. 13, 33. 18, 4. 7. 8. I Cor. 1, 22. 7, 27. 10, 24. 13, 5. II Cor. 12, 14. 13, 3. II Tim. 1, 17. Neh. 5, 18. Skeir. I, a. (2) *w. acc. of th. folld. by* (a) ana *w. acc. of pers.:* s. weitwôdiþa ana, *to seek for witness against;* Mk. 14, 55; (b) du *w. dat.: to seek of;* Mk. 8, 11; (c)

miþ *w. dat.: to question;* Mk. 9, 16. (3) *folld. by* bi *w. acc. of th. and* (a) miþ *w. dat. of pers.: to inquire;* Jo. 16, 19. (b) du *w. dat. of pers.: to question with;* Skeir. IV, a. (4) *folld. by* miþ *w. dat. of pers.: to question with;* Mk. 1, 27. 9, 14. (5) *w. inf.: to seek, desire;* Mk. 12, 12. Lu. 6, 19. 9, 9. 17, 33. 19, 2. 47. 20, 19. Jo. 7, 1. 19. 20. 25. 30. 8, 37. 40. 10, 39. 11, 8. 19, 12. Rom. 10, 3. I Cor. 7, 27. (6) *folld. by acc. w. inf.: to seek;* Jo. 7, 4. (7) *folld. by* ei *w. opt.: to seek;* Gal. 2, 17. (8) *folld. by an indir. question: to question with;* Mk. 9, 10; *to seek;* Mk. 11, 18. 14, 11. Lu. 5, 18. (9) *w. an obj. clause introduced by* þatei (*n. prn. sing.*) *w. pret. opt.;* I Cor. 10, 33; þôei (*n. prn. pl.*) *w. pres. ind.;* Col. 3, 1. (10) *w. adv.:* s. glaggwaba, *to seek diligently;* Lu. 15, 8; samana s., *to reason together;* Mk. 12, 28. — *Compds.* (a) ga-s. *w. acc.: to seek;* Rom. 10, 20. Phil. 4, 17. (b) miþ-s. *w. dat.: to 'seek with', dispute;* Mk. 8, 11. (c) us-s. *to seek out,* (1) *abs.: to search* (ἐρευνᾶν); Jo. 7, 52. Skeir. VIII, d. (2) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*)*: to judge* (ἀνακρίνειν); I Cor. 4, 3. 4. 9, 3. 14, 24; *to seek out, distinguish* (διακρίνειν); I Cor. 4, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* sêcan (ê *from* ô, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* sêke, *Mdn. E.* seek (*compd.* beseech, *Mdl. E.* be-sêche, -sêke), *O. N.* sœkja, *O. S.* sôkian, *O. H. G.* suohhan (-en), *M. H. G.* suochen (süechen), *N. H. G.* suchen, *Du.* zoeken, *Eff.* söke, *to seek. Allied to Gr.* ἡγεῖσθαι, *to guide, O. Ir.* sagim, saigim, *to go to, search for, inquire, Lt.* sagire, *to perceive quickly, keenly, or acutely, compd.* praesagire (prae, *before*), *to perceive beforehand, whence* praesagium, *presentiment, foreboding, presage, whence O. Fr.* presage, *whence Mdn. E.* presage, *prognostic, omen, token; Lt.* săgax, *gen.* sagâcis, *adj., of quick perception, whence Mdn. E.* sagacious. *Comp.* sakan *and follg. w.*]

sôkns, *f.* (35; 103), *search, question* (ζήτησις); I Tim. 1, 4. 6, 4. II Tim. 2, 23. [*From Germanic root* sôk (*Indg.* săg) *and suff.* -ni. *Cf. O. E.* sôcen, *f., Mdl. E.* sôcne, *O. N.* sókn, *O. Fris.* sêkne, *a seeking, inquiry; and O. H. G.* suohhnî (*extended by suff.* -în), *f., th. s. Comp. prec. w.*]

***sôks,** *adj., in* **unandsôks,** *q. v.* — *From root of* sakan, *q. v. Comp.* sakjô.

Sôseipatrus, *pr. n.,* Σωσίπατρος; *occurs only once, in nom. sing.*; Rom. 16, 21.

sôþ, *n.* (*or* **sôþs,** *m.? occurs only once, in dat. sing.* sôþa), *a satisfying* (πλησμονή); Col. 2, 23. [*From Germanic root* sô (*Indg.* sâ), *to satiate, sate, and suff.* -þa (*Indg.* -to). *A short*

root-form, să, *appears in the Goth. adj.* saþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

***sôþjan**, w. v., to satisfy, in* ga-s., *to fill, satisfy* (ἐμπιμπλάναι), *w. acc. of pers. and* (1) *gen.* (*partit.*); Lu. 1, 53; (2) *instr.* (χορτάζειν): ƕaþrô þans mag ƕas gasôþjan hlaibam, *from whence can a man satisfy these* (*men*) *with bread;* Mk. 8, 4. — *From* sôþ, *q. v.*

spaíkulâtur, *m.* (5, a; 24, *n.* 2), *a spy, executioner* (*E. version*), *'trabant'* (*G. version*); Mk. 6, 27. [*It is the Gr.* σπεκουλάτωρ, *Lt.* speculator, *m., spy, scout, from* speculari, *to behold, from* specula, *a watch-tower, from* spĕcere, *to look, behold, whence also* spĕculum, *Mdl. Lt.* spêculum, *n., looking-glass, mirror, whence O. H. G.* spiagal, *m., M. H. G.* spiegel, *N. H. G.* spiegel, *m., th. s.*]

spaiskuldrs, *m.* (*or* **spaiskuldr**, *n.; occurs only once, in dat. sing.*), *spittle;* Jo. 9, 6. [*Perhaps miswritten for* spaikuldr (*w. double suff.* -l-dra, u *being connecting vowel*), *due to the* s *of the initial combination* sp. *Cf. O. S.* spêcaldra (*w. suff.* -lðrôn; *comp. Kl., N. St., p. 45. Siev., Beitr., V, 523; 536.*). *O. H. G.* speicholtra, *M. H. G.* speicholter, *f., spittle. Allied to O. H. G.* speihhil(l)a, *M. H. G.* speichel, *f.* (*beside* speich, speiche, *m. f., and* spîche, *m.*), *N. H. G.* speichel, *m., spittle. All from root of* speiwan, *q. v.*]

sparwa, *m., sparrow;* Mt. 10, 29. 31. [*Cf. O. E.* spearwa, spearuwa (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* sparwe, sparowe, *Mdn. E.* sparrow, *O. N.* spörr, *O. H. G.* sparo, *M. H. G.* spar, *whence* sperlinc (*gen.* -ges; *w. suff.* -ling, *as in Mdn. E.* starling, *Mdl. E.* sterling, *from* stare, *O. E.* stær, *m., a starling,* = *N. H. G. M. H. G.* star, *O. H. G.* stara, *m., th. s.*), *N. H. G.* sperling, *m., sparrow. To stem* sparwa- *refers O. H. G.* sparwâri (*w. suff.* -âri), *M. H. G.* sparwære, sperwære, *N. H. G.* sperber, *m., Du. Eff.* sperwer, *m., sparrow-hawk. From root* spor, *to kick, also found in O. E.* spura, spora, *m., Mdl. E.* spure, *Mdn. E.* spur, *O. N.* spori, *O. H. G.* sporo, *M. H. G.* spor, spore, *plur.* sporn, *N. H. G.* sporn *plur. form*), *plur.* sporen, *m., spur, Du.* spoor, *th. s.; and in O. E.* spurnan (*str. v.*), spyrnan, *Mdl. E.* spurne, *to kick against, offend, Mdn. E.* spurn, *w. v. to kick, reject, O. N.* sperna (*str. v.*), *O. S.* spurnan (*str. v.*), *O. H. G.* spurnan (*str. v.; comp. Br., A. Gr., 337, n. 5*), *to kick, M. H. G.* sporn (*from the subst.; so*) *N. H. G.* spornen, *w. v., to spur; and in O. E.* spor, *n., Mdl. E.* spor, *foot-track, O. N.* spor, *O. H. G.* spor, *n., M. H. G.* spor, *n., beside* spür, spur, *n. f., N. H. G.* spur, *f., trace, track, Du.* spoor,

track (*whence Mdn. E.* spoor, *a trail*), *whence respectively, O. E.* spyrian (*y for* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* spure, *to track, trace, inquire, Mdn. E.* (*Northern E.; Sk.*) speir, *to ask, O. N.* spyrja, *O. H. G.* spuren, spurjen, *w. v., M. H. G.* spürn, *N. H. G.* spüren, *w. v., to trace, track, perceive.* (*Concerning the secondary meaning 'track, trace', etc., s. Kl.*, spur). *Allied to Gr.* σπαίρειν, *to sprawl, struggle, Skr.* sphur, *to kick, Lt.* spernere, *to despise, reject.*]

spaúrds, *f.* (116), *a stadium, furlong;* Jo. 6, 19. 11. 18; *race-course;* in spaúrd (*dat.*) rinnan, *to run in a race;* I Cor. 9, 24 (*A has* spraud). [*Cf. O. H. G.* spurt, *f.* (*or m.?*), *a stadium. Comp. Sch.*, spurt, *and Feist,* spaúrds.]

spêdumists, *adj., the last;* Mk. 12, 22. — *From stem* *spêduman- (*from stem of* spêþs, *q. v., and suff.* -man) *and suff.* -ista. *Comp.* aftumists.

spêþs, *adj.* (139, *n.* 1), *late; occurs only in compar.* spêdiza, *fem.* -ei (speidizei *in CA*), *the latter, last;* Mt. 27, 64; *and in superl.* spêdists (*str.*) spedista (*weak; so also without the art.*), *the last;* Mk. 12, 6. Lu. 20, 32. Jo. 6, 40. 44. 54. 7, 37. 11, 24. 12, 48. I Cor. 4, 9. 15, 8. 52. I Tim. 4, 1. II Tim. 3, 1. [*Cf. O. H. G.* spâti, *adj.* (spâto, *adv.*), *M. H. G.* spæte, *adj.* (spâte, *adv.*), *N. H. G.* spät, *adj. and adv., late, Du.* spade, *Eff.* spǫ̂d, *late. The meanings of the examples adduced by Feist; as, O. E.* spôwan, *to succeed, thrive, O. E.* spêd, *f., haste, success, riches* (*whence Mdl. E.* spêd, *Mdn. E.* speed), *O. S.* spôd, *f., success, O. H. G.* spuot (*from O. H. G. M. H. G.* spuôn, *to succeed; M. H. G.* spuot, *f., success, haste, whence O. H. G.* spuotôn, *M. H. G,* *spuoten, *N. H. G.* sputen, *to make haste*), *etc., do not seem to answer to that of Goth.* spêþs, *etc. Comp. prec. w.*]

speiwan, *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to spit;* Mk. 7, 33 (*CA* spêwands); *folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Mt. 26, 67. Mk. 14, 65; *or* in *w. acc.;* Mk. 8, 23. — *Compds.* (a) and-sp., *to reject, lit. 'to spit against';* Gal. 4, 14. (b) bi-sp. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*), *to bespit, spit upon;* Mk. 15, 19. Lu. 18, 32. (c) ga-sp., *to spit;* gasp. dalaþ, *to spit on the ground;* Jo. 9, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* spîwan, *str. v., to spit out, vomit, Mdl. E.* spîwe, *str. v.* (*beside O. E.* spiwian, spiowian, speowian (io, eo, *for* i, *by* o-*uml.*), *w. v., Mdl. E.* spewe, *Mdn. E.* spew, spue), *O. N.* spýja, *O. S.* spîwan, *O. H. G.* spîwan, spîan (*by suppression of* w *after long* i; *whence* spîjan), *str. v., M. H. G.* spien (*intens.* spiutzen, *N. H. G.* speutzen, *to spit*), *str. v.* (speien, *w. v., to bespit, mock*),

N. H. G. speien, *str. v., to spit, Du.* spuwen, *Eff.* speie, *Lt.* spuere, *Gr.* πτύειν, *Skr.* šthîv, *Lith.* spiáuju, *to spit. Comp. Osth., M. U., pp. 19, 33, 315 et seq. — Allied to O. E.* spyttan, spittan, *Mdl. E.* spitte, *Mdn. E.* spit (*whence* spittle, *formerly* spettle, spatil spotil (*Sk.*), *O. E.* spatl, *n., spittle*), *N. H. G.* spützen, *to spit. S. also* spai-skuldrs.]

spilda, *f., writing-tablet, tablet;* Lu. 1, 63; II Cor. 3, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* speld, *n., a splinter, chip, a torch, Mdl. E.* speld, *a splinter, Mdn. E.* spell, spill (*for* speld; *comp. Sk.*, spell, spill), *a thin slip of wood, slip of paper, O. N.* spjáld, *n., board, M. H. G.* spelte, spilte, *f., splinter. Allied to O. H. G.* spaltan (*str. v.*), *M. H. G.* spalten (*str. and w.*), *N. H. G.* spalten (*w. v.*), *to cleave, split.*]

spill, *n., fable, tale;* I Tim. 1, 4. 4, 7. II Tim. 4, 4. Tit. 1, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* spel(l), *n., a saying, narrative, story, Mdl. E.* spell, *speech, preaching, tidings, Mdn. E.* spell, *an incantation, O. N.* spjall, *a saying, O. S.* spel, *n., speech, O. H. G. M. H. G.* spel(l), *n., narrative, saying, fable. — Compd. O. E.* god-spell, *n., the narrative of God (= Christ), gospel, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* gospel, *O. N.* guðspjall, *O. S.* godspell, *O. H. G.* gotspel, *n.* (*superseded by* ewangêljo, *from Lt.* evangelium; *s.* aíwaggêli, aíwaggêljô), *gospel. For N. H. G.* beispiel, *etc., s.* bi. *Comp.* spillôn *and follg. w.*]

spilla, *m., one who tells a tale; hence a preacher* (*of the gospel*); Skeir. I, d. — *From* spill (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an. *Comp. follg. w.*]

spillôn, *w. v.,* (1) *w. acc. of th.: to tell a tale, preach the gospel, preach;* Rom. 10, 15; *and dat. of pers.* (*indir. obj.*)*: to tell, announce, proclaim;* Lu. 2, 10. (*E. version: to bring good tidings; Gr.* εὐαγγελίζεσθαι; *comp. compds.* (b) *and* (d), *below*); *to utter* (ἐκφέρειν); Neh. 6, 19. (2) *w. an obj. clause and dat. of pers.: th. s.* (διηγεῖσθαι); Mk. 5, 16. 9, 9. — *Compds.* (a) ga-sp. *w. acc., to preach;* Lu. 9, 60. (b) þiuþ-sp. (εὐαγγελίζεσθαι), *to tell or bring glad tidings, to preach;* Lu. 3, 18; *and s. note to* Lu. 8, 1. (c) us-sp., *to tell out, publish* (διηγεῖσθαι); Lu. 8, 39; *to tell, relate, report;* Lu. 9, 10; *pret. partic.* usspillôþs, *in the adj.* unusspillôþs, *q. v.* (d) waíla-sp., *to bring glad tidings, to preach* (εὐαγγελίζεσθαι); Lu. 8, 1 (*Comp.* (b), *above*). [*From stem of* spill (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* spellian, spellan, *to tell, speak, announce, recount, Mdl. E.* spelle, *to tell, declare, preach, tell or name the letters of, enumerate letters in order, Mdn. E.* spell, *to tell or name the letters of, enumerate letters*

in order, O. H. G. spellôn (*in* gotspellôn), *M. H. G.* spellen, *to tell, relate, talk. Comp.* spilla *and prec. w.*]

spinnan, *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to spin;* Mt. 6, 28. [*Cf. O. E.* spinnan, *Mdl. E.* spinne, *Mdn. E.* spin, *O. N.* spinna, *O. H. G.* spinnan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* spinnen, *Du.* spinnen, *Eff.* spönne (*w. the usual change from* i *to* ö), *to spin. Perhaps allied to O. E.* spannan, *to stretch, bind,* ȝe-spannan, *to bind, connect, Mdl. E.* spanne, *Mdn. E.* span, *O. H. G.* spannan, *M. H. G. N. H. G. Du.* spannen, *Eff.* spanne, *to stretch, bend, etc.; s. Kl.,* spanne, *and Sk.,* span.—*Ders.: O. H. G.* spinna, *M. H. G, N. H. G.* spinne, *f., spider; O. E.* *spîðer (*w. suff.* -ðer *of the agent, Idg.* -tro; *from* spinðer; *as* sîð, *from* *sinð; *s.* sinþs), *Mdl. E.* spîðre, spîðer, *Mdn. E.* spider; *O. E.* spinl (*w.* l-*suff.*), *f., Mdl. E.* spinel spindele, *Mdn. E.* spindle, *lit.* '*spinner*', *O. H. G.* spinnala, *M. H. G.* spinnel (*beside* spille, *from the form* spinle), *N. H. G.* spindel (*beside* spille), *f., spindle; and Mdl. E.* spinnestere (*w. suff.* -estere, *O. E.* -estre, *from* -istræ; *s.* seamstress, *under* siujan), *Mdn. E.* spinster, *Du.* spinster, *th. s., orig. a woman who spins.* — *Compd. O. H. G.* spinnûnweppi (*for* spinnaweppi; weppi, webbi, *M. H. G.* webbe, weppe, *N. H. G.* gewebe, *n., weaving, web, from O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* weben,=*O. E.* wefan, *Mdl. E.* wêve , *Mdn. E.* weave, *whence O. E.* web(b), *n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* web), *M. H. G.* spinnewep, -weppe, -wepe, *n., N. H. G.* spinn(e)webe, spinnenwebe, *f.,* spinn(en)gewebe, *n., a spiders web, cobweb.*]

sprautô, *adv.* (211, *n.* 1), *quickly, soon;* Mt. 5, 25. Mk. 9, 39. Lu. 14, 21. 15, 22. 16, 6. 18, 8. Jo. 11, 29. 31. 13, 27. Gal. 1, 6. Phil 2, 24. II Thess. 2, 2. I Tim. 3, 14. 5, 22. II Tim. 4, 9. [*From an adj.* *sprauts, *perhaps derived from a root seen in O. Fris.* spruta, *to sprout, whence* (*Sk.*) *Mdl. E.* sprûte, *Mdn. E.* sprout=*M. H. G.* spriezen, *N. H. G.* spriessen, *to sprout, etc.; s. Sk.,* sprout, *Kl.,* spriessen, *and Schwahn,* '*Die got. Adjectiv - Adverbien*', *p. 58.*]

spyreida, *m., a large basket;* Mk. 8, 8. 20. [*From Gr.* σπυρίς, *gen.* -ίδος, *f., fish-basket, weel, and Germanic suff.* -an.]

stafs (56, *n.* 1), *m.* (? *occurs in dat. plur. only*), *element, rudiment* (τὰ στοιχεῖα; *s. Bernh.,* stafs); Gal. 4, 3. 9. Col. 2, 20. [*Cf. O. E.* stæf, *m., staff, plur.* stafas, *letters, learning, Mdl. E.* staf, *Mdn. E.* staff, *O. N.* stafr, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* stap (*gen.* -bes), *N. H. G.* stab, *m., staff, stick, etc., Du.* staf, *staff. Allied to Skr.* sthâpaya, *to place,*

set. For O. E. bôc-stæf, *N. H. G.* buchstabe, *etc., s.* bôk.]

***stagg,** *in* **usstagg** (*CA*), *miswritten for* usstigg; *s.* *stiggan.

***stagqjan,** *w. v., in* ga-st. *w. acc. and* bi *w. dat., to strike, dash;* Lu. 4, 11. — *Caus. of* stigqan, *q. v.*

Staífanus, *pr. n.,* Στέφανος; *gen.* -aus; I Cor. 1, 16. 16, 15. 17.

staiga, *f., path, way, high-way;* Mk. 1, 3. Lu. 3, 4. 14, 21. [*Cf. O. H. G.* steiga, *M. H. G.* steige, *f., an ascending road, N. H. G.* steige, *f., stile, staircase, etc. From root of* steigan, *q. v.*]

stainahs, *adj., stony;* Mk. 4, 5. 16. — *From stem of* stains (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ha (:ga), *as in* ainaha, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* steinag, steinâc, *M. H. G.* steinec, *N. H. G.* steinig, *adj.,* = *Mdn. E.* stony, *Mdl. E.* stǫni (*from* stǫn *and suff.* -i, *O. E.* -iʒ, *Goth.* -eiga-). *Comp. follg. w.*]

staineins, *adj., of stone, stony;* II Cor. 3, 3. [*From stem of* stains (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna. *Cf. O. E.* stǽnen (ǽ *is* i-*uml. of* â), *Mdl. E.* stǽnen (*also* stǫnen, *by influence of* stǫn), *O. Fris.* stênen, *O. H. G.* steinîn, *M. H. G.* steinen, *N. H. G.* steinen (*usually* steinern *w. double suff.* er-n), *of stone. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

stainjan, *w. v., to stone; w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*); Jo. 10, 32. 33. II Cor. 11, 25. [*From stem of* stains (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* stǽnan, *Mdl. E.* stêne (*also* stǫne; *s. prec. w.; whence Mdn. E.* stone), *O. H. G.* steinôn, *M. H. G.* steinen, *to stone* (*beside* steinigen, *as if from* steinec; *s.* stainahs; *whence N. H. G.* steinigen, *to stone*).]

stains, *m.* (91), *stone, rock;* Mt. 7, 24. 55. 27, 51. 60. Mk. 5, 5. 12, 10. 15, 46. 16, 3. 4. Lu. 3, 8. 4, 3. 11. 6, 48. 8, 6. 13. 19, 40. 44. 20, 17. 18. Jo. 8, 59. 10, 31. 11, 38. 39. 41. Rom. 9, 32. 33. II Cor. 3, 7; *also used as a pr. n.: Peter:* Skeir. VII, a; stainam waírpan, *to stone;* Mk. 12, 4; stainam afwaírpan, *th. s.;* Lu. 20, 6. Jo. 11, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* stân, *m., Mdl. E.* stǫn, *Mdn. E.* stone, *O. N.* steinn, *O. S.* stên, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* stein, *m., Du.* steen, *Eff.* stên, *m., stone. Der. O. E.* stǽna (*w. suff.* -an), *m.* (*also* stǽne, *w. fem. suff.* -jôn), *Mdl. E.* stêne, *Mdn. E.* steen, stean, *a vessel of clay or stone; cf. O. H. G.* steinna, *th. s. For N. H. G.* steinmetz, *etc., s.* maitan. *Comp.* stainahs, staineins, stainjan.]

staírnô, *f., star;* Mk. 13. 25. [*Cf. O. E.* steorra (eo *from* e, *by breaking before* rr, *from* rn, *by assimilation*), *m., Mdl. E.* sterre, *Mdn. E.* star, *O. N.* stjarna, *f., O. H. G.* sterno, *M. H. G.* sterne, *m., beside O. S. O. H. G.* sterro (*S. Br., A. Gr., 121, b*), *M. H. G.* sterre, *m.* (*also O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* stern,

m., a-*stem*), *star*, *Du.* ster, star, *star. All from a simple stem*, ster, *seen in Skr.* star, *Zd.* stare, *Gr.* ἀστήρ, ἀστρόν, *Lt.* stella (*for* *ster-u-la), *star. Concerning the derivation of* ster *from Idg. root* str, *to strew, sprinkle* (star = *'sprinkler of light'; s. Max Mueller, 'Lectures on the Science of Language', pp. 237, 401), or from Skr. root* as, *to throw, s. Kl.*, stern.]

staírô, *f., a barren woman;* Lu. 1, 7. 36. Gal. 4, 27. [*Prop. weak form of a lost adj.,* *staírs, *barren. Allied to O. H. G.* stero, *M. H. G.* stere, ster, *m., ram; and to Skr.* stari, *Gr.* στεῖρος (*from* *στέρϳα), στέρφος, *barren, Lt.* sterilis, *barren, acc.* sterilem, *whence Fr.* sterile, *whence Mdn. E.* sterile, *barren, unfruitful. To stem* ster- *probably refers N. H. G.* (*prop. L. G.*) stärke, *f., Eff.* sterk, *f., heifer.*]

***stakeins,** *f., a sticking, in* **hleiþra-stakeins,** *q. v.* [*From a w. verb* *stakjan (*and Germanic suff.* î-ni.), *to stick, fix, set, prop. to make to sting. Cf. O. H. G. M. H. G.* stecken (*w. v.*), *N. H. G.* stecken (*w. and str.*), *to stick, prick, put, set; stick, stick fast, remain; allied to O. E.* stician, *Mdl. E.* stike, steke (*w. v.*), *Mdn. E.* stick (*tr. v.*), *confused with* stick (*intr.*), *Mdl. E.* steke (*str. v.*), *O. E.* *stecan (*str. v.; not found*), *to pierce; cf. the corresponding O. Fris.* steka (*perhaps the source of Mdl. E.* steke, *above*), *O. S.* stekan, *O. H. G.* stehhan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* stechen, *Du.* steken, *Eff.* steiche (e *being diphthongized before the palatal* ch, *as in* breiche, *N. H. G.* brechen, *to break, etc.*), *all strong vs.: to sting, prick, stab. All from Germanic root* stek (*from*) stik, *also found in O. E.* sticca, *m., Mdl. E.* stikke, *Mdn. E.* stick, *O. N.* stika, *stick, O. H. G.* stecco (stehho), *M. H. G.* stecke (steche), *N. H. G.* stecken (*the* n *from the oblique cases*), *m., stick; in O. E.* staca (*w. abl.*), *m., Mdl. E.* stake, *Mdn. E.* stake, *N. H. G.* (*prop. L. G.*) stake, *f.*, staken, *m., stake, pale, pole, Du.* staak, *a pile, post; in O. N.* stakkr, *a stack of hay, whence Mdl. E.* stak, *Mdn. E.* stack; *in O. N.* steik, *steak* (steikja, *to roast, on a spit or peg*), *whence Mdl. E.* steike, *Mdn. E.* steak, *a slice of beef, etc.; and in O. H. G.* stahhulla (stacchulla), *f., M. H. G.* stachel (*very rare*), *N. H. G.* stachel, *m., sting, prick. — Germanic root* stik *answers to pre-Germanic* stig; *cf. Lt.* in-stigare, *to good on, pret. partic.* instigatus, *whence Mdn. E.* instigate, *Gr.* στίζειν (*for* στίγϳειν), *to prick,* στίγμα (=*Lt.* stigma, *whence Mdn. E.* stigma, *N. H. G.* stigma, *n., th. s.*), *a prick, mark, brand, stem* στιγ-

ματ-, whence στιγματίϛειν, whence Fr. stigmatiser, *whence Mdn. E.* stigmatize. *Comp.* stikls, stiks, *and follg. w.*]

staks, *m.* (? *occurs only once, in acc. plur.* stakins), *a mark, stigma;* Gal. 6, 17. — *Allied to* stakeins, stiks, *q. v.*

***stald,** *n., in* **and-stald,** *q. v.* — *From* staldan, *q. v. Comp.* *stalds.

***staldan,** *red. v.* (179), *to own, possess, in* (a) and-st. *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: to provide, supply, minister;* II Cor. 9, 10. Gal. 3, 5. I Tim. 1, 4. (b) ga-st. *w. acc.: to win, gain* (*κτᾶσϑαι*); Lu. 18, 12 (allis þizei, *by attraction; Gr.* *πάντα ὅσα; s. also note to the text*). I Cor. 9, 19 (*marginal gloss; Gr.* *κερδαίνειν*). I Thess. 4, 4; *to gain, buy;* Neh. 5, 16; *to possess, have* (*ἔχειν*); I Cor. 7, 28. — *From root* stă; *s.* standan, *stass, etc. (Comp. Sch.,* staldan, *L. M., p. 113). S. prec. and follg. w.*

***stalds,** *adj., in* ***ga-stalds,** *in* **aglait-gastalds,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* -steald (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *in* hæʒsteald (*For* hæʒ-, hæʒe-, hagu-, *comp. O. E.* haga, *m., enclosure, yard, Mdl. E.* hawe, *yard, Mdn. E.* haw, *hedge; hence, the berry and seed of the hawthorn, i. e. hedgethorn, O. N.* hagi, *m., pasture, O. H. G.* hag, *m., M. H. G.* hac, *gen.* hages, *m. n., enclosure, etc., N. H. G.* hag, *m., hedge, grove; further, w.* j-*suff., O. E.* hecʒ (cʒ *for* ʒʒ, *for* ʒj), *m.?, Mdl. E.* heʒʒe, *Mdn. E.* hedge, *O. N.* heggr, *O. H. G.* hecka, hegga, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* hecke, *f., hedge*), *m., youth, servant, vassal, O. S.* hagustald, *m., servant, young man, O. H. G.* hagustalt, *M. H. G.* hagestalt, hagestolz, *lit. owner of an inclosed piece of land; hence* (*S. L.,* hagestalt, *Kl.,* hagestolz) *a young man or person who has not been married, N. H. G.* hagestolz (*the form* stolz *being due to confusion with O. H. G. M. H. G.* stolz, *adj., foolish, splendid, haughty, proud, N. H. G.* stolz, *adj., magnificent, proud, haughty, = O. E.* stolt, *adj., proud, O. Du.* stolt, *stout, bold, whence O. Fr.* estout, *th. s., whence Mdl. E.* stout, *Mdn. E.* stout. *Cf. Otto Schulz, 'Deutsche Sprachlehre, 7th ed., p.* 115:'...*wenn nach der gewœhnlichen annahme der* hagestolz *wirklich einen menschen bezeichnete, der auf sein* haag *stolz ist. Aber diese ableitung is sehr zweifelhaft...), m., old bachelor. Comp.* *stald.]

stamms, *adj., stammering, with an impediment in the speech;* Mk. 7, 32. [*Cf. O. N.* stamr, *O. H. G.* stam (*infl.* stam(m)er), *stammering, whence, respectively, O. N.* stamma, *Dan. Norw.* stamme, *O. H. G.* stam(m)ên, *to stammer; further O. E.* stamor (*w. Germanic suff.* -ra),

adj., stammering, stuttering, whence Mdl. E. stammere, *Mdn. E.* stammer = *Du.* stameren, *L. G.* stammern, *whence M. H. G. N. H. G.* stammern, *to stammer; and O. H. G.* stam(m)al (*w.* l-*suff.*), *stammering, whence O. H. G.* stam(m)alôn, *M. H. G.* stammeln, stamelen, *N. H. G.* stammeln, *to stammer. From root* stam, *to stop, also seen in O. H. G.* *ga-stuomi (*For* ga-, *s.* ga-), *M. H. G.* gestüeme, *adj., quiet, mild, N. H. G.* *gestüm, *in* ungestüm, *M. H. G.* ungestüeme, *O. H. G.* ungistuomi (unstuom; *for* un-, *s.* un), *adj., not quiet, impetuous, violent, stormy; in O. H. G.* stemmen (*from* *stamjan), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* stemmen, *O. N.* stemma (*Dan. Norw.* stemme, *to stop*), *to stem, whence Mdl. E.* stemme, *Mdn. E.* stem. *Allied to O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* stum(mm), *N. H. G.* stumm, *Du. Eff.* stom, *adj., dumb.*]

standan, *str. v.* (177, *n.* 3), *used lit. and trop.: to stand, stand fast, stand firm;* Mt. 26, 73. Mk. 3, 24. 25. Jo. 7, 37. 18, 25. Gal. 5, 1. II Tim. 2, 19; *w. dat. of pers.: to stand to;* Rom. 14, 4; *w.* sis: *to stand by one's self, alone* (*πρὸς ἑαυτόν*); *folld. by* af *w. dat.:* af taíhswôn *w. gen., on the right side of;* Lu. 1, 11; at *w. dat.;* Lu. 5, 2. Jo. 18, 16; faúra *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 11. Lu. 7, 38; in *w. dat.;* Mt. 6, 5. Lu. 6, 8. I Cor. 15, 1. 16, 13. Phil. 1, 27. 4, 1; in andwaírþja *w. gen.;* Lu. 1, 19; hindar *w. dat.;* Jo. 6, 22; miþ *w. dat.;* Jo. 18, 5. 18; nêhva *w. dat.;* Lu. 5, 1; wiþra *w. acc.;* Eph. 6, 11; faírraþrô, *afar off;* Lu. 18, 13; hêr, *here;* Mk. 9, 1. Lu. 9, 27; jainar, *there;* Mt. 27, 47. Mk. 11, 5; ûta, *without;* Mk. 3, 31. Lu. 8, 20. Jo. 18, 16; *an adj. or partic. in nom.;* Mk. 11, 25. Jo. 12, 29. 18, 18. Eph. 6, 13. 14. Col. 4, 12. — *Compds.* (a) af-st., *to fall away;* Lu. 8, 13; *w. dat.: to depart from;* I Tim. 4, 1; *to keep or stand aloof from, to avoid;* II Cor. 4, 2; *folld. by* af *w. dat.: to depart from;* II Cor. 12, 8; *to keep aloof from, avoid;* II Tim. 2, 19; faírra: *to depart from;* Lu. 4, 13. (b) and-st.: *to oppose, withstand, resist, gainsay;* Rom. 10, 21. Eph. 6, 13. II Thess. 2, 4. II Tim. 2, 25. Tit. 1, 9; *w. dat;* Mt. 5, 39. Jo. 19, 12. Rom. 9, 19. 13, 2. Gal. 2, 11. 5, 17. I Tim. 1, 10. II Tim. 3, 8. 4, 15. (c) at-st., *to stand by, stand near;* Mk. 14, 70. 15, 35. Lu 2, 38; *to come near;* Lu. 20, 1; *w. dat.: to stand near;* Mk. 14, 47; *folld. by* in and-waírþja *w. gen.: to stand over against;* Mk. 15, 39; *to go near, step up to; followed by* ufar (*over*) *w. acc.;* Lu. 4, 39. (d) bi-st., *to stand by, stand round;* Jo. 11, 42; *w. acc.: to surround;* Lu. 19, 43. (e)

faúra-st., *to stand before; hence, to rule, govern;* Rom. 12, 8; *to stand near;* Mk. 14, 69. Lu. 19, 24. (f) ga-st. (1) *lit.: to stand still, stop;* Mk. 10, 49. Lu. 6, 8 (*to stand forth*). 7, 14. 8, 44. 18, 40; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.:* Lu. 6, 17; *or* in *w. dat.: to tarry, stay behind;* Lu. 2, 43; *or* miþ *w. dat.: to stay, abide:* Lu. 1, 56. (2) *trop.: to stand fast, persist, remain, abide, continue:* Mk, 3, 26; *w.* (*locative*) *dative:* Rom. 11, 20. II Cor. 13, 1; *or* at *w. dat.;* I Cor. 7, 24. Gal. 2, 5; *or* in *w. dat.:* Jo. 8, 31. 44. I Cor. 7, 24. I Thess. 3, 8. I Tim. 2, 15; *to be restored;* Lu. 6, 10; *so w.* aftra; Mk. 3, 5. (g) in-st., *to be instant or urgent;* (*occurs only once*) II Tim. 4, 2 (*in A, B has* stand). (h) miþ-st. *w. dat., to stand near, be with;* Lu. 9, 32. (i) twis-st. *w. dat., to depart from one, bid farewell to;* II Cor. 2, 13 (*A:* twis-standands, *B:* twistandans; *s. however* twisstass). (j) us-st. (1) *to stand up, rise up, arise;* Mt. 9, 9. Mk. 1, 35. 2, 14. 7, 24. 9, 27. 10, 1. 14, 57. 60. Lu. 1, 39. 4, 29. 39. 5, 25. 28. 8, 55 (usstôþ, *CA:* ustôþ). 15, 18. 20. 17, 19. Jo. 11, 31. Rom. 15, 12; *to rise again, rise* (*from the dead*); Mk. 8, 31. 9, 31. 10, 34. 12, 23. 16, 9. Lu. 9, 8. 19. 18, 33. Jo. 11, 23. 24. I Thess. 4, 14. 16. I Cor. 15, 52; *folld. by* ana *w. acc.: to rise up against;* Mk. 3, 26; us *w. dat.: to rise up, stand up, arise out of;* Lu. 4, 38; *to rise* (*from the dead*); Mk. 9, 9. 10. 12, 25; *folld. by a dependent inf.: to rise up, stand up;* Lu. 4, 16; *or partic.;* Lu. 10, 25 (usstôþ, *CA:* ustôþ). (2) *to go out;* Mk. 6, 1; *folld. by* us *w. dat.: to come out or from;* Mk. 11, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* standan, stǫndan (ǫ *by influence of* n), *Mdl. E.* stande, *Mdn. E.* stand, *O. N.* standa, *O. S.* standan, *O. H. G.* stantan, *M. H. G.* standen (*rare*), *to stand. The insertion of the* n *was orig. limited to the pres. only; the pret. forms with* n *are due to the influence of the pres.* (*Comp. Br., A. Gr., 346, n. 5*). *From root* stat (*s.* *stass), *extended from* stǎ, *seen in O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* stân, stên (*Comp. Br., A. Gr., 382, and n. 1. 2*), *N. H. G.* stehen, *to stand; and in Skr.* sthâ, *Gr.* ἱστάναι, *O. Bulg.* stati, *to stand, Lt.* stâre, *to stand.* — *Der.: Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* stand, *M. H. G.* stant(d), *N. H. G.* stand, *m., standing, stand, position, situation, rank, etc., whence, respectively, N. H. G.* ständig (*w. suff.* -ig), *adj., fixed, constant, standing,* = *M. H. G. O. H. G.* stendic *in compds; comp. N. H. G.* beständig, *M. H. G.* bestendec, *adj., continual, constant, from N. H. G.* bestand, *M. H. G.* bestant(d), *m., continuance, duration,*

from bestân, *N. H. G.* bestehen (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to stand, exist, etc.; further compds. are O. E.* understǫndan, *Mdl. E.* understande, *Mdn. E.* understand, *lit.* '*to stand under or among*' (*For* under, *s.* undar), *M. H. G.* under-stân, -stên, *to place one's self under, to take upon one's self, undertake, stand* (*tr.*), *dare, N. H. G.* sich unterstehen, *to dare, venture; — and O. E.* wið-stǫndan (*For* wið, *s.* wiþra), *Mdl. E.* wiðstande, *Mdn. E.* withstand, *lit.* '*to stand against*'. *Root* stă *appears further in O. E.* stôd (*whence* stêda, *from* *stôdja- *by* i-*uml.*, *Mdl. E.* stêde, *Mdn. E.* steed), *n., stud, orig. an establishment or herd in a stall, Mdl. E.* stôd, *Mdn. E.* stud, *a collection of breeding-horses and mares; or the place where they are kept, O. N.* stóð, *a collection of horses* (stedda, *from* *stóedda, *f., mare*), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* stuot, *f., a collection of breeding horses, mare, N. H. G.* stute, *f., mare,* gestüt, *n., stud. To Lt.* constare (*from* con = cum, *with, together, and* stâre, *above*), *to stand still, last, accord with, cost, refers Mdl. Lt.* costare, *whence O. Fr.* coster (*Fr.* coûter), *whence Mdl. E.* coste, *Mdn. E.* cost, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* kosten, *to cost; further Mdl. Lt.* costus, *m.*, costa, *f., whence O. Fr.* cost, (*whence*) *Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* cost; *and O. H. G.* kosta, *f., M. H. G.* koste, kost, *f. m., value, price, expense, N. H. G.* kost (*plur.* kosten), *f., cost, expense. Root* stal (*extended from* stă): stel, *appears in O. E.* steal(l) (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *beside* stæl, *m., station, stall, Mdl. E.* stal, *Mdn. E.* stall, *O. N.* stallr, *O. H. G.* stal(l), *m.* (*whence O. Fr.* estalon, *a stallion, whence Mdl. E.* stalon, *Mdn. E.* stallion), *stall, stable, place, M. H. G.* stal(l), *m. n., a place for standing or sitting, a stall, N. H. G.* stall, *m., stable, stall, Du.* stal, *Eff.* stall, *m., th. s.; der. O. E.* stellan (*from* *stæljan; *the* l *was geminated before* j *which changed* æ *into* e), *Mdl. E.* stelle, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* stellen (*whence N. H. G.* stelle, *f., place*), *to place; in O. H. G.* stollo (*from* *stolno-), *M. H. G.* stolle, *N. H. G.* stolle, stollen (*the* n *from the oblique cases*), *m., a prop, post; and in O. E. Mdl. E.* stille, *Mdn. E.* still, *O. S. O. H. G.* stilli, *M. H. G.* stille, *N. H. G.* still, *adj., still, quiet, whence, respectively, O. E.* stillan, *to remain still, to rest, still, quiet, Mdl. E.* stille, *Mdn. E.* still, *to stop, quiet, O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* stillen, *to make quiet, stop, check. Comp. also Gr.* στέλλειν, *to put in order, send,* στόλος, *journey, train, Skr.* sthûṇa (*for* sthulṇa), *pillar,* sthâṇu (*for* sthalṇu),

standing, immovable. For further Mdn. E. cognates of Lt. orig., such as state, estate, statist, statue, stature, statute, stage, arrest, assist, desist, exist, insist, persist, resist, subsist, circumstance, instance, substance, constant, distant, extant, constitute, destitute, institute, prostitute, substitute, contrast, destine, establish, obstacle, obstetric, obstinate. press, rest, stable, stage, stanza, superstition, *etc.; and of Gr. orig., such as* statics, apostate, system, *s. Sk.*, state. *Comp. the follg. six words.*]

***stass,** *f.*, *standing, in* af-, twis-stass, *q. v.* — *From stem* stassi-, *from* stat-ti, *from root* stat (*w. suff.* -ti), *extended from* stă (stâ); *s.* standan, staþs, *and follg. w.*

***stasseis,** *m.*, *one who stands, in* faúr-stasseis, *q. v.* — *From stem of* stass (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* staþjis, staþs, *and follg. w.*

***staþa,** *m.*, *a stand, in* lukarna-staþa, *q. v.* — *From stem of* staþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***staþjis,** *m.*, *one who takes a stand, in* anda-staþjis, *q. v.* — *From* staþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja.

staþs (*gen.* **stadis**), *m.* (101; *for* stads, stad, *s. Grammar, 74 and notes*), *stead, place* (*τόπος*); Mk. 1, 35. 45. 15, 22. 16, 6. Lu. 4, 37. 42. 6, 17. 9, 10. 12. 10, 1. 14, 9. 10. 19, 5. Jo. 6, 10. 23. 10, 40. 11, 6. 30. 14, 2. 3. 18, 2. II Cor. 2, 14. II Thess. 3, 16. I Tim. 2, 8. Skeir. VII, b; *place or passage of a book;* Lu. 4, 17. Rom. 9, 26; *room;* Lu. 14, 22; staþ giban (*τόπον διδόναι*), *to give place;* Rom. 12, 19. Eph. 4, 27; *an inn* (*κατάλυμα*); Lu. 2, 7; galiugê staþs (*εἰδωλεῖον*); I Cor. 8, 10; jainis stadis (*Comp. Grammar, 215*), *unto the other side* (*of the lake; εἰς τὸ πέραν*); Mk. 4 35. [*From root* stă (*S.* standan) *and suff.* -þi. *Cf. O. E.* stede (*the medial* e *is* i-*uml. of* a, *the final* e *is weakened from* i), *m.*, *place, Mdl. E.* stede, *Mdn. E.* stead (instead *for* in stead), *O. N.* staðr, *m.*, *O. S.* stedi, *f.* (*also m.; for the orig. f. gender of all these words, s. v. Bd., p. 74*), *O. H. G.* stat, *f.* (*gen.* steti, *pl.* steti, *whence M. H. G.* stete, *f.*, *place, shore, N. H. G.* stätte, *f.*, *place, ground*), *M. H. G.* stat (an-stete, *in-place; rare*), *place, stead, also town, city* (*whence N. H. G.* stadt, *f.*, *city*), *N. H. G.* statt (anstatt, *prep.*, *instead, for* an statt), *f.*, *place, stead, abode.* — *Compds.: Mdl. E.* bed-stede, *Mdn. E.* bedstead, *M. H. G.* bettestat, *N. H. G.* bettstatt (*usually* bettstelle, *for M. H. G.* bette-stal, *n.; for* bed, bett, *s.* badi; *for* stal, stelle, *s.* standan), *f.*, *bedstead;* — *Mdn. E.* homestead (*For* home, *s.* haims); — *O. E.* stede-

fæst, *firm in one's place* (*For* fæst, *s.* fastan), *Mdl. E.* stedefæst, *Mdn. E.* steadfast, *O. N.* staðfastr, *th. s.* — *Root* stă, *w. suff.* -tâ, *occurs further in O. H. G.* stata, *f., M. H. G.* stat(e), *a suitable place or point of time, opportunity, condition, use, N. H. G.* statt, *in* stattfinden (*For* finden, *s.* finþan), *to take place* (*M. H. G.* state finden, *to find an opportunity*), statten, *in phrase* zu statten (*M. H. G.* ze staten, *O. H. G.* zi statu, *in time, in season, opportunely*); *der. M. H. G.* *statelich (*For* -lich, *s.* *leiks), *in* statelîche, *adv., duly, suitably, opportunely, N. H. G.* stattlich, *adj., stately, magnificent, portly, and adv., magnificently, etc.*; *and O. H. G.* gistatôn, *M. H. G.* gestaten, *N. H. G.* gestatten (*For* ge-, *s.* ga-), *to allow, permit, prop.* '*to give an opportunity*'. *Here belongs also the verbal adj., O. H. G.* stâti, *M. H. G.* stæte (*gen.* stætes, *adv., N. H. G.* stêts, *adv., continually, ever, always*), *steady, firm, continual, N. H. G.* stet, *adj., constant, stable, firm, beside* stetig (*extended by suff.* -ig), *from M. H. G.* stætec(g), *adj., th. s.*; *cf. O. E.* stæððiʒ, *adj., steady, Mdl. E.* stedy, *Mdn. E.* steady, *firm, constant. Root* stă, *w. suff.* -þla, *occurs in O. E.* staðol, *m., foundation, ground, place, Mdl. E.* staðel, *Mdn. E.* staddle, *anything which serves for a support; a staff; the frame or support of a stack of hay or grain, O. N.* stöðull, *m., a stall, O. H. G.* stadal, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* stadel, *m., a barn; with suff.* -tiôn (*Germanic* -ðjôn:-þjôn; *s. Kl., Nom. St., 126*), *in Lt.* stătio, *a standing, station, etc., acc.* -ônem, *whence Fr.* station, *whence Mdn. E.* station, *and N. H. G.* station, *f., th. s.*; *der. Mdn. E.* stationer (*w. suff.* -er; *orig. a bookseller who had a* '*station*' *or stall in a market-place*; *Sk.*), *whence* stationery (*w. suff.* -y; stationary *refers to Fr.* stationnaire, *from Lt.* stationarius, *from stem of* statio *and suff.* -ârius). *Furthermore, comp. Skr.* sthiti-, *Gr.* στάσις, *a standing,* ἀπόστασις (ἀπό, *off, away*), *revolt, lit.* '*a standing away from*', *beside* ἀποστασία, *whence Mdl. Lt.* apostasia, *whence Fr.* apostasie, *whence Mdn. E.* apostasy; ἔκ-στασις (ἐκ, *out*), *displacement, trance, whence Vulg. Lt.* ecstasis, *whence O. Fr.* ecstase, *whence Mdn. E.* ecstasy. — *Comp. also* *stass, *stasseis, *staþa, *staþjis, *and follg. w., also* hunsla-, môta-staþs.]

staþs, *m.* (*or* **staþ,** *n.? only dat. sing.*, staþa, *occurs*), *land, shore* (γῆ); Mk. 4, 1. Lu. 5, 3. [*From root* stă (*s.* standan) *and suff.* -þa. *Cf. O. E.* stæð, *n., bank, shore, Mdl. E.* staðe, *Mdn. E.* staith, *O. N.* stöð (wô-*stem*),

f., *a landing*, *O. S.* stað, *m.*, *shore*, *O. H. G.* stado (an-*stem*), *M. H. G.* stade, *N. H. G.* staden (*the* n *from the oblique cases*), *m.*, *bank* (*of a river*), *quay*. *Allied to N. H. G.* gestade (*For* ge-, *s.* ga-), *from M. H. G.* gestat(d), *n.*, *shore*, *bank*. *Comp. prec. w.*]

staua, *f.* (26), *judgment* (*κρίσις*); Mt. 5, 21. 22. 11, 24. Mk. 6, 11. Lu. 10, 14, Jo. 7, 24. 8, 16. 12, 31. 16, 8. 11. II Thess. 1, 5, I Tim. 5, 24. Skeir. I, a. V, b. c; *judgment*, *damnation*, *condamnation* (*κρῖμα*); Jo. 9, 39. Rom. 11, 33. I Cor. 11, 29. I Tim. 3, 6; *matter for trial* (*πρᾶγμα*); I Cor. 6, 1; — du stauai gatiuhan (*κατακρίνειν*), *to condemn* (*lit. 'to draw before judgment'*); Mt. 27, 3; þamma wiljandin miþ þus staua (*τῷ θέλοντί σοι κριθῆναι*), *if any man will sue thee at the law;* Mt. 5, 40. — *From root* stâw (stôw); *s.* stôjan *and follg. w.*

staua, *m.* (26; 108), *judge* (*κριτής*); Mt. 5, 25. Lu. 18, 2. 6. II Tim. 4, 8. — *From* staua (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an. *Comp.* anda-staua, stôjan, stôjans, *and follg. w.*

staua-stôls, *m.*, *the judgment-seat;* Mt. 27, 19. Rom. 14, 10. II Cor. 5, 10. — *From* staua *and* stôls, *q. v.*

***staúrknan,** *w. v.*, *to become dry or stiff*, *in* ga-st., *to dry up*, *pine way* (*ξηραίνεσθαι*); Mk. 9, 18. [*Cf. O. N.* storkna, *Dan.* störkne, *to coagulate, curdle*, *O. H. G.* storchanên, *to become rigid or hard. From stem* *sturka-, *allied to stem* *starka- *seen in O. E.* stearc (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *stiff, strong, Mdl. E.* starc, *stiff, strong, firm, rigid, severe. Mdn. E.* stark, *stiff, rigid, entire, O. N.* starker (*O. Swedish*), sterkr, styrkr, *O. S.* stark, *O. H. G.* starc (*and* starah), *M. H. G.* stark (*and* starch), *N. H. G.* stark, *Du.* sterk, *Eff.* stärk, *strong, vigorous, etc.—Der.: Mdl. E.* starche, *Mdn. E.* starch, *M. H. G.* sterke, *N. H. G.* stärke, *f.*, *'that which makes stiff,' starch* (*Comp. Eff.* stief, *f.*, *starch, from* stief, *adj.*, *stiff*).]

***staúrran,** *w. v.*, *in* and-st. *w. acc.* (*ἐμβριμᾶσθαι*), *to murmur against;* Mk. 14, 5. [*Cf. O. H. G.* storrên, *M. H. G.* storren, *to be rigid, stand out stiff. Allied to O. E.* starian, *Mdl. E.* stare, *Mdn. E.* stare, *O. N.* stara, stira, *O. H. G.* starên, *M. H. G.* starn, *N. H. G.* starren, *to gaze fixedly; from an adj. seen in N. H. G.* starr, *stiff, fixed, staring; comp. also N. H. G.* halsstarrig (*w. suff.* -ig; *for* hals, *s.* hals), *adj.*, *'stiff-necked'*, *headstrong, obstinate.*]

stautan, *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *w. acc. of pers. folld. by* bi (*on*) *w. acc.: to strike, smite;* Mt. 5, 39. Lu. 6, 29. [*Cf. O. S.* stôtan, *O. H. G.* stôzan, *M. H.*

G. stôzen, *N. H. G.* stossen, *Du.* stooten, *to thrust, push, kick. From Germanic root* staut, *Indg.* tud:taut; *comp. Lt.* tundere (*for* *stundere), *to beat, strike,* tudes, *hammer, mallet; Skr. root* tud, *to thrust, push. To O. N.* stauta, *to beat, strike, refers Mdl. E.* stote, *to stagger, totter, beside* stutte, *to cease from, stop, stutter, whence the Mdn. E. frequent.* stutter = *N. H. G.* stottern, *from L. G. Du.* stotteren, *th. s. Allied to the M. H. G. verbal abstr.* stutz, *m., a push, bounding against, whence* stutzig (*w. suff.* -ig), *adj., starting, startling, stubborn; and* stutzen, *to start, fly back, N. H. G.* stutzen, *to start, fly back, also to clip, lop, prune; comp.* stutz, *m., anything curtailed, cut short or clipped, whence* stutzer, *m., a fop, dandy.*]

steigan, *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to mount, climb up;* Jo. 10, 1. — *Compds.* (a) at-st., *to descend, come down;* Lu, 19, 6. Eph. 4, 10; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* Mt. 27, 42. Mk. 15, 30. 32; in *w. acc.* (*to step down into, to enter*); Mt. 9, 1. Eph. 4, 9; us *w. dat.;* Jo. 6, 33. 38. 41. 42. 50. 58; dalaþ atst., *to come down;* Lu. 19, 5; *folld. by* af *w. dat.;* I Thess. 4, 16; atst. dalaþ *w. inf., th. s.;* Lu. 17, 31. (b) ga-st. *folld. by* in *w. acc.: to step into;* gast. in skipa '*to step into ships*', *to take shipping, embark;* Jo. 6, 24; *to descend into;* Rom. 10, 7. (c) ufar-st., *to mount up, grow up;* Mk. 4, 7. (d) us-st., *to mount up, climb up, go up, ascend;* Jo. 6, 62. Eph. 4, 9; *folld. by* ana *w. acc.;* Lu. 5, 19. 19, 4; in *w. acc.;* Mk. 3, 13 (ustaig *for* us-staig; *s. Grammar, 78, n. 5*). (*to enter into*) Jo. 6, 17. 7, 14. Rom. 10, 6. Eph, 4, 8; ufar *w. acc.;* Eph. 4, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* stîzan, *Mdl. E.* stîze, *to climb, ascend, Mdn. E.* sty (*obs.*), *th. s., O. N.* stîga, *O. S. O. H. G.* stîgan, *M. H. G.* stîgen (*whence the factit.* steigen, *to make to mount, enhance, whence N. H. G.* steigern, *to enhance, raise, overbid*), *N. H. G.* steigen, *Du.* stijgen, *to mount, climb. From Germanic root* stîg, *also seen in O. E.* stîz, *m., Mdl. E.* stîz, *O. N.* stígr, *m., path, O. H. G. M. H. G.* stîc (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* steig, *m., path, foot-path; in O. H. G.* stiega, *M. H. G.* stiege, *N. H. G.* stiege, *f., stairs, stile* (*For the cognate* stiege, *f., a score, s. Kl.,* stiege); *in O. H. G. M. H. G.* stec (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* steg, *m., path, gangboard, bridge* ¶ (*of a violin*), *compd.* stegreif (*For* reif, *s.* raips; *N. H. G.* stegreif *is chiefly used in phrase* 'aus dem stegreif sprechen *or* reden', *to extemporize; in the sense of* '*stirrup*', *it has been superseded by* steigbügel, *m., formed from*

steigen (*above*) *and* bügel; *s.* biugan; *comp. also Du.* stijgbeugel, *th. s.*), *M. H. G.* stegreif, *m.*, *O. H. G.* stegareif, *stirrup, m.; comp. O. E.* stiȝrâp, stîrap, *Mdl. E.* stirop, *Mdn. E.* stirrup, *O. N.* stigreip, *th. s.; in O. E.* stîȝo, *f., a sty, pen for cattle, Mdl. E.* stîȝe, stîe, *Mdn. E.* sty (*cognate w.* sty, *small tumor, on the eyelid, short for Mdl. E.* styanye, *a corrupted form of O. E.* stîȝend êaȝe (*Sk.*). *For* êaȝe, *s.* augô), *an enclosure for swine, O. N.* stîa, *f., O. H. G.* stîga, *M. H. G.* stîge, *f., a small enclosure for cattle, N. H. G.* steige, *f., stile, stair, compd.* hühnersteige (*For* hühner, *pl. of* huhn, *s.* hana), *f., hen-coop; in O. E.* stæȝer, *m.* (?), *Mdl. E.* steir, steyer, *Mdn. E.* stair; *comp. Du.* steiger, *a stair; in O. N.* steggr, steggi, *a he-bird, drake, tom-cat, whence Mdn. E.* stag, *a male deer, lit.* '*mounter*'; *also applied* (*in dialects*) *to a male animal generally* (*Sk.*); *in O. E.* stiȝel, *m., a stile, Mdl. E.* stîle, *Mdn. E.* stile, *a set of steps for climbing over; and in O. E.* stæȝl (*beside* stæȝer, *Mdl. E.* stæir), *adj., O. H. G.* steigal, *M. H. G.* steigel, *beside late M. H. G.* steil, *N. H. G.* steil, *adj., steep. Germanic root* stīg, *answers to pre-Germanic* stīgh, *in Gr.* στειχειν, *to go, march,* στοῖχος, στίχος, *row, rank, O. Ir.* tíagaim, *go, march; and in Lt.* ve-stîgium, *footstep, track.* — *S.* steiga.]

stibna, *f., voice* (φωνή); Mt. 27, 46. 50. Mk. 1, 3. 11. 26. 5, 7. 9, 7. 15, 34. 37. Lu. 1, 42. 44. 3, 4. 22. 8, 28. 9, 35. 36. 17, 13. 15. 19, 37. Jo. 5, 37. 10, 2. 4. 5. 16. 27. 11, 43. 12, 28. 30. 18, 37. Gal. 4, 20. I Thess. 4, 16. Skeir. VI, c. d. [*Cf. O. E.* stefn, (*whence*) stemn, *f., Mdl. E.* stefne, *voice, Mdn. E.* steven (*obs.*), *an outcry, clamor, O. S.* stemna (stemma, *also* stemnia), *O. H. G.* stimma (stimna), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* stimme, *f., voice, Eff.* stem, *f., th. s.*]

***stiggan,** *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to sting, prick, in* us-st., *to pluck out; occurs only once;* Mt. 5, 29 (*CA has incorrectly* usstagg, *for* usstigg). [*Cf. O. E.* stingan, *Mdl. E.* stinge, *Mdn. E.* sting, *O. N.* stinga, *to sting, prick. From Germanic root* sting, *also seen in O. E.* steng, *m., a pole, stake, rod, Mdl. E.* steng, *th. s.; in O. H. G.* stanga, *f., M. H. G. N. H. G.* stange (*dim.* stengel, *m., M. H. G.* stengel, *O. H. G.* stengil, *m., a pedicle*), *f., a pole, stake, O. N.* stǫng, *f., th. s., whence Mdl. E.* stange, *Mdn. E.* stang, *th. s.; and in O. E.* sting, *m.* (*Ettm.*), *Mdl. E.* *sting, *Mdn. E.* sting, *whence* stingy (*w. suff.* -y), *adj., having power to sting or produce pain, also in the sense of* '*covetous, mean*'?]

stigqan, *st. v.* (174, *n.* 1; *for the forms with* gg, *s.* 67, *n.* 1), *to thrust, strike;* st. wiþra, *to make war against;* Lu. 14, 31. — *Compds.* (a) bi-st., *to beat against;* Lu. 6, 49; *folld. by* bi *w. dat.: th. s.;* Mt. 7, 25. 27. Lu. 6, 48; *or* du *w. dat.: to stumble at;* Rom. 9, 32. (b) ga-st., *to stumble;* Jo. 11, 9. 10. [*Cf. O. E.* stincan, *to whirl up, O. N.* stökkva (*for* *stekkva, *by u-uml.*), *to jump, leap. Probably not allied to Mdn. E.* stink, *N. H. G.* stinken, *etc. Comp. Feist,* stigqan; *Kl.,* stinken; *Sk.,* stink. — *S.* *stugq, *stagqjan.]

stikls, *m., a cup;* Mt. 10, 42. Mk. 7, 48. 9, 41. 10, 38. 39. Jo. 18, 11. I Cor. 10, 16. 17. 21. 11, 25. 26. 27. 28. [*Cf. O. N.* stikill, *point, especially of a* (*drinking*) *horn, O. H. G.* stechal, *m., cup. From Germanic root* stek; *s.* *stakeins. *Comp. follg. w.*]

stiks, *m., point, moment;* in stika melis (ἐν στιγμῇ χρόνου), *in a moment of time;* Lu. 4, 5. [*Cf. O. H. G.* stih(hh), *M. H. G.* stich, *m., a pricking, prick, thrust, point, moment* (*of time*), *N. H. G.* stich, *m., a pricking, prick, stab, thrust, stitch. Allied to O. E.* stician (*whence* stice, *m., Mdl. E.* stiche, *Mdn. E.* stitch), *Mdl. E.* sticche, *Mdn. E.* stitch, *O. H. G.* sticchen, *M. H. G.* sticken, *w. v., to stick, fix, set, embroider, N. H. G.* sticken, *w. v., to embroider* (*compd. M. H. G. N. H. G.* ersticken, *tr. and intr., to choke, suffocate, be choked, etc., O. H. G.* irsticchen, *intr., to be choked; for* ir-, *s.* us), *Du.* stikken, *Eff.* stekke, *to embroider. S.* staks, stakeins, staks, stikls.]

stilan, *str. v.* (175, *n.* 1), *to steal;* Mt. 6, 20. Jo. 10, 10. [*Cf. O. E.* stelan, *Mdl. E.* stele, *Mdn. E.* steal, *O. N.* stela, *O. S. O. H. G.* stelan, *M. H. G.* steln, *N. H. G.* stehlen, *Du.* stelen, *Eff.* stelle, *to steal. — Allied to Gr.* στερεῖν, στερίσκειν, *to deprive. — Ders.: O. E.* stalu, *f., theft, robbery, Mdl. E.* stale, *theft, a trap, Mdn. E.* stale, *a snare, O. H. G.* stâla (*w. the long vowel of the pret. pl.*), *f., theft, in M. H. G.* diupstâle (*For* diup, *s.* þiufs), *beside* diupstâl, *f., N. H. G.* diebstahl, *m., theft, larceny. Further Mdl. E.* stalðe (*w. Germanic suff.* -iþô-), *Mdn. E.* stealth, *theft* (*obs.*), *a secret or clandestine procedure, whence* stealthy (*w. suff.* -y), *secret, private, etc.*]

stiur, *m.* (78, *n.* 2; 91, *n.* 4), *steer, calf;* Lu. 15, 23. 27. 30. Neh. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* stêor, *m., Mdl. E.* stêr, *Mdn. E.* steer, *O. N.* stjórr, *O. H. G.* stior, *M. H. G.* stier, *N. H. G.* stier, *m., bull, Du.* stier, *Eff.* stie (*final* r *being regularly dropped in this dial.*), *m., th. s., Gr.* ταῦρος (*for* *σταῦρος), *Lt.* taurus (*for* *staurus), *O. Bulg.* turŭ (*for*

*sturŭ), *bull. To a form without the initial* s *refers O. N.* þjórr, *bull. All are allied to O. E. Mdl. E.* stôr, *O. N.* stórr, *large, O. H. G.* stûri, stiuri, *strong, Skr.* sthûra, *large, powerful.*]

***stiurei,** *f., in* **us-stiurei,** *q. v.* [*From an adj.* (*w.* r-*suff.*) *seen in O. H. G.* stiuri (*s.* stiur), *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Cf. O. H. G.* stiurî, stûrî, *f., greatness, largeness, magnificence. Allied to Gr.* στύειν, *to erect,* σταυρός, *stake, pale,* στῦλος, *pillar; and to Lt.* re-staurare (re-, *again*), *to restore, rebuild, whence O. Fr.* restaurer, restorer, *whence Mdl. E.* restore, *Mdn. E.* restore, *Mdn. Fr.* restaurer, *to restore, refresh, pres. partic.* restaurant, *also m. subst., eating-house, whence Mdn. E.* restaurant. *To Lt.* in-staurare, *to renew, erect, build, restore, refers Vulg. Lt.* staurum (*for* *instaurum), *whence O. Fr.* estor, *a nuptial gift,* estoire, *store, provisions, whence Mdl. E.* stȫr, *Mdn. E.* store. *To O. Fr.* estorée, *a thing built, from Vulg. Lt.* *staurata, *for Lt.* instaurata, *pret. partic. f. of* instaurare, *refers Mdn. E.* story, *a set of rooms on the same floor. Comp. follg. w.*]

stiurjan, *w. v., w. acc.: to establish;* Rom. 10, 3; *folld. by* bi *w. acc.: to affirm of;* I Tim. 1, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* stîeran (îe *from* êo, *by* i-*uml.; from*) stêoran (*for* stêorjan), *Mdl. E.* stêre, *Mdn. E.* steer, *O. N.* stýra, *to steer, O. H. G. M. H. G.* stiuren, *to support, govern, steer, N. H. G.* steuern, *Du.* stieren, sturen, *Eff.* stüere, *to steer; respectively from O. E.* stêor, *n., Mdl. E.* stêr, *Mdn. E.* steer (*obs.; comp.* steersman, *Mdl. E.* steres man, *and* stêrman), *O. N.* stýri, *n.,* (*O. H. G.* stiura, *M. H. G.* stiure, *f., a prop, support, contribution, stern, rudder, N. H. G.* steuer, *f., contribution, tax*), *late M. H. G.* (*M. G., prop. L. G.*) stiure, *n., N. H. G.* steuer, *n., Du.* stuur, *n., rudder; — compds.: O. E.* stêorbord (*For* bord, *s.* *baúrd), *n., Mdl. E.* stêrebourde, *Mdn. E.* starboard, *M. H. G.* (*prop. L. G.*) stiurbort, *m., N. H. G.* steuerbord, *n., starboard, Du.* stuurboord, *th. s. Allied to O. N.* stjórn, *whence Mdl. E.* stêrne, *Mdn. E.* stern, *whence N. H. G.* stern, *m., stern. S. prec. w.*]

stiwiti, *n.* (? *only gen.* **stiwitjis** *and dat.* **stiwitja** *occur*), *enduring, endurance, patience;* II Cor. 1, 6. 6, 4. II Thess. 1, 4. — *From stem* stiw-i-tja. *Etymology obscure. S. Sch.,* stiviti.

***stôdeins,** *f., in* **ana-, aftra-ana-stôdeins,** *q. v.* — *From* stôdjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

***stôdjan,** *w. v., in* (a) **ana-st.** (*intr.*), *to begin;* Mk. Lu. Eph. II Thess. Tit. superscr. Gal. 3, 3. Skeir. II, a. IV, b. (b) du-st.,

th. s.; II Cor. superscr.; *w. inf.;* Lu. 14, 30; faúra dust. (*προενάρχεσθαι*); II Cor. 8, 6. —*Allied to* standan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

stôjan, *w. v.* (*pret.* stauida; 26, 186 *and n.* 2), *to judge;* (1) *abs..;* Lu. 6, 37. Jo. 8, 16. 50. I Cor. 4, 5. Skeir. V, c; *folld. by* bi (*according to, after*) *w. dat. of th.;* Jo. 7, 24. 8, 15; *or acc. of pers.* ('*of somebody*'); Jo. 8, 26; (2) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*); Lu. 6, 37. Jo. 7, 24. 51. 8, 15. 12, 47. 48. Rom. 14, 3. 4. 10. 13. I Cor. 5, 12. 13. 10, 29. 11, 31. II Tim. 4, 1. Skeir. V, b. c. VIII, c; *and folld. by* bi *w. dat. of th.: to judge one according to;* Jo. 18, 31; *or* us (*out of*) *w. dat. of th.;* Lu. 19, 22; — raíhtaba st., *to judge rightly;* Lu. 7, 43. — *For* sums stôjiþ, *etc.;* Rom. 14, 5, *s.* hindar. — st. fram inwindaim, *to go to law before the unjust* (*E. version*), '*rechten vor den unglæubigen*' (*G. version*), '*κρίνεσθαι ἐπὶ τῶν ἀδίκων*' (*Gr. version*). — *Compd.* ga-st. *w. acc.: to judge;* I Cor. 5, 3; *and folld. by* at (*with*) *w. dat.: to judge, determine;* II Cor. 2, 1. *S. also* gastôjans, *and note to* II Thess. 3, 2. [*From* staua, *f., q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* stôwan, stouwan (*pret.* stôwida), *M. H. G.* stouwen, *to scold, accuse. Comp. also* staua, *m.*]

***stôjans,** *adj., in* **gastôjans,** *q. v. S. remark under* stôjan (b).

stôls, *m., stool, seat, throne;* Mt. 5, 34. Lu. 1, 32. 52. [*Cf. O. E.* stôl, *m., Mdl. E.* stôl, *Mdn. E.* stool, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* stuol, *N. H. G.* stuhl, *m., chair, Du.* stoel, *Eff.* stôl, *m., chair. From root* stâ:stô (*s.* standan), *and suff.* -la. *Allied to Gr.* στήλη, *pillar, Lith.* stalas, *table, O. Bulg.* stolŭ, *chair, throne. Comp.* staua-stôls.]

stôma, *m., foundation, substantial grounds, substance, confidence* (*Engl. version*), '*betracht*' (*G. version*), *ὑπόστασις* (*Gr. version*); II Cor. 9, 4. 11, 17 ('*zuversicht*', *G. version*). [*From root* stâ:stô (s. standan, stôls), *and suff.* -man. *Cf. Gr. Skr.* sthâman-, *station, power, strength, Gr.* στήμων, *Lt.* stâmen, *the warp in an upright loom, transferred, in gen.: a thread hanging from the distaff, etc., thread of other sorts, stamen* (*of the lily*), *whence Mdn. E.* stamen. *To the Lt. stem* stamin- *refers Lt.* stamineus, *adj., consisting of threads, thready, whence O. Fr.* estamine, '*the stuff tamine*', *whence Mdl. E.* stamin, *Mdn. E.* stamin, *a kind of stuff.*]

***stôþan,** *w. v., in* **ga-stôþan** (*for the probably incorrect* gastôþanan; *cf.* *ainan), *to make to stand* (*στῆσαι*); Rom. 14, 4. *From* *stôþs, *gastôþs, *q. v.*

***stôþs,** *adj., in* ***gastôþs,** *q. v.* — *From root of* standan (*q. v.*)

and suff. -þa, *Indg.* -to. *S.* ungastôþs.

straujan, *w. v.* (*pret.* **strawida;** 42; 187), *to strew, spread; w. instr., and folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mk. 11, 8. — *Compds.* (a) ga-str., *to bestrew, spread* (*with carpets*), *furnish* (*Engl. version*); Mk. 14, 15. (b) uf-str., *to strew under, to spread; w. instr., and folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Lu. 19, 36. [*Cf. O. E.* strêȝan (ê *is the rare* i-*uml. of* êa; ȝ=j *after a long vowel*), *Mdl. E.* strêȝe, *O. S.* strewian, *O. H. G.* strewen (*from* *strawjan; e *is* i-*uml. of* a; *beside* strouwen, *i. e.* strauwen, *w. a secondary* u *developed before* w), *M. H. G.* ströuwen (strouwen), *N. H. G.* streuen, *Du.* strooijen, *Eff.* streue, *to strew; also O. E.* strêawian (*without uml.*), *Mdl. E.* strêwe, *Mdn. E.* strew. *Perhaps from a subst. seen in O. E.* strêa (*stem* strauwo-; *comp.* strêa-, strêawberie, *f., Mdl. E.* strauberi, *Mdn. E.* strawberry; *for* berry, *s.* *basi), *n., Mdl. E.* strau, *Mdn. E.* straw, *O. N.* strá, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* strô (*gen.* strawes, strouwes, strôwes), *N. H. G.* stroh, *n., straw, Du.* stroo, *Eff.* strüh, *n., th. s.; comp. also M. H. G.* ströu, *N. H. G.* streu, *Eff.* strau, *f., a coarse bed of straw for animals, a litter. Allied to Indg. root* ster (strŏ), *in Gr.* στορνύναι, στρωννύναι, *Skr.* stṛṇómi, *to spread out, Lt.* sternere, *th. s., pret. partic.* strâtus, *n.* stratum, *also subst., a layer, whence Mdn. E.* stratum; *to the fem.* strata (*sc.* via, *a paved road*), *refers O. E.* strêt, *f., Mdl. E.* strête, *Mdn. E.* street, *O. H. G.* strâȝa, *f., M. H. G.* strâȝe, *N. H. G.* strasse, *f., Du.* straat, *Eff.* strǫ̂ss, *f., street; and O. Fr.* estraier, *to wander, whence Mdl. E.* straie, *Mdn. E.* stray, *etc. Lt. compd.* prosternere (pro, *before, in front*), *to strew before one, throw down, pret. partic.* prostratus, *whence Mdn. E.* prostrate; *an intensive form of Lt.* consternere (con= cum, *with, to bestrew, throw down, is Lt.* consternare, *to frighten, pret. partic.* consternatus, *whence* consternatio, *acc.* -onem, *fright, whence Fr.* consternation, *whence Mdn. E.* consternation.]

striks, *m., stroke, title;* Mt. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. H. G.* strih, *M. H. G.* strich, *N. H. G.* strich, *m., stroke, line, Swed.* strek, *a dash, streak, whence Mdl. E.* strêke, *Mdn. E.* streak, *a line or long mark. Allied to Mdl. E.* strâc, strǫ̂k, *Mdn. E.* stroke, *M. H. G.* streich, *m., stroke, blow, N. H. G.* streich, *m., stroke, blow, trick. Respectively from O. E.* strîcan (*pret.* strâc, *pret. partic.* stricen), *to move, go, pass, Mdl. E.* strîke, *Mdn. E.* strike, *O. H. G.* strîhan (*pret.* streich, *pret. part.* gistri-

chen), *M. H. G.* strîchen, *N. H. G.* streichen, *str. v., to strike, rub, stroke, move, rove, go, etc.; also M. H. G.* streichen, *O. H. G.* streichôn, *w. v., to stroke, rub gently, whence N. H. G.* streicheln, *to stroke with the hand, rub gently; cf. O. E.* strâcian, *w. v., Mdl. E.* strǫ̂ke, *Mdn. E.* stroke. *From root* strīk, *pre-Germanic* strīg; *comp. Lt.* stringere, *to strip off, touch, touch lightly, graze,* striga, *swath. To the various forms from Lt.* stringere *and its ders. refer* (*directly*) *Mdn. E.* stringent, astringent; strict; restrict; astriction, obstriction; (*through the Fr.*) district; strain, constrain, distrain, restrain, stress, distress; strait. *S. Sk.*, stringent.]

stubjus, *m.* (105), *dust;* Lu. 10, 11. [*Cf. O. H. G.* stuppe, *M. H. G.* (ge)stüppe, (ge)stuppe, *n., N. H. G.* gestüpp, *n., dust; allied to O. H. G. M. H. G.* stoup (*gen.* -bes), *N. H. G.* staub, *m., dust. All from a root contained in O. H. G.* stiuban, *M. H. G.* stieben (*factit.* stöuben, *to raise dust, to hunt up, start, frighten up, whence M. H. G.* stöuber, *N. H. G.* stäuber *m., beagle, starter, formerly also* stöber, *M. H. G.* stöber, *th. s.; comp. N. H. G.* stöbern, *to drift,* gestöber, *n., drift*), *N. H. G.* stieben, *to be dusty, drizzle, compd.* auseinanderstieben (auseinander, *asunder, apart; from* aus; *s.* ût; ein; *s.* ains; ander; *s.* anþar), *to disperse, scatter.*]

***stugq,** *n., in* **bistugq,** *q. v.—From* stigqan, bistigqan, *q. v.*

***suljan,** *w. v., in* **ga-s.,** *to fonnd, ground, lay a foundation; folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Mt. 7, 25. Lu. 6, 48; *or* in *w. dat.;* Eph. 3, 18. — *From* suljô, *q. v.*

suljô (*or* **sulja;** *occurs only once, in dat. plur.* **suljôm),** *f., sole* (*of a shoe*), *sandal;* Mk. 6, 9. [*From Lt.* solea, *sole of the foot, or of a shoe, whence O. E.* sole, *f., Mdl. E.* sole, *Mdn. E.* sole, *O. H. G.* sola, *M. H. G.* sole, *N. H. G.* sohle, *f., th. s. Comp. prec. w.*]

suman, *adv.* (214, *n.* 1), *once, on a time, in times past* (*ποτέ*); Rom. 11, 30. Gal. 1, 23. Eph. 2, 3. 5, 8; *partly, in part* (*ἐκ μέρους, by pieces, for which* us dailai *in* I Cor. 13, 10); I Cor. 13, 9; suman—sumanuh þan—sumanuh þan, *now—now—now;* Skeir. VI, c. — *From stem of* sums, *q. v.*

sums, *indef. prn.* (*follows the infl. of a str. adj.*), (1) *used alone* (*τις*): *some one, plur. some;* Mk. 9, 38. 14, 57. 65. Lu. 8, 46. 9, 49. 57. 18, 9. Jo. 11, 1. 13, 29. I Cor. 9, 22. 15, 34. 35. subscr. II Cor. 3, 1. 10, 2. Gal. 1, 7. 2, 12. II Thess. 3, 11. I Tim. 1, 3. 6. 19. 4, 1. 6, 10. II Tim. 2, 18. Skeir. III, a. (2) *adj.* (*τις*): *certain, some,* (a) *follg. the subst.;* Lu. 7, 41. 8,

27. 10, 25. 14, 16. 16, 20. 18, 2. 35. 19, 12; (b) *prec. it.;* Lu. Lu. 15, 8 (*by mistaking the interrog. for the indef.* τίs). 18, 2. I Tim. 5, 24; ains sums, *th. s.* (εἷs τίs); Mk. 14, 51. (3) *w. gen. partit.: certain, some, for* (a) τίs, (α) *follg. the gen.;* Mk. 5, 25. Lu. 7, 2. 15, 11. 16, 1. 19. Jo. 6, 64. 9, 40. (β) *prec. it;* Mt. 9, 3. 27, 47. Mk. 2, 6. 7, 1. 2. 8, 3. 9, 1. 11, 5. 12, 13. 14, 47. 15, 35. Lu. 6, 2. 7, 36. 8, 49. 9, 19. 27. 14, 15. 17, 12. 18, 18. 19, 39. 20, 27. 39. Jo. 7, 25. 44. 9, 16. 11, 37. 46. 12, 20. Rom. 11, 17. Tit. 1, 12. (b) εἷs, *one, prec. the gen.;* Mk. 14, 43. Lu. 9, 8. 15, 15. 26. 20, 1. Jo. 7, 50. 12, 2. 18, 22. (4) *folld. by* in *w. dat.* (ἐν *w. dat.*); I Cor. 15, 12; *or* us *w. dat.* (ἐκ *w. gen.*); Rom. 11, 14. (5) *in enumerative expressions:* — sums (ἄλλοs), *another;* Jo. 12, 29. (ἄλλοs—δέ); Mk. 11, 8; — sums þan (ἄλλοs δέ), *th. s.;* Lu. 9, 19; — jah sums (καὶ ἕτεροs), — *and another;* Lu. 14, 20. 19, 20; sums þan—iþ sumai (ὁ μέν—ὁ δέ), *the one—the other;* Phil. 1, 16. 17; sum—jah anþar—jah sum—jah anþar (ὃ μέν—καὶ ἕτερον—καὶ ἕτερον—καὶ ἕτερον), *some—and some, etc.;* Lu. 8, 5-8 (*S.* Mk. 4, 4-8, *below*); *the first part is often intensified by* raíhtis (*q. v.*): sums raíhtis—iþ sai, *one—another who;* Rom. 14, 2; *comp.* Rom. 14, 5; sums raíhtis—sums þan (τὶs μέν—τὶs δέ), *one — another;* Phil. 1, 15; *the second part is sometimes strengthened by* -uh (*q. v.*): sumsuh (ἄλλοs); Jo. 10, 21. (ἄλλοs δέ); I Cor. 12, 10; sums—sumsuh (ὁ μέν—ὁ δέ), *one—another;* I Cor. 7, 7; —sumsuh—anþar (ὁ μέν—ἄλλοs), *th. s.;* Jo. 7, 12. (τίs—ἄλλοs); Jo. 9, 16; *or* -uh þan (-uþ þan. *For* -uþ *from* -uh *before* þ, *s.* 62, *n.* 3) (ὁ δέ); Mt. 26, 67. (ἄλλοs δέ) Mk. 8, 28. (ὃs μέν—ὃs δέ); I Cor. 11, 21. (τὶs δέ) I Cor. 15, 6; sums—sums þan—sumsuþ þan (τίs—τὶs δέ—ἄλλοs δέ), *one—one another;* Lu. 9, 7. 8; sums—sumsuþ þan (ὃs μέν—ὃs δέ), *the one—the other;* Mk. 12, 5. Rom. 9, 21. II Cor. 2, 16. II Tim. 2, 20. (sumsuþ þan *three times,* ὁ μέν—ὁ δέ, *etc.*) Eph. 4, 11; *or both parts have* -uh: sumsuh—sumsuh (ἄλλοs—ἄλλοs); Jo. 7, 41. ἄλλοs—δέ) Jo. 9, 9; *or the first part has* raíhtis *and the second* -uh þan: sum raíhtis—anþaruþ þan—jah sum (ὃ μέν—ἄλλο δέ—καὶ ἄλλο—καὶ ἄλλο); Mk. 4, 4-8 (6) bi sumata (ἀπο μέρουs), *in part;* Rom. 11, 25 (*S. text and note*). II Cor. 1, 14. 2, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* sum, *some one, a certain one, one,* (*plur.* sume), *some, Mdl. E.* sum, som (*pl.* sume), *Mdn. E.* some, *O. N.* sumr, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* sum, *some one, a certain one, Skr.* sama (*enclitic*), *any, all. Allied to*

sama, simlê, *q. v. Comp.* suman.]

sundrô, *adv., asunder, alone, privately;* Mk. 4, 10. 34. 7, 33. 9, 2. 28. Lu. 9, 10. 18. 10, 23. I Cor. 12, 11. Gal. 2, 2. [*Allied to O. E.* sundor, *adv., Mdl. E.* sunder, *adv., especially, apart, separately, O. N.* sundr, *adv., O. S.* sundar (sundrôn, *dat. pl.*), *adv., O. H. G.* suntar, *M. H. G.* sunder (*by-form* sundern, *whence N. H. G.* sondern, *but*), *adv., separately, aside, especially; conj., but, rather; prep., without N. H. G.* sonder, *Du.* zonder, *prep., without; and to Skr.* sanutár, *far away, far away from. — Ders. O. E.* (â-, ȝe-)sundrian, (-)syndrian, *Mdl. E.* (i-)sundre, *Mdn. E.* sunder, *to divide, O. N.* sundra, *O. H. G.* suntarôn, *M. H. G.* sundern, *N. H. G.* sondern, *to separate, part. Mdn. E.* asunder *refers to Mdl. E.* a sundre, *O. E.* ǫn sundran (*dat. plur.; for* ǫn, *s.* ana); *N. H. G.* besonders (*w. an adv.* s), *M. H. G.* besonder (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *adv., especially; N. H. G.* sonderbar (*For* bar, *s.* baíran), *M. H. G.* sunderbære, *singular, peculiar, strange. Mdl. E.* sunderlîch (*For* -lîch, *s.* *leiks) *answers to O. H. G. M. H. G.* sunderlîch, *N. H. G.* sonderlich, *adj., particular, special, peculiar, strange.*]

sunja, *f.* (97, *n.* 1; 215), *truth* (ἀλήθεια); Mk. 5, 33. Lu. 20, 21. Jo. 8, 32. 40. 44. 45. 46. 10, 41. 14, 6. 17. 15, 26. 16, 7. 13. 17, 17. 19. 18, 37. 38. Rom. 9, 1. 15, 8. I Cor. 5, 8. 13, 6. II Cor. 4, 2. 6, 7. 7, 14. 11, 10. 12, 6. 13, 8. Gal. 2, 5. 14. 3, 1. 5, 7. Eph. 1, 13. 4, 21. 24. 25. 5, 9. 6, 14. Phil. 1, 18. Col. 1, 6. I Tim. 2, 4. 7. 3, 15. 4, 3. 6, 5. II Tim. 2, 15. 18. 25. 3, 7. 8. 4, 4. Tit. 1, 1. 14. Skeir. I, b. d. VIII, c. (ἀληθές) Jo. 10, 41; *acc. sing. used as adv.* (215) (ἀληθῶς); Lu. 9, 27. (ὁσιότης) Lu. 1, 75; sunja gateihan, *to tell the truth;* Gal. 4, 16; sunja taujan, *th. s.;* Eph. 4, 15; bi sunjai (ἀληθῶς), *in truth, truly, surely;* Mt. 26, 73. 27, 54. Mk. 14, 70. 15, 39. Jo. 6, 14. 55. 7, 26. 40. 8, 31. 17, 8. (ἀληθές) I Tim. 6, 7. (ὄντως) Mk. 11, 32. I Cor. 14, 25. I Tim. 5, 3. 5. 16. (ἐπ' ἀληθείας) Mk. 12, 14. 32. Lu. 4, 25. — *Allied to* sunjis (*q. v.*), *its suff. being* -jô. *Comp. follg. w.*

sunjaba, *adv.* (210), *truly, verily;* I Thess. 2, 13. — *From stem of* sunjis (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ba. *Comp. prec. w.*

Sunjai-friþas, *pr. n., Lt.* **Suniefridus;** Neap. Doc.

***sunjanê,** *adv., in* **bisunjanê,** *q. v.* [*Prop. gen. plur. of the pres. partic. of root* es-, *to be* (*S.* wisan), *extended by suff.* -jôn-; *for* *sundjanê, *from primitive* s-ṇt-jón-êm. *S. Feist,* bisunjanê.]

sunjeins, *adj., true* (ἀληθής); Mk. 12, 14. Jo. 7, 18. 8, 13. 16. 26. II Cor. 6, 8. Phil. 4, 8. Tit. 1, 13. Neh. 7, 2. (ἀληθινός) Lu. 16, 11. Jo. 6, 32. 7, 28. 15, 1. Skeir. VI, b. (ἀγαθός) Jo. 7, 12. — *From stem of* sunja (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna (*Gr. and Lt.* -ῐno-; *s. Kl., N. St., p. 85*). *S. follg. w.*

sunjis, *adj., true* (ἀληθής); Jo. 8, 14. 17. (ἀληθινός) Jo. 17, 3 (*Cod. has* sunja; *s. text and note*). [*From stem* sunja-, *for* *sundja-, *from primitive* sṇt- *and suff.* -jo-; *cf.* (*w. abl. and without the* j*-suff.*) *O. E.* sȳð (*from* *sȳnð, *for* *sand; *s.* anþar), *Mdl. E.* sȳð, *Mdn. E.* sooth (*also used as a n. subst., whence O. E.* for sȳðe, *Mdl. E.* for sȳðe, *Mdn. E.* for sooth, *in truth*), *O. N.* sannr (*for* *sanðr, *beside* saðr), *O. S.* sôð, *O. H. G.* sand; *s.* sôþ. *Allied to Skr.* sat, satjá-, *true. From root* es, *to be* (—?); *s. Sk.*, sooth, *and Feist,* sunjis. *Comp.* sunja, sunjaba, sunjeins, *also* *sunjanê.]

sunjôn, *w. v.* (190), *to verify* (ἀπολογεῖσθαι); s. sik, *to excuse one's self;* II Cor. 12, 19. — *Compd.* ga-s. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*), *to justify* (δικαιοῦν); Lu. 7, 35. — *From stem of* sunja, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

sunjôns, *f., a verifying, apology, defense, answer* (ἀπολογία); II Cor. 7, 11. Phil. 1, 16. II Tim. 4, 16. — *From* sunjôn (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ô-ni.

sunnô, *f.* (112), *sun* (ἥλιος); Mt. 5, 45. Lu. 4, 40. Eph. 4, 26. Neh. 7, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* sunne, *f., Mdl. E.* sunne, sonne, *Mdn. E.* sun, *O. S.* sunna, *f., O. H. G.* sunna, *f., M. H. G.* sunne, *N. H. G.* sonne, *f., Du.* zon, *Eff.* son, *f., sun. — Compds.: O. E.* sunnan-dæȝ (sunnan *is gen.; for* dæȝ, *s.* dags), *m., Mdl. E.* sunedæi, *Mdn. E.* sunday, *O. S.* sunnundag, *O. H. G.* sunnuntag, *M. H. G.* sun-tac, sunnentac, *N. H. G.* sonntag, *m., Du.* zondag, *Eff.* sondag, *m., Sunday; O. E.* sunnan-æfen (æfen, *m., evening, Mdl. E.* êven, êve, *Mdn. E.* eve, *whence* evening, *Mdl. E.* êvening (*w. suff.* -ing; *interchanging w.* -ung), *O. E.* æfnung, *for* *æfenung; *comp. O. N.* aptann, *O. S.* aband, *O. H. G.* âband, *M. H. G.* âbent, *N. H. G.* abend, *Du.* avond, *Eff.* ǫvend, *m., evening. The Goth. word for 'evening' is* andanahti, *q. v.*), *m., the evening before Sunday* (*Kl.; Sunday evening; Sweet; — comp. the double meaning of Mdn. E.* eve), *O. H. G.* sunnûn-aband, *M. H. G.* sunâbent, sunnenâbent, *N. H. G.* sonnabend, *m., Saturday. Allied to* saul *q. v. For the relation between Goth.* sunnô *and Mdn. E.* south, *Mdl. E.* sûð, *O. E.* sûð, sûða, *m., N. H. G.* süd, süden (*all from Germanic stem*

sunþ-), *etc.*, *s. Kl.*, süden, *Sk.*, south. *Comp. follg. w.*]

sunnô, *n.* (? 110, *n.* 2), *sun* (ἥλιος); Mk. 4, 6. 16, 2. — *S. prec. w.*

suns, *adv.*, *soon, at once, immediately;* Mt. 8, 3. 26, 74. 27, 48. Mk. 1, 10. 12. 18. 20. 21. 28. 29. 30. 31. 42. 43. 2, 2. 8. 12. 4, 5. 15. 16. 29. 5, 2. 13. 42. 6, 27. Lu. 1, 64. 5, 13. 39. 6, 49. 8, 33. 44. 47. 55. 17, 7. 18, 43. 19, 11. Jo. 13, 30. 32. 18, 27. I Cor. 15, 6; suns miþ, *together with* (ἅμα σύν); I Thess. 4, 17. [*Prop. compar., for* *sunis (*S.* mins), *from stem* suna- *and compar. suff.* -is-. *Allied to O. E.* sǫna (ǫ *for* â *before the nasal* n), *Mdl. E.* sǫne, *Mdn. E.* soon, *O. S.* sân, sâna, *soon, immediately, indeed, M. H. G.* (*Mdl. G.*) sân, *adv., at once; and to O. H. G.* -sun, *in* herasun, *hither,* hwarasun, *whither. All from pronominal stem* sa- *and suff.* -na; *comp. O. H. G.* sâr, sâre (*w. suff.* -ra), *at once. S.* sunsei *and follg. w.*]

suns-aiw, *adv., soon, immediately, straightway:* Mk. 3, 6. 5, 29. 30. 36. 6, 25. 54. 7, 35. 8, 10. 9, 15. 20. 24. 10, 52. 11, 2. 3. 14, 43. 45. 15, 1. Lu. 4, 39. 5, 25. Jo. 6, 21. — *From* suns *and* aiw, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

suns-ei, *conj.* (218), *as soon as, when* (ὡς); Lu. 1, 44. 19, 41. Jo. 11, 20. 29. 32. 33. — *From* suns *and* ei, *q. v.*

sunus, *m.* (104), *son* (υἱός); Mt. 5, 45. 8, 12. 20. 29. 9, 6. 15. 27. 10, 23. 37. 11, 19. 26, 2. 27, 9. 43. 54. 56. Mk. 1, 1. 11. 2, 10. 19. 28. 3, 11. 17. 28. 5, 7. 6, 3. 8, 31. 38. 9, 7. 9. 12. 17. 31. 10, 33. 35. 46. 47. 48. 12, 6. 35. 37. 13, 26. 14, 41. 61. 62. 15, 39. Lu. 1, 13. 16. 31–36. 57. 2, 7. 3, 2. 22–38. 4, 3. 9. 22. 41. 5, 10. 24. 34. 6, 5. 22. 35. 7, 12. 34. 8, 28. 9, 20. 22. 26. 35. 38. 41. 44. 56. 58. 10, 6. 22. 15, 11. 13. 19. 21. 24. 25. 30. 16, 8. 17, 22. 24. 26. 30. 18, 8. 31. 38. 39. 19, 9. 10. 20, 13. 34. 36. 41. 44. Jo. 5, 22. 23. 6, 27. 40. 42. 53. 62. 69. 8, 28. 35. 36. 9, 19. 20. 35. 10, 36. 11, 4. 27. 12, 23. 34. 36. 13, 31. 14, 13. 17, 1. 12. 19, 7. Rom. 8, 3. 9, 9. 26. 27. I Cor. 15, 28. II Cor. 1, 19. 3, 7. 13. 6, 18. Gal. 2, 20. 4, 4–7. 22. 30. 6, 22. 30. Eph. 1, 6. 2, 2. 3, 5. 4, 13. 5, 6. Col. 1, 13. 3, 6. I Thess. 5, 5. II Thess. 2, 3. Ezra 2, 9–24. 30–42. Neh. 6, 18. Skeir. III, c. IV, d. V, a. b. c. d; suniwê gadêþs (υἱοθεσία); *s.* gadêþs; suniwê sibja (υἱοθεσία); *s.* sibja. [*Cf. O. E.* sunu, *m., Mdl. E.* sone, sune, *Mdn. E.* son, *O. N.* sunr, *O. S.* sunu, *O. H. G.* sunu(-o), (*rare, usually*) sun, *M. H. G.* sun, *N. H. G.* sohn, *Du.* zoon, *Eff.* sŏn, *m., son. Allied to Skr.* sûnu, *Zd.* hunu, *O. Bulg.* synŭ, *Gr.* υἱός (*for* *συιός, *from Indg.* sŭ-yû-), *son. From root* sŭ; *comp. Skr.* sû, *to beget.*]

supôn, *w. v., to season;* Mk. 9, 50 (*MS has* supuda, *for* supôda, *s. Grammar*, 12, *n.* 1).—*Compd.* ga-s., *th. s.;* Lu. 14, 34. Col. 4, 6. [*Sch.* (*s.* sophôn) *compares O. H. G.* sofôn, soffôn, '*condire*', *referring to Graff, 6, 172; etc. Comp. Dief., II, p. 292.*]

Susanna, *pr. n.,* Σουσάννα; Lu. 8, 3.

suts, *adj.* (15, *n.* 1; 130) *sweet; hence, suitable, patient* (ἐπιεικής); I Tim. 3, 3; *peaceable* (ἡσύχιος); I Tim. 2, 2; *comp.* sutiza (ἄνεκτος), *w. dat.: more tolerable;* Mt. 11, 24. Mk. 6, 11. Lu. 10, 12. 14. [*Stem* suti-. *Cf. O. E.* swête (jo-*stem; ê is* i-*uml. of* ô; *beside* swôt, *as if from stem* swôta; *s. Kl., N. St., p. 78*), *Mdl. E.* swête (*beside* swôte, sôte), *Mdn. E.* sweet, *O. N.* sœtr, *O. S.* swôti, *O. H. G.* suozi (*from* swuozi; *s. Br., A. Gr., 107, n. 1*), *M. H. G.* süeze, *N. H. G.* süss, *Du.* zoet, *Eff.* söss, *adj., sweet. All from orig. Germanic stem* swôtu- (*Goth.* sŭti- *for orig.* sŭtu-, *showing the weakest grade*), *Indg.* swâdú-, *from root* swăd; *comp. Skr.* swâdú, *tasting sweet* (*root* swad, *to taste good,* swâd, *to be pleased*), *Gr.* ἡδύς (*for* *σϝηδύς; ἥδεσθαι, *to rejoice*), *Lt.* suavis (*for* *svâdvis; suâdêre, *to advise*), *sweet, pleasant, whence Fr.* suave, *whence Mdn. E.* suave, *pleasant. Further Mdn. E.* persuade, *from Fr.* persuader, *from Lt.* persuadere (per, *thoroughly*), *to convince, persuade, pret. partic.* (per)suasus, *whence* (per)suasio, *persuasion, acc.* (per)suasionem, *whence Fr.* (per)suasion, *whence Mdn. E.* (per)suasion; *Lt.* dissuadere (dis-, *apart*), *to persuade from, whence O. Fr.* dissuader, *whence Mdn. E.* dissuade. *S.* unsuti.]

suþjan (*or* **suþjôn;** *occurs only once, in pres. partic.* suþjandans, *A;* suþjôndans, *B; comp.* hausjan *and* hausjôn. *S. Bernh.,* suþjan), *to soothe, hence to long to be soothed* (*Sk.*), *to itch* (κνήθεσθαι); II Tim. 4, 3. — *Etymology unknown. Comp. Dief., II, 288.*

suþns, *m.* (*or* **suþn,** *n.; occurs only once, in gen.* suþnis, *in A; as a gloss to* qiþaus, *gen. of* qiþus, *q. v.*), *stomach;* I Tim. 5, 23.

swa, *adv., so,* (1) *used alone* (οὕτως); Mt. 5, 16. 19. 6, 9. 30. 7, 12. 17. 9, 33. Mk. 2, 7. 8. 12. 4, 40. 7, 18. 10, 43. 14, 59. 15, 39. Lu. 1, 25. 29. 2, 48. 9, 15. 10, 21. 15, 7. 10. 17, 10. 19, 31. Jo. 8, 59. 13, 25. Rom. 9, 20. 10, 6. 11, 26. I Cor. 5, 3. 7, 7. 17. 26. 9, 24. 26. 11, 28. 14, 21. 15, 11. Gal. 1, 6. 3, 3. 4, 3. 6, 2. Eph. 4, 20. Phil. 4, 1. II Thess. 3, 17. Neh. 5, 15. Skeir. I, d. V, c. VI, c; swa jah (οὕτως καί), *even so;* I Thess. 4, 14; jah swa (ὡσαύτως), *likewise;* I Tim. 3, 8. (2)

correlative: swê — swa (*ὡς—οὕτως*), *as—so;* I Thess. 5, 2. swê—swa jah (*καθάπερ—οὕτως καί*), *as—so also;* I Cor. 12, 12; swaswê swa (*καθώς—καί*), *as—so;* Jo. 13, 15. (*καθώς—οὕτως*) 14, 31. (*ὥσπερ—οὕτως*). Lu. 17, 24. Rom. 12, 4. 5; swaswê — swa jah (*καθὼς—οὕτως καί*), *as—so also;* II Cor. 1, 5. 10, 7. (*καθάπερ—οὕτως καί*) 8, 11. (*ὥσπερ—οὕτως καί*), Rom. 11, 30. 31. I Cor. 16, 1; swaswê—swaswê—swa–jah swa (*ὡς—ὡς—οὕτως— καὶ οὕτως*), *as—as—so—and so;* I Cor. 7, 17; swaswê jah — swa jah (*καθὼς καὶ—οὕτως καί*), *even as—so also;* Col. 3, 13. Skeir. V, b; swa—swaswê (*οὕτως—ὡς*), *so—as;* Mk. 4, 26. (*οὕτως καθώς*), Phil. 3, 17; swa jah—swê (*οὕτως καὶ—ὡς*), *so also—as;* Eph. 5, 28. (3) *w. adj. or adv.;* Lu. 15, 29. Jo. 6, 9. 12, 37. Skeir. VII, a. b; swa filu (*τοσαῦτα*), *so much, so many things;* Gal. 3, 4. (4) swa—swê, *so–as, w. an adj. or adv. between them:* swa filu swê (*nom.*), *whatsoever things; w. pret. indic.* (*ὅσα w. pret. indic.*); Rom. 15, 4. Skeir. VII, c; (*acc.*) *w. pres. indic.* (*ὅσα w. pres. indic.*), *th. s.;* Mk. 10, 21. (*ὅσα ἄν w. aor. subj.*); Jo. 16, 13; *w. pret. indic.* (*ὅσον w. pret. indic.*); Jo. 6, 11. (*ὅσα w. pret. indic.*); Mk. 6, 30. 9, 13. Lu. 9, 10. Skeir. VII, 3. 8; swa lagga ƕeila swê, *as long as; w. pres. indic.* (*ἐφ ὅσον χρόνον w. pres. indic.*); Mk. 2, 19. Rom. 7, 1; swa lagga swê, *inasmuch as; w. pres. indic.* (*ἐφ' ὅσον w. pres. indic.*); Rom. 11, 13; swa managai swê, *as many as; w. pres. indic.* (*ὅσοι w. future indic.*); Gal. 6, 16; *or pres. opt.* (*ὅσοι w. pres. indic.*); Gal. 6, 12. Phil. 3, 15. I Tim. 6, 1. *ὅσοι ἄν w. aor. subj.*); Mk. 6, 11. Lu. 9, 5; *or pret. indic.* (*pret. indic. after ὅσοι*) Mk. 3, 10. Lu. 4, 40. Gal. 3, 27. (*or ὅσοι ἄν*) Mk. 6, 56. (*or πάντες ὅσοι*) Jo. 10, 8; swa managôs swê *w. pres. indic.* (*ὅσας ἄν w. aor. subj.*); Mk. 3, 28; swa ufta swê, *as often as; w. pres. opt.* (*ὁσάκις ἄν w. pres. subj.*); I Cor. 11, 25. 26. [*Allied to O. E.* swâ (swê), *Mdl. E.* swâ, sǫ, *Mdn. E.* so, *O. N.* svá, svo, so, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* sô, *N. H. G.* so, *Du.* zoo, *Eff.* su, *adv., so. S. Kl.*, so; *P., Beitr., IV, 473. 474. VI, 215; and Feist,* swa. *For Mdn. E.* also, as, *N. H. G.* also, als, *etc., s.* alls. *Comp.* swaei swah, swalauƿs, swaleiks, swaswê, swau, swê.]

swa-ei, *conj.* (218), *always consecutive; s. Bernh.'s note to* Lu. 3, 23: *so that, that,* (a) *w. pres. indic.* (*ὥστε w. pres. indic.*); Mk. 2, 28. (*ὥστε w. acc. and inf.*) II Thess. 1, 4; (b) *w. pres. opt.* (*ὥστε w. acc. and inf.*); Rom. 7, 6. Skeir. III, d; (c) *w. pret. indic.* (*ὥστε w. inf.*); Mk. 1, 27. (*ὥστε w. acc.*

and inf.) II Cor. 7, 7. Skeir. VII, c. (ὥστε *w. pret. indic.*) Gal. 2, 13; (d) *w. pret. opt.* ὥστε *w. acc. and inf.*); II Cor. 3, 7. (εἰς τό *w. acc. and inf.*) 8, 6; (e) *w. acc. and inf.* (ὥστε *w. acc. and inf.*); II Cor. 2, 7. II Thess. 2, 4. — (ἵνα), *th. s.*; Gal. 2, 9; ni swa auk ei (*by tmesis*), *for not that* (οὐ γὰρ ἵνα); II Cor. 8, 13. (2) *therefore, wherefore* (ὥστε); Rom. 7, 4. 13, 2. I Cor. 14, 22. 15, 58. II Cor. 4, 12. 5, 16. 17. Gal. 4, 7. I Thess. 4, 18. — *From* swa *and* ei, *q. v.*

***swaggwjan,** *w. v., to make to swing, in* af–sw., *to make one despair; occurs only once, in cod. A:* swaswê afswaggwidai wêseima jal (*S.* jah) liban, *so that we despaired even of life;* II Cor. 1, 8 (*S. note*). [*Caus. of* *swiggwan, *to swing. Cf. O. E.* swengan (*from* *swangjan), *to shake, toss, Mdl. E.* swenge, *Mdn. E.* swinge (*for* *swenge, *as* singe *for* *senge; *s.* siggwan); *caus. of O. E.* swingan (*pret.* swang), *to flog, scourge, fly, flutter, Mdl. E.* swinge, *Mdn. E.* swing, *O. N.* *svinga (*Swed.* svinga, *Dan.* svinge), *O. S.* swingan, *to swing, O. H. G.* swingan, *M. H. G.* swingen (swinken), *to swing, wave, throw, sling, beat, scourge, N. H. G.* schwingen, *to swing, wave, brandish* (*a sword*), *etc. From root* swing; *allied to root* swink, *in O. E.* swincan (*pret.* swanc), *to labor hard, toil, exhaust one's self, Mdl. E.* swinke (*and often in compds.*), *Mdn. E.* swink (*obs.*), *th. s.* — *Der.: O. H. G.* swanch (*whence* swenchen, *to beat, M. H. G.* swenken, *N. H. G.* schwenken, *to swing, wave, brandish; comp. O. E.* swencan, *Mdl. E.* swenche, *to plague, torment, afflict*), *a swinging, blow, M. H. G.* swanc, (*gen.* -ges, -kes), *m., th. s., also a prank, jest, merry tale, N. H. G.* schwang, *m., in phrase* 'im schwange sein', *to be in vogue,* schwank, *m., prank, jest, funny tale;* — *M. H. G.* swanc (*gen.* -kes; *beside* swankel, *w.* l-*suff.*), *N. H. G.* schwank (*whence* schwanken, *M. H. G.* swanken, *to vacillate, waver, fluctuate*), *pliant, slim, slender; comp. O. E.* swancor, swǫncor (*w.* r-*suff.*; ǫ *for* a, *by influence of* n), *pliant, slender;* — *M. H. G.* swunc (*gen.* -ges; u *being the root-vowel of the pret. plur. and pret. partic.*, a *that of the pret. sing.*), *N. H. G.* schwung, *m., swing, oscillation, etc.;* — *O. E.* *swingel (*w. instr.* l-*suff.*), *Mdl. E.* swingle (*whence the v.* swingle, *Mdn. E.* swingel), *Mdn. E.* swingle, *a staft for dressing flax; comp. M. H. G.* swengel, swenkel, *N. H. G.* schwengel, *m., lever, handle* (*of a pump*), *whipple-tree; compd. Mdl. E.* swingle-trê (*For* trê, *s.* triu), *Mdn. E.* swingle-tree, *a whipple-tree.*]

swa-h, *adv., so, also, so too,* (1)

used alone (οὕτως); Lu. 14, 33; swah jah (οὕτως καί), *so in like manner;* Mk. 13, 29; swah samaleikô (ὡσαύτως καί), *after the same manner also;* I Cor. 11, 25. (2) *correlative:* swê—swah nih (καθὼς—οὕτως οὐδέ), *as—no more;* Jo. 15, 4; swaswê—swah (καθὼς—καί), *as—so;* Jo. 15, 9. 17, 18. (ὥσπερ—οὕτως καί) I Cor. 15, 22. (καθὼς—οὕτως καί); II Cor. 8, 6. (ὡς—οὕτως καί) Eph. 5, 24; swaswê—swah jah (καθὼς—οὕτως καί), *as—so also;* Lu. 17, 26. (ὥσπερ—οὕτως καί) Gal. 4, 29. — *From* swa *and* -h, *i. e.* -uh (*q. v.*); *s. Goth. Grammar, 24, n. 2. Comp. also* swaþ-þan.

swaíhra, *m.* (108), *father-in-law;* Jo. 18, 13. [*Stem* swaíhran-. *Cf. O. E.* swêor (*contracted from* sweohor, *from* *sweohur, a-*stem;* eo *from* e, *by,* u-*uml.*), *m., father-in-law, O. H. G.* swehur, *m., th. s., also* (*late*) *brother-in-law, M. H. G.* sweher, *N. H. G.* schwäher, *m., father-in-law. From Idg.* swékros, swekuros; *comp. Gr.* ἑκυρός (*for* *σϝεκυρός), *Lt.* socer (*for* *swocer, *from* *swecer), *Skr.* çváçuras (*for* *swaçuras), *O. Bulg.* swekrŭ, *father-in-law. Allied to* (*O. H. G.* *swâgar), *M. H. G.* swâger, *m., brother-, father-, son-in-law, N. H. G.* schwager, *m., brother-in-law; from Idg.* swêkrós. *S. follg. w., also* swistar.]

swaíhrô, *f.* (112), *mother-in-law;* Mt. 8, 14. 10, 35. Mk. 1, 30. Lu. 4, 38. [*Stem* swaíhrôn-, *extended from* *swaíhrô-, *Indg.* swékurâ-. *Allied to O. E.* swezer, *f., mother-in-law, O. H. G.* swigar, *M. H. G.* swiger, *N. H. G.* schwieger, *f.* (*for which, usually,* schwiegermutter; mutter, *M. H. G.* muoter, *O. H. G.* muotar, *O. E.* môdor, *Mdl. E.* môder, *Mdn. E.* mother, *O. N.* móðir, *O. S.* môdar, *etc., mother*), *mother-in-law; from Idg.* swekrû; *cf. Gr.* ἑκυρά (*for* *σϝεκυρά), *Lt.* socrus (*for* *swecrus), *Skr.* çvaçrû (*for* swaçrû), *f., mother-in-law. S. prec. w.*]

***swaírban,** *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to wipe, in* (a) af-sw. *w. acc.: to wipe away, blot out;* Col. 2, 14. (b) bi-sw. *w. acc.* (*dir. obj.*) *and instr.* (skufta); Lu. 7, 38. 44. Jo. 11, 2. 12, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* sweorfan, *to rub, file, polish* (*hence to move swiftly to and fro, to turn aside in moving; Sk.*), *Mdl. E.* swerve, *Mdn. E.* swerve, *to turn aside, O. N.* sverfa, *to file, O. S.* swerban, *to wipe, O. H. G.* swerban (*der.* swirbil, *m., whirl-pool; w. suff.* -i-la), *M. H. G.* swerben, *to move swiftly to and fro, to whirl, Eff.* schwerve, *to go or rove about, Du.* zwerven, *to swerve, wander, riot, rove, O. Fris.* swerva, *to creep.*]

swa-lauþs, *adj.* (161), *so great, so much, such;* Mt. 8, 10. Lu. 7, 9. Skeir. IV, b; *the neuter,*

swalauþ (d; *s. Gothic Grammar, 74 and note 1*), *is folld. by the gen.:* swalaud mêlis: *so long time;* Jo. 14, 9. swalaud mêlis swê, *as long as;* Gal. 4, 1. — *From* swa *and* lauþs, *q. v.*

swaleiks, *adj.* (161); *always follows the str. infl., both with and without the art.:* such (τοσοῦτος); (1) *used alone,* (a) *without art.;* Mk. 7, 8. 13. Lu. 9, 9. I Cor. 15, 48. II Cor. 10, 11. Eph. 5, 27. (b) *with art.;* Lu. 18, 16. I Cor. 5, 5. 11. 7, 15. 28. 16, 16. 18. II Cor, 2, 6. 7. 10, 11. 12, 2. 5. Gal. 5, 21. 23. 6, 1. Phil. 2, 29. II Thess. 3, 12. (2) *w. a subst.,* (a) *without art.;* Mt. 9, 8. Mk. 4, 33. 6, 2. Jo. 9, 16. (*once for* τηλικοῦτος) II Cor. 1, 10. 3, 4. 12. Skeir. I, b. V, c. (b) *with art.;* Mk. 9, 37. II Cor. 11, 13. 12, 3. — swaleiks swê, *such as* (οἷος); Mk. 9, 3. 13, 19. II Cor. 12, 20. [*From* swa *and* *leiks, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* swylc, swilc, swelc (*from* *swa-lîc), *Mdl. E.* swulc, swilc, swich, such (u *by influence of the* w), *Mdn. E.* such, *O. N.* slíkr, *O. S.* sulic, *O. H. G.* sulih, solih (solihh), *M. H. G.* solich, solch (sülich), *N. H. G.* solch, *Du.* zulk, *such.*]

***swalleins,** *f., a swelling, in* **uf-swalleins,** *q. v. From a lost v.* *swalljan, *to cause to swell* (*and Germanic suff.* î-ni), *seen in Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* swell, *O. N.* svella, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* swellen, *N. H. G.* schwellen, *to cause to swell, to swell. All caus. vs.; cf.* (*Goth.* *swillan, *pret.* *swall), *O. E.* swellan *pret.* sweall; ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* swell, *Mdn. E.* swell, *O. N.* svella, *O. S. O. H. G.* swellan, *M. H. G.* swellen, *N. H. G.* schwellen, *Du.* zwellen (*all str. vs.*), *to swell. From root* swel, *also seen in O. H. G.* swilo, *m.*, swil, *n.* (i *for* e, *by* i-*uml.*), *M. H. G.* swil, *m. n.*, *N. H. G.* schwiele, *f., thick, hard skin, wale, weal; in M. H. G.* swal (*gen.* -lles), *N. H. G.* schwall, *m., a great amount of things, etc.; and in the verbal abstr., O. H. G.* gi-swulst (*w. suff.* -sti; *for* gi-, *s.* ga), *M. H. G.* (ge)-swulst, *N. H. G.* (ge)schwulst, *f., a swelling, tumor.*]

swamms, *m., sponge;* Mt. 27, 48; swam; Mk. 15, 36. [*Cf. O. E.* swam (*stem* swama-), *m., fungus, O. H. G. M. H. G.* swam (mm), *N. H. G.* schwamm, *m., sponge, fungus, Du.* zwam, *Eff.* schwamm, *m., sponge. From root of O. E.* swimman, *Mdl. E.* swimme, *Mdn. E.* swim, *O. N.* swimma, *O. S. O. H. G.* swimman, *M. H. G.* swimmen, *N. H. G.* schwimmen, *Du.* zwemmen, *Eff.* schwömme, *to swimm. Allied to O. H. G.* swamb (*stem* swamba), *M. H. G.* swamp(b), *N. H. G.* schwamm, *m., sponge, fungus, Dan. Swed.* swamp, *th. s.* (*hence applied to 'swampy ground', which seems to be exclusively an E. use; Sk.*),

whence Mdn. E. swamp; *and to Gr.* σομφός, *spongy. S. Kl.*, schwamm; *Feist*, swamms. *Comp.* swumfsl.]

***swara,** *m.*, *in* **ufar-swara,** *q. v.* — *From* swaran, ufar-sw., *q. v.*

swaran, *str. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to swear* (ὀμνύειν); *folld. by* bi *w. dat.;* Mt. 5, 34. (35) 36; *w. a dependent clause introduced by* þatei; Mt. 26, 72. 74. Mk. 14, 71; *so w. a prec. dat. of pers.* (*indir. obj.*); Mk. 6, 23; aiþ sw. wiþra *w. acc.: to swear an oath to;* Lu. 1, 73. — *Compds.* (a) bi-s. (ὁρκίζειν), *to conjure, adjure; w. acc. of pers. and* (α) bi *w. dat., folld. by a clause introduced by* ei; Mk. 5, 7. (β) in *w. dat.;* I Thess. 5, 27. (b) ufar-sw., *to overswear, forswear* (ἐπιορκεῖν); Mt. 5, 33. [*Cf. O. E.* swerian (*pret.* swore, *pret. partic.* sworen; *the* i *or* j *occurs in the pres. only*), *Mdl. E.* swere, *Mdn. E.* swear, *O. N.* sverja, *O. S.* swerian, *O. H. G.* sweren, swerien, *M. H. G.* swern, swerjen, *N. H. G.* schwören (*der.* schwur, *m., oath, also in M. H. G.* mein-swur, *perjury; and in O. H. G.* eid-swuor, *oath; for* mein-, *s. Kl.*, meineid; *for* eid, *s.* aiþs). — *Compd. O. E.* and-swerian (-swarian), *to answer* (*For* and-, *s.* and), *Mdl. E.* answere, *Mdn. E.* answer, *whence the subst.* answer, *Mdl. E.* answare, *O. E.* andswaru, *f., answer; comp. O. N.* svaran, *to answer,* svör (*n. pl.*), *answer,* andsvar, *decision. Comp. Kl.*, schwören, *Sk., swear. S. prec. w.*]

swarê, *adv., without a cause, in vain;* Mt. 5, 22. Mk. 7, 7. Rom. 13, 4. I Cor. 15, 2. 14. 17. II Cor. 6, 1 (*A*, swarei *in B*). Gal. 2, 2. 21. 3, 4. 4, 11. Col. 2, 18. I Thess. 3, 5. Skeir. IV, b. — *Etymology obscure; s. Bezzenberger, 'Gotische Adverbien und Partikeln', p. 64.*

swartis, *n., that which is black, ink;* (*occurs only once:* swartiza; *cod. A*) II Cor. 3, 3. — *From stem of* swarts (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iz-. *S. follg. w.*

swartizl, *n., that which is black, ink;* (*occurs only once:* swartizla; *cod. B*) II Cor. 3, 3. [*From* swartis (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -zla- (=*N. H. G.* -sal, -sel). *Comp. v. B., p. 152; Osth., F., p. 191 et seq.; Kl., N. St., p. 64. S.* sêls *and follg. w.*]

swarts, *adj., black;* Mt. 5, 36. [*Cf. O. E.* sweart (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* swart, *Mdn. E.* swart (*beside* swarth, *whence* swarthy), *O. N.* svartr, *O. S.* swart, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* swarz, *N. H. G.* schwarz, *Du.* zwart, *Eff.* schwaz, *adj., black. Allied to Lt.* sordes, *dirt,* sordidus, *dirty. S.* swartis, swartizl.]

swa-swê, (*adv.*) *conj.* (218), (1) *as, just as, as it were, in like manner as, like,* (a) *used alone* (ὡς); Mt. 6, 12. 7, 29. 8, 13. 27, 65. Mk. 1, 22. Lu. 3, 4. 6, 10. 18, 11. Jo. 11, 18. Rom. 9,

25. 27. 12, 3. I Cor. 4, 9. 7, 17. 9, 5. 16, 10. II Cor. 2, 17. 3, 5. 9, 5. 10, 14. 11, 3. 13, 2. Eph. 3, 5. 5, 22. Col. 4, 4. II Thess. 3, 15. II Tim. 3, 9. Tit. 1, 5. Philem. 14, 16. Skeir. III, c. VIII, a. (ὡσεί) Jo. 6, 10. (ὥσπερ) Mt. 5, 48. 6, 2. 5. 7. 16. Lu. 18, 11. Rom. 11, 30. 12, 4. I Thess. 5, 3. (ὡσπερεί) I Cor. 15, 8. (καθά) Mt. 27, 10. (καθάπερ) II Cor. 3, 13. 18. I Thess. 2, 11. 4, 5. (καθό) II Cor. 8, 12. (καθώς) Mk. 4, 33. 9, 13. 11, 6. 15, 8. 16, 7. Lu. 1, 2. 55. 70. 2, 20. 23. 19, 32. Jo. 6, 31. 57. 58. 7, 38. 8, 28. 10, 15. 26. 12, 14. 13, 15. 14, 27. 15, 10. 12. 17, 2. 11. 14. 16. 21. 22. 23. Rom. 8, 36. 9, 13. 33. 10, 15. 11, 26. 15, 9. I Cor. 5, 7. 12, 11. II Cor. 1, 5. 4, 1. 8, 15. 9, 3. 7. 9. Gal. 2, 7. Eph. 1, 4. 4, 4. 21. 32. 5, 3. Phil. 3, 17. Col. 1, 7. I Thess. 2, 13. 4, 1. II Thess. 1, 3. I Tim. 1, 3. Skeir. V, c. d; (καθώς καί) I Cor. 10, 33. 11, 1. II Cor. 1, 14; jah swaswê (καὶ καθώς), *and as;* Rom. 9, 29; swaswê jah (ὡς καί), *even as, as also;* Eph. 2, 3. 5, 23. (καθὼς καί) Lu. 6, 36. Rom. 15, 7. II Cor. 11, 12. Gal. 3, 6. Eph. 4, 17. 5, 2. 25. 29. Col. 3, 13. I Thess. 2, 14. 3, 4. 4, 6. 11. 5, 11. II Thess. 3, 1. (καθάπερ καί) II Cor. 1, 14. I Thess. 3, 6. 12. (*added in Goth.; s. notes*) II Cor. 11, 23. I Thess. 2, 13; swaswê fraujinônds (καὶ ἐπιταγήν), *by commandment;* II Cor. 8, 8; swaswê qiþan ist (κατὰ τὸ εἰρημένον), *according to that which is said;* Lu. 2, 24. (b) *correlative:* — swaswê (οὕτως—ὡς); Jo. 7, 46; swaswê—jah (ὡς—καί), *as—(so) also;* II Cor. 1, 7; jah swaswê —jah (καὶ καθώς), *and as—so also;* Lu. 6, 31. Jo. 13, 33; jah swaswê—swa, *th. s.;* Jo. 14, 31; *for* swaswê—swah, *etc., s.* swah (2). (2) *so that, insomuch that,* (a) *w. pres. indic.* ὥστε *w. pres. indic.);* Mk. 10, 8; (b) *w. pres. opt.* (ὥστε *w. inf.);* I Cor. 13, 2; (c) *w. pret. indic.* (ὥστε *w. acc. and inf.);* Mt. 8, 28. 27, 14. Mk. 1, 45. 2, 2. 12. 3, 10. 20. 4, 32. 37. 9, 26. 15, 5; (d) *w. pret. opt.* (ὥστε *w. acc. and inf.);* II Cor. 1, 8; (e) *w. acc. and inf.* (ὥστε *w. acc. and inf.);* Mt. 8, 24. Mk. 4, 1. — *From* swa *and* swê, *q. v.*

swaþ-þan, *conj., when so;* I Cor. 8, 12. — *From* swaþ (*for* swah) *and* þan, *q. v.*

swa-u, *adv., so? thus? (in asking a question;* οὕτως); Jo. 18, 12. — *From* swa *and* -u, *q. v.*

swê, (*adv.*) *conj.* (218), (1) *in comparisons: as, just as, like* (ὡς); Mt. 6, 29. 7, 29. 10, 25. Mk. 1, 2. 10. 22. 4, 27. 31. 6, 15. 7, 6. 8, 24. 9, 3. 10, 1. 15. 12, 25. 31. 33. 14, 48. Lu. 6, 22. 40. 9, 54. 10, 3. 18. 27. 14, 22. 15, 19. 17, 6. 18, 17. 20, 37. Jo. 7, 10. 15, 6. Rom. 8, 36. 9, 29.

13, 9. 13. I Cor. 4, 7. 5, 3. 7, 7. 8, 25. 9, 20. 21. 22. 26. 13, 11. II Cor. 2, 17. 3, 1. 5, 20. 6, 4. 8. 9. 10. 13. 7, 15. 10, 2. 11, 15. 16. 17. 21. Gal. 4, 12. 14. 5, 14. Eph. 5, 1. 8. 6, 20. Phil. 1, 20. 2, 7. 22. Col. 2, 20. 3, 12. 18. 22. 23. I Thess. 2, 11. 5, 2. 4. 6. II Thess. 3, 15. I Tim. 5, 1. 2. II Tim. 2, 3. 9. 17. Tit. 1, 7. Philem. 17. Skeir. VI, a. d. VII, b; *w. pres. partic.* (ὡς ἄν *w. inf.*), *as if;* II Cor. 10, 9; (ὡσεί) Mt. 9, 36. Mk. 9, 26. Lu. 3, 22. (ὥσπερ) II Cor. 8, 7. (καθώς) Jo. 13, 34. 15, 4. Gal. 5, 21. Eph. 3, 3. (καθὼς καί) I Thess. 4, 13; swê qaþ (ὡς εἶπεν), *that he said;* Mk. 14, 72; iþ nu swê (ὥστε); Gal. 4, 16; (*added in Goth.;* καί) I Tim. 4, 7. (b) analeikô swê (*'similiter ac'*), *in like manner;* Skeir. VII, a; samaleikô jah swê (ὁμοίως καὶ ὡς), *likewise also as;* Lu. 17, 28; (c) *for* swa-swê, *etc., s.* swa (4); *for* swalauþs-swê, *s.* swalauþs; *for* swaleiks swê, *s.* swaleiks, *at the end;* (d) swê—jah (ὡς—καί); Mt. 6, 10; *for* swê—swa jah *and* swa jah–swê, *s.* swa. (2) *before numerals* (ὡς), *about;* Mk. 5, 13. 8, 9. Lu. 8, 42. Jo. 6, 19. (ὡσεί); Lu. 1, 56. 3, 23. 9, 14. 28. (3) *temporal* (ὡς), *as, when;* Mk. 4, 36. Lu. 1, 41. 4, 25. Jo. 6. 16. 11, 6. 18, 6. (ἡνίκα) Neh. 6, 16. 7, 1; *w. pret. indic.* (*in Gr. the gen. abs.*); Lu. 8, 23. (4) *so that, w. pret. indic.* (ὥστε *w. inf.* = swê *w. inf., in* Lu. 9, 52); Lu. 5, 7; swê natja dishnupôdêdun (διερρήγνυτο δὲ τὸ δίκτυον); Lu. 5, 6. — *Allied to* swa, *q. v. Comp.* swê-þáuh.

swêgniþa, *f., joy;* Lu. 1, 14. **(swignіþai;** *comp. Goth. Grammar, 7, n. 3*) 44. — *From* swêgnjan (*q. v.; or, more likely, from a lost adj.,* swêgna-; *comp. v. B., p. 157.*) *and suff.* -i-þô.

swêgnjan (swignjan; *s. prec. w.*), *w. v., to rejoice, triumph;* Lu. 10, 21. Col. 3, 15; *folld. by* du (*in*) *w. dat.;* Lu. 1, 47; *or* in (*in*) *w. dat.;* Jo. 5, 35. Skeir. VI, a. — *From a lost adj.,* *swêgna-. (*S. L. M., 141. 516. 536*), swigna-, *from stem* swêg (*Comp. O. E.* swêʒ, *m., sound, tone*): swig (*Comp. O. E.* swînsian, *from* *swiʒnsian; *s. Kl., Anglia, IV, 2, p. 18*), *to sound, and suff.* -na. *Allied to* swôgjan, *q. v.*

sweiban, *str. v.* (56, *n.* 1; 172, *n.* 1), *to cease;* Lu. 7, 45. [*Allied to O. H. G.* *swiftôn, *in* gi-swiftôn (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *to be still or quiet, M. H. G.* swiften (*O. H. G.* *swiftjan), *to silence, appease, still; and to N. H. G.* *schwichtigen (*prop. L. G., with* ch *for* f; *s.* luftus), *in* beschwichtigen (*For* be-, *s.* bi-), *to silence, appease, still. From Germanic root* swîb, *Indg.* swîbh, *in Gr.* σιφρός (*w. suff.* -ro), *adj., weak. Comp. Kl.,* beschwichtigen, *and Feist,* sweiban. *S.* unsweibands.]

swein, *n., swine, pig* (*χοῖρος*); Mt. 8, 30. 31. 32. Mk. 5, 11. 12. 13. 14. 16. Lu. 8, 32. 33. 15, 15. 16. [*Cf. O. E.* swîn, *n., hog, (wild) boar, pl.* swîn, *swine, Mdl. E.* swîn, *Mdn. E.* swine, *O. N.* svîn, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* swîn, *N. H. G.* schwein, *Du.* zwijn. *All from stem* swîna-, *adj., belonging or related to swine, from* sû (*and suff.* -îna); *comp. O. E.* sû (*beside* sugu, *f., Mdl. E.* sowe, *from* soghe; w *from* gh, *from* g, *by labialization; Mdn. E.* sow, *Du.* zog, *th. s.*), *O. N.* sýr (*ý for* ú, *by* r-*uml.*), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* sû, *N. H. G.* sau, *f., sow, Lt.* sû-s (suînus, *adj., related to swine*), *Gr.* ὗς, (*for*) σῦϝς, *a sow. To Lt.* sus *refers Lt.* suillus, *adj., belonging to swine, whence O. Fr.* soil, souil, *the soil or mire in which a boar wallows, whence* soilier, *to soil, whence Mdl. E.* soile, *Mdn. E.* soil, *to defile* (*Sk.; comp. also Br.,* souiller, *from Lt.* *suculare, *etc.*).]

***sweipains,** *f., in* **midja-sweipains,** *q. v. — From a lost w. v.* *sweipan. *S. Sch.,* swîfan (*str. v.*).

swêran, *w. v., w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*); (1) *to honor* (*τιμᾶν*), Mk. 7, 10. 10, 19. Lu. 18, 20. Jo. 8, 49. 12, 26. I Tim. 5, 3. Skeir. V, c. d; *folld. by an instr.* (waírilôm); Mk. 7, 6. (2) *to esteem* (*ἡγεῖσθαι*); *folld. by* in *w. gen.;* I Thess. 5, 13. (3) *to glorify* (*δοξάζειν*); Jo. 12, 23. — *Compds.* (a) ga-sw. (*δοξάζειν*), *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*), *to glorify.* (b) un-sw. (*ἀτιμάζειν*), *w. acc., to dishonor;* Jo. 8, 49; *to treat shamefully;* Lu. 20, 11. [*From stem of* swêrs, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* swârên, *M. H. G.* swâren, *to be heavy or weighty; beside O. H. G.* swâran (*from* *swârjan), swâren, *M. H. G.* swæren (*pret.* swârte), *to make heavy, trouble, compd.* beswæren (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to press, trouble, afflict, N. H. G.* beschweren, *to burden, trouble, annoy,* sich beschw., *to complain. Comp. follg. w.*]

swêrei, *f., honor* (*τιμή*); II Tim. 2, 20. [*From* swêrs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Cf. O. H. G.* swârî, *M. H. G.* swâre, swære, *N. H. G.* schwere, *f., heaviness, weight. S.* all-, un-swêrei; *also prec. and follg. w.*]

swêriþa, *f., honor* (*τιμή*); Rom. 12, 10. Col. 2, 23. I Thess. 4, 4. I Tim. 1, 17. 6, 1. II Tim. 2, 21. Skeir. V, a. c. d. [*From stem of* swêrs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-þô. *Cf. O. H. G.* swârida, *M. H. G.* swærde, *heaviness, weight, grief, sorrow, N. H. G.* *schwerde, *in* beschwerde (*from* beschweren; *s.* swêran), *f., charge, hardship, complaint. Comp.* un-swêriþa *and prec. w.*]

swêrs, *adj.* (78, *n.* 2), *heavy, weighty; hence, grave, honored* (*ἔντιμος*); Phil. 2, 29; *honored, dear;* Lu. 7, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* swæ̂r,

adj., heavy, difficult, O. N. svârr, *O. S.* swâr, *adj., heavy, O. H. G.* swâri, swar, *M. H. G.* swære, *adj., heavy, grave, noble, N. H. G.* schwer, *Du.* zwaar, *Eff.* schwäe, *adj., heavy. Allied to O. H. G.* sweran, *M. H. G.* (ge)-swern (*str. v.*), *to ache, pain, to feel pain, swell, imposthumate, ulcerate, N. H. G.* schwären, *to imposthumate, ulcerate; der. O. H. G.* swero, *M. H. G.* swer, swere (*compd.* geswer, *whence N. H. G.* geschwür, *n., th. s.; for* ge-, *s.* ga), *N. H. G.* schwären (*the* n *from the oblique cases*), *beside* schwäre, *f., aposteme, ulcer. S.* swêran, swêrei, swêriþa.]

swês, *adj.*, (124, *n.* 1), (1) *one's own* (ἴδιος); Mk. 15, 20. Lu. 6, 44. Jo. 10, 3. 4. 12. Rom. 11, 24. I Cor. 7, 7. 9, 7. II Cor. 5, 10 (τὰ ἴδια τοῦ σώματος, *for* τὰ διά, *etc.; s. Bernh.*, swês). Gal. 6, 5. I Thess. 2, 15. I Tim. 4, 2. 5, 4. Tit. 1, 12 (swês izê praufêtus, *a prophet of their own*). Skeir. I, c. II, d. V, b; swêsai, *his own;* Jo. 15, 19. I Tim. 5, 8; swêsa, *one's own business;* I Thess. 4, 11. swês (οἰκεῖος) galaubeinai, *one of the same faith;* swêsai g., *the household of faith;* Gal. 6, 10. (2) *due* (ἴδιος) (*so always with* mêl); Gal. 6, 9. I Tim. 2, 6. 6, 15. Tit. 1, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* swâs, *one's own, domestic, intimate, O. N.* swáss, *O. S. O. H. G.* swâs, *adj., th. s.* — *Der. O. E.* swâslîc (*For* -lîc, *s.* *leiks), *adj., kind, friendly, O. H. G.* swâslîh, *adj., private, intimate,* swâslîho, *adv.*, = *O. S.* swâslîko, *O. E.* swâslîce, *adv., friendly, intimately.* — *From Idg. pron. stem* svo-, sevo-, *and suff.* -sa; *comp. Skr.* sva-, *one's own, Gr.* ἑός (*from* σϝεός), *Lt.* suus (*Old Lt.* souos), *one's own. Allied to Idg. stem* se(swe) *in Gr.* ἕ (*for* σϝέ), *Lt.* sê, sibi (*for* svê, swebi); *in Goth.* seina, seins, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

swês, *n., one's own property, one's substance* (οὐσία), Lu. 15, 13; *means of subsistence, living* (βίος); Lu. 15, 12. 30. — *S. prec. w.*

swê-þáuh, *conj.* (218), *however, but, although* (πλήν); Mt. 11, 22. 24. Lu. 6, 35. 10, 11. 14. 20; *indeed, verily* (μέν), *w. a follg. adversative particle;* Mk. 9, 12. 10, 39. Gal. 4, 8. Phil. 3, 1. 14. Col. 2, 23. Skeir. I, b; (δέ) *untranslatable; merely continuative;* Mt. 7, 15. (2) *joined w. other particles:* aþþan *or* iþ swêþáuh (πλήν), *but, though, however;* Lu. 18, 8. 19, 27. Phil. 3, 16. 4, 14 (μὲν οὖν), *indeed;* Phil. 3, 8; aíþþau swêþáuh (ἀλλ' ἤ μέν), *truly;* II Cor. 12, 12; aþþan nu swêþáuh (ὥστε μέν), *wherefore;* Rom. 7, 12; aþþan swêþáuh ni (οὐχ οἷον δὲ ὅτι), *not as if;* Rom. 9, 6; aþþan swêþáuh jabai (ἐάν τε γάρ), *for though;* II Cor. 10, 8; swêþáuh ei (εἰ καί), *though;*

II Cor. 12, 15; jabai swêþáuh (εἴγε), *if at least, if only, if;* Eph. 3, 2. 4. 21. Col. 1, 23; jabai swêþáuh jah (εἴπερ καί), *th. s.;* II Cor. 5, 3; swêþauh jabai (εἴπερ), *provided, if;* Rom. 8, 9; *since;* II Thess. 1, 6; niþ þan (οὐδὲ γάρ, *for neither*) swêþauh (*added in Goth.*), *however;* Gal. 6, 13; nih þan ainshun swêþáuh (οὐδεὶς μέντοι), *howbeit no man;* Jo. 7, 13; þanuh þan swêþáuh (ὅμως μέντοι), *nevertheless;* Jo. 12, 42; untê swêþáuh (ὡς ὅτι), *to wit, that;* II Cor. 5, 19. — *From* swê *and* þáuh, *q. v.*

swi-, *pref.; s.* **swikunþs.** [*From Germanic* swe-, *probably the middle grade of the Indg. pron. stem.* swo-; *s.* swês. *Its meaning is obscure. Comp. Feist,* swikunþs; *Kl.,* schwibbogen.]

swibls, *m., brimstone* (θεῖον); Lu. 17, 29. [*Cf. O. E.* swefel, *m., sulphur, O. H. G.* sweval, swebal, *M. H. G.* swevel, swebel, *N. H. G.* schwefel, *m., Du.* zwavel, *sulphur, brimstone.*]

swiglja, *m., piper, flute-player* (αὐλητής); Mt. 9, 23. [*From* *swiglô *or* *swigla (*not found; and suff.* -jan), *f., flute. Cf. O. H. G.* swegala (*weak, with str. by-forms*), *M. H. G.* swegele, swegel (*weak*), *f., flute; der. O. H. G.* swegalari, swegelari(-âri), *M. H. G.* swegeler, *m., a piper, flute-player. From an adj. seen in O. E.* swegle, swegl, swegel, *m., ether, sun, song, chorus, clear* (*of sight or sound*), *resounding, O. S.* swigli, *clear; from stem* swig; *s.* swêgnjan. *Comp. follg. w.*]

swiglôn, *w. v., to pipe, play the flute* (αὐλεῖν); Mt. 11, 17. Lu. 7, 32. [*Cf. O. H. G.* *swegalôn, *M. H. G.* swegelen, *to play the flute, blow. From* *swiglô, *etc.; s. prec. w.*]

swigniþa; *s.* **swêgniþa.**

swignjan; *s.* **swêgnjan.**

swiknaba, *adv., sincerely* (ἀγνῶς); Phil. 1, 17. — *From stem of* swikns *and suff.* -ba, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

swiknei, *f., purity, chastity* (ἁγνεία); II Cor. 11, 3. Gal. 5, 23. I Tim. 5, 2. — *From stem of* swikns (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

swikneins, *f., a purifying, purification;* Skeir. III, b. IV, a; bi swiknein (περὶ καθαρισμοῦ), *about purifying* (*E. version*) '*ueber die reinigung*' (*G. version*); Jo. 3, 25; '*purifying*', *not* '*purity*', *seems to be the correct interpretation; comp. the corresponding passages in* Skeir. (*above*). *Besides, the matter in question was probably not* '*purity*', *but the mode of* '*making pure*'. — *From a lost v.* *swiknjan (*and Germanic suff.* -î-ni), *from stem of* swikns, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

swikniþa, *f., purity, pureness, chastity* (ἁγνότης); II Cor. 6,

6. (ἁγνεία) I Tim. 4, 12. — *From stem of* swikns (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iþô. *Comp.* swiknei.

swikns, *adj., pure, chaste* (ἁγνός); II Cor. 11, 2. I Tim. 5, 22; *pure, holy* (ὅσιος); I Tim. 2, 8; *innocent* (ἀθῶος); Mt. 27, 4. [*Cf. O. N.* sykn (*from* *swikna), *adj., innocent. Comp. also Feist,* swikns.]

swi-kunþaba, *adv., openly, clearly, plainly, expressly* (παῤῥησία); Mk. 8, 32. Jo. 11, 14. (ῥητῶς) I Tim. 4, 1. Skeir. II, a. — *From stem of* swikunþs *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.*

swi-kunþs, *adj., evident, manifest, open* (φανερός); Gal. 5, 19. I Tim. 4, 15. (πρόδηλος) 5, 24. 25; sw. wisan *stands once for* πεφανερῶσθαι; II Cor. 5, 11. sw. waírþan, *to become or be made manifest, appear* (φανερὸς γίγνεσθαι); Mk. 6, 14. Lu. 8, 17. I Cor. 14, 25. (ἐμφανὴς γίγνεθαι) Rom. 10, 20. (ἔκδηλος ἔσεσθαι) II Tim. 3, 9. (φανερωθῆναι) II Cor. 4, 11. Col. 3, 4. (εἰς φανερὸν ἔρχεσθαι) Mk. 4, 22=in swikunþamma (*MS has* swe-) qiman, *th. s.;* Lu. 8, 17. *From* swi- (*q. v.*) *and* kunþs, *q. v. Comp.* unswikunþs *and prec. w.*

swiltan, *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *occurs only once, in pret.* swalt (ἀπέθνησκεν), *lay dying.—Compds.* (a) ga-sw., *to die* (ἀποθνήσκειν); Mt. 9, 24. Mk. 5, 35. 9, 26. 12, 20. 22. Lu. 8, 52. 53. 16, 22 (*twice*). 20, 30. 31. 36. Jo. 6, 49. 11, 14. 16. 32. 12, 24. 18, 32. 19, 7. Rom. 7, 2. 3. I Cor. 15, 31. 32. II Cor. 5, 15. 6, 9. 7, 3 (*in B,* miþgasw. *in A*). Gal. 2, 21. Phil. 1, 21. I Thess. 4, 14; faúr (*for*) *w. acc.* (ὑπέρ *w. gen.*); Rom. 14, 15. II Cor. 5, 15 (*3 times*). I Thess. 5, 10; in (*for*) *w. gen.;* I Cor. 8, 11; *w. dat.* (*of separation, as in Gr.*), *to die to;* Gal. 2, 19; *folld. by* af *w. dat.* (*of separation* (ἀπό *w. gen.*), *to die from;* Col. 2, 20; — (*simply* θνήσκειν) Mk. 15, 44. (τελευτᾶν) Mt. 9, 18. Mk. 9, 44. 46. (κοιμᾶσθαι) I Cor. 15, 51. (b) miþ-ga-sw. (συναποθνήσκειν), *to die with;* II Cor. 7, 3 (*in B*). [*Cf. O. E.* sweltan, *to die, Mdl. E.* swelte, *to swoon, faint, die, O. N.* svelta, *to starve, suffer hunger, O. S.* sweltan, *to die, O. H. G.* swelzan, *M. H. G.* swelzen (*intr.*), *to burn. To Mdl. E.* swelte *refers the frequent.* sweltere, swaltere, *to faint away, swoon, Mdn. E.* swelter, *to be overcome and faint with heat, to be ready to perish with heat, whence* sultry, sweltry, *short for* sweltery (*w. suff.* -y). *Comp.* swulta-waírþja.]

swinþei, *f., strength, power, might* (κράτος); Lu. 1, 51. (ἰσχύς) Eph. 1, 19. 6, 10 (*where* κράτος *is rendered by* mahts). — *From stem of* swinþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. follg. w.*

swinþjan, *w. v., to make strong,*

give force to (κρατεῖν); *occurs only once;* Neh. 5, 16: waúrstw þizôs baúrgswaddjaus ni swinþida, *lit.* '*did I not give force to the work of this wall?*' = *I did give, etc. The Engl. version has 'I continued in the work', etc.* — ni swinþjan *perhaps stands for* inswinþjan; *s. Bernh.,* swinþjan. — *Compds.* (a) ga-sw. *to strengthen* (δυναμοῦν); Col. 1, 11. (b) in-sw., *to strengthen* (κρατειοῦν); Eph. 3, 16 (*A,* gaswinþnan *in B*). (ἐδυναμοῦν) Phil. 4, 13. I Tim. 1, 12; *w.* sik (ἐδυναμοῦσθαι), *to show one's self strong, be strong;* Eph. 6, 10 (inswinþjaiþ, *A;* inswinjaiþ, *B*). II Tim. 2, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* (ȝe)swîðan, *to strengthen, establish. From* swinþs (*q. v.*). *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

swinþnan, *w. v., to grow strong, become strong* (κρατειοῦσθαι); Lu. 1, 80. 2, 40. — *Compd.* ga-sw., *th. s.;* Eph. 3, 16 (*in B,* inswinþjan *in A*). — *From stem of* swinþs, *q. v.* (*S. Grammar, 194*). *Comp. prec. w.*

swinþs, *adj.* (124), *strong, mighty, powerful, whole* (ἰσχυρός); Mk. 3, 27. I Cor. 4, 10. II Cor. 10, 10; *compar.* swinþôza; Mt. 3, 11. Mk. 1, 7. Lu. 3, 16. I Cor. 10, 22. Skeir. III, d. (ἰσχύων) Mk. 2, 17. (δυνατός) II Cor. 13, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* swîð (*from* *swinð), *adj., strong, vigorous, powerful, severe, compar.* swîðre, *right* (*hand, side*), swîðe, *adv., strongly, very, severely, compar.* swîðor, *more, rather, Mdl. E.* swîð, *adj., strong, great, severe,* swîðe, *adv., very, greatly, Mdn. E.* swithe (*obs.*), *instantly, quickly, O. N.* svinnr, *adj., prudent, wise, O. S.* swîð, swîði, *adj., strong* (swîðra, *hand, right hand*), swîðo, *adv., very, O. H. G.* *swind (*in pr. n.*), *M. H. G.* swinde, swint, *adj., powerful, violent, strong, quick* (*Comp. E.* bold, *G.* bald, *under* *balþs), swinde (*O. H. G.* *swindo), *adv., strongly, quickly, N. H. G.* geschwind (*formerly* schwind), *adj., fast, swift, quick, also adv., quickly, swiftly* (*M. H. G.* geschwinde, *adj., quick, impetuous, also adv.*). *Comp.* swinþei, swinþjan, swinþnan.]

swistar, *f.* (114), *sister* (ἀδελφή); Mk. 3, 32. 35. 6, 3. 10, 30. Lu. 14, 26. Jo. 11, 1. 3. 5. 28. 39. I Cor. 7, 15. 9, 5. I Tim. 5, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* sweostor, swustor (*S. P., Beitr., VI, 52*), *f., O. N.* systir, *whence Mdl. E.* suster, sister, *Mdn. E.* sister; *further O. S. O. H. G.* swester, *M. H. G.* swester, *N. H. G.* schwester, *Du.* zuster, *f., sister* (*For Goth.* -ar, *etc., s. P., Beitr. IV, 419*). — *Compds.: O. E.* ȝe-sweostor (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga), *f., Mdl. E.* i-sustre, *sisters, O. H. G.* giswester, *M. H. G.* geswester, *f., sisters,* geswister (geswisterde), *n., N. H. G.* geschwister, *pl.,*

brothers and sisters (*prop. n. sing., brother or sister*). — *From stem* swestr-, *Indg.* swesr- (*Concerning the insertion of* t, *comp. E.* stream, *G.* strom, *Germanic stem* straumo-, *for* sraumo-, *from Idg. root* srŭ, *in Gr.* ῥύσις, *for* *σρύσις, *a flowing, etc.*), *nom. sing.* swéso; *comp. Skr.* swasr-, *nom. sing.* swásâ, *Lt.* soror *for* swesô-r, *O. Bulg.* sestra. *Allied to* swaíhra, *q. v. Comp. also L. M., 173; Kl.*, schwester; *Feist*, swistar.]

swôgatjan, *w. v., to sigh, groan* (*στενάζειν*); II Cor. 5, 2. 4. [*Intensive v. to* swôgjan (*q. v.*); -atjan = *O. E.* -ettan, *N. H. G.* -ezzen; *comp. Gr.* *-αζειν, *from* *-αδ-jειν. *S. v. B., p. 113 et seq.*]

***swôgjan,** *w. v., to sigh, in* (a) ga-sw. (*στενάζειν*), *th. s.*; Mk. 7, 34. (b) uf-sw. (*ἀναστενάζειν*), *to sigh deeply;* Mk. 8, 12. [*Allied to O. E.* swôgan (*str. v.*), *to rustle, whistle, roar, Mdl. E.* swǫ̂ge, swǫ̂we (*through* *swǫ̂ghe, by labialization*), *str. and w., to rustle, rattle, swoon, pret. partic.* swǫ̂gen, '*in a swoon*', *whence* swǫ̂gene, swǫ̂ghene, swǫ̂wene, *to swoon, Mdn. E.* swoon. — *Ders.: Mdl. E.* swǫ̂ugh, *a rushing or roaring sound, also a swoon* (*Allied to O. N.* súgr, *a rushing sound, whence Mdn. E.* sough, *a sighing sound*); *and Mdl. E.* swǫ̂une (*beside* swǫ̂uning; *w. suff.* -ing), *Mdn. E.* swoon. — *S.* swêgnjan.]

swulta-waírþja, *m., one who is at the point to die;* Lu. 7, 2. [*Prop. a weak adj.* (*extended by suff.* -jan) *used as a subst., from a lost adj.* swulta-wairþs. *The first component*, swulta-, *death*, = *O. E.* swylt (*i-stem; hence* y *for* u), *m., death, O. N.* sultr (*i-stem; comp. Noreen, 306*), *m., th. s., refers to* swiltan (*q. v.*); *for the second component, s.* *waírþs.]

swumfsl, *n.* (80), *a swimming-bath, a pool* (*κολυμβήθρα*); Jo. 9, 7 (swumsl; *s. note*). 11. [*The orig. form is* swumsl; *for the insertion of* f, *s. L. M., 76. From root of* swimman (*as it appears in pret. partic; and suff.* -sla; *s. v. B., 151*), *to swim; cf. O. E.* swimman, *Mdl. E.* swimme, *Mdn. E.* swim, *O. N.* svim(m)a, (symja), *O. S. O. H. G.* swimman, *M. H. G.* swimmen, *N. H. G.* schwimmen, *Du.* zwemmen, *Eff.* schwömme, *to swim. From Germanic root* swem, sum, *also seen in O. E.* sund (*w. suff.* -da, *primitive* -tó). *m., swimming, capacity or ability to swim, sea-strait, sea, ocean, Mdl. E.* sûnd, *Mdn. E.* sound, *O. N.* sund, *sea, strait, N. H. G.* (*L. G.*) sund, *m., strait, sound. S.* swamms.]

Symaiôn, *pr. n.* (39), *Συμεών;* Lu. 2, 25. 34; *gen.* -ôns; Lu. 3, 30.

synagôga-faþs, *m., ruler of a syn-*

agogue (*ἀρχισυνάγωγος*); Mk. 5, 22. 35. 36. 38. — *From stem of* synagôgê *and* *faþs, *q. v.*

synagôgê, *f.* (39), *synagogue* (*συναγωγή*); *nom. wanting; gen.* -ais; Lu. 8, 41. Jo. 9, 22 (ûtana s. *for ἀποσυνάγωγος*); *or* -eis (*for* -ês; *Gr. infl.*); Lu. 8, 49 (*fram* þis faûramaþleis s. *for ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀρχισυναγώγου*); *dat.* -ai; Lu. 4, 38; *or* -ein; Mk. 1, 29 (ên *for* ein; *comp. Goth. Grammar, 17, n. 1*). Lu. 4, 28. 33. Jo. 12, 42 (us s. uswaûrpanai *for ἀποσυνάγωγοι*); *or* -ê (*Gr. infl.*); Mk. 1, 23. 6, 2. Jo. 6, 59; *acc.* -ein; Lu. 4, 16. 20. 6, 6. 7, 5; *or* -ên (*Gr. infl.*); Mk. 1, 21. 3, 1; *dat. plur.* -im; Mk. 1, 39. Lu. 4, 44. [*From Gr. συναγωγή, a bringing together, a congregation* (*from σύν, together, and ἀγωγή, a bringing, from ἄγειν, to bring, drive*), *whence also Lt.* synagoga, *whence Fr.* synagogue, *whence Mdn. E.* synagogue; *and M. H. G. N. H. G.* synagoge, *f., th. s.*]

Syntykê, *pr. n., Συντυχή; occurs only once, in acc.* -ein; Phil. 4, 2.

Syria, *pr. n., f., Συρία; occurs only once, in gen.* -ais (*probably a gloss; s. text*); Lu. 2, 2.

T.

Tagl, *n., hair* (*θρίξ*); Mt. 5, 36. 10, 30. Mk. 1, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* tæʒel, tæʒl, *m., Mdl. E.* tail, *Mdn. E.* tail, *O. N.* tagl, *n., tail* (*of a horse*), *O. H. G.* zagel, zagil, *M. H. G.* zagel (*contr.* zail, zeil), *tail, also sting* (*of a bee, scorpion*), *m., N. H. G.* (*dial.*) zagel, *contr.* zâl, *tail. Formed by suff.* -la; *comp. Kl., N. St., p. 42. Origin obscure. Comp. Feist,* tagl; *and Sch.,* zagal.]

tagr, *n., tear* (*δάκρυ*); Mk. 9, 24. Lu. 7, 38. 44. II Cor. 2, 4. II Tim. 1, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* têar (*contr. from* *taur, *from* *tahur), *beside* tæhher (*S. Siev., Grammatik, Engl. ed. by Cook, 229 and note*), *m.* (*Comp. March, Compar. Grammar, 269*), *drop, tear, Mdl. E.* têre, têare, *Mdn. E.* tear, *O. N.* tár (*for* *tahr-), *O. H. G.* zahar (zahhar), *M. H. G.* zaher (*zacher), *m., tear, drop* (*pl.* zähere, *whence*) *N. H. G.* zähre, *f., tear. From Idg.* dakru; *comp. Gr. δάκρυ, δάκρυ-μα, n., Lt.* lacruma (*for O. Lt.* dacru-ma), *f., O. Ir.* dacr (dér), *tear. Comp. follg. w.*]

tagrjan, *w. v., to shed tears, weep* (*δακρύειν*); Jo. 11, 35. [*From* tagr, *q. v. Cf. M. H. G.* zechern, zachern, *to shed tears, weep.*]

***taheins,** *f., a tearing, in* **distaheins,** *q. v.* — *From* (dis)tahjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

tahjan, *w. v., to tear, rend* (*σπα-*

ῥάσσειν); *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 26. 9, 20. 26. Lu. 9, 39. (συσπαράσσειν) 42; *also abs.: to pull in pieces, to scatter, disperse* (σκορπίζειν); II Cor. 9, 9. — *Compd.* dis-t. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*), *to scatter* (διασκορπίζειν); Lu. 1, 51; *to waste;* Lu. 15, 13. 16, 1. (σκορπίζειν, *to scatter*) Jo. 10, 12. 16, 32. [*From Germanic stem* tah, *Indg.* dak; *comp. Skr.* daç (*pres.* daçâmi), *Gr.* δάκ-νειν, *to bite,* δάκος, *a wild or rapacious* (*lit.* '*biting*') *animal. Comp. prec. w.*]

taíhswa, *f., the right hand: in* **taíhswai** (ἐν τοῖς δεξιοῖς); Mk. 16, 5. (ἐν δεξιᾷ) Col. 3, 1. — *Prop. the str. form of the adj. used as a subst.; s. follg. w.*

taíhsws, *adj.* (*usually weak; so also without the art.; twice str.; s. prec. w.*), *right* (*not left;* δεξιός); Mt. 5, 29. 30. 39. Mk. 14, 47. Lu. 6, 6. Jo. 18, 10. II Cor. 6, 7; taíhswô (*sc.* handus), *the right hand* (δεξιά); Mt. 6, 3. Mk. 10, 37. 40. 12, 36. 14, 62. 15, 27. Lu. 1, 11. 20, 42. Rom. 8, 34. Gal. 2, 9. Eph. 1, 20. [*Cf. O. H. G.* zeso (*infl.* zeswa, zesawa), *M. H. G.* zese (*infl.* zeswe, zesewe), *w. adj., right* (*not left*); *superseded by M. H. G.* reht, *N. H. G.* recht, *etc.; s.* raíhts. *Allied to Skr.* dákšiṇa, *on the right hand side; to Gr.* δεξιός, *right; and to Lt.* dexter, *on the right hand side, right, whence Mdn. E.* dexter. *Comp. prec. w.*]

taíhun, *card. num.* (141), *ten* (δέκα); Mk. 10, 41. Lu. 14, 31. 15, 8. 17, 12. 17. 19, 13. 16. 17. 24. 25. I Cor. 15, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* (*W. S.*), tên, têne (*from* teen, *for* tehen; *North.* têa, têo, tên), *beside* tîene, tŷne (*either contracted directly from* tihen-, *or is umlauted from* *têoni, *for* *tehuni; *s. Siev., O. E. Gr., 113*), *Mdl. E.* tên, *Mdn. E.* ten, *O. N.* tíu, *O. S.* tehan, *O. H. G.* zehan, *M. H. G.* zehen (zên), *N. H. G.* zehn (*For* -tel *of the der.* zehntel, *n., one tenth, s.* dails), *Du.* tien, *Eff.* zehn, *ten. From Idg.* dékm; *comp. Skr.* daçan, *Lt.* decem, *ten, Gr.* δέκα, *ten. Comp.* fidwôr-, fimf-taíhun; *also* tigus, *and the follg. three words. S. also Osth., M. U., I, 130 et seq.*]

-taíhund, *in* **taíhun-taíhund,** *q. v. Comp.* **-têhund,** *also prec. and follg. w.*

taíhunda, *ord. num.* (146), *the tenth;* afdailjan taíhundôn dail, *to give tithes* (ἀποδεκατοῦν); Lu. 18, 12. [*From* taíhun (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -da, *Indg.* -tó. *Cf. O. E.* têoða, *for* *têonða (*s.* taíhun), *beside* teozoða, teozeða, teizða (*S.* tigus), *Mdl. E.* têðe, tênðe (*by influence of the card.* tên), *whence Mdn. E.* tenth, *beside Mdl. E.* tizeðe tîðe, *whence Mdn. E.* tithe; *further O. N.* tiundi, *O. S.* tehando, *O. H. G.* zehando, *M. H. G.*

zehende (zênde), *N. H. G.* zehnte, *Du.* tiende, *Eft.* zehnte, *tenth, Gr.* δέκατος, *Idg.* dekmtó-. — *Der. O. E.* têoðjan, *Mdl. E.* têðe, tîðe, *Mdn. E.* tithe. — *S. Osth., M. U., I, 132. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

taíhun-taíhund, *indecl. num.* (143; 148), *a hundred* (ἑκατόν); *w. gen.;* Lu. 16, 6. 7; t.-têhund; Lu. 15, 4. — *From* taíhun *and* taíhund, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

taíhun-taíhund-falþs, *adj.* (148), *a hundred-fold* (ἑκατονταπλασίων); Lu. 8, 8. — *From* taíhuntaíhund *and* *falþs, *q. v.*

***taikneins,** *f., in* **ustaikneins,** *q. v.* — *From* (us)taiknjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* î-ni.

taiknjan, *w. v.* (188), *to betoken, point out, show* (δεικνύναι); *w. acc. of th.;* I Tim. 6, 15. Skeir. V, a; *w. dat. of pers.* (*indir. obj.*) *and acc. of th.* (*dir. obj.*); Mk. 14, 15; *w. acc. and inf.:* þans us liutein taiknjandans sik garaíhtans wisan (ὑποκρινομένους ἑαυτοὺς δικαίους εἶναι), *which should feign to be just;* Lu. 20, 20. — *Compds.* (a) ga-t., *to give a token, warn* (ὑποδεικνύναι); Lu. 3, 7. (b) us-t. *w. acc. of pers.: to point out, appoint* (ἀναδεικνύναι); Lu. 10, 1; *folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Skeir. VIII, d; — *w. acc. of th.: to show, designate;* Skeir. I, a. II, a; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.;* Skeir. VII, c; þaírh *w. acc.;* Skeir. V, d; *to show, do* (ἐνδείκνυσθαι); Rom. 9, 22. II Cor. 8, 24; *and dat. of pers.* (*indir. obj.*); II Tim. 4, 14; *folld. by acc. w. inf.: to show, prove* (συνιστάναι); II Cor. 7, 11; *w. double acc.: to show, expose, set forth, make* (ἀποδεικνύναι); I Cor. 4, 9. (θριαμβεύειν) II Cor. 2, 14; ust. sik swê *w. nom.: to approve one's self as* (συνιστάναι ἑαυτὸν ὡς *w. nom.*); II Cor. 6, 4; ust. sik du *w. dat.: to commend one's self to* (συνιστάναι ἑαυτὸν πρός τινα); II Cor. 4, 2. [*From stem of* taikns, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* (ʒe)tâcnian, *to signify, represent, show, Mdl. E.* (be-, i-)tȩcne, *to betoken, signify, Mdn. E.* token (*obs.*) *to make known, mark with spots, betoken, to show by signs, etc., O. N.* tákna, *O. H. G.* zeihhanen, *M. H. G.* zeichenen, *to mark with signs, mark, draw, to do miracles, N. H. G.* zeichnen, *to mark, note, stamp, draw. Comp. prec. w.*]

taikns, *f.* (103), *sign, wonder, miracle* (σημεῖον); Mk. 8, 11. 12. 13, 22. Lu. 2, 12. 34. Jo. 6, 2. 14. 26. 30. 7, 31. 9, 16. 10, 41. 12, 18. 37. I Cor. 1, 22. II Cor. 12, 12. Skeir. VI, c; *token* (ἔνδειγμα); II Thess. 1, 5. [*From stem* taik- *and suff.* -ni. *Cf. O. E.* tâcen, *n., token, mark, proof, wonder, Mdl. E.* tȩken, *Mdn. E.* token, *O. N.* tákn, teikn, *O. S.* têkan, *O. H. G.* zeihhan, *M. H. G.* zeichen, *N. H. G.* zeichen, *n., sign, mark, note,*

token, proof, miracle, Du. teeken, *token, sign. Goth.* taikn- *answers to O. E.* tâc-, *in the w. v.* tæ̂can (*from* *tâcian, *by* i-*uml. and loss of* i), *to show, point out, Mdl. E.* têche, *Mdn. E.* teach. *From Germanic root* tîk, *Idg.* dîg; *cf. Gr.* δεῖγ-μα, *example, proof. Allied to* *teihan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*]

tainjô, *f.* (112), *a basket of twigs, a basket* (κόφινος); Mk. 8, 19. Lu. 9, 17. Jo. 6, 13. Skeir. VII, c. d. [*Extended from stem of* tains (*q. v.*), *by suff.* -jôn. *Cf. O. N.* teinur, *f.* (*pl.*), *a wicker basket to catch fish, O. H. G.* zein(n)â, *f. M. H. G.* zeine, *f. m., a basket of twigs.*]

tains, *m.* (91), *twig, sprig, branch* (κλῆμα); Jo. 15, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* tân, *m., twig, rod, staff, O. N.* teinn (*whence Mdl. E.* tein, *staff*), *Dan.* teen, *Sw.* ten, *twig, spindle, m., twig, rod, O. H. G. M. H. G.* zein, *staff, rod, Du.* teen, *twig. S.* weina-tains *and prec. w.*]

***taíran,** *str. v.* (175, *n.* 1), *to tear, in* (a) dis-t. *w. acc.: to tear asunder, burst* (ῥηγνύναι); Mk. 2, 22. Lu. 5, 37; *to leaven* (*lit.* '*to corrupt*', δολοῦν); Gal. 5, 9. (b) ga-t., *to tear, tear to pieces; hence, to break, destroy* (λύειν); Mt. 5, 19. Jo. 7, 23. 10, 35. Eph. 2, 14. (καταλύειν); Mt. 5, 17. Mk. 14, 58. 15, 29. Rom. 14, 20. Gal. 2, 18; *in pass.: to be dissolved;* II Cor. 5, 1; *to put down, abolish* (καταργειν); I Cor. 15, 24. Eph. 2, 15. II Tim. 1, 10; *in pass.: to be destroyed, fail, vanish, be done away, cease;* I Cor. 13, 8. 15, 26. II Cor. 3, 14. Gal. 5, 11;—*to tear down, cast down* (καθαίρειν); II Cor. 10, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* teran, *Mdl. E.* tere, *Mdn. E.* tear, *O. H. G.* zeran (fir-zeran, *to dissolve, destroy, tear; for* fir-, *s.* faír-), *M. H. G.* *zern (*in* zer-zern; *for* zer-, *s.* tuz-), *all str. vs.: to tear, beside the w. M. H. G.* zern, zeren (firzern), *to consume, eat* (*up*), *spend, N. H. G.* zehren, *to eat and drink, live* (*on*), *waste, grow less,* ver-zehren, *to consume, spend, Du.* teren, *Eff.* ve-zĕre, *th. s., O. S.* farterian, *to destroy. A caus. of O. H. G.* zeran *is O. H. G. M. H. G.* zerren (*from* zarjan, zarren, *by* i-*uml. of* a; *for the O. H. G. gemination of* r, *s. Br., A. Gr., 118, n. 3*), *to tear, rend, split, quarrel with one another, N. H. G.* zerren, *to pull, tug, tear, distort, vex.* — *From Germanic root* ter '*to tear*', *Indg.* der; *comp. Gr.* δέρειν, *to flay, Skr. root* dar, *to burst, disperse.* — *Comp.* *taúra, *taúrnan, *taúrþs.]

Taírtius, *pr. n.,* Τέρτιος; Rom. 16, 22.

taítrarkês, *m., a tetrarch; occurs twice, in nom. sing.;* Lu. 3, 19. 9, 7. [*From Gr.* τετράρχης (*from* τετρ-, *for* τέτταρες=τέσσαρες, *four; and* ἄρχειν, *to*

rule; comp. also arkaggilus), *one of four chiefs, whence also Lt.* tetrarcha, *whence Mdn. E.* tetrarch.]

taleiþa, *f., damsel* (ταλιθά, *i. e.* κοράσιον); Mk. 5, 41. [*Of. Hebr. orig.*]

***tals,** *adj., teachable, in* **untals,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* *tæl, *in* untæl, '*malum*' (*Ettm.*). *From Germanic root* tal *seen in O. E.* talu, *f., number, narrative, speech, Mdl. E.* tale, *Mdn. E.* tale, *O. N.* tal, *O. H. G.* zala, *f., number, M. H. G.* zal, *number, multitude, narrative, speech, N. H. G.* zahl, *f., number, Du.* taal, *f., speech, Eff.* zahl, *f., number; ders.: O. E.* talian (*pret.* talode), *Mdl. E.* tale, *O. S.* talôn, *to calculate, O. H. G.* zalôn, *M. H. G.* zaln, *to count, calculate, N. H. G.* (be)zahlen, *to pay, Eff.* bezahle, *th. s.; beside O. E,* tellan (*from* *talljan, *by* i-*uml. of* a, æ, *and gemination of* l *before* j; *from* *taljan, *pret.* tealde, *from* *talde, *by breaking of* a *before* ld), *Mdl. E.* telle (*pret.* tǫ̂lde), *Mdn. E.* tell (*pret.* told), *O. N.* telja, *O. S.* tellian, *to say, tell, O. H. G.* zellen (*from* zaljan), *M. H. G.* zeln, *to number, count, tell, N. H. G.* zählen, *to number, count, reckon,* erzählen, *to narrate, tell, report* (*For* er-, *s.* us), *Du.* tellen, *to count, reckon, consider, Eff.* zelle, *to count,* ve-zelle, *to tell, narrate. Root* tal *appears further in O. E.* toll (*prop. an old pret. partic. in* -no-; *s.* fulls, wulla), *m., tribute, lit. 'that which is counted', Mdl. E.* tol, *Mdn. E.* toll, *a tax, O. N.* tollr, *O. S.* tol, *m.* (tolna, *f.*), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* zol, *N. H. G.* zoll, *Du.* tol, *m., toll; der. O. E.* tolnêre (*w. suff.* -êre), tollere, *m., Mdl. E.* tollere, *Mdn. E.* toller, *O. H. G.* zollanâri, zolneri, *M. H. G.* zolnære, zolner, *N. H. G.* zöllner, *m., tollgatherer, publican, Du.* tollenaar, *O. Fris.* tolner, *th. s.*—*S.* talzjan, tils.]

talzeins, *f., a teaching, doctrine* (παιδεία); II Tim. 3, 16.—*From* talzjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

talzjan, *w. v., w. acc.: to teach, instruct* (παιδεύειν); II Cor. 6, 9. II Tim. 2, 25; *to warn, admonish* (νουθετεῖν); Col. 1, 28. 3, 16. I Thess. 5, 14. II Thess. 3, 15 (*sc.* ina).—*Compd.* ga-t. (παιδεύειν), *to teach;* I Tim. 1, 20.—*From stem* taliz-, *from root* tal (tel) *and suff.* -iz-. *S.* *tals, talzeins, talzjands, tils.]

talzjands, *m.* (115), *teacher, master, instructor* (ἐπιστάτης); Lu. 5, 5. 8, 24. 45. 9, 33. 49. 17, 13. — *Prop. pres. partic. of* talzjan (*q. v.*) *used as subst. Comp.* *tals, talzeins.

***tamjan,** *w. v.* (33; 187), *to tame, in* ga-t. (δαμάζειν), *w. acc., th. s.;* Mk. 5, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* tamian, temian (*from* tamian, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* tame, teme

(= tême, *the* ê *having an open sound, whence*) *Mdn. E.* tame, *O. N.* temja, *O. H. G.* zemmen (*from* *zamjan), *M. H. G.* zem-(m)en, *N. H. G.* zähmen, *Du.* temmen, *to tame. From O. E.* tam, *Mdl. E.* tame, *Mdn. E.* tame, *O. N.* tamr, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* zam, *N. H. G.* zahm, *Du.* tam, *Eff.* zamm, *adj., tame. Allied to Lt.* domare, *Gr.* δαμᾶν, *Skr.* damay, *to tame, break, subdue. S.* *timan.]

tandjan, *w. v., w. acc.: to kindle, light* (ἅπτειν); Lu. 8, 16. 15, 8. — *Compds.* (a) ga-t., *to cauterize, sear* (καυτηριάζειν); I Tim. 4, 2. (b) in-t. *w. acc.: to kindle, burn up* (κατακαίειν); Lu. 3, 17. [*Caus. of a lost v.* *tindan (*pret.* *tand, *pl.* *tundum, *pret. partic.* *tundans), *answering to M. H. G.* zinden, *str. v., to burn, glow. Cf. O. E.* tendan (*from* *tandjan, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* tende, *Mdn. E.* tind, *to light or kindle. Allied to O. H. G.* zantaro, *M. H. G.* zander, *m., live coal, O. N.* tandri, tandr, *m., fire* (*whence* tandra, *to kindle, light*). *For further cognates* (*w.* u-*abl.*), *s.* *tundi, tundnan.]

***tani,** *n., in* **faúratani,** *q. v.* [*Etymology unknown. L. M.* (*p. 82*) *is inclined to compare* *tani *with Lt.* portentum, *sign, token, from* portendere (*whence Mdn. E.* portend), *to foretell. Comp. also Dief., II, 658.*]

***tarhjan,** *w. v., in* ga-t. *w. acc.* (*expressed or understood*): *to make a show of* (δειγματίζειν); Col. 2, 15; *to note, mark, blame* (σημειοῦσθαι); II Thess. 3, 14. Skeir. IV, d; *pret. partic.* gatarhiþs, *worthy of blame* (κατεγνωσμένος); Gal. 2, 11; *notable* (ἐπίσημος); Mt. 27, 16; *manifest* (ἔνδηλος); II Tim. 3, 9 (*gloss in A*). [*Allied to O. E.* torht, *adj.* (*orig. pret. partic.*), *bright, famous,* torhte, *adv., brightly, clearly,* torhtlîc (*For* -lîc, *s.* *leiks), *adj., brilliant, clear, O. S.* torht, torhtlîk, *adj., O. H. G.* zoraht, *adj., th. s.,* zorahto, *adv., clearly. Allied to Gr.* δέρκεσθαι, *Skr.* darç, *to see.*]

tarmjan, *w. v., to break forth; occurs only once, in imper.* tarmei (ῥῆξον, *sc.* φωνήν); Gal. 4, 27. [*From stem* tarm, *pre-Germanic* darm, *in Skr.* darmás, darmán, *m., a breaker; s. L. M., p. 80.*]

***tarnjan,** *w. v., to hide* (?), *in* ga-t., *th. s.:* at þaimei gatarniþ ist sunja (καὶ ἀπεστερημένων τῆς ἀληθείας), *they are destitute of the truth;* I Tim. 6, 5. [*The true meaning of Goth.* *tarnjan *is obscure. L. M.* (*p. 80*) *connects* *tarnjan *with* taíran (*q. v.*), *and translates the obove passage thus: 'bei denen die wahrheit vernichtet ist'. Comp. also Bernh.,* ga-tarnjan.]

***tass,** *adj., well-ordered, in* ***ga-tass** (*s. Appendix*), *in* **un-ga-tass,**

q. v. [*Prop. pret. partic., from primitive* dat-to-. *Cf. Gr.* δατ-εῖσθαι, *to distribute, share out,* δασμός, *tribute.*]

***taúhts,** *f., in* **us-taúhts,** *q. v.* [*From* tiuhan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* tyht, tiht (y, i, *from* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *m.* (*f.?*), *Mdl. E.* tiht, *training, discipline, motion, Dan.* tugt, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* zuht, *f., a drawing, pulling; course, direction; discipline, chastisement, punishment; refinement, politeness, decorum; support, food; offspring, progeny, N. H. G.* zucht, *f., discipline, correction; modesty, behavior; breeding, brood, Du.* tuht. — *Ders.: O. E.* tyhtan, tihtan, *Mdl. E.* tihte tuhte, *to train, educate, instruct, O. H. G.* zuhtjan (zuhtôn), *M. H. G.* zühten, *N. H. G.* zuchten, *to discipline, bring up; and O. H. G.* zuhtîg (*w. suff.* -îg), *M. H. G.* zühtec, *adj., well-bred, well-behaved, polite; thriving, N. H. G.* züchtig, *chaste, modest, decent, whence M. H. G.* zühtegen, *N. H. G.* züchtigen, *to chastise, punish.*]

taui, *n.* (*gen.* **tôjis;** 26; 95), *work, deed* (ἔργον); Jo. 8, 41. (πρᾶξις) Col. 3, 9; *office;* Rom. 12, 4; *working* (ἐνέργεια); Eph. 3, 3, 7; *that which is produced, workmanship* (ποίημα); Eph. 2, 10; þamma tôja, *in this matter* (τῷ πράγματι); II Cor. 7, 11. — *From* taujan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* *tôjis.

taujan, *w. v.* (26; 187), *to do, make; w. acc.* (πράσσειν); Rom. 7, 15. 9, 11. 13, 4. Gal. 5, 21. Eph. 6, 21. Phil. 4, 9. I Thess. 4, 11; *to finish* (τελειοῦν); Jo. 5, 36. (ποιεῖσθαι): bidôs t., *to make prayers, pray;* Lu. 5, 33. I Tim. 2, 1; leikis mun t. (in *w. acc.*), *to make provision for the flesh;* Rom. 13, 14; uswahst t., *to make increase;* Eph. 4, 16. ποιεῖν), (1) *w. acc.* (*sometimes understood*); Mt. 5, 19. 46. 47. 6, 3. 7, 21. 24. 26. 8, 9. 9, 28. Mk. 2, 24. 3, 8. 5, 32. 7, 8. 13. 10, 17. 11, 3. 5. 28. 29. 33. 12, 9. Lu. 3, 10. 12. 14. 4, 23. 5, 6. 6, 2. 46. 47. 49. 7, 8. 21. 8, 21. 10, 25. 28. 16, 3. 4. 17, 10. 18, 18. 20, 2. 8. 13. Jo. 6, 6. 28. 30. 38. 7, 3. 4. 17. 19. 31. 51. 8, 28. 29. 38. 39. 40. 41. 44. 9, 16. 31. 33. 10, 25. 37. 38. 13, 17. 27. 14, 10. 12. 13. 14. 15, 5. 14. 15. 16, 3. Rom. 7, 15. 16. 19. 20. 21. 9, 11. 10, 5. 12, 9. 20. 13, 34. I Cor. 9, 23. 10, 31. II Cor. 8, 10. 11. 11, 12. 13, 7. Gal. 2, 10. 5, 17. 6, 9. Eph. 2, 3. 3, 20. 6, 8. Col. 3, 17. 23. I Thess. 5, 24. II Thess. 3, 4. I Tim. 4, 16. 5, 21. Philem. 14. 21. Skeir. VI, b; maht t., *to do a miracle;* Mk. 9, 39; witôþ t., *to keep the law;* Jo. 7, 19. Gal. 5, 3; sunja t., *to speak the truth;* Eph. 4, 15; akran t., *to bring forth fruit;* Mt. 7, 19. Lu. 6. 43. 8, 8; garuni t. (miþ *w. dat.*), *to hold a consultation*

(*with*); Mk. 15, 1; armaiôn t., *to do alms;* Mt. 6, 1. 2. 3; armahaírtiþa (bi *w. dat.*), *to perform mercy;* Lu. 1, 72; frawaúrht t., *to commit an offense;* Jo. 8, 34. II Cor. 11, 7; staua t., *to judge;* Skeir. V, c; (2) *w. double acc. (as in Gr.): to make;* Jo. 8, 53. 19, 12. II Cor. 4, 2 (*S. under* (8)); *the second acc. being a partic.;* Rom. 9, 28; *for the second acc. we sometimes find* du *w. dat.* (=*G.* 'zu' *w. dat.*); Jo. 6, 15. 10, 33. (εἰς *w. acc.*); Rom. 9, 21 (*S.* us, *under* (5), *below*). (διδόναι; *s. note in Bernh.'s large edition*) Gal. 5, 13; (3) *the person to whom or for whom anything is done, occurs in dat.;* Mt. 7, 12. 25, 40. 45. Mk. 7, 12. 10, 35. 36. 51. 15, 8. 12. Lu. 6, 11. 23. 26. 31. 18, 41. 20, 15. Jo. 15, 21; (4) *w. adv.:* waíla t. *w. dat.: to do well, do good* (καλῶς ποιεῖν; *comp.* (8), *below*); Mt. 5, 44. Mk. 14, 7. Lu. 6, 27; samaleikô; Lu. 3, 11. 6, 26; swa; Jo. 13, 15. 14, 31. I Cor. 16, 1. Col. 3, 13. Neh. 5, 15; swaswê; Jo. 13, 15. I Thess. 5, 11; sprautô; Jo. 13, 28; (5) *w. prep.:* af sis silbin, *of one's self* (ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ); Jo. 8, 28; bi *w. dat.* (μετά *w. gen.*); Lu. 1, 72 (*S. under* (1)); bi *w. acc.* (περί *w. gen.*); Lu. 2, 27; in *w. gen.* διά *w. acc.*); Jo. 15, 21. I Cor. 9, 23; in *w. acc.* (εἰς *w. acc. of pers.*); I Thess. 4, 10 (*and* εἰς *w. acc. of th.*); Rom. 13, 14 (*S. under* ποιεῖσθαι, *above*); us *w. dat.* (ἐκ *w. gen.*); Lu. 16, 9 (*S. under* (1), *above*); Rom. 9, 21 (*S. under* (2), *above*); wiþra *w. acc.* (πρός *w. acc.*); Eph. 6, 9; (6) *w. acc. and inf.: to make, cause;* Mt. 5, 32. (7) *w. inf.;* Jo. 6, 63 (*S. under* (8), *below*); *w.* ei *w. opt.* (ἵνα *w. subj.*): *to do, cause;* Mk. 10, 17. Col. 4, 16; (8) *w. an obj. or adv. it often stands for a simple Gr. v.; as* þiuþ t., *to do good* (ἀγαθοποιεῖν); Mk. 3, 4. Lu. 6, 9. 35; *w. dat.* (ἀγαθοποιεῖν *w. acc.*); Lu. 6, 33; unþiuþ t., *to do evil* (κακοποιεῖν); Mk. 3, 4. Lu. 6, 9; galiug t., *to falsify, handle deceitfully* (δολοῦν); II Cor. 4, 2; gawaírþi t., *to live in peace* (εἰρηνεύειν); II Cor. 13, 11; *to make peace* (εἰρηνοποιεῖν); Col. 1, 20; sunja t., *to speak the truth* (ἀληθεύειν); Eph. 4, 15; bôtôs t., *to profit* (ὠφελεῖσθαι); I Cor. 13, 3; liban t., *to quicken* (ζωοποιεῖν); Jo. 6, 63 (*S. under* (7), *above*); harduba t., *to act severely, use sharpness* (ἀποτόμως χρῆσθαι); II Cor. 13, 10; waíla t., *to do well* (καλοποιεῖν; *comp.* (4), *above*); II Thess. 3, 13; waíraleikô t., *to act in a manly manner, show one's self a man* (ἀνδρίζεσθαι); I Cor. 16, 13. *Compds.* (a) ga-t., *to do, commit* (πράσσειν); *w. acc.;* II Cor. 12, 21; afar þamei gatawida (*an obj. being implied*), *according to that he*

has done; II Cor. 5, 10. (κατεργάζεσθαι); I Cor. 5, 3. (*in pass. the nom.*) II Cor. 12, 12; ga-t. usdaudein *w. dat. of pers.: to effect or work diligence or carefulness in, etc.;* II Cor. 7, 11 (ποιεῖν), (1) *w. acc.* (*expressed or understood*): *to do, make;* Mt. 7, 17. 22. Mk. 2, 25. 6, 5. 20. 10, 6. 14, 8. 9. 15, 14. Lu. 1, 51. 6, 3. 9, 43. 19, 48. Jo. 6, 14. 7, 21. 10, 41. 11, 45. 46. 12, 18. 14, 23. 15, 24. 18, 35. I Tim. 1, 13. Neh. 5, 13; akran t., *to bring forth fruit;* Mt. 7, 17. 18; astans gat., *to shoot forth branches;* Mk. 4, 32; maúrþr gat., *to commit murder;* Mk. 15, 7; *and a follg. adv.* (waíla); Mk. 7, 37; *or prep.* bi *w. dat.* (ἐπί *w. gen.*); Jo. 6, 2; garuni gat. bi *w. acc.* (κατά *w. gen.*): *to take counsel against;* Mk. 3, 6. (2) *w. double acc.: to make;* Mt. 5, 36. Jo. 7. 23. 19, 7; *folld. by* faúr *w. acc.* (ὑπέρ *w. gen.*); II Cor. 5, 21; *the pred. acc. being expressed by* du *w. dat.;* Mk. 11, 17, Lu. 19, 46. Eph. 2, 14; *once* swê (ὡς, *as*) *is inserted before the second acc.;* Lu. 15, 19; *for the pred. acc. also* swa *is found;* Rom. 9, 20. (3) *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.* (*as in Gr.*): *to do;* Lu. 1, 49. Jo. 9, 26. 12, 16. 13, 12; *for the acc. there occurs* swaswê; Jo. 13, 15; *or* swa; Lu. 1, 25. 2, 48; *or* ƕan filu; Mk. 5, 19. 20. Lu. 8, 39; *or* swa filu swê; Mk. 9, 13; *or* swa filu *w. gen.;* Jo. 12, 37. (4) *w. acc. and inf.: to make;* Mk. 1, 17. 7, 37. 8, 25. Lu. 5, 34. 9, 15. I Thess. 3, 12 (*S.* (8), *below*). Skeir. V, b. VII, b. c. (5) *folld. by* ei *w. opt.* (ἵνα *w. subj.*): *to cause that;* Jo. 11, 37. (6) *w. an obj. clause;* Lu. 17, 9. 10. (7) *w. adv.:* swa; Lu. 9, 15; swê; Lu. 9, 54; frôdaba; Lu. 16, 8; waíla; Phil. 4, 14; swa filu swê; Mk. 6, 30. Lu. 9, 10. (8) *w. an obj. it often stands for a simple Gr. v.:* þaúrft gat. sis, *to profit* (ὠφελεῖσθαι); Lu. 9, 25; waúrstweig gat. *w. dat.: to do or work effectually* (ἐνεργεῖν *w. dat.*); Gal. 2, 8; dwalana gat., *to make foolish* (μωραίνειν); I Cor. 1, 20; wanana gat., *to cast off* (*E. version. S. note to the text*) (αἰθετεῖν *w. acc.*); I Tim. 5, 12; minnizô gat, *w. dat.; to be behind* (ὑστερεῖν *w. gen.*); II Cor. 11, 5; gat. anakumbjan *w. acc.: to make one sit* (ἀνακλίνειν *w. acc.*); Lu. 9, 15; ganôhnan gat., *to make to abound* (περισσεύειν); I Thess. 3, 12; usfarþôn gat. us skipa, *to suffer shipwreck* (ναναγεῖν); II Cor. 11, 25; wahsjan gat. *w. acc.: to increase* (αὐξάνειν); II Cor. 9, 10. (b) missa-t., *occurs only once, in pres. partic.* missataujands, *misdoer, transgressor;* Gal. 2, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* tawian, *to prepare, dress, get ready, Mdl. E.* tawe, *to work,*

act upon, Mdn. E. taw, *to prepare skins, curry, toil, O. H. G.* zauwan (*from* *zawwjan), zouwan, *M. H. G.* zouwe, *to make, get ready, prepare, hurry, Du.* touwen, *to curry leather, Eff.* sich zaue, *to get ready, make haste, hurry. Allied to O. E.* tôl (*w. instr. suff.* l), *n., Mdl. E.* tǫl, *Mdn. E.* tool, *O. N.* tól (*n. pl.*), *tools; O. E.* tow, *in* tow-lîc weorc (*For* -lîc, *s.* *leiks; *for* weorc, *s.* *waúrki), *material for spinning, lit.* '*tow-like stuff*,' *and in* tow-hús (*For* hús, *s.* *hûs), *tow-house, house for spinning, Mdl. E.* tow, *Mdn. E.* tow, *coarse part of hemp* (*Sk.*); *comp. also O. E.* ȝetawa, *n., implements, and Eff.* ȝe-zau (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *f., loom. S.* -tôjis.]

***taúra,** *m., in* **ga-taúra,** *q. v.* — *From* (ga)taíran (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an. *Comp. follg. w.*

***taúrnan,** *to become torn, in* (a) af-t., *to be torn away from, make a rent* (*σχίȝειν*); Lu. 5, 36. (b) dis-t., *to become torn asunder, burst asunder* (*ῥήγνυσθαι*); Mt. 9, 17. (c) ga-t., *to become torn; hence, to dissolve, vanish, be done away, be abolished* (*καταργεῖσθαι*); I Cor. 13, 10. II Cor. 3, 7. 11. 13. — *Correlative v. to* taíran (*pret. partic.* taúrans), *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***taúrþs,** *f., in* **gataúrþs,** *q. v.* — *From* taíran (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þi. *Comp. prec. w.*

-têhund (taíhund), *in* sibun-, ahtau-, niun-, taíhun-têhund (*q. v.*); *answers to E.* -*ty, G.* -*zig. Allied to* taíhun, *q. v. Its formation is doubtful; comp. L. M., p. 128.*

Teibaírius, *pr. n., Τιβέριος; gen.* -aus; Lu. 3, 1.

***teihan,** *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to show, in* (a) ga-t.: *to tell, announce, declare, report, show, preach; w. dat. of pers.* (*indir. obj.*) *and acc. of th.* (*dir. obj., sometimes understood*). — *The dir. obj. is also expressed by* bi *w. acc.* (*περί w. gen.;* Lu. 7, 18. Jo. 16, 25; *comp.* Mt. 8, 33 *and note*); *or a dependent clause;* Mt. 11, 4. Mk. 5, 19. Lu. 2, 26. 7, 22. 18, 37. I Cor. 14, 25. I Thess. 3, 6). *The place where anything is told, etc., is indicated by* in *w. dat.* (*εἰς w. acc.;* Mt. 8, 33. Mk. 5, 14. Lu. 8, 34); *or* and *w. acc.* (*ἐν w. dat.;* Rom. 9, 17)—: (*ἀπαγγέλλειν*); Mt. 8, 33. 11, 4. Mk. 6, 30. 16, 10. Lu. 7, 18. 22. 8, 20. 34. 36. 47. 9, 36. 14, 21. 18, 37. Jo. 16, 25. I Cor. 14, 25. (*ἀναγγέλλειν*); Mk. 5, 14. 19. Jo. 16, 13. 14. 15. II Cor. 7, 7. (*διαγγέλλειν*); Rom. 9, 17. (*καταγγέλλειν*); Col. 1, 28. (*χρηματίȝειν*); Lu. 2, 26; *to bring good tidings* (*εὐαγγελλίȝεσθαι*); I Thess. 3, 6; sunja gat., *to tell the truth* (*ἀληθεύειν*); Gal. 4, 16; garaíhtôza gateihans, *found more justified* (*δεδικαιωμένος*); Lu. 18, 14. (b)

faúra-ga-t., *to tell beforehand, foretell* (*προλέγειν*); II Cor. 13, 2; faúragataih (*προείρηκα*), *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.;* Mk. 13, 23. [*Cf. O. E.* têon (*contr. from* tîon, *for* tîhon), *Mdl. E.* *têe, tîȝþ (*3d pers. sing. pres. ind; Str.*), *to accuse* (*of*), *O. N.* tjá (*for* *téa; *s. Nor., 399, n. 1*), *to show, O. S.* af-tîhan (= *O. E.* of-têon), *to deny, refuse, O. H. G.* zîhan, *to accuse, charge, M. H. G.* zîhen, *N. H. G.* zeihen, *to accuse of, charge with, compd.* ver-zeihen, *to pardon, forgive, M. H. G.* verzîhen, *O. H. G.* firzîhan, *to refuse, deny, pardon. — Ders.: O. H. G. M. H. G.* in-ziht (*w. suff.* -ti), *f., N. H. G.* inzicht (inzucht, *by influence of* zucht; *s.* *taúhts), *f., accusation; M. H. G.* bi-(be-) ziht, *whence N. H. G.* bezichten, *to accuse, charge, and* bezichtigen (*as if from* *bezihtig, *w. suff.* -ig; *also* bezüchtigen, *by influence of* züchtigen; *s.* taúhts). *From Germanic root* tīh, *whence also O. H. G.* zeigôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* zeigen, *to show, point out, prove. The corresponding Indg. root* dik (*by-form* dig; *s.* taikns) *is seen in Skr.* diç, *to exhibit, show forth, Gr.* *δεικνύναι*, *to show, point out, Lt.* dîcere (*frequent.* dictare, *to dictate, pret. partic.* dictatus, *whence Mdn. E.* dictate), *to say, compds.* ad-d. (ad, *to*), *to adjudge, assign to,* contra-d. (contra, *against*), *to speak against,* e-d. (e, *out*), *to proclaim,* in-d. (in-, *into, to*), *to appoint, impose a tax,* inter-d. (inter, *between*), *to pronounce a judgment between two parties,* præ-d. (præ-, *beforehand*), *to say beforehand, foretell, pret. partic.* (-)dictus, *whence respectively, Mdn. E.* addict, edict (*from the n.* edictum), indict (*through the O. Fr.* indîte), interdict, predict; *and Lt.* dictio, *a saying, acc.* -onem, *whence Fr.* diction, *whence Mdn. E.* diction. *To Lt.* diction- *also refers Mdl. Lt.* dictionarium, *whence Mdn. E.* dictionary. *From the pret. partic. of the cognate Lt.* abdicare (ab, *from,* dicare, *to proclaim*), *to renounce,* de-dicare (de, *from*), *to declare, devote,* in-dicare, *to point towards, point out,* præ-dicare, *to publish, proclaim, declare, come, respectively, Mdn. E.* abdicate, dedicate, indicate, predicate. *For further cognates of Lt. orig., s. Sk.,* diction.]

teikan; *s.* **têkan.**

Teimaius, *pr. n., Τίμαῖος; gen.* -aus; Mk. 10, 46.

Teimaúþaíus, *pr. n., Τιμόθεος;* I Cor. 16, 10. II Cor. 1, 1. II Thess. 1, 1; *dat.* -au; I Thess. 3, 6 (-u *in B*) I Tim. *superscr.* Teimaaúþaíau *in B*) 1, 2 (-u *in B*). II Tim. 1, 2; *acc.* -u; II Cor. 1, 19 (*in B;* Teimaiþaíu *in A*). I Thess. 3, 2; *voc.* -u; I Tim. 1, 18.

Teitus, *pr. n., Τίτος;* II Cor. 12, 18. Gal. 2, 3. II Tim. 4, 10; *gen.* -aus; II Cor. 7, 6. 13. 8, 16; *dat.* -au; II Cor. 7, 14 (*in B;* du Teitaún, *πρὸς Τίτον, in A*). Tit. *superscr.* 1, 4; *acc.* -u; II Cor. 8, 23. 12, 18. Gal. 2, 1; *or* -aún (*Gr. infl.*); II Cor. 2, 13. 8, 6.

têkan (teikan; *s. Grammar,* 7, *n.* 2), *red v.* (181), *to touch* (*ἅπτεσθαι*), (1) *abs.;* Col. 2, 21. (2) *w. dat.;* Lu. 7, 39. 8, 45. 46; *w. double dat.;* Mk. 5, 30. — *Compd.* at-t., *th. s.;* Mt. 8, 3. 15. 9, 20. 21. 29. Mk. 1, 41. 3, 10. 5, 27. 29. 6, 56. 7, 33. 8, 22. 10, 13. Lu. 5, 13. 6, 19. 7, 14. 8, 44. 47. 18, 15. II Cor. 6, 17. [*Cf. O. N.* táka (*pret.* tók), *whence Mdl. E.* take (*pret.* tǫk), *Mdn. E.* take. —*Der.: Sw. and O. Swed.* tackel (*w. suff.* -el), *tackle of a ship, whence Mdl. E.* takel, *Mdn. E.* tackle, *equipment, gear, tools. Of L. G.* origin *is N. H. G.* takel, *n., tackle; comp. Du.* takel. — *Compds.: Mdl. E.* betake (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to deliver, hand over, commit, Mdn. E.* betake, *to take or seize, bestow upon* (*both obs.*), *to have recourse to, apply, resort; Mdl. E.* under-take (*For* under, *s.* undar), *Mdn. E.* undertake, *to take upon one's self, attempt, whence* undertaker. — *Comp. also Feist,* têkan.]

***têmiba,** *adv., in* **gatêmiba,** *q. v.* [*From a lost adj.,* *gatêms, *seen in O. H. G.* gizâmi, *M. H. G.* gezæme, *fit, suitable, decent. Allied to* *timan, *q. v.*]

têwa, *f., arrangement, order* (*τάγμα*); I Cor. 15, 23. [*Allied to O. E.* teoh(h) (eo *for* e, *by breaking*), *f. m., order, company* (*O. H. G.* *zeha), *M. H. G.* zeche, *order, arrangement, row, organization, a company of tipplers, a reckoning or bill for eating or drinking in common, N. H. G.* zeche, *f., reckoning, bill* (*to be paid to a host*). *Ders.: O. E.* teohhian (*contr.* têon), *O. H. G.* gi-zehôn (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *to arrange, M. H. G.* zechen, *to arrange, bring about, also* (*late*) *to drink freely or jovially, carouse, N. H. G.* zechen, *to drink freely or jovially, to carouse. — From Germanic root* tĕhw (têw), *pre-Germanic* dĕq, *to arrange; comp. Kl.,* zeche; *Brgm., Compar. Gr., 444* (*c*); *Fst.,* têwa. — *S. follg. w.*]

têwi, *n., an order, rank, a company of fifty:* managizam þau taíhun têwjam, *above five hundred* (*ἐπάνω πεντακοσίοις. Comp. text and note*); I Cor. 15, 6. — *Extended* (*by suff.* -ja) *from stem of* têwa, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***têwjan,** *w. v., to put in order, arrange, in* ga-t., *to appoint, choose;* II Cor. 8, 19. — *From stem of* têwa, *q. v. Comp.* ungatêwiþs, *also prec. w.*

***Tibaíriadeis,** *pr. n.; occurs only*

once, in gen. plur.: ufar marein þô Galeilaiê jah Tibaíriadê (*πέραν τῆς θαλάσσης τῆς Γαλιλαίας τῆς Τιβεριάδος*); Jo. 6, 1. — *Formed from the Gr. gen. (the name of the inhabitants being used for that of the place); s. follg. w.*

***Tibaírias,** *pr. n., occurs only once, in dat. sing.:* us Tibaíriadau (*ἐκ Τιβεριάδος*); Jo. 6, 23. — *Comp. prec. w.*

***tigus,** *m.* (142), *a decade, occurs always in plur., in* twai-, *þreis-, fidwôr-, fimf-, saíhs-tigjus, *q. v.* [*A by-form of* taíhun (*from Idg.* *dekm, *w. accented suff.; s. Brgm., Compar. Gr., p. 387*), *q. v. Cf. O. E.* -tiȝ, *Mdl. E.* -tiȝ, -ti, *Mdn. E.* -ty, *O. N.* tegr (tigr, togr, *etc.; s. Nor., 363*), *O. S.* -tig, *O. H. G.* -zug (-zuc; -zog, -zoc, -zoch; *later also* -zig), *M. H. G.* -zic(g), *N. H. G.* -zig. *For O. H. G.* -ȝug, *M. H. G.* -ȝec, *N. H. G.* -ssig, *in* dreissig, *thirty, s. Br., A. Gr., 273, n. 2. Allied to Skr.* daçat-, *Gr δέκας, the sum or number of ten, acc. δεκάδα, whence Fr.* decade, *whence Mdn. E.* decade. *Comp. also Feist,* tigus.]

til, *n., fit time, opportunity:* ei bigêteina til du wrôhjan ina, *that they might find an opportunity to accuse him (E. version: 'that they might find an accusation against him'; Gr. v.: 'ἵνα εὕρωσιν κατηγορίαν αὐτοῦ'; Itala, cod. f: 'ut invenirent accasionem accusandi eum'; comp. text and note);* Lu. 6, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* til, *n., fitness, goodness, O. H. G. M. H. G.* zil, *N. H. G.* ziel, *n., aim, goal, limit. Allied to O. N.* tili, *aim, bent;* til, *prep. (Comp. Sk.,* till (2)): *to, whence Mdl. E.* til, *Mdn. E.* till, *to. From Germanic root* tī, *also seen in O. H. G.* zîla (*w.* l-*suff.*), *M. H. G.* zîle, *N. H. G.* zeile, *f., line, row; in O. E.* tîma (*w. suff.* -man), *m., Mdl. E.* tîme, *Mdn. E.* time, *O. N.* tíme, *m., time; and in O. E.* tîd (*w. a dental suff.*), *f., time, hour, Mdl. E.* tîde, *Mdn. E.* tide, *O. N.* tíð, *O. S.* tîd, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* zît, *f. n., N. H. G.* zeit, *f., time, Du.* tijd, *Eff.* zĕk (ĕk *from* ît, *as in* wĕk=*N. H. G.* weit, *Mdn. E.* wide); *cf. O. E.* tîdan, *to happen, Mdl. E.* (be)tîde, *Mdn. E.* betide, *to happen, O. N.* *tíða, *th. s., pres. partic.* *tíðandi, *whence* tíðindi (*n. pl.*), *tidings, news, whence Mdl. E.* tîdinde, *later* tîdinge, *Mdn. E.* tidings, *late M. H. G.* zîtunge, *tidings, news, N. H. G.* zeitung, *f., news, tidings, newspaper.* — *S.* *tilon, *tils, *tilaba.]

***tilaba,** *adv., in* **gatilaba,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* tils *and suff.* -ba, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***tilôn,** *w. v., to aim, fit, in* (a) **and-tilon** *w. dat.* (*ἀντέχειν w. gen.*), *to serve, cleave to;* Lu. 16, 13; *to serve, accomodate one's self;* Skeir. VII, b. (b)

ga-t. *w. acc.* (*τυγχάνειν w. gen.*), *to obtain;* II Tim. 2, 10. (c) ga-ga-t. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.; συναρμολογεῖν w. acc.*), *to join together fitly;* Eph. 2, 21. 4, 16. [*From* til, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* tilian *and* (*w.* o-*uml.*) tiolian, *to aim, strive for, labor, till land, Mdl. E.* tile, teole, *Mdn. E.* till, *to cultivate, O. S.* tilian, *to obtain, O. H. G.* zilôn, zilên, *to hasten, M. H. G.* zilen, ziln, *to aim, strive after, N. H. G.* zielen, *to aim, Du.* telen, *to breed, cultivate, till.— Der. O. E.* tilð (*w. suff.* -ð), *f., Mdl. E.* tilðe, *Mdn. E.* tilth. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***tils,** *adj., fit, suitable, in* **ga-tils,** *q. v.* [*From root* tī *and suff.* -la. *Cf. O. E.* til, *adj., fit, suitable. S.* til, *tilaba, *tilôn; *tals.]

***timan,** *str. v., to be fit or suitable, in* ga-t. (175, *n.* 1) *w. dat.: to suit, agree with* (*συμφωνεῖν w. dat.*); Lu. 5, 36. [*Cf. O. S.* teman, *O. H. G.* (ga)zeman, *M. H. G.* (ge)zemen, *N. H. G.* (ge)ziemen, *to be fit or suitable, to behoove, become, Du.* betamen, *th. s.* — *Der. M. H. G.* zimelich (*For* -lich, *s.* *leiks), *fitting, becoming, suitable, N. H. G.* ziemlich, *adj., fit, becoming, tolerable, and adv., pretty, rather. From root* tem, *Idg.* dem; *s.* *tamjan.]

timreins, *f., building* (*οἰκοδομή*); Rom. 14, 19. I Cor. 14, 26. II Cor. 10, 8. Eph. 4, 12. 16. 29. I Tim. 1, 4. — *From* timrjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp.* gatimreins, *timrjô, *and follg. w.*

timrja, *m.* (108), *a builder, carpenter* (*τέκτων*); Mk. 6, 3. (*οἰκοδομῶν*) 12, 10. Lu. 20, 17.— *From a subst.* (*timr *and suff.* jan) *seen in O. E.* timber (*the* b *being euphonic; s.* nimble, *under* niman), *n., material to build with, structure, building, Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* timber, *O. N.* timbr, *O. S.* timbar, *building, O. H. G.* zimbar, *M. H. G.* zimber, *n., wood to build with, timberwork, dwelling, room, N. H. G.* zimmer, *n., room, chamber, compd.* frauen-zimmer (*For* frauen, *from* frau, *s.* frauja), *n., woman, M. H. G.* vrouwen-zimmer, *n., women's apartment* (*afterwards the women collectively, and, lastly, also a single woman; comp. E.* comrade, *G.* kamerad, *etc., from Mdl. Lt.* camera (*from Gr.* καμάρα, *a room with an arched ceiling*), *whence also O. H. G.* chamara, *chamber, palace, M. H. G.* kamer(e), *f., chamber, treasury, etc., N. H. G.* kammer, *f., chamber, room, Fr.* chambre, *th. s., whence Mdl. E.* chambre, *Mdn. E.* chamber). — *Allied to Lt.* domus, *Gr.* δόμος (*δέμειν, to build*), *Skr.* dama, *O. Bulg.* domŭ, *house. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

timrjan, *w. v., to build* (*οἰκοδο-

μεῖν): (1) *lit.: to build;* Lu. 14, 30. 17, 28; *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*); Lu. 6, 48. 14, 28. Gal. 2, 18; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.* (ἐπί *w. acc.*); Lu. 6, 49. (2) *trop.: to edify;* I Cor. 10, 23 (*without obj.*); I Thess. 5, 11; *so folld. by* du *w. inf.* (εἰς τό *w. inf.*): *to cause or embolden to do;* I Cor. 8, 10. — *Compds.* (a) ana-t. *w. pers. pass.: to build upon* (ἐποικοδομεῖν); *folld. by* ana *w. dat.* (ἐπί *w. dat.*); Eph. 2, 20. (b) ga-t., *to build* (οἰκοδομεῖν); *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*); Mk. 12, 1. 14, 58. 15, 29. Lu. 7, 5. Neh. 7, 1; *and folld. by* ana *w. dat.* (ἐπί *w. acc.*); Mt. 7, 24. 26. (ἐπί *w. gen.*); Lu. 4, 29. (c) miþ-ga-t. *w. pers. pass.: to build together* (συνοικοδομεῖν); *folld. by* du *w. dat.;* Eph. 2, 22. [*From* *timr; *s.* timrja. *Cf. O. E.* (ʒe)timbran, *to build, erect, construct, Mdl. E.* timbre, *Mdn. E.* timber, *O. N.* timbra, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* zimberen, *N. H. G.* zimmern, *to build, erect. S.* timreins, *timrjô.]

***timrjô,** *f., a building, in* **gatimrjô,** *q. v.* [*Extended from* *timr *by suff.* -jôn; *s.* timrja), *Cf. O. H. G.* zimberrâ (*from* *zimberja; *comp. Br., A. Gr., 118, n. 3. Comp.* timreins, timrjan.]

tiuhan, *str. v.* (173), *w. acc.: to tow, tug, pull; hence to lead, guide* (ὁδηγεῖν); Lu. 6, 39; *to lead away* (ἀπάγειν); Mk. 14, 44; *to lead, bring* (ἄγειν); *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (πρός *w. acc.*); Lu. 18, 40; *comp.* Skeir. IV, b; fram *w. dat.* (ἀπό *w. gen.*); Jo. 18, 28; in *w. acc.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); Jo. 18, 28. II Cor. 10, 5; miþ *w. dat.* (σύν *w. dat.*): *to lead, bring with;* I Thess. 4, 14; *or simply dat. denoting that by which a person is actuated or led;* Gal. 5, 18. II Tim. 3, 6; *so folld. by* in *w. dat.* (ἐν *w. dat.*); Lu. 4, 1; — frahunþana tiuhan qineina, *to lead captive silly women* (αἰχμαλωτίζειν γυναικάρια); *comp. also* II Tim. 2, 26, *where* tiuhanda *is found in B, for* habanda *in A.* — *Compds.* (a) af-t. *w. acc.: to take, draw aside* (προσλαμβάνεσθαι); Mk. 8, 32; *and folld. by* faírra *w. dat.: to draw away, push off* (ἐπανάγειν ἀπό *w. gen.*); Lu. 5, 3. (b) at-t. *w. acc.: to pull or draw towards, to bring* (ἄγειν); Mk. 11, 2. Lu. 19, 30. Jo. 7, 45. Skeir. VIII, a. b; *and dat.;* Lu. 19, 35. Jo. 19, 4; *folld. by* ana *w. w. dat.* (φέρειν); Mk. 15, 22; *or* hidrê (προσάγειν ὧδε); Lu. 9, 41. (εἰσάγειν ὧδε) 14, 21; *or* inn; Jo. 18, 16; *or* dalaþ (κατάγειν); Rom. 10, 6. (c) inn-at-t. *w. acc.: to bring in* (εἰσάγειν); Lu. 2, 27. (d) bi-t. *w. acc.: to go about, visit* (περιάγειν *w. acc.*); Mt. 9, 35. Mk. 6, 6; *to lead about;* I Cor. 9, 5. (e) ga-t. *w. acc.: to lead, bring* (ἀπάγειν); Mt. 27, 2; *and* ana *w. acc.* (κατάγειν ἐπί

w. acc.); Lu. 5, 11; in *w. acc.* (ἄγειν εἰς *w. acc.*); Lu. 4, 9; du *w. dat.* (πρός *w. acc.*); Jo. 9, 13. (ἀπάγειν); Mk. 14, 53. Jo. 18, 13; innana *w. gen.* (ἔσω *w. gen.*); Mk. 15, 16; du stauai gat.; *s.* staua. (f) miþ-ga-t. *w. pers. pass.: to draw away with one, carry away with* (συναπάγειν); Gal. 2, 13. (g) us-t. *w. acc.* (*sometimes understood; in pass. the nom.*): (1) *to lead out, put forth* (ἐξάγειν); Jo. 10, 3; *folld. by* utana *w. gen.* (ἔξω *w. gen.*); Mk. 8, 23; *a dependent clause introduced by* ei *w. opt.* (ἵνα *w. aor. indic.*); Mk. 15, 20; — (ἐκβάλλειν); Jo. 10, 4; *folld. by* in *w. acc.* (εἰς *w. acc.*): *to drive into;* Mk. 1, 12; *folld. by* ana *w. acc.* (ἀνάγειν εἰς *w. acc.*): *to lead or take up;* Lu. 4, 5. (*so for* ἀναφέρειν); Mk. 9, 2; us dauþaim iup ust., *to bring up again from the dead* (ἐκ νεκρῶν ἀνάγειν); Rom. 10, 7; (2) *to pay* (*tribute*) (τελεῖν); Rom. 13, 6; (3) *to perform, finish, accomplish, fulfill, perfect, end* (τελεῖν); Mt. 10, 23. 26, 1. Lu. 2, 39. 18, 31. Gal. 5, 16. II Tim. 4, 7. Neh. 6, 15. (ἐκτελεῖν); Lu. 14, 29. 30. (ἐπιτελεῖν) II Cor. 7, 1. 8, 6. 11. (συντελεῖν) Mt. 7, 28. Lu. 4, 2. 13. Rom. 9, 28. (τελειοῦν) Lu. 2, 43. Jo. 17, 4. II Cor. 12, 9. (du ainamma, εἰς ἕν) Jo. 17, 23. (καταρτίζειν) Lu. 6, 40 (*gloss*). II Cor. 13, 11. I Thess. 3, 10. (du ust., εἰς ἀπαρτισμόν) Lu. 14, 28; *pret. partic.* ustaúhans, *perfect* (*for* ἄρτιος); II Tim. 3, 17. *or* τέλειος) Rom. 12, 2. I Cor. 13, 10; *comp.* Skeir. I, a; — *w. double acc.: to present* (παριστάνει); Eph. 5, 27. (*in pass. w. double nom.*) II Cor. 7, 10; (4) *intr.:* ustáuh, *here ends* (ἐτελέσθη); Rom. I Cor. II Cor. Gal. Eph. Col. II Thess. subscr. [*Cf. O. E.* têon (*contr. from* *têohan; *pret.* têah, *pl.* tuȝon, *pret. partic.* toȝen; *North.* têa, *for* têhan), *to pull, draw, educate; move, go, Mdl. E.* têe, tê, *to pull, draw, go, O. N.* tjóa (*occurs only in pret. partic.* togenn, *pulled; elsewhere weak; comp. Nor., 404, n. 5*), *O. S.* tiohan, *O. H. G.* ziohan, *M. H. G.* ziehen, *N. H. G* ziehen, *to pull, draw, educate. From Germanic root* tuh (tug:taug).— *Ders.: O. H. G.* (*intens.*) zucchen, zukken, *M. H. G.* zucken, zücken, *N. H. G.* zucken, *to draw with, or make, a short quick motion,* zücken, *to draw with a short quick motion, compd.* ent-, verzücken, *to ravish, enchant* (*M. H. G.* en-, ver-zücken; zuck, *gen.* zuckes, *N. H. G.* zuck, *m., a short and quick motion, twitch*), *L. G.* tukken, *to pull up, tuck up, whence Mdl. E.* tukke, *Mdn. E.* tuck, *to gather in a dress; O. N.* toga, *to pull, tug, whence Mdl. E.* togge, *Mdn. E.* tug, *to pull or draw with great effort, haul along,*

O. H. G. zogôn, *M. H. G.* zogen, *to pull, tug, delay* (*whence N. H. G.* zögern, *to hesitate*); *further O. E.* tyȝe (*from stem* tuȝ-i-), *m., Mdl. E.* tiȝe, *a drawing, O. H. G.* zug, *m., M. H. G.* zuc (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* zug, *m., a pull, tug, draught; O. E.* tŷȝe, *m., rope, Mdl. E.* tîȝe, *Mdn. E.* tie (*whence O. E.* tŷȝan, *Mdl. E.* tîȝe, tîe, *Mdn. E.* tie); *Mdl. E.* toge (*whence, through* toghe), towe, *Mdn. E.* tow (*Cf. O. N.* taug, *f., rope, N. H. G., prop. L. G.* tau, *n., th. s.*); *O. E.* tyȝel (*w.* l-*suff.*), *m.* (?), *Mdl. E.* tiȝel, *O. N.* tygell, *string, O. H. G.* zugil, zuhil, zuol, *m., string, rein, M. H. G.* zügel, zugel, *m., strap, rein, N. H. G.* zügel, *m., rein, bridle, Du.* teugel, *th. s.; O. E.* *toȝa (*w. suff.* -an), *Mdl. E.* *toȝe, *O. H. G.* *zogo, *M. H. G.* *zoge, *N. H. G.* *zog, *m., seen in O. E.* heretoȝa, *etc.* (*S.* harjis), *and the N. H. G. der.* zögling (*w. suff.* -ling), *m., pupil; O. E.* têam (*Germanic stem* *tauma, *for* *taug-ma, *w. suff.* -man), *m., offspring, family* (*lit.* '*that which is brought up or educated; s.* têon, *above*), *Mdl. E.* têm, *Mdn. E.* team, *O. N.* taumr, *rein, bridle, O. S.* tôm, *O. H. G.* zoum, *M. H. G.* zoum, *N. H. G.* zaum, *m., bridle, reins* (*lit.* '*that which pulls*'), *Du.* toom, *Eff.* zôm, *m., th. s.; O. H. G.* giziug (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *m. n., equipment, utensils, M. H. G.* ziuc(g), *m. n., tools, implements, equipment, arms, materials, stuff, testimony, proof, witness, N. H. G.* zeug, *n.* (*m.*), *stuff, matter, tools, implements; also O. H. G.* giziugôn, *to testify, witness, M. H. G.* ziugen, *to beget, fabricate, procure, acquire, bear witness, prove, N. H. G.* zeugen, *to beget, witness, testify; and late M. H. G.* ziuge (*rare*), *N. H. G.* zeuge, *m., a witness. Germanic* tuh (tug) *answers to Indg.* duk; *comp. Lt.* ducere, *to lead, compds.* ad-ducere (ad, *to*), *to lead to,* con-d. (con= cum, *with, together*), *to draw or lead together, be of use,* de-d. (de, *from, down from*), *to bring down,* e-d. (e, *out*), *to bring out,* (*whence* educare, *pret. partic.* educatus, *whence Mdn. E.* educate), in-d. (in, *in, to*), *to lead to,* pro-d. (pro-, *forward*), *to bring forward,* re-d. (re-, *back*), *to bring back,* se-d. (se-, *aside*), *to lead aside,* tra-d. (tra- *for* trans, *across*), *to lead over, transport, defame, whence, respectively, Mdn. E.* ad-, con-, de-, e-, in-, pro-, re-, se-, tra-duce (*the* c *of which is owing to the improper pronunciation of Lt.* c=k, *not* ç); *Lt.* dux, *acc.* ducem, *leader, whence O. Fr.* duc, *whence Mdl. E.* duk, *Mdn. E.* duke, *fem.* duchesse, *Mdl. E.* duchesse, *from O. Fr.* ducesse, *from* duc *and suff.* -esse, *Lt.* -issa. *For*

further cognates of Lt. orig., such as duct, ductile, conduct, deduct, induct, product, abduction, conduit, douche, subdue, *s. Sk.*, duke. — *S.* taúhts.]

Tôbeias, *pr. n., Τωβίας;* Neh. 6, 17. 19; *dat.* -in; Neh. 6, 17.

***tôjis,** *adj.* (126), *in* **fulla-, ubiltôjis.** — *From root of* taujan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* taui; *concerning* au *for* ô *before a vowel, s. also* Trauas.

Trakauneitis, *pr. n., Τραχωνῖτις, gen. -ιδος, whence the Goth. gen.* Trakauneitidaûs; Lu. 3, 1.

trauains, *f., trust, confidence* (*πεποίθησις*); II Cor. 1, 15. 3, 4. 8, 22. 10, 2. Eph. 3, 12. Phil. 3, 4; *boldness* (*παῤῥησία*); II Cor. 7, 4. Phil. 1, 20. — *From* trauan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ai-ni.

trauan, *w. v.* (26; 179, *n.* 2; 193), *to trust* (*πεποιθέναι*); *w. dat.* (*ἐπί w. dat.*); Lu. 18, 9; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*ἐπί w. acc.*); Mt. 27, 43. (*επί w. dat.*); II Cor. 1, 9; in *w. dat.* (*ἐν w. dat.*); Phil. 3, 4; *a dependent clause introduced by* ei (*ὅτι*); Lu. 18, 9; *or* þatei (*ὅτι*), *to be persuaded* (*πεπείσθαι*); II Tim. 1, 5 (gaþ-þan-traua, *by tmesis;* gaþ *for* ga-**h**; *s. Grammar, 62, n. 3*). — *Compd.* ga-tr. (*πεποιθέναι*) *to have confidence, trust, w. dat.;* Phil. 1, 14. Philem. 21; *folld. by* in *w. dat.* (*ἐπί w. acc.*); II Thess. 3, 4. II Cor. 2, 3. (*εἰς w. acc.*); Gal. 5, 10. (*ἐν w. dat.*); Phil. 2, 24. 3, 3; *acc. w. inf.;* II Cor. 10, 7; *a dependent clause introduced by* þatei (*ὅτι*); Gal. 5, 10. Phil. 2, 24. II Thess. 3, 4; *or* þammei (*ὅτι*); Phil. 2. 24; (*πεπείσθαι*), *to be persuaded; folld. by a dependent clause introduced by* þatei (*ὅτι*); Rom. 8, 38. 14, 14; *or* þammei (*ὅτι*); II Tim. 1, 12. (*θαῤῥεῖν*), *to be confident, have confidence;* II Cor. 5, 6. 8; *folld. by* in *w. dat.* (*ἐν w. dat.*); II Cor. 7, 16; *to be bold; w. dat.;* II Cor. 10, 2; in *w. dat.* (*εἰς w. acc.*); II Cor. 10, 1. (*πιστεύειν*); *w. dat.: to commit to;* Gal. 2, 7. I Tim. 1, 11. Tit. 1, 3 (*πιστοῦν*), *th. s.;* II Tim. 3, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* trûwian, *Mdl. E.* trouwe, trôwe, *Mdn. E.* trow, *O. S.* trûôn, *to trust, entrust, O. H. G.* trûên (trûwên; *for the secondary development of w, s. Brn., A. Gr., 110, 2*), *to believe, trust, M. H. G.* trûwen, *to hope, believe, trust, also 'to wed, marry', N. H. G.* trauen, *to trust, confide in, join in marriage, marry,* vertrauen, *to trust, confide in, Du.* trouwen, *to join in marriage,* vertrouwen, *to trust, entrust. From pre-Germanic root* drâu *or* drôu, *also seen in O. Bulg.* sŭ-dravŭ, *sound, strong. Comp. Fst.*, trauan, *Kl.*, trauen, treu, *Brgm., Compar. Gr., p. 157. S. the cognate* trausti, triggwa, triggws.]

Trauas, *pr. n.* (26, *n.* 1), *Τρῳάς; occurs only twice, in dat.:*

Trauadai (*εἰς τὴν Τρῳάδα*); II Cor. 2, 12 (*ἐν Τρῳάδι*) II Tim. 4, 13.

trausti, *n.* (?), *occurs only once, in gen. sing.* trausteis (95, *n.* 1), *covenant* (*διαθήκη*); Eph. 2, 12. [*Extended from stem* trausta- (*by suff.* -ja) *seen in O. H. G. M. H. G.* trôst, *m., consolation, help, protection, trust, confidence, N. H. G.* trost (*der.* trösten, *M. H. G.* trœsten, *O. H. G.* trôsten (*from* *traustjan, *to console, comfort*), *m., consolation, comfort, Eff.* trûss, *m., th. s., O. N.* traust, *n.* (traustr, *adj., sure, firm, strong*), *trust, protection, firmness, whence Mdl. E.* trust, *Mdn. E.* trust. *From root* traus (*a by-form of* trŭ; *s.* trauan) *and suff.* -ta. *Comp.* triggws *and follg. w.*]

triggwa, *f.* (97, *n.* 1), *covenant* (*διαθήκη*); Lu. 1, 72. Rom. 9, 4. 11, 27. I Cor. 11, 25. II Cor. 3, 6. 14. Gal. 4, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* trêow, *f., Mdl. E.* trêwe, *faith, faithfulness, whence O. E.* trêowan, trîewan (îe *is* i-*uml. of* êo), *Mdl. E.* trêwe, *to trust* (*confused w.* trûwe; *s.* trauan); *further O. S.* trewa, *O. H. G.* triuwa, *M. H. G.* triuwe, *N. H. G.* treue, *f., faithfulness. S.* triggws, *also prec. and follg. w.*]

triggwaba, *adv., truly, assuredly, confidently;* tr. galaubjan, *to be persuaded* (*πεπεῖσθαι*); Lu. 20, 6; tr. witan, *to have confidence* (*πεποιθὼς εἰδέναι*); Phil. 1, 25. — *From stem of* triggws *and suff.* -ba, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

triggws, *adj.* (68; 124), *true, faithful* (*πιστός*); Lu. 16, 10. 11. 12. 19, 17. I Cor. 4, 2. 7, 25. II Cor. 1, 18. Eph. 1, 1. 6, 21. Col. 1, 7. 4, 7. 9. I Thess. 5, 24. II Thess. 3, 3. I Tim. 1, 15. 3, 1. 11. 4, 9. II Tim. 2, 2. 11. 13. Tit. 1, 9. [*Cf. O. E.* trêowe, trŷwe (ŷ *for* îe, *from* êo, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* trêwe, *true, faithful, Mdn. E.* true, *O. N.* tryggr, *O. S.* triuwi, *O. H. G.*triuwi, (gi)triuwi (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *M. H. G.* (ge)triuwe, *N. H. G.* (ge)treu, *faithful, honest, Du.* trouw. — *Ders.: O. E.* trêowa, *beside* trûwa (*w. suff.* -an), *m., compact, pledge, faith, Mdl. E.* (*pl.*) trêwes, trûwes, trûes, *Mdn. E.* truce (c *for* s, *as in* hence, whence; *s.* ƕan); *O. E.* trêowð(u) (*w. suff.* -ðu), *f., truth, Mdl. E.* trêwðe, trouð, *Mdn. E.* truth, *beside* troth (*whence* betroth; *for* be-, *s.* bi), *O. N.* tryggð, *th. s.* — *From root* treu *Idg.* dreu, *allied to* drâu; *s.* trauan. — *S.* triggwa, triggwaba, untriggws.]

trigô, *f., grief, sorrow, reluctance, grudge* (*λύπη*); us trigôn, *grudgingly;* II Cor. 9, 7. [*From Germanic root* trĕg, *to be sorrowful, discouraged, also seen in O. E.* treȝa, *m., oppression, pain, Mdl. E.* treȝe; *in O. N.* tregr, *adj., reluctant, slow,*

tregi, *m.*, *pain*, trega, *str. v.*, *to grieve; in O. S.* tregan, *str. v.*, *to be sorry; and in O. E.* trâʒ, *adj.*, *indignant, difficult*, (*O. S.* trâgi, *vexation*), *O. H. G.* trâgi, *M. H. G.* træge, *adj.*, *slow, unwilling, idle, N. H. G.* träge, *adj.*, *idle, lazy. Comp. Kl.*, träge.]

***trimpan,** *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to tramp, tread, in* ana-tr. *w. acc.: to press, lit.* '*tread*', *upon* (*ἐπικεῖσθαι w. dat.*); *folld. by* du *w. inf.;* Lu. 5, 1. [*Allied to Mdl. E.* trampe, *Mdn. E.* tramp, *L. G.* trampen, *whence N. H. G.* trampen, *to tramp; der. Mdl. E.* trampele, *Mdn. E.* trample, *L. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* trampeln, *to trample. All nasalized forms of stem* trap-, *step, seen in O. E.* træppe (*from stem* *trappjôn-, *by* i-*uml. of* a *and gemination of* p *before* j, -jôn *being suff.*), *f.*, *trap, Mdl. E.* trappe, *Mdn. E.* trap, *whence the v.* trap, *Mdl. E.* trappe, *O. E.* *træppan, *to trap, in* betræppan (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to encompass. A trap is that on which an animal steps, or puts its foot* (*Sk.*). *Cf. O. Du.* trappe, *mouse-trap, Du.* trappen, *to tread,* trap, *stair, step, L. G.* trappen, *to tread, whence N. H. G.* trappen, *to tread noisily; also M. H. G.* (*M. G.*) treppe, trappe, *m. f., N. H. G.* treppe, *f., Eff.* trap, *f., stairs.*]

triu, *n.* (94, *n.* 1), *tree, wood; hence a staff* (*ξύλον*); Mk. 14, 43. 48. [*Cf. O. E.* trêo (*for* trêow, *contracted from* *treuw, *the* u *being developed before* w; *s. Siev., O. E. Gr.*, 73), *n.*, *Mdl. E.* trêe, trê, *Mdn. E.* tree, *O. N.* trê, *O. S.* treo, trio (*gen.* trewes), *n.*, *beam. Germanic stem* trewo- *refers to Indg.* deru- (doru-, dru-); *cf. Gr. δρῦς, oak, δόρυ, spear, Skr.* dru, *wood, tree,* dâru, *wood, O. Bulg.* drŭva, *pl.*, *wood. S.* weina-triu *and follg. w.*]

triweins, *adj.*, *wooden* (*ξύλινος*); II Tim. 2, 20. — *From stem of* triu (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna.

trudan, *str. v.* (175, *n.* 2), *to tread* (*πατεῖν*); *folld. by* ufarô *w. gen.* (*ἐπάνω w. gen.*); Lu. 10, 19; *in pass. w. nom.: to tread as in a wine-press* (*τρυγᾶν, lit.* '*to gather*'); *folld. by* us *w. dat.;* Lu. 6, 44. — *Compd.* ga-tr., *to tread down* (*καταπατεῖν*); Lu. 8, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* tredan (*Fifth abl. class*), *Mdl. E.* trede (*pret. partic.* treden *beside* troden, *whence Mdn. E.* trodden, *as if belonging to the Fourth abl. class*), *Mdn. E.* tread, *O. N.* troða (*Fourth abl. class*), *O. S.* tredan, *O. H. G.* tretan (*Fifth abl. class*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* treten, *Du.* treden, *Eff.* tredde, *to tread. — Ders.: Mdl. E.* tred, *step, path, Mdn. E.* tread, *step, path* (*rare*), *M. H. G.* trit, *m.*, *step, track, N. H. G.* tritt, *Eff.* tret, *m.*, *step, tread; Mdl. E.* tredil (*w.* l-*suff.*),

Mdn. E. treadle, *the part of a loom, or other machine, which is moved by the foot. — All seem to be allied to Goth.* *trimpan (*q. v.*); to Gr. δρόμος, running; and to Skr.* drâ, dru, *to run.*]

***trusgjan,** *w. v., to graft, in* in-tr. *w. acc. (in pass. the nom.), to ingraft (ἐγκεντρίζειν);* Rom. 11, 19. 23; *folld. by* in *w. acc. (ἐν w. dat.);* Rom. 11, 17. *(εἰς w. acc., or simply dat.)* 24. — *Etymology unknown; comp. Dief., II, 683.*

***trusnjan,** *w. v., to sprinkle, in* ufar-tr. *to besprinkle (adspergere). — Etymology unknown. Comp. L. M., p. 82.*

tuggl, *n., constellation, star; occurs only once, in dat. plur.* tugglam, *as gloss to* stabim *(S.* stafs); Gal. 4, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* tungol *from* tungl *(w. l-suff.), n. m., constellation, star, O. S.* tungal, *n., O. N.* túngl, *n., O. H. G.* zungal, *n., th. s.*]

tuggô, *f., tongue (γλῶσσα);* Mk. 7, 33. 35. Lu. 1, 64. [*Cf. O. E.* tunge, *Mdl. E.* tunge, tonge, *Mdn. E.* tongue, *O. N. O. S.* tunga, *O. H. G.* zunga, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* zunge, *f., L. G.* tunge, *Du.* tonge, *Eff.* zong, *f., tongue, Lt.* lingua *(for* dingua; *concerning Lt.* l *for* d, *s. Brgm., Compar. Gr., p. 280; s. also Goth.* tagr), *whence Mdn. E.* lingual, *formed after the analogy of adjs. with suff.* -al, *from Fr.* -al, *from Lt.* -alis.]

tulgiþa, *f., safety (ἀσφάλεια);* I Thess. 5, 3; *foundation, ground (ἑδραίωμα);* I Tim. 3, 15; *stronghold (ὀχύρωμα);* II Cor. 10, 4. — *From stem of* tulgus *(q. v.) and suff.* -i-þô *(Comp. Kl., Nom. St., p. 56.)*

tulgjan, *w. v., to confirm, establish (κυροῦν), w. acc.;* II Cor. 2, 8. *(στηρίζειν)* I Thess. 3, 13. — *Compd.* ga-t. *w. acc. (in pass. the nom.): to confirm, establish (βεβαιοῦν);* Rom. 15, 8. *(στηρίζειν)* I Thess. 3, 2. II Thess. 3, 3; *folld. by* du *w. inf. (τοῦ w. inf.);* Lu. 9, 51 *(to set steadfastly);* in *w. acc. (ἐν w. dat.);* II Thess. 2, 17; gat. sik in *w. dat., to abide in (ἐπιμένειν w. dat.);* Rom. 11, 23. — *Pret. partic.* gatulgiþs, *firm, steadfast (βέβαιος);* II Cor. 1, 6. *(ἑδραῖος)* Col. 1, 23. *(ἀμεταμέλητος; s. text and note)* II Cor. 7, 10. — *From* tulgus, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

tulgus, *adj., steadfast, firm (ἑδραῖος);* I Cor. 15, 58; *strong, lasting, sure (στερεός);* II Tim. 2, 19. [*Allied to O. S.* tulgo, *adv., very. They are compared w. Skr. root* dṛh, *to be firm, to confirm,* dṛdhá-, *firm; comp. Fst., and Sch.,* tulgus. *S.* tulgiþa, tulgjan.]

***tundi,** *f., in* **aiƕra-tundi** *(βάτος), q. v. — Origin unknown. Comp. Fst.,* tunþus.

tundnan, *w. v., to take fire, burn (πυροῦσθαι);* II Cor. 11, 29. — *Compd.* in-t., *th. s.;* I Cor. 7, 9.

[*Correlative v. to* *tindan (*S.* tandjan). *From the same verbal stem as O. H. G.* zunten (*from* zuntjan), *M. H. G.* zünden, *to set on fire, kindle, N. H. G.* zünden, *to set on fire, kindle, take fire, beside O. H. G.* zundên, *to be burning, glow, M. H. G.* zunden, *to burn, light; and O. E.* tynder (y *from* u, *by* i-*uml.;* -(e)r *is suff.*), *f., Mdl. E.* tinder, *more commonly* tunder, tonder (*by influence of O. N.* tundr, *th. s.;* tandri, *fire*), *Mdn. E.* tinder, *O. H. G.* zunt(a)ra, *f., M. H. G.* zunder, *m. n., N. H. G.* zunder, *m., L. G.* tunder, *Du.* tonder, *tinder; and O. H. G.* zuntil (*w.* l-*suff.*), *M. H. G.* zundel, zündel, *m., tinder, Du.* tondel.]

tunþus, *m., tooth* (*ὀδούς*); Mt. 5, 38. 8, 12. Mk. 9, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* tōð (*from* tǫnð, *for* *tanð; *plur.* tēð, *from* tōði-, *by* i-*uml.*), *m., Mdl. E.* tǫð (*pl.* tēð), *Mdn. E.* tooth (*pl.* teeth), *O. N.* tönn (nn *from* nþ), *f., O. S.* tand, *m., O. H. G.* zan, zand, *M. H. G.* zan, zant(d), *N. H. G.* zahn, *m., Du.* tand, *Eff.* zând (a *is always lengthened before* nd, nt; *plur.* zäng; ng *from* nd, *as in* häng, *hands,* wäng, *walls, etc.; or in* bönge, *to bind,* sönge; *s.* siggwan), *m., tooth. From Germanic stem* tunþ-, tanþ-, *Indg.* dont, dnt; *comp. Gr.* *ὀδοντ-*, *stem of* *ὀδούς*, *Skr.* danta, *Lt.* dent-, *stem of* dens, *tooth. All participial forms, from root* ed, *to eat; comp. Kl.,* zahn, *Sk.,* tooth; *but also Fst.,* tunþus. *To Lt.* dent- *refer Mdn. E.* dental, dentist, *Vulg. Lt.* indentare, *to notch, whence Mdn. E.* indent; *for further cognates from the same stem, such as* dentated, denticle, dentition, indenture, dandelion, *s. Sk.,* dental.]

tuz-, *insep. pref., in* **tuz-wêrjan;** *s.* **wêrjan.** [*Cf. O. E.* te- (*S. Sw., P. C., II, XXXIX*), *O. N.* tor-, *O. S.* ti-, te-, *O. H. G.* zar- (*from* zur-, *as in* zurlust), (*whence the weakened*) zir-, zer-, (*whence the shorter*) za-, zi-, ze- (*S. Br., A. Gr., 72, n. 2; P., Beitr. VI, 208. 552*), *M. H. G.* zer-, ze-, *N. H. G.* zer, *Eff.* ze-, *all denoting* '*separation*', '*dissolution*', *or* '*destruction*', *Gr.* *δυς-*, *Skr.* dus-, *with the sense of* '*hard, wrong*'. *For O. E.* tō-, *s. P., above.*]

twai, *card. num.* (*plur.;* 140), *f.* twôs, *n.* twa, *two* (*δύω*); Mt. 5, 41. 6, 24. 8, 28. 9, 27. 10, 29. 26, 2. 27, 51. Mk. 5, 13. 6, 9. 9, 43. 45. 47. 10, 8. 11. 1. 14, 13. 15, 27. 38. Lu. 2, 24. 3, 11. 5, 2. 7, 19. 41. 9, 13. 16. 30. 32. 15, 11. 16, 13. 17, 34. 35. 18, 10. 19, 29. Jo. 6, 9. (.b.) 8, 17. 11, 6. I Cor. 14, 27. II Cor. 13, 1. Gal. 4, 22. 24. Eph. 2, 15. Phil. 1, 23. I Tim. 5, 19. Skeir. II, d. III, d. V, c. VII, a. b. d (.b.); twai tigjus, *twenty* (*εἴκοσι*); Lu. 14, 31; twaim sinþam, *twice* (*δίς*); Mk. 14, 72. Lu. 18, 12. Phil. 4, 16. I Thess. 2, 18; twans hwanzuh

by two and two (δύο δύο); Mk. 6, 7. (ἀνὰ δύο) Lu. 10, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* twezen (*For the quantity of the first* e, *s. Siev., O. E. Gr., 324, n. 1*), *m.*, twâ, *f.*, tû, twâ, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* tweien, twein, twô, twâ (*for all genders*), *Mdn. E.* twain, two, *O. N.* tveir, *m.*, tvær (æ *from* á, *by* r-*uml.; s. Nor., 68, 3; 138, n. 1*), *f.*, tvau (*rarely* tvá), *n.*, *O. S.* twêne, *m.*, twô, twâ, *f.*, twei, *n.*, *O. H. G.* zwêne, *m.*, zwâ, zwô, *f.*, zwei, *n.*, *M. H. G.* zwêne, *m.*, zwô, zwâ, *f.*, zwei, *n.*, *N. H. G.* zwei (*for all genders; formerly* zween, *m.*, zwo, *f.*, zwei, *n.; der.* zwei-te, *second, for which M. H. G.* ander, *O. H. G.* andar; *s.* anþar), *Du.* twee, *Eff.* zwîn, zwei, *m.*, zwǫ̂, zwei, *f.*, zwei, *n.*, *Skr. Zd.* dva, *Gr.* δύο, *O. Ir.* dáu, da, *Lt.* duo, *two, compd.* duo-decim (-decim *from* decem; *s.* taíhun), *twelve, whence O. Fr.* doze, *th. s.*, *whence* dosaine, dozaine (*Mdn. Fr.* douzaine; *w. suff.* -aine, *from Mdl. Lt.* -êna, *Lt.* -âneus), *a dozen, whence Mdl. E.* dozeine, *Mdn. E.* dozen; *further late M. H. G.* totzen, *N. H. G.* dutzend (*w. a secondary* d; *s.* mond, *under* mêna), *n.*, *a dozen* (*Comp. Br.*, douze). *For the Goth. gen. plur.* twaddjê, *from* *twajê, *O. N.* tveggja, *and for O. H. G.* zweio, zweio (*beside* zweiero, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* zweier; *s. Br., A. Gr., 270, n. 2*), *s. Brgm., Compar. Gr., p. 127. To Goth.* twai tigjus *answers O. E.* twentiz (*for* *twêntiz, *from* *twezentiz; *the* n *of* twezen *being the termination of the nom. plur. m.*), *Mdl. E.* twenti, *Mdn. E.* twenty, *O. N.* tuttogo, -ugu, *O. S.* twêntig, *O. H. G.* zweinzug, *M. H. G.* zweinzec, zwênzic, *N. H. G.* zwanzig, *L. G. Du.* twintig, *twenty* (*S.* tigus). *S.* tweihnai, twis-, tweifls, *and follg. w.*]

twalif, *card. num., usually uninfl., beside gen. pl.* twalibê, *dat. pl.* twalibim *occur* (56, *n.* 1; 141), *twelve* (δώδεκα); Mt. 10, 1. 11, 1. Mk. 3, 14. 4, 10. 5, 25. 42. 6, 7. 8, 19. 9, 35. 10, 32. 11, 11. 14, 10. 43. Lu. 6, 13. 8, 1. 42. 43. 9, 1. 12. 17. Jo. 6, 13. (.ib.). 67. 70 (.ib.). 71. 11, 9. Skeir. VII, c (.ib.; *so in*) d. [*Cf. O. E.* twelf, (*infl.*) twelfe, *Mdl. E.* twelf, *Mdn. E.* twelve, *O. N.* tólf, *O. S.* twelif, *O. H. G.* zwelif, *M. H. G.* zwelf, zwelif, *N. H. G.* zwölf, *Du.* twaalf, *Eff.* zwelef, *twelve. From Germanic* twa-, *two* (*S.* twai), *and* *lif (*q. v.*). *A similar formation is the Lith.* dwý-lika, *twelf* (vëno-lika, *eleven*). *Concerning the doubtful component* *lif, *comp. LMD., 34, 2; Fst.*, -lif. *S. follg. w.*]

twalib-wintrus, *adj.* (131), *twelve years old* (ἐτῶν δώδεκα); Lu. 2, 42. [*From stem of* twalif (*without stem-vowel*) *and* wintrus, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* twelfwintre, *th. s.*]

tweifleins, *f.*, *doubting* (διαλογισμός); I Tim. 2, 8; *disputation*

(διακρίσεις); Rom. 14, 1. — *From* tweifljan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *S. also* tweifls.

tweifljan, *w. v., to put in doubt, confound* ('*perturbare*'); Skeir. VI, b. [*From stem of* tweifls, *q. v. Cf. O. S.* twîfljan, *O. H. G.* zwîvelen (v=f), *from* zwîfaljan, *to make uncertain or doubtful. Comp. prec. w.*]

tweifls, *m.* (91, *n.* 2), *doubt* ('*dubitatio*'); Skeir. II, b. [*Cf. O. H. G.* zwîfal, *m., uncertainty, apprehension, despair, M. H. G.* zwîvel, *m., uncertainty, distrust, fickleness, unfaithfulness, despair, N. H. G.* zweifel, *m., doubt, scruple, Du.* twijfel, *Eff.* zwîfel, *m., th. s. — Ders.: O. S.* twîflôn, *O. H. G.* zwîfalôn, *M. H. G.* zwîvelen, *N. H. G.* zweifeln, *Eff.* zwîvele, *Du.* twijfelen, *to doubt. — Formed from Germanic stem* twî (*allied to* twai; *s. this and* tweihnai) *and* -fla, *the equivalent of Lt.* -plo *in stem* duplo-, *Gr.* -πλο *in* διπλο- (*for* *δϝιπλο); *related to Lt.* -ple-x, pli-c-are; *s. LMD., 41, 7, III, but also Kl.*, zweifel. *Furthermore, comp. O. S.* twîfli, *O. H. G.* zwîfal, *M. H. G.* (*rare*) zwîvel, *adj., doubtful, uncertain* (*der.* zwîvel-haft, *N. H. G.* zweifelhaft, *adj., th. s.; for* -haft, *s.* hafts); *and O. E.* twêo (*from* *twe(h)o, *m., O. S. O. H. G.* tweho, *m., doubt. S.* tweifleins.]

tweihnai, *num. adj.* (147), *two apiece* (ἀνὰ δύο); Lu. 9, 3; miþ tweihnaim markôm (ἀνὰ μέσον τῶν ὁρίων), *amid the two boundaries, in the midst of the region;* Mk. 7, 31 (*S. note*). [*From Germanic stem* twîh (*from* twî, *allied to* twai, *q. v.; the* h *being obscure*) *and suff.* -na. *Cf. O. E.* twîh, twêonum (*prop. dat. pl. of* twêone, *double, two*), *more commonly united w. the prep.* be-:betwîh (*also* twih, betwih, *whence, by breaking,* betweoh-; *and* betwuh, -tuh; *comp. Siev., O. E. Gr., 329 and 71*), betwêonum, -an, *Mdl. E.* betwên(e), *Mdn. E.* between. *Stem* twî- (*comp. Gr.* δι-, *from* *δϝι-, *Lt.* bi-, *Skr.* dvi-, *twice*) *occurs further in O. E.* be-twix (*for* betwics, *for* be-twisc, *by metathesis; with suff.* -sc), *Mdl. E.* betwix, *Mdn. E.* betwixt (*an addional* t *after an* s-*sound is frequent both in E. and G., perhaps by influence of the superl. in* -st; *comp. G.* einst, *under* ains), *O. S.* twisk, *O. H. G.* zwisk, zwiski, *M. H. G.* zwisc, zwisch, *adj., twofold, two apiece; comp. O. H. G.* in zwiskên, undar zwiskên (*dat. pl.*), *M. H. G.* inzwischen, under zwischen, *between two* (*Cf. O. E.* mid unc twîh, *between us two*), *whence* zwischen, zwüschen, *adv. and prep., N. H. G.* zwischen, *prep., between,* inzwischen, *adv., in the mean time; in O. E.* twî-wa *and* twî-ȝes, *twice, Mdl. E.* twîe *and* twîes, *Mdn. E.* twice, *M. H. G.* zwîs, zwîes, *twice; in O. N.* tys-, twis-

var (-var *answers to Skr.* vâra, *time; Kl.*), *twice; comp. O. H. G.* zwirôr, zwiro, *also* zwiron (*extended* zwiront), *M. H. G.* zwir, zwier, *beside* zwiren, zwirn, *N. H. G.* (*obs.*) zwier, *twice, whence M. H. G. N. H. G.* zwirn, *m.*, (*doubled*) *thread, twine, whence* (*O. H. G.* zwirnên, -nôn), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* zwirnen, *to twist, twine; in O. E. Mdl. E.* twîn, *n.*, *Mdn. E.* twine, *Du.* twijn, *whence Mdl. E.* twîne, *Mdn. E.* twine (*v.*), *Du.* twijnen, *to twist, twine; in O. H. G.* zwilîh (*coined from Lt.* bi-lix, *gen.* -îcis, *two-threaded; to* licium, *thread; s. G.* drillich, *under* þreis), *M. H. G.* zwilich, zwilch, *adj., two-threaded, also used as m. subst., two-threaded texture* (*S. Sk.'s remark under* twill), *tick, N. H. G.* zwillich, zwilch, *m., th. s.; in O. E.* twist (*w. suff.* -st), *m., a rope or twisted cord* (*Mdl. E.* twist, *a twig or fork of a branch*), *whence Mdl. E.* twiste, *Mdn. E.* twist (*v.*); *comp. Du. L. G.* twist, *discord, whence M. H. G. N. H.* zwist, *m., th. s.; in O. H. G.* zwitarn, zwitaran, *M. H. G.* zwitar, zwetorn, zwidorn, *N. H. G.* zwitter, *m., hermaphrodite, bastard; in N. H. G.* zuber (*S. under* baîran); *in O. E.* twīg (*pl.* twīgu), *n., Mdl. E.* twig, *Mdn. E.* twig, *O. H. G.* zwîg, *m.* (*beside O. H. G. M. H. G.* zwî, *gen.* zwîes, *n.*), *M. H. G.* zwîc (*gen.* -ges), *N. H. G.* zweig, *m.*, *Du.* twijg, *twig* (*orig. the fork of a branch, and named from being double, the small shoot branching off from the larger one; Sk.*); *comp. O. E.* twisel (*f.?*), *fork, O. H. G.* zwisila, *M. H. G.* zwisele, *f., N. H. G.* zwiesel, *f., fork, forked branch; in O. E.* ȝe-twinne (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *Mdl. E.* (i)twinne, *twins, Mdn. E.* twin, *O. N.* tviunr, *in pairs; orig. distr. num.; comp. also O. H. G.* zwini-ling (*w. suff.* -ling), *M. H. G.* zwine-linc, *contr.* zwillinc(g), *m.* (*also* zwise-linc, *and* zwilich-kint; *for* kint, *s.* *kunds), *N. H. G.* zwilling, *m., twin; to O. H. G.* zwinal, *adj., twin-born; in Mdl. E.* twî-light, *Mdn. E.* twilight, *L. G.* twelecht, (*after which was formed*) *N. H. G.* zwielicht (*for which M. H. G.* zwischenlicht; *for* light, licht, *s.* liuhaþ), *n., twilight; in O. E.* twî-bill (bill, *n.*,=*O. S. O. H. G.* bill, *n., battle-ax, sword, M. H. G.* bil, *gen.* billes, *n., a pick, pick-ax, N. H. G.* bille, *f., pick, hoe*), *f., Mdl. E.* twîbil, *Mdn. E.* twibil(l), *a two-edged bill; in N. H. G.* zwieback (*coined from Du.* tweebak, *lit.* '*twice baked*'; -bak *from* bakken, *E.* bake, *G.* backen; *or after Fr.* biscuit (*whence E.* biscuit; *lit.* '*twice cooked*', *from* bis, *twice, and* cuit, *cooked, from Lt.* bis, *twice, and* coctus, *pret. partic. of* coquere, *to cook*); *in M. H. G.* zwivach (*For* -fach, *s.* fagrs), *N. H. G.* zwiefach, *adj., twofold;*

in O. E. twî-feald, *Mdl. E.* twîfǫld, (*for which*) *Mdn. E.* twofold, *O. N.* twífaldr, *O. H. G.* zwifalt, *M. H. G.* zwivalt (*For* -falt, -fold, *s.* *falþs), *whence* zwivaltic, *N. H. G.* zwiefältig (*w. suff.* -ig, *E.* -y), *adj., twofold; in O. E.* twi-spræce, *adj., double-tongued,* twi-spræc, *f., for which Mdl. E.* twî-spêche, *double speech; comp. O. H. G.* zwisprehho, *m.,* '*bifarius*', *M. H. G.* zwispræchig, *adj., th. s., and N. H. G.* zwiesprache, *f., dialogue — O. E.* spræc, *beside* spæc, *f., Mdl. E.* sprêche, *beside* spêche, *Mdn. E.* speech, *O. H. G.* sprâhha, *M. H. G.* sprâche, *N. H. G.* sprache, *f., speech, language, are der. from O. E.* sprêcan (*Germanic root* sprek), spêcan (*root* spek), *Mdl. E.* sprêke, spêke, *Mdn. E.* speak, *O. H. G.* sprehhan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* sprechen, *to speak—; in N. H. G.* zwie-spalt, *m., dissension,* zwie-spältig (spalt, -spältig, *w. suff.* -ig, *from* spalten; *s.* spilda), *M. H. G.* zwiespeltic, -spaltic, *O. H. G.* zwi-spaltig, *adj., discordant; and in M. H. G.* zwi-traht, *N. H. G.* zwietracht (-tracht *is a M. G. der. to N. H. G. M. H. G.* treffen, *O. H. G.* treffan; *M. G.* cht *for* ft; *cf. O. E.* drepan, *Mdl. E.* drepe, *O. N.* drepa, *to hit, strike*), *f., discord, whence M. H. G.* zwitrehtic, *N. H. G.* zwieträchtig (*w. suff.* -ig), *adj., discordant.— S.* twalif, tweifls.]

twis-, *insep. pref. denoting divergence or separation, in* twisstandan, twis-stass; *s.* standan *and follg. w. — Allied to* tuz-, *q. v.* (*Comp. LMD., p. 124; also Fst., p. 118*).

twis-stass, *f., a standing aloof from, sedition* (*διχοστασία*); Gal. 5, 20 (*S. text and note*). — *From* twis- *and* *stass, *q. v., also* twisstandan, *under* standan.

Tykeikus, *pr. n.* (6, *n.* 1), *Τυχικός;* Eph. 6, 21. Col. 4, 7 (*A;* Tykêkus *in B*); *acc.* Tykeiku; II Tim. 4, 12.

Tyra, *pr. n., the city of Tyre, Τύρος; dat.* -ai; Lu. 10, 13. 14; *acc.* -a; Mk. 3, 8. — *Comp. follg. w.*

Tyrus, *pr. n., a Tyrian; occurs only in pl.* (*for Gr. Τύρος; s. prec. w.*): *gen.* -ê; Mk. 7, 24. 31. Lu. 6, 17; *dat.* -im; Mt. 11, 22.

þ.

þaddaius, *pr. n., Θαδδαῖος; acc.* -u; Mk. 3, 18.

þadei, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *where, wheresoever, whither* (*ὅπου*); Mk. 6, 55. Jo. 6, 62. 8, 21. 13, 33. 36. 14, 4. (*ὅπου ἄν*) Mk. 14, 14. (*οὗ*) Lu. 10, 1; þishwaduh þadei (=þei, *q. v.*), *whithersoever* (*ὅπου ἄν*); Mt. 8, 19. Mk. 6, 56. Lu. 9, 57. — *From* *þaþ

(*not found; from stem of* þata (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þ, -d; *s. also* ƕaþ) *and* -ei, *q. v.*

þagkjan (þaggkjan; 67, *n.* 1), *w. v.* (209), *pret.* þâhta (5, b): *to think, consider, ponder, reason* (λογίζεσθαι); *w.* du sis missô (πρὸς ἑαυτούς, *with themselves*) *and a follg. partic.;* Mk. 11, 31; *w. acc. folld. by* af sis silbin (ἀφ' ἑαυτοῦ, *of one's self*); II Cor. 3, 5; *and a dependent clause introduced by* ei (*sc.* sijaima); II Cor. 10, 7; *or* þatei II Cor. 10, 11. (διαλογίζεσθαι), *w. acc.;* Mk. 8, 17; *w. a follg. partic.;* Lu. 5, 21; *folld. by* in haírtam seinaim (ἐν ταῖς καρδίαις αὐτῶν, *in their hearts*) *and* bi *w. acc.* (περί *w. gen.: concerning*); Lu. 3, 15; *or a direct question* (*so w.* sis); Mk. 2, 6; þ. sis *w. a dependent indir. question;* Lu. 1, 29; þ. miþ sis missô (πρὸς ἀλλήλους, *among themselves*) *folld. by a partic.;* Mk. 8, 16. (*or* πρὸς ἑαυτούς, *th. s.*); Lu. 20, 14. (συλλογίζεσθαι); *folld. by* miþ sis missô (πρὸς ἑαυτούς, *as above*); Lu. 20, 5. (συμβάλλειν); *w. acc.* (*understood*) *folld. by* in haírtin seinamma (ἐν τῇ καρδίᾳ ἑαυτοῦ, *in her heart*); Lu. 2, 19. (βουλεύεσθαι); *w. a dependent clause introduced by* -uh (εἰ, *whether*); (*to consult*) Lu. 14, 31; *or* þatei (ἅ, *the things that*); *so folld. by* bi *w. dat.* (κατά *w. acc., according to*); (*to purpose*) II Cor. 1, 17. (ἀπορεῖσθαι); *w. a dependent indir. question;* (*to doubt*) Jo. 13, 22. (διαπορεῖν), *to be in doubt, be perplexed* (*Engl. version*); Lu. 9, 7. — *Compds.* (a) and-þ., *to consider, devise* (γινώσκειν), *w. refl. acc.:* and-þâhta mik, *I am resolved, I know* (ἔγνων); Lu. 16, 4; *w. gen. of th.: to recollect, remember;* Skeir. VII, a; *so without* sik; Skeir. VII, a. (b) bi-þ. *w. acc. and* in *w. dat.: to meditate, reason* (διαλογίζεσθαι); Lu. 5, 22. [*Cf. O. E.* ðenc(e)an (*from* *ðancjan, *by* i-*uml. and loss of* j *after a long closed syllable; pret.* ðǫ̂hte, *from* *ðâhte, *w. nasalized* â; *s. Siev., O. E. Gr., 45, 5*), *Mdl. E.* ðenke (*pret.* ðǫ̂ghte), *Mdn. E.* think (*by confusion w.* *think *in* me-thinks, *as in pret.; s.* þugkjan), *O. N.* ðekkja (kk *from* nk), *to perceive, O. S.* thenkian, *O. H. G.* denchen, *M. H. G.* denken, *to think, devise, think of, remember, N. H. G.* denken, *to think, compd.* gedenken, *to think, think of, remember; comp. the abstr.* gedächtnis, *n., M. H. G.* gedæchtnisse (*w. suff.* -nisse), *n. f., remembrance, memory. Allied to* þugkjan, *q. v.* (*S. Kl.,* denken). *Comp.* *þagki, þagks, *þâhts, *þûhts, þûhtus.]

***þagki,** *n., in* **ga-þagki,** *q. v.* — *From* þagkjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp. follg. w.*

þagks, *m.* (*or* **þagk,** *n.? occurs*

only once, in acc. þagk; þank *in* MS), *thank, thanks* (*χάρις*); Lu. 17, 9 (*S.* faírhaitan, *under* haitan). [*From root of* þagkjan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ðanc, ðǫnc (ǫ *for* a *before the follg. nasal*), *m., thought, grace, mercy, thanks* (ʒe-ðanc, -ðǫnc, *m. n., thought, mind*), *Mdl. E.* ðank, *thought, kindly remembrance, goodwill* (i-ðank, *thought, mind*), *Mdn. E.* thank, thanks (*pl.*), *O. N.* þǫkk, *f., O. S.* thank, *m., will, joy,* thank (gi-thanko, *m. thought*), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* danc, *m., N. H. G.* dank, *m., thank, thanks* (gedanke, *M. H. G.* gedanc(k), *O. H. G.* gedank, *m., thought*), *whence, respectively, O. E.* ðancian, *Mdl. E.* ðanke, *Mdn. E.* thank, *O. N.* þakka, *O. S.* thancôn, *O. H. G.* danchôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* danken, *to thank. — S. prec. w.*]

þahains, *f., silence* (*ἡσυχία*); I Tim. 2, 12. — *From* þahan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ai-ni.

þahan, *w. v.* (193), *to be silent, be still, hold one's peace* (*σιωπᾶν*); Mk. 3, 4. 14, 61. Lu. 1, 20. 18, 39. (*σιγᾶν*) Lu. 9, 36. (*φιμοῦσθαι*) Mk. 1, 25. — *Compd.* ga-þ., *th. s.* (*σιωπᾶν*); Mk. 10, 48. (*σιγᾶν*) Lu. 20, 26. [*Cf. O. N.* þegja (*S. Nor., 435, n. 1; 447, n. 6; 453, n. 4*), *O. S.* thagôn, thagian, *O. H. G.* dagên, *M. H. G.* dagen, *to be silent, be still. From pre-Germanic root* tak; *comp. Lt.* tacêre, *to be silent. S. prec. w.*]

þâhô, *f.* (5, b), *clay* (*πηλός*); Rom. 9, 21. [*Cf. O. E.* ðǫ̂ (*contr. from* *ðǫ̂-e, *from* ðǫ̂he; ǫ̂ *from* ǫn, *Goth.* â *from* an; *s.* þagkjan), *f., clay, O. N.* þá, *f., loamy soil, O. H. G.* dâha, *f., M. H. G.* dâhe, tâhe, *f., clay, loam, N. H. G.* thon (*formerly* than, tahen), *m., clay.*]

***þâhts,** *adj., in* **anda-þâhts,** *q. v.* [*Prop. pret. partic. of* þagkjan, *q. v. The verbal stem* þâh *occurs further in O. S.* githâht (*w. suff.* -ti), *f., thinking, belief, O. H. G.* *dâht, *in* anadâht, *M. H. G.* dâht, *f., thought,* andâht, *attention, devotion, N. H. G.* andacht, *f., devotion; der.* andächtig, *adj., devout, attentive, M. H. G.* andæhtic, *O. H. G.* anadâhtig (*w. suff.* -îg; *for* ana-, *s.* ana), *thinking of, attentive, devout. S.* *þûhts, þûhtus, *and v. B., p. 69.*]

þai, þai-ei, þai-h, *nom. pl. m. of* sa, sa-ei, sa-h, *q. v.*

þaíaúfeilus, *pr. n., Θεόφιλος; voc.* -u; Mk. 3, 18.

þaim, þaim-ei, *dat. pl. m. n. of* sa, sa-ei, *q. v.*

þaírh, *prep. w. acc.* (217), (1) *of space: through, through the midst of* (*διά w. gen.*); Mt. 7, 13. 8, 28. Mk. 2, 23. 10, 25. 11, 16. Lu. 4, 30. 6, 1. 17, 11. 18, 25. Jo. 8, 59. 10, 1. 2. 9. I Cor. 13, 12. II Cor. 1, 16. 4, 15. 11, 33; *intensified by* midja; Lu. 4, 30. 17, 11. (2) *indicating the instrument or means, author or agent: through, by,*

by means of (διά *w. gen.*), (a) *w. names of persons;* Mt. 8, 17. 27, 9. Mk. superscr. Lu. superscr. 18, 31. Jo. 14, 6. Rom. 7, 25. 8, 37. 11, 36. 14, 14. I Cor. 15, 2. 21. 57. II Cor. 1, 5. 11. 19. 20. 2, 14. 3, 4. 4, 14. 5, 18. 20. 9, 11. 12, 17 (þaírh ƕana, μή τινα—δι' αὐτοῦ). Gal. 1, 1. 4, 7. 6, 14. Eph. 1, 5. 2, 18. 3, 10. 16. Col. 1, 16. 20. 3, 17. I Thess. 4, 2. 14. 5, 9. II Thess. 2, 2; (b) *w. names of things;* Mk. 6, 2. Lu. 1, 70. 8, 4. Jo. 11, 4. 17, 20. Rom. 7, 4. 5. 8. 11. 13. 8, 3. 10, 17. 12, 3. 15, 4. I Cor. 1, 21. 16, 3. II Cor. 1, 1. 4. 8, 5. Gal. 2, 16. 19. 21. 5, 6. Eph. 1, 1. 7. 2, 8. 16. 3, 6. 12. 17. 4, 16. Phil. 1, 19. 26. 3, 9. Col. 1, 22. 2, 12. 19. II Thess. 2, 2. 3, 14. I Tim. 2, 10. 15. 4, 5. 14. II Tim. 1, 1. 6. 10. 14. 2, 2. 3, 15. Skeir. 1, c. II, b. III, a. V, d. VI, b. c. Neap. doc.; (c) *in oaths or entreaties:* þaírh bleiþein guþs, *by the mercy of God;* Rom. 12, 1. (διά *w. acc.*) Lu. 1, 78. Gal. 4, 13; þaírh þôei, *because of* (διὰ ταῦτα); Eph. 5, 6. (δι' ἃ) Col. 3, 6. Skeir. VII, a. (d) *denoting a state or condition: with, by* (διά *w. gen.*); II Cor. 2, 4. 3, 11. 5, 7. 6, 7. 8. Eph. 6, 18. Phil. 1, 20. — *Occurs in composition w. eight verbs.* [*Allied to O. E.* ðurh (*O. North.* ðerh), *Mdl. E.* ðurh, ðuruh, ðoru, *Mdn. E.* through (*compd.* throughout= *N. H. G.* durchaus; *for* out, aus, *s.* ût), thorough (*whence* thoroughly, *adv., w. suff.* -ly), *O. S.* thurh, *O. H. G.* (derh, *pierced*) duruh, durh, dur (*late*), *M. H. G.* durch, *short* dur, *prep.: through, also 'for the sake of,' N. H. G.* durch, *prep.: through, by, by means of; and to Gr.* τρώγλη, *hole,* τρώγειν, *to feed upon,* δια-τραγεῖν, *to gnaw through* (*Comp. Fst.*, þaírkô).—*Ders.: O.E.* ðyrel, ðyrl (*for* *ðyrhel, *from* *ðurhil, *w. suff.* -il), *adj., pierced, also n. subst., Mdl. E.* ðirl, *perforation, opening, hole, O. H. G.* durhil durihil, *M. H. G.* durhel, dürkel, *pierced, perforated.* — *Compd. O. E.* nǫs-ðirl (nǫs *for* nǫsu, *f., Mdl. E.* nôse, *Mdn. E.* nose, *O. N.* nǫs, *f., O. H. G.* nase, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* nase, *Lt.* nâsus, *Skr.* nâsâ, *nose*), *Mdl. E.* noseðirl, *Mdn. E.* nostril; *der. O. E.* ðyrlian, *Mdl. E.* ðirle, ðrille (*by metathesis*), *Mdn. E.* thrill, *to bore, pierce.* — *S. follg. w.*]

þaírkô, *n.* (110), *a hole through anything, the eye of a needle* (τρυμαλιά); Mk. 10, 25. Lu. 18, 25. — *Allied to* þaírh, *q. v. Comp. Kl.*, durch.

***þaírsan,** *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to be withered or parched, in* ga-þ., *to wither; pret. partic.* gaþaúrsans (ἐξηραμμένος); Mk. 3. 1. 3. [*From root* þers, *pre-Germanic* ters; *comp. Gr.* τέρσεσθαι, *to become dry,* τερσαίνειν, *to make dry, Skr.* tṛish, *to be*

thirsty; Gr. ταρσιά, *a kiln for drying grain, meal, etc.,=O. H. G.* darra (rr *from* rz; *s.* aírzeis), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* darre, *f., th. s. S.* Þaúrsus, Þaúrsjan, *Þaúrsnan, Þaúrstei.]

Þaíssalaúneika, *pr. n., the city of Thessalonica* (Θεσσαλονίκη); *dat.* -ai; Phil. 4, 16. II Tim. 4, 10. — *S. follg. w.*

Þaíssalaúneikaius, *pr. n., a Thessalonian* (Θεσσαλονικεύς); *gen.* -ê; II Thess. 1, 1; *dat.* -um; II Th. *subscr. and superscr.* (ê *for* ei *in B,* a *for* ai *in A*).—*S. prec. w.*

Þamm-ei, (1) *dat. s. m. n. of* sa-ei (*q. v.*). (2) *conj.* (*after vs. governing the dat.:* faginôn, *beside* ei; gatrauan, gaumjan, fraÞjan, *beside* Þatei); *that, for, because* (ὅτι); Mk. 7, 18. 16, 4. Lu. 1, 22. 15, 6. 17, 15. Jo. 6, 5. Phil. 2, 24. II Tim. 1, 12; *w. prep.:* du Þammei, (*for the purpose*) *that* (πρὸς τό *w. inf.*); Lu. 18, 1; fram Þammei, *since the time* (ἀφ' ἧς); Lu. 7, 45; in Þammei, *in that* (ἐν τῷ *w. inf.*); Lu. 9, 34. Gal. 4, 18; *because* (ὅτι); Lu. 10, 20. (τῷ *w. inf.*); II Cor. 2, 13. — *From* Þamma (*dat. of* Þata) *and* -ei, *q. v. S.* Þatei, Þizei.

Þamma, Þamm-uh, *dat. sing. m. n. of* sa, sa-h, *q. v.*

Þan, *adv. and conj. It is often preceded by the enclitic* -uh (*S. especially under* (*II*), *below*). *There is no distinction in sense between* Þan *and* -uh Þan; -uh Þan, *like* Þan (*which occurs oftener*), *stands after verbal forms of any kind;* -uh Þan, *never* Þan, *is inserted between a subst. and its prep., also between a prep. and a v.; it is frequently found after* sums, anÞar, ni; *rarely* (Lu. 3, 1. I Cor. 10, 29) *after a subst. or* (Lu. 3, 18. Eph. 4, 26) *adj. S. Bernh., large edition, p. 100.* (I) *adv.,* (1) *demonstr.: then, thereupon* (τότε); Jo. 13, 27. I Cor. 4, 5. 13, 12. 16, 2. II Cor. 12, 10 (*second*). Gal. 4, 8. 29. (ἰδού) Mt. 27, 51; *but then* (τότε δέ); I Cor. 13, 12; *added in Goth.;* Lu. 2, 42. 16, 23. Jo. 13, 31. Eph. 2, 12; jah Þan (*S. also* jah Þan *under* (2) *and* (II)), *and then* (τότε); Lu. 5, 35. (καὶ τότε) Mt. 7, 23. 9, 15. Mk. 2, 20. 13, 21. 26. 27. Lu. 6, 42. Gal. 6, 4. (καί) Jo. 7, 33 (*S. also* Þanuh); -uh Þan (*Comp.* -uh Þan *under* (*II*)), *then* (δὲ τότε); Mt. 27, 16. (2). *rel.: when, whenever, as long as* (ὅταν), (a) *w. pres. indic., for* (α) *the Gr. pres. subj.;* Jo. 8, 44. 9, 5. 16, 21. II Cor. 12, 10. 13, 9. I Thess. 5, 3; (β) *aor. subj.;* Mt. 9, 15. Mk. 2, 20. 16. 31. 32. 8, 38. 12, 23. 25. 13, 28. 29. Lu. 6, 22. 26. Jo. 7, 31. 8, 28. 15, 26. 16, 13. Rom. 11, 27. I Cor. 15, 24. 54. 16, 5. II Cor. 10, 6. Col. 3, 4. II Thess. 1, 10; jah Þan, *and when, but when, when* (καὶ ὅταν); Mk. 4, 15. Lu. 5, 35. Jo. 10, 4; (b) *w. pret. indic., for the Gr. imperf.;* Mk. 3, 11;

(c) *w. pres. opt., for* (α) *the Gr. pres. subj.;* Mt. 6, 2. 5. 6. Lu. 14, 12. 13. I Cor. 14, 26; jah þan, *and when* (*καὶ ὅταν*)*;* Mk. 11, 25. 14, 7; (β) *aor. subj.:* Lu. 14, 10. 16, 9. 17, 10; jah þan, *and when* (*καὶ ὅταν*)*;* Col. 4, 16; — (*ὅτε*), (a) *w. pres. indic., for the Gr. fut. indic.;* Lu. 17, 22 (*second*). II Tim. 4, 3; (b) *w. pret. indic., for* (α) *the Gr. imperf. indic.;* Mk. 6, 21. 14, 12. 15, 41. Jo. 17, 12. Rom. 7, 5. I Cor. 13, 11. Gal. 4, 3. Col. 3, 7. II Thess. 3, 10; (β) *aor. indic.;* Mt. 7, 28. 9, 25. Mk. 1, 32. 2, 25. 7, 17. 8, 19. 20. Lu. 4, 25. 15, 30. Jo. 6, 24. 9, 14. 12, 17. 41. Rom. 13, 11. Phil. 4, 15. (*added in Goth.*) Jo. 13, 31. *For the Gr. gen. abs.;* Mt. 27, 57. (II) *conj.* (*continuative*), *therefore, then* (*οὖν*)*;* Mt. 27, 17. Lu. 3, 7. 6, 9. 18. 7, 32. 19, 12. Jo. 6, 41. 43. 7, 16. 28. 30. 40. 45. 47. 8, 19. 22. 9, 12. 15. 18. 24. 11, 3. 17. 31. 41. 47. 12, 4. 7. 9. 17. 28. 29. 35. 13, 28; *but, farther, also* (*δέ*); Mt. 5, 31. 37. 6, 7. 29. 8, 1. 5. 10. 16. 18. 21. 30. 9, 8. 28. 36. 11, 7. 12. 25, 38. 39. 26, 67. 71. 73. 27, 1. 7. 15. 16. 19. 45. 55. 61. 62. Mk. 1, 6. 28. 32. 2, 5. 6. 3, 32. 4, 5. 6. 5, 6. 11. 13. 6, 4. 15. 16. 7, 20. 26. 8, 1. 8. 9. 20. 28. 29. 9, 9. 25. 38. 10, 14. 32. 11, 4. 8. 12, 5. 14, 44. 15, 7. 25. 36. 39. 40. 16, 8. 9. 12. Lu. 1, 6. 8. 11. 13. 22. 24. 34. 38. 39. 56. 62. 64. 2, 1. 4. 6. 17. 47. 3, 1. 7. 11. 12. 14. 15. 21. 4, 21. 24. 38. 39. 40. 41. 42. 5, 3. 4. 8. 15. 22. 6, 30. 39. 48. 7, 1. 2. 3. 9. 12. 16. 20. 21. 24. 36. 39. 42. 43. 48. 8, 4. 9. 19. 22. 24. 25. 27. 28. 30. 32. 33. 34. 35. 36. 38. 40. 42. 45. 47. 51. 52. 9, 1. 6. 7. 8. 12. 14. 16. 19. 20. 23. 27. 28. 32. 34. 37. 41. 42. 43. 46. 49. 51. 54. 55. 57. 59. 60. 61. 62. 10, 1. 2 (?). 7. 17. 18. 30. 14, 12. 15. 25. 15, 1. 3. 11. 14. 17. 20. 22. 25. 16, 3. 14. 22. 17, 6. 7. 17. 20. 22. 18, 4. 6. 9. 15. 19. 22. 24. 26. 28. 31. 35. 36. 37. 40. 19, 8. 9. 11. 13. 16. 19. 32. 33. 36. 37. 20, 3. 9. 13. 14. 16. 23. 24. 27. 31. 39. 40. 41. 45. Jo. 6, 3. 23. 9, 20. 37. Jo. 11, 25. 37. 12, 14. 13, 25. II Cor. 8, 22. I Tim. 5, 25. Skeir. II, b. VI, d (*μέν*)*;* Phil. 1, 16; akei þan sa, *but he;* Gal. 4, 23 (*S.* jah þan, *below*)*; and now* (*καί*)*;* Lu. 8, 22; *then* (*ἄρα*)*;* I Cor. 5, 10; ei þan, biþê, *that, when* (*ἵνα ὅταν*)*;* Lu. 16, 4; *added in Goth.;* Mk. 4, 35. 8, 1. 10, 28. Lu. 2, 2. 42. 3, 16. 8, 8. 9, 43. 16, 23; *comp.* Skeir. VIII, a; *w. other particles:* iþ þan bi, *and about* (*περὶ δέ*)*;* Mt. 27, 46; jah þan (*Comp. also* (I), *above*) *then* (*οὖν*)*;* Mk. 3, 31; *and also* (*καί*)*;* Mk. 3, 6. Lu. 1, 66. 2, 35. 7, 8. 17, 3. Jo. 8, 17. 14, 3. 7. 16, 22. I Cor. 11, 21. II Tim. 3, 12; *for* (*καὶ γάρ*)*;* I Cor. 12, 14. II Cor. 2, 10; *and* (*δέ*)*;* Jo. 8, 21. 11, 42. Jo. 18, 18. I Cor. 16, 4. (*καὶ—δέ*)

Mk. 4, 36. Jo. 6, 51. 15, 27. I Tim. 3, 10; *then, and* (δὲ καί) Lu. 6, 6. II Cor. 6, 1. 12, 1. II Tim. 2, 5. *although* (καίπερ); Phil. 3, 4; -uh þan (*or* -uþ þan, *by assimilation; s. Grammar, 62, n. 3*) (γάρ); Mt. 6, 32. 9, 13. Jo. 6, 64. 8, 42. I Cor. 1, 17. Tit. 1, 7; *but, and, now* (δέ); Mt. 5, 31. 37. 6, 7. 29. 8, 5. 21. 30. 9, 17. 11, 12. 25, 38. 39. 26, 67. 27, 55. 61. Mk. 1, 6. 2, 6. 4, 5. 5, 11. 13. 7, 20. 26. 8, 9. 28. 10, 32. 12, 5. 14, 44. 15, 7. 25. 40. 16, 8. 12. Lu. 1, 6. 24. 3, 1. 5, 10. 36. 6, 7. 39. 7, 21. 48. 8, 32. 9, 8. 27. 10, 1. 7. 14, 12. 15, 1. 11. 25. 16, 1. 18, 1. 3. 4. 20, 40. Jo. 6, 4. 10. 11 (?). 71. 7, 2. 44. 9, 14. 31. 11, 1. 2. 5. 13. 18. 30. 38. 46. 12, 10. 20. 13, 23. 30. 18, 2. 5. 14. Rom. 9, 21. I Cor. 4, 7. 5, 8. 10, 29. 11, 2. 3. 21. 12, 21. 14, 23. 15, 6. 15. 16, 8. II Cor. 2, 16. 6, 15. 16. Gal. 1, 22. 2, 2. 4, 9. Eph. 4, 11. 23. 26. I Thess. 5, 14. I Tim. 1, 4. 5, 24. Skeir. II, d. III, b. c. V, a. VI, c. VII, c. VIII, b; *and* (δὲ καί); Lu. 14, 26; bijandzuþ þan, *but withal* (ἄμα δὲ καί); Philem. 22; *therefore, then* (οὖν); Lu. 10, 2. Jo. 7, 25. 8, 28. 13, 24; -uþ þan jah, *and* (μὲν οὖν καί); Lu. 3, 18; *added in Goth.;* Jo. 7, 13. I Cor. 4, 10 (*first*). 12, 21. I Thess. 5, 25. *For* sah þan, *s.* sah. [*From stem of* þata (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* ðan (ðǫn; ǫ *for* a *before the follg. nasal*), *Mdl. E.* ðan, *beside the extended* (*Cf. P., Beitr., IV, 471*) *O. E.* ðanne, ðǫnne, ðænne, *Mdl. E.* ðanne, ðǫnne, ðenne, *Mdn. E.* than, then, *O. S.* than, *O. H. G.* danne, *M. H. G.* danne, denne, *adv.* (*demonstr. and rel.*), *N. H. G.* dann (*adv.*), *then,* denn (*conj.*), *for, then* (*used expletively*), *also* '*than*' (*after a compar.*). '*but*' (*obs.; as,* nichts denn, *nothing but*), *Du.* dan, *Eff.* dann, dă (*proclitic*), *then, Lt.* tum (*S. P., Beitr., IV, 385*). *Further O. E.* ðanan (*also* ǫ *for* a, *as above*), *Mdl. E.* ðanne, ðenne (*whence* ðennes, *w. an adv.* s, *Mdn. E.* thence; *s.* hwan), *O. S.* thanan, *O. H. G.* dannana, dannân danân, *N. H. G.* (von)dannen, *adv., thence. S.* þan-ei, þan-nu, þan-uh; aþ-þan, ei-þan, ju-þan, miþ-þan, miþ-þan-ei, nauh-þan; þana-mais, þana-seiþs; þandê.]

þana, þan-ei, *acc. sing. m. of* sa, sa-ei, *q. v.*

þana-mais, *adv., further, henceforth, yet, still* (ἔτι); Mk. 5, 35. 14, 63. Lu. 16, 2. Gal. 5, 11. (τοῦ λοιποῦ) 6, 17; *w.* ni: þ. ni, *no more, no longer* (οὐκέτι); Mk. 15, 5. ni þ. (μηκέτι) Rom. 14, 13. I Thess. 3, 1. I Tim. 5, 23. — *From* þana (*from* þan *and* -a; *s. P., Beitr. IV, 385*) *and* mais, *q. v. S. follg. w.*

þana-seiþs, *adv.* (212, *n.* 1), *longer, still* (*added in Goth.*); Col. 2, 20; *w.* ni: ni þ., *no more, no longer* (οὐκέτι); Mk. 9, 8. Jo.

14, 19. 16, 10. 25. 17, 11. Gal. 2, 20. 4, 7. Skeir. I, b; niþ (= ni-h) þan þ., *th. s.* (*οὐκέτι δέ*); Lu. 20, 40. (*μηκέτι*) Mk. 11, 14. II Cor. 5, 15. Skeir. III, b; þ. ni, *th. s.* (*οὐκέτι*); Mk. 10, 8. 12, 34. Jo. 6, 66. 14, 30. 15, 15. II Cor. 1, 23; ju þ. ni, *th. s.*; Lu. 15, 19. 21. (*μηκέτι*) Mk. 9, 25. Eph. 4, 14. 17. 28; nih—þ., *th. s.* (*οὐδὲ—ἔτι*); Lu. 20, 36; ni þ. ni, *th. s.* (*οὐκέτι*); Jo. 16, 21. II Cor. 5, 16. — *From* þana (*S. prec. w.*) *and* *seiþs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

þandê (þandei), *conj.*, (1) *if* (*εἰ*); Mt. 6, 30. Jo. 5, 47. 8, 46. 13, 17. Rom. 11, 16. I Cor. 15, 12. Gal. 3, 29. (*εἰ δέ*) Gal. 4, 7. (*εἰ γάρ*) Rom. 11, 21; (2) *because, since* (*ὅτι*); Lu. 2, 30. 16, 3. Jo. 5, 38. 9, 16. I Cor. 15, 20 (*added in Goth.; s. text and note*); (3) *notwithstanding* (*πλήν*); Phil. 1. 18. Skeir. VI, d; (4) *since* (*ἐπεί*); Lu. 1, 34. (*ἕως*) Jo. 12, 35 (*S. note*). 36. (*ὡς*) Gal. 6, 10. [*Cf. O. H. G.* danta, *adv. and conj., therefore, because. Allied to O. E.* ðenden, ðendǫn, *conj. and adv., whilst, until, meanwhile. S.* þan, *also prec. w.*]

þanei, *conj.* (*S. also* **þan-ei,** *under* þana), *when* (*ὅτε*); Jo. 9, 4; jah þanei, *inasmuch as* (*ἐφ' ὅσον*); Mt. 25, 40. 45. — *From* þan *and* -ei, *q. v. Comp.* miþ-þanei.

***þanjan,** *w. v.* (187), *to stretch, in* uf-þ., *w.* sik, *to stretch one's self* (*ἐκτείνειν*); II Cor. 10, 14; *folld. by* du *w. dat.: to stretch or reach after* (*ἐπικτείνεσθαι w. dat.*); Phil. 3, 14. [*Caus. of a lost v.* *þinan (*pret.* *þan). *Cf. O. E.* ðennan (*for* *ðannjan, *by* i-*uml. and loss of* j *after a long syllable, from* ðanjan, *by gemination before* j), *Mdl. E.* ðenne, *to stretch, O. N.* þenja, *th. s., O. S.* thenian, *to set* (*a net*), *O. H. G. M. H. G.* den(n)en, *N. H. G.* dehnen, *th. s. From pre-Germanic root* ten; *comp. Gr.* τείνειν, *Skr. root* tan, *to stretch, Lt.* tendere, *to stretch, extend, direct, whence Fr.* tendre, *whence Mdl. E.* tende, *Mdn. E.* tend, *to aim at, move towards, incline, bend to; compds.:* at-tend (*short* tend), con-, dis-, ex-, in-, por-, pre-, sub-tend, *all of Lt. orig., some directly, some indirectly through the Fr.; for these and further cognates of Lt. orig., such as* tense, intense, tension, tent, intent, ostensible, ostentation, super-intendent, *s. Sk.*, tend (1). — *Allied to O. E.* þynne (*stem* þunja-, *orig.* u-*stem; s. Kl., Nom. St., p. 19*), *Mdl. E.* ðinne, *Mdn. E.* thin, *O. N.* þunnr, *O. H. G.* dunni, *M. H. G.* dünne, *N. H. G.* dünn, *Du.* dun, *Eff.* dönn, *adj., thin, Gr.* τανυ- (*in composition*), *stretched, extended, long, Skr.* tanú-, *extended, long, thin, Lt.* tenuis, *thin, slim.*]

þank; *s.* **þagks.**

þan-nu, *conj.* (218), *then, so then,*

therefore, so that, for (ἄρα); Mk. 4, 41. Rom. 10, 17. II Cor. 5, 15. Gal. 3, 29. 5, 11. (ἄραγε) Mt. 7, 20. (ἆρα) Gal. 2, 17. (ὥστε) I Cor. 5, 8. (*added in Goth.*) Mk. 14, 6. II Cor. 6, 3 (*in B*); þannu nu (ἄρα οὖν); Rom. 9, 16. 14, 12. 19. Gal. 4, 31. 6, 10. I Thess. 5, 6. (ἄρα νῦν) Rom. 8, 1. (ὥστε) I Cor. 4, 5. (λοιπὸν οὖν, *furthermore then*) I Thess. 4, 1; þannu nu jai (ἄρα οὖν); Rom. 9, 18. (μενοῦνγε) 20; þannu þan, *so then if* (ἄρα οὖν); Rom. 7, 3; þannu jah, *then also* (ἄρα καί); I Cor. 15, 18. — *From* þan *and* nu, *q. v.*

þans, *acc. pl. m. of* sa, *q. v.*

þan-uh, *adv. and conj.* (218) (*For the pron.* þanuh, *acc. sing. m., s.* sah), (1) *adv., then* (τότε); Mt. 8, 26. 9, 6. 14. 29. 37. 11, 20. 25, 41. 44. 45. 26, 3. 67. 74. 27, 3. 9. 13. 58. Lu. 14, 10. 21. Jo. 8, 28. 12, 16. 16, 25 (ὅτε; *s. Bernh.*, Mt. 27, 57, *note*). I Cor. 15, 54. I Thess. 5, 3; þanuh jah, *then also* (τότε καί); Jo. 7, 10. Col. 3, 4. þanuþ (*for* þanuh; *s. Grammar, 62, n. 3*) þan, *th. s.* (τότε καί); I Cor. 15, 28; þanuh þan, *then, then therefore* (τότε οὖν); Jo. 11, 14. 19, 1. (τότε μέν) Jo. 11, 6. (2) *conj.* (*continuative*): *but* (δέ); Mt. 9, 32. Mk. 4, 29. Lu. 8, 54. 9, 12. 13. 10, 28. 15, 28. Jo. 6, 12. 18, 28. I Cor. 15, 28; *and* (καί); Mt. 9, 2 (καὶ ἰδού, *and behold; s.* þaruh). Mk. 10, 13. I Cor. 14, 25. Skeir. VII, d; *therefore, then* (οὖν); Mk. 12, 6. Jo. 6, 13. 34. 52. 60. 68. 7, 3. 11. 33. 43. 8, 13. 21. 31. 41. 52. 57. 59. 9, 8. 10. 25. 10, 7. 19. 24. 11, 12. 16. 21. 33. 38. 45. 12, 19. 13, 22. 18, 24. 19, 13. Skeir. VII, d; — *added in Goth.*; Jo. 9, 28 (*S. note*). 13, 36. 18, 38; — þanuh þan, *when* (ὅτε δέ); Mt. 9, 25; *or* þanuþ þan (ὅταν δέ); I Cor. 15, 54. þanuh þan swêþauh, *nevertheless* (ὅμως μέντοι); Jo. 12, 42. — *From* þan *and* -uh, *q. v.*

þanz-ei (78), *acc. pl. m. of* sa-ei (*q. v.*).

þar, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), *there* (ἐκεῖ); Mk. 6, 10. Lu. 9, 4. [*Allied to O. E.* ðǽr (=*Goth.* *þêr), *Mdl. E.* ðêr, ðâr, *Mdn. E.* there, *O. N.* þar, *O. S.* thâr, *O. H. G.* dâr, *M. H. G.* dâr, dâ, *N. H. G.* dar (*in* darin, *therein*, darum, *for that reason, etc.*), da, *Du.* daar, *Eff.* dǫ̂, *there. From stem of* þata (*q. v.*) *and locative suff.* -r (*as in* hêr, hvar, *q. v.*). *S.* þar-ei, þar-uh.

þara, *pr. n.*, Θάρα; *gen.* -ins; Lu. 3, 34.

þarba, *f., want, need* (ὑστέρησις; *plur.* þarbôs, ὑστέρημα); II Cor. 8, 14. 11, 9. Phil. 4, 11; þarba þulan, *to suffer need* (ὑστερεῖσθαι); Phil. 4, 12. [*From root of* þarbs, þaúrban, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ðearf (ea *from* a, *by breaking before* rf), *f., Mdl. E.* ðarf, ðerf, *need, benefit, trouble,*

hardship, O. N. þǫrf, *O. S.* tharf, *O. H. G.* darba, *f., want, need. S.* *þarban *and follg. w., also* ala-þarba.]

þarba, *m., a needy one, pauper* (*πτωχός*); Mk. 10, 21. Jo. 12, 5. 6; *w. gen.* (*χρείαν ἔχων w. gen.*); Lu. 9, 11. [*Prop. weak form of* þarbs (*q. v.*) *used as subst. Cf. O. E.* ðearfa, *m., a needy one, pauper, beggar. S. prec. and follg. w.*]

***þarban,** *w. v., to suffer want, in* ga-þ., *w. gen.: to obstain from* (*ἀπέχεσθαι w. gen.*); I Tim. 4, 3; *w.* sik, *to be temperate with regard to* (*ἐγκρατεύεσθαι w. acc.*); I Cor. 9, 25 (*S. note*). [*From stem of* þarbs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* (ʒe)ðearfian, *to be in need, want, O. S.* tharbôn, *O. H. G.* darbên, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* darben, *th. s. S.* þarba, þaúrban.]

þarbs, *adj., necessary* (*ἀναγκαῖος*); Phil. 2, 25 (*S. note*). [*From Germanic root* þerf (þerb), *Idg.* terp (*S. Fst.*, þarbs). *From the same root comes O. S.* bi-therbi, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* bi-derbi (=*Goth.* *bi-þarbs, bi (*q. v.*) *having its original accent*), *useful, honest, upright, N. H. G.* bieder, *adj., honest, upright. S.* þarba, *þarban, þaúrban, *þaúrbs, þaúrfts.]

þar-ei, *adv., where* (*ὅπου*); Mt. 6, 19. 20. 21. Mk. 2, 4. 4, 5. 15. 5, 40. 9, 44. 46. 48. 14, 14. 16, 6. Lu. 17, 37. Jo. 6, 23. 7, 34. 46. 42. 10, 40. 11, 30. 32. 12, 1. 26. 14, 3. 17, 24. 18, 1. 20. Col. 3, 11. (*οὗ*) Lu. 4, 16. 17. Jo. 11, 41. Rom. 9, 26. II Cor. 3, 17. Col. 3, 1. [*From* þar *and* -ei, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* dâr-î (=*Goth.* *þêr-ei).]

þarihs, *adj.* (20, *n.* 1), *not yet fulled, new* (*ἄγναφος*); Mt. 9, 26 (*S. note*). [*According to L. M.* (*p. 45*), *possibly allied to Gr. τραχύς, adj., rough, hard.*]

þar-uh, *adv. and conj.* (218), (1) *adv., there* (*ἐκεῖ*); Mt. 6, 21. Mk. 16, 7. II Cor. 3, 17. (*ἐκεῖ καί*) Jo. 12, 26. (2) *adv., and* (*καί*); Jo. 7, 45. 9, 2. Skeir. III, a. VIII, a; *behold* (*ἰδού*); Mt. 9, 18. (*καὶ ἰδού, and behold*) Mt. 9, 3. Lu. 2, 25; þaruh sai, *and behold;* Lu. 7, 12. 37; *but, and* (*δέ*); Mk. 10, 20. 24. 14, 64. 16, 6. Lu. 3, 13. 4, 43. 5, 34. 6, 8. 10. 7, 43. 8, 30. 46. 52. 9, 42. 10, 26. 14, 16. 15, 27. 29. 31. 16, 6. Jo. 6, 20. 18, 15. 18; þaruh þan, *but* (*δέ*); Lu. 8, 23; *then so* (*οὖν*); Jo. 6, 5. 10. 14. 19. 21. 24. 28. 32. 53. 67. 7, 6. 35. 8, 25. 11, 36. 12, 2. 16, 17. 18, 6. 11. 12. 16. 17. 25. 27. 29. 31. 37. 19, 5. 6. 10; *added in Goth.;* Jo. 13, 37. 14, 3. 5. 9. 22. 16, 29. 18, 5. — *From* þar *and* -uh, *q. v.*

þata, *nom. sing. n. of* sa, *q. v.* [*From stem* þa-t- *and an additional particle* -a (*from Germanic* -ô; *as in the acc. sing.* þan-a (*below*), in-a (*S.* is), hwan-a (*S.* hwas), *which caused*

the retention of the originally final t (*Comp.* hwa *from* *hwat, *O. E.* hwæt, *Lt.* quod, *etc.; s.* hwas; *comp. also* þanamais, þana-seiþs). *Goth.* þata(*For nom. sing. m.* sa, *f.* sô, *s.* sa) *and its corresponding Germanic cognates inflect* thus: *sing. m. gen.* þis, *dat.* þamma, *acc.* þana, *fem. gen.* þizôs, *dat.* þizai, *acc.* þô, *neut. nom.* þata, *gen.* þis, *dat.* þamma, *acc.* þata, *instr.* þê, *plur. m. nom.* þai, *gen.* þizê, *dat.* þaim, *acc.* þans, *fem. nom.* þôs, *gen.* þizô, *dat.* þaim. *acc.* þôs, *neut. nom.* þô, *gen.* þizê, *dat.* þaim, *acc.* þô; *O. E. sing. m. gen.* ðæs, *dat.* ðǣm (ðâm), *acc.* ðǫne, *fem. gen. and dat.* ðǣre, *acc.* ðâ, *neut. nom. acc.* ðæt, *gen.* ðæs, *dat.* ðǣm (ðâm), *instr.* ðȳ (ðǫn, ðan), *plur.* (*for all genders*) *nom. acc.* ðâ, *gen.* ðâra (ðǣra), *dat.* ðǣm (ðâm); *Mdl. E. sing. m. gen.* þes, *dat.* ðam, ðan, ðen, *acc.* ðane, ðǫne, ðené, *fem. gen. dat.* ðêre, ðâre, *acc.* ðâ, ðô, *neut. nom. acc.* ðæt, ðet, ðat, *gen.* ðæs, ðes, *dat.* ðam, ðan, *plur.* (*for all genders*) *nom.* ðâ, ðô, *gen.* ðâre, ðǣre, ðêre, *dat.* ðâm, ðân, ðǫn; *Mdn. E.* that, *pron. and conj.; O. N. sing. m. gen.* ðess, *dat.* ðeim, *acc.* ðann, *fem. gen.* ðeir(r)ar, *dat.* ðeir(r)e, -i, *acc.* ðá, *neut. nom.* ðat, *gen.* ðess, *dat.* ðví, ðvé, ðí, *acc.* ðat, *plur. m. nom.* ðeir, *gen.* ðeir(r)a, *dat.* ðeim, *acc.* ðá, *fem. nom. acc.* ðǽr, *gen.* ðeir(r)a, *dat.* ðeim. *neut. nom. acc.* ðau, *gen.* ðeir(r)a, *dat.* ðeim; (*To O. N.* ðeir, ðeirra, ðeim, *refer, respectively, Mdl. E.* ðai, ðair, ðeȝm, *Mdn. E.* they, their, them (*Comp. Sk.*, they)); *O. S. sing. m. nom.* ðê, ðie, *gen.* ð(i)es, *dat.* ðem(u), -o, ðiem, *acc.* ðena, ðana, *fem. nom.* ðiu(-ia), *gen.* ðera, -o, -u, *dat.* ðero, -u, -a, *acc.* ðia, -ie, *neut. nom. acc.* ðat., *gen.* ð(i)es, *dat.* ðem(u), -o, ðiem, *instr.* ðiu, *plur. m. nom. acc.* ðie, -ea, *gen.* (*for all genders*) ðero, *dat.* (*for all genders*), ðêm, ðiem, *fem. nom. acc.* ðia, -ie, *neut. nom. acc.* ðiu; *O. H. G. sing. m. nom.* der (*the* r *by influence of* er, *from the correlative use* er—der), (thie, *from* thê), *gen.* des, *dat.* demu, -o, *acc.* den, *fem. nom.* diu, *gen.* derâ, -u, -o, *dat.* deru, -o, *acc.* dea, dia, (die), *neut. nom. acc.* daȝ, *gen.* des, *dat.* demu, demo, *instr.* diu, *plur. m. nom. acc.* dê, dea, dia, die, *f.*, deo, dio, *neut.* diu, (dei), *gen.* (*for all genders*) dero, *dat.* (*for all genders*) dêm, dên, (deam, dien), *M. H. G. sing. m. nom.* der, *gen.* des, *dat.* dem(e), *acc.* den, *fem. nom.* diu, *gen. dat.* der(e), *acc.* die, *neut. nom. acc.* daȝ, *gen.* des, *dat.* dem(e), *instr.* diu, *plur. m. f. nom. acc.* die, *neut.* diu, *gen.* (*for all genders*) der(e), *dat.* (*for all genders*) den, *N. H. G. sing. nom.* der, *gen.* des, *dat.* dem, *acc.* den, *fem. nom. acc.* die, *gen. dat.* der, *neut. nom.*

acc. das (*etymologically identical w.* dass, *conj.*), *gen.* des, *dat.* dem., *plur.* (*for all genders*) *nom. acc.* die, *gen.* der, *dat.* den. *Eff. nom. sing.* dĕ (*the quality of* e=a *in E.* that), *m.*, de (e=ey *in E.* they), *f.*, dat, *n.*, *nom. acc. plur.* (*for all genders*) de, *dat.* dæne. *Furthermore, comp. Gr.* τό, *neut. of* ὅ, *the Lt.* -te, -ta, -tud, *in* iste, ista, istud, *that, Skr.* tat, *it, that.* — *O. E.* sĕ, sêo, *are sometimes replaced by* ðĕ, ðêo. *This* ðĕ *was commonly used as an indeclinable relative, and in various positions; in Mdl. E. it is chiefly used as a def. art., whence Mdn. E.* the (*art.*). — *Here belong also O. E. nom. sing.* ðes, *m.*, ðêos, *fem.* ðis, *neut., instr.* ðŷs, ðîs (*whence prob. Mdl. E.* thus, *Mdn. E.* thus), *plur.* ðâs (*for all genders*), *Mdl. E.* ðes, ðus, ðis, *m.*, ðêos, ðîes, ðês, *f.*, ðis, ðus, *n.*, *plur.* (*for all genders*) ðâs, ðæs, ðes, ðêos, ðêse, ðise, ðuse, ðus, *Mdn. E. sing.* this, *plur.* these, those (*Comp. Sk.*, this), *O. N. sing.* sjá, ðesse, -i, *m.*, sjá, ðesse, -i, *f.*, ðetta, *neut., plur.* ðesser, -ir, *m.*, ðessar, *f.*, ðesse, -i, *n.*, *O. S. sing.* ðese, *m.*, ðius, *f.*, ðit, *n., plur.* ðesa, -e, *m. and f.*, ðius, *n., O. H. G. sing.* desê, desêr, *m.*, desiu, disiu (thisu), *f.*, diz, *n., plur.* dese, *m.*, deso, *f.*, desiu, disiu (thisu), *n., M. H. G. sing.* dirre, *m.*, disiu, *f.*, ditze, diz, diȝ, *neut., plur.* dise, *m. f.*, disiu, *n., N. H. G. sing.* dieser, *m.*, diese, *f.*, dieses, *n., plur.* diese (*for all genders*). *Concerning the formation of this prn. by adding the particle* -se, -si, *to the pronominal stem, etc., s. the grammars of Sievers, Noreen, Braune, Paul. Comp. also Sievers, 'Strong inflection of the adj.', Beitr., II, 98.* — *For further cognates from stem* þa-, *s.* þadei, þan, þandê, þanei, þanuh, þar, þarei, þaruh, þataƕah, þatei, þatuh, þaþrô, þaþrôei, þaþrôh, þau, þáuh, þê, þei, *þis, *and follg. w.*]

þat-ain, *that one, one thing* (ἕν); Jo. 9, 25; *that only, this only;* Gal. 3, 2; ni þatain—ak jah, *not only—but also* (οὐ μόνον—ἀλλὰ καί); I Tim. 5, 13. Skeir. I, d; *so elliptically:* ni þatain, ak jah, *not only* (*that*), *but also* (οὐ μόνον ἀλλὰ καί); Rom. 9, 10. II Cor. 8, 19. — *From* þata (*the final* a *being apocopated before the follg. vowel*) *and the nom. sing. of* ains, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

þat-ain-ei, *adv., only* (μόνον); Mt. 5, 47. 8, 8. 9, 21. 10, 42. Mk. 5, 36. Lu. 8, 50. I Cor. 15, 19. Gal. 1, 23. 2, 10. Phil. 1, 27. Skeir. I, b (þatainê in MS); *added in Goth.;* Mt. 10, 28; jan ni (*for* jah ni; *s. remarks under* jah) þatainei, *and not only;* Gal. 4, 18; þatainei ibai, *only not* (μόνον μή); Gal. 5, 13; ni þatainei—ak jah, *not only—but also* (οὐ μόνον — ἀλλὰ καί);

Rom. 9, 24. 12, 17. 13, 5. II Cor. 7, 7. 8, 10. 21. 9, 12. Eph. 1, 21. Phil. 1, 29. 2, 27. II Tim. 2, 20. 4, 8; ni þatainei-ak; Skeir. IV, d (*S. note*). V, c. VII, b. — *From* þat-ain *and* -ei, *q. v.*

þatalwah, *nom. sing. n. of* salwazuh, *q. v.*

þat-ei, (I) *nom. acc. sing. n. of* sa-ei (*q. v.*). (II) *conj.* (218), (1) *that* (ὅτι, *once for* εἰ; I Cor. 7, 16; *s. note*). — *It occurs after verbs of saying, thinking, knowing, perceiving* (*seeing, hearing, etc.*), *and the like, chiefly w. indic.; like* ὅτι, *it often introduces a direct discourse—;* Mt. 5, 20–23. 27. 28. 31. 32. 33. 38. 43. 6, 5. 16. 29. 32. 7, 23. 8, 11. 9, 6. 18. 28. 10, 34. 11, 24. 26, 2. 72. 74. 75. 27, 3. 18. 43. 47. 63. Mk. 1, 15. 37. 40. 2, 1. 8. 10. 12. 16. 3, 11. 21. 22. 28. 5, 23. 28. 29. 35. 6, 4. 14. 15. 16. 18. 23. 7, 6. 20. 8, 24. 31. 9, 1. 11. 13. 25. 26. 31. 10, 33. 42. 47. 11, 3. 17. 24. 32. 12, 6. 7. 12. 14. 19. 26. 28. 29. 32. 34. 35. 13, 28. 29. 14, 14. 58. 69. 71. 72. 15, 10. 39. 16, 11. Lu. 1, 25. 29 (*added*). 45. 61. 2, 11. 23. 3, 8. 4, 4. 10. 12. 21. 24. 25. 41. 43. 5, 24. 26. 36. 6, 5. 7, 4. 16. 22. 37. 39. 8, 20. 47. 49. 53. 9, 7. 8. 19. 22. 10, 11. 12. 24. 14, 24. 30. 15, 2. 7. 27. 17, 10. 34 (*added*). 18, 8. 29. 37. 19, 7. 9. 22. 26. 31. 40. 42. 43 (*S. note*). 46. 20, 5. 19. 21. 37. Jo. 5, 36. 45. 6, 14. 15. 22. 24. 36. 42. 61. 65. 69. 7, 7. 12. 26. 42. 52. 8, 17. 24. 27. 28. 33. 34. 37. 45. 48. 52. 54. 55. 9, 8. 9. 17—20. 24. 29—32. 35. 41. 10, 7. 36. 38. 41. 11, 6. 13. 20. 24. 27. 31. 40. 42. 12, 9. 12. 16. 19. 34. 13, 19. 21. 29. 14, 10. 11. 20. 31. 16, 4. 15. 19. 23. 27. 30. 17, 8. 21. 23. 25. 18, 2. 6. 8. 14. 19, 4. 10. Rom. 7, 1. 14. 16. 18. 8, 36. 38. 9, 2. 12. 30. 10, 2. 5. 9. 13, 11. 14, 11. 14. I Cor. 1, 15. 5, 6. 7, 26. 9, 24. 10, 1. 19. 11, 3. 23. 12, 15. 16. 14, 21. 23. 25. 15, 4. 5. 12. 15. 27. 58. 16, 12. 15. II Cor. 1, 7. 12. 2, 3. 3, 3. 4, 14. 5, 1. 6. 15. 6, 16. 7, 3. 8. 8, 2. 9. 10, 11. 11, 21. 31. 12, 4. 13, 2. 5. 6. Gal. 1, 23. 2, 7. 14. 16. 4, 13. 15. 22. 5, 2. 3. 10. 21. Eph. 2, 11. 5, 5. 6, 9. Phil. 1, 16. 25. 27. 2, 22. 4, 15. Col. 3, 24. 4, 1. 13. I Thess. 3, 3. 4. 6. 4, 14. 15. 5, 2. I Tim. 1, 8. 9. 15. 4, 1. 6, 7. II Tim. 1, 5. 15. 2, 23. 3, 15. Philem. 19. 21. Skeir. I, b. II, c. III, c. VI, b. c. VII, d. VIII, a. d; (2) *causal.: because, for, that* (ὅτι = *Lt. quod*); Lu. 2, 49. 4, 36. Jo. 6, 26. 10, 33. 14, 19. 15, 5. 16, 9. 10. 11. 17. Gal. 4, 6. Skeir. V, a. — ni þatei *w. opt.: not that, not because, not as, though* (οὐχ ὅτι); Jo. 6, 46. 7, 22. (I Cor. 10, 20). II Cor. 1, 24. 3, 5. Phil. 3, 12. 4, 11. 17. II Thess. 3, 9. Skeir. IV, b. (μή) I Cor. 9, 9; niba þatei, *except, but* (εἰ μὴ ὅτι); II Cor. 12, 13. Eph. 4, 9. (εἰ μή *w. inf.*) Rom. 13, 8; niba þau þatei, *th. s.* (εἰ μήτι);

Lu. 9, 13. — (3) *w. prep.:* afar þatei *w. a finite v.* (*μετὰ τό w. inf.*); Mk. 1, 14; *w. inf.;* Skeir. VII, c; bi þatei *w. a finite v.* (*διὰ τό w. inf.*); Lu. 19, 11; und þatei; *s.* und. — *From* þata *and* -ei, *q. v. Comp.* þammei, þizei, *also prec. and follg. w.*

þat-ist (*for* **þata-ist**), *that is to say, that is* (*τοῦτ' ἔστιν*); Mk. 7, 2. Rom. 7, 18. 9, 8. 10, 6. 7. 8. Philem. 12; *this is* (*τοῦτο ἐστιν*); Jo. 6, 29. (*οὗτος*): Rom. 9, 9. (*αὕτη ἐστιν*); I Cor. 9, 3. — *From* þata *and 3d pers. sing. ind. of* wisan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þat-uh, *nom. acc. sing. n. of* sah, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þaþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), (1) *local: thence* (*ἐντεῦθεν*); Lu. 4, 9. 29 (*added*). Jo. 7, 3. 14, 31. 18, 36; (2) *temporal: afterwards, then* (*ἔπειτα*); Gal. 1, 21. 2, 1 (*in B,* þaþrôh *in A*). Skeir. VI, d. þaþrô þan (*added*), *then* (*ἔπειτα*); I Thess. 4, 17; *henceforth* (*λοιπόν*); II Tim. 4, 8 (*in B,* þaþrôh *in A*). — *From stem of* þata (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þrô (*S. Osth., M. U., II, p. 13*). *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þaþrô-ei, *rel. adv.: from whence* (*ἐξ οὗ*); Phil. 3, 20. — *From* þaþrô *and* -ei, *q. v.*

þaþrô-h, *adv.* (213, *n.* 1), (1) *local: thence* (*ἐκεῖθεν*); Lu. 9, 4. Skeir. III, a. (2) *temporal: since that time, afterward, then* (*εἶτα*); Mk. 4, 17. 28. 8, 25. Lu. 8, 12. I Tim. 2, 13. (*ἔπειτα*) I Cor. 15, 6. (*ἀπὸ τότε*) Lu. 16, 16. (*καί*) Lu. 4, 9; *henceforth* (*λοιπόν*); II Tim. 4, 8 (*in A,* þaþrô, *in B*). þaþrôh þan (þaþrôþ þan; *concerning* þ *for* h *before* þ, *s. Grammar, 62, n. 3*), *th. s.* (*ἔπειτα*); Mk. 7, 5. Lu. 16, 7. Jo. 11, 7. I Cor. 15, 7 (*S. note*). 23. (*οὖν*) Jo. 18, 7. (*εἶτα*) I Cor. 15, 24. (*καὶ πάλιν*) I Cor. 7, 5. II Cor. 8, 5 (*in A,* þaþrô þan *in B*). — *From* þaþrô *and* -h, *for* -uh, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

þau (þau-h, *from* þau *and* -h, *for* -uh, *q. v.;* Mk. 10, 15. 13, 20. Jo. 11, 32. II Cor. 13, 5 *in B; s.* (b), *below*), *conj. and adv.* (216), (1) *conj.,* (a) *after a compar.: than* (*ἤ; comp. also* Mt. 5, 20. Mk. 14, 5. Lu. 18, 14. Rom. 12, 3. I Cor. 15, 6. Eph. 3, 20); Mt. 11, 24. Mk. 6, 11. 10, 25. Lu. 5, 23. 10, 12. 14. 16, 17. 18, 25. Rom. 13, 11. I Cor. 7, 9. Gal. 4, 27. I Tim. 1, 4. II Tim. 3, 4. (*ἤπερ*) Jo. 12, 43; *also after a positive standing for the compar.:* gôþ þus ist-þau (*καλόν σοί ἐστιν-ἤ*); Mk. 9, 43. 45. 47; *and* swa-þau (*οὕτως-ἤ*), *likewise-(more) than;* Lu. 15, 7; (b) *introducing the second part of a disjunctive interrogation: or* (*ἤ*); Mt. 9, 5. 27, 17. Mk. 2, 9. Lu. 6, 9. Jo. 9, 2. 18, 34; þau–uh, *or* (*ἤ*): Mt. 11, 3. Mk. 11, 30. Lu. 20, 4; þau-u, *th. s.;* Lu. 7, 19. 20. Jo. 7, 17. Gal. 3, 2. 5; þau niu, *or not* (*ἢ μή*); Mk. 12, 14. (*ἢ οὐ*) Lu. 20, 22; *the first question is*

occasionally not expressed, but is to be supplied from the preceding context: or, or rather; I Cor. 9, 6; þau niu, *or not* (ἢ ἀ-); Rom. 7, 1. (ἢ οὐ) 9, 21. II Cor. 13, 5 (*in A*, þáuh *in B*); (c) *after an interrog. pron.: then, in that case, or remains untranslated in E.:* hvarjis þau *w. opt.: which should, etc.* (τίς ἄν *w. opt.*); Lu. 9, 46; duhvê þau, *why then* (τί καί); I Cor. 15, 29. 30; (d) *concessive: though; so only once;* Jo. 11, 25 (þáuh -ba-, κἄν; *s. note, also Bzb., p. 68*). (2) *adv.: untranslatable in English; it is expressed in the 'should', 'would' or 'might' of the verb; so mostly corresponding to Gr.* ἄν: niba þau, *except* (εἰ μήτι ἄν); I Cor. 7, 5; niba þau þatei *w. opt.: except we should, etc.* (εἰ μήτι *w. subj.*); Lu. 9, 13; ei þau *w. opt.: that they might, etc.* (ἵνα κἄν *w. subj.*); Mk. 6, 56; (aíþ-þau) waíla þau *w. opt.:* (*if otherwise*) *yet* (κἄν *w. indic.*); II Cor. 11, 16; ni þau (*in B, for the correct* ni nauh *in A*); Phil. 3, 13 (*S. note*); þau *occurs very often in the apodosis of a conditional sentence,* (a) ni þau *w. pres. indic.* (οὐδέ *w. fut. indic.*); Mt. 6, 15. Mk. 11, 26. (οὐ μή *w. aor. subj.*) Mt. 5, 20. Mk. 10, 15; (b) þau *w. pret. subj.* (ἄν *w. imperf. indic.*); Lu. 7, 39. 17, 6. Jo. 5, 46. 8, 19. 42; *so* ni þau; Jo. 9, 41. I Cor. 11, 31. (οὐκ ἄν *w. aor. indic.*) Jo. 11, 21. (οὐκ ἄν *w. aor. indic.*) Mk. 13, 20. Jo. 11, 32. 18, 30; *so* þau (ἄν); Lu. 10, 13. Rom. 9, 29; *comp.* Skeir. I, c; (c) þau, *then* (ἄρα; *the copula being understood*); I Cor. 15, 14. [*Cf. O. E.* ðêah (=*Goth.* þáuh), *Mdl. E.* ðêh, ðôh (*by influence of O. N.* þó, *contr. from* þáuh; *s. Nor., 91; 217*), *Mdn. E.* though *Compd.* although, *Mdl. E.* al ðôh; al *in the sense of 'even'* (*Sk.*); *s.* alls), *O. S.* thoh (thôh?), *adv.: yet, conj.: although, O. H. G.* doh (*from* dôh), *M. H. G.* doch, *th. s., N. H. G.* doch, *conj.: yet, however. From stem of* þata? (*q. v. Comp. Kl.*, doch; *Fst.*, þáuh; *P., Beitr., IV, 385*). *For* -h, *s.* -uh. *Comp.* swê-þáuh *and follg. w., also* aíþþau.]

þáuh-jabai (-jaba), *conj.* (218), *even if, though* (εἰ καί); I Cor. 7, 21. II Cor. 4, 16. (*etsi*) Skeir. IV, c.

þaúrban, *pret.-pres. v.* (199), *to need, want, lack,* (*usually* χρείαν ἔχειν), (1) *abs.* (*to have need*); Mk. 2, 25. Eph. 4, 28. (2) *w. gen.:* Mt. 6, 8. 32 (χρήζειν). 9, 12. 26, 65. Mk. 2, 17. 14, 63. Lu. 5, 31. 15, 7. Jo. 13, 29. I Cor. 12, 21. II Cor. 3, 1 (χρῄζειν). I Thess. 4, 12; *or inf.;* Lu. 14, 18 (ἀνάγκην ἔχειν). I Thess. 4, 9; *or a dependent clause introduced by* ei *w. opt.* (ἵνα *w. subj.*); Jo. 16, 30. (*or inf.,* γράφεσθαι) I Thess. 5, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* (be)ðurfan (*Concern-*

ing the relation of the f *to the Goth.* b, *s. Goth. Grammar, 56, n. 3*), *Mdl. E.* (be)ðurfe, *to have need, want, O. N.* þurfa, *O. S.* thurban, *to have reason or cause,* bi-th., *to need, want, O. H. G.* (bi)durfan, *to have need, to want, lack, M. H. G.* dürfen, durfen, *to have reason or cause, to need, want, dare, be permitted,* be-d., *to need, want, N. H. G.* dürfen, *to dare, be permitted, compd.* bedürfen (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to want, need, lack, require. From root of* þarbs, *q. v. Comp.* þarba, *þarban, *þaúrbs, þaúrfts.]

***þaúrbs,** *adj., in* **ga-þaúrbs,** *q. v. — From root of* þaúrban, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

þaúrfts, *adj., needy, necessary (ἀναγκαῖος);* I Cor. 12, 22; *compar.* þaúrftôzô; Phil. 1, 24; *folld. by* du *w. dat.: profitable for (ὠφέλιμος πρός w. acc.);* II Tim. 3, 16. [*From root of* þaúrban *and suff.* -ta. *Cf. O. H. G.* *durft, *M. H. G.* durft, *adj., necessary, whence O. H. G.* durftî *w. Germanic suff.* -în), *M. H. G.* dürfte, *f., need, want. S. prec. and follg. w., also* naudi-þaúrfts.]

þaúrfts, *f.* (56, *n.* 4; 103), *need, necessity (χρεία);* Lu. 19, 34. Phil. 2, 25. (*ἀνάγκη*) I Cor. 7, 26; þaúrft gataujan sis, *to do profit to one's self, to be advantaged (ὠφελεῖσθαι);* Lu. 9, 25; þôei du þaúrftai ni faírrinnand, *which are not convenient (ἃ οὐκ ἀνῆκεν);* Eph. 5, 4. [*From root of* þaúrban (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. N.* þurft, þyrft, *f., need, want, O. S.* thurft, *f., necessity, O. H. G. M. H. G.* durft, *whence O. N.* þurftugr, *O. S.* thurftîg, *O. H. G.* durftîg, *M. H. G.* durftic, dürftic, *N. H. G.* dürftig, *adj., needy, poor. Comp. prec. w.*]

þaúrneins, *adj., thorny, of thorns (ἀκάνθινος);* Mk. 15, 17. Jo. 19, 5. [*From stem of* þaúrnus (*q. v., the stem-vowel* u *being suppressed*) *and Germanic suff.* -îna. *Cf. O. E.* þyrnen (y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *Mdl. E.* ðornen (o *by influence of* ðorn; *s.* þaúrnus), *O. H. G.* durnîn, *M. H. G.* dürnîn, *N. H. G.* dörnen, *usually* dornen (*by influence of* dorn).]

þaúrnus, *m.* (105), *thorn (ἄκανθα);* Mt. 7, 16. Mk. 4, 7. 18. Lu. 6, 44. 8, 7. 14. Jo. 19, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* ðǫrn, *m., Mdl. E.* ðǫrn, *Mdn. E.* thorn, *O. N.* þorn, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* dorn, *m., Du.* doorn, *Eff.* ǫen (ǫe *from* ǫ *before* r *which was dropped before certain consonants*), *m., thorn, Skr.* tṛna, *a spire of grass, O. Bulg.* trŭnŭ, *thorn. S. prec. w.*]

þaúrp, *n., field (ἀγρός);* Neh. 5, 16.• [*Cf. O. E.* ðǫrp, *n., village, Mdl. E.* ðǫrp, *Mdn. E.* thorp, *a small village, now chiefly used in names of places; so also in the form of* thrǫp (*by metathesis*), *O. N.* þorp, *a farm, O. S.* thorp, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* dorf

(*whence* dorfære, *w. suff.* -ære, *m., an inhabitant of a village, beside* dörpære, dörper, dörpel, *and* törper, törpel, *rustic, dunce, N. H. G.* tölpel, *m., dolt, blockhead*), *N. H. G.* dorf, *n., Du.* dorp, *Eff.* dörp, *n., village. Allied to Lith.* troba, *f., house, dwelling. Etymology doubtful; s. Kl.*, dorf; *Sk.*, thorp.]

þaúrsjan, *w. v., to thirst* (*διψῆν*), *lit. 'to be dry'; impers.* (þaúrseiþ mik, *I thirst, διψῶ*); Jo. 6, 35. 7, 37. Rom. 12, 20 (*sc.* fijand þeinana); *once pers., in pret. partic. pl.* þaúrsidai (*sc.* sijum), *we are thirsty, we thirst* (*διψῶμεν*); I Cor. 4, 11. — *Compd.* af-þ., *only in pass.:* afþaúrsiþs was, *I was thirsty* (*ἐδίψησα*); Mt. 25, 42; afþaúrsidana, *thirsty* (*διψῶντα*); Mt. 25, 44. — *From* þaúrsus, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***þaúrsnan,** *w. v.* (32), *to become dry, in* ga-þaúrsnan, *to dry up, wither away* (*ξηραίνεσθαι*); Mk. 4, 6. 5, 29. 11, 21. Lu. 8, 6. Jo. 15, 6. [*From* þaúrsus, *q. v. Cf. O. N.* þorna, *to become dry. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

þaúrstei, *f.* (32; 113), *thirst* (*δίψος*); II Cor. 11, 27. [*From* *þaúrsts (*not found*) *and suff.* -ein. *Cf. O. N.* þorsti, *m., thirst. The Germanic adj.* *þursts *refers to root* þurs (*Goth.* þaúrs, *in pret. partic.* þaúrsans; *s.* þaírsan, *also* þaúrsus) *and suff.* -ta. *Stem* þurs- *is further seen in O. E.* ðurst (*w. orig. suff.* -tu), ðyrst (*w. suff.* -ti; *hence* y *for* u), *Mdl. E.* ðurst, ðirst, *Mdn. E.* thirst, *O. S.* thurst, *m., O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* durst, *m., Du.* dorst, *Eff.* dŭesch (*Concerning* ue *from* u *before* r, *comp. remark under* þaúrnus), *m., thirst; der.: O. E.* dyrstan, *Mdl. E.* ðurste, ðirste, *Mdn. E.* thirst, *O. S.* thurstian, *O. N.* þyrsta, *O. H. G.* dursten, *M. H. G.* dursten, dürsten, *N. H. G.* dursten, dürsten, *to thirst, be thirsty; further O. E.* ðurstiȝ (*w. suff.* -iȝ), *thirsty, greedy, desirous, Mdl. E.* ðursti, ðristi (*by metathesis*), *Mdn. E.* thirsty, *O. H. G.* dursteg, *M. H. G.* durstec, *N. H. G.* durstig, *adj., thirsty. — Comp.* þaúrsjan *and* *þaúrsnan.]

þaúrsus, *adj.* (32, 131), *dry, withered, dried up* (*ἐξηραμμένος*) Mk. 11, 20. (*ξηρός*) Lu. 6, 6. 8. [*From root of* *þaírsan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* dyr (*for* dyrr; y *from the inflected cases, where it is* i-*uml. of* u; rr *from* rz; *s.* aírzeis), *O. N.* þurr (*O. Swed.* þörr, *w.* i-*uml.*), *O. S.* thurri, *dry, arid, O. H. G.* durri, *M. H. G.* durre, *dry, withered, meager, N. H. G.* dürr, *adj., dry, withered, lean, Skr.* tṛšús, *greedy, thirsting* (*Comp. O. E.* ðurs--t-iȝ, *thirsty, greedy, desirous; s. under* þaúrstei), *Lt.* torr- in torrere, *to dry, roast. — Ders.: O. E.* ðyrran, *to dry, render dry* (=*N. H. G.* dörren, *th. s.; al-*

lied to O. S. thorrôn (*intr.* = *Goth.* *þaúrzan), *to wither, decay, O. H. G.* dorrên, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* dorren (*intr.*), *to dry. Comp.* þaúrsjan, *þaúrsnan.]

þê, *in phrase* ni þê haldis, *not the more so, by no means;* Skeir. IV, d. [*Instr. of* þata, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ðý (*North.* ðý, ðê. *Concerning the vowel, s. P., Beitr., VI, 215 et seq.*), *Mdl. E.* ðî, ðê, *Mdn. E.* the (*as,* the more, the longer, *etc.*), *O. N.* því, þí, *O. H. G.* diu, *weakened* te, de, (*as an enclitic*) *in* des te, des de (des *being gen. of the same prn.*), *M. H. G.* deste, dest, *N. H. G.* desto, *Eff.* deste, *th. s. S. also* bi-þê, du-þê, jaþ-þê, *and follg. w.*]

þê-ei, *conj.* (157, *n.* 1; 218), *that; always w.* ni *or* nih: ni þêei, *not that* (*οὐχ' ὅτι*); Jo. 12, 6; *not that, not to the end that* (*οὐχ ἵνα*); Jo. 6, 38 (nih þ.). II Cor. 2, 4. — *Prop. instr. of* sa-ei, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þei, (1) *rel.* (=**þatei;** 157, *n.* 2; 164, *n.* 1): und þata ƕeilôs þei, *as long as* (*ἐφ' ὅσον*); Mt. 9, 15; *w.* þataƕah; *s.* saƕazuh, (II); *and w.* þis-ƕaduh, þis-ƕah, þis-ƕaruh, þis-ƕazuh, *q. v.* (2) *conj., that* (*ὅτι*), (a) *w. pres. indic.* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 6, 26. Jo. 13, 35. I Cor. 11, 2 (gamunandans sijuþ, *μέμνησθε*). 15, 50. (*for the Gr. future*) Jo. 16, 20. Rom. 10, 9; (b) *w. pret. indic.* (*in Gr. the aor.*); I Cor. 4, 9. (c) *w. pres. opt.* (*for the Gr. fut. indic.*); Jo. 7, 35. 16, 26; (d) þei ni (*that not*) *w. pres. indic.* (*ὅτι οὐ μή w. fut. indic.*); Jo. 13, 38; — *that, in order that* (*ἵνα*); Jo. 6, 7. 12. 13, 34. 16, 33. — *From* *þa (*by-form of* þata, *q. v. Comp. P., Beitr., IV, 467*) *and* ei, *q. v.*

þeihan, *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to thrive, profit, increase, advance* (*προκόπτειν*): þatei þeihais þu, *what you profit, your profiting* (*σοῦ ἡ προκοπή*); I Tim. 4, 15; *w. a dependent dat.* (*as in Gr.*); Lu. 2, 52; *folld. by* du *w. dat.:* ni þeihan du filusnai, *to proceed no further* (*οὐ προκόπτειν ἐπὶ πλεῖον*); II Tim. 3, 9; þeihan du waírsizin, *to grow worse* (*προκόπτειν ἐπὶ τὸ χεῖρον*); II Tim. 3, 13; *and w. acc.* ('*per*' *w. acc.*); Skeir. IV, b; in *w. dat.:* þatei þeihan habaida ('*profecturum esse*'); Skeir. II, c; þaírh *w. acc.* (*συμβιβάζεσθαι διά w. gen.*). Col. 2, 19. — *Compds.,* (a) ga-þ., *th. s.;* Skeir. IV, b; *to flourish* (*ἀναθάλλειν*); Phil. 4, 10. (b) ufar-þ. *w. acc.: to grow beyond, surpass, supersede;* Skeir. III, d. [*Cf. O. E.* (ʒe)ðêon (*for*) (ʒe)ðîon (*contr. from* *ðîon, *for* *ðîhon), *Mdl. E.* (i)ðê, *to thrive, grow, prosper, Mdn. E.* thee (*Spenser*), *to thrive, prosper, O. S.* (gi)thîhan, *O. H. G.* (gi)dîhan (*pret. partic.* gidigan, *adj., aged, earnest, pure, chaste, M. H. G.* gedigen, *full-grown, ripe, firm, hard, pure,*

N. H. G. gediegen, *adj., pure, solid, concise, O. S.* githigan, *full-grown*), *M. H. G.* (ge)dîhen, *N. H. G.* gedeihen, *to thrive, grow, prosper, Eff.* deie, *to thrive, prosper. All from primitive Germanic* þinhan (*whence* þîhan, *the* î *being originally nasalized*); *cf. O. E.* ȝeðungen, *O. S.* gi-thungan, *adj.* (*prop. pret. partic.*), *excellent, distinguished; and the O. S. caus.* thengian (*Germanic* *þangjan), *to complete. Germanic root* þenh *refers to pre-Germanic* tenk; *comp. Lith.* tenkù, *I have enough.* (*Comp. Kl.*, gedeihen; *Brgm., Compar. Gr., p. 181; Sievers, O. E. Gr., 383*). *Root* þinh (*from* þenh) *occurs further in* (*O. E.* *ðîht), *Mdl. E.* ðîht, *Mdn. E.* (*Prov.; Sk.*) thite, *O. N.* þéttr (*for* þéhtr), *M. H. G.* dîhte, *N. H. G.* dicht (*dial.* deicht), *Du.* digt, *adj., tight; beside Mdl. E.* tîȝt (*S. Sk.*, tight), *Mdn. E.* tight.]

þeihs, *n., time, season* (*καιρός*); Rom. 13, 11. (*χρόνος*) I Thess. 5, 1. [*An old* s*-stem* (*Indg.* tenk-os:es-; *s. Fst., p. 121*). *To pre-Germanic* tenk-ó *refer* (*Goth.* *þigg), *O. E.* ðinȝ, *n., Mdl. E.* ðing, *Mdn. E.* thing, *O. N.* þing, *thing, also assembling, meeting, council, O. S.* thing, *th. s., O. H. G.* ding, *M. H. G.* dinc (*gen.* dinges), *n., th. s.* (aller dinge, alles dinges, *entirely, perfectly, N. H. G.* allerdings, *adv., entirely, perfectly, of course, by all means; for* aller, *from* all, *s.* alls), *N. H. G.* ding, *Du.* ding, *Eff.* döng, dönge, *n., thing. The original signification of* 'thing' *was 'a public meeting at a fixed time', which is evident from the follg. ders.: O. E.* (ȝe)ðinȝan, *to negotiate, resolve;* (ȝe)ðinȝian, *to adjust, settle, make a public speech, speak, Mdl. E.* ðinȝe, *O. S.* thingôn, *to negotiate, O. H. G.* dingôn, *M. H. G.* dingen, *to try causes, negotiate, conciliate, trans.: to condition for, hire, promise, N. H. G.* dingen, *to hire; and O. E.* dinȝunȝ (*w. suff.* -unȝ), *f., intercession, mediation; cf. N. H. G.* bedingung, *f., condition, from* bedingen, *to condition, M. H. G.* bedingen, *to conciliate, condition. S. also E.* hustings, *under* *hûs.]

þeihrô, *f., thunder* (*βροντή*); Mk. 3, 17. Jo. 12, 29.—[*From pre-Germanic* ténkâ; *s. Fst., p. 121.*]

þeina, *gen. sing. of* þu, *q. v.*—*Comp. follg. w.*

þeins, *poss. pron.* (151), *fem.* þeina, *neut.* þein, þeinata, *thy, thine* (*σός*); *it is declined like a str. adj.*, (1) *alone* (*predicative*); (*σοῦ*) Mt. 6, 13. Lu. 15, 31. Jo. 17, 6. 9. 10.—þeins (*ὁ σός*); Mk. 5, 19; þein (*τὰ σά*); Lu. 6, 30. (2) *w. a prec. subst.* (*as in Gr.*), (a) *without art.* (*σοῦ*); Mk. 2, 24. 10, 37. Lu. 2, 32. 15, 19. 21. 29. 19, 42. (*ὁ-σοῦ*) Mt. 5, 23. 29. 30. 33.

36. 40. 43. 6, 3. 4. 6. 10. 17. 18. 22. 23. 9, 2. 6. 18. 22. 11, 10. 26, 73. Mk. 1, 44. 2, 11. 3, 32. 5, 19. 34. 35. 6, 18. 7, 10. 30. 9, 18. 43. 45. 47. 10, 19. 37. 52. 12, 30. 31. 36. 14, 70. Lu. 1, 13. 36. 38. 42. 44. 61. 2, 29. 30. 4, 8. 11. 12. 23. 5, 5. 20. 24. 6, 41. 42. 7, 27. 50. 8, 20. 39. 48. 49. 9, 40. 10, 17. 21. 27. 14, 12. 15, 18. 19. 21. 27. 32. 16, 2. 17, 3. 19. 18, 20. 42. 19, 5. 16. 18. 22. 43. 44. 20, 43. Jo. 7, 3. 11, 23. 12, 15. 13, 38. 17, 1. 11. 12. 14. 26. Rom. 10, 9. 12, 20. 13, 9. 14, 10. 15. 15, 9. Gal. 5, 14. I Tim. 5, 23. II Tim. 1, 5. 4, 5. Philem. 21. (*σοῦ ὁ-; s.* Mt. 8, 3, *note*) Mt. 6, 17. Jo. 12, 28. I Cor. 15, 55. II Tim. 1, 4; ƕa namô þein, *what is thy name* (*τί σοι ὄνομα*); Mk. 5, 9. Lu. 8, 30; aflêtanda þus frawaúrhteis þeinôs, *thy sins are forgiven, G.: 'deine suenden sind dir vergeben'*; (*ἀφέωνταί σοι αἱ ἁμαρτίαι*); Mk. 2, 5. 9. Lu. 7, 48 (*here σοῦ for σοί*). (*ὁ-ὁ σός*) Jo. 17, 17; *added in Goth.* (*ὁ-*) I Cor. 7, 16; (b) *w. art.:* sa -þeins (*ὁ- σοῦ*); Mt. 5, 24. 9, 14. Mk. 2, 9. 11. 3, 5. 5, 34. 7, 5. 10, 19. Lu. 2, 48. 5, 14. 24. 6, 10. 9, 41. 15, 30. 19, 20. 39. 42. Jo. 8, 13. 17, 6. (*σοῦ ὁ-*) Mt. 6, 4. 9, 6. (*ὁ-ὁ σός*) Jo. 18, 35. (2) *w. a follg. subst.*, (a) *without art.* (*σοῦ ὁ-*); Lu. 15, 30. Jo. 17, 1. 6. I Tim. 4, 12; þeina silbôns saiwala, *thy own soul* (*σοῦ αὐτῆς τὴν ψυχήν*); Lu. 2, 35. (*ὁ σός-*) Mt. 7, 22. I Cor. 8, 11. Philem. 14. (*ὁ- σοῦ*) Mk. 9, 38. Lu. 9, 49. (*ὁ- ἴδιος-*) Lu. 6, 41. (b) *w. art.* (*ὁ σός-*) Mk. 2, 18. Lu. 5, 33. (3) *between adj. and subst.* (*as in Gr.*), *without art.* (*ὁ- σοῦ-*); Mt. 5, 30. 39. [*From* þeina (*S.* þu). *Cf. O. E.* ðîn, *Mdl. E.* ðîn (*before a follg. vowel or consonant*), ðî (*before a follg. cons.*), *Mdn. E.* thine, thy, *O. N.* þinn, *O. S.* thîn, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* dîn, *N. H. G.* dein, *thy, your.*]

þêwis, *n.; occurs only twice, in plur.* þêwisa, þêwisam, *servants* (*δοῦλοι*); Col. 3, 22. 4, 1. [*From stem* þêw-iz- (*for* *þêƺw-iz-, *from pre-Germanic root* têk, *the long of* tek; *s.* þius). *Cf. O. E.* ðâw (a-*stem*), *m., servant. This* ðâw *is probably a remnant of an old* s-*stem. The orig. form of the* (*later*) a-*stem must have been* ðâw *which became* ðâw *by influence of the plur.* ðâwas. *Comp. also* þiwadw, *þiwan, þiwi.]

***þinsan,** *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to draw, in* at-þ. *w. acc.: to draw towards one* (*ἑλκύειν*); Jo. 6, 44; *and folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*πρός τινα*); Jo. 12, 32. [*Cf. O. S.* thinsan, *to draw, pull, O. H. G.* dinsan, *M. H. G.* dinsen, *to draw, pull, expand, N. H. G.* *dinsen, *pret. partic.* gedunsen, *used as adj., bloated, puffed up, Eff.* *dinse, *whence* dinsele, *to move lightly, trip. From Germanic root* þens *pre-Germanic*

tens (*which seems to be extended from* ten; *s.* *þanjan); *comp. Skr. root* tans, *to draw, Lith.* teñsti, *th. s. — To O. H. G.* dinsan (*pret.* dans) *refers* dansôn, *to draw, extend, stretch, whence O. Fr.* danser, *whence Mdl. E.* daunce, *Mdn. E.* dance, *Du.* danse, *Eff.* dânze, *to dance. Of Romanic orig. is also M. H. G. N. H. G.* tanz (*We should expect* danz; *s. Kl.*, tanz), *dance; and* tanzen, *to dance.*]

þis, *gen. sing. m. n. of* sa, þata, *q. v. S.* þizai, *etc., and follg. w.*

þis-hun, *adv., chiefly, especially* (*μάλιστα*); Gal. 6, 10. I Tim. 4, 10. 5, 8. II Tim. 4, 13. Tit. 1, 10. — *From* þis, (*here adv.*) *gen. of* þata, *and* -hun, *q. v. S. Sch., p. 512; Bzb., p. 110. But for* -þis *in* faúrþis, *s. the latter. Comp. the follg. three words.*

þis-hvaduh, *adv.* (164, *n.* 2), *w.* þadei, *wheresoever* (*ὅπου ἐάν or ἄν*); Mt. 8, 19. Mk. 6, 56. Lu. 9, 57; *w.* þei (*ὅπου ἄν*); Mk. 6, 10. (*οὗ ἄν*) I Cor. 16, 6 (*in A,* þê *in B*). — *From* þis (*S. prec. w.*) *and* hvaduh (*S. Appendix*). *Comp. follg. w.*

þis-hvah, *acc. sing. n. of* þis-hvazuh, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þis-hvaruh, *adv.* (164, *n.* 2), *folld. by* þei, *wheresoever* (*w. pres. indic.; ὅπου ἐάν w. aor. subj.*); Mk. 9, 18. 14, 9. — *From* þis (*S.* þis-hun) *and* hvaruh (*S. Appendix*). *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þis-hvazuh, *m.*, **þis-hvah,** *n., pron.* (164, *n.* 1); *folld. by* ei, þei, *or* saei; *usually w. opt.:* þ. ei, *whoever* (*ὅς ἐάν*); Mk. 11, 23; þ. þei, *whosoever, n. whatsoever* (*ὅς ἐάν*); Mk. 6, 22. 23. 11, 23. Lu. 4, 6. (*ὅσος ἄν*) Mk. 11, 24. Jo. 11, 22. 16, 23; þ. saei, *th. s.* (*ὅς ἄν*); Mk. 4, 25. 7, 11. Gal. 5, 17. Col. 3, 23. (*ὅσος*) Phil. 4, 8. (*ὅστις ἄν*) Mt. 10, 33. Col. 3, 17. — *From* þis (*S.* þis-hun) *and* hvazuh, *q. v. Comp.* þis-hvaduh *and prec. w.*

þiubi, *n., theft* (*κλοπή*); Mk. 7, 22. [*From stem of* þiufs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Cf. O. H. G.* diuba (diuva), *M. H. G.* diube (diuve), *N. H. G.* deube (*obs.*), *f., theft; further M. H. G.* diup-, diep-stâle, *f.* (*a tautologic composition; for the second component, s.* stilan), *N. H. G.* diebstal (*S. Kl.*, dieb), *m., theft. Comp. follg. w.*]

þiubjô, *adv.* (211), *secretly, in secret* (*λάθρα*); Jo. 11, 28. (*ἐν κρυπτῷ*) Jo. 18, 20. — *From a lost adj. stem* *þiubja-. *S. prec. and follg. w.*

þiufs, þiubs, *m.* (56, *n.* 1), *thief* (*κλέπτης*); Mt. 6, 19. 20. Jo. 10, 8. 10. 12, 6. I Thess. 5, 2. 4. (*λῃστής*) Lu. 19, 46. [*Cf. O. E.* ðêof, *m., Mdl. E.* ðêf, *Mdn. E.* thief, *O. N.* þjófr, *O. S.* thiof, *O. H. G.* diob, *M. H. G.* diep(b), *N. H. G.* dieb, *m., Du.* dief, *Eff.* -dêf, *m., thief. To O. E.* ðêof *refers*

ðêofðe, ðiefðe, ðŷfðe (*from* *ðêofiðu, îe, ŷ, *by* i-*uml. of* êo; *Goth.* *þiubiþa), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* ðefte, *Mdn. E.* theft, *O.N.* þýfð, *O. Fris.* thiufthe, *theft. Comp.* þiubi, þiubjô.]

þiuda, *f.* (97), *people, nation* (ἔθνος); *in pl. usually 'the Gentiles'* (τὰ ἔθνη); Mt. 6, 32. Mk. 10, 42. 11, 17. Lu. 2. 32. 7, 5. 18, 32. Jo. 18, 35. Rom. 9, 24. 30. 10, 19. 11, 11. 12. 13. 25. 15, 9. 10. 11. 12. I Cor. 1, 23. 10, 20. II Cor. 11, 26. Gal. 2, 2. 8. 9. 12. 14. 15. Eph. 2, 11. 3, 1. 6. 8. 4, 17. Col. 1, 27. I Thess. 2, 16. 4, 5. I Tim. 2, 7. 3, 16. II Tim. 1, 11. Neh. 5, 17. 6, 16; faúramaþleis þiudôs, *the governor* (ὁ ἐθνάρχης); II Cor. 11, 32. (*in pl. also for* "Ελληνες) Jo. 7, 35. 12, 20. I Cor. 1, 24. 10, 32. 12, 13. (*and for* ἐθνικοί) Mt. 5, 46. 6, 7; þai þiudô, *the heathen* (οἱ ἐθνικοί), *lit. 'those of the heathen'* (οἱ τῶν ἐθνικῶν); Mt. 6, 7. (*so for* οἱ τελῶναι = môtarjôs, *publicans; s. note*) Mt. 5, 46. [*Cf. O. E.* ðêod, ðiod, *f., folk, population, nation, people, Mdl. E.* ðêode, ðêde, *th. s., O. S.* thiod, thioda, *f., people, multitude, O. H. G.* diot, diota, *M. H. G.* diet, *N. H. G.* *diet, *in pr. n.* Dietrich, *short* *det *in* Detlef, Detmold, Detmar (*S. Kl.*, deutsch). *Germanic stem* þiudô- *from pre-Germanic* teutâ-; *comp. Lith.* tautà, *f., people, country, Oscan* touto, *Sabine* touta, *community, O. Ir.* túath, *people. S. the follg. five words, also* Gut-þiuda.]

þiudan-gardi, *f.* (98), (1) *kingdom* (βασιλεία); Mt. 5, 19. 20. 6, 13. 7, 21. 8, 11. 12. 9, 35. 11, 11. 12. Mk. 1, 14. 15. 3, 24. 4, 11. 26. 30. 6, 23. 9, 47. 10, 14. 15. 23. 24. 25. 11, 10. 12, 34. 15, 43. Lu. 4, 43. 6, 20. 7, 28. 8, 1. 9, 2. 11. 60. 62. 10, 9. 11. 14, 15. 16, 16. 17, 20. 21. 18, 16. 17. 24. 25. 29. 19, 11. 12. 15. Jo. 3, 3. 5. 18, 36. Rom. 14, 17. Gal. 5, 21. Eph. 5, 5. Col. 1, 13. 4, 11. I Thess. 2, 12. II Thess. 1, 5. Skeir. II, a. c. III, c. (2) *a king's house, a king's court* (βασιλεῖον); Lu. 7, 25. — *From stem of* þiudans (*the stem-vowel being dropped*) *and* *gardi *extended from stem of* gards (*q. v.*), *by suff.* -ja.

þiudanôn, *w. v.* (190), *to be king, rule, reign* (βασιλεύειν); I Cor. 4, 8. 15, 25. I Tim. 6, 15; *folld. by* ufar *w. dat.*, (ἐπὶ *w. acc.*); Lu. 1, 33. 19, 14. 27. — *Compd.* miþ-þ., *to reign with* (συμβασιλεύειν); II Tim. 2, 12; *w. dat.* (*as in Gr.*); I Cor. 4, 8. — *From stem of* þiudans, *q. v. Comp.* þiudinassus *and prec. w.*

þiudans, *m., king* (βασιλεύς); Mt. 5, 35. 11, 8. 25, 40. 27, 11. Mk. 6, 14. 22. 25. 26. 15, 2. 9. 12. 18. 26. 32. Lu. 1, 5. 10, 24. 14, 31. 19, 38. Jo. 6, 15. 12, 13. 15. 18, 33. 37. 39. 19, 3. 12. II Cor. 11, 32. I Tim. 1, 17. 2, 2. 6, 15. Neh. 5, 14. Cal. — *From stem of* þiuda (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ana.

Cf. O. E. ðêoden, *m.*, *O. S.* thiodan, *king. Comp.* þiudan-gardi, þiudanôn, *and follg. w.*]

***Þiudila,** *pr. n., Theudila;* Neap. doc.

þiudinassus, *m.* (105), *kingdom* (*βασιλεία*); Mt. 6, 10. Mk. 9, 1. Lu. 1, 33. 4, 5. 8, 10. 9, 27. I Cor. 15, 24. 50. II Tim. 4, 1; *kingship, reign* (*ἡγεμονία*); Lu. 3, 1. — *From* þiudanôn (*q. v.; -in- for -an- by influence of the substs. in* -in-assus *w. regular* -in-, *formed from verbs in* -in-ôn *the* -in- *of which refers to the weakened suff. of stems in* -an; *comp.* frauja, *gen.* frauj-in-s, *dat.* frauj-in, *whence* fraujinôn, *whence* fraujin-assus, *q. v.*) *and suff.* -assus. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þiudiskô, *adv., after the manner of Gentiles* (*ἐθνικῶς*); Gal. 2, 14. [*From the adj. stem* *þiudiska-, *of heathen people, orig.* '*belonging to the people*', *from stem of* þiuda (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iska-, '*belonging to*' (*Similarly: Gr. ἐθνικός, heathen, from ἔθνος, people, nation; Lt.* gentilis *from* gens). *Cf. O. E.* þêodisc, *adj., belonging to the people, also n. subst., speech, language* (*i. e. of the people; in opposition to* '*Latin*'), *Mdl. E.* ðêodisc, *adj., belonging to the people* (*O. E.* el-ðêodisc, *Mdl. E.* el-ðêodisc, *foreign, from O. E. Mdl. E.* el-ðêod, *a foreign nation, lit.* '*another*' *nation;* el- = *Goth.* aljis, *q. v.*), *O. S.* thiudisc, *O. H. G.* diutisk, *M. H. G.* diutsch (*and* tiutsch), *N. H. G.* deutsch (*formerly also* teutsch), *German, Du.* duitsch, *th. s. Concerning Mdn. E.* Dutch, '*belonging to Holland*', *s. French, 65* (*M.*). *Comp. prec. w.*]

þiufs, þiubs; *s. under* **þiubjô.**

þiu-magus, *m., servant* (*παῖς*); Mt. 8, 6. 8. 13. Lu. 1, 54. 69. 7, 7. — *From stem of* þius *and* magus, *q. v.*

þius, *m.* (*occurs only twice: in nom. pl.* þiwôs *and gen.* þiwê; 91, *n.* 3), *servant* (*οἰκέτης*); Lu. 16, 13; þiwôs meinai (*τὰ παιδάρια μου*); Neh. 5, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* ðêo (*contr. from* *ðe-u, *for* *ðew, *from* *ðewo, *gen.* ðêowes, *contr. from* ðe-u-wes, *the* u *having developed itself before* w; *hence also nom.*) ðêow, *m., Mdl. E.* ðêu, ðêow, ðêw, *servant, O. N.* þýr, *m., O. H. G.* deo, *m., th. s., compd.* deo-muoti, *f., condescension, gentleness, modesty, M. H. G.* dêmuot (*Comp. Br., A. Gr., 48, n. 3*), diemuot, diemüete, *N. H. G.* dêmut (*prop.* *diemüte; *s. Kl.*, demut; *for the second component, s.* môþs), *f., humility, humbleness. To O. H. G.* deo (*whence*) dio, *refers* dionôn (= *O. S.* thionôn), *M. H. G.* dienen, *N. H. G.* dienen, *to serve, whence O. H. G.* dionôst (*w. suff.* -st), *n.* (= *O. S.* thionôst), *M. H. G.* dienest, *m. n., N. H. G.* dienst, *m., service. All from Germanic stem* þewa-, *for* *þegwa *seen in* (*Goth.*

*þigns, *Germanic stem* þegna-) *O. E.* ðeȝn, (*whence*) ðeȝen, ðên (*S. Mrch., Comp. Gr., p. 25; Siev., O. E. Gr., 214, 3*), *servant, officer, warrior, Mcl. E.* ðein (i *from* ȝ), *Mdn. E.* thane, *O. N.* þegn, *O. S.* thegan, thegn, *O. H. G.* degan, *m., thane, servant, M. H. G.* degen, *m., warrior, hero, N. H. G.* degen (*not identical w.* degen, *m., sword, from Fr.* dague, *th. s.; of unknown orig.; s. Br.*, dague, *and Kl.*, degen), *warrior. The stems* þewa-, þegna-, *refer to Indg.* tek-ó-, tek-nó-; *cf. Skr.* tákman, *child, Gr.* τέκνον, τέκος, *th. s.; and* τίκτειν (*aor.* ἔ-τεκ-ον), *to beget, give birth to. — Comp.* þêwis, þiwadw, *þiwan, þiwi, and prec. w.]

þiuþ, *n., good* (*in pl.* '*good things*' ((τὸ) ἀγαθόν); Lu. 1, 53. 6, 45. Rom. 7, 18. 9, 11. 10, 15 (ἀγαθά). 12, 21. 14, 16. II Cor. 5, 10. Gal. 6, 10. Eph. 4, 28. 6, 8. I Thess. 5, 15. Philem. 14; þiuþ taujan, *to do good* (τὸ ἀγαθὸν ποιεῖν); Rom. 13, 3. (ἀγαθοποιεῖν) Mk. 3, 4. Lu. 6, 9. 35; *so w. dat. of pers.* (*acc. in Gr.*); Lu. 6, 33. [*From Germanic stem* þeuþa-, *pre-Germanic* teu-ta, *from root* tu, *to be strong; —? Comp. v. Bd., p. 91; Sch.*, thiuth. — *S.* un-þiuþ *and the follg. five words.*]

þiuþeigs, *adj., good* (ἀγαθός); Mt. 7, 18 (*first*). Mk. 10, 17. 18. Lu. 6, 45. 18, 18. 19. Rom. 7, 12. 13. Eph. 2, 10 (*gloss*). (καλός) Mt. 7, 18 (*second*); *blessed* (εὐλογητός); Mk. 14, 61. Lu. 1, 68. II Cor. 11, 31. — *From* þiuþ (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -eiga-. *Comp. follg. w.*

þiuþeins, *f., blessing* (εὐλογία); II Cor 9, 6. Eph. 1, 3; *goodness* (ἀγαθωσύνη); II Thess. 1, 11. — *From* þiuþjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *S. prec. and follg. w.*

þiuþi-qiss, *f., blessing* (εὐλογία); I Cor. 10, 16. — *From stem of* þiuþ (þiuþi- *seems to stand for* þiuþa-) *and* *qiss, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þiuþjan, *w. v.* (187), *to bless* (εὐλογεῖν); Rom. 12, 14 (*second*); *w. acc.*; Mt. 5, 44. Lu. 1, 64. 2, 34. 6, 28. Rom. 12, 14; *w. dat.*; Mk. 10, 16. Lu. 1, 29 (*added from the Itala; s. note*). 2, 28; *pret. partic.* þiuþis, *blessed* (εὐλογημένος); Mk. 11, 9. 10. Lu. 1, 28. 42. 19, 38. Jo. 12, 13. (εὐλογητός) Rom. 9, 5. II Cor. 1, 3. Eph. 1, 3. — *Compds.*, (a) ga-þ. *w. acc.: to bless* (εὐλογεῖν *w. acc.*); Mk. 8, 7. Lu. 9, 16. Eph. 1, 3. Skeir. VII, b. (b) un-þ., *to curse* (καταρᾶσθαι); Rom. 12, 14. — *From* þiuþ, un-þiuþ, *q. v.*

þiuþ-spillôn; *s.* **spillôn.**

þiwadw, *n., servitude, bondage* (δουλεία), *service, slavery;* Gal. 4, 24. — *From stem of* þius (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -dwa (*S. Kl., Nom. St., p. 63*). *Comp.* þiwi *and follg. w.*

***þiwan,** *w. v., to serve, in* (a)

ana-þ. *w. acc.: to bring into subjection* (δουλαγωγεῖν); I Cor. 9, 27. (b) ga-þ. *w. acc.* (*or pers. pass.*): *to put in bondage* (δουλοῦν); I Cor. 7, 15. (κατα-δουλοῦν) II Cor. 11, 20. Gal. 2, 4; *to pierce through* (*for* περι-πείρειν); I Tim. 6, 10; mannans gaþiwands *menstealer* (ἀνδραποδιστής); I Tim. 1, 10. [*From stem of* þius (*q. v.*). *Cf. O. E.* ðêowan, *Mdl. E.* ðêowe, *to serve, O. N.* þjá, *to press, vex, torment. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

þiwi, *f.* (98, *n.* 1), *maid-servant, hand-maid* (παιδίσκη); Mt. 26. 69. Mk. 14, 66, 69. Jo. 18, 17. Gal. 4, 22. 23. 30. 31. (δούλη) Lu. 1, 38. 48. [*From stem of* þius (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* ðêowe, *f., female servant, maid, O. N.* þý, *O. S.* thiu, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* diu (*gen.* diuwe), *f., th. s. Comp. prec. w.*]

þizai, *dat. sing. f. of* sa, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

þizê, þizê-ei, *gen. plur. m. n. of* sa, sa-ei, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þiz-ei, *gen. sing. m. n. of* sa-ei, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þiz-uh, *gen. sing. m. n. of* sa-h, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

þizô, *gen. pl.;* **þizôs,** *gen. sing. f. of* sa, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

þlahsjan, *w. v., to terrify* (ἐκφοβεῖν *w. acc.*), *w. acc.;* II Cor. 10, 9. [*Osth.* (*Beitr., XIII, 412 et seq.; s. Fst.,* þlahsjan) *compares Lt.* locusta (*from* *tlocos-tâ, *from Indg.* tlok-os-, *a jumping*) (*whence Mdl. E.* locuste, *Mdn. E.* locust, *a jumping insect*), *locust, grasshopper, Lith.* lekiù, *fly, Lettish,* lêkt, *to jump. From root* tlek. *Comp. follg. w.*]

***þlahsnan,** *w. v., to be terrified, in* ga-þl. bi *w. dat.: to be troubled at* (διαταράττεσθαι ἐπί *w. dat.*); Lu. 1, 29. — *Correlative v. to* þlahsjan, *q. v.*

***þláihan,** *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *to cherish, fondle, in* ga-þl., *to comfort, console* (παραπαλεῖν); II Cor. 2, 7, (παραμυθεῖσθαι) I Thess. 2, 11; *to exhort* (παρακαλεῖν); II Cor. 5, 20. I Tim. 5, 1. 6, 2. II Tim. 4, 2. Tit. 1, 9; *w. dat. of pers.: to comfort* (παρακαλεῖν *w. acc.*); II Cor. 7, 6; *to take in the arms, caress* (ἐναγκαλίζεσθαι *w. acc.*); Mk. 10, 16; *to provide for* (προνοεῖν *w. gen.*); I Tim. 5, 8. [*Cf. O. H. G.* flêhan, flêhôn (fl *from* þl; *s.* þlaqus, þliuhan), *to caress, flatter, entreat, M. H. G.* vlêhen, *to entreat, N. H. G.* flehen, *to implore, beseech, entreat. Root* flaih *occurs further in O. E.* flâh, *adj., deceitful, crafty* (*also n. subst.: deceit, cunning*), *O. N.* flár, *deceitful, treacherous. Comp. follg. w.*]

***þláihts,** *f., in* **gaþláihts,** *q. v.* — *From root of* *þláihan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti.

þlaqus, *adj.* (131), *soft, tender* (ἁπαλός); Mk. 13, 28. [*Perhaps cognate w. O. H. G.* flah

(fl *for* þl; *s.* þláihan, þliuhan), *M. H. G.* vlach, *N. H. G.* flach, *Du.* vlak, *adj., flat, level. S. Kl.*, flach.]

þlaúhs, *m., flight* (*φυγή*); Mk. 13, 18. — *From root of* þliuhan, *q. v.*

þliuhan, *str. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to flee* (*φεύγειν*), *w. acc.* (*as in Gr.*); I Tim. 6, 11. II Tim. 2, 22; *folld. by* faúra *w. dat.* (*ἀπό w. gen.*); Lu. 3, 7. Jo. 10, 5; in *w. acc.* (*εἰς w. acc.*); Mt. 10, 23. — *Compds.*, (a) af-þl., *to flee away, flee* (*φεύγειν*); Jo. 10, 13. (b) ga-þl., *to flee* (*φεύγειν*); Mt. 8, 33. Mk. 5, 14. 14, 50. Lu. 8, 34; *folld. by* af *w. dat.* (*ἀπό w. gen.*); Mk. 16, 8; faúra *w. dat.* (*ἀπό w. gen.*); Mk. 14, 52. (c) unþa-þl. *w. acc.: to escape* (*ἐκφεύγειν w. acc.*); II Cor. 11, 33. I Thess. 5, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* flêon (*contr. from* *flêohan), *Mdl. E.* flê, *Mdn. E.* flee, *O. N.* flýja, *O. S. O. H. G.* fliohan, *M. H. G.* vliehen, *N. H. G.* fliehen, *to flee. From Germanic root* þluh (þlug, *by grammatical change; the West-Germanic dialects and O. N. have* f *for* þ; *s.* þláihan, þlaqus), *pre-Germanic* tluk, tleuk. — *Der. O. E.* flyht (*from stem* fluh-ti, -ti *being suff.*), *f., Mdl. E.* flîht, *Mdn. E.* flight, *O. S. O. H. G.* fluht, *M. H. G.* vluht, *N. H. G.* flucht, *f., Du.* vlugt, *flight. — To the same root probably refers O. E.* flêah (*Goth.* *þláuhs), *f.* (?), *Mdl. E.* flê, *Mdn. E.* flea, *O. N.* fló, *f., O. H. G.* flôh, *m., M. H. G.* vlôch, vlô, *m. f., N. H. G.* floh, *m., Eff.* flû, *f., Du.* vloo, *flea.* (*S. Kl.*, floh).]

þô, þô-ei, *acc. sing. f. and nom. acc. pl. n. of* sa, sa-ei, *q. v. S. also* þata. *Comp. follg. w.*

þôs, þôz-ei, *nom. acc. pl. f. of* sa, sa-ei, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

Þômas, *pr. n.*, *Θωμᾶς*; Jo. 11, 16. 14, 5; *acc.* -an; Mk. 3, 18. Lu. 6, 15.

þrafsteins, *f., consolation, comfort* (*παράκλησις*); Rom. 15, 5. — *From* þrafstjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp.* ga-þrafsteins.

þrafstjan, *w. v.*, (1) *to console, comfort* (*παραμυθεῖσθαι*), *w. acc.*; Jo. 11, 31. I Thess. 5, 14; (*παρακαλεῖν*) I Thess. 4, 18. 5, 11; (2) *w.* sik, *to take courage, be of good cheer or comfort* (*θαρσεῖν*); Mt. 9, 2. 22. Mk. 10, 49. Lu. 8, 48. Jo. 16, 33; (3) *to exhort* (*παρακαλεῖν*); Lu. 3, 18. Neh. 6, 14 (*φοβερίζειν*; *s. note*). — *Compds.*, (a) ana-þr. *w. acc.: to refresh* (*ἀναψύχειν w. acc.*); II Tim. 1, 16. (*ἀναπαύειν w. acc.*) Philem. 20. (b) ga-þr. *w. acc.: to console, comfort* (*παρακαλεῖν*); II Cor. 7, 6. Eph. 6, 22. Col. 4, 8. II Thess. 2, 17; *folld. by* ana *w. dat.* (*ἐπί w. dat.*); II Cor. 1, 4. 7, 7. I Thess. 3, 7; bi *w. acc.* (*περί w. gen.*); Jo. 11, 19; in *w. gen.* (*ὑπέρ w. gen.*); II Cor. 1, 6 (*διά w. acc.*) 7, 13; þaírh *w. acc.* (*διά w. gen.*); II Cor. 1, 4; *instr.*;

II Cor. 1, 4. 7, 7; gaþrafstiþs wisan, *to be of good comfort;* II Cor. 13, 11; (*παραμυθεῖσθαι w. acc.*) Jo. 11, 19; *to refresh* (*ἀναπαύειν w. acc.*); I Cor. 16, 18. — *From a lost stem* *þrafsta- *or* *þrafsti-. *Origin unknown; s. Fst.*, þrafstjan.

þragjan, *w. v., to run* (*τρέχειν*); Mt. 27, 48. Mk. 15, 36. Lu. 15, 20. II Thess. 3, 1. — *Compd.* bi-þr., *to run to* (?), *occurs only once, in pres. partic.* biþragjands faúr, *running before* (*προδραμὼν ἔμπροσθεν*); Lu. 19, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* ðræʒan, *to run, race. Not allied to Gr. τρέχειν, to run; s. Fst.*, þragjan.]

þraíhans; *s.* **þreihan.** *Comp. follg. w.*

***þraíhns,** *m.* (*or* ***þraíhn,** *n.? Comp. v. B., p. 59*), *a throng, heap, in* faíhu-þraíhns, *q. v.* — *From root of* þreihan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -na.

þramstei, *f.* (113), *locust* (*ἀκρίς*); Mk. 1, 6. — *Etymology unknown; s. Kl.*, heuschrecke; *Fst.*, þramstei.

þrasa-balþei, *f., audacity, presumption;* Skeir. V, b. *From* þrasa- (*from?*) *and* balþei, *q. v.*

***þrask,** *n., in* **ga-þrask,** *q. v.* — *From* þriskan, *q. v.*

þreihan, *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to throng; crowd round, press upon, afflict; w. acc.* (*or pers. pass.*) (*θλίβειν w. acc.*); Mk. 3, 9. II Cor. 1, 6. (*ἀποθλίβειν*) Lu. 8, 45. (*συνθλίβειν*) Mk. 5, 24. 31. (*συμπνίγειν*) Lu. 8, 42. (*στενοχωρεῖν*) II Cor. 6, 12; *pret. partic.* þraíhans (*θλιβόμενος*), *troubled;* II Cor. 4, 8; *narrow* (*τεθλιμμένος*); Mt. 7, 14. — *Compd.* ga-þr. *w. acc., to oppress, trouble* (*θλίβειν w. acc.*); II Thess. 1, 6. *pret. partic.* gaþraíhans, *troubled;* II Thess. 1, 7; [þreihan *refers to* *þrinhan. *Cf. O. E.* ðringan, *Mdl. E.* ðringe, *to throng, press upon, urge, O. N.* þryngva, *to throng, crowd, O. S.* thringan, *to throng, oppress, O. H. G.* dringan, *M. H. G.* dringen (*factit.* drengen, *N. H. G.* drängen, *to throng, crowd, press on, urge, compd.* be-drängen, *to oppress, distress, whence* bedrängnis (*w. suff.* -nis), *f., oppression*), *to press on or together, throng, crowd, also to twist, weave* (*comp. M. H. G.* drîhe, *f., embroidering needle, whence* drîhen, *to embroider*), *N. H. G.* dringen, *to urge, compel, drive, press. From Germanic root* þrinh, þring, þrung, *also seen in O. E.* ʒe-ðrǫnʒ, *n., throng, tumult, Mdl. E.* ðrang, ðrǫng, *Mdn. E.* throng (*whence the v.* throng, *Mdl. E.* ðrange), *M. H. G.* dranc(g), *N. H. G.* drang, *m., throng, crowd, pressure, oppression, der.* drangsal, *n., oppression, misery* (*For* -sal, *s. follg. w.*); *comp. also O. H. G.* gidrengi, *M. H. G.* gedrenge, *N. H. G.* gedränge, *n., thronging, pressure, throng, crowd, tumult. Allied to Lith.* trenkti,

to jolt, push. Comp. *þraíhns *and follg. w.*]

þreihsl, *n., distress* (στενοχωρία); II Cor. 12, 10 (þreihslam *in A,* þleihslam *in B.*) — *From* þreihan (*q. v. Comp. v. B., p. 151*) *and suff.* -sla (*S.* sêls, *also E.* riddle, *under* *rêdan).

***þreis,** *card. num.* (140; *nom. m. and f.* *þreis, *not found, n.* þrija), *three* (τρεῖς); Mt. 26, 75. 27, 63. Mk. 8, 2. 31. 9, 5. 14, 58. 15, 29. Lu. 1, 56. 2, 46. 4, 25. 9, 33. I Cor. 14, 27. II Cor. 13, 1. I Tim. 5, 19; þrim sinþam (*S.* sinþs), *three times* (τρίς); Mt. 26, 75. Mk. 14, 72. Jo. 13, 38. II Cor. 11, 25. 12, 8; þrija hunda, *three hundred;* Mk. 14, 5. Jo. 12, 5 (.t. = 300). [*Cf. O. E.* ðrî, ðrîe, drŷ, *m.;* ðrêo, *f. n., Mdl. E.* ðrê, *Mdn. E.* three, *O. N.* þrír, *m.;* þrjár, *f.;* þrjú, *n., O. S.* thrie, thria, threa, *O. H. G.* drî(drîe), *m.;* drîo, *f.,* driu, *n., M. H. G.* drî, *m. f.;* driu, *n., N. H. G.* drei (*for all genders*), *Du.* drie, *three. Goth.* þreis, *refers to* *þrij-is, *Indg.* *tréj-es; *comp. Skr.* tráyas, *m.,* tisrás, *f.,* trîni, *n., Gr.* τρεῖς (*from* *τρέϳες), *m. f.,* τρία, *n., Lt.* três, *m. f.,* tria, *n., three. For the short stem* þri-, dri- (*in G.* drillich), *s.* þridja, þridjô. *Compds.: O. E.* ðrî-têne, ðrittêne (*as if from* ðrid(d)-têne; *s.* þridja), *Mdl. E.* ðrettêne, drittêne, *Mdn. E.* thirteen, *O. N.* þrettán, *O. H. G.* drîzehan, *M. H. G.* drîzehen, drîzên, *N. H. G.* dreizehn, *Du.* dertien, *Eff.* drôksên, *thirteen* (*For* -teen, -zehn, *s.* taíhun); *O. E.* ðrîtiȝ, ðrittiȝ, *Mdl. E.* ðritti, *Mdn. E.* thirty, *O. N.* þrátíu, *O. S.* thrîtîg, *O. H. G.* drîȝȝug (drîzug), *M. H. G.* drîȝec, *N. H. G.* dreissig, *Du.* dertig, *thirty. — Comp. also O. E.* ðrî-wa, *adv., Mdl. E.* ðrî-e, ðrî-es (*w. an adv.* s, *as* twîes; *s.* tweihnai, *also* hennes, *under* hindana; hwennes, *under* hwan, *etc.*), *Mdn. E.* thrice. *S. follg. w.*]

þridja, *ord. num.* (146; 149, *n.* 1), *third* (τρίτος); Mt. 27, 64. Mk. 9, 31. 10, 34. 12, 21. 15, 25. Lu. 9, 22. 18, 33. 20, 12. 31. I Cor. 15, 4. II Cor. 12, 2. [*From stem* þri- (*S.* þreis) *and suff.* -dja-, *Indg.* -tjo-. *Cf. O. E.* ðridda (dd *for* d *before the orig.* j; *North.* ðirda, ðirdda), *Mdl. E.* ðridde, ðride, *also* ðirde (*Str.*), *Mdn. E.* third, *O. N.* þriði, *O. S.* thriddio, *O. H. G.* dritto (tt *from* dd, *for* d, *as in O. E. and O. S.*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* dritte, *Du.* derde, *third, Skr.* tṛtíja, *Gr.* τρίτος, *Lt.* tertius. *Comp. follg. w.*]

þridjô, *adv.* (149, *n.* 1), *for the third time* (τρίτον); II Cor. 12, 14. 13, 1. — *Prop. acc. sing. n. of* þridja, *q. v.*

þriskan, *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to thresh, thrash* (ἀλοᾶν); I Cor. 9, 9. I Tim. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* derscan (*for* *ðrescan, *by metathesis*), *Mdl. E.* ðreshe (*for* *ðershe), *Mdn. E.* thresh *and* thrash,

O. N. þreskja, *O. H. G.* dreskan, *to thrash, M. H. G.* dreschen, *th. s., also to pain, plague* (*Comp. Mdn. E.* thrash, *to drub*), *N. H. G.* dreschen, *to thrash, also to drub, Du.* dorschen, *to thrash. Stem* þresk- *occurs also in O. E.* ðersc-wald, *late* ðerscǫld, *m., Mdl. E.* ðreshwǫld, *Mdn. E.* threshold, *door-sill, O. N.* þreskjölder, *th. s.* (*lit.* '*the piece of wood threshed or beaten by the thread of the foot*'; þrescan, *originally meant* '*to beat with the feet*'. *The second component is O. E.* weald, wald, *m., wood, bushes, forest, Mdl. E.* wald, wǫld, *Mdn. E.* wold, *a plain open country, O. N.* völlr, *O. S. O. H. G.* wald, *M. H. G.* walt(d), *N. H. G.* wald, *m., Du.* would, *forest*). *Comp.* *þrask.]

***þriutan,** *str. v.* (173, *n.* 1), *to urge, trouble, in* us-þr. *w. dat.: to trouble* (*κόπους παρέχειν w. dat.*); Mk. 14, 6. (*or κόπον, etc.*) Lu. 18, 5; *to use despitefully* (*ἐπηρεάζειν w. acc.*); Mt. 5, 44. [*Cf. O. E.* *ðrêotan (*pret.* ðrêat), *in* â-ðrêotan (*For* â-, *s.* us), *to be weary, O. N.* þrjóta, *to fail, O. H. G.* bi-, ir- driozan (*For* bi-, ir-, *s.* bi, us), *M. H. G.* be-, er-driezen, *beside* ver-driezen (*For* ver-, *s.* faír-, faúr), *to excite disgust or weariness, N. H. G.* ver-driessen (*impers.*), *to grieve, vex. From Germanic root* þrût, *also seen in O. E.* ðrêat (*s.* ðrêat, *above*), *m., crowd, troop, also great pressure, calamity, trouble, threat* (*whence* (ʒe)þrêatian, *to attack, press, oppress, Mdl. E.* ðrête, *Mdn. E.* threat (*poet.*)= threaten, *Mdl. E.* ðrêtne, *O. E.* *ðrêatnian; -nian=*Goth.*-inôn), *Mdl. E.* ðrêt, *Mdn. E.* threat; *and in O. N.* þrot, *n., want, lack, M. H. G.* druʒ, *in* urdruʒ (*For* ur-, *s.* us), *m., beside* ur-drütze, *f. n.,* verdriez, *m., vexation, weariness, disgust, N. H. G.* verdruss, *m., vexation, trouble. Comp.* þrûtsfill.]

***þrôþeins,** *f., exercise, in* **us-þrôþeins,** *q. v.* — *From* (us)þrôþjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

þrôþjan, *w. v., to exercise* (*γυμνάζειν*), *w.* sik silban (*one's self*), *and folld. by* du *w. acc.* (*πρός w. acc.*); I Tim. 4, 7. — *Compd.* us-þr., *to exercise thoroughly:* usþrôþiþs wisan in *w. dat.: to be well instructed in* (*μεμυῆσθαι ἐν w. dat.*); Phil. 4, 12. — *Etymology unknown. Comp. Fst.*, þrôþjan.

þrûts-fill, *n., leprosy* (*λέπρα*); Mt. 8, 3. Mk. 1, 42. Lu. 5, 12. 13; þrûtsfill habands, *leper* (*λεπρός*); Mt. 8, 2. Mk. 1, 40. [*Cf. O. E.* þrûstfel (*Beitr., IX, 254*). *The first component is cognate w. O. N.* þrûtenn, *swollen, which seems to be a by-form of* þrotenn (*Nor. 402, n. 2*), *pret. partic. of* þjróta; *s.* þriutan. *For the second component, s.* *fill. *Comp. follg. w.*]

þrûts-fills, *adj., leprous, a leper*

(λεπρός); Mt. 11, 5. Lu. 4, 27. 7, 22. 17, 12. — *From stem of* þrûtsfill, *q. v.*

þu, *pers. pron. 2nd pers.* (150), (I) *sing.*,(1) *nom.* þu, *thou* (σύ), (a) *used alone and w. verbs, for emphasis;* Mt. 6, 6. 17. 11, 3. 23. 26, 69. 73. 27, 4. 11. Mk. 1, 11. 3, 11. 8, 29. 14, 61. 67. 68. 15, 2. Lu. 1, 28. 42. 76. 3, 22. 4, 7. 41. 7, 19. 20. 9, 20 (þu is Xristus sunus guþs, τὸν Χριστὸν τοῦ θεοῦ). 60. 10, 15. 15, 31. 16, 7. 17, 8. 19, 19. 42. Jo. 3, 26. 6, 30. 69. 7, 52. 8, 13. 25. 33. 48. 52. 53. 9, 17. 28. 34. 35. 10, 24. 33. 11, 27. 42. 12, 34. 14, 9. 17, 5. 8. 21. 23. 25. 18, 17. 25. 33. 34. 37. 19, 9. Rom. 9, 20. 11, 17. 18. 20. 22. 24. 14, 4. 10. Gal. 2, 14. 6, 1. I Tim. 4, 15 (þatei þeiþais þu, ὅου ἡ προκοπή). 6, 11. II Tim. 1, 18. 2, 1. 3. 3, 10. 14. 4, 5. 15. Tit. 2, 1. Philem. 12. Skeir. IV, a. VIII, d. (*added in Goth.*); Mk. 1, 24. Jo. 7, 3. 13, 38. 16, 30 (*twice*); (b) *w. a voc.* (*for* σύ); Mt. 11, 23. Lu. 1, 28. 42. 10, 15. Jo. 17, 5. (*for the Gr. art.*) Mt. 6, 9. 11, 23. Mk. 9, 25. Lu. 10, 15. (*added in Goth.*) Lu. 4, 23, (2) *gen.* þeina (σοῦ); Mt. 6, 13. Jo. 7, 3. I Cor. 12, 21. II Cor. 6, 2 (*Gr.* σοί *after* βοηθεῖν). Philem. 20. (3) *dat.* þus (σοί *or an equivalent construction*); Mt. 5, 26. 29. 30. 40. 42. 6, 2. 4. 6. 18. 23. 8, 13. 29. 9, 2. 5. 11, 10. 21. 24. 25, 39. 44. 27, 19. Mk. 1, 2. 24. 2, 5. 9. 11. 5, 7. 19. 41. 6, 18. 22. 23. 9. 5. 17. 25. 43. 45. 47. 10, 21. 51. 11, 14. 23. 28. Lu. 1, 3. 13. 14. 19. 28. 30. 35. 4, 6. 34. 5, 10. 20. 23. 24. 6, 29. 7, 7. 14. 20. 27. 40. 47. 48. 8, 28. 39. 9, 33. 10, 21. 14, 10. 12. 14. 15, 29. 16, 2. 6. 17, 4. 18, 11. 22. 41. 19, 43. 44. 20, 2. Jo. 3, 3. 5. 26. 6, 30. 9, 10. 17. 26. 37. 11, 22. 40. 41. 12, 15. 13, 38. 17, 5. 7. 8. 11. 13. 21. 18, 30. 34. 19, 11. Rom. 9, 7. 17. 10, 8. 11, 22. 13, 4. 15, 9. II Cor. 6, 2. I Tim. 1, 18. 3, 14. 4, 14. 16. II Tim. 1, 5. 6. 2, 7. 3, 14. 4, 11. Tit. 1, 5. Philem. 11. 16. 18. 19. 21; (4) *acc.* þuk (σέ *or an equivalent construction*); Mt. 5, 23. 25. 29. 30. 39. 41. 42. 6, 3. 8, 4. 19. 9, 2. 22. 25, 38. 39. 44. 26, 73. 27, 13. Mk. 1, 24. 37. 44. 3, 32. 4, 38. 5, 7. 19. 31. 34. 9, 43. 45. 47. 10, 28. 35. 49. 52. 11, 23. 12, 14. 31. 14, 60. 15, 4. 30. Lu. 1, 35. 2, 48. 4, 9. 10. 11. 23. 34. 5, 8. 14. 6, 29. 30. 7, 6. 50. 8, 20. 28. 39. 45. 48. 9, 38. 57. 61. 10, 27. 14, 12. 18. 19. 17, 6. 9. 19. 18, 28. 42. 19, 21. 22. 43. 44. Jo. 7, 4. 20. 8, 13. 53. 10, 33. 11, 8. 28. 13, 37. 14, 22. 16, 30. 17, 1. 3. 4. 25. 18, 26. 35. 19, 10. Rom. 8, 36. 9, 17. 11, 18. 21. 13, 9. I Cor. 4, 7. 8, 10. II Cor. 12, 9. Gal. 5, 14. 6, 1. Phil. 4, 3. I Tim. 1, 3. 4, 7. 16. 5, 22. 6, 14. II Tim. 1, 3. 4. 6. 8. 2, 1. 15. 3, 14. 15. Philem. 13. 19. 23. (II) *dual,* (1) *nom.* *þut (*wanting*);* (2) *gen.* *igqara, iggkara (ὑ-

μῶν); I Cor. 12, 21; (3) *dat.* igqis, iggkis (*ὑμῖν or an equivalent construction*); Mt. 9, 29. Mk. 10, 36. 11, 2. 3. 14, 13; (4) *acc.* igqis, *iggkis (*ὑμᾶς*); Mk. 1, 17. Lu. 19, 31 (inqis *in MS*). (III) *plur.*, (1) *nom.* jus, *ye, you* (*ὑμεῖς*), (a) *used alone;* Mt. 5, 48. 6, 9. 26. 7, 12. 9, 4. 10, 31. Mk. 7, 11. 18. 8, 29. 11, 17. 26. 12, 27. 13, 23. 29. Lu. 6, 31. 9, 13. 20. 44. 10, 24 (*first*). 16, 15. 17, 10. 19, 46. Jo. 5, 35. 38. 45. 6, 67. 7, 8. 28. 34. 36. 47. 8, 14. 15. 21. 22. 23. 31. 38. 41. 44. 47. 49. 54. 9, 19. 27. 30. 10, 26. 36. 13, 13. 14. 15. 33. 34. 14, 3. 17. 19. 20. 15, 3. 4. 5. 14. 16. 27. 16, 20. 22. 27. 18, 31. 19, 6. Rom. 7, 4. 8, 9. 9, 26. 11, 30. I Cor. 4, 10 (juzuþ þan, *second*, = jus-uh þan). 5, 12. 9, 1. 2. 10, 15. 16, 1. 6. 16. II Cor. 1, 14. 3, 2. 6, 13. 16. 18. 8, 9. 10 (juzei, *οἵτινες*). 9, 4. 11, 7. 12, 11. 13, 7. 9. Gal. 3, 28. 29. 4, 12. 5, 4 (juzei, *οἵτινες*). 13. 6, 1. Eph. 1, 13. 18 (ei witeiþ jus, *εἰς τὸ εἰδέναι ὑμᾶς*). 2, 11. 13. 22. 4, 20. 22. 6, 21. Phil. 4, 15. Col. 3, 4. 7. 8. 13. 16. I Thess. 2, 14. 19. 20. 3, 8. 4, 9. 5, 4. 5. II Thess. 1, 12. 3, 13. Skeir. VI, a. d. VIII, b. (*added in Goth.*) Mt. 6, 8. Lu. 10, 23. 24 (*second*). 17, 6. Jo. 14, 28. II Cor. 6, 12. Gal. 4, 6; (b) *w. a voc.* (*for the Gr. art.; comp. I, 1, b, above*); Mt. 7, 23. 25, 41. Lu. 6, 20. 21. 25. Gal. 4, 21. Eph. 5, 25. 6, 9. Col. 3, 18. 21. 4, 1; (2) *gen.* izwara (*ὑμῶν or an equivalent construction*); Mt. 6, 27. Mk. 10, 44. Lu. 14, 28. 33. 15, 4. 17, 7. Jo. 6, 64. 70. 7, 19. 8, 46. 11, 15. 12, 30. 13, 21. Rom. 11, 28. I Cor. 1, 13. 14. 4, 6. 6, 1. 7, 5. 11, 24. 14, 26. 16, 2. II Cor. 1, 23. 2, 3. 10. 4, 15. 7, 15. 8, 9. 9, 14. Eph. 1, 16. 3, 1. Phil. 1, 24. 2, 26. I Thess. 2, 11. 3, 9. 4, 4. II Thess. 1, 3. 3, 8; (3) *dat.* izwis (*ὑμῖν or an equivalent construction*); Mt. 5, 18. 20. 22. 28. 32. 34. 39. 44. 6, 2. 5. 14. 16. 19. 20. 25. 29. 7, 12. 15. 8, 10. 11. 10, 23. 26. 27. 28. 42. 11, 9. 11. 17. 21. 23 (in izwis, *ἐν σοί; s. note*). 24. 25, 40. 45. 26, 66. 27, 17. Mk. 3, 28. 4, 11. 24. 6, 11. 8, 12. 15. 9, 1. 13. 19. 33. 41. 50. 10, 3. 5. 15. 29. 43. 11, 23–26. 29. 33. 13, 21. 23. 14, 7. 9. 15. 49. 64. 15, 9. 16, 6. 7. Lu. 2, 10. 11. 12. 3, 7. 8. 13. 4, 24. 25. 6, 24. 25. 27. 28. 31–34. 38. 47. 7, 9. 26. 28. 32. 8, 10. 9, 41. 48. 10, 6. 8. 11. 12. 14. 16. 19. 20. 24. 14, 24. 15, 7. 10. 16, 9. 11. 12. 17, 6. 10. 21. 23. 34. 18, 8. 14. 17. 29. 19, 26. 40. 20, 8. Jo. 5, 38. 6, 20. 26. 27. 32. 36. 43. 47. 53. 63. 65. 7, 19. 22. 33. 8, 24. 25. 34. 37. 40. 51. 55. 58. 9, 27. 10, 1. 7. 25. 26. 32. 12, 8. 24. 35. 13, 12. 14. 15. 16. 19. 20. 21. 33. 34. 14, 2. 3. 9. 10. 12. 16. 17. 18. 20. 25–30. 15, 3. 4. 7. 11. 14–18. 20. 21. 26. 16, 1. 4. 5. 6. 7. 12–15. 19. 20. 23. 25. 26. 33. 18, 8.

39. 19, 4. Rom. 8, 9. 10. 11, 13. 25. 12, 3. 16. 18. 15, 5. I Cor. 4, 3. 8. 5, 4. 9. 11. 13. 9, 2. 10, 27. 11, 2. 22. 23. 30. 14, 25. 15, 1. 2. 3. 12. 34. 51. 16, 5. 6. 7. 10. 12. 23. 24. II Cor, 1, 2. 11. 12. 13. 15. 16. 18. 19. 21. 2, 1. 3. 4. 3, 1. 4, 12. 14. 5, 12. 13. 6, 11. 18. 7, 2. 4. 7. 11–16. 8, 1. 6. 7. 10. 13. 16. 17. 24. 9, 1. 2. 3. 5. 14. 10, 1. 15. 11, 6–9. 12, 11. 12. 14. 17. 19. 20. 21. 13, 1. 3. 4. 5. 13. Gal. 1, 3. 20. 2, 5. 3, 1. 2. 5. 4, 11. 13. 15–20. 5, 2. 10. 13. 14. 15. 21. 6, 11. Eph. 1, 2. 17. 2, 8. 17. 3, 16. 4, 31. 32. 5, 3. 19. 21. 6, 9. 12. 21. 22. Phil. 1, 25. 26. 28. 29. 2, 5. 25. 3, 1. 15. 18. 4, 9. Col. 1, 27. 3, 9. 13. 16. 4, 7–10. 12. 16. 19. I Thess. 2, 10. 13. 17. 18. 3, 4. 6. 7. 11. 4, 2. 6. 8. 9. 11. 15. 5, 1. 12. 13. 15. 28. II Thess. 1, 2. 4. 7. 10. 12. 3, 1. 4. 6. 7. 10. 11. 16. 18. Philem. 22. (*added in Goth.*) II Cor. 8, 8; (4) *acc.* izwis (*ὑμᾶς, or an equivalent construction*); Mt. 3, 11. 5, 44. 46, 6. 30. 7, 23. 10, 40. Mk. 1, 8. 6, 11. 7, 6. 9, 19. 40. 41. 11, 29. 16, 7. Lu. 3, 16. 6, 9. 22. 26. 27. 28. 32. 9, 5. 41. 50. 10, 3. 8–11. 16, 9. 15. 17, 14. 20, 3. Jo. 5, 45. 6, 61. 70. 7, 7. 8, 26. 32. 36. 12, 35. 13, 18. 34. 14, 3. 18. 26. 15, 9. 12. 15–20. 16, 2. 13. 22. 26. 27. 33. Rom. 10, 19. 11, 25. 12, 1. 2. 10. 14. 19. 15, 7. 13. 16, 22. 23. I Cor. 5, 9. 7, 28. 10, 1. 20. 27. 11, 2. 3. 22. 16, 7. 15. 19. 20. II Cor. 1, 6. 8. 16. 2, 2. 5. 7. 8. 6, 1. 17. 7, 8. 11. 12. 8, 22. 23. 9, 4. 8. 10, 1. 9. 13. 14. 16. 11, 2. 11. 20. 12, 13–20. 13, 5. 12. Gal. 1, 6. 7. 3, 1. 5. 4, 9. 11. 12. 16. 17. 5, 4. 7. 8. 10. 12. 15. 6, 12. 13. Eph. 2, 1. 3, 2. 13. 4, 1. 2. 5, 6. 18. 6, 10. 11. Phil. 1, 27. 2, 28. 3, 17. Col. 1, 7. 9. 12. 13. 21. 22. 24. 25. 2, 13. 16. 18. 3, 9. 12. 13. 16. 4, 2. 8. 10. 12. 13. 14. I Thess. 2, 11. 12. 3, 2. 5. 6. 9. 12. 4, 1. 3. 9. 10. 13. 5, 4. 11. 12. 14. 18. 22. 23. 27. II Thess. 1, 3. 5. 11. 2, 1. 2. 3. 3, 3. 6. 14. (*added in Goth.*) II Thess. 3, 3 (*second*). [*Cf. O. E.* ðū (*Comp. Siev. O. E. Gr. 121 and note*), *Mdl. E.* ðŭ, ðû=ðou, *Mdn. E.* thou, *O. N.* þú, *O. S.* thu, *O. H. G.* dû, du, *M. H. G.* du, dû, *N. H. G.* du, *Eff.* dŭ, duĕ (*accented*), *thou, you, Gr.* τύ (*Doric*), σύ, *Lt.* tû, *Skr.* tvâm, *Zd.* tûm, *thou; gen.: O. E.* (*Mdl. E.?*) ðîn, *O. N.* þín, *O. S.* thîn, *O. H. G.* dîn, *M. H. G.* dîn, *N. H. G.* dein (*poet.*); *dat.: O. E.* ðê (ðĕ), *Mdl. E.* ðê (ðĕ?), *Mdn. E.* thee, *O. N.* þér, *O. S.* thi, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* dir, *N. H. G.* dir, *Eff.* diĕ; *acc.: O. E.* ðec, (ðê, ðe, *prop. dat.*), *Mdl. E.* ðe, ði, ðê, *Mdn. E.* thee, *O. N.* þik (*beside* þig), þek, *O. S.* thik, thi, *O. H. G.* dih, *M. H. G. N. H. G. Eff.* dich, *thee, you. Goth.* þus, þuk (*for orig.* *þis, *þik) *have* u *by influence of the nom.* þu (*S. Fst., p. 124*). — *Concerning the dual and plur. forms, s.* igqara,

jus, *respectively. Comp. also* þeins *and follg. w.*]

þu-ei, *rel. pron.* (158), (1) *sing.*, (a) *nom.* þuei, *thou who, thou that:* þu—þuei *w. pres. indic., thou—that* (*σύ—ὁ w. partic.*); Rom. 14, 4; (b) *dat.* þuzei, *to thee to whom:* þu—in þuzei, *thou—in whom* (*σύ—ἐν ᾧ*); Mk. 1, 11 (*Comp.* (c), *below*). Lu. 3, 22; (c) *acc.* þukei, *thee whom:* þukei wilda (*a marginal gloss to* in þuzei waíla galeikaida); Mk. 1, 11. (2) *sing.*, (a) *nom.* juzei (*i. e.* jus-ei): jus—juzei, *ye who, ye that* (*ὑμεῖς—οἱ w. partic.*); Lu. 16, 15; *so* jus juzei; Eph. 2, 13; izwis—juzei, *to you—who* (*ὑμῖν—οἵτινες*); II Cor. 8, 10; izwis juzei faírra (*ὑμῖν τοῖς μακράν*); Eph. 2, 17. — juzei, *who* (*οἵτινες*); Gal. 5, 4; in izwis, juzei *w. pres. indic., in you that* (*ἐν ὑμῖν τοῖς w. partic.*); I Thess. 2, 13; (b) *dat.* izwizei: izwis—izwizei faúra augam, *you—before whose eyes, lit. 'to whom before (the) eyes* (*ὑμᾶς—οἷς κατ' ὀφθαλμούς*); Gal. 3, 1. — *From* þu *and rel. part.* -ei, *q. v.*

þugkjan, *an. v.* (209), (1) *impers.:* þugkeiþ mis, *I think* (*methinks, G. 'mich duenkt,'* *δοκεῖ μοι*); Mt. 26, 66. (*φαίνεται μοι*) Mk. 14, 64; *folld. by* ei (*δοκῶ ὅτι*); Mt. 6, 7. Lu. 19, 11. II Cor. 12, 19; þaimei þûhta, *to whom I pleased* (*which is wrong: for Gr. τοῖς δοκοῦσιν, to those of reputation*); Gal. 2, 2. (2) *pers.: to think, suppose, intend, seem* (*δοκεῖν*); *w. a dependent inf.;* Mk. 10, 42. Lu. 8, 18. Jo. 16, 2. Gal. 2, 6. 6, 3. Phil. 3, 4. Skeir. I, c. IV, c. VI, a; *w. nom. and inf.;* I Cor. 12, 22, *and* subscr. Gal. 2, 9; *w. a partic.;* II Cor. 10, 9. (*for φαίνεσθαι, first; εἶναι, second*) II Cor. 13, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* ðync(e)an (*from* *ðuncjan; *pret.* ðûhte, *from* *ðunhte, *pret. partic.* ðûht), *to seem* (me (*dat.*) ðynceð, *it seems to me*), *Mdl. E.* ðinke, *th. s., Mdn. E.* think (*confused w. Mdl. E.* ðenke; *s.* þagkjan; *its orig. meaning is preserved in* me-thinks, *it seems to me*), *O. N.* þykkja, *O. S.* thunkian, *O. H. G.* dunchan (*pret.* dûhta), *impers. w. dat.: to seem, M. H. G.* dunken (*pret.* dûhte), *to seem, think, N. H. G.* dünken, *impers., th. s. From Idg. root* teng *occurring in Old Lt.* tongêre, *to know. Comp.* þûhts, *þûhtus.]

***þûhts,** *adj.* (15, b), *in* háuh-, mikil-þûhts, *q. v.* — *Prop. pret. partic. of* þugkjan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

þûhtus, *m.* (15, b), *thought, wisdom:* waúrd habandôna handugeins þûhtaus (*λόγον ἔχοντα σοφίας*), (*which things*) *have a show of wisdom* (*G. version: welche einen schein von weisheit haben*); Col. 2, 23; *conscience* (*συνείδησις*); I Cor. 10, 28. 29. Skeir. V, b (*S. note*). — *From* *þunhtus, *from root of* þugkjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tu. *Allied to*

O. E. (ʒe)ðǫ̂ht (*from stem* ðanh-; *s.* þâhts), *m.*, *Mdl. E.* ðǫ̂ht, ðouht (*For the* ou, *s. Sk.*, think), *Mdn. E.* thought, *O. N.* þótti (*weak subst.*). *S.* *þâhts.]

þuk, *acc. sing. of* **þu,** *q. v.*

þulains, *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *sufferance, patience* (*ὑπομονή*); Lu. 8, 15. Rom. 15, 4. 5. II Cor. 12, 12. I Tim. 6, 11. II Tim. 3, 10; *suffering* (*πάϑημα*); II Cor. 1, 5. 6. 7. Phil. 3, 10. Skeir. II, *a.* — *From* þulan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ai-ni. *Comp.* us-þulains.

þulan, *w. v.* (193), *w. acc.: to tolerate, suffer, bear, put up with* (*ἀνέχεσϑαι w. gen.*); Mk. 9, 19. Lu. 9, 41. Phil. 4, 12. Col. 3, 13. (*στέγειν w. acc.*) I Cor. 13, 7; þarbôs þulan, *to suffer need* (*ὑστερεῖσϑαι*); Phil. 4. 12. — *Compds.* (a) ga-þ., *to suffer, endure* (*ὑπομένειν*); II Tim. 2, 12; *w. acc.* (*πάσχειν w. acc.*); Lu. 17, 25; *and folld. by* fram *w. dat.* (*ὑπό w. gen.*); Mk. 5, 26; bi *w. acc.* (*ὑπομένειν w. acc. folld. by* διά *w. acc.*); II Tim. 2, 10. (b) us-þ., (1) *w. acc.: to suffer, endure, bear, have patience* (*ἀνέχεσϑαι w. gen.*); II Cor. 11, 1. 19. Eph. 4, 2. I Thess. 5, 14 (*S. note*). II Thess. 1, 4 (*Gr. dat. for gen., by attraction*). II Tim. 4, 3. (*ἀνέχεσϑαι w. dat.*) *G.* 5, 1. (*ὑπομένειν w. dat.*) Rom. 12, 12. (*ὑποφέρειν w. acc.*) II Tim. 3, 11; *comp.* Skeir. II, b. VIII, b. d. (2) *abs.: to suffer, bear* (*ἀνέχεσϑαι*); II Cor. 11, 4. 20; *to forbear* (*στέγειν*); I Thess. 3, 1. 5; usþulands (*pres. partic.*), *patient* (*ἀνεξίκακος*); II Tim. 2, 24. [*Cf. O. E.* (ʒe)ðolian, *Mdl. E.* (i)ðole, *to suffer, endure, O. N.* þola, *O. S.* tholian, tholôn, *O. H. G.* dolên, *M. H. G.* doln, *to suffer, endure, put up with, whence, respectively* (*w.* ti-*suff.*), *O. E.* ʒe-ðyld, *f.*, *Mdl. E.* (i)ðuld, *patience, O. S.* gi-thuld, *O. H. G.* (ge)dult, *M. H. G.* (ge)dult(d), *N. H. G.* geduld, *f., patience, O. H. G.* dulten, *M. H. G.* dulten, dulden, *to tolerate, suffer, bear with,* gedulden, *to suffer, N. H. G.* dulden, *to suffer, endure, tolerate,* sich gedulden, *to have patience, forbear, bear with. From pre-Germanic root* tel, tol (tlê, tlâ); *comp. Gr.* τολμᾶν, *to endure,* τλῆ-ναι, *to suffer,* τλήμων, *misery,* πολύ-τλας, *much-enduring, steadfast, Skr.* tulayati, *lifts up,* tul-ya, *equal,* tulâ, *balance, scales, Lt.* tuli (*pret. of* ferre, *to bear*), tollere, *to lift up* (*compd.* ex-t., *to lift or raise up, whence Mdn. E.* extol), *pret. partic.* -lâtus (*for* tlâ-tus), tolerare, *to put up with, pret. partic.* toleratus, *whence Mdn. E.* tolerate. *To Lt. compds. w. partic. stem in* -lâtus *refer many Engl. words, such as* di-, ob-, pre-, pro-, re-, trans-late; ab-lat-ive, super-lat-ive, *etc.; s. Sk.*, tolerate. — *Comp.* þulains.]

þus, *dat. sing. of* **þu,** *q. v.*

þûsundi, *num.* (15; 145), *a thousand* (*χίλιοι*); *usually f. subst.* (*once n. pl.* þûsundja, *δισχίλιοι*; Ezra 2, 14); Mk. 5, 13. 8, 9. 19. 20. Lu. 9, 14. 14, 31. Jo. 6, 10. Ezra 2, 12 (þûsund *in MS*). 31. 35. 37. 38. 39. Skeir. VII, b. [*Cf. O. E.* ðûsend, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* ðûsend, ðousand(ou=û), *Mdn. E.* thousand, O. N. þûsund, *f.*, *O. S.* thûsind (thûsundig), *O. H. G.* dûsunt, thûsunt (*late also* tûsent; *s. Br., A. Gr., 275*), *f., also n., M. H. G.* tûsent (tûsunt), *beside* tûs-ig, *N. H. G.* tausend (*dial.* tausig), *a thousand, Lith.* túkstantis, *th. s. S. Fst.*, þûsundi, *Kl.*, tausend, *and Goth. Gr., 145. Comp. follg w.*]

þûsundi-faþs, *m., a leader of a thousand men, a captain, high captain* (*χιλίαρχος*); Mk. 6, 21. Jo. 18, 12.—*From* þûsundi *and* faþs, *q. v.*

þut-haúrn, *n., horn, trumpet* (*σάλπιγξ*); I Cor. 15, 52. I Thess. 4, 16. [*The first component,* þut, *is cognate w. O. N.* þytr (i-*stem*), *m., M. H. G.* duz, *m., noise; cf. O. E.* ðêotan (*pret.* ðêat, ðuton, *pret. partic.* ðoten), *Mdl. E.* ðêote, *to howl, O. N.* þjóta, *to resound, blow a horn, O. H. G.* diozan, *M. H. G.* diezen, *to resound, roar. Comp. Fst., p. 125. For the second component, s.* haúrn. *Comp. follg. w.*]

þut-haúrnjan, *w. v., to blow the trumpet* (*σαλπίζειν*); I Cor. 15. 52. — *From prec. w., q. v.*

þwahan, *str. v.* (177, *n.* 1) *w. acc.: to wash* (*νίπτειν w. acc.*); Jo. 13, 14. I Tim. 5, 10. (*νίπτεσθαι w. acc.*) Mt. 6, 17. Mk. 7, 3; *to wash one's self;* Jo. 9, 7. — *Compds.* (a) af-þw., *to wash off, wash one's self* (*νίπτεσθαι*); Jo. 9, 7. 11. 15. (b) bi-þw., *to wash one's self* (*νίπτεσθαι*); Jo. 9, 11. (c) us-þw. *w. acc., to wash* (*νίπτειν w. acc.*); Jo. 13, 12. 14. (*ἀποπλύνειν*) Lu. 5, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* ðwêan (*contr. from* ðwaon, *for* ðwahon), *O. N.* þvá, *O. S.* thwahan, *O. H. G.* dwahan, *M. H. G.* twahen, zwahen, zwa gen, dwahen, *str. v., N. H. G.* (*dial.*) zwagen (*Concerning* g *for* h, *s. Br., A. Gr., 346, n. 2*), *to wash. From Germanic root* þwah, *also found* (*w. instr.* l-*suff.*) *in O. H. G.* dwahila, dwehila, dwahilla, *M. H. G.* dwehele, dwêle, *and* twehele, twehel (*beside* quehele, *N. H. G.* quehle), *N. H. G.* zwehle, *f., towel; further O. N.* þvegill *and* þvæli, *m., bathing-cloth. Of Germanic orig. is Vulg. Lt.* toacula, *whence Fr.* toaille, *whence Mdl. E.* towaille, *Mdn. E.* towel. *Comp.* unþwahans *and follg. w.*]

þwahl, *n., a washing, bath, baptism* (*λουτρόν*); Eph. 5, 26. Skeir. II, b. [*From root of* þwahan (*q. v.*) *and instr. suff.* -la. *Cf. O. H. G.* dwahal, *n., bath. Allied to O. N.* þvál, *soap.*]

þwaírhei, *f.,* (1) *anger, wrath* (*ὀργή*); Rom. 9, 22. 12, 19. 13, 4. 5. Eph. 4, 31. I Tim. 2, 8.

(παροργισμός); Eph. 4. 26. (θυμός) Col. 3, 8. Skeir. VIII, c; in þwaírhein briggan, *to anger* (παροργίζειν); Rom. 10, 19; gramjan du þwaírhein, *th. s.*; Col. 3, 21. (2) *strife* (ἔρις); II Cor. 12, 20. — *From stem of* þwaírhs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

þwaírhs, *adj., angry* (ὀργίλος); Tit. 1, 7. (ὀργισθείς) Lu. 14, 21; þwaírhs wisan (ὀργίζεσθαι); Eph. 4, 26. [*Cf. O. E.* ðweorh (eo *from* e, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* ðweorh, *adj., bent, crooked, twisted, cross, O. H. G.* dwerah, twerh, *oblique, transverse, M. H. G.* twerch, dwerch, *oblique, transverse, perverse, N. H. G.* zwerch-, *in* zwerchfell (*For* fell, *s.* fill), *n., diaphragm,* zwerchsack (*For* sack, *s.* sakkus), *m., wallet; Eff.* zewäesh, *adj., transverse, wrong, Du.* dwars, *Dan.* tværs, tvært, *adv., across. Beside G.* twerh *there occurs also O. H. G. M. H. G.* twer (*and M. H. G.* quer, *N. H. G.* quer, *L. G.* queer, *across, whence Mdn. E.* queer; *s. Sk.,* queer, *transverse, O. N.* þverr, *adj., perverse, adverse, acc. neut.* þvert (*used adv.:* um þvert, *across, athwart;* — *Sk.*), *whence Mdl. E.* thwert, thwart, *across, Mdn. E.* thwart, *adv.* (*obs.*), *crossing, thwartly, later adj., transverse, and v., to cross. Comp. prec. w.*]

þwastiþa, *f., safety* (τὸ ἀσφαλές); Phil. 3, 1. — *Probably from a lost adj.* *þwasts, *adj., firm, safe, and suff.* -iþô-. *S. follg. w.*

***þwastjan,** *w. v., to secure, in* ga-þw. *w. acc.* (*or pers. pass.*), *to confirm, stablish, to restore* (καταρτίζειν *w. acc.*); Gal. 6, 1; (βεβαιοῦν *w. acc.*), *folld. by* in *w. acc.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); II Cor. 1, 21: gaþwastiþs (*pret. partic.*), *grounded* (τεθεμελιωμένος); Col. 1, 23; gaþwastiþs wisan, *to be strong* (κραταιοῦσθαι); I Cor. 16, 13. — *From* *þwasts, *firm, strong; s. prec. w.*

þymiama, *m., incense, offering of incense* (θυμίαμα); Lu. 1, 10. 11. [*From Gr.* θυμίαμα, *incense, allied to* θύμος, θύμον (*from root* θυ, *in* θύειν, *to offer,* θυός, *incense*), *thyme, whence Lt.* thymum, *th. s., whence Fr.* thym, *whence Mdl. E.* tŷme, *thîme, Mdn. E.* thyme, thime (th=t), *a plant.*]

U.

-U, *an enclitic used in asking a question* (216 *and n.* 1), (I) *in simple questions,* (1) *direct* (*where the Gr. shows no equivalent*), (a) *attached to a v.:* magutsu, *can ye;* Mk. 10, 38; wileidu, *will ye;* Mk. 15, 9. Jo. 18, 39; wileizu, *wilt thou;* Lu. 9, 54; witudu, *know ye;* Jo. 13, 12; skuldu (*partic.*) ist, *is it*

lawful (ἔξεστι); Mk. 3, 4. *The part.* -u *is inserted between a v. and its pref.:* gaulaubjats; Mt. 9, 28; gaulaubeis; Jo. 9, 35; biugitai; Lu. 18, 8; (b) *to a pron.:* sau; Jo. 9, 19. I Cor. 9, 6. (*Comp.* Eph. 1, 18, *note*). (c) *to an adv.:* swau; Jo. 18, 22; (2) *indir. w. opt.* (εἰ *w. pres. indic.*), *affixed to vbs.;* Mt. 27, 49. Mk. 10, 2. 15, 36. Lu. 14, 28. 31. II Cor. 2, 9. 13, 5; *in tmesis:* ga-u-hva-sêlvi; Mk. 8, 23. (II) *in disjunctive interrogations,* (1) *direct;* Mk. 12, 14. Lu. 7, 19. 20 (anþaranuh *for* anþarana-uh). 20, 22. Jo. 9, 2. 18, 34 (abu *for* af-u). Gal. 3, 2; *also* -uh (*i. e.* -u *intensified by* -h; *s.* -uh); Mt. 11, 3. Mk. 11, 30. Lu. 20, 4; (2) *indir.;* Jo. 7, 17 (-uh *in* framuh). — *Comp. Bzb., p. 81. S.* ni-u, *also* jau.

Ubadamirus, *pr. n.* (40, *n.* 1).

Ubadila, *pr. n.* (40, *n.* 1).

ubilaba, *adv.* (210), *evilly, ill* (κακῶς); Jo. 18, 23; ubilaba baban, *to be ill or sick* (κακῶς ἔχειν); Mk. 2, 17. — *From stem of* ubils *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.*

ubils, *adj.* (124; 138), *evil, ill, bad, useless* (πονηρός); Mt. 5, 45. 7, 17 (*second*). 18 (*first*). 9, 4. Lu. 3, 19. 6, 22. 45. 7, 21. 8, 2. Jo. 7, 7. Rom. 12, 9. I Cor. 5, 13. Gal. 1, 4. Eph. 6, 13. Col. 1, 21. I Thess. 5, 22. II Thess. 3, 2. I Tim. 6, 4. II Tim. 3, 13. (κακός) Mk. 7, 21. 15, 14. Lu. 6. 43 (*second*). Rom. 7, 19. 21. 12, 17. 13, 3. 4. 10. I Cor. 13, 5. 15, 33. II Cor. 13, 7. Phil. 3, 2. Col. 3, 5. I Thess. 5, 15. I Tim. 6, 10. Tit. 1, 12 (σαρπός) Mt. 7, 17 (*first*). 18 (*second*). Lu. 6, 43 (*first*). Eph. 4, 29. *The n.* ubil *is often used as a subst.:* þata ubil, *the evil, an evil thing, evil* (το κακόν); Jo. 18, 23; þata ubilô, *th. s.* (τὸ πονηρόν); Mt. 5, 37. 6, 13. Mk. 7, 23. II Thess. 3, 3; ubil qiþan *w. dat., to speak evil against, to curse* (κακολογεῖν *w. acc.*); Mk. 7, 10; ubil haban, *to be ill or sick* (κακῶς ἔχειν); Mt. 8, 16. Mk. 1, 32. 34. 6, 55. [*Cf. O. E.* yfel (*from* *ufil), *adj.* (*also used as n. subst.*), *Mdl. E* êvel(?), uvel, ifel, *adj. and subst., Mdn. E.* evil, *adj. and subst., O. S. O. H. G.* ubil, *M. H. G.* übel, *N. H. G.* übel, *adj. and n. subst., Du.* euvel, *Eff.* övel, *adj., evil, bad. Allied to O. N.* illr, *adj., evil, bad,* illa, *adv., whence Mdl. E.* ille, *adj. and adv., Mdn. E.* ill; *and to O. H. G.* uppi (*from Germanic* ubjo-), *adj., malignant,* uppîg (*w. suff.* îg), *M. H. G.* uppic(g), *adj., superfluous, useless, void, frivolous, wanton, N. H. G.* üppig, *adj., luxurious, wanton, voluptuous. Supposed to be connected w.* uf, ufar, *q. v.* (*Comp. Kl.,* übel). *S.* ubilaba, ubil-tôjis, ubil-waúrds.]

ubil-tôjis, *adj.* (126), *evil-doing, mischievous; used as subst.: malefactor, evildoer* (κακοποιός); Jo. 18, 30. (κακοῦργος) II

Tim. 2, 9. — *From* ubil *and* -tôjis, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

ubil-waúrdjan; *s.* ***waúrdjan.** — *From follg. w.*

ubil-waúrds, *adj., evil-speaking, railing* (λοίδορος); I Cor. 5, 11. — *From* ubil *and* *waúrds, *q. v. S.* ubil-tôjis *and prec. w.*

ubizwa, *f., hall, porch* (στοά); Jo. 10, 23. [*From* *ubiz (s-*stem*) *and suff.* -wô. *Allied to O. E.* yfese, efese (*extended by suff.* -an), *Mdl. E.* evese, *a clipped edge of thatch, Mdn. E.* eaves, *the clipped edge of a thatched roof, O. N.* ups, *O. H. G.* opasa, obasa (*etc.; s. P., Beitr., VI, 189*), *M. H. G.* obese, obse, *f., fore-court, hall, eaves. All seem to be cognate w.* uf, ufar, *q. v.*]

ub-uh, *for* **uf-uh;** *s.* **uf, -uh.**

uf, *prep.* (56, *n.* 2; 217), (I) *w. dat.*, (1) *local: under, beneath* (ὑπό *w. acc.*); Mk. 4, 32. Lu. 17, 24. I Cor. 10, 1. Col. 1, 23. I Tim. 6, 1; dal uf mêsa (ὑπολήνιον); *s.* mês; (2) *temporal: in the time of* (ἐπί *w. gen.*); Mk. 2, 26. Lu. 4, 27. I Tim. 6, 13; (3) *transferred: under, in* (ὑπό *w. acc.*); Mt. 8, 9. Lu. 7, 8. I Cor. 9, 20. Gal. 4, 2. 3. 4. 5. 21. 5, 18; uf gakunþai, *under subjection* (ἀρχόμενος); Lu. 3, 23 (*S. note*). (II) *w. acc.*, (1) *local: under* (ὑπό *w. acc.*); Mt. 8, 8. Mk. 4, 21. Lu. 7, 6, I Cor. 15, 25. 26. Eph. 1, 22. Skeir. I, a. ὑποκάτω *w. gen.*) Lu. 8, 16; ufhnaiwjan uf *w. acc., to put under* (ὑποτάσσειν *w. dat.*); I Cor. 15, 27. 28; (2) *transferred: under* (ὑπό *w. acc.*); Rom 7, 14. —*Occurs in numerous compds.: vs., subst., and adjs.* [*Cf. O. E.* *ufe, *in* ufeweard (*For* weard, *s.* *waírþs), *Mdl. E.* ufe-, uveward, *higher up, upward, O. N.* of, *over, O. H. G.* oba, *M. H. G.* obe, ob, *prep. and adv.: above, over, N. H. G.* ob, *prep.: over (rare); and occurs as a pref. in many compds.; as,* obacht, *f., care, heed,* obdach, *n., shelter,* obsiegen, *to vanquish. From Indg.* upo, *upon, under; comp. Skr.* úpa, *upon, next, below, Gr.* ὑπό, *under, beneath, Lt.* s-ub, *under.* — *From O. E.* ufe *comes* ufan, *adv., from above, above,* be-ufan, âbufan (*from* an- be- ufan; *for* an-, be-, *s.* ana, bi), *Mdl. E.* (a)boven, buven, *Mdn. E.* above, *O. S.* oban, obana, *O. H. G.* obana, *M. H. G.* obene, oben, *from above, above, N. H. G.* oben, *above, Du.* boven, *Eff.* ove(n), bove(n), *above. S.* ufar, ufarô, *and* iup.]

uf-aiþeis, *adj.* (56, *n.* 2), *under an oath* (ἔνορκος); Neh. 6, 18. — *From* uf *and* *aiþeis, *q. v.*

ufar, *prep.* (217), (I) *w. dat.*, (1) *local: over, above, beyond* (ἐπί *w. acc.*); Mt. 27, 45; ufar himinam, '*over the heavens*', *heavenly* (οὐράνιος); Mt. 6, 14. 26. 32; (2) *transferred: th. s.* (ἐπί *w. acc.*); Lu. 1, 33. 9, 1. 19, 14. 27. (ἐπί *w. gen.*) Rom. 9, 5. Eph. 4, 6. (ἐπάνω *w. gen.*) Lu. 19, 17. (ὑπερ *w. acc.*) Mt.

10, 24. (II) *w. acc., th. s.* (1) *local* (πέραν *w. gen.*); Jo. 6, 1. 17. 10, 40. 18, 1. (ἐπάνω *w. gen.*) Lu. 4, 39. (ὑπεράνω *w. gen.*) Eph. 4, 10. (2) *transferred* (ὑπέρ *w. acc.*); Mt. 10, 37. Lu. 6, 40. I Cor. 4, 6. II Cor. 1, 8. 8, 3. 12, 6. 11. 13. Eph. 1, 22. 3, 20. Philem. 16. 21. Skeir. VI, b. VII, b. (ἐπί *w. dat.*) Eph. 6, 16. Col. 3, 14. (ἐπί *w. acc.*) II Thess. 2, 4. (παρά *w. acc.*) Lu. 3, 13. Neh. 7, 2; ufar filu wisan, *to abound* (περισσεύειν); II Cor. 1, 5; ufar mikil, *very great* (ὑπερλίαν); II Cor. 11, 5; ufar filu, *th. s.*; II Cor. 12, 11. — *Occurs in numerous compds.: vs., substs., adjs., and in prn.* ufarjaina. [*Cf. O. E.* ofer, *Mdl. E.* ofer, over, *Mdn. E.* over, *O. N.* yfir, *O. S.* obar, *O. H. G.* ubir, ubar, *prep.* (ubiri, *adv.*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* über, *prep. and adv., over, above, beyond, Du.* over, *Eff.* öve, *prep., th. s. From Idg.* upéri; *comp. Skr.* upári, *Gr.* ὑπέρ (ὑπείρ, *for* *ὑπέρϳ), *Lt.* s-uper, *prep., over, above, beyond. Allied to* uf, iup; *s. also* ufar *and follg. w.*

ufarassjan, *w. v.*, (1) *trans., w. acc.: to cause to abound, increase excessively* (περισσεύειν *w. acc.*); II Cor. 4, 15; *folld. by* in *w. dat.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); II Cor. 9, 8 (*first*); (2) *intr.: to abound, overflow, redound* (ὑπερπλεονάζειν); I Tim. 1, 14. (περισσεύειν) II Cor. 9, 12; *folld. by* in *w. dat.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); II Cor. 9, 8 (*second*). — *From* ufarassus, *q. v.*

ufarassus, *m., overflow, abundance, superfluity, excellency* (περίσσευμα) II Cor. 8, 13. 14. (περισσεία) 10, 15. (ὑπερβολή) II Cor. 4, 7. 17. (τὸ ὑπερέχον) Phil. 3, 8; *w. a follg. gen.:* u. anstais, *exceeding grace* (ὑπερβάλλουσα χάρις); II Cor. 9, 14; u. wulþaus, *glory that excels* (ὑπερβάλλουσα δόξα); II Cor. 3, 10; u. mikileins, *exceeding greatness* (ὑπερβάλλον · μέγεθος); Eph. 1, 19; u. gabeins, *exceeding riches* (ὑπερβάλλων πλοῦτος); Eph. 2, 7; in ufarassau wisan, *to be in authority* (ἐν ὑπεροχῇ εἶναι); I Tim. 2, 2; *the dat.* ufarassau *is used adv.: abundantly* (περισσοτέρως); II Cor. 1, 12. 2, 4. 7, 15. 11, 23. I Thess. 2, 17. (ὑπερπερισσῶς) Mk. 7, 37. (ὑπερεκπερισσοῦ) I Thess. 3, 10. 5, 13. (ὑπερβαλλόντως) II Cor. 11, 23. (καθ' ὑπερβολήν) Rom. 7, 13. II Cor. 1, 8; ufarassau ufþanjan sik, *to stretch one's self beyond one's measure* (ὑπερεκτείνειν ἑαυτόν); II Cor. 10, 14; ufarassau haban *w. gen.: to have in abundance* (περισσεύειν); Lu. 15, 17. Phil. 4, 12; ufarassau ganôhjan in *w. dat.: to give abundantly* (περισσεύειν εἰς *w. acc.*); Eph. 1, 8; ufarassus wisan *w. gen.* (*the subj. in Gr. and E.*) *folld. by* in *w. dat.: to abound in* (περισσεύειν εἰς *w. acc.*); II

Cor. 1, 5. — *From* ufar (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -assus (*Comp. v. B., p. 115*). *S. prec. and follg. w.*]

ufar-fullei, *f., overfullness, abundance* (περίσσευμα); Lu. 6, 45. [*From stem of* ufar-fulls (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Cf. O. E.* oferfyllo, *f., Mdl. E.* overfulle, *redundance, O. H. G.* ubarfullî, *M. H. G.* übervülle, *N. H. G.* überfülle, *f., th. s. S.* *fullei, *also prec. w.*]

ufar-fulls, *adj., overfull, full to overflowing, abundant* (πεπισμένος); Lu. 6, 38. [*From* ufar *and* fulls, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* oferfull (*Ettm.*)=*Mdn. E.* overfull, *M. H. G.* übervol, *N. H. G.* übervoll, *too full. S. prec. w.*]

ufar-gudja, *m., chief priest* (ἀρχιερεύς); Mk. 10, 33. — *From* ufar *and* gudja, *q. v.*

ufar-hauseins, *f., a hearing over, disregarding, disobedience* (παρακοή); II Cor. 10, 6. — *From* *ufarhausjan (*not found; s.* hausjan). *Comp.* hauseins, *also* ufhauseins.

ufar-himina-kunds, *adj., heavenly* (ἐπουράνιος); I Cor. 15, 48. —*From* ufar *and* himina-kunds, *q. v.*

ufar-jaina, *adv. w. acc.: in places beyond* (εἰς τὰ ὑπερέκεινα *w. gen.*); II Cor. 10, 16. — *From* ufar *and* jaina (*acc. pl. n. of* jains), *q. v.*

ufar-maudei (*probably not* **ufar-maudeins**), *f., oblivion;* Skeir. VI, a (-maudein *being dat.*). — *From* ufar (*q. v.*) *and* *mauþs (?), *adj., forgetful. S.* *maudeins, maudjan.

ufar-mêleins, *f., superscription* (ἐπιγραφή); Mk. 12, 16. — *From* ufarmêljan; *s.* mêljan, *mêleins. *Comp. follg. w.*

ufar-mêli, *n., superscription* (ἐπιγραφή); Mk. 15, 26. Lu. 20, 24. — *From* ufarmêljan; *s.* mêljan, *mêli. *Comp. prec. w.*

ufarô, *adv.* (211, *n.* 1) *and prep.* (217), (I) *adv.: above, thereon* (ἐφ' αὐτῷ); Jo. 11, 38. Skeir. IV, b. (II) *used as a prep.,* (1) *w. gen.: upon* (ἐπάνω *w. gen.*); Lu. 10, 19; *above* (ὑπεράνω *w. gen.*); Eph. 1, 21; (2) *w. dat.: over, above* (ἐπάνω *w. gen.*); Lu. 19, 19. Skeir. IV, b. c; *over* (ἐπί *w. acc.*); Lu. 2, 8. [*A comparative formation to* uf (*q. v.*). *Allied to O. H. G.* obaro, *M. H. G.* obere, *N. H. G.* ober, *upper; and to Skr.* úpara, *the lower* (upamá, *the highest*).

ufar-ranneins, *f., an over-sprinkling, besprinkling;* Skeir. III, b. — *From* *ufar-rannjan (*not found*); *s.* *rannjan, *ranneins (*Appendix*).

ufar-skafts, *f., the first fruit* (ἀπαρχή); Rom. 11, 16. — *From* *ufarskapjan (*not found*); *s.* skapjan, *skafts.

ufar-swara, *m., an 'overswearer', a perjured person* (ἐπίορκος); I Tim. 1, 10. — *From* ufarswaran (*from* ufar *and* swaran, *q. v.*) *and suff.* -an. *S.* *swara.

uf-blôteins, *f., entreaty* (παράκλησις); II Cor. 8, 4. — *From* *uf-

blôtjan (*not found; allied to* blôtan, *q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *S.* blôteins.

uf-hauseins, *f., a hearing under, regard, obedience* (*ὑπακοή*); II Cor. 7, 15. 10, 5. 6. Philem. 21. (*ὑποταγή*) II Cor. 9, 13. I Tim. 2, 11. — *From* uf-hausjan (*S.* hausjan). *Comp.* hauseins, *also* ufarhauseins.

uf-hnaiweins, *f., a bending under, subjection* (*ὑποταγή*); Gal. 2, 5. — *From* uf-hnaiwjan; *s.* hnaiwjan, hnaiweins.

Ufitahari, *pr. n.* (*Lt.* optrit); Neap. doc.

ufjô, *f., a superfluous thing:* ufjô mis ist, *it is superfluous to me* (*περισσόν μοί ἐστιν*); II Cor. 9, 1. — *Allied to* uf, *w. suff.* -jôn. *Comp. L. M., p. 337; Bzb., p. 43.*

uf-kunþi, *n., knowledge* (*ἐπίγνωσις*); Eph. 1, 17. 4, 13. Col. 1, 10. 3, 10. I Tim. 2, 4. II Tim. 2, 25. 3, 7. Tit. 1, 1. — *From* *uf-kunþs (*not found*); *s.* kunþi.

uf-swalleins, *f., a swelling up, swelling, haughtiness* (*φυσίωσις*); II Cor. 12, 20. — *From* *uf-swalljan (*not found*); *s.* *swalleins.

ufta, *adv.* (214, *n.* 1), *oft, often* (*πολλάκις*); Mk. 5, 4. 9, 22. Jo. 18, 2. II Cor. 8, 22. 11, 23. 26. 27. Phil. 3, 18. II Tim. 1, 16. (*πυκνά*) Mk. 7, 3. Lu. 5, 33; sa ufta, *often, frequent* (*ὁ πυκνός*); I Tim. 5, 23; swa ufta swê, *as often as* (*ὁσάκις*); I Cor. 11, 25. 26. [*Cf. O. E.* oft, *Mdl. E.* oft, *extended* ofte, often, *Mdn. E.* oft, often, *O. N. O. S.* oft, *O. H. G.* ofto, *M. H. G.* oft, ofte, *N. H. G.* oft, *adv., often. Origin unknown; s. Fst.*, ufta; *Kl.*, oft; *Sk.*, oft. *Comp.* auftô *and follg. w.*]

uftô, *adv., perhaps:* ibai uftô, *lest perhaps, lest;* Mt. 27, 64 (*S. note*). — *Probably an error, for* aúftô, *q. v. Compare also Fst.*, ufar, *and Kl., N. St., p. 95.*

uf-waír , *adj., subject to a man, married* (*ὕπανδρος*); Rom 7, 2 (*S. note*). — *From* uf *and* *waír , *q. v.*

***ugkara,** *gen.*, ugkis, *dat.*, ugkis *and* ugk, *acc. dual of* ik, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E. gen.* uncer, *dat.* unc, *acc.* uncit, unc, *Mdl. E. gen.* unker, *dat. acc.* unc, *O. N. gen.* okkar, *dat. acc.* okkr, *O. S. gen.* uncero, *dat. acc.* unc, *O. H. G. gen.* unkêr (*dat. acc. wanting; so the second person; s.* igqara), *M. H. G. acc.* enc (enker, *poss. prn.*), *pl., orig. dual; s. P., Mittelhochdeutsche Grammatik, 146, n. 3.*]

-uh, -h (*the* h *of which is frequently assimilated to the initial consonant of a follg. word; comp.* jah. *S. Grammar, 24, n. 2; 62, n. 3 and 4*), *enclitic particle* (218): *but, and, now, therefore* (*καί*); Mk. 2, 11. 14, 13. Jo. 7, 32. 17, 1. 18, 33. (*δέ*) Mt. 27, 44. Jo. 10, 20. Eph. 4, 32. Thess. 3, 12. (*οὖν*) Jo. 16, 18. (*no corresponding part. in Gr.*) Mt. 9, 21. 11, 25. Mk. 5, 41. 8, 1. Lu. 6, 45. 10, 21. 15,

26. Jo. 6, 66. 9, 17. 11, 31. 16, 28. Rom. 11, 36. I Cor. 15, 26. Eph. 4, 8. Skeir. V, b; *so often with* iþ; Mk. 10, 38. 39. 14, 62. Lu. 6, 8. 7, 6. 18, 21. 29. 18, 38. 20, 25. Jo. 9, 17. 38. 11, 41. 14, 8. 16, 19. 18, 31; inuh þis, *on this account* (διὰ τοῦτο); Rom. 13, 6. II Cor. 7, 13. I Thess. 3, 7. II Tim. 2, 10. (διό) II Cor. 2, 8. 4, 16. 5, 9. 6, 17. I Thess. 5, 11. (ἕνεκα τοῦτο) Mk. 10, 7; *comp.* Skeir. I, a. d. II, a. b. III, d. IV, a. b. VI, c. d; *and as a connective of two imperatives* (*for a Gr. asyndeton*); Mt. 27, 65. Mk. 16, 7. I Cor. 16, 13 (*Gr. partic. and imper.*) Lu. 17, 7; *when a Gr. partic. is rendered by a finite v., the second v. takes* -uh, *more rarely* jah, iþ (*q. v.*); Jo. 6, 5. 17. 25. 8, 12. 13, 25. 18, 3. 22. — *In composition w. pronouns and particles it often adds intensity to the signification; s.* andiz-uh, du-h-þê (*or* du-þ-þê), ƕan-uh (*under* ƕan), ni-h, nu-h, sa-h, sumz-uh (sums-uh, *under* sums), swa-h, þaþrô-h, þan-uh, þar-uh, þáu-h. *Modifications by means of* -uh (164 *et seq.*) *are seen in* ƕarjiz-uh, ƕaþar-uh, ƕaz-uh, ƕê-h, þisƕad-uh þei, þisƕar-uh þei, *q. v.; for* uh þan (*or* uþ þan), *s.* þan. [*From Indg.* ke; *cf. Skr. Zd.* ca, *Gr.* τε, *Lt.* -que, *and. S. Fst.*, -uh, *and LMD., p. 56.*]

ûhtêdun (*3d pers. pl. pret., for* **ôhtêdun**; *s.* **ôgan**, *and Grammar, 12, n. 1*), *they feared;* Mk. 11, 32.

ûhteigô, *adv.* (15, *n.* 3; 211), *in season, at a fit time* (εὐκαίρως); II Tim. 4, 2 (*in A,* ôhteigô *in B*). — *From stem of* ûhteigs; *s. follg. w., also* unûhteigô.

ûhteigs, *adj.* (15): **ûhteigs wisan** *w. inf.* (σχολάζειν *w. a subst. in dat.*): *to have an opportunity for;* I Cor. 7, 5. — *From stem* ûht- (*S.* ûhtwô) *and suff.* -eiga-. *Comp. follg. w.*

ûhtiugs, *adj.* (15; 19), *at leisure:* biþê ûhtiug (*impers.; sc.* sijai), *when* (*there is*) *convenient* (*time*) (ὅταν εὐκαιρήσῃ); I Cor. 16, 12. — *From stem* ûht- (*S.* ûhtwô) *and suff.* -iuga- (*S. Kauffmann, Beitr. XII, 202*). *Comp. prec. w.*

ûhtwô, *f.* (15; 112), *day-break, dawn;* áir ûhtwôn, *before day-break* (πρωΐ ἔννυχον λίαν); Mk. 1, 35. [*From Germanic* unhtwô- (-twô *being suff.; s. Kl., N. St., p. 63*), *Idg.* ṇk-tvâ- (*S. Fst.*, ûhtwô). *Cf. O. E.* ûhte, ûht (*in compds.*), *f., Mdl. E.* ûhte, ûht, *O. N.* ôtta, *O. S.* ûhta, *O. H. G.* ûhta, *M. H. G.* ûhte, uohte, *f., dawn. Allied to Skr.* aktú-, *light, Gr.* ἀκτίς, *ray, beam, Lith.* ankstî, *adv., early. Comp.* ûhteigs, ûhtiugs.]

ulbandus, *m.* (?), *camel* (κάμηλος); Mk. 1, 6. 10, 25. Lu. 18, 25. [*From Lt.* elephantus, *beside* elephas, elephans, *from Gr.* ἐλέφας (*gen.* ἐλέφαντος), *elephant, from Hebr.* aleph, eleph,

ox. To the Lt. acc. elephantum, elephantem, *refers O. Fr.* olifant, elephant, *whence Mdl. E.* olifaunt, *Mdn. E.* elephant (*in imitation of the Lt. word*). *Of Lt. orig. is O. H. G. M. H. G.* elfant (*also* helfant), *N. H. G.* elefant, *m., elephant.*]

un-, *inseparable part. answering to our* un-, in-, dis-, -less. *It occurs chiefly w. partics., adjs., substs., and* (*a few*) *advs.* (*from adjs. w.* un-, *whence also the vs. w.* un-). [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* un-, *Mdn. E.* un- (*For* un- *used w. vs., s. P., Beitr., VI, 199; 249*), *O. N.* ó- (*O. Norw.* ú-), *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* un-, *Du. Eff.* on-; *further Skr. Zd.* a-, an-, *Gr.* ἀ-, *Lt.* in-, *whence Fr.* in-, *whence Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* in- (*It becomes* i- *in* ignoble; il- *before* l; im- *before* b, m, *and* p; ir- *before* r), *un-. Allied to* ni, *q. v.*]

un-agands, *partic. adj.* (35; 202, *n.* 2), *not fearing, fearless, without fear* (*for the adv.* ἀφόβως); I Cor. 16, 10 (*B,* unagans *in B, by error; s. note*). Phil. 1, 14. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* *agan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

un-agei, *f., fearlessness, without fear; only dat.* (*instr.*) unagein (*for* ἀφόβως) *occurs;* Lu. 1, 74. —*From* *un-ags; *s.* *ags. *Comp. prec. w.*

un-aírkns, *adj., unholy* (ἀνόσιος); I Tim. 1, 9. II Tim. 3, 2. — *From* un- *and* aírkns (*an old partic. in* -no), *q. v.*

un-aiwisks, *adj., that needeth not to be ashamed* (ἀνεπαίσχυντος); II Tim. 2, 15. — *From* un- *and* *aiwisks, *q. v.*

un-ana-siuniba, *adv., invisibly;* Skeir. VIII, a. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and* anasiunaba, *from* anasiuns *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.*

un-and-huliþs, *partic. adj., not uncovered* (μὴ ἀνακαλυπτόμενος); II Cor. 3, 14. *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* andhuljan; *s.* huljan.

un-and-sakans, *partic. adj., undisputed, irrefragable, irrefutable;* Skeir. VI, c. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* andsakan; *s.* sakan. *Comp. follg. w.*

un-and-sôks, *adj.* (35)., *irrefutable;* Skeir. VI, b. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and* *andsôks, *from* andsakan, *s.* *sôks. *Comp. prec. w.*

un-at-gâhts, *adj., inaccessible; unapproachable* (ἀπρόσιτος); I Tim. 6, 16. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and* atgâhts (*w. suff.* -ta), *from* atgaggan; *s.* gaggan, *also* *gâhts (*subst.*).

un-baírands, *partic. adj., not bearing* (μὴ ποιῶν); Lu. 3, 9. (φέρων) Jo. 15, 2; *fem.* unbaírandei, *barren, that bearest not* οὐ τίκτουσα); Gal. 4, 27. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* baíran, *q. v. Comp.* unbaúrans, *also follg. w.*

un-barnahs, *adj., without children, childless* (ἄτεκνος); Lu. 20, 28. 29. 30. — *From* un- *and* *barnahs (*w. suff.* -ha), *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

un-baúrans, *partic. adj., unborn, not born;* Skeir. V, c. — *From* un- *and pret. partic. of* baíran, *q. v.*

un-beistei, *f., the state of being unleavened, unleavened bread* (*τὰ ἄζυμα*); I Cor. V, 8. — *From* *unbeists (*a lost*) *adj., and Germanic suff.* -în; *from* un- *and* *beists; *s.* beist. *Comp. follg. w.*

un-beistjôþs, *adj., unleavened* (*ἄζυμος*); I Cor. 5, 7. — *From* un- *and pret. partic. of* *beistjôn (*not found*), *from* *beists; *s. prec. w.*

un-biari, *n., beast* (*θηρίον*); Tit. 1, 12 (*S. note*). — *From* un- *and* biari (?). *Origin unknown.*

un-bi-laistiþs, *partic. adj., not to be traced, not to be found out, unsearchable* (*ἀνεξιχνίαστος*); Rom. 11, 33. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* *bi-laistjan (*not found*); *s.* laistjan.

un-bi-mait, *n., uncircumcision* (*ἀκροβυστία*); Col. 2, 13. — *From* un- *and* bimait, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

un-bi-maitans, *partic. adj., uncircumcised* (*ἀκροβυστία*); Eph. 2, 11. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* bimaitan; *s.* maitan. *Comp. prec. w.*

un-brûks, *adj., unprofitable* (*ἀχρεῖος*); Lu. 17, 10. Skeir. I, a. — *From* un- *and* brûks, *q. v.*

und, *prep.* (217), (I) *w. dat.: in return for, for* (*ἀντί w. gen.*); Mt. 5, 38. Rom. 12, 17. I Thess. 5, 15. (*εἰς w. acc.*) Mt. 27, 10. (2) *w. acc. denoting direction toward, or the point or goal at which anything, in its direction, arrives: unto, to, until, as far as, up to, down to* (*ἕως w. gen.*), (a) *of space;* Mt. 27, 51. Mk. 13, 27. 15, 38. Lu. 2, 15. 4, 29. 42. 10, 15. II Cor. 12, 2. Skeir. IV b (*incorrectly for* and; *s. note*). (*ἄχρι w. gen.*) II Cor. 10, 13. 14. (*εἰς w. acc.*) II Cor. 10, 14; (b) *of time* (*ἕως w. gen. or adv.*); Mt. 11, 12. 13. 27, 8. 45. 64. Mk. 9, 19. 13, 19. 15, 33. Lu. 1, 55. 80. 9, 41. 16, 16. Jo. 10, 24. I Cor. 15, 6. 16, 8. II Cor. 1, 13. 3, 15. Neh. 5, 14. (*ἄρι w. gen.*) Lu. 1, 20. 4, 13. 17, 27. Rom. 11, 25. I Cor. 4, 11. 15, 25. II Cor. 3, 14. Gal. 4, 2. (*μέχρι w. gen.*) Mt. 11, 23. I Tim. 6, 14. (*εἰς w. acc.*) Lu. 18, 5. I Thess. 2, 16; und þatei (218), *till, until, as long as, while* (*ἕως*); Mt. 5, 18. (*ἕως ὅτου*) Mt. 5, 25. (*ἕως ἅμα*) Neh. 7, 3. (*ἐν ᾧ*) Mk. 2, 19; und þata hveilôs þei, *as long as* (*ἐφ' ὅσον*); Mt. 9, 15, (c) *of degree* (*ἕως w. gen.*) Mk. 6, 23. (*μέχρι w. gen.*) Phil. 2, 8. 30. II Tim. 2, 9; und filu mais, *so much the more, much more* (*πολλῷ μᾶλλον*); Lu. 18, 39. II Cor. 3, 9. 11. Phil. 1, 23; und hvan filu mais, *how much more* (*πόσῳ μᾶλλον*); Mt. 10, 25; ni und waíht iusiza wisan, *to be not a whit better, to differ nothing from* (*οὐδὲν διαφέρειν*); Gal. 4, 1. — *Occurs in composition w. three vs.* [*Cf. O. E.* un- (*for* und-, *in*

composition), *Mdl. E.* un-, *as in* unto (*For* to, *s.* du), *Mdn. E.* unto (*also in Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* until (*S.* til), *O. Fris.* und, *till*, *O. S.* und, *in* und êr, *till*, *O. H. G.* unt, *in* untaz, unz (az, -z=*Goth.* at, *q. v.*), *M. H. G.* unze, unz, *prep., to, conj., until; further O. S.* untô (*for* und tô). *Comp. P., Beitr., VI, 199 and 200; Sk.*, unto.]

undar, *prep. w. acc.* (217), *under* (ὑπό *w. acc.*); Mk. 4, 21. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* under, *Mdn. E.* under, *O. N.* undir, *O. S.* undar, *O. H. G.* untar (untari, *adv., beside* untanân, *M. H. G.* unden, *N. H. G.* unten), unter, under, *M. H. G.* under, *N. H. G.* unter, *Du.* onder, *Eff.* onge (ng *for* nd *after a short vowel*). *From Idg. stem* ndh- (*and compar. suff.* -ero-); *cf. Skr.* adh-ás, *adv. prep., below, compar.* ádhara-, *superl.* adhamá-, *Lt.* infra, *below*, inferus, *the lower*, infimus, *the lowest. A double compar. is Lt.* inferior, *acc.* -ôrem, *whence O. Fr.* inferieur, *whence Mdn. E.* inferior; *from* inferus (*above*), *whence also Lt.* infernus, *whence* infernalis, *belonging to the lower regions, whence Fr.* infernal, *whence Mdn. E.* infernal. *Comp.* undarô *and follg. w.*]

undarists, *superl. adj., undermost, lowest:* in undaristô aírþôs, *into the lowest parts of the earth* (εἰς τὰ κατώτερα τῆς γῆς); Eph. 4. 9. — *From* undar (*q. v.*) *and superl. suff.* -i-sta-. *Comp. follg. w.*

undar-leija (?), *adj., lowest, least* (ἐλαχιστότερος); Eph. 3, 8. — *From* undar *and* -leija (?), *q. v.*

undarô, *adv.* (211, *n.* 1), *below, beneath; used as adv. w. dat.* (217), *under* (ὑποκάτω *w. gen.*); Mk. 6, 11. 7, 28. — *From* undar, *q. v.*

undaúrni-mats, *m., morning meal* (*breakfast, dinner*, ἄριστον); Lu. 14, 12. [*Stem* undaúrni- *answers to O. E.* undern (e *is* i-*uml. of* o), *m., the third hour* =*9 a. m., Mdl. E.* undern, *Mdn. E.* undern, *a certain period of the day, S. Sk.*, undern, *O. N.* undorn, *O. H. G.* untorn, *noon, M. H. G.* undern, untern, *noon. Its formation is obscure; comp. Fst., p. 126. — For the second component, s.* mats.]

un-diwanei, *f., immortality* (ἀθανασία); I Cor. 15, 53. I Tim. 6, 16. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and* *diwanei, *from pret. partic. of* diwan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

un-fagrs, *adj., unfit, unsuitable* (*for* ἀχάριστος, *unthankful*); Lu. 6, 35. — *From* un *and* fagrs, *q. v.*

un-faírinôdaba, *adv., unblamably* (ἀμέμπτως); I Thess. 2, 10. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and* *faírinôdaba (*not found*), *from stem of pret. partic. of* faírinôn *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.*

un-faír-laistiþs, *partic. adj., unsearchable* (ἀνεξιχνίαστος);

Eph. 3, 8. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* *faírlaistjan (*not found*); *s.* laistjan.

un-fáurs, *adj.* (130), *not sober, not well-behaved, a tattler* (*for φλύαρος*); I Tim. 5, 13. — *From* un- *and* fáurs, *q. v.*

un-faúr-weis, *adj., unpremeditated, unintentional;* Skeir. III, b. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and* *faúrweis, *from* faúr *and* *weis, *q. v.*

un-fraþjands, *partic. adj., without understanding, foolish* (*ἀσύνετος*); Rom. 10, 19. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* fraþjan.

un-freideins, *f., not taking care of, neglect* (*ἀφειδία*); Col. 2, 23. — *From* un- *and* *freideins, *q. v.*

un-frôdei, *f., without understanding, foolishness, folly, madness* (*ἀφροσύνη*); II Cor. 11, 1. 17. 21; *madness* (*ἄνοια*); Lu. 6, 11. — *From* unfrôþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în; *s.* frôdei.

un-frôþs, *adj.* (74, *n.* 4); *unwise, foolish* (*ἄφρων*); II Cor. 11, 16. Eph. 5, 17. (*ἀνόητος*) Gal. 3, 1; unfrôda (*weak form used as subst.*) Gal. 3, 3. — *From* un- *and* frôþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

un-ga-faírinônds, *partic. adj., blameless* (*ἀνεπίλημπτος*); I Tim. 3, 2 (*in B*). (*ἀνέγκλητος*) Tit. 1, 6 (*in B*). — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* *gafaírinôn (*not found*); *s.* faírinôn *and follg. w.*

un-ga-faírinôþs, *partic. adj., blameless* (*ἀνεπίλημπτος*); I Tim. 3, 2 (*in A*). 5, 7. 6, 14. (*ἀνέγκλητος*) I Tim. 3, 10. Tit. 1, 6 (*in A*). 7.

un-ga-habands, *partic. adj., w.* sik; *not restraining, incontinent* (*ἀκρατής*); II Tim. 3, 3. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pres. partic. of* gahaban; *s.* haban. *Comp. follg. w.*

un-ga-hôbains, *f.* (35), *incontinency* (*ἀκρασία*); I Cor. 7, 5. — *From* un- *and* ga-hôbains, *q. v.*

un-ga-ƕaírbs, *adj., unruly* (*ἀνυπότακτος*); Tit. 1, 6. 10; *disobedient* (*ἀπειθής*); II Tim. 3, 2. — *From* un- *and* gaƕaírbs, *q. v.*

un-ga-kusans, *partic. adj., unchosen, not elect, reprobate* (*ἀδόκιμος*); II Cor. 13, 5. 6. 7. Tit. 1, 16 (*gloss*). — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* ga-kiusan; *s.* kiusan.

un-ga-laubeins, *f., unbelief* (*ἀπειθεία*); Rom. 11, 30. 32. Eph. 2, 2. 5, 6. Col. 3, 6. (*ἀπιστία*) Mk. 6, 6. 9, 24. Rom. 11, 20. 23. I Tim. 1, 14. Skeir. VIII, b. — *From* un- *and* ga-laubeins, *q. v.*

un-ga-laubjands, *partic. adj., unbelieving* (*ἄπιστος*); Mk. 9, 19. Lu. 9, 41. I Cor. 7, 12–15. 10, 27. 29. 14, 22–24. II Cor. 4, 4. 6, 14. 15. I Tim. 5, 8. Tit. 1, 15. (*ἀπειθῶν*) Rom. 10, 21. (*ἀπειθής*) Tit. 1, 16. Skeir. V, b. VI, c. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pres. partic. of* ga-laubjan; *s.* *laubjan.

un-ga-laufs, *adj., not dear, worthless;* du ungalaubamma, *unto dishonor* (*εἰς ἀτιμίαν; comp. text*); Rom. 9, 21.

un-ga-raíhtei, *f., unrighteousness*

(ἀνομία); II Cor. 6, 14. — *From* *ungaraíhts (*not found*), *from* un- *and* ga-raíhts, *q. v. S.* *raíhtei.

un-ga-saíhvans, *partic. adj., not seen, invisible* (ἀόρατος); II Cor. 4, 4 (*in B*). Col. 1, 15. I Tim. 1, 17. (μὴ βλεπόμενος) II Cor. 4, 18. [*From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* gasaíhvan; *s.* saíhvan. *Cf. O. H. G.* ungesehan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* ungesehen, *not seen.*]

un-ga-stôþs, *partic. adj., without fixed abode, unsettled;* ungast. wisan, *to have no certain dwelling-place* (ἀστατεῖν); I Cor. 4, 11. — *From* un- *and* *gastôþs, *q. v. Comp.* *stôþs.

un-ga-tass, *adj., unruly* (ἄτακτος); I Thess. 5, 14. — *From* un- *and* *ga-tass, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

un-ga-tassaba, *adv., not according to rule, disorderly* (ἀτάκτως); II Thess. 3, 6. 11. — *From* ungatass *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.*

un-ga-têwiþs, *partic. adj., disorderly;* ungat. wisan, *to behave disorderly* (ἀτακτεῖν); II Thess. 3, 7. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* gatêwjan; *s.* *têwjan.

un-ga-wagiþs, *partic. adj., immovable* (ἀμετακίνητος); I Cor. 15, 58. [*From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* gawagjan; *s.* wagjan. *Cf. O. H. G.* ungeweget, *immovable.*]

un-habands, *adj., not having, that hath not* (μὴ ἔχων); Lu. 3, 11. 19, 26. I Cor. 11, 22. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* haban, *q. v.*

un-haili, *n., want of health, sickness, disease* (μαλακία); Mt. 9, 35; unhaili haban, *to be sick* (κακῶς ἔχειν); Mt. 9, 25. [*From* un-hails, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G. M. H. G.* unheil, *n., misfortune, ruin, harm, evil, N. H. G.* unheil, *n., mischief, harm, injury, evil. S.* *haili.]

un-hails, *adj., not hale, sick, weak* (ἄῤῥωστος); I Cor. 11, 30. (ἀσθενής, *or* ἀσθενῶν?) Lu. 9, 2. (κακῶς ἔχων) Lu. 5, 31. [*From* un- *and* hails, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* unheil, unhail, *adj., not hale. Comp. prec. w.*]

un-handu-waúrhts, *partic. adj., not wrought by hand, not made with hands* (ἀχειροποίητος); Mk. 14, 58. II Cor. 5, 1. — *From* un- *and* handu-waúrhts, *q. v.*

un-hindar-weis, *adj., unfeigned* (ἀνυπόκριτος); II Cor. 6, 6. I Tim. 1, 5. — *From* un- *and* hindarweis, *q. v.*

un-hrainei, *f., uncleanness* (ἀκαθαρσία); Col. 3, 5. [*From stem of* unhrains (*q. v.*) *Cf. O. H. G.* un(h)reinî, *M. H. G.* unreine, *f., uncleanness. S.* hrainei, *also follg. w.*]

un-hrainiþa, *f., uncleanness* (ἀκαθαρσία); II Cor. 12, 21. Gal. 5, 19. Eph. 4, 19. 5, 3. I Thess. 4, 7. [*From stem of* unhrains, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* un(h)reinida, *M. H. G.* unreinde, *f., uncleanness. S.* *hrainiþa, *also prec. w.*]

unhrains, *adj., unclean* (ἀκάθαρτος); Mk. 1, 23. 25–27. 3, 11. 30. 5, 2. 8. 13. 6, 7. 7, 25. 9, 25. Lu. 4, 33. 36. 6, 18. 8, 29. 9, 39 (*added*). 42. I Cor. 7, 14. II Cor. 6, 17. Eph. 5, 5. (κοινός) Rom. 14, 14; *unpolished, rude* (*E. version; 'unkundig', G. version; ἰδιώτης, Gr. version*); II Cor. 11, 6. [*From* un- *and* hrains, *q. v. Cf. O. S.* unhrêni, *O. H. G.* un-hreini, -reini, *M. H. G.* unreine, *N. H. G.* unrein, *adj., unclean. Comp.* unhrainei, unhrainiþa.]

un-hulþa, *m., an evil spirit, unclean spirit, devil* (δαιμόνιον); Lu. 4, 35. 8, 33. 9, 42. (δαίμων) Lu. 8, 29; *devil* (διάβολος); Mt. 25, 41. Eph. 4, 27. 6, 11 (*marginal gloss in A*). I Tim. 3, 6. 7. 6, 9. II Tim. 2, 26; *Satan* (σατανᾶς); I Cor. 5, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* unholda, *m., monster, devil, O. H. G.* unholdo, *evil spirit, devil, M. H. G.* unholde, *th. s., N. H. G.* unhold, *m., an infernal being, fiend, devil, monster. Prop. weak adjs. used as substs.; cf. O. E. Mdl. E. O. S. O. H. G.* unhold, *M. H. G.* unholt (*infl.* -der), *adj., disaffectionate, unkind, hostile, N. H. G.* unhold, *adj., disaffectionate, unkind, ungracious, Goth.* *un-hulþs (*not found; from* un- *and* hulþs, *q. v.*). *S. follg. w.*]

un-hulþô, *f., evil spirit, unclean spirit, devil* (δαιμόνιον); Mt. 7, 22. 9, 33. 34. 11, 18. Mk. 1, 34. 39. 3, 15. 22. 6, 13. 7, 26. 29. 30. 9, 38. 16, 9. Lu. 4, 33. 41. 7, 33. 8, 2. 27. 30. 35. 38. 9, 1. 49. 10, 17. Jo. 7, 20. 8, 48. 49. 52. 10, 20. 21. I Tim. 4, 1. (δαίμων) Mk. 5, 12; unhulþôn haban, *to have a devil, be possessed with a devil* (δαιμονίζεσθαι); Mk. 1, 32. Jo. 10, 21. [*Prop. weak form of the adj.* *unhulþs; *s. prec. w. Cf. O. H. G.* unholdâ, *M. H. G.* unholde, *f., fiend, sorceress, witch, whence M. H. G. N. H. G.* unholdin (*w. fem. suff.* -in), *f., th. s.* — *Concerning the older fem. form for 'evil spirit', s.* Mt. 9, 33, *note.*]

un-hunslags, *adj., without offering, truce-breaking* (ἄσπονδος); II Tim. 3, 3 (*S. note*). — *From* un- *and* *hunslags, *q. v.*

un-ƕapnands, *partic. adj., unquenchable* (ἄσβεστος); Mk. 9, 45. Lu. 3, 17. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* *ƕapnan, *q. v.*

un-ƕeilô, *adv., without rest, ceaselessly, continually* (*for* ἀδιάλειπτος); Rom. 9, 2. — *From* un- *and* *ƕeilô; *s.* ƕeilô-hun.

un-karja, *w. adj., careless, neglectful* (*added in Goth.*); Mk. 4, 15; unkarja wisan, *to neglect* (ἀμελεῖν); I Tim. 4, 14. — *From* un- *and* *karja (*q. v.*).

un-kaúreins, *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *a refraining from being a burden:* in allaim unkaúrinôm, *in all things without charge* (ἐν παντὶ ἀβαρῆ, *Lt. in omnibus sine onere*); II Cor. 11, 9 (*S. note*). — *From* un- *and* kaúreins, *q. v.*

unkja, *m.* (?), *an ounce; occurs*

only once, in Ar. doc.: ugkjanê (? *S. note*). [*From Lt.* uncia, *one twelfth of a jugerum, a piece of land measuring 28,800 square feet. Its general signification is 'the twelfth part of anything; e. g., of a pound, whence O. Fr.* unce, *whence Mdl. E.* ûnce, *Mdn. E.* ounce, *M. H. G.* unze, unz, *N. H. G.* unze, *f., ounce; and O. E.* ynce (y *from* u, *by* i-*uml.*), *m.* (*also* yndse, *f., an ounce; Ettm.*), *Mdl. E.* inche, *Mdn. E.* inch.]

un-kunnands, *partic. adj., without knowledge, ignorant* (ἀγνοῶν); Rom. 10, 3. Skeir. II, b. c. IV, a. VI, b. [*From* un- *and pres. partic. of* kunnan, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* unchunnênti, *inexperienced. Comp. follg. w.*]

un-kunþi, *n., ignorance* (ἀγνωσία); I Cor. 15, 34. — *From stem of* unkunþs, *q. v. S.* kunþi, *also prec. w.*

un-kunþs, *partic. adj., unknown* (ἀγνοούμενος); II Cor. 6, 9. Gal. 1, 22. [*From* un- *and* kunþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* uncûð, *Mdn. E.* uncouth, *unknown* (*obs.*), *unfamiliar, strange, awkward, O. H. G.* unchund, *M. H. G.* unkunt (*infl.* -d-), *unknown, foreign, unusual, strange, N. H. G.* *unkund, *in* unkundig (*w. suff.* -ig), *not knowing, ignorant of, M. H. G.* unkundic, *unknown. Comp. prec. w.*]

un-lêdi, *n., poverty* (πτωχεία); II Cor. 8, 2. 9. — *From* un-lêþs, *q. v.*

un-lêþs, *adj.* (74, *n.* 2), *poor* (πένης); II Cor. 9, 9. (πτωχός) Mt. 11, 5. Mk. 14, 5. 7. Lu. 4, 18. 7, 22. 14, 13. 21. 16, 20. 22. 18, 22. 19, 8. Jo. 12, 8. 13, 29. II Cor. 6, 10. Gal. 2, 10; *w. dat. of th.* (ahmin; *added*); Lu. 6, 20. — *From* un- *and* *lêþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* unlêed(e), *Mdl. E.* unlêde, *adj., poor, wretched. Comp. prec. w.*

un-liufs, *adj., not beloved* (οὐκ ἠγαπημένος); Rom. 9, 25. [*From* un- *and* liufs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* unlêof, *Mdl. E.* unlêf, *O. H. G.* unliub, *M. H. G.* unliep (*infl.* -b-), *N. H. G.* unlieb, *not beloved, disagreeable, unpleasant.*]

un-liugaiþs, *partic. adj., unmarried* (ἄγαμος); I Cor. 7, 11. — *From* un- *and pret. partic. of* liugan, *q. v.*

un-liugands, *partic. adj., not lying, that cannot lie* (ἀψευδής); Tit. 1, 2. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* liugan, *q. v.*

un-liuts, *adj., without dissimulation, unfeigned* (ἀνυπόκριτος); Rom. 12, 9. II Tim. 1, 5. — *From* un- *and* liuts, *q. v.*

un-lustus, *m., displeasure; in* unlustau waírþan, *to be discouraged* (ἀθυμεῖν); Col. 3, 21. — *From* un- *and* lustus, *q. v.*

un-mahteigs, *adj., unmighty, weak* (ἀσθενής); I Cor. 4, 10. 9, 22. Gal. 4, 9. (ἀθενῶν) Rom. 14, 1. 2. I Cor. 8, 9; *impossible*

(ἀδύνατος); Rom. 8, 3; unmahteigs wisan *w. dat., to be impossible* (ἀδυνατεῖν *w. dat.*); Lu. 1, 37; at *w. dat.* (παρά *w. dat.*); Lu. 18, 27; fram *w. dat.* (παρά *w. dat.*); Mk. 10, 27. [*From* un- *and* mahteigs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* un-meahtiȝ, *Mdl. E.* unmihti, *Mdn. E.* unmighty, *O. H. G.* unmahtîg, *M. H. G.* unmehtic, *N. H. G.* unmächtig, *adj., weak, powerless. Comp. follg. w.*]

un-mahts, *f., unmight, weakness, infirmity* (ἀσθένεια); Mt. 8, 17. II Cor. 12, 5. Gal. 4, 13 (*marginal gloss to* siukein, *in A*). — *From* un- *and* mahts, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* unmeaht, unmiht, *f., Mdl. E.* unmiht, *weakness, impotence, Mdn. E.* unmight, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* unmaht, *N. H. G.* unmacht, *f., th. s. Comp. also O. H. G. M. H. G.* â-maht, *N. H. G.* ohnmacht (*Concerning* ohn-, *i. e.* ohne (*S.* inu), *for* â, *s. Kl.*, ohne), *f., impotence, weakness, swoon. S. prec. w.*]

un-mana-riggws, *adj.* (68), *inhuman, fierce* (ἀνήμερος); II Tim. 3, 3 (gg *in B*, g *in A*). — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and* manariggws; *s.* manna *and* *riggws.]

un-manwus, *adj., unprepared* (ἀπαρασκεύαστος); II Cor. 9, 4. — *From* un- *and* manwus, *q. v.*

un-milds, *adj., not mild, without natural affection* (ἄστοργος); II Tim. 3, 3. [*From* un- *and* milds, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* un-mild, *Mdl. E.* unmilde, *Mdn. E.* unmild, *not mild, O. H. G.* unmilti, *M. H. G.* unmilte, -milde, *N. H. G.* unmild, *adj., not mild, harsh.*]

un-nuts, *adj., useless, unprofitable, foolish* (ἀνόητος); I Tim. 6, 9. [*From* un- *and* nuts, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* un-nyt(t), *Mdl. E.* unnut, *adj., useless, O. H. G.* unnuzzi, unnuzze, *M. H. G.* unnutze, unnütze, *N. H. G.* unnütz, *adj., unprofitable, useless.*]

un-qêniþs, *partic. adj., unmarried* (ἄγαμος); I Cor. 7, 8. — *From* un- *and* *qêniþs, *q. v.*

un-qêþs, *adj., unspeakable* (ἀῤῥητος); II Cor. 12, 4. — *From* un- *and* *qêþs, *q. v.*

un-riurei, *f., incorruption* (ἀφθαρσία); I Cor. 15, 50. 53. Eph. 6, 24. II Tim. 1, 10. — *From stem of* unriurs, *q. v. S.* riurei.

un-riurs, *adj., incorruptible, imperishable* (ἄφθαρτος); I Cor. 9, 25. 15, 52. — *From* un- *and* riurs, *q. v.*

un-rôdjands, *partic. adj., not speaking, speechless, dumb* (ἄλαλος); Mk. 9, 17. 25. (κωφός) Mk. 7, 37. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* rôdjan, *q. v.*

uns, *beside* **unsis,** *dat. and acc. plur. of* ik; *s.* unsara.

un-sahtaba, *adv., without controversy* (ὁμολογουμένως); I Tim. 3, 16. — *From stem of* *unsahts (*not found*), *from* un- *and* *sahts, *q. v.*

un-saihvands, *partic. adj., not seeing, blind* (μὴ βλέπων); Jo.

9, 39. — *From* un- *and pres. partic. of* saîhvan, *q. v.*

un-saltans, *partic. adj., unsalted* (*ἄναλος*); Mk. 9, 50. — *From* un- *and pret. partic. of* saltan, *q. v.*

unsar, *poss. pron.* (124, *n.* 1 *and* 4; 151), *our,* (I) *used alone* *ἡμῶν*); Mk. 12, 7. (II) *w. subst.,* (1) *prec.,* (a) *without art.* (*ἡμῶν*); Mt. 6, 9. Mk. 12, 11. Lu. 1, 71. 78. Jo. 8, 54. II Cor. 1, 2. 14. 8, 23. Gal. 1, 3. 4, 26. Eph. 1, 2. I Thess. 3, 6. II Thess. 1, 1. 2. I Tim. 1, 1. (*ὁ—ἡμῶν*) Mt. 6, 11. 8, 17. Mk. 11, 10. 12, 29. Lu. 1, 55. 72–75. 79. 7, 5. 10, 11. Jo. 6, 31. 7, 51. 8, 39. 53. 9, 20. 10, 24. 11, 11. 12, 38. 19, 7. Rom. 6, 23. 7, 5. 25. 8, 39. 9, 10. 10, 16. 15, 6. 16, 24. I Cor. 5, 4. 7. 10, 1. 15, 3. 31. 57. II Cor. 1, 3–6. 8. 12. 22. 3, 2. 4, 3. 6. 10. 11. 17. 5, 2. 6, 3. 11. 7, 3. 4. 5. 13. 14. 8, 9. 19. 22. 9, 3. 10, 8. 15. Gal. 1, 4. 2, 4. 6, 14. 17. 18. Eph. 1, 3. 14. 17. 2, 3. 14. 3, 11. 14. 5, 20. 6, 24. Phil. 3, 21. I Thess. 2, 19. 20. 3, 2. 5. 7. 9. 11. 13. 5, 23. 28. II Thess. 1, 7. 10-12. 2, 1. 16. 3, 6. 14. 18. I Tim. 1, 1. 2. 12. 2, 3. 6, 14. II Tim. 1, 2. 8–10. Tit. 1, 4. Neh. 6, 16. Neap. doc. Skeir. VIII, c. (*ἡμῶν—*) II Thess. 2, 1. (*ἡμῶν ὁ—*) Rom. 13, 11. (*ὁ—*) Mk. 1. 3. Rom. 13, 14. II Cor. 13, 13. Gal. 6, 17. II Thess. 1, 12 (*third*); (b) *w. art.:* sa—unsar, *our* (*ὁ—ἡμῶν*); Mt. 6, 12. I Cor. 15, 14. II Cor. 1, 18. 3, 5. Col. 1, 7; (2) *follg., usually without art.* (*ἡμῶν*) II Cor. 8, 24. I Thess. 2, 19. (*ἡμῶν ὁ—*) Rom. 14, 16. (*with art.*) II Cor. 5, 1. Phil. 3, 20. *Skeir.* I, a. (*ὁ—ἡμῶν*) II Cor. 10, 4. (*ὁ ἡμέτερος—*) Rom. 15, 4. II Tim. 4, 15. [*From stem of the corresponding pers. pron.; s.* unsara. *Cf. O. E.* ûre (*for* *ûsere, *from* *unsere), ûser (*beside* ûsser. *S. Mrch., Compar. Gr., p. 68; Siev., O. E. Gr., 336, note*), *Mdl. E.* ûre, oure, *Mdn. E.* our (*whence* ours, *Mdl. E.* ûres, oures, *O. E.* ûres), *O. S.* ûsa, *O. H. G.* unsêr, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* unser, *our.*]

unsara, *gen.;* **uns,** *beside* **unsis,** *dat. and acc. plur. of* ik, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E. gen.* ûser, ûre, *dat.* ûs, *acc.* ûsic, ûs, *Mdl. E. gen.* ûre, *our, dat. and acc.* ûs, *prob. short when unaccented; hence*) *Mdn. E.* us, *O. N.* (*gen.* vár), *dat. acc.* oss, *O. S. gen.* ûser, *dat. acc.* ûs, *O. H. G. gen.* unsêr, *dat.* uns, *acc.* unsih, *M. H. G. gen.* unser, *dat.* uns, *acc.* unsich (*rare*), uns (*prop. dat.*), *N. H. G. gen.* unser, *dat. acc.* uns; *Du.* ons, *Eff.* os, *dat. and acc., us. From Idg. stem* ṇs-. *Allied to Lt.* nos, *we, us* (nos-ter, *our*), *Gr.* *ἡμεῖς* (*for* **ασ-μεῖς*), *we, acc.* *ἡμᾶς, us, Skr.* asmân, *us. S. prec. w., also* ik *and* weis.]

unsis, *dat. and acc. pl. of* ik; *s.* unsara.

un-sêlei, *f., wickedness, craftiness, malice, iniquity* (*πονηρία*); Mk. 7, 22. Lu. 20, 23. I Cor. 5, 8.

Eph. 6, 12. (κακια) Eph. 4, 31. Col. 3, 8. (ἀδικία); II Tim. 2, 19. Skeir. I, d. VIII, a. b. d. — *From stem of* unsêls, *q. v. S.* sêlei.

un-sêls, *adj.* (130), *wicked, evil* (πονηρός); Mt. 5, 39. 6, 23. Mk. 7, 22. Lu. 6, 35, 19, 22. Jo. 17, 15. Eph. 6, 16. (ἀφιλάγαθος) II Tim. 3, 3. — *From* un- *and* sêls, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

un-sibja, *f., iniquity* (ἀνομία); Mt. 7, 23 (unsibjana *in MS*).—*From stem of* unsibjis, *q. v. S.* sibja.

un-sibjis (? *only dat. pl.* **unsibjaim** *occurs*), *adj., lawless, a transgressor* (ἄνομος); Mk. 15, 28; *godless, impious* (ἀσεβής); I Tim. 1, 9 (unsibjaim, *to which the gloss* afgudaim, *in A*). [*Cf. O. E.* un(ȝe)sibb, *Mdl. E.* unsib, *not related, strange. From* un- *and* *sibjis, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* unsippi, *M. H. G.* unsippe, *not of kin. Comp. prec. w.*]

un-suti, *n., lack of peace, tumult* (ἀκαταστασία); II Cor. 6, 5. [*From* *un-suts(*not found; and suff.* -ja), *from* un- *and* suts, *q. v. Allied to O. E.* un-swête, *not sweet, O. S.* unswôti, *th. s., O. H. G.* un-suoȝi, *M. H. G.* unsüeȝe, *adj., not sweet, disagreeable.*]

un-sweibands, *partic. adj., not ceasing* (οὐ παυόμενος); Eph. 1, 16 (*For construction, s. note*). (ἀδιάλειπτος) I Thess. 2, 13. 5, 17. II Tim. 1, 3.—*From* un- *and pres. partic. of* sweiban, *q. v.*

un-swêrei, *f., shame, disgrace, dishonor* (ἀτιμία); II Cor. 6, 8. II Tim. 2, 20. — *From stem of* un-swêrs, *q. v. S.* swêrei, *also follg. w.*

un-swêriþa, *f., dishonor, shame* (ἀτιμία); II Cor. 11, 21.—*From* unswêrs, *q. v. S.* *swêriþa, *also prec. w.*

un-swêrs, *adj., without honor, despised* (ἄτιμος); Mk. 6, 4. I Cor. 4, 10. — *From* un- *and* swêrs, *q. v.*

un-swi-kunþs, *adj., unknown; occurs only once, in compar.* unswikunþôzei, *less obvious or evident;* Skeir. VI, a. — *From* un- *and* swikunþs, *q. v.*

untals, *adj., indocile, disobedient* (ἀπειθής); Lu. 1, 17. (ἀνυπότακτος) I Tim. 1, 9; *unlearned* ἀπαίδευτος); II Tim. 2, 23. — *From* un- *and* tals, *q. v.*

untê, *conj.* (218), (I) *temporal,* (1) *till, until,* (a) *w. pres. indic.* (ἕως *w. pres. indic.; s.* (2)); ITim. 4, 13. (ἕως ἄν *w. aor. subj.*) Mt. 5, 18. 26. 10, 23. Mk. 6, 10. 9, 1. 12, 36. Lu. 9, 27. 15, 4 (*without* ἄν). 17, 8. 20, 43. (ἕως ὅτου *w. aor. subj.*) Lu. 15, 8. (ἕως οὗ *w. aor. subj.*) Jo. 13, 38; (b) *w. pret. indic.* (ἕως ὅτου *w. pret. indic.*) Jo. 9, 18; untê qam in, *until he came into* (*for* ἕως ἔσω εἰς); Mk. 14, 54; (c) *w. pres. opt.* (ἕως *w. pres. indic.*); Lu. 19, 13. (ἕως ἄν *w. aor. subj.*) I Cor. 4, 5. (μέχρι *w. aor. subj.*) Eph. 4, 13. (ἄχρις οὗ *w. aor. subj.*) I Cor. 11, 26. Gal. 4, 19;

(2) *as long as, while, whilst, w. pres. indic.* (ἕως *w. pres. indic.; s.* (1), (a)); Jo. 9, 4. (ἐν ᾧ *w. pres. indic.*) Lu. 5, 34. (II) *causal: because, for, since* (γάρ); Mt. 6, 14. 24. 7, 25. 9, 16. 24. 25, 42. Mk. 1, 22. 38. 4, 25. 5, 8. 28. 6, 20. 7, 27. 8, 38. 9, 31. 40. 10, 14. 13, 22. Lu. 2, 10. 6, 23. 7, 5. 6. 8, 18. 29. 52. 9, 44. 48. 50. 56. 18, 16. Jo. 7, 39. 8, 42. 10, 26. 16, 7. Rom. 7, 7. 8. 11. 15. 18. 19. 8, 2. 3. 5. 9, 19. 13, 1. 4. 6. 8. 11. I Cor. 1, 18. 9, 2. 11, 6. 23. 15, 22. 32. 16, 7. 10. II Cor. 1, 8. 12. 13. 19. 24. 2, 2. 11. 17. 3, 6. 14. 4, 17. 18. 5, 2. 7. 10. 13. 14. 21. 6, 14. 16. 7, 10. 8, 9. 10. 9, 2. 7. 10, 4. 12. 14. 18. 11, 2. 9. 13. 14. 19. 12, 6. 9. 10. 11. 14. 20. Gal. 2, 8. 12. 18. 19, 21. 3. 28. 4, 30. 5, 6. 14. 17. 6, 9. 15. 17. Eph. 2, 8. 3, 3. Phil. 1, 19. 3, 18. 4, 11. Col. 3, 3. 20. 24. I Thess. 4, 9. 14. 5, 2. 5. 7. II Tim. 1, 7. 12. 2, 16. 3, 6. 9. 4, 10. 11. (καὶ γάρ) II Cor. 3, 10. (ὅτι) Mt. 5, 8. 34–36. 45. 6, 5. 13. 7, 13. 9, 36. Mk. 1, 34. 3, 30. 4, 29. 41. 5, 9. 6, 17. 7, 19. 8, 2. 16. 17. 33. 9, 11. 38. 41. 11, 18. Lu. 1, 37. 48. 49. 58. 68. 4, 6. 32. 41. 43. 5, 8. 6, 19–21. 24. 25. 35. 7, 47. 8, 30. 37. 42. 9, 12. 38. 49. 53. 10, 13. 21. 14, 11. 14. 17. 15, 9. 24. 27. 32. 16, 8. 15. 17, 9. 10. 18, 11. 14. 19, 3. 4. 17. 21. Jo. 6, 2. 38. 41. 7, 1. 7. 8. 23. 29. 30. 39. 8, 14. 16. 20. 29. 37. 43. 44. 47. 9, 22. 10, 4. 5. 13. 17. 36. 11, 9. 10. 15. 41. 12, 6. 11. 18. 39. 49. 14, 12. 17. 28. 15, 15. 19. 21. 27. 16, 3. 4. 6. 14. 16. 21. 27. 32. 17, 8. 9. 14. 24. 18, 18. 19, 7. Rom. 7, 21. 9, 17. 28. 32. 11, 25. 36. I Cor. 1, 25. 4, 9. 10, 17. 15, 15. 16, 17. II Cor. 1, 5. 8. 14. 2, 15. 3, 14. 4, 6. 5, 19. 7, 8. 13. 14. 16. 8, 3. 17. 9, 2. 12. 10, 10. 11, 7. 10. 11. Gal. 2, 11. 4, 12. 20. 27. 6, 8. Eph. 2, 12. 18. 4, 25. 5, 23. 6, 12. Phil. 1, 20. 2, 30. 4, 10. 16. Col. 1, 16. 19. I Thess. 2, 13. 14. 3, 8. 4, 16. 5, 9. II Thess. 1, 3. 10. 2, 3. 3, 7. I Tim. 1, 12. 13. 4, 4. 10. 6, 2. II Tim. 1, 16. Neh. 6, 18. 7, 2. Skeir. III, b. V, d. VI, b. d; ni untê—ak untê, *not because—but because* (οὐχ ὅτι—ἀλλ' ὅτι); II Cor. 7, 9. (διότι) Lu. 2, 7. Rom. 8, 7. Gal. 2, 16. I Thess. 2, 18. 4, 6. (καθότι) Lu. 1, 7. 19, 9. (τοῦ *w. inf.*) Phil. 3, 21. (διὰ τό *w. inf.*) Mk. 4, 6. 5, 4. Lu. 9, 7. (ἐπεί) Mt. 27, 6. Jo. 13, 29. I Cor. 5, 10. II Cor. 11, 18. 13, 3. (ἐπειδή) Mk. 15, 42. I Cor. 1, 21. 22. 15, 21. Phil. 2, 26; untê raíhtis, *forasmuch as* (ἐπειδήπερ) Lu. 1, 1. — *Origin unknown. Comp. Bzb., p. 65.*

un-tila-malsks, *adj., rash, heady, unbecomingly proud* (προπετής); II Tim 3, 4.

un-triggws, *adj., unfaithful, unjust* (ἄδικος); Lu. 16. 10. [*From* un- *and* triggws, *q. v. Cf. O.E.* un(ȝe)trêowe, *adj., unfaithful, Mdl. E.* untrewe, *Mdn.*

E. untrue, *O. H. G.* untriuwi, *M. H. G.* untriuwe, *N. H. G.* untreu, *adj., unfaithful.*]

unþa-, *a verbal pref. occurring only once, in* unþa-þliuhan; *s.* þliuhan. [*Cf. O. E.* ûð- (*from* unð-), *as in* ûð-ʒenʒe, *adj., vanishing, departing,* ûðwita, *m., Mdl. E.* ûðwite, *sage, scholar. Allied to* und, *q. v. Comp. Bzb., p. 74; Scher., p. 431.*]

un-þiuda, *f., false people* (*G. aftervolk*): in unþiudôm (*ἐπ' οὐκ ἔθνει*); Rom. 10, 19. — *From* un- *and* þiuda, *q. v.*

un-þiuþ, *n., evil* (*κακόν*); Rom. 12, 21. II Cor. 5, 10. II Tim. 4, 14. (*φαῦλον*) Rom. 9, 11; unþiuþ taujan, *to do evil* (*κακοποιεῖν*); Mk. 3, 4. Lu. 6, 9. — *From* un- *and* þiuþ, *q. v.*

un-þwahans, *partic. adj., unwashen* (*κοινός*); Mk. 7, 2. (*ἄνιπτος*) 5. — *From* un- *and pret. partic.* of þwahan, *q. v.*

un-uf-brikands, *partic. adj., without giving offense; w. dat.* (*ἀπρόσκοπος w. dat.*); I Cor. 10, 32. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pres. partic. of* ufbrikan; *s.* brikan.

un-ûhteigô, *adv., at an unfit time, out of season* (*ἀκαίρως*); II Tim. 4, 2. — *From stem of* *unûhteigs (*not found*), *from* un- *and* ûhteigs, *q. v. S.* ûhteigô.

un-us-laisiþs, *partic. adj., uninstructed, having never learned* (*μὴ μεμαθηκώς*); Jo. 7, 15. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* uslaisjan; *s.* laisjan.

un-us-spillôþs, *partic. adj., unspeakable* (*ἀνεκδιήγητος*); II Cor. 9, 15; *unsearchable* (*ἀνεξερεύνητος*); Rom. 11, 33. — *From* un- (*q. v.*) *and pret. partic. of* usspillôn; *s.* spillôn.

un-wâhs, *adj.* (5, b), *blameless* (*ἄμεμπτος*); Lu. 1, 6. — *From* un- *and* *wâhs, *q. v.*

un-waírþaba, *adv., unworthily* (*ἀναξίως*); I Cor. 11, 27. 29. — *From stem of* *un-waírþs (*not found*), *from* un- *and* waírþs, *q. v. S.* waírþaba.

un-wammei, *f., spotlessness, purity, sincerity* (*εἰλικρίνεια*); I Cor. 5, 8. — *From stem of* unwamms, *q. v. S.* *wammêi.

un-wamms, *adj., without spot, spotless* (*ἄσπιλος*); I Tim. 6, 14; *without blemish or reproach, unblamable* (*ἄμωμος*); Eph. 1, 4. 5, 27. Col. 1, 22. [*From* un- *and* *wamms, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* un-wemme, *adj., without spot, unblemished. For Mdl. E.* unwemmed, *s.* *wammjan.]

un-waúrstwô, *f., an unworking woman, an idle woman* (*ἀργή*); I Tim. 5, 13. — *From* un- *and* *waúrstwô, *q. v.*

un-weis, *adj., without knowledge, unlearned* (*ἰδιώτης*); I Cor. 14, 23. 24; unweis wisan, *to be ignorant* (*ἀγνοεῖν*); Rom. 11, 25 (wisan *being implied*). II Cor. 1, 8. I Thess. 4, 13. [*From* un- *and* *weis, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* un-wîs, *ignorant, unwise, Mdl. E.* unwîs, *Mdn. E.* unwise, *O. S.* unwîs, *O. H. G.* unwîs (*beside* unwîsi), *M. H. G.* unwîs, *adj.,*

ignorant, unwise, foolish (*beside* unweise, *th. s., N. H. G.* unweise, *adj., unwise, foolish*).]

un-wêniggô, *adv., unexpectedly, suddenly, on a sudden* (*αιφνίδιος; s. text*); I Thess. 5, 3. — *From stem of* *un-wêniggs (*not found*), *from* un- *and* *wêniggs (*not found*). *S.* *wêniggô.

un-wêrei, *f., indignation* (*ἀγανάκτησις*); II Cor. 7, 11. — *From stem of* *un-wêrs (*not found; s.* unwêrjan, *under* *wêrjan), *from* un- *and* *wêrs, *q. v.*

un-wiss (unwis *in MS*), *adj., uncertain;* ni du unwissamma, *not as uncertainly* (*οὐκ ἀδήλως*); I Cor. 9, 26. *From* un- *and* *wiss, *q. v.*

un-wita, *m., a person without knowledge or understanding, a fool* (*ἄφρων*); II Cor. 11, 19. 12, 6. 11. (*παραφρονῶν*) II Cor. 11, 23; unwita wisan (wisan *being understood*), *to be ignorant* (*ἀγνοεῖν*); I Cor. 10, 1. [*Prop. w. form of adj.* *un-wits (*not found*), *from* un- *and* *wits; *s.* *wita. *Cf. O. E.* unwita, *m., Mdl. E.* unwite, *O. H. G.* unwiz(z)o, *m., an ignorant. Comp.* unwiti, unwitands.]

un-witands, *partic. adj., unknowing, ignorant* (*ἀγνοῶν*); I Tim. 1, 13; unwitands wisan, *to be ignorant* (*ἀγνοεῖν*); II Cor. 2, 11.—*From* un- *and pres. partic. of* witan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

un-witi, *n., ignorance* (*ἄγνοια*); Eph. 4, 18; *foolishness, folly* (*ἀφροσύνη*); Mk. 7, 22. (*ἄνοια*) II Tim. 3, 9. *From* *un-wits. *S.* unwita *and* *witi.

un-wunands, *partic. adj., joyless, very sad* (*ἀδημονῶν*); Phil. 2, 26.—*From* un- *and pres. partic. of* *wunnan, *q. v.*

ur-, *for* **us** (*q. v.*) *the* s *of which is assimilated to* r *following* (*78, n. 4*).

ur-rists, *f.* (30), *arising, resurrection* (*ἔγερσις*); Mt. 27, 53. [*From* ur- *and* *rists, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* urrist, *f., resurrection.*]

ur-rugks, *adj., reprobate* (?); *occurs only once, as a marginal gloss:* ussateinai urrugkai = wistai barna hatizis. [*From* ur- *and* *rugks, *q. v. L. M.* (*p. 278*) *compares Gr. εἴργειν; s.* wrikan.]

ur-runs, *m., a running out, a rising; hence, sewer, draught* (*ἀφεδρών*); Mk. 7, 19; *day-spring* (*ἀνατολή*); Lu. 1, 78; *east* (*ἀνατολαί*); Mt. 8, 11. — *From* ur- *and* *runs, *q. v. S. follg. w.*

ur-runs, *f., a running out, departure, decease* (*ἔξοδος*); Lu. 9, 31.—*From* ur- *and* *runs, *q. v. S. prec. w.*

us (uz- *before* -e, -o, -u; 78, c.—**ur-** *before* -r; 78, *n.* 4; *sometimes* **u-** *before* -s; 78, *n.* 5), *prep. w. dat.* (217), (a) *of space: out, out of, from, forth from* (*ἔκ w. gen.*); Mt. 8, 28. 27, 53. Mk. 1, 10. 11. 25. 26. 29. 5, 2. 8. 30. 6, 54. 7, 15. 20. 21. 26. 29. 9, 7. 25. 11, 8. 14. 20. Lu. 1, 71. 74. 2, 4.

35. 3, 22. 4, 22. 35. 38. 5, 3. 17. 6, 42. 44. 8, 27. 9, 35. 54. 10, 7. 11. 18. 17, 24. Jo. 6, 23. 31–33. 41. 42. 50. 51. 58. 7, 38. 41. 42. 52. 8, 59. 10, 28. 29. 39. 11, 1. 12, 17. 27. 28. 42. 17, 6. 15. Rom. 7, 24. 11, 26. 13, 11. I Cor. 5, 10. 13. II Cor. 1, 10. 5, 8. 6, 17. 11, 25 (*S.* skip). Gal. 1, 4. 5, 4. Eph. 4, 29. Col. 1, 13. 2, 14. 3, 8. 4, 16. II Tim. 2, 26. 3, 11; *comp.* Rom. I Cor. II Cor. subscr. Skeir. I, b. II, b. IV, c. d. VI, c. VIII, d (*ἀπό w. gen.*) Mk. 3, 7. 8. 7, 1. 17. 8, 11. 11, 12. Lu. 2, 4. 8, 2. 9, 5. 17, 29. Jo. 6, 38. Neh. 5, 17; us gaqumþim (*ἀποσυνάγωγος*); Jo. 16, 2. (*ἔξω w. gen.*) Mk. 5, 10. 11, 19. 12, 8. Lu. 4, 29. 20, 15. (*κατά w. acc.*) Lu. 8, 4; us dauþaim, *from the dead* (*ἐκ νεκρῶν*); Mk. 6, 14. 16. 9, 9. 10. 12, 25. Lu. 9, 7. 20, 35. Jo. 12, 1. 17. Rom. 7, 4. 10, 7. 9. 11, 15. I Cor. 15, 12. 20. Gal. 1, 1. Eph. 1, 20. Phil. 3, 11. Col. 1, 18. 2, 12. II Tim. 2, 8. (*ἀπὸ τῶν νεκρῶν*) Mt. 27, 64; *comp.* Lu. 16, 4. (b) *to indicate a going out or forth, a coming or springing out of any thing, and the like: from, of, out of, with, by* (*ἐκ w. gen.*); Mt. 27, 7. Mk. 7, 11. 11, 30–32. 15, 46. Lu. 1, 5. 27. 78. 2, 4. 36. 3, 8. 6, 44. 45. 8, 3. 16, 9. 19, 22. 20, 4–6. Jo. 6, 13. 7, 22. 42. 8, 23. 44. 47. 9, 6. 10, 32. 12, 49. 15, 19. 16, 14. 15. 17, 14. 16. 18, 36. 19, 2. Rom. 9, 5. 10. 11. 21. 30. 32. 10, 5. 6. 17. 11, 36. 12, 18. 13, 3. I Cor. 12, 15. 16. 15, 47. II Cor. 2, 2. 16. 17. 3, 1. 5. 4, 6. (*here* ur *not in composition*) 7. 5, 1. 18. 7, 9. 11, 26. 12, 6. 13, 4. Gal. 2, 12. 16. 3, 2. 5. 4, 4. 22. 23. 5, 5. 8. 6, 8. Eph. 2, 8. 9. 3, 15. 4, 16. Phil. 1, 23. 3, 5. 9. Col. 2, 19. 4, 11. I Tim. 6, 4. II Tim. 2, 8. 22. Tit. 1, 10. *comp.* Ezra 2, 36. 40. Skeir. II, c. d. III, b. IV, c. d. VII, d. VIII, d; *specifying a whole or multitude out of which something is taken, or of which it forms a part; so also w.* ains, sums, ainshun, manags: *out of, of* (*ἐκ w. gen.*) Mt. 27, 48. Mk. 9, 17. Lu. 1, 5. 6, 13. Jo. 12, 42. 16, 5. 17. 17, 12. Rom. 9, 24. 11, 14. I Cor. 12, 12. Gal. 2, 15. Col. 4, 9. 12. II Tim. 3, 6; *comp.* Ezra 2, 40. Skeir. VIII, d. (*ἀπό w. gen.*) Lu. 9, 38. 19, 39; (c) *of time: from, from—up, since* (*ἐκ w. gen.*); Mk. 10, 20. Lu. 18, 21. Jo. 6, 64. 66. 9, 1. Skeir. I, c. (*ἀπό w. gen.*) II Tim. 3, 15. (-θεν) Mk. 9, 21; (d) *designating circumstances, way, and manner in which any thing takes place or with which it is connected: of, out of, with, in* (*ἐκ w. gen.*); Mt. 5, 37. Mk. 11, 20. 12, 30. 33. Lu. 10, 27. Jo. 8, 41. Rom. 9, 6. I Cor. 7, 5. II Cor. 2, 4. 5, 2. 8, 7. 11. 13. 9, 2. 6. 7. Col. 3, 23. I Tim. 1, 5; us gabaúrþai, *by nature* (*κατὰ*

φύσιν); Rom. 11, 21; us wistai, *th. s.*; Rom. 11, 24. (ἐν *w. dat.*) II Cor. 3, 9 (*in B*). II Tim. 2, 7; us-lausei þuk us waúrtim, *be thou plucked up by the root* (ἐκριζώθητι); Lu. 17, 6; þans us liutein taiknjandans sik, *which should feign themselves* (ὑποκρινομένους ἑαυτούς); Lu. 20, 20; us lustum, *willingly* (κατὰ ἑκούσιον); Philem. 14. — *It occurs in composition w. vs., substs., adjs., and advs., where its force is obvious from the translation.* [*Cf. O. E.* or-, â-, *Mdl. E.* or-, a-, *Mdn. E.* or-, a-, *as in* or-deal (*S.* dails), arise (=*Goth.* ur-reisan; *s.* *reisan), *O. N.* or-, *O. S.* or-, ur-, a-, *O. H. G.* ur- (*accented*), *weakened* ar-, ir- er- (*proclitic*), *pref., also prep.: out, M. H. G. N. H. G.* ur-, er-, *pref. Concerning* us *as being identical w.* ût (*q. v.*), *s. Osth., M. U., IV, 262.*]

us-balþei, *f., daringness, impudence, perverse disputing* (διαπαρατριβή); I Tim. 6, 5. — *From* *us-balþs (*not found*), *from* us *and* *balþs, *q. v. S.* balþei.

us-beisnei, *f., long abiding or enduring of, patience, long-suffering* (μακροθυμία); Gal. 5, 22. Col. 3, 12. I Tim. 1, 16. — *From* usbeisns, *q. v. Comp.* *beisnei *and follg. w.*

us-beisneigs, *adj., long-abiding, long-suffering:* usb. wisan, *to suffer long* (μακροθυμεῖν); I Cor. 13, 4; *folld. by* wiþra *w. acc.* (πρός *w. acc.*), *to be patient toward;* I Thess. 5, 14. — *From* usbeisns (*or* usbeisnei, *q. v.*) *and suff.* -ei-ga-. *S.* *beisneigs.

us-beisns, *f., abiding expectation* (ἀποκαραδοκία); Phil. 1, 20. *long-abiding, long-suffering* (μακροθυμία); Eph. 4, 2. Col. 1, 11. II Tim. 3, 10. 4, 2. — *From* usbeidan (*under* beidan). *S.* *beisns, *also* usbeisnei *and prec. w.*

us-daudei, *f., diligence, carefulness, care, forwardness* (σπουδή); Rom. 12, 8. 11. II Cor. 7, 11. 12. 8, 7. 8. 16; *perseverance* (προσκαρτέρησις); Eph. 6, 18. — *From* us-dauþs (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *S.* *daudei (*Appendix*). *Comp. follg. w.*

us-daudô, *adv., diligently, urgently, instantly* (σπουδαίως); Lu. 7, 4. II Tim. 1, 17. (*added in Goth.*) I Tim. 4, 16. — *From* us-dauþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

us-dauþs, *adj.* (*gen.* -dis; 74, *n.* 2), *diligent, forward* (σπουδαῖος); *occurs only twice, in compar.* usdaudôza; II Cor. 8, 17. 22. — *From* us *and* *dauþs, *q. v. Comp.* usdaudei *and prec. w.*

us-drusts, *f., a falling away, also applied to a place, a 'rough way'; occurs only once:* usdrusteis du wigam slaíhtaim (αἱ τραχεῖαι (*sc.* ὁδοὶ) εἰς ὁδοὺς λείας). — *From* usdriusan (*S.* driusan) *and suff.* -ti. *S.* *drusts.

us-faírina, *w. adj.* (132, *n.* 2), *without fault, blameless* (ἀμεμ-

πτος); Phil. 3, 6. I Thess. 3, 13. 5, 23 (ἀνέγκλητος); Col. 1, 22. — *From* us *and* faírina, *q. v.*

us-farþô, *f., a faring out, a journey out, egress;* usfarþôn gataujan us skipa, *to suffer shipwreck* (ναναγεῖν); II Cor. 11, 25. — *From* us *and* *farþô, *q. v.*

us-filh, *n., a hiding altogether, a burial* (ἐνταφιασμός); Mk. 14, 8. — *From* us-filhan (*Insert* Mt. 27, 7); *s.* filhan.

us-filmei, *f., amaze* (ἔκστασις); Mk. 16, 8. Lu. 5, 26. — *From stem of* usfilms (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* în.

***us-films,** *adj., only in w. form* (*used as subst.*)*:* usfilma waírþan ana *w. dat.: to be amazed* (ἐκπλήττεσθαι ἐπί *w. dat.*); Mk. 1, 22. Lu. 9, 43. — *From* us (*q. v.*) *and* *films (*S. Appendix*). *Comp. prec. w.*

us-fôdeins, *f., food, nourishment* (διατροφή); I Tim. 6, 8. — *From* *us-fôdjan (*not found*), *from* us *and* fôdjan, *q. v. Comp.* fôdeins.

us-fulleins, *f., fulfilling, fullness* (πλήρωμα); Rom. 13, 10. Gal. 4, 4. Eph. 1, 10. — *From* us-fulljan; *s.* fulljan, *also* *fulleins.

us-grudja, *w. adj. used as subst.* (132, *n.* 2), *m.:* waírþan us-grudja, *to be weary, faint* (ἐκκακεῖν); Lu. 18, 1. II Cor. 4, 1. 16. Gal. 6, 9. Eph. 3, 13. II Thess. 3, 13. — *From* us *and* *grudja, *q. v.*

us-haista, *w. adj. used as subst.* (69, *n.* 2), *very poor, in great want* (ὑστερηθείς); II Cor. 11, 8. — *From* ushaitan (?-haista *from* hait-ta, *but s. Bernh.*, II Cor. 11, 8. *note*). *S.* *haista.

us-kunþs, *adj., well known, evident, manifest:* uskunþs wisan, *to be manifest* (γιγνώσκεσθαι); Lu. 6, 44. (φανῆναι) Mt. 9, 33. (φανερωθῆναι) II Cor. 4, 10. (ἐν παῤῥησίᾳ εἶναι) Jo. 7, 4; uskunþs waírþan, *to appear* (φανῆναι); Rom. 7, 13.—*From* *us-kunnan (*not found; s.* kunnan). *S.* kunþs.

us-lauseins, *f., an outloosing, a loosing from deliverance, redemption* (λύτρωσις); Lu. 1, 68. (ἀπολύτρωσις) Eph. 4, 30. — *From* us-lausjan; *s.* lausjan, *also* *lauseins.

us-liþa, *m., one with useless limbs, a paralytic person* (παραλυτικός); Mt. 8, 6. 9, 2. 6. Mk. 2, 3. 4. 5. 9. 10. Lu. 5, 20. (παραλελυμένος) Lu. 5, 18. 24. — *Prop. w. adj. used as subst., from* us (*q. v.*) *and* *liþa, *cognate w.* liþus, *q. v.*

us-lukans, *partic. adj., unlocked, opened* (ἠνεῳγμένος); Mk. 1, 10 (*S. note*). — *Pret. partic. of* uslûkan, *from* us *and* *lûkan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

us-luks, *m., an opening* (ἄνοιξις); Eph. 6, 19. — *From* uslûkan; *s.* *lûkan *and* luks, *also prec. w.*

us-lûneins, *f., redemption;* Skeir. I, b (*S. note*). — *From* *us-lûnjan (*not found*), *from* us (*q. v.*) *and* *lûnjan (*not found*), *from* lûn (*q. v*). *S.* *lûneins.

us-mêt, *n.* (34), *conversation* (*ἀναστροφή*); Eph. 4, 22. I Tim. 4, 12. Skeir. I, d; *manner of life* (*ἀγωγή*); II Tim. 3, 10; *common wealth* (*πολιτεία*); Eph. 2, 12. — *From* usmitan, *from* us *and* mitan, *q. v.*). *S.* *mêt.

us-qiss, *f.*, *accusation, charge, lit. an out-speaking* (*κατηγορία*); Tit. 1, 6. — *From* usqiþan, *from* us *and* qiþan, *q. v. S.* *qiss, *f.*

us-sateins, *f.*, *nature; occurs only once, in dat.* ussateinai, *a gloss to* wistai; Eph. 2, 3. — *From* us-satjan, *from* us *and* satjan, *q. v. S.* *sateins.

us-sindô, *adv.*, *especially* (*μάλιστα*); Philem. 16. — *From stem of* *us-sinþs, *adj.* (*not found*), *from* us *and* sinþs, *q. v. Comp.* *sindô.

us-skaws, *adj.* (**-skaus;** 124, *n.* 3), *cautious, wakeful;* usskaws wisan, *to be awake* (*νήφειν*); I Thess, 5, 8 (*S. note*). — *From* us *and* *skaws, *q. v.*

us-stass (ustass, 78, *n.* 5), *f.* (103, *n.* 3), *a rising up or again, resurrection* (*ἀνάστασις*); Mk. 12, 18. 23. Lu. 2, 34. 14, 14. 20, 27. 33. 35. 36. Jo. 11, 24. 25. I Cor. 15, 12. 13. 21. Phil. 3, 10. II Tim. 2, 18. (*ἐξανάστασις*) Phil. 3, 11. — *From* us-standan, *from* us *and* standan, *q. v. S.* *stass.

us-stiurei, *f.*, *excess, riot* (*ἀσωτία*); Eph. 5, 18. Tit. 1, 6. — *From* *usstiurs (*not found*), *from* us (*q. v.*) *and* *stiurs (*not found*). *S.* *stiurei, *also follg. w.*

us-stiuriba, *adv.*, *riotously* (*ἀσώτως*); Lu. 15, 13. — *From stem of* *usstiurs (*S. prec. w.*) *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.*

us-taikneins, *f.*, *a showing* (*ἀνάδειξις*); Lu. 1, 80; *proof, token* (*ἔνδειξις*); II Cor. 8, 24. Phil. 1, 28. Skeir. V, c. — *From* us-taiknjan, *from* us *and* taiknjan, *q. v. S.* *taikneins.

us-taúhts, *f.*, *completion, performance* (*τελείωσις*); Lu. 1, 45. *perfection,* (*κατάρτισις*) II Cor. 13, 9. (*καταρτισμός*) Eph. 4, 12; *end* (*τέλος*); Rom. 10, 4. — *From* ustiuhan, *from* us *and* tiuhan, *q. v. S.* *taúhts.

us-þrôþeins, *f.*, *excercise* (*γυμνασία*); I Tim. 4, 8. — *From* us-þrôþjan, *from* us *and* þrôþjan, *q. v. S.* *þrôþeins.

us-þulains, *f.*, *patience* (*υπομονή*); Col. 1, 11. (*patient waiting for*) II Thess. 3, 5. — *From* usþulan, *from* us *and* þulan, *q. v. S.* þulains.

us-wahsans, *partic. adj.*, *grown up;* uswahsans wisan, *to be of age* (*ἡλικίαν ἔχειν*); Jo. 9, 21. 23. — *Pret. partic. of* *uswahsjan (*not found*), *from* us *and* wahsjan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

us-wahsts, *f.*, *growth, increase* (*αὔξησις*); Eph. 4, 16. — *From* *uswahsjan (*S. prec. w.*). *S.* *wahsts.

us-walteins, *f.*, *a subverting* (*καταστροφή*); II Tim. 2, 14; *ruin* (*ῥῆμα*); Lu. 6, 49. — *From* us-

waltjan, *from* us *and* waltjan, *q. v. S.* *walteins.

us-wandeins, *f., a turning aside, a leading astray* (listeigs uswandeins, *μεϑοδεία*); Eph. 4, 14. — *From* uswandjan, *from* us *and* wandjan, *q. v. S.* *wandeins.

us-waúrhts, *f., justice, righteousness* (*δικαιοσύνη*); II Cor. 9, 9 (uswaúrts *in B is an error*). 10. — *From* uswaúrkjan, *from* us *and* waúrkjan, *q. v. S.* *waúrhts, *f. Comp. follg. w.*

us-waúrhts, *adj., just, righteous* (*δίκαιος*); Mt. 9, 13. Mk. 2, 17. Lu. 14, 14; uswaúrhtana dômjan, *to justify* (*δικαιοῦν*); Lu. 10, 29; *or* ...gadômjan, *th. s.*; Mt. 11, 19. — *From* uswaúrkjan (*S. prec. w.*). *S.* *waúrhts, *adj.*

us-waúrpa, *f.* (32), *a casting away* (*ἀπόβολή*); Rom. 11, 15. (*ἀπόβλητον*) I Tim. 4, 4; *an outcast, one born out of due time* (*Engl. version; spaetgeburt, G. version; ἔκτρωμα, Gr. version*); I Cor. 15, 8. — *From* uswaírpan, *from* us *and* waírpan, *q. v. Comp.* *waúrpa.

us-weihs, *adj., unholy, profane* (*βέβηλος*); I Tim. 1, 9. 4, 7. II Tim. 2, 16. — *From* us *and* weihs, *q. v.*

us-wêna, *w. adj. used as subst., m.*, uswêna waúrþans, *one being without hope* (*ἀπηλπικώς*); Eph. 4, 19; ni waíhtais uswêna, *not hoping nothing=despairing of nothing* (*μεδὲν ἀπελπίζων; 'hoping for nothing again', E. version; 'ohne dass ihr etwas davon hoffet', G. version*); Lu. 6, 35. — *From* us *and* wêns, *q. v.*

us-wiss, *adj., loose, dissolute, vain;* uswiss usmitan, *to live dissolutely, to err* (*ἀστοχεῖν*); II Tim. 2, 18. — *From* *uswidan (*not found*), *from* us *and* *widan, *q. v. S.* *wiss, *adj., also follg. w.*

us-wissi, *n., looseness, dissoluteness, vanity* (*ματαιότης*); Eph. 4, 17. — *From* *uswidan. *S. prec. w., also* *wissi.

ût, *adv.* (15; 213, *n.* 2), *out. It occurs always w. vs. of motion; as,* atgaggan ût, *to go out to, go out* (*ἐξέρχεσϑαι*); Jo. 18, 29. (*ἐξέρχεσϑαι ἔξω*) 19, 4; galeiþan ût, *to go out* (*ἐξέρχεσϑαι*); Jo. 13, 30. 18, 38; ût usgaggan, *th. s.*; Mt. 9, 32; usgaggan ût, *th. s.*; Lu. 15, 28. Jo. 18, 4. 16. (*ἐξέρχεσϑαι ἔξω*) Mt. 26, 75. Jo. 19, 5; usgaggan ût us *w. dat.: to go or come out of* (*ἐξέρχεσϑαι ἐκ w. gen.*); Mk. 1, 25. (*ἐκπορεύεσϑαι ἔξω w. gen.*) Mk. 11, 19; attiuhan ût, *to bring forth to* (*ἄγειν ἔξω*); Jo. 19, 4; usdreiban ût, *to drive or put out* (*ἐκβάλλειν ἔξω*); Lu. 8, 54; uskiusan ût us *w. dat.: to thrust out* (*ἐκβάλλειν ἔξω w. gen.*); Lu. 4, 29. ût uswaírpan, *to cast out* (*ἔξω βάλλειν*); Lu. 14, 35; uswaírpan ût, *th. s.* (*ἐκβάλλειν ἔξω*); Jo. 6, 37. 9, 34. 35. 12, 31. 15, 6;

uswaírpan ût us *w. dat.: to cast out of* (*ἐκβάλλειν ἔξω w. gen.*); Mk. 12, 8. Lu. 20, 15; hiri ût, *come out or forth!* (*δεῦρο ἔξω*); Jo. 11, 43. [*Cf. O. E.* ût, *Mdl. E.* ût, oût, *Mdn. E.* out, *O. N.* út, *O. S.* ût, *adv., out, O. H. G. M. H. G.* ûz, *prep. and adv., N. H. G.* aus, *prep.: out of, from; adv.: out, up, over, Du.* uit, *Eff.* ûs, *th. s. From Idg.* ud-; *cf. Skr.* ud-, *Zd.* uz-, us-, *pref., out, up. S.* ûta, ûtana, ûtaþrô, *and prec. w. — Furthermore, comp. O. E.* ût(t)era, *compar. adj., outer, Mdl. E.* utter, ûter (?), *Mdn. E.* utter (*whence the v.* utter), outer, *O. N.* ytre, *ýtre* (útar(r), utar, *adv.*), *O. S.* ûtar, *prep., O. H. G.* ûzar (*also prep.*), *M. H. G.* ûzer (*also prep.*), *N. H. G.* äusser (*whence* äussern, *to utter*), *outer* (ausser, *prep.*); *superl. adj.: O. E.* ûtemest, *ŷtemest, Mdl. E.* oûtemest, ûtmest, *Mdn. E.* utmost, outmost (*Concerning* -most *from* -m-ost, *for* -m-est, *s.* aftumists); *and* (*w. simple suff.* -st), *O. N.* yztr, *ýztr* (úta(r)st, utast, *adv.*), *O. H. G.* ûzarôst, *M. H. G.* ûzerst, *N. H. G.* äusserst, *utmost. For Mdn. E.* outward, *s.* -waírþs; *for N. H. G.* auswendig, *s.* wandjan.]

ûta, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *out, without* (*ἔξω*); Mt. 26, 69. Mk. 1, 45. 3, 31. 32. 4, 11. 11, 4. Lu. 1, 10. 8, 20. Jo. 18, 16. I Cor. 5, 12. 13. Col. 4, 5. I Thess. 4, 12. (*ἔξωθεν*) I Tim. 3, 7. [*Cf. O. E.* ûte, *Mdl. E.* ûte oûte, *Mdn. E.* out, *without, abroad, O. N.* úte, *O. S.* ûta, *adv., O. H. G. M. H. G.* ûze, *prep.: out of; adv.: without, abroad. Allied to* ût, *q. v.*]

ûtana, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *without, on the outside* (*ἔξωθεν*); II Cor. 7, 5; sa ûtana unsara manna, *our outward man* (*ὁ ἔξω ἡμῶν ἄνθρωπος*); II Cor. 4, 16; *w. gen.: out of* (*ἔξω w. gen.*); Mk. 8, 23. Skeir. III, c; ûtana synagôgais, *out of the synagogue* (*ἀποσυνάγωγος*); Jo. 9, 22. [*Cf. O. E.* ûtane, ûtan, *Mdl. E.* ûten, *outside, externally, Mdn. E.* -out, *in* about, *Mdl. E.* abûten, abûte, *O. E.* abûtan = ǫnbûtan, *prep., about, around, from* ǫn (*S.* ana) *and* bûtan (*from* be-ûtan; *for* be-, *s.* bi), bûtǫn, *prep., outside of, without, except, and conj., except, unless, Mdl. E.* bute, buten, *Mdn. E.* but, *prep. and conj. Comp.* ût, ûta, *and follg. w.*]

ûtaþrô, *adv.* (213, *n.* 2), *from without* (*ἔξωθεν*); Mk. 7, 18; *w. gen.;* Mk. 7, 15. — *From* ûta (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -þrô-. *Comp. prec. w.*

uz-êta (usêta? 78, *n.* 4), *m., manger, lit. 'a thing to eat out of'* (*φάτνη*); Lu. 2, 7. 12. 16. — *From* us *and* *êta, *q. v.*

uz-ôn, *pret. of* **us-anan;** *s.* ***anan** (78, *n.* 4).

uz-u, uz-uh, *from* us (*q. v.*) *and* -u, -uh; *s.* -u, (II).

W.

***Waddjus,** *f.* (105), *wall;* in baúrgs-, grundu-, miþgarda-waddjus, *q. v.* [*From primitive Germanic* wajus (*w. suff.* -ju-; *s. v. Bd., p. 52; also* twaddjê, *under* twai). *Cf. O. E.* wâʒ, *m., Mdl. E.* wǫʒ, *wall, O. N.* veggr, *m., th. s.*]

wadi, *n., pledge, earnest* (*ἀῤῥαβών*); Eph. 1, 14. II Cor. 1, 22. 5, 5. Skeir. VI, d. [*Cf. O. E.* wed (*for* *wedd, *stem* wadjo-; *in West-Germanic,* d *being geminated before* j), *n., Mdl. E.* wed, *pledge, Mdn. E.* *wed (*in* wedlock, *Mdl. E.* wedlâc, -lǫk, *pledge, wedlock, O. E.* wed-lâc, *n., pledge; for* lâc, *s.* laiks), *O. N.* veð, *n., O. H. G.* wet(t)i, *n. obligation, pledge, M. H. G.* wet(t)e, wet(t) (*whence late M. H. G.* wette, *N. H. G.* wett, *adj., requited, even*), *n. f., obligation, pledge, wager, compensation, fine, N. H. G.* wette, *f., wager, bet. To stem* wadjo- *refers Vulg. Lt.* wadium, *pledge, whence* *wadjare, *from* *wadiare (*whence* *wadiatura, *whence O. Fr.* wageure, *a wager, whence Mdl. E.* wager, wajour, *Mdn. E.* wager, *a bet*), *whence O. Fr.* wager, *to pledge, whence Mdl. E.* wage, *Mdn. E.* wage, *to pledge, engage in* (*war*), *beside O. Fr.* gager (*initial* g *from* w), *to pledge, compd.* engager, *to bind by a pledge, whence Mdn. E.* engage; *der. O. Fr.* wage *and* gage, *a pledge, whence Mdl. E.* wage, gage, *Mdn. E.* wage, gage, *pledge, pawn, pl.* wages, *pay for service. — Allied to Lt.* vas (*gen.* vădis), *bail, bondsman,* vadimonium, *bail, security, Lith.* vadoti, *to redeem. Comp.* wadjôn *and follg. w.*]

wadja-bôkôs, *f. pl., bond, handwriting* (*χειρόγραφον*); Col. 2, 14. — *From stem of* wadi (*q. v.*) *and* bôkôs, *plur. of* bôka, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***wadjôn,** *w. v., to pledge, in* ga-w., *to pledge, betroth* (*ἁρμόζειν*); II Cor. 11, 2. [*From stem of* wadi, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* weddian, *Mdl. E.* wedde, *Mdn. E.* wed, *to marry, O. N.* veðja, *to pledge, appeal, M. H. G.* wetten, *to pledge, pay a fine, N. H. G.* wetten, *to wager. Comp. prec. w.*]

waggareis, *m., or* **waggari,** *n.?* (*occurs only once, in dat. sing.* waggarja), *pillow* (*προσκεφάλαιον*); Mk. 4, 38. [*Cf. O. E.* wangere, *m., Mdl. E.* wangere, wǫngere, *O. H. G.* wangâri (*suff.* -âri), *M. H. G.* wangêre, *m., pillow. From Goth.* *waggô (*not found; and suff.* -arja), *O. E.* wanʒe, wǫnʒe(ǫ *for* a *before* n), *Mdl. E.* wange, wǫnge, *cheek, jaw, Mdn. E.* wang, *the jaw, jaw-bone, cheekbone* (*rare or vulgar; compd.* wang-tooth (*obs.*), *jaw-tooth, Mdl. E.* wang-, wǫng-tôð, *th. s.*), *O. N.* vangi, *m., O. S.* wanga, *f., O. H. G.*

wanga, *M. H. G.* wange, *n.*, *N. H. G.* wange, *f.*, *Du.* wang, *cheek. Concerning its doubtful relation to* waggs (*q. v.*), *s. Kl.*, wange].

waggs, *m.*, *a field; hence Paradise* (*παράδεισος*); II Cor. 12, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* wang, wǫng (ǫ *for* a *before* n), *m.*, *field, plain, Mdl. E.* wang, wǫng, *field, district, territory, Mdn. E.* wong (*obs.*), *a field, O. N.* vangr, *O. S.* wang, *m.*, *O. H. G.* wang, wanc, *in* holzwangâ, *'campi nemorei', and in M. H. G. names of places, N. H. G.* (*Bav. and Austrian*), wang, *grassy plain, meadow, etc.; s. Sch.*, wang.]

wagjan, *w. v.*, *to wag, shake* (*σαλεύειν*); Mt. 11, 7. Lu. 7, 24. II Thess. 2, 2. — *Compds.*, (a) af-w. af *w. dat.: to move away from* (*μεταικνεῖν ἀπό w. gen.*); Col. 1, 23. (b) ga-w. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*), *to cause to wag, to stir, shake* (*σαλεύειν w. acc.*); Mk. 13, 25. Lu. 6, 48. Skeir. III, b; *to stir up, excite, provoke* (*ἐρεθίζειν w. acc.*); II Cor. 9, 2 (*in B*, usw. *in A*); — *s.* ungawagiþs. (c) in-w. *w. acc.: to stir up, move* (*ἀνασείειν w. acc.*); Mk. 15. 11; inw. sik silban, *to be troubled* (*ταράττειν w. acc.*); Jo. 11, 33. (d) us-w. *w. acc., to stir up, excite, provoke* (*ἐρεθίζειν w. acc.*); II Cor. 9, 2 (*in A; s.* gaw., *above*); *in pass.: to be tossed about* (*κλυδωνίζεσθαι*); Eph. 4, 14. (*Caus. of* *wigan (*pret.* *wag), *q. v. Cf. O. E.* waȝian, *Mdl. E.* wawa (*through* waghe, *by labialization*), *to wag, move, O. S.* wagian, *O. H. G.* wecken (*for* *waggjan, *from* *wagjan, *by gemination*), wegen (*S. Br., A. Gr., 149, 7; 96, n. 2*), *M. H. G.* wegen, *w. v., to move, shake, N. H. G.* *wegen, *in* bewegen, *w. v., to move, stir. Allied to O. Swed.* wagga, *to wag, sway, rock, whence Mdl. E.* wagge, *Mdn. E.* wag, *frequent.* waggle, *Du.* waggelen, *Eff.* waggele, *to shake, waggle; comp. N. H. G.* wackeln, *M. H. G.* wackeln, *beside* wacken, *from O. H. G.* wagôn, *M. H. G.* wagen, *to move, totter, vacillate. Beside* *wigan, *comp.* wêgs, wigs.]

***wâhs,** *adj.* (5, b), *in* **unwâhs,** *q. v.* [*From stem* wanha-, *Idg.* vanko-. *Cf. O. E.* wǫ̂h, *adj., bent, crooked, wrong, bad, also used as subst., n., Mdl. E.* wôh, *wrong, wickedness, O. S.* wâh, *n., evil, wrong; further, Skr.* vakrás, *crooked, Lt.* vacillare (*S. Fst., p. 127*), *to stagger, waver, pret. partic.* vacillatus, *whence* vacillatio, *a wavering, acc.* -onem, *whence Fr.* vacillation, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* vacillation. *From O. E.* wǫ̂h (wǫ̂ȝ), *comes O. E.* wǫ̂ȝian, *to woo, lit. to incline, bend towards one's self, Mdl. E.* wǫ̂ȝe, wǫ̂we (*through* *wôȝhe, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* woo.]

wahsjan, *str. v.* (177, *n.* 2), *to wax, grow, increase* (*αὐξάνειν*);

Mt. 6, 28. Mk. 4, 8. Lu. 1, 80. 2, 40. Jo. 3, 30. II Cor. 10, 15. Eph. 4, 15; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*εἰς w. acc.*); Eph. 2, 21. Skeir. IV, a. VI, a; w. du wahstau guþs, *to increase w. the increase of God* (*αὔξειν τὴν αὔξησιν τοῦ θεοῦ*); Col. 2, 19; w. gataujan, *to increase* (*αὐξάνειν*); II II Cor. 9, 10. — *Compds.*, (a) ufar-w., *to over-wax, grow exceedingly* (*ὑπεραυξάνειν*); II Thess. 1, 3. (b) us-w., *in pret. partic.* uswahsans (*q. v.*). [*Cf. O. E.* weahsan (ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* waxe, *Mdn. E.* wax, *O. N.* vaxa, *O. S. O. H. G.* wahsan, *M. H. G.* wahsen, *N. H. G.* wachsen, *Du.* wassen, *Eff.* wâsse, *to grow, increase. From Germanic root* wahs, *Indg.* weks:uks; *comp. Skr.* vakš:ukš, *to grow, increase, Zd.* uχš, *to grow, Gr. ἀέξειν* (*for *ἀϝέξειν*), *αὐξάνειν* (*for *ἀϝξ-άνειν*), *to grow, increase. Comp.* *wahsts, wahstus.]

***wahsts,** *f., a waxing, growth, in* us-wahsts, *q, v.* [*From* wahsjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. H. G.* wahst, *f., growth, M. H. G.* -wahst (*in compds.*). *Comp. follg. w.*]

wahstus, *m., a waxing, growth, increase* (*αὔξησις*); Col. 2, 19; *stature* (*ἡλικία*); Mt. 6, 27. Lu. 2, 52. 19, 3. Eph. 4, 13. [*From* wahsjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tu. *Cf. O. N.* vǫxtr, *m., growth. Allied to O. E.* wæstm (*extended by suff.* -m-), *m., Mdl. E.* wastme, *growth, fruit.* — *Comp. prec. w.*]

wahtwô (*or* **wahtwa?** *only dat pl. occurs*), *f.* (58, *n.* 2), *watch* (*φυλακή*); Lu. 2, 8. [*From root of* wakan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -twôn- (-twô-). *Cf. O. S. O. H. G.* wahta (*by loss of* w), *M. H. G.* wahte, waht, *N. H. G.* wacht, *f., watch. To O. H. G.* wahta (*whence* wahtari, *M. H. G.* wahtære, *N. H. G.* wächter, *m., watchman; w. suff.* -ari) *refers O. Fr.* waite (guet), *guard, watchman, whence Mdl. E.* waite, *Mdn. E.* wait; *and O. Fr.* waiter, waitier, gaiter, *compd.* awaiter, awaitier (a=*Lt.* ad), *to wait for, whence Mdl. E.* (a)waite, *Mdn. E.* (a)wait.]

wai, *interj.* (219), *w. dat.: woe!* (*οὐαί*); Mt. 11, 21. Mk. 13, 17. Lu. 6, 24. 25. 26. 10, 13. [*An onomatopoetic word. Cf. O. E.* wâ, *adv. and interj., Mdl. E.* wǫ̂, *Mdn. E.* woe, wo, *O. N.* vei, væ, *interj., O. H. G. M. H. G.* wê, *adv. and interj., N. H. G.* weh, wehe, *adv. and interj., woe! ah! ay!, also adj., ill, sore, Du.* vee, *interj., Eff.* wî, *adv.* au-wî, *interj.; further Lt.* vae, *woe!* — *Ders.* (wa-*stems*): *O. E.* wêa (*Cf. O. E.* hrêaw *beside* hrêw, hrâ; *s. Siev., O. E. Gr., 250, n. 2*) (*and* wâwa), *m., woe, grief, trouble, Mdl. E.* wê, *th. s., O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* wê (*gen.* wêwes; *and O. H. G.* wêwo, *m.*, wêwa, *f., woe, pain, grief*), *N. H. G.* weh (wehe), *n., woe, pain, pang, grief;* — *O. N.*

væla, *to wail, whence Mdl. E.* weile, waile, *compd.* be-waile (*For* -be-, *s.* bi), *Mdn. E.* wail, bewail. — *S.* wai-dêdja, -faírhvjan, *waja-; *also* wainags.]

waian, *red. v.* (22; 182), *to blow* (*πνεῖν*); Mt. 7, 25. 27. Jo. 6, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* wâwan (*Comp. remarks under* saian, *and Br., Compar. Gr., p. 126*), *to blow, Mdl. E.* *wâwe, *in* to-wǫ̂we (*For* to-= te-, *s.* tuz-), *to blow apart, O. H. G.* wâjan, wâen (*w. v.*), *M. H. G.* wǽjen, wǽn (*w. v.*), *N. H. G.* wehen (*w. v.*). *From root* vê; *comp. Skr.* vâ, *to blow, Gr.* *ἀ̃ηναι* (*root* ϝη), *to blow* (*ἀήτης, wind*), *O. Bulg.* vějati, *th. s. From the same root come O. E.* weder, *n., air, weather, Mdl. E.* weder, *Mdn. E.* weather (*The* th *seems due to O. N.* veðr; *Sk.*), *O. N.* veðr, *n., weather, open air, storm, O. S.* wedar, *n.* (*collective* giwidiri, *O. H. G.* giwitiri, *M. H. G.* gewitere, *n., stormy weather, N. H. G.* gewitter, *n., thunder storm, tempest; comp. O. N.* landviðri, *a land-wind*), *O. H. G.* wetar, *M. H. G.* weter, *N. H. G.* wetter, *Du.* weder, weêr, *Eff.* wedde, *n., weather, storm. S.* winds.]

***waibjan,** *w. v., to wind, in* bi-w. *w. acc.: to wind about; hence to encompass* (*συνέχειν*); Lu. 19, 43; *pret. partic.* biwaibiþs, *w. instr.* (*περιβεβλημένος w. acc.*), *wound about, cast about;* Mk. 14, 51; *clothed;* Mk. 16, 5. [*Cf. O. H. G.* weibjan, weipjan, *in* zi-w., *to disperse. S. Sch.,* weibjan.]

wai-dêdja, *m.* (21, *n.* 2), *woe-doer, evil-doer, malefactor, robber* (*λῃστής*); Mt. 27, 44. Mk. 11, 17. 14, 48. 15, 27. Lu. 10, 30. 10, 1. 8. 18, 40. II Cor. 11, 26. — *From* wai *and* *dêdja, *q. v.*

waíhjô (*or* **ái?**), *f., a fighting, contention* (*μάχη*); II Cor. 7, 5. — *From root of* weihan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jôn.

waíhsta, *m., corner* (*γωνία*); Mt. 6, 5. Mk. 12, 10. Lu. 20, 17. [*Allied to O. Ind.* vakrá-, *crooked* (*S. L. M., p. 91*), *its suffix being* -an. *Comp. follg. w.*]

waíhsta-stains, *m., corner-stone* (*ἀκρογωνίαιον*); Eph. 2, 20. — *From stem of* waíhsta (*the* n *being suppressed*) *and* stains, *q. v.*

waíht, *n., a whit, any thing* (*τί*); *occurs always in negative clauses;* Gal. 6, 15 (*predicate*); ni waíht, *no whit, naught, nothing* (*οὐδέν*) Mt. 10, 26. Rom. 8, 1. 14, 14. Gal. 2, 6. I Tim. 4, 4. Tit. 1, 15. (*μηδέν*) Mt. 27, 19. Gal. 6, 3 (*predicate*). [*Identical w.* waíhts (*q. v.*). *Its n. form is probably due to its natural gender:* ni waiht, '*nothing*', '*nihil*', '*οὐδέν*'; *s. Bernh.,* Mk. 7, 15, *note, and* waíhts *in his glossary. Cf. O. E.* wiht, *n.* (*and f.; s.* waíhts), *Mdl. E.* wiht, *Mdn. E.* whit (*put for* wiht *the* h *of which had lost its sound*), *O. H. G.* wiht, *n.* (*only*

in neg. sentences), *aught.* — *Compds.*: *O. E.* âwiht, âwuht, *one whit*, nâwiht (*contr.* nâht, *i. e.* n-â-wiht; *for* n-, *for* ne, *s.* ni; *for* â, *s.* aiw), *not any thing, nothing, Mdl. E.* âwiht (*the main accent being on the* â; *hence the retention of the short* i *follg.*), âught, ǫ̂ugt, ǫ̂ut; nâwiht, nâught, nǫ̂ugt, nǫ̂ut, *Mdn. E.* aught, naught *or* nought, not. (*The short* o *being due to weakening of accent in adv. use*), *O. S.* nêowiht (*i. e.* ni-êo-wiht), *O. H. G.* eo-, io-, ia-wiht, *later* ieweht, *contr.* ieht, *any thing, aught;* neo-, nio-wiht (*i. e.* ni-eo,- io-wiht), *later* niewiht, nieht, *also* niwiht, *nothing, later also* '*not*', *M. H. G.* ieht, iht (*gen.* ihtes), *aught;* niht, *nothing, also* (*prop. adv. acc.*) '*not*'; *often w. gen.* nihtes: nihtes niht, *nothing, and* nihtes *alone, th. s., N. H. G.* *nicht, *n., in* zu nichte machen, *to annihilate, destroy*, mit nichten, *not at all, by no means*, nicht, *adv., not*, nichts, *nothing, Du.* niet, *not, Eff.* net, *not*, nöx, nüss, *nothing.*]

waíhts, *f.* (116 *and n.* 1), *a whit, a thing* (*πρᾶγμα*), *acc. pl.* waíhtins; Lu. 1, 1; *or* waíhts; Skeir. II, d; *a whit, appearance* (*εἶδος*), *gen. pl.* waíhtê; I Thess. 5, 22; in þizôzei waíhtais (*the rel. prn. for the Gr. demonstr. prn.*), *for which cause, wherefore* (*τούτου χάριν*); Eph. 3, 1. Tit. 1, 5. (*δι' ἣν αἰτίαν*); II Tim. 1, 6; *usually w.* ni (*occurring twice each in* Mk. 7, 12. 9, 29. 15, 4. Lu. 9, 36. 20, 40. Jo. 9, 33. 15, 5. 16, 24. Gal. 6, 14): ni waíht *or* waíht ni (*sometimes separated by other words*), *no whit, naught, nothing* (*οὐδέν*); Mt. 27, 12. Mk. 7, 12. 15 (ingaggandô *referring to the natural gender*). 11, 13. 14, 61. 15, 4. 16, 8. Lu. 4, 2. 5, 5. 9, 36. Jo. 6, 63. 7, 26. 8, 28. 54. 9, 33. 12, 19. 14, 30. 15, 5. 16, 23. 18, 20. I Cor. 4, 4. 7, 19. 13, 2. 3. II Cor. 12, 11. Gal. 4, 1. 12. Phil. 1, 20. I Tim. 6, 7. II Tim. 2, 14. Philem. 14. (*μηδέν*) Mk. 1, 43. 5, 26 (ni waíhtai, *in nothing, not at all*). 6, 8. Lu. 3, 13. 4, 35. 6, 35. 9, 3. Rom. 13, 8. I Cor. 10. 25. 27. II Cor. 6, 3. 10. 7, 9. 11, 5. Phil. 1, 28. 2, 3. 4, 6. II Thess. 3, 11. I Tim. 5, 21. 6, 4; (*μήτι*) Jo. 6, 12. (nih—waíht *οὔτε—τέ*) Gal. 5, 6. (*οὐ*) Rom. 9, 1. II Cor. 12, 5 (*nihil in Lt.*). (*added in Goth.*) Gal. 6, 14; *comp.* Skeir. VII, b. c. d; *w. a dependent gen.* (*οὐδέν w. gen.*); Lu. 18, 34; ni w. gaþveilainais, *no rest* (*οὐδεμία ἄνεσις*); II Cor. 7, 5; ni waíht ubilis, *no evil* (*κακὸν μηδέν*); II Cor. 13, 7; ni waíht mis wulþris is, *is of no consequence to me* (*οὐδέν μοι διαφέρει*); Gal. 2, 6; ni w. aljis, *nothing else* (*οὐδὲν ἄλλο*); Gal. 5, 10; ni mikilis, *no great thing* (*nihil magni*); Skeir. VII, a. [*Cf. O.*

E. wiht, wyht (*from* *wioht; i, y *from* io, *by* i-*uml.;* io *from* i, *by breaking*), wuht (*from* *wioht, *by influence of the* w), *f. and n.* (*S. under* waíht), *thing, creature, animal, Mdl. E.* wîȝt, wîȝht, *Mdn. E.* wight, *person, creature, O. N.* vǽttr (véttr, -vitr), *f., thing, being, O. S.* wiht, *m., th. s., in pl.* '*demons*', *O. H. G.* wiht, *m. n., thing, being, person, M. H. G.* wiht, *m. n., creature, being, thing, gnome, N. H. G.* wicht, *m., being, creature, fellow, wretch, compd.* bösewicht, *m., M. H. G.* bœsewiht, *O. H. G.* bôsiwiht (bôsi, *adj.; bad, vicious*), *villain, wretch; furthermore, Du.* wicht, *little child, Eff.* wêch, *n., little girl. From Germanic stem* wihti-, *Indg.* wekti-; *comp. O. Bulg.* veštĭ, *thing. S. prec. w.*]

waíla, *adv.* (20, 3), *well* (*καλῶς*); Mk. 7, 6. 9. 37. 12, 28. 32. Lu. 20, 39. Jo. 8, 48. 13, 13. 18, 23. Rom. 11, 20. II Cor. 11, 4. Gal. 4, 17. 5, 7. Phil. 4, 14. I Tim. 3, 4. 12. 13. Skeir. VI, a. (*εὖ*) Lu. 19, 17. (*βέλτιον*) II Tim. 1, 18. (*πάντως*) I Cor. 9, 22 (*gloss to* ƕaiwa); waíla þau, *yet* (*κἄν*); II Cor. 11, 16; w. andanêms, *accepted* (*εὐπρόσδεκτος*); II Cor. 6, 2. 8, 12; w. fraþjan (*σωφρονεῖν*); *s.* fraþjan; w. hugjan (*εὐνοεῖν w. dat.*); *s.* hugjan; w. galeikan *w. dat., to be acceptable to* (*εὐάρεστος εἶναι w. dat.*); Rom. 14, 18. II Cor. 5, 9; *folld. by* in *w. dat., to be well pleased in* (*εὐδοκεῖν ἐν w. dat.*); Mk. 1, 11. Lu. 3, 22; w. galeikaiþs (*εὐάρεστος*); *s.* gal., *under* *leikan; w. qiþan (*καλῶς εἴπειν w. acc.*); *s.* qiþan; w. taujan; *s.* taujan; w. wisan; *s.* wisan. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* wel (*compd.* welfare, *Mdn. E.* welfare; fare *from Mdl. E.* fare, *O. E.* faru, *f., journey, proceedings, life, from* faran; *s. Goth.* faran), *Mdn. E.* well (*For* welcome, *s.* qiman), *O. N.* vel, *O. S.* wela, wel, wola, *O. H. G.* (*orig.*) wela, (*later*) wola, (*rarely*) wala, *M. H. G.* wol, *N. H. G.* wohl, *Du.* wel, *Eff.* wăl, *adv., well. Allied to O. Bulg.* vole, volje, *interj., well; and to O. E.* wela, *m., prosperity, riches, Mdl. E.* wele (*whence* welthe, *Mdn. E.* wealth), *Mdn. E.* weal, *O. S.* welo, *O. H. G.* wolo, *m., M. H. G.* wol, *n., N. H. G.* wohl, *n., weal, welfare, benefit; comp. Skr.* vára, *m. n., wish, desire. Its orig. meaning is* '*according to one's wish*'. *From root of* wiljan, *q. v. Comp. the follg. seven ws.*]

waíla-dêþs, *f., benefit* (*εὐεργεσία*); I Tim. 6, 2. — *From* waíla *and* *dêþs, *q. v.*

waíla-mêreins, *f., good report* (*εὐφημία*); II Cor. 6, 8; *glad tidings, preaching* (*κήρυγμα*); I Cor. 1, 21. — *From* waílamêrjan (*S. follg. w.*). *Comp.* mêreins.

waíla-mêrjan, *w. v.* (*εὐαγγελίζεσθαι, once for κηρύσσειν;* II

Cor. 1, 19); *s.* mêrjan (b). — *From* waílamêrs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

waíla-mêrs, *adj., of good report* (*εὔφημος*); Phil. 4, 8. — *From* waíla *and* mêrs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

waíla-qiss, *f., a well-saying, blessing* (*εὐλογία*); II Cor. 9, 5. — *From* *waílaqiþan (*not found*), *from* waíla *and* qiþan, *q. v. Comp.* *qiss, *f.*

waíla-spillôn, *w. v.; s.* **spillôn** (d).

waila-wizns, *f., well-living, food;* Skeir. VII, b. — *From* waíla *and* *wizns, *q. v.*

wainags, *adj., unhappy, miserable, wretched* (*ταλαίπωρος*); Rom. 7, 24. [*From* wai (*q. v.*) *and double suff.* -ni, -aga- (?). *Cf. O. H. G.* wênag, weinag, *M. H. G.* wênec, weinec(g), *deplorable, pitiable, unhappy; hence weak, small, little, N. H. G.* wenig, *adj., little. S. Kl.*, wenig, weinen. *Comp. also Fst.*, wainags, *where Lettish* waina, *guilt*, wainigs, *guilty, O. Ir.* fine, *sins, are adduced.*]

wainei, *adv., if only, would that* (*ὄφελον*); I Cor. 4, 8. II Cor. 11, 1. Gal. 5, 12. — *From* wai *and* nei (*q. v.*)? *S. Bzb., p. 89.*

***waipjan,** *w. v., to bind, in* faúr-w., *to bind up:* munþ faúrw., *to muzzle* (*φιμοῦν*); I Tim. 5, 18. — *Caus. of* weipan (*pret.* waip), *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

waips, *m., wreath, crown* (*στέφανος*); Jo. 19, 5. I Cor. 9, 25. Phil. 4, 1. I Thess. 2, 19. II Tim. 4, 8. [*From root of* weipan, *q. v. Cf. O. N.* veipr, *m., 'head-cloth', fillet, O. H. G.* waif, *m., fillet, band, M. H. G.* *weif, *in* umme-weif (umme *for* umbe; *s.* bi), *m., that which is wound about a distaff. Comp. prec. w.*]

waír, *m.* (91, *n.* 4), *a man* (*ἀνήρ*); Mt. 7, 24. Mk. 6, 20. Lu. 7, 20. 8, 27. 38. 41. 9, 14. 30. 32. Jo. 6, 10. Rom. 7, 3. I Cor. 13, 11. II Cor. 11, 2. Eph. 4, 13. 5, 23. 25. 28. Col. 3, 18. 19. I Tim. 2, 8. 12. Ezra 2, 25–29. Neh. 7, 2. Skeir. VII, b. [*Cf. O. E.* wer, *m., Mdl. E.* wer, *man, person, O. N.* ver , *O. S. O. H. G.* wer, *m., man; further Lt.* vir, *O. Ir.* fer, *Skr.* wîras (*w. long* i), *man.* — *Compds.: O. E.* were-wulf (*For* wulf, *s.* wulfs. *It was supposed that fierce men were turned into wolves; cf. Gr.* λυκάνθρωπος, *i. e. wolf-man— Sk.*), *m., a werewolf, the devil, Mdl. E.* werwolf, *Mdn. E.* werewolf, *man-wolf, M. H. G.* werwolf, *N. H. G.* werwolf (währwolf), *m., werewolf; O. H. G. M. H. G.* wergelt, *N. H. G.* wergeld, *n.*, = *E.* were-geld (-gild; *s.* gild); *O. E.* weoruld, weorold (eo *from* e, *by* u-*uml.;* -uld, -old = ylde; *s.* alds), worold (o *for* eo, *as* u *for* io *in* wuht; *s.* waíhts), *f., world, life, life-time, Mdl. E.* werld, *Mdn. E.* world, *O. N.* verǫld, *O. S.* werold, *f. m., worldly life, age, world, all men, O. H. G.* weralt, *M. H. G.* werlt, werelt, welt, *f., lifetime,*

generation, age, the times, world, N. H. G. welt, *f., world, universe, Du.* wereld, *Eff.* welt, *f., world. — Comp. follg. w.*]

***waír,** *in* **uf-waír,** *q. v. — From stem of* waír, *q. v. Comp. Goth. Gr., 78, n. 2; 124, n. 1.*

waíra-leikô, *adv., in a manly manner:* waíraleikô taujaiþ, *quit you like men* (*ἀνδρίζεσθε*); I Cor. 16, 13. — *From stem of* *waíraleiks (*not found*), *from stem of* waír *and* *leiks, *q. v. S.* *leikô.

waírdus, *m., a host* (*ξένος*); Rom. 16, 23. [*Cf. O. S.* werd, *m., host, husband, O. H. G. M. H. G.* wirt, *m., husband, landlord, sovereign, host, N. H. G.* wirt, *Du.* waard, *Eff.* wiët, *m., host, landlord. Origin unknown.*]

waírilô, *f., lip* (*χεῖλος*); Mk. 7, 6. I Cor. 14, 21. [*From a lost subst.* (waíra?; *and dim. suff.* -i-lôn) *seen in O. N.* vǫrr, *f., O. Fris.* were, *lip. Cf. O. E.* weleras, weoloras (*for* *werulas, *weorulas; eo *by* u-*uml.*), *m. pl., lips.*]

waírpan, *str. v.* (174), *to cast, throw* (*βάλλειν*); *w. acc.;* Mk. 1, 16 (*ἀμφιβάλλειν*) Lu. 4, 9. Skeir. III, c; *w. dat.* (*indir. obj., as in Gr.*); Mk. 7, 27; *w. instr.* (*in Gr. the acc.*); Mk. 4, 26. 11, 23. 15, 24; *folld. by* af *w. dat.* (*ἀπό w. gen.*); Mt. 5, 29. 30; waírpan ana *w. acc.: to cast stones at, to stone* (*λιθάζειν w. acc.*); Jo. 10, 31. (*βάλλειν w. acc. folld. by ἐπί w. gen.*) Mk. 4, 26. (*or ἐπί w. acc.*) Mk. 15, 24. Jo. 8, 59; in *w. acc.* (*εἰς w. acc.*) Mk. 1, 16. 11, 23. Skeir. III, c; *to throw, let down* (*a net*) (*χαλᾶν*); Lu. 5, 5; stainam waírpan *w. acc.: to stone* (*λιθοβολεῖν w. acc.*); Mk. 12, 4. — *Compds.* (a) af-w. *w. instr.: to cast away, put away* (*ἀποβάλλειν w. acc.*); Mk. 10, 50; stainam afw. *w. acc.: to cast stones at, to stone* (*λιθάζειν w. acc.*); Jo. 11, 8. (*καταλιθάζειν w. acc.*) Lu. 20, 6; *in pass. folld. by* af *w. dat.: to be put away from* (*αἴρεσθαι ἀπό w. gen.*); Eph. 4, 31. (b) at-w., *to cast, cast down* (*ῥίπτειν*): *w. instr. and* in *w. acc.* (*in Gr. the acc. folld. by ἐν w. dat.*); Mt. 27, 5; (*βάλλειν*): *w. acc. of pers. folld. by* in *w. acc.* (*in Gr. the acc. folld. by εἰς w. acc.*); Mk. 9, 22. 47 (*where the inf. has a pass. sense*); atwaúrpans wisan du *w. dat.* (*πρός w. acc.*), *to be cast, be laid at;* Lu. 16, 20; (c) fra-w., *to cast away, cast; folld. by* in *w. acc.* (*βάλλειν εἰς w. acc.*); Mk. 9, 42; *to cast away, scatter* (*ῥίπτειν*); Mt. 9, 36. (d) ga-w., *to cast, cast down, throw down; w. acc. folld. by* in *w. dat.* (*ῥίπτειν w. acc. folld. by εἰς w. acc.*); Lu. 4, 35; *or acc.* (*βάλλειν w. acc.*) Mk. 9, 45 (*the inf. w. a pass. sense; comp.* (b), *above; to dash* (*ῥήσσειν w. acc.*); Mk. 9, 18. (e) inn-w., *to cast in, put in:* þata innwaúrpanô, *that which was put in* (*τὰ βαλλόμε-*

να); Jo. 12, 6. (f) us-w., *to cast out* (ἐκβάλλειν); (1) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.; or pers. pass.*); Mt. 7, 22. 8, 16. 31. Mk. 1, 34. 39. 3, 15. 23. 11, 15. Lu. 19, 45. 20, 12; *and folld. by* af *w. dat.* (ἀπό *w. gen.*); Mk. 16, 9; in *w. acc.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); Mt. 8, 12; us *w. dat.* (ἐκ *w. gen.*); Mk. 7, 26; ût us *w. dat.* (ἔξω *w. gen.*); Lu. 20, 15; ût (ἔξω); Jo. 6, 37. 12, 31. (βάλλειν) 15, 6; (2) *w. dat.* (ἐκβάλλειν *w. acc.*); Mk. 3, 22. 5, 40. 9, 47. Lu. 6, 22. Gal. 4, 30; *and folld. by* us *w. dat.* (ἐκ *w. gen.*); Lu. 6, 42; ût us *w. dat.* (ἔξω *w. gen.*); Mk. 12, 8; ût (ἔξω); Jo. 9, 34. 35; usw. *w. acc. folld. by* ana *w. acc.*: *to cast upon* ἐπιῤῥίπτειν *w. acc. folld. by* ἐπί *w. acc.*); Lu. 19, 35; usw. *w. dat.*: *to reject* (ἀποδοκιμάζειν *w. acc.*); Mk. 12, 10; ût usw. *w. dat.*: *to cast out* (ἔξω βάλλειν *w. acc.*); Lu. 14, 35; usw. ût, *to cast off* (ἀποβάλλειν *w. acc.*); Rom. 13, 12; us synagôgein uswaúrpans, *put out of the synagogue* (ἀποσυνάγωγος); Jo. 12, 42. [*Cf. O. E.* weorpan (eo *from* e, *by breaking, so pret.* wearp *from* warp), *Mdl. E.* werpe, *O. N.* verpa, *O. S.* werpan, *O. H. G.* werfan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* werfen (*intens.* worfeln, *to fan or winnow*), *Du.* werpen, *Eff.* werpe, *all str. vs.: to cast, throw. From Germanic root* werp, *from* werq, *for* werk, *Indg.* werg. *Allied to Skr.* vṛṇákti, *throws to the ground, perf.* vavárja (*S. Brgm. Compar. Gr., p. 329*).—*Ders.: O. E.* wearp, *m., Mdl. E.* warp, *Mdn. E.* warp, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* warf, *n., N. H. G.* werft (*w. an additional* t; *s.* hüfte, *under* hups), *m., a warp* (*in weaving*), *lit. a throwing, O. N.* varp, *th. s., whence* varpa (*w. v.*), *to throw, cast, whence Mdl. E.* warpe (*w. v.*), *to throw, turn, Mdn. E.* warp (*w. v.*), *to turn or twist out of shape; — O. E.* wyrpe (*Germanic stem* wurpi-), *m., Mdl. E.* wurp, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* wurf, *m., Du. Eff.* worp, *m., a throwing, throw, cast; and* (*w. instr. suff.* -i-la), *O. N.* verpill, *O. H. G.* wurfil, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* würfel, *m., die.* — *S.* us-waúrpa.]

waírs, *compar. adv.* (212, *n.* 1), *worse* (μᾶλλον); Mk. 5, 26. [*For* *waírs-s (*Comp. Goth. Gr., 78, n. 2*), *i. e.* waírs-is (is *for* -iz; *comp. Brgm., Compar. Gr., I, p. 516*). *Cf. O. E.* wiers, wyrs, *Mdl. E.* wurs, wers, *Mdn. E.* worse, *adv., O. N.* verr, *O. S.* wirs, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* wirs (*Comp. Kl.*, wirr; *Bzb., p. 125*), *adv., worse. S. follg. w.*]

waírsiza, *comp. adj.* (138), *worse, worser* (χείρων); Mt. 9, 16. 27, 64. Mk. 2, 21. I Tim. 5, 8. II Tim. 3, 13. [*Cf. O. E. compar.* wiersa, wyrsa (*for* *wiers-sa, *etc., the* e, *orig.* i, *being syncopated; ie is* i-*uml. of* io, eo, *from* i, *by breaking before* rs),

superl. wiersta (*contr. from* wiers-e-sta), *beside* wierresta, *worst* (wyrst, *adv.*), *Mdl. E. compar.* wurse, werse, *superl.* wurste, werste, *Mdn. E. compar.* worse, worser (*a double comparison; comp. Mdn. E.* lesser (*rare*), *a double compar., from* less; *s.* lasiws), *superl.* worst, *O. N. compar.* verre, *superl.* verstr, vestr (*for* *vesstr, *from* verstr; verst, *adv.*), *O. S. compar.* wirsa, *superl.* wirsist, *O. H. G. compar.* wirsiro, *superl.* wirsisto (wirsist, *adv.*), *M. H. G. compar.* wirser, *superl.* wirsest, wir(se)ste (wirsest, wirste, *adv.*). *S. prec. w.*]

waírþaba, *adv. w. gen.: worthily* (*ἀξίως w. gen.*); Eph. 4, 1. Phil. 1, 27. Col. 1, 10. I Thess. 2, 12. — *From stem of* waírþs *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.*

waírþan, *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), (I) *principal v.*, (1) *to be born, arise, come forth, appear* (*γίγνεσθαι*); Mt. 8, 24. 26. 27, 45. Mk. 4, 37. 39. 9, 7. 13, 19 (*second*). 15, 33 (*second*). Lu. 1, 44. 3, 22. 4, 25. 6, 48. 8, 24. 9, 34. 35. 36. 15, 10. 14. Jo. 3, 25. 6, 17. 7, 43. 8, 58. 9, 16 (*ἦν*). 10, 19. 12, 29. 30. II Cor. 8, 14. Gal. 4, 4. I Tim. 6, 4. Skeir. III, a; *the Goth. pres. sometimes occurs where we use the future of 'to be' in Engl.; comp.* (2), *below* (*ἔσεσθαι*); Mt. 8, 12. Lu. 1, 33. 45. 15, 7; (2) *to come to pass, happen, to be done or fulfilled* (*γίγνεσθαι*); Mt. 5, 18. 6, 10. 8, 13. 9, 29. 11, 20. 21. 23. 27, 54. Mk. 4, 11. 5, 14. 16. 6, 2 (*second*). 9, 21. 12, 11. 13, 18. 29. 14, 4. Lu. 1, 20. 38. 65. 2, 15. 3, 2. 4, 23. 8, 34. 35. 56. 9, 7. 10, 13. 14, 22. 17, 28. 30. Jo. 10, 35. 13, 19. 14, 22. 29. I Cor. 4, 5. 15, 54. 16, 2. 14. I Thess. 3, 4. II Tim. 2, 18. Skeir. VI, c. VII, c; *the pres. occurs where the future is used in Engl.* (*ἔσεσθαι; comp.* (1), *above*); Mt. 11, 24. Lu. 1, 14. 2, 10. 10, 12. 14. 17, 26. Rom. 9, 26; jabai magi waírþan, *if it be possible* (*εἰ δυνατόν*); Rom. 12, 18; *the impers.* warþ (*pret.*) *often introduces a narration, either without a connective or folld. by* jah: *it came to pass* (*ἐγένετο*); Mt. 7, 28. 9, 10. 11, 1. 26, 1. Mk. 1, 9. 2, 15. 4, 4. Lu. 1, 8. 23. 41. 59. 2, 1. 6. 15. 46. 3, 21. 5, 1. 12. 17. 6, 12. 7, 11. 8, 1 (ei *being added*). 22. 40. 9, 18. 28 (waúrþun, dagôs *being subj.*). 29. 33. 37. 51. 57. 17, 11. 14. 18, 35. 19, 15. 29. 20, 1. Neh. 6, 16. 7, 1; warþ *w. dat. and inf.* (*ἐγένετο w. acc. and inf.*); Mk. 2, 23. Lu. 6, 1. 6. 16, 22; swaei mis mais faginôn warþ, *so that I rejoiced the more* (*ὥστε με μᾶλλον χαρῆναι*); II Cor. 7, 7; warþ afslauþnan allans (*it came to pass that*) *they were all amazed* (*ἐγένετο θάμβος ἐπὶ πάντας*); Lu. 4, 36; *of time: to come, come on* (*γίγνεσθαι*); Mt. 8,

16. 26, 2. 27, 1. 57. Mk. 1, 32. 4, 35. 6, 2. 21. 11, 19. 15, 33. 42. Lu. 4, 42. 6, 13. Jo. 6, 16. 10, 22 (*the pres. for* ἔσεσθαι). II Tim. 4, 3; *w. dat.: to be given to, to come to* (γίγνεσθαι *w. dat.*); Lu. 19, 9. 20, 14. Jo. 15, 7. Rom. 7, 3. 4. 11, 11 (waírþ *is added*). II Cor. 1, 8. (ἔσεσθαι); Mk. 11, 23. 24. 12, 23. Rom. 9, 9; *w. gen.: th. s.* (γίγνεσθαι); Lu. 20, 33; *w. a poss. prn.: th. s.* (ἔσεσθαι); Mk. 12, 7. Lu. 4, 7; (3) *to be* (γίνεσθαι); *folld. by* bi *w. dat.* (ἀπό *w. gen.*); Rom. 11, 25. (ἐν *w. dat.*); Phil. 2, 8. I Tim. 2. 14. Skeir. II, a. (ἔσεσθαι κατά *w. acc.*); II Cor. 11, 15; in *w. dat.* (ἔσεσθαι ἐν *w. dat.*); II Cor. 3, 8; waírþan in unlustau, *to be discouraged* (ἀθυμεῖν); Col. 3, 21; waírþan in siunai, *to appear* ὁρᾶσθαι); Lu. 1, 11; miþ *w. dat.* (σύν *w. dat.*); Lu. 2, 13. (ἔσεσθαι σύν *w. dat.*) I Thess. 4, 17. (ἔσεσθαι μετά *w. gen.*) II Cor. 13, 11; — *w. adv.:* ûtana synagôgais waírþan, *to be put out of the synagogue* (ἀποσυνάγωγος γίγνεσθαι); Jo. 9, 22. (4) *w. a predicate: to become, be,* (a) *w. pres. partic.* (*for a Gr. v. in fut.*); Jo. 16, 20. (*for* ἔσεσθαι *w. partic.*); Mk. 13, 25. Lu. 17, 35. (*or adj.*) II Tim. 3, 2. (*for* γίγνεσθαι *w. partic.*) Mk. 9, 3. (*or adj.*) Lu. 6, 36. Phil. 2, 8. Col. 3, 15. (*or subst.*) Lu. 6, 16. I Cor. 11, 1. Eph. 5. 1. Phil. 3, 17. I Thess. 2, 14. (b) *w. adj.* (*especially weak adjs. discharging more or less the function of substs., for a Gr. v.*); Mt. 5, 20. 8, 3. 11, 5. Mk. 1, 22. 36. 41. 42. 7, 27. 8, 8. 10, 17. 32. Lu. 1, 24. 4, 2. 28. 5, 13. 26. 6, 11. 21. 25. 8, 23. 9, 17. 43. 10, 25. 14, 34. 15, 14. 28. 17, 15. 18, 1. 18. Jo. 6, 12. 26. 9, 3. 11, 12. 12, 3. Rom. 9, 29. I Cor. 4, 8. 15, 50. II Cor. 4, 1. 11. 16. 8, 9. 9, 3. 11, 3. Gal. 2, 16. 5, 21. 6, 7. 9. Eph. 3, 13. 4, 19. Phil. 4, 12. Col. 3, 4. II Thess. 3, 13. I Tim. 1, 19. 6, 9. Skeir. VII, d. (*for* ἔσεσθαι *w. adj.*) Mt. 5, 21. 22. 6, 22. 23. Mk. 10, 31. Lu. 1, 15. 32. 6, 35. 9, 48. 14, 14. I Cor. 11, 27. II Cor. 1, 7 (waírþan *being added*). II Tim. 3, 9. (*for* γίγνεσθαι *w. adj.*) Mt. 6, 16. 9, 16. Mk. 2, 21. 4, 22. 32. 6, 14. 26. 10, 43. 44. 13, 28. Lu. 2, 2. 6, 49. 8, 17. 16, 11. 12. 18, 23. 24. Jo. 8, 33. 9, 39. Rom. 7, 13. 10, 20. 11, 17. 12, 16. I Cor. 7, 21. 9, 23. 10, 20. 14, 25. 15, 10. 58. II Cor. 5, 17. 6, 14. 12, 11. Gal. 5, 26. Eph. 4, 32. 5, 7. 17. Skeir. I, a. c. VI, a; swikunþs waírþan, *to come abroad* (εἰς φανερὸν ἔρχεσθαι); Mk. 4, 22; waírþan wulþags, *to be glorious* (γίγνεσθαι ἐν δόξῃ); II Cor. 3, 7; waírþan twalibwintruns (*sc.* alþeis, *to be twelve years old* (γίγνεσθαι ἐτῶν δώδεκα); Lu. 2, 42; ƕa skuli þata barn waírþan, *what manner of child shall this be?* (τί ἄρα τὸ παιδίον

τοῦτο ἔσται); Lu. 1, 66. (c) *w. subst.*, (α) *in nom.* (*for* ἔσεσθαι *w. a subst. in nom.*); Mk. 13, 19. Lu. 6, 35. Rom. 15, 12. II Cor. 6, 16. Phil. 3, 19 (*added*). I Tim. 4, 6. II Tim. 2, 21. (γίγνεσθαι) Mt. 5, 45. Mk. 1, 17. Lu. 4, 3. Jo. 9, 27. 10, 16. 12, 36. 15, 8. Rom. 7, 13. I Cor. 4, 9. 7, 23. 8, 9. 13, 11. 15, 20. II Cor. 5, 21. 7, 14. Gal. 4, 16. Eph. 3, 7. Col. 1, 23. 25. Skeir. I, d. VII, c. (β) *w.* swê (γίγνεσθαι ὡς); Mt. 10, 25. Rom. 9, 29. I Cor. 9, 20. Gal. 4, 12. (ὡσεί) Mk. 9, 26; (γ) *the pred. being expressed by* du *w. dat.* (ἔσεσθαι εἰς *w. acc.*); Lu. 3, 5. II Cor. 6, 18. (γίγνεσθαι εἰς *w. acc.*) Mk. 12, 10. Lu. 20, 17. Jo. 16, 20. II Cor. 8, 14. Skeir. VIII, b. (d) *w. adv.:* sundrô (γίγνεσθαι κατὰ μόνας); Mk. 4, 10; ja jah nê—ja (ναὶ καὶ οὔ—ναί); II Cor. 1, 19; nêhwa (ἐγγύς); Eph. 2, 13; swarê (εἰς κενόν); I Thess. 3, 5; swa (οὕτως ἔσεσθαι); Lu. 17, 24; (e) *w. pret. partic., where it is an auxiliary v.:* gaaiwiskôþs waírþa (αἰσχυνθήσομαι); Phil. 1, 20; gamanwiþs waírþai (κατηρτισμένος ἔσται); Lu. 6, 40; miþushramiþs warþ (συνεσταύρωμαι); Gal. 2, 20; gadailiþs warþ (μεμέρισται); Mk. 3, 26; afdômiþs warþ (κέκριται); Jo. 16, 11; faúragamêliþs warþ (γέγραπται); Rom. 15, 4; anahveilaiþs w. (ἀναπέπαυται); II Cor. 7, 13; analatidai waúrþuþ (ἠκαιρεῖσθε); Phil. 4, 10; gamarzidai waúrþun (ἐσκανδαλίζοντο); Mk. 6, 3; gahailidai waúrþun ἐθεραπεύοντο); Lu. 6, 18; gahuliþs waírþan (καλύπτεσθαι); Mt. 8, 24; uskusans waírþan (ἀποδοκιμασθῆναι); Lu. 9, 22; ustaúhana habaida waírþan; *s.* haban, (3), (b); waírþiþ þus usguldan (γένηταί σοι ἀνταπόδομα); Lu. 14, 12; jabai unsaltan waírþiþ (ἐὰν ἄναλον γένηται); Mk. 9, 50; drugkanai waírþand (μεθύουσιν); I Thess. 5, 7; þaiei drugkanai waírþand (οἱ μεθυσκόμενοι); I Thess. 5, 7; waírþand lasidai guþs (ἔσονται διδακτοὶ θεοῦ); Jo. 6, 45; ibai uskusans waírþau (μήπως ἀδόκιμος γένωμαι); I Cor. 9, 27; warþ galeikaiþ (ἐγένετο εὐδοκία); Lu. 10, 21; ei us synagôgein ni us waúrþanai waúrþeina (ἵνα μὴ ἀποσυνάγωγοι γένωνται); Jo. 12, 42 (*Comp.* (3), *above, end*); (*usually for the Gr. aor.*) Mt. 9, 25. 33. 11, 19. 27, 3. 8. Mk. 8, 25. 9, 4. 12. 16, 11. Lu. 7, 35. 8, 5. 20. 9, 17. 36. 15, 24. 32. 16, 1. 22. 17, 14. 18. Jo. 9, 3. 19. 20. 34. 12, 38. 13, 18. 31. 16, 21. 17, 12. Rom. 7, 4. 6. 10. 13. 10, 20. 11, 17. 24. 30. I Cor. 1, 13. 7, 18. 15, 54. II Cor. 4, 1. 7, 14. 12, 4. 12. Gal. 2, 13. Eph. 1, 13. 3, 8. Phil. 3, 12. Col. 1, 16. II Thess. 2, 3. I Tim. 1, 16. 2, 13. 14. 3, 16. 4, 14. 6, 10. Neh. 6, 16. 7, 1. Skeir. III, b.—*Compd.*

fra-w., *to go to ruin, to corrupt* (καταφθείρεσθαι); II Tim. 3, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* weorðan (eo *for* e, *by breaking before* rð), *Mdl. E.* wurðe, worðe, *Mdn. E.* worth, *to become, be* (*used in phrases like* '*woe worth the day*' (*dat.*), '*woe worth the man*' (*dat.*)), *O. N.* verða, *O. S.* werðan, *O. H. G.* werdan, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* werden, *Du.* worden, *Eff.* wæede, *all meaning to become, grow, also used as auxiliary vs. From Germanic root* werþ, *Indg.* wert; *comp. Lt.* vertere, *to turn, turn around or about, Skr.* vṛt, *to turn, roll. The orig. meaning* '*to turn*' *is also seen in the cognate suff.* -waírþs (*q. v.*), *in the M. H. G. der.* wirtel, *N. H. G.* wirtel, *m., spindle-ring, whirl, and in O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* wurst (*from* wrtsti, *primitive* wrtti, *w. suff.* -ti), *Du.* worst, *Eff.* wuësch, *f., sausage. lit.* '*a turning*' (*Comp. E.* turn, '*to move round*' *and* '*to become, grow*'; *Fst.*). *Furthermore, comp. Lt.* a-, ad-, con-, di-, in-, per-, re-, sub-vertere *whence* (*directly or indirectly through the Fr.*) *Mdn. E.* a-, ad-, con-, di-, in-, per-, re-, sub-vert. *To Lt.* versus, *a turning, course, row, line of poetry, refers O. E.* fers, *m., Mdl. E.* verse, fers, *Mdn. E.* verse, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* vers, fers, *m. n., N. H. G.* vers, *m., Du.* vers, *a verse. Lt.* versus *is prop. pret. partic. of* vertere, *whence also* (*directly or indirectly through the Fr.*) *Mdn. E.* ad-, con-, di-, in-, ob-, re-, trans-, tra-verse. *For further cognates of Lt. orig., such as* advertise, controversy, divorce, prose, versify, version, vertebra, vertex, vertigo, vortex, *s. Sk.*, verse.—*Comp.* *wardeins, *wardjan.]

***waírþeigs,** *adj., in* **ga-waírþeigs,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* *waírþi (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ga.

***waírþi,** *n., in* **ga-waírþi** (*state of agreeing, harmony of opinion; hence peace*), *q. v.* — *From* waírþan *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* *waírþjan, *waírþnan.

***waírþi,** *n., price, value, in* **anda-waírþi,** *q. v. From* anda- (*q. v.*) *and* *waírþi *extended from* waírþs, *m., by suff.* -ja. *It may also be identical w. the prec. w.,* andawaírþi=*exchangeable value, i. e. that which one thing is in relation to another;* anda *being used in its orig. sense: against, compared with or to.*

waírþida, *f., worthiness, dignity, sufficiency* (ἱκανότης); II Cor. 3, 5. Skeir. V, d. VII, a. [*From stem of adj.* waírþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-dô (*For the* d, *s. Grammar 72*). *Cf. O. H. G.* wirdida, *worthiness. Comp.* waírþôn.]

***waírþjan,** *w. v., in* **ga-ga-w.** du *w. dat.: to reconcile* (*one's self*) *to* (καταλλάττειν *w. dat.*); I Cor. 7, 11.—*From* *waírþi, ga-waírþi, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***waírþnan,** *w. v., in* **ga-ga-w.** *w. dat.: to be reconciled to* (κα-

ταλλάττεσθαι *w. dat.*); II Cor. 5, 20. — *Correlative v. to* *waírþjan, *q. v.*

waírþôn, *w. v., to estimate, rate, value* (τιμᾶν); Mt. 27, 9. [*From* waírþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* (ʒe)weorðian (*also* u *for* eo, *by influence of the* w), *Mdl. E.* (i)wurðe, *to esteem, respect, honor, O. S.* gi-werðôn (*For* gi-, *s.* ga-), *to esteem, appreciate, O. H. G.* (gi)werdôn, *M. H. G.* (gi)werden, *th. s. Comp.* waírþida.]

-waírþs, *suff., -wards, in* ana-, and-, jaind-, wiþra-waírþs, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* -weard, *Mdl. E. Mdn.* -ward, -wards, *from* -wardes, *w. an adv., orig. gen.*, -es, *as in O. E.* ûte-weard (*For* ûte-, *s.* ûta), *Mdl. E.* ûtward, *Mdn. E.* outward; *in* towards (*For* to, *s.* du), *beside* toward, *Mdl. E.* towardes, toward, *O. E.* toweardes, *prep.*, toweard, *adj.: future, and prep.* (*also* to...weard): *towards; furthermore, comp. O. N.* -verðr, *O. H. G.* -wert (*forming adjs., whence* -wertic, *M. H. G.* wertic, *N. H. G.* -wärtig, *w. suff.* -ig), *whence* -wertes (*forming advs.*), *M. H. G.* -wertes, *N. H. G.* -wärts, *-wards. All from root of* waírþan, *q. v. Comp.* swulta-waírþja.]

waírþs, *m., worth, price* (τιμή); I Cor. 7, 23. Neap. doc. [*Prop. adj. used as subst.; s.* waírþs, *below. Cf. O. E.* weorð (*from* werð, *by breaking*), *n., price, value, honor, Mdl. E.* wurð, worð, *Mdn. E.* worth, *O. N.* verð, *O. S.* werð, *O. H. G.* werd, *M. H. G.* wert(d), *n., N. H. G.* wert, *m., Du.* waarde, *value.*]

waírþs, *adj., worth, worthy, able* (ἄξιος); II Thess. 1, 3; *w. gen.* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 10, 37. 38. Lu. 3, 8. 7, 4 (þammei *by attraction*). 10, 7. I Tim. 1, 15. 4, 9. 5, 18; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (ἱκανὸς πρός *w. acc.*); II Cor. 2, 16; *or a rel. clause* (*as in Gr.*); Lu. 7, 4 (ἄξιος); *or inf.* (ἄξιος *w. inf.*); Lu. 3, 16. (*or* τοῦ *w. inf.*). I Cor. 16, 4. (ἱκανός *w. inf.*) Mk. 1, 7. II Cor. 3, 5. II Tim. 2, 2; *or a clause introduced by* ei (ἱκανὸς ἵνα) Mt. 8, 8. Lu. 7, 6. (ἱκανός *w. an inf. clause*) Mt. 3, 11. I Cor. 15, 9. Skeir. III, d; waírþs wisan *w. inf.: to be worthy* (καταξιοῦσθαι *w. inf.*); Lu. 20, 35; waírþana briggan *w. gen.: to make or count worthy, to make able* (ἀξιοῦν *w. gen.*); II Thess. 1, 11. (καταξιοῦν *w. gen.*) II Thess. 1, 5. (ἱκανοῦν *w. gen.*) II Cor. 3, 6; waírþana rahnjan *w. inf.: to count worthy* (ἀξιοῦν *w. inf.*); Lu. 7, 7. (ἀξιὸν ἡγεῖσθαι *w. gen.*) I Tim. 6, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* weorð, wurð (*S.* *waírþôn), *adj., Mdl. E.* wurð, worð, *Mdn. E.* worth, *equal in value to, deserving of, O. N.* verðr, *adj., worth, O. S.* werð, *worth, suitable, dear, O. H. G.* werd, *M. H. G.* wert(d), *equal in value to, valuable, excellent, N. H. G.* wert, *adj., worth, worthy, dear, Du.* waard, *Eff.* wæëd, *adj.,*

worth. — Ders.: O. E. weorð-scipe, wyrð-scipe (*from adj.* wyrðe, i-*stem, honored, dear, m., honor*), *Mdl. E.* wurð-, worð-scipe, -shipe, *Mdn. E.* worship (*For* -ship, *s.* *skafts), *whence the v.* worship; *O. E.* weorð-, wurð-mynt (mynt *for* *myntt, *for* *myndð, *for* *myndðu, *for* *myndiðu (y *is* i-*uml. of* u) = *Goth.* *mundiþa, *q. v.*), *f. n., honor, dignity; O. E.* *wyrðu, *f., Mdl. E.* wurðe, *worship, honor, O. H. G.* wirdî, *M. H. G.* wirde, *N. H. G.* würde, *f., dignity, honor; Mdl. E.* wurði (*w. suff.* -i, *O. E.* -îʒ, *Goth.* -eig-; *comp. O. N.* verðugr, *worthy*), worði, *Mdn. E.* worthy, *O. S.* wirdig, *worthy, agreeable, O. H. G.* wirdîg, *M. H. G.* wirdec, *N. H. G.* würdig, *adj., worthy, whence* würdigen, *M. H. G.* wirdigen, *to count worthy, appreciate; O. E.* wyrd, wird (*stem* wurdi-), *f., Mdl. E.* wirde, wyrde, *Mdn. E.* weird, *fate, destiny, lit.* '*that which happens*', *also used as adj.: skilled in witchcraft, O. N.* urðr, *f., fate. — Comp.* *waírþi (andawaírþi), waírþida, *and prec. w.*]

wait, *1st and 3d pers. pres. indic. of the pret.-pres. v.* witan, *q. v.*

wait-ei, *adv., whether, perhaps* (*μήτι*); Jo. 18, 35. (*τυχόν*) I Cor. 16, 6. — *From* wait, *3d pers.* (*S. prec. w.*) *and* -ei (*q. v.*), *lit.* '*he* (*i. e.* guþ) *knows whether*'; *s. Bzb., p. 89; or I know, etc.; s. Bernh., Glossar.*

waja-mêrei, *f., blasphemy* (*βλασφημία*); Jo. 10, 33. — *From* *waja-mêrs (*not found; comp.* waílamêrs), *from* waja- (*allied to* wai, *q. v.*) *and* mêrs, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

waja-mêreins, *f., the act of blaspheming, blasphemy* (*βλασφημία*); Mt. 26, 65. Mk. 7, 22. 14, 64. Eph. 4, 31; *evil speaking* (*δυσφημία*); II Cor. 6, 8. — *From* wajamêrjan (*S.* mêrjan). *Comp. prec. w.*

wakan, *str. v.* (177, *n.* 1), *to wake, watch* (*γρηγορεῖν*); I Cor. 16, 13. Col. 4, 2. I Thess. 5, 6. 10. (*ἀγρυπνεῖν*) Eph. 6, 18 (*in B*). — *Compds.* (a) du-w., *th. s.* (*ἀγρυπνεῖν*); Eph. 6, 18 (*in A; s. note*). (b) þaírh-w. (*not* þaírhv.; *s. Grammar, 63, n. 1*), *to keep watch throughout, keep watch* (*ἀγραυλεῖν*); Lu. 2, 8; þaírhw. naht in *w. dat.: to continue all night in* (*διανυκτερεύειν ἐν w. dat.*); Lu. 6, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* wacan (*pret.* wôc; *s. Mrch., Comp. Gr., 207, 248; Siev., O. E. Gr., 392, n. 1; Kl.*, wecken), *to arise, come to life, be born, Mdl. E.* wake (*pret.* wǫ̂k), *Mdn. E.* wake (*pret.* woke), *beside O. E.* wacian (*without uml.; s. Siev., O. E. Gr., 416, n. 5; — pret.* wacode), *to wake, watch, Mdl. E.* wake (*pret.* waked), *Mdn. E.* wake (*pret.* waked), *th. s.*, = *O. N.* vaka, *O. S.* wakôn, *O. H. G.* wahhên, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wachen, *to be awake, to watch. —*

Ders.: O. E. wacu, *f.*, *Mdl. E.* wake, *Mdn. E.* wake; *O. E.* wæcce (*stem* *wakjôn-), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* wacche, *Mdn. E.* watch (*whence Mdl. E.* wacche, *Mdn. E.* watch, *v.*), *M. H. G.* wache, *N. H. G.* wache, *f.*, *watch, guard, compd.* beiwache (*For* bei, *s.* bi), *f.*, *bivouac, whence Fr.* bivouac, *orig.* bivac, *whence Mdn. E.* bivouac, *N. H. G.* bivouak, *m.*, *th. s.* — *Comp.* wahtwô, wôkains, *and follg. w.*]

***wakjan,** *w. v.* (187), *to wake* (*trans.*), *in* us-w. *w. acc.: to wake up, awake from sleep* (*ἐξυπνίζειν w. acc.*); Jo. 11, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* (â)weccean (*from* wacjan, c=k *being geminated before* j; e *is* i-*uml. of* a; *pret.* weahte; ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* (a)wecche, *to wake up, rouse, incite, O. N.* vekja, *O. S.* (a)wekkian, *O. H. G.* (ir)wecchen, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* (er)wecken, *to wake up, to rouse from sleep, etc., Du.* wekken, *to wake up. From Idg. root* veg; *comp. Skr.* vâjâg, *to incite, Lt.* vegêre, *to excite, arouse;* vigil (*for* *vegil, *by influence of its compds; as* pervigil; *s. Fst.* wakan), *awake, whence* vigilare, *to watch, pres. partic.* vigilans, *stem* vigilant-, *whence Fr.* vigilant, *whence Mdn. E.* vigilant. *Comp.* wakan *and follg. w., also* wahtwô, wôkains.]

***waknan,** *w. v.* (35; 194), *to awake, in* ga-w., *to awake* (*διαγρηγορεῖν*); Lu. 9, 32. [*From* wakan *q. v. Cf. O. E.* (â)wæcnan (*intr.*), *to arise, be born, Mdl. E.* (a)wakne, wakene, *Mdn. E.* (a)waken (*tr. and intr.; for* â, *s.* us), *O. N.* vakna, *to awake. Comp.* *wakjan.]

Valamir, *pr. n.* (6, *n.* 2; 40, *n.* 1).

waldan, *red. v.* (179, *n.* 1), *w. dat.: to wield, rule, govern:* garda waldan, *to guide a house* (*οἰκοδεσποτεῖν*); I Tim. 5, 14; *to make proper use of, be content with* (*ἀρκεῖσθαι w. dat.*); Lu. 3, 14 (*S. gloss*). — *Compd.* ga-w. *w. dat.: to rule over* (*κατεξουσιάζειν w. gen.*); Mk. 10, 42. [*Cf. O. E.* (ʒe)wealdan (ea *for* a, *by breaking before* ld; *pret.* wêold), *beside* ʒe-weldan, -wyldan (*w. v.*), *Mdl. E.* (i)wealde, wælde, wêlde (*str.*), *to rule, govern, beside* (i)wêlde (*w. v.*) *Mdn. E.* wield (*w. v.*), *O. N.* valda (*str. in pres. and pret., weak in pret. partic.*), *O. S.* (gi)waldan, *O. H. G.* (gi)waltan, *M. H. G.* (ge)walten (*str. and w. v.*), *N. H. G.* walten (*w. v.*), *to rule, govern.* — *Ders.: O. E.* ʒe-weald, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* (i)wald, *power, O. N.* vald, *n.*, *O. S.* giwald, *f. n.*, *O. H. G.* gi-walt, *m. f.*, *M. H. G.* gewalt, *m. f.*, *N. H. G.* gewalt, *f.*, *power; M. H. G.* waltære (*w. suff.* -ære), *N. H. G.* walter (=Walther, *pr. n.*), *m.*, *ruler, manager, compd.* sachwalter (*S.* sakjô). — *Germanic* walda- *refers to pre-Germanic* waltá- (*S. Kl.*, walten), *from*

root wal; *comp. Lt.* valere, *to be strong, whence O. Fr.* valoir, valer, *whence Mdl. E.* *vaile *in* availe (a=*Lt.* ad, *to*), *Mdn. E.* avail; *further Lt.* validus, *strong, whence Fr.* valide, *whence Mdn. E.* valid, *having force. For further cognates of Lt. orig., such as* countervail, prevail, convalescence, valediction, valiant, valor, value, *s. Sk.*, valid. — *S.* all-, garda-waldands, *and follg. w.*]

waldufni, *n.* (95, *n.* 1), *power, might, authority* (*ἐξουσία*); Mt. 7, 29. 8, 9. 9, 8. Mk. 1, 22. 27. 11, 28. 29. 33. Lu. 4, 32. 36. 7, 8. 20, 2. 8. 20. Rom. 13, 1–3. I Cor. 15, 24. II Cor. 10, 8. 13, 10. Eph. 1, 21. 2, 2. 3, 10. 6, 12. Col. 1, 13. 16. 2, 15. II Thess. 3, 9. Skeir. I, b. c. V, c. VII, a; waldufni *w. gen.: power or authority over* (*ἐξουσία w. gen.*); Mk. 6, 7. Jo. 17, 2. Rom. 9, 21. (*the gen.* þizê *for ταύτην; s. text*); Lu. 4, 6; *or* ana (*against*) *w. acc.* (*κατά w. gen.*); Jo. 19, 11; ufar *w. dat.* (*ἐπί w. acc.*); Lu. 9, 1. (*ἐπάνω w. gen.*) Lu. 19, 17; waldufni haban *or* aigan *folld. by* ei (*ἵνα*); Mk. 11, 28; *or inf.* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 9, 6. Mk. 2, 10. Lu. 5, 24. 9, 1. Jo. 10, 18. 19, 10. Rom. 9, 21. I Cor. 9, 4. 5. (*or τοῦ w. inf.*) Lu. 10, 19; *or* du *w. inf.* (*for the Gr. inf.*); Mk. 3, 15. (*or τοῦ w. inf.*); I Cor. 9, 6.—*From* waldan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ufnja (*S.* fastubni, *also P., Beitr., VI, 168; Brg., M. U., II, 201 and 209*).

***waleins,** *f., in* **ga-waleins,** *q. v.* — *From* waljan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

walis, *adj.* (*occurs always in weak form*), *chosen, true* (*γνήσιος*); Phil. 4, 3; *in apposition;* I Tim. 1, 2. Tit. 1, 4; *dear, beloved* *ἠγαπημένος*); Col. 3, 12. (*added:* barn mein walisô, *τέκνον μοῦ*) II Tim. 2, 1. — *Allied to* waljan, *q. v.* (*Cf. Kl., N. St. p. 91*).

waljan, *w. v.* (187), *to choose* (*αἱρεῖν*); Phil. 1, 22. (*εὐδοκεῖν*) II Cor. 5, 8. — *Compd.* ga-w. *w. acc., th. s.* (*ἐκλέγεσθαι w. acc.*); Mk. 13, 20. Jo. 15, 16. Eph. 1, 4; *folld. by* us *w. dat.* (*ἐκ w. gen.*); Lu. 6, 13. Jo. 15, 19; *in pass. w. nom.* (*καταλέγεσθαι w. nom.*); I Tim. 5, 9; *pret. partic.* gawaliþs, *chosen, elect* (*ἐκλεκτός*); Mk. 13, 20. 22. 27. Lu. 18, 7. I Tim. 5, 21. II Tim. 2, 10. Tit. 1, 1. Neh. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. N.* velja, *O. H. G.* wellen (ll *for* l *before* j; e *is* i-*uml. of* a), *M. H. G.* weln, wellen, *N. H. G.* wählen, *choose, elect. From O. N.* val, *n.* (*whence Mdl. E.* wale, *th. s.*), *choice, O. H. G.* wala, *f., M. H. G.* wal, *N. H. G.* wahl, *f., choice, election. From root of* wiljan, *q. v. Comp.* *waleins.]

***walteins,** *in* **us-walteins,** *q. v.* — *From* (us)waltjan *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

waltjan, *w. v.* (*intr.*) *folld. by* in *w. acc.: to roll, beat upon,*

dash against (ἐπιβάλλειν; *s. text*); Mk. 4, 37. — *Compd.* us-w. *w. acc.: to overturn, overthrow* (καταστρέφειν *w. acc.*); Mk. 11, 15. (ἀνατρέπειν *w. acc.*); II Tim. 2, 18; *to subvert;* Tit. 1, 11. [*Cf. O. E.* wyltan, weltan *from* weoltjan (*by* i-*uml.; from* weolt, *pret. of* wealtan; *s. below*), *Mdl. E.* welte, *O. H. G.* welzen, walzen (*from* *walzjan; *s. Br., A. Gr. 27, n. 2*), *M. H. G.* welzen, *N. H. G.* wälzen, *to roll. Causals of O. E.* wealtan (*str. v.;* ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* walte, *to roll, turn over* (*frequent.* waltere, *Mdn. E.* welter), *O. N.* velta, *O. H. G.* walzan, *M. H. G.* walzen (*str. v.*), *to revolve, roll, N. H. G.* walzen (*w. v., tr. and intr.*), *to roll, waltz, whence* walze, (*late*) *M. H. G. N. H. G.* walze, *f., roll, roller, cylinder; and N. H. G.* walzer (*S., also L.,* walzer), *a waltz, whence the shortened Mdn. E.* waltz. *Perhaps cognate w.* walwjan (*S. Fst.,* waltjan). — *Comp. prec. w.*]

walus, *m., staff* (ῥάβδος); Lu. 9, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* walu, *m., rod, weal, Mdl. E.* wale, *Mdn. E.* wale (weal), *the mark of a rod, also a plank* (*of a ship; comp.* gunwale), *O. N.* vǫlr, *O. Fris.* walu, *a staff, whence O. Fr.* waule, *Fr.* gaule (g *from* w, *through* gu; *s.* *wards; *the development of* u *before* l *is likewise a common phenomenon in O. Fr.*), *whence Mdn. E.* goal.]

walwisôn, *w. v., to wallow* (κυλίεσθαι); Mk. 9, 20. — *Possibly from a lost subst.* *walwis (*an old* s-*stem; s. L. M., p. 174; v. Bd., p. 55*), *a rolling, from root of* *walwjan; *s. follg. w.*

***walwjan,** *w. v., to roll, in* (a) af-w. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*): *to roll away* (ἀποκυλίνδειν *w. acc.*); Mk. 16, 4; *folld. by* af *w. dat.* (ἐκ *w. gen.*); Mk. 16, 3. (b) at-w. *w. acc. folld. by* du *w. dat.: to roll to* (προσκυλίνδειν *w. acc. folld. by* ἐπί *w. acc.*); Mk. 15, 46. (c) faúr-w., *to roll before, to shut or close by rolling before; w. instr.* (staina) *and acc. of the th. shut* (*for* προσκυλίνδειν *w. acc.,* λίθον, *folld. by the dat.*); Mt. 27, 60. [*From Idg. root* wel, *to turn, roll, also seen in O. E.* weallan (*str. v.*), *Mdl. E.* walle, *O. S. O. H G.* wallan, *M. H. G.* wallen (*str. v.*), *N. H. G.* wallen (*w. v.*), *to undulate, wave, boil; in O. E.* wealwian (*w.* w-*suff., as in Goth.*), *to roll round, Mdl. E.* walwe, *Mdn. E.* wallow; *in O. H. G.* wella, *f., M. H. G. N. H. G.* welle, *f., wave, billow, roller, etc.; and in O. Bulg.* valiti, *to roll, Gr.* εἰλύειν, *to roll, Lt.* volvere, *to roll, compds.* circum-volvere, *to roll round, surround,* con-v., *to roll together,* de-v., *to roll down,* e-v., *to unroll, disclose,* in-v., *to involve,* re-v., *to revolve, whence, respectively, Mdn. E.* circum-, con-, de-, e-,

in-, re-volve. *For these and further cognates, such as* voluble, revolt, vault, volume, *s. Sk.* voluble. — *Comp.* waltjan *and prec. w.*]

wamba, *f.* (97), *womb, belly* (κοιλία); Mk. 7, 19. Lu. 1, 15. 44. 2, 21. Jo. 3, 4. 7, 38. Phil. 3, 19. Skeir. II, b. c. (γαστήρ) Tit. 1, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* wamb, wǫmb (ǫ *for* a *before the nasal* m), *f., Mdl. E.* wombe, wambe, *Mdn. E.* womb, *O. N.* vǫmb, *O. H. G.* wamba, wampa (womba, wumba), *M. H. G.* wamme, *for* wambe (wampe) *N. H. G.* wamme, wampe, *f., dewlap, belly, paunch, Du.* wam, *belly of a fish. To O. H. G.* wamba *refers Mdl. Lt.* wambasium, *whence O. Fr.* gambais, wambais (*S. Dz., I, p. 155*), *whence M. H. G.* wambeis, wambes, *n., a part of the vestment of a knight worn under the breastplate, N. H. G.* wamms, *n., waistcoat, doublet, jacket.*]

wamm, *n., spot* (σπῖλος); Eph. 5, 27. [*From* *wamms, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wam, wǫm (*for the* ǫ, *s. prec. w.*), *m. n., spot, blemish, Mdl. E.* wem, *Mdn. E.* wem (*obs.*), *th. s., O. S.* wam, *n., mischief, O. Fris.* *wam, *spot, in* wlitiwam (*For* wliti, *s.* wlits). *Comp. follg. w.*]

***wammei,** *f., blemish, in* **un-wammei,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* *wamms (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***wammjan,** *w. v., to spot, stain, in* ana-w., *to blame* (μωμεῖν), *occurs only once, in pass. w. nom.* (*as in Gr.*); II Cor. 6, 3. [*From stem of* *wamms, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wemman (e *from* a, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* wemme (*pret. partic.* wemmed, *in* unwemmed, *immaculate; s.* unwammei), *to spot, defile, Mdn. E.* wem (*obs.*), *th. s., O. H. G.* wemman, *th. s. Comp prec. w.*]

***wamms,** *adj., spotted, in* **ga-, unwamms,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* wam, wǫm (*For the* ǫ, *s.* wamba), *adj., spotted, shameful, mean, bad, O. S.* wam, *adj., mishievous. S.* wamm, *wammei, *wammjan.]

wan, *n., want, lack;* **wan wisan** *w. dat. of pers. and gen. of th.: to lack* (ὑστερεῖν *w. dat. of pers. and nom. of th.*); Mk. 10, 21. (λείπειν) Lu. 18, 22. [*Prop. neut. sing. of* wans (*q. v.*) *used as subst. Cf. O. E.* wan, wǫn (*For the* ǫ, *s.* wamms), *n., want, lack. Comp. follg. w.*]

wanains, *f., a waning, diminishing* (ἥττημα); Rom. 11, 12. *From a lost v.* *wanan (*from* wans, *q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -ai-ni.

***wandeins,** *a wending, turning, in* **ga-, us-wandeins,** *q. v.*—*From* wandjan *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

wandjan, *w. v.* (188), *to wend, turn* (στρέφειν), *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 5, 39; wandjands sik, *turning one's self about* (στραφείς);

Lu. 7, 9. — *Compds.* (a) af-w., *to turn away, turn aside, w. acc.* (*ἀποτρέπεσθαι w. acc.*); II Tim. 3, 5; *w. refl. dat. and acc. of th.* (*ἀποστρέφεσθαι w. acc.*); Tit. 1, 14; *w. acc. of th. folld. by* af *w. dat.* (*ἀπό w. gen.*); II Tim. 4, 4. (*ἀπὸ Ἰακώβ*) Rom. 11, 26; afw. sik, *to leave, withdraw* ('*deficere*'); Skeir. II, a; *folld. by* af *w. dat.: to turn away from* (*ἀποστρέφεσθαι w. acc.*); II Tim. 1, 15; *once in pass.: to be removed, folld. by* af *w. dat.* (*μετατίθεσθαι ἀπό w. gen.*); Gal. 1, 6. (b) at-w. sik aftra, *to return* (*ἐπανέρχεσθαι*); Lu. 19, 15. (c) bi-w. *w. acc.: to turn away, avoid, shun, refuse* (*παραιτεῖσθαι w. acc.*); I Tim. 4, 7. 5, 11. II Tim. 2, 23. (*περιίστασθαι*) II Tim. 2, 16. (*στέλλεσθαι*) II Cor. 8, 20. (d) ga-w., (1) *trans. w. acc.: to turn, cause to come back* (*ἐπιστρέφειν w. acc.*); Lu. 8, 55; *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.: to return, bring back* (*ἀποστρέφειν w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.*); Mt. 27, 3; (*fig.*) *w. acc. and* du *w. dat.: to turn to, convert* (*ἐπιστρέφειν w. acc. and ἐπί w. acc.*); Lu. 1, 16. 17. Skeir. I, c; *in pass. folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*στρέφεσθαι πρός w. acc.*); Lu. 10, 22. 23; gaw. sik, *to turn, return* *στρέφεσθαι*); Lu. 14, 25; *folld. by* du *w. acc.* (*πρός w. acc.*); Lu. 7, 44. (*ἐπιστρέφειν*) Lu. 17, 4; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*ἐπί w. acc.*); Gal. 4, 9; *w.* sik ibukana (*εἰς τὰ ὀπίσω*); Lu. 17, 31. (*ἐπιστρέφεσθαι*) Mt. 9, 22. Mk. 5, 30. 8, 33. (*ὑποστρέφειν*) Lu. 2, 20. 43. 8, 37. 40. 10, 17. 17, 15. 19, 12; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*εἰς w. acc.*); Lu. 1, 56. 7, 10. 8, 39; fram *w. dat.* (*ἀπό w. gen.*); Lu. 4, 1; in *w. acc.* (*εἰς w. acc.*); Lu. 2, 39. 45. 4, 14. (*ἐκτρέπεσθαι*) *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*ἐπί w. acc.*); II Tim. 4, 4; *to convert* (*ἐπιστρέφειν*); Mk. 4, 12; (2) *intrans.: to turn, turn again, return* (*στρέφεσθαι*); Lu. 9, 55. Skeir. III, c. (*ὑποστρέφειν*) Lu. 9, 10. 17, 18; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*ἀνακάμπτειν ἐπί w. acc.*) Lu. 10, 6. 16; samaþ gaw., *to come together again* (*συνέρχεσθαι*); I Cor. 7, 5; *fig.: to turn to, be converted* (*ἐπιστρέφεσθαι*); Jo. 12, 40; Skeir. III, c; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*ἐπιστρέφειν πρός w. acc.*); II Cor. 3, 16. (e) in-w. *w. acc., to turn, change, pervert* (*μεταστρέφειν w. acc.*); Gal. 1, 7. (f) us-w. *w. dat.: to turn one's self away from* (*ἀποστρέφεσθαι w. acc.*); Mt. 5, 42; *fig.: to turn aside, turn away;* Skeir. I, a; *folld. by* du *w. dat. of th.* (*ἐκτρέπεσθαι εἰς w. acc.*); I Tim. 1, 6. [*Caus. of* *windan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wendan (*from* *wandian, *pret.* wende, *for* *wend-de), *Mdl. E.* wende (*pret.* wende, wente), *to turn, turn one's self, go, Mdn. E.* wend (*rare*), *to go, betake one's self* (*occurs chiefly in pret.* went), *O. N.* venda, *O.*

S. wendian, *to turn, turn one's self, turn aside, O. H. G.* wenten (*from* wantjan), *M. H. G.* wenden, *to turn, make retrograde, hinder, N. H. G.* wenden, *to turn, turn about, change, whence* gewandt, *quick, active, dexterous, M. H. G.* gewant, *adj.* (*prop. pret. partic.: turned*), *applied, conformable, consistent. — Ders.: M. H. G.* ûʒ-wendic (*For* ûʒ, *s.* ût), *N. H. G.* auswendig (*w. suff.* -ig), *adj., outer, external, also adv.: externally;* auswendig können (*For* können, *s.* kunnan), *to know by heart; further M. H. G.* inne-wendec (*For* inne, *s.* inna), *N. H. G.* inwendig, *inward, internal. — S.* *wandeins *and follg. w.*]

wandus, *m., wand, rod:* wandum usbliggwans, *to beat with rods* (*ῥαβδίζειν*); II Cor. 11, 25. [*From root of* windan (*Sk.*), *q. v. Cf. O. N.* vǫndr (*gen.* vand-ar), *m., twig, rod, whence Mdl. E. E.* wand, *Mdn. E.* wand, *a slender rod. Comp. prec. w.*]

waninassus, *m., want, that which is lacking* (*ὑστέρημα*); I Cor. 16, 17. I Thess. 3, 10. Skeir. VII, c. — *From* *wanan (*S.* wanains) *or* wans (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -inassus; *s.* kalkinassus, þiudinassus, *and Kl., N. St., p. 62.*

wans, *adj., waning, lacking, wanting:* fidwôrtigjus ainamma wanai, *forty save one* (*τεσσαράκοντα παρὰ μίαν*); II Cor. 11, 24; wans wisan *w. gen.: to lack* *ἡττᾶσθαι *w. acc.*); II Cor. 12, 13; galaubein wana gataujan, *to frustrate, thwart* (*for ἀθετεῖν, to break, cast off; — the passage is doubtful*); I Tim. 5, 12; wanata atgaraíhtjan (*S.* *raíhtjan, *Appendix*), *to set in order the things that are wanting* (*τὰ λείποντα ἐπιδιορθοῦν*); Tit. 1, 5. [*Cf. O. E.* wan, wǫn (ǫ *for* a *before the nasal* n), *Mdl. E.* wan, *deficient, O. N.* vanr, *neut.* vant (*whence Mdl. E.* want, *adj., deficient, and subst., lack, Mdn. E.* want; *and O. N.* vanta, *whence Mdl. E.* wante, wǫnte, *Mdn. E.* want, *to lack*), *adj., deficient, O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* wan, *adj., deficient, wanting. From Idg. root* ven-; *comp. Gr.* *ἑ̃υνις* (*Idg.* vé-vn-i; *s. Fst.*, wan), *adj., lacking. — Ders.: O. E.* wanian, *to wane, decrease, Mdl. E.* wane, *Mdn. E.* wane, *O. N.* vana, *O. S. O. H. G.* wanôn, *to decrease. — Stem* wana-, wan-, *occurs further in several Germanic compds.; cf. O. E.* wanhoʒa (hoʒa, *m., Mdl. E.* howe, *thought, care, being cognate w.* hugjan, hugs, *q. v.*), *m., a thoughtless person, fool; and O. E.* wan-, wǫn-hâl (*For* hâl, *s.* hails), *adj., unsound, sick, O. H. G.* wanaheil, *th. s.; and O. N.* vanvit (*For* wit, *s.* witi), *frenzy, madness, whence Mdl. E.* wanwit = *N. H. G.* wahnwitz (*For* wahn, *m., s.* wêns), *m., th. s.; due to* wahnwitzig,

M. H. G. wănwitzec, wănwitze, *O. H. G.* wănawizzi, *adj., frantic, mad; and N. H. G.* wahnsinn (*For the second component, s. Kl.*, sinn); *and Mdl. E.* wantoun (-toun *for* -towen, *from* -toȝhen, *O. E.* toȝen, *pret. partic. of* têon; *s.* tiuhan), *adj., not educated, unrestrained, Mdn. E.* wanton. *S.* wan, wanains, waninassus.]

***war,** *adj.* (124, *n.* 1), *wary, cautious, sober:* war wisan, *to be sober* (*νήφειν*); I Thess. 5, 6. [*Cf O. E.* wær, *Mdl. E.* war, *adj., cautious, Mdn. E.* ware (*obs. or in* beware = be ware), wary (*w. suff.* -y; *s. Sk.* wary), *cautious, O. N.* varr, *attentive, cautious; O. S.* war, *cautious.* — *Compds.: O. E.* ȝe-wær, *aware, Mdl. E.* i-war (*for which Mdn. E.* aware), *O. S. O. H. G.* giwar, *M. H. G.* gewar (*whence* gewarsam, *careful, cautious, whence* gewarsame, *f., custody, N. H. G.* gewahrsame, *f.*, gewahrsam, *m., custody;* -same *comes from* samî, *w. Germanic suff.* -în, *from suff.* -sama; *s.* sams), *taking notice of, attentive, cautious, N. H. G.* gewahr, *adj., in phrase* gewahr werden, *to see, perceive, become aware of;* — *ders.: O. E.* warian (*compd.* be-warian, *Mdl. E.* beware, *to take care of, avoid, Mdn. E.* beware (*obs.*), *th. s.*), *Mdl. E.* ware, *to guard, heed, be on one's guard against, Mdn. E.* ware (*obs.*), *th. s., O. N.* vara, *to warn, O. S.* warôn, *O. H. G.* *warôn (*in* biwarôn, *M. H. G.* bewarn, *N. H. G.* bewahren, *to preserve, save, protect*), *M. H. G.* warn, *to give attention, attend to, mind* (gewarn, *N. H. G.* gewahren, *to perceive, notice*), *N. H. G.* wahren, *to preserve, guard, defend. Germanic root* war, *to pay attention, occurs further in O. S. O. H. G.* wara, *M. H. G.* war, *f., attention, N. H. G.* *wahr, *in* wahrnehmen, *to perceive, M. H. G.* war nemen, *O. H. G. O. S.* wara neman, *th. s., prop.* '*to pay attention to*'; *M. H. G. compd.* gewar, *f., O. H. G.* gewara, *f., care; and O. E.* wearn (ea *for* a, *by breaking*), *f., Mdl. E.* warne, *refusal, denial, orig. a guarding of one's self, O. N.* vǫrn, *f., defense, protest, O. H. G.* warna, *M. H. G.* warne, *caution, care, warning, whence O. E.* wearnian, *to take heed, warn, Mdl. E.* warne, *Mdn. E.* warn, *O. N.* varna, *O. H. G.* warnôn, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* warnen, *to warn, advise. Of G. orig. is the cognate O. Fr.* garnir, warnir, *to warn, fortify, garnish, whence O. Fr.* garnement, garniment, *whence Mdl. E.* garnement, *Mdn. E.* garment; *and* garnis- (*stem of pres. partic. of* garnir), *whence Mdl. E.* garnische, warnische, *Mdn. E.* garnish. *Allied to Gr.* *ὁρᾶν, to see,* *ὥρα, care, guard.* — *S.* warei, *also* *wards.]

***wardeins,** *f., in* **frawardeins,** *q. v.* — *From* *wardjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

wardja, *m., watchman, pl.* **wardjans,** *watch, guard (for* κουστωδία*);* Mt. 27, 65.—*From* *wards (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan.

***wardjan,** *w. v., in* **fra-wardjan,** *w. acc. (expressed or understood; in pass. th. nom.), to corrupt (*ἀφανίζειν*),* Mt. 6, 19. 20. (*φθείρειν*) I Cor. 15, 33 (*gloss to* riurjan). II Cor. 7, 2. (*διαφθείρειν*) I Tim. 6, 5; (*pass.*) *to perish;* II Cor. 4, 16; *to disfigure (*ἀφανίζειν*);* Mt. 6, 16. [*Cf. O. E.* wyrdan werdan (y, e *is* i-*uml. of* ea, *from* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* werde, *to spoil, injure, hurt, O. S.* a-wardian, -werdan, *to spoil, ruin, O. H. G. M. H. G.* werten, *to hurt, injure. Allied to* (fra)waírþan, *q. v. Comp. Goth. Grammar,* *wardjan; *L.*, werten; *but also Sch.*, wartjan. — *Comp.* *wardeins.]

***warda,** *f., in* **daúra-warda,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* *wards, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***wardô,** *f., in* **daúra-wardô,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* wards (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ôn. *Comp. prec. w.*

***wards,** *m., warder, warden, guardian, in* **daúra-wards,** *q. v.* [*From root* war (*S.* *war). *Cf. O. E.* weard, *m., guard, watchman, defender, Mdl. E.* ward, *Mdn. E.* ward (*whence* warder, warden), -ward (*as in* steward; *comp. Sk.*, stew), *watchman, O. N.* vǫrðr, *m., watchman, O. H. G. M. H. G.* -wart, *m., N. H. G.* wart, *m., guardian, watchman. Allied to O. E.* weard, *f., Mdl. E.* warde, *protection, lookout, watch-tower, Mdn. E.* ward, *a guarding, custody, protection, O. H. G.* warta, *M. H. G.* warte, *f., lookout, watch, watch-tower, N. H. G.* warte, *f., lookout, observatory, watch-tower; and O. E.* weardian, *Mdl. E.* warde, *to guard, heed, protect, Mdn. E.* ward, *to watch, guard, defend, protect, O. N.* varða, *to guard, protect, O. S.* wardôn, *to take heed, take care of, O. H. G.* wartên, *M. H. G.* warten, *to spy, watch, expect, N. H. G.* warten, *to wait. Of G. orig. is O. Fr.* garder (*from* warder, *to guard; compd.* re-warder, regarder, *whence Mdn. E.* reward, regard; *also O. Fr.* es-wardeir, -gardeir, *to examine, adjudge, whence Mdl. E.* awarde, *Mdn. E.* award; re- = *Lt.* re-; es- = *Lt.* ex), *whence Mdn. E.* guard. — *All from root* war; *s.* *war, warei.]

warei, *f., wariness, craftiness (*πανουργία*);* II Cor. 4, 2. — *From stem of* war (*q. v.*), *and Germanic suff.* -în.

***wargeins,** *f., in* **gawargeins,** *q. v.* — *From* *wargjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. follg. w.*

wargiþa, *f., condemnation (*κρίμα*);* Rom. 13, 2. Gal. 5, 10. (*κατάκριμα*) Rom. 8, 1. (*κατά-*

κρισις) II Cor. 3, 9. [*From stem of* *wargs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-þô. *Cf. O. E.* werȝðu, *f., condemnation, punishment. Comp. prec. w.*]

***wargjan,** *w. v., in* **ga-wargjan,** *w. acc.: to condemn* (κατακρίνειν *w. acc.*); Rom. 8, 3; *and instr.* (*as in Gr.*); Mk. 10, 33. [*From stem of* *wargs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* werȝan wyrȝan (e, y, *for* ie, *is* i-*uml. of* ea, *from* a, *by breaking*), *to outlaw, condemn, curse, Mdl. E.* werȝe, werie, warie, *Mdn. E.* warry (*obs.*), *to curse, condemn, O. S.* *waragean, *in* giwaragean, *to torture, O. H. G.* *wergen, *in* furwergen, *to curse. Allied to O. E.* wyrgan (*from* *wurgjan), *in* âwyrȝan, *to strangle, stifle, injure, Mdl. E.* wiriȝe, *beside* worowe (*from* *worghe, *by labialization*), *Mdn. E.* worry, *to vex, plague, tear or mangle w. the teeth, O. H. G.* wurgen (*from* *wurgjan), *M. H. G.* würgen (*M. G.* worgen), *N. H. G.* würgen, *to choke, strangle. From Germanic root* werg, *Idg.* wergh; *comp. Lith.* veržti, *to tie together. — Comp.* *wargeins, wargiþa.]

***wargs,** *m., an outlaw, criminal, in* **launawargs,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* wearȝ, *m., outlaw, criminal, wolf, Mdl. E.* wari, weri, *a villain, O. N.* vargr, *m., outlaw, wolf, O. S.* warag, *m., a wicked person, O. H. G.* warch, *M. H. G.* warc (*gen.* -ges), *m., a wicked person, criminal. From root* werg; *comp. M. H. G.* *wergen, *in* erwergen (*For* er-, *s.* us), *str. v., to strangle, suffocate. S.* *wargeins, wargiþa, *wargjan. *For a nasalized cognate, s.* wruggô.]

warjan, *w. v.* (187), *to forbid* (κωλύειν); Lu. 9, 50; *w. acc. of th.* (*as in Gr.*); I Tim. 4, 3; *and dat. of pers.* (ἀπό *w. gen.*); Lu. 6, 29; *w. acc. of pers.* (*as in Gr.*); Mk. 10, 14. Lu. 18, 16; *w. acc. and inf.* (*as in Gr.*); I Thess. 2, 16; *w. dat. of pers.* (*in Gr. the acc.*): *to forbid, thwart* Mk. 9, 38. 39. Lu. 9, 49. [*Cf. O. E.* werian, *Mdl. E.* wer(i)e, *to defend, ward off, O. N.* verja, *to protect, defend, O. S.* werian, *to hinder, O. H. G.* werian, weren, *M. H. G.* wern, *to hinder, protect, defend, N. H. G.* wehren, *Eff.* werre, *to check, thwart, forbid, oppose. Allied to O. E.* wære, *f., defense, protection, fortification, Mdl. E.* were, *protection* (*host*), *O. H. G.* werî, *M. H. G.* wer, were, *N. H. G.* wehr, wehre, *f., defense, fortification; beside O. E.* wer, *n.* (?), *Mdl. E.* wer, *Mdn. E.* weir, wear, wier, *a dam, O. N.* vǫrr, *a fenced-in landing-place, M. H. G.* wer, *N. H. G.* wehr, *n., weir. Furthermore, comp. Skr. root* vṛ, *to check, stop, hinder.*]

warmjan, *w. v.* (188), *w. acc. to warm, cherish* (θάλπειν *w. acc.*); Eph. 5, 29; warmjan sik, *to warm one's self* (θερμαίνεσθαι); Mk. 14, 54. Jo. 18, 18.

25. [*Cf. O. E.* wyrman (*from* wearmjan, *by* i-*uml.*, *from* wearm; *s. below*), *Mdl. E.* werme, warme, *Mdn. E.* warm, *O. S.* warmian, wermian, *O. H. G.* warmen, wermen, *M. H. G.* wermen, *N. H. G.* wärmen, *Eff.* wärme, *to warm; beside O. E.* wermian, *to become warm*, *Mdl. E.* warme, *Mdn. E.* warm, *to become warm or animated*, *O. H. G.* warmên, *M. H. G.* warmen, *to be or become warm. From stem of Goth.* *warms, *adj.* (*not found*), *warm*, *O. E.* wearm (ea *from* a, *by breaking*), *Mdl. E.* warm, *Mdn. E.* warm, *O. N.* varmr, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G. Du.* warm, *Eff.* wärm, *adj., warm. Germanic stem* warma- *comes from* *gwarma-, *Idg.* ghormo, *from root* gher; *comp. Skr.* gharmá-s, *glowing heat, Gr.* θερμό-ς, *adj., warm, hot, Lt.* formu-s, *adj. warm* (*S. Brgm., Compar. Gr., I, p. 309*).]

***waseins,** *f., in* **gawaseins,** *q. v.* — *From* wasjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni.

wasjan, *w. v.* (187), (1) *trans., w. acc.: to vest, clothe* (περιβάλλειν *w. acc.*); Mt. 25, 38. 43; *and* swa (οὕτως ἀμφιεννύναι *w. acc*); Mt. 6, 30; wasiþs wisan *w. instr.: to be clothed with* (φορεῖν *w. acc.*); Mt. 11, 8. (2) *intr., w. instr.: to put on, dress* περιβάλλεσθαι *w. acc.*); Mt. 6, 31. (ἐνδύεσθαι *w. acc.*); Mt. 6, 25. Mk. 6, 9. — *Compds.* (a) and-w., *w. acc. of pers. and instr.: to unclothe, take off* (*clothes*) (ἐκδύειν *w. double acc.*); Mk. 15, 20. (b) ga-w., *to clothe*, (1) *trans., w. acc. of pers.* (ἐνδύειν *w. acc.*); Lu. 15, 22; *w. acc. of pers. and instr.* (περιβάλλειν *w. acc. of pers. and th.*); Jo. 19, 2. (ἐνδύειν *w. acc. of pers. and th.*); Mk. 15, 17. 20; gawasiþs wisan *w. nom. of pers. and instr.: to be clothed with* (ἐνδύεσθαι *w. nom. of pers. and acc. of th.*); Mk. 1, 6. 1 Cor. 15, 54. (ἐνδιδύσκεσθαι *w. nom. of pers. and acc. of th.*); Lu. 8, 27. 16, 19. (ἀμφιέννυσθαι *w. nom. of pers. and dat. of th.*) Mt. 11, 8; *folld. by* in *w. dat.* (ἀμφιέννυσθαι ἐν *w. dat.*); Lu. 7, 25; *pret. partic.* gwasiþs (ἐνδυσάμενος); II Cor. 5, 3. (ἱματισμένος) Mk. 5, 15. Lu. 8, 35; gaw. sik, *to clothe one's self, dress* (περιβάλλεσθαι); Mt. 6, 29. (2) *intr., w. instr.: to put on* (ἐνδύεσθαι *w. acc.*); Rom. 13, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* werian (*from* *wazian), *Mdl. E.* were, *w. v., Mdn. E.* wear (*str.: pret.* wore, *etc., due to* bore, *pret. of* bear, *etc.; s.* baíran), *O. N.* verja (*w. v.*), *O. H. G.* werjan (*w. v.*), *to wear. From Idg. root* wes, *to clothe; comp. Skr. root* was, *Gr.* ἕννυναι (*from* ϝεσ-νύναι), εἷμα (*from* ϝέσμα), *garment, Lt.* vestire, *to vest, clothe. S. prec. and follg. w.*]

wasti, *f.* (98), *garment, cloak; pl.* wastjôs, *garments, clothes, vesture, raiment, apparel* (ἱμά-

τιον); Mt. 5, 40. 9, 20. 11, 8. Mk. 5, 27. 28. 30. 6, 56. 9, 3. 10, 50. 11, 7. 8. 13, 16. 15, 20. 24. Lu. 6, 29. 7, 25 (*first*). 8, 27. 44. 19, 35. 36. Jo. 13, 12. 19, 2. 5. (στολή) Mk. 16, 5. Lu. 15, 22. (χιτών) Mk. 14, 63. (ἔνδυμα) Mt. 7, 15; *pl.* wastjôs (ἔνδυμα); Mt. 6, 25. 28. (ἱματισμός) Lu. 7, 25 (*second*). I Tim. 2, 9. [*From stem of* wasjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -tjô. *Allied to Lt.* vestis, *garment, clothing, whence Fr.* veste, *vest, jacket, whence Mdn. E.* vest, *a garment, N. H. G.* weste, *f., vest, waistcoat. The stem of Lt.* vestis *occurs further in Lt.* vestire (*compds.* de-vestire, *Vulg. Lt.* di-vestire, *to strip off clothes,* in-vestire, *to clothe in or with, whence, respectively, Mdn. E.* divest, *Fr.* investir, *whence Mdn. E.* invest), *to clothe, whence* vestimentum, *clothing, whence O. Fr.* vestiment, *whence Mdl. E.* vestiment, *Mdn. E.* vestment; *and in Vulg. Lt.* vestitura, *clothing, whence O. Fr.* vesture, *whence Mdl. E.* vesture, *Mdn. E.* vesture.]

watô, *n.* (*dat. pl.* **watnam;** 110, *n.* 1), *water* (ὕδωρ); Mt. 8, 32. 10, 42. Mk. 1, 8. 10. 9, 22. 41. 14, 13. Lu. 3, 16. 7, 44. 8, 24. 25. Jo. 3, 5. 7, 38. Eph. 5, 26. Skeir. II, c. d. III, c. d; kald watô, *cold water* (ψυχρός); watô drigkan, *to drink water* (ὑδροποτεῖν); I Tim. 5, 23. [*Cf. O. N.* vatn, *n., water. From Germanic root* wat, *Idg.* ved; *comp. Skr.* udán, *water, wave, Gr.* ὕδωρ, *gen.* ὕδατος (*from* udṇtos), *O. Bulg.* voda, *water. Root* wat *occurs further in O. E.* wæter (*w.* r-*suff.*), *n., Mdl. E.* water, *Mdn. E.* water, *O. N.* vátr, *O. S.* watar, *O. H. G.* waʒʒar, *M. H. G.* waʒʒer, *N. H. G.* wasser, *Du.* water; *and* (*w. abl.; s. Kl.,* wasser) *in O. E.* wæt, *Mdl. E.* wêt, wet, *Mdn. E.* wet (*whence the v.* wet, *Mdl. E.* wête, *O. E.* wætan = *O. N.* væta, *to make wet*); *and in O. E.* otor, *m., Mdl. E.* oter, *Mdn. E.* otter, *O. N.* otr, *O. H. G.* ottar, *M. H. G.* otter, *m., N. H. G.* otter, *f., Du.* otter, *otter; comp. also Gr.* ὕδρα, *water-snake, whence Lt.* hydra, *whence Mdn. E.* hydra, *th. s.*]

waúrd, *n.* (93), *word* (λόγος); Mt. 5, 37. 7, 24. 26. 28. 8, 8. 16. 26, 1. Mk. 1, 45. 2, 2. 4, 14–20. 33. 5, 36. 7, 13. 29. 8, 32. 38. 9, 10. 10, 22. 24. 11, 29. 12, 13. Lu. 1, 2. 4. 20. 3, 4. 4, 22. 32. 36. 5, 1. 15. 6, 47. 7, 7. 17. 8, 11. 12. 13. 15. 21. 9, 26. 28. 44. 20, 3. 20. Jo. 5, 38. 6, 60. 7, 36. 40. 8, 31. 37. 43. 51. 52. 55. 10, 19. 35. 12, 38. 47. 14, 23. 24. 15, 3. 20. 25. 17, 6. 14. 17. 20. 18, 9. 32. 19, 8. Rom. 9, 6. 9. 28. 13, 9. I Cor. 1, 17. 18. 15, 54. II Cor. 1, 18. 2, 17. 4, 2. 5, 19. 6, 7. 8, 7. 10, 10. 11. 11, 6. Gal. 5, 14. 6, 6. Eph. 1, 13. 4, 29. 5, 6. 6, 19. Phil. 1, 14. Col. 1, 25.

2, 23. 3, 16. 17. 4, 3. 6. I Thess. 2, 13. 4, 15. 18. II Thess. 2, 17. 3, 1. 14. I Tim. 1, 15. 3, 1. 4, 5. 6. 9. 12. 5, 17. 6, 3. II Tim. 1, 13. 2, 9. 11. 15. 17. 4, 2. 15. Tit. 1, 3. 9. Neh. 6, 19. Skeir. I, d. V, b. VI, b. c. d; waúrdam weihan, *to strive about words* (*λογομαχεῖν*); II Tim. 2, 14. (*ῥῆμα*) Mt. 26, 75. 27, 14. Mk. 9, 32. 14, 72. Lu. 1, 37. 38. 65. 2, 15. 17. 19. 29. 50. 51. 3, 2. 4, 4. 5, 5. 7, 1. 9, 45. 18, 34. 20, 26. Jo. 5, 47. 6, 63. 68. 8, 20. 47. 10, 21. 12, 48. 14, 10. 15, 7. 17, 8. Rom. 10, 8. 17. 18. II Cor. 12, 4. 13, 1. Eph. 5, 26. 6, 17. Neh. 5, 13. [*Cf. O. E.* word, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* word, *Mdn. E.* word, *O. N.* orð, *O. S.* word, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* wort, *Du.* woord, *Eff.* wǫ̈d, *n.*, *word. Germanic stem* wordo- *from Idg.* wṛdho-; *comp. Lith.* vardas, *name*, *Lt.* verbum (b *for Idg.* dh; *s. Kl.*, wort; *Brgm.*, *Compar. Gr.*, *I*, *p. 281*), *word*, *verb*, *whence Fr.* verbe, *whence Mdn. E.* verb. *Comp.* gabaúrþi-waúrd, *waúrds, *waúrdi, *waúrdei, *waúrdjan, *and follg. w.*]

waúrdahs, *adj.*, *verbal;* Skeir. IV, c. *The meaning of this word is not quite clear; Bernhardt thinks it an inaccurate translation of λογικός; s. note.* — *From stem of* waúrd (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ha (*S. Kl.*, *N. St.*, *p. 86*). *Comp. follg. w.*

waúrda-jiuka, *f.*, *a strife about words* (*λογομαχία*); I Tim. 6, 4. — *From stem of* waúrd *and* jiuka, *q. v.*

***waúrdei,** *f.*, *speech*, *in* **aglaiti-, dwala-, filu-, lausa-waúrdei,** *q. v.* — *From* *waúrds (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***waúrdi,** *f.*, *speech*, *in* **anda-, ga-, lausa-waúrdi,** *q. v.* — *From* *waúrds (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***waúrdjan,** *w. v.*, *in* (a) and-w., *w. dat. of pers.: to answer, reply to* (*ἀποκρίνεσθαι w. dat.*); Rom. 9, 20. (b) filu-w., *to use many words, to speak much* (*βαττολογεῖν*); Mt. 6, 7. (c) ubil-w. *w. dat. of pers.: to speak evil of* (*κακολογεῖν w. acc.*); Mk. 9, 39. [*From* *waúrds, *q. v. Cf. O. H. G.* ant-wurten, *M. H. G.* antwürten, *N. H. G.* antworten (*by influence of* ant-wort), *to answer, reply. Comp.* andawaúrdi, filu-waúrdei, ubil-waúrds *and prec. w.*]

***waúrds,** *adj.*, *speaking*, *in* **lausa-, liugna-, ubil-waúrds,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* waúrd, *q. v. Comp.* *waúrdei, *waúrdi, *waúrdjan.

***waúrhts,** *f.*, *a working, doing*, *in* **fra-, us-waúrhts,** *q. v.* — *From* waúrkjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* (ȝe)wyrht (*stem* wurhti-), *f.*, *Mdl. E.* (i)wurht, *deed, work*, *O. S.* *wurht, *in* gi-wurht, *deed*, far-wurht, *evil-doing*, *O. H. G.* wuruht, *f.*, *service, merit.* — *Ders.: O. E.* wyrhta, *Mdl. E.* wurhte, wrighte (*for* *wirghte),

worker, workman, Mdn. E. wright, *workman, O. S.* wurhtio, *O. H. G.* wurhto, *M. H. G.* -wurhte, *m., worker, workman. Comp. follg. w.*]

***waúrhts,** *adj., in* **fra-, handu-, unhandu-, us-waúrhts,** *q. v.—Prop. pret. partic. of* waúrkjan, *q. v.*

***waúrki,** *n., work, in* **ga-, faíhuga-waúrki,** *q. v.—From* *waúrk (*S.* waúrkjan), *and suff.* ja. *Comp. v. Bd. p. 205.*

waúrkjan, *an. v.* (209), (1) *without obj.: to work (intr.), become effective, show forth one's self* (ἐνεργεῖν), *folld. by* in *w. dat.* (ἐν *w. dat.*) Mk. 6, 14. Eph. 2, 2. (ἐνεργεῖσθαι) Rom. 7, 5. II Cor. 4, 12. Eph. 3, 20. I Thess. 2, 13. (ἐργάζεσθαι) Jo. 9, 4. I Cor. 9, 6. II Thess. 3, 8. 10. 12; *comp.* Skeir. VI, c. (2) *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*): *to work (tr.), do make, produce, prepare* (ἐνεργεῖν *w. acc.*); I Cor. 12, 11. Eph. 1, 11; *and* in *w. dat.* (ἐν *w. dat.*); Gal. 3, 5. Col. 1, 29;—(ἐργάζεσθαι *w. acc.*) Mt. 7, 23. Jo. 6, 27. 28. 30. 9, 4. Rom. 13, 10. I Cor. 16, 10. Col. 3, 23. II Thess. 3, 11; *and* bi *w. dat.* (ἔν *w. dat.*); Mk. 14, 6; wiþra *w. acc.* (πρός *w. acc.*); Gal. 6, 10; *or instr.* (*as in Gr.*); Eph. 4, 28. I Thess. 4, 11;—(κατεργάζεσθαι *w. acc.*) Rom. 7, 15. 17. 20; *and dat. of pers.* (*as in Gr.*) II Cor. 4, 17 (*pass.* waúrkjada); þaírh *w. acc.* (διά *w. gen.*); II Cor. 9, 11;—(ποιεῖν *w. acc.*) Mk. 3, 35. Lu. 3, 8. 14, 12. 13. Jo. 17, 4. 18, 18. Rom. 7, 19. Eph. 2, 15. II Tim. 4, 5; *and dat. of pers.* (*as in Gr.*); Mk. 6, 21; *and* du *w. dat.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); I Cor. 11, 24. 25; *or* faúr *w. acc.* (ὑπέρ *w. gen.*); I Cor. 15, 29;—(ποιεῖσθαι *w. acc.*) Eph. 1, 16; *w. double acc.* (ποιεῖν *w. double acc.*); Mk. 1, 3. Lu. 3, 4; *w. acc. and inf.* (ποιεῖν *w. acc. and inf.*); Jo. 6, 10. Skeir. VII, b. — *Compds.* (a) faír-w. *w. acc.: to obtain, acquire* (περιποιεῖσθαι *w. acc.*); I Tim. 3, 13. (b) fra-w., *to work ill, to do evil, to sin* (ἁμαρτάνειν); Lu. 17, 3. Jo. 9, 2. 3. I Cor. 7, 28. 15, 34. Eph. 4, 26; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); Lu. 17, 4. I Cor. 8, 12; in *w. acc.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); Lu. 15, 21; wiþra *w. acc.* (εἰς *w. acc.*); I Cor. 8, 12. (c) faúra-fra-w., *to sin formerly* (προαμαρτάνειν); II Cor. 12, 21. 13, 2. (d) ga-w. *w. acc.: to work, make, do* (ποιεῖν *w. acc.*); Mk. 9, 5. Lu. 3, 19. 9, 33. 50 (*added*). 14, 16. 19, 18. Jo. 9, 11. 14. Skeir. I, a. b. (διαπραγματεύεσθαι *w. acc.*) Lu. 19, 15. (κατεργάζεσθαι) Rom. 7, 18; *w. dat. of pers. and acc. of th.* (*so in Gr. after* ποιεῖν); Lu. 1. 68. 5, 29. Jo. 12, 2. (*or* κατεργάζεσθαι) Rom. 7, 13; *or* in *w. dat. of pers.* (ἐν *w. dat. of pers.*), *etc.*; Rom. 7, 8. (ἐνεργεῖν ἐν, *etc.*); Eph. 1, 20; run gaw. sis, *to run down violently* (ὁρμᾶν); Mt. 8, 32;

w. acc. of th. and us *w. dat.* (*ποιεῖν w. acc. of th. and ἐκ w. gen.*); Jo. 9, 6; ga-w. anakumbjan *w. dat. of pers. and a cognate acc.: to make to recline* (*in a company*) (*καταπλίνειν w. acc. of pers. and th.*); Lu. 9, 14; ga-w. *w. acc. of pers. and* du *w. inf.: to appoint, ordain* (*ποιεῖν w. acc. of pers. and ἵνα w. subj.*); Mk. 3, 14. (e) us-w., *folld. by* in *w. dat. and a dependent inf.: to work thoroughly, work, do* (*κατεργάζεσθαι w. acc. and a dependent inf.*); Eph. 6, 13. [*Prop. str. v.* (*Beside Goth. Gr., 209, s. Kl.*, wirken), *from Germanic* wurkjan. *Cf. O. E.* wyrcan (*for* wyrcian, *by* i-*uml. of* u), *Mdl. E.* wurche, worche, wirke, werke, *Mdn. E.* work (*pret. and pret. partic.* wrought, *Mdl. E. pret.* worhte, wroughte, *pret. partic.* wrouht, *O. E. pret.* worhte, *pret. partic.* worht; *s. below*), *O. N.* yrkja(orta, orkta, yr(k)ta—ortr, orktr, yr(k)tr), *to make, O. H. G.* wurchen (*pret.* worhta, worahta, *pret. partic.* gi-worht, -woraht, *beside* -wurchit), *M. H. G.* würken, *to work, act. From Germanic root* werk:work, *whence also O. E.* weorc (*from* werc, *by breaking*), *n., Mdl. E.* werk, *Mdn. E.* work, *O. N.* verk, *O. S.* werk, *O. H. G.* werc, werah(hh), *M. H. G.* werc (werch), *N. H. G.* werk, *n., work, deed, labor, Du.* werk, *Eff.* *werk, *in* werkstôl (*For* stôl, *s.* stôls), *m., loom, whence, respectively, O. E.* wiercan, wyrcan, wercan (*from* *weorcian, *by* i-*uml.*), *Mdl. E.* wirke, werke), *Mdn. E.* work (*pret. and pret. partic.* worked), *O. S.* wirkian, *O. H. G.* wirchen, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wirken, *to work, be operative or efficient, etc., Du.* werken, *to work, make, Eff.* werke, *to weave* (*stockings*), *to work* (*dough*). *From Idg. root* werg: worg; *comp. Zd.* verezyâmi, *I work; and Gr.* ἔργον (*for* *ϝέργον), *work,* ῥέξειν (*for* *ϝρέγjειν), *to do,* ὄργιον, *a sacred deed,* ὄργανον, *implement,* (*musical*) *instrument, whence Lt.* organum, *pl.* organa, *implement, instrument, organ, church-organ, whence O. E.* organ, organa, organon, *m., Mdl. E.* organe, orgon (orgel), *Mdn. E.* organ, *O. H. G.* organâ (orgelâ), *M. H. G.* organâ, orgene (orgel), *N. H. G.* orgel, *f., organ* (*musical instr.*). — *Comp.* *waúrhts, *waúrki, waúrstw.]

waúrms, *m., serpent* (ὄφις); Lu. 10, 19. II Cor. 11, 3. [*Cf. O. E.* wyrm (*Germanic stem* wurmi-; y *from* u *by* i-*uml.*), *worm, serpent, dragon, Mdl. E.* worm, *Mdn. E.* worm, *O. N.* ormr (a-*stem*), *m., O. S.* wurm, *O. H. G.* wurm (i-*stem*), *M. H. G.* wurm, *m., worm, insect, snake, dragon, N. H. G.* wurm, *m., worm, also serpent, dragon, as in* lindwurm (*M. H. G.* lintwurm, *O. H. G.* lindwurm; *lind,*

O. N. linnr, *for* *linþr, *meaning the same as* wurm, *serpent), m., dragon. Furthermore, Lt.* vermis, *worm, Gr.* ῥόμος, *wood-worm.*]

***waúrpa,** *m., in* **us-waúrpa,** *q. v. — From root of* waírpan *and suff.* -an.

waúrstw, *n., work, deed* (ἔργον); Mt. 5, 16. 11, 2. Mk. 14, 6. Jo. 5, 36. 6, 28. 29. 7, 3. 7. 21. 8, 39. 9, 3. 4. 10, 25. 32. 33. 37. 38. 14, 10–12. 15, 24. 17, 4. Rom. 9, 11. 32. 13, 3. 12. 14, 20. I Cor. 9, 1. 15, 58. 16, 10. II Cor. 9, 8. 10, 11. 11, 15. Gal. 2, 16. 3, 2. 5. 5, 19. 6, 4. Eph. 2, 9. 10. 4, 12. 5, 11. Phil. 1, 22. 2, 30. Col. 1, 10. 21. 3, 17. I Thess. 5, 13. II Thess. 1, 11. 2, 17. I Tim. 2, 10. 3, 1. 5, 10. 25. II Tim. 1. 9. 2, 21. 3, 17. 4, 5. 14. Tit. 1, 16. Neh. 5, 16. 6, 16. Skeir. I, d. V, a. c. VI, b; *working, operation, energy* (ἐνέργεια); Eph. 1, 19. 4, 16. Phil. 3, 21. Col. 1, 29. 2, 12. [*For* *waúrhstwa, *from* waúrkjan *and suff.* -s-twa; *s. Fst., p. 132; Kl., Nom. St., p. 63; from* waúrht-twa; *s. LMD., p. 107, XIX. Cf. Zd.* varš-tva, *deed; s. Sch.,* waúrstw. — *Comp. the follg. five words.*]

waúrstwa, *m., worker, workman, laborer* (ἐργάτης); I Tim. 5, 18. *— From stem of* waúrstw (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an. *Comp.* alla-, ga-waúrstwa, *and follg. w.*

waúrstwei, *f., a working, doing* (ἐργασία); Eph. 4, 19. *From stem of* waúrstw (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

waúrstweigs, *adj., effective, effectual* (ἐνεργούμενος); II Cor. 1, 6. Gal. 5, 6. (ἐνεργής) I Cor. 16, 9; waúrstweig gataujan, *to work effectually* (ἐνεργεῖν); Gal. 2, 8. *— From stem of* waúrstw (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ei-ga. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

waúrstwja, *m., workman, laborer* (ἐργάτης); Mt. 9, 37. 38. Lu. 10, 2. 7. II Cor. 11, 13. Phil. 3, 2. II Tim. 2, 15. (γεωργός) Mk. 12, 1. 2. 7. 9. Lu. 20, 9. Jo. 15, 1; aírþôs waúrstwja, *husbandman* (γεωργός); II Tim. 2, 6.— *From* waúrstw (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jan. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

***waúrstwô,** *f., a work-woman, in* **un-waúrstwô,** *q. v. — Prop. w. adj.* (*from* waúrstw, *q. v.*) *and used as subst. Comp. prec. w.*

waúrts, *f., wort, root* (ῥίζα); Mk. 11, 20. Rom. 11, 16–18. 15, 12. I Tim. 6, 10. (*Goth. pl. for Gr. sing.*). Mk. 4, 6. 17. Lu. 3, 9. 8, 13; uslausjan us waúrtim, *to pull up by the roots* (ἐκριζοῦν); Lu. 17, 6. [*Cf. O. E.* wyrt (*from* wurti-, *by* i-*uml.*), *herb, plant, root, Mdl. E.* wort, *Mdn. E.* wort, *O. N.* urt (*without uml.; s. Nor., p. 122; O. Swed.* yrt), *f., plant, O. S.* wurt, *f., root, flower, O. H. G. M. H. G.* wurz, *f., herb, plant, N. H. G.* wurz, *f., root, herb, plant. — Ders.: O. E.* wyrte (*in* max-wyrte, *new beer;* max *for* *macs, *for*

*masc, *by metathesis*, = *Mdn. E.* mash; *allied to M. H. G.* meisch, *m., grape-mash, also mead, N. H. G.* meisch, *m.*, meische, *f., mash*), *f., Mdl. E.* worte, wort, *Mdn. E.* wort, *new beer, O. N.* virtr, *O. S.* wurtia, *spice, M. H. G. N. H. G.* würze, *f., spice, whence, respectively, O. E.* ȝe-wyrtian (*For* ȝe-, *s.* ga-), *O. H. G.* wurzen, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* würzen, *to season;* — *O. H. G.* wurzala (*with* l-*suff.*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wurzel, *f., Du.* wortel, *Eff.* wŭzel, *f., root.* — *Allied to O. N.* rót (*for* *vrót= *vórt; *Sk.*), *f., root, whence Mdl. E.* rǫ̂te, *Mdn. E.* root, *the lowest part of a plant. All from Idg. root* vṛd (*whence also* aúrti-, aúrtja, *q. v.*); *comp. Gr.* ῥίζα (*from* ϝριδ-ja), *root, Lt.* radix (*from* vṛd-îc-s), *root.* — *Comp.* ga-waúrts, *Appendix.*]

wêgs, *m.* (91, *n.* 5), *violent movement, tempest* (σεισμός); Mt. 8, 24 (*first*); *raging* (κλύδων); *nom. pl.* wegôs, *waves* (κύματα); Mt. 8, 24 (*second*). (*dat.* wêgim) Mk. 4, 37. [*Cf. O. E.* wæȝ, *m., wave, billow, flood, sea, O. N.* vágr, *m., sea, O. S.* wâg, *m., wave, billow, flood, O. H. G.* wâg, *M. H. G.* wâc(g), *m., flood, wave, river, sea, N. H. G.* woge, *f., wave, billow. From root of* *wigan, *q. v.*]

weiha, *m.* (108), *priest* **auhumists weiha,** *chief priest* (ἀρχιερεύς); Jo. 18, 13. — *From stem of* weihs (*q. v.*) *or from a subst. stem* weiha-; *s. Osth., F., II, p. 125. Comp.* weihan (*w. v.*) *and follg. w.*

weihaba, *adv., holily* (ὁσίως); I Thess. 2, 10. — *From stem of* weihs *and suff.* -ba, *q. v. Comp.* weihan (*w. v.*) *and prec. w.*

weihan, *str. v.* (172), *to fight, strive, contend;* du diuzam w., *to fight with beasts* (θηριομαχεῖν); I Cor. 15, 32; waúrdam w., *to strive about words* (λογομαχεῖν); II Tim. 2, 14. — *Compd.* and-w. *w. dat., to strive against, oppose* (ἀντιστρατεύεσθαι); Rom. 7, 23. [*Cf. O. E.* wîȝan (*the* ȝ *from the forms w. grammatical change*), *to fight, contend, O. H. G.* wîhan (wîgan), *M. H. G.* wîgen, *str. v., th. s. Allied to O. N.* vega, *str. v., to attack, fight. The present partic. is used as a m. subst. in several dialects: O. E.* wiȝend, *O. S.* wîgand, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* wîgant, *N. H. G.* weigand, *m., warrior* (*Comp. Kl.*, weigand, heiland). *From Germanic root* wĭh:wĭg, *also seen in O. E.* wîȝ, *m., Mdl. E.* wîȝ, *O. N.* wíg, *n., O. S.* wîg, *O. H. G.* wîg, wîc, *M. H. G.* wîc (-ges), *m., fight, battle, war; in O. H. G.* weigar (*w.* r-*suff.*), *adj., audacious, whence* weigarôn, *M. H. G.* weigern, *to resist, refuse, N. H. G.* weigern, *to refuse; and in O. E.* wîȝa (*with suff.* -an), *m., Mdl. E.* wîȝe, *O. N.* Vîgi, *name of a dog, O. H. G.*

wîgo, *warrior, from an adj. seen in O. N.* vígr, *valiant, warlike. The corresponding Indg. root,* wīk, *occurs in Lith.* vėkà (=*O. N.* veig, *strength*), *Lt.* vincere (*pret.* vîc-i, *pret. partic. stem* vict-, *whence* victor, *whence Mdn. E.* victor; *and Lt.* victoria, *O. Fr.* victorie, *whence Mdl. E.* victorie, *Mdn. E.* victory), *to conquer, compds.* convincere (con =cum, *with*), *to overcome by proof* (*pret. partic.* convictus, *whence Mdn. E.* convict); e-vincere (e, *out, thoroughly*), *to overcome, hence to prove beyond doubt, whence Mdn. E.* evince. *For further Mdn. E. cognates of Lt. orig., such as* evict, invincible, vanquish, *s. Sk.*, victor.—*Comp.* waíhjô, wigan.]

weihan, *w. v., w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*), *to make holy, sanctify* (ἁγιάζειν *w. acc.*); Jo. 17, 17. 19. I Cor. 7, 14. — *Compd.* ga-w., *th. s.;* Jo. 10, 36. I Cor. 7, 14. Eph. 5, 26. I Thess. 5, 23. I Tim. 4, 5. II Tim. 2, 21; *to bless* (εὐλογεῖν); I Cor. 10, 16. [*From stem of* weihs, *q. v. Allied to O. S.* wîhian, *O. H. G.* wîhen (*from* *wîhjan), *M. H. G.* wîhen, *N. H. G.* weihen, *to consecrate, bless. Comp.* weiha, weihnan, *and follg. w.*]

weihiþa, *f., holiness, sanctification* (ἁγιασμός); I Thess. 4, 3. 4. 7. I Tim. 2, 15. (ἁγιωσύνη) II Cor. 7, 1. I Thess. 3, 13. (ὁσιότης) Eph. 4, 24. [*From stem of* weihs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -i-þô. *Cf. O. S.* wîheða, *O. Fris.* wîtha, *relic, O. H. G.* wî(h)ida (*S. Br., A. G., 154, n. 7, a*), *M. H. G.* wîhede, *f., consecration. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

weihnan, *w. v.* (194), *to become holy, be hallowed* (ἁγιάζεσθαι); Mt. 6, 9. — *From stem of* weihs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

weihs, *adj., holy* (ἅγιος); Mt. 3, 11. 27, 52. 53. Mk. 1, 8. 3, 29. 6, 20. 8, 38. 12, 36. Lu. 1, 3 (*added from a Lt. MS*). 15. 35. 41. 49. 67. 70. 72. 2, 25. 26. 3, 16. 22. 4, 1. 9, 26. Jo. 7, 39. 14, 26. 17, 11. Rom. 7, 12. 9, 1. 11, 16. 12, 1. 13. 14, 17. I Cor. 7, 14. 16, 1. 15. 20. II Cor. 1, 1. 6, 6. 8, 4. 9, 1. 12. 13, 12. 13. Eph. 1, 1. 4. 13. 15. 18. 2, 19. 21. 3, 5. 8. 18. 4, 12. 30. 5, 3. 27. 6, 18. Col. 1, 12. 22. 26. 3, 12. I Thess. 3, 13. 4, 8. 5, 26. 27. II Thess. 1, 10. I Tim. 5, 10. II Tim. 1, 9. 14; *w. gen.* Lu. 2, 23; *comp.* 4, 34. Mk. 1, 14.—(ὅσιος) Tit. 1, 8. (ἱερός) II Tim. 3, 15; *holy, pure* (ἁγνός); Phil. 4, 8; *sanctified* (ἡγιασμένος); Jo. 17, 19; *comp.* Skeir. II, b. III, c. d. IV, c. VI, b. VIII, a. [*Cf. O. S.* *wîh, *in* wîhdag, *m., holiday, O. H. G.* wîh, *M. H. G.* wîch (*infl.* wîher), *N. H. G.* *weih, *in* weih-nachten (*S.* nahts), weih-rauch (rauch, *m., M. H. G.* rouch, *O. H. G.* rouh(h), *O. N.* reikr, *O. S.* rôk, *smoke, steam, O. E.* rêc, *m., Mdl. E.* rêke, *Mdn. E.* reek, *vapor, smoke, steam*),

m., *M. H. G.* wîchrouch (wîhrouch), *O. H. G.* wîhrouch, *m.*, *incense*. *S.* weihaba, usweihs, weiha, weihan (*w. v.*), weihnan, weihiþa.]

weihs, *n.* (*gen.* **weihsis**), *town, village* (κώμη); Mk. 6, 6. 56. 8, 23. 26. 27. Jo. 7, 42. 11, 30; *the country* (ἀγρός); Lu. 8, 34. 9, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* wîc, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* wîc, wîk, *dwelling-place, village, house, Mdn. E.* wick (*obs.*), *town, village, castle, street, O. S.* wîc, *m.*, *O. H. G.* wîch, *m.*, *town, Du.* wijk, *part of a town or city, M. H. G.* *wîch, *in* wîch-bilde, *n.*, *jurisdiction* (*of a town or city*), *precincts, liberties, N. H. G.* weichbild (-bild, *M. H. G.* -bilde, *O. H. G.* *bilida, *right, jurisdiction; s. Kl.*, weichbild), *n.*, *precincts, liberties. From Idg. root* wîk, *to enter, dwell; comp. Skr.* viçámi, *I enter, come,* víç-, *f.*, *race, Zd.* vîs-, *village, Gr.* οἶκος (*for* ϝοῖκος), *house, O. Bulg.* vĭsĭ, *village, Lt.* vicus, *village, whence* vicinus, *adj., neighboring, whence* vicinitas, *acc.* -atem, *whence Fr.* vicinité, *whence Mdn. E.* vicinity.]

wein, *n.*, *wine* (οἶνος); Mt. 9, 17. Mk. 2, 22. 15, 23. Lu. 1, 15. 5, 37. 38. 7, 33. Eph. 5, 18. I Tim. 3, 8. 5, 23. Neh. 5, 15. 18. [*Cf. O. E.* wîn, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* wîn, *Mdn. E.* wine, *O. N.* vín, *n.*, *O. S. O. H. G. M. H. G.* wîn, *m.*, *N. H. G.* wein, *m.*, *Du.* wijn, *Eff.* weng, *m.*, *wine. Probably, borrowed from Lt.* vinum, *wine, whence* vinea, *vineyard, whence* (*through* *vinia) *Fr.* vigne, *whence Mdn. E.* vine. *Allied to Lt.* οἶνος (*for* ϝοῖνος), *wine. Comp. the follg. six words.*]

weina-basi, *n.*, *wine-berry, grape; occurs only twice, in pl.* **weina-basja,** *grapes* (*for the sing.* σταφυλή); Mt. 7, 16. Lu. 6, 44. [*From stem of* wîn *and* *basi, *q. v. Cf. O. S.* wîn-beri, *n.*, *O. H. G.* wîn-beri, -bere, *M. H. G.* wînbere, *n.*, *N. H. G.* weinbeere, *f.*, *berry of the vine, grape. Allied to O. E.* wîn-berige, *f.*, *Mdl. E.* wînberie, *grape, Mdn. E.* (*Sk.*) wimberry (*the* m *by influence of the labial following*), winberry, *th. s. Comp. follg. w.*]

weina-gards, *m.*, *vineyard* (ἀμπελών); Mk. 12, 1. 2. 8. 9. Lu. 20, 9. 10. 13. 14–16. [*From stem of* wein *and* gards, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wîn-geard, *m.*, *Mdl. E.* wînyard, *Mdn. E.* vineyard (*for* *wineyard, *by influence of* vine; *s.* wein), *O. H. G.* wîngart, *m.*, *beside* wîngarto (*S.* gards), *M. H. G.* wîngarte, *N. H. G.* weingarten, *m.*, *vineyard. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

weina-tains, *m.*, *vine-branch* (κλῆμα); Jo. 15, 4–6. — *From stem of* wein *and* tains, *q. v.*

weina-triu, *n.*, *vine* (*lit.* '*vine-tree*') (ἄμπελος); Jo. 15, 1. 4. 5; *plur.* weinatriwa, *vineyard* (ἀμπελών); I Cor. 9, 7. [*From stem of* wein *and* triu, *q. v. Cf.*

O. E. wîn-trêo, *n.*, *Mdl. E.* wîntrê. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

wein-drugkja, *m.*, *wine-drinker, wine-bibber* (*οἰνοπότης*); Lu. 7, 34. — *From* wein *and* *drugkja, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

weinuls, *adj.*, *given to wine* (*πάροινος*); I Tim. 3, 3. Tit. 1. 7. — *From stem of* wein (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -u-la. *Comp. prec. w.*

weipan, *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1), *to crown; occurs only once:* weipada, *is crowned* (*στεφανοῦται*); II Tim. 2, 5. [*Cf. O. H. G.* *wîfan, *M. H. G.* wîfen (*str. v.*), *to swing, wind, pret.* weif, *whence the caus.* weifen, *to swing, reel* (*tr.*), *N. H. G.* weifen, *to reel* (*tr.*). *From Germanic root* wīp, *to swing, vibrate, also seen in O. H. G.* wipfil (*w. l-suff.; beside* wiffil), *M. H. G.* wipfel (wiffel), *N. H. G.* wipfel, *m., top* (*of a tree*); *and in N. H. G.* (*borrowed from the L. G.*) wippe, *f., that which goes up and down, as a rocking-board, whence* wippen, *to go up and down; comp. Du.* wippen, *to jerk, rock. Comp.* *waipjan, waips, wipja.]

weis, *1st pers. plur. of* ik, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* wê, *Mdl. E.* wê, *Mdn. E.* we, *O. N.* vér, *O. S.* wî, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* wir, *Du.* wij, *we. From Idg.* wei; *comp. Skr.* vay-ám, *we, Lith.* ve-, in ve-du, *we two, which is closely allied* (*Comp. Scher., p. 374*) *to Goth.* wit (*i. e.* wi-t), *O. E. Mdl. E.* wit, *O. N.* vit (við), *O. S.* wit, *we two. Comp.* ik, meina, *ugkara, unsara.]

***weis** (*gen.* ***weisis**), *adj.*, *wise, in* **fulla-, hindar-, un-, unfaúr-, unhindar-weis,** *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* wîs, *Mdl. E.* wîs, *Mdn. E.* wise, *discreet, learned, O. N.* víss, *O. S.* wîs, *O. H. G.* wîs (*beside* wîsi), *M. H. G.* wîs (wîse), *adj., wise, experienced, learned, N. H. G.* weise, *adj., wise, sage, Du.* wijs; *furthermore, O. H. G. M. H. G.* wîs tuon (*For* tuon, *s.* *dêþs), *to make known, instruct; and late M. H. G.* einen wîs machen (einen *is acc. m. of* einer; *s.* ains; *for* machen, *s.* alls), *to inform any one of, to instruct, N. H. G.* einem etwas weis machen, *to make one believe something, deceive one, impose upon one. Germanic stem* wîso- *comes from* wît-to- (*prop. verbal adj. to* witan, *q. v.*), *from Germanic root* wīt, *Indg.* wīd; *comp. Lt.* wîsu-s (*from* wît-to-s), *seen, Gr.* *ἀ-ϝι-στος, unseen. Allied to O. E.* wîse, *f., custom, manner, wise, melody, Mdl. E.* wîse, *Mdn. E.* wise, *O. S.* wîsa, *f., way, manner, O. H. G.* wîsa, *M. H. G.* wîse, *N. H. G.* weise, *f.* (*also suff., as in* teilweise, *partial; s. Kl.* weise; *for* teil, *s.* dails), *manner, way, custom, melody; to O. H. G.* wîsa *refers O. Fr.* guise (*w. the usual change from G.* w *to Fr.* gu; — *der.* desguiser, *to disguise, whence Mdl. E.* desguîse, *Mdn. E.* disguise; *O. Fr.*

des- *from Lt.* dis-, *apart*), *way, wise, manner, whence Mdl. E.* gîse, guîse, *Mdn. E.* guise, *way, wise.* — *S. the follg. twelve words, also* *wis, *and the cognates mentioned under* witan.]

***weisei,** *f., in* **hindar-weisei,** *q. v.*— *From* *weis (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Comp. follg. w.*

***weisjan,** *w. v., to make wise, in* (a) fulla-w. *w. acc.: to inform fully, persuade* (*πείθειν w. acc.*); II Cor. 5, 11. (b) ga-fulla-w. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*): *to make known fully* (*πληροφορεῖν w. acc.*); Lu. 1, 1. [*From* *weis, *q. v. To the same stem* (wîsa-) *refer O. E.* wîsian (*pret.* wisode), *Mdl. E.* wîse, *to direct, show, lit. to make wise, O. N.* vîsa (*pret.* wîsaða), *O. S.* wîsian (*pret.* wîsda), *O. H. G.* wîssan (*w. v., from* *wîsjan, *by gemination of* s *and loss of* j), wîsen, *M. H. G.* wîsen (*w. and str.*), *N. H. G.* weisen (*str.*), *to show, direct, inform; der. M. H. G.* wisel (*w.* l-*suff.*), *m., queen-bee, lit. a guide. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***weisôn,** *w. v., to look after, go to see, visit, in* ga-w. *w. gen.: to visit* (*ἐπισκέπτεσθαι w. acc.*); Mt. 25, 43. Lu. 1, 68. 78. 7, 16; *in pass. w. nom.* (*as in Gr.*): *to be sought out, be appointed;* Neh. VII, 1. [*Cf. O. S.* wîsôn, *O. H. G.* wîsôn (*also* wîsên) *M. H. G.* wîsen, *to go to see, visit. From Idg. root* wĭd (*S.* *weis, witan), *whence also Lt.* vîsere, *to go to see, visit, intens.* visitare, *th. s., whence Fr.* visiter, *whence Mdn. E.* visit. *Comp. Fst., p. 133; Osth., M. U., IV, 77; also prec. and follg. w.*]

***weit,** *n., in* **fra-, id-weit,** *q. v.* [*From* *weitan, *q. v. An extended* jo-*stem is seen in O. E.* wîte, *n., punishment, distress* (*and in many compds.*), *Mdl. E.* wîte, *th. s., O. N.* víti, *n., punishment, O. S.* wîti, *O. H. G.* wîzzi, *M. H. G.* wîze, *n., punishment, penalty. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***weitan,** *str. v.* (172, *n.* 1; 197, *n.* 1), *to see, in* (a) fra-w. *w. acc.: to avenge, revenge* (*ἐκδικεῖν w. acc.*); Lu. 18, 5. II Cor. 10, 6; *and folld. by* ana *w. dat.* (*ἀπό w. gen.*); Lu. 18, 3; *pres. partic.* fraweitands *is used as a m. subst.* (115): *revenger* (*ἔκδικος*); Rom. 13, 4. I Thess. 4, 6. (b) in-w., *to worship* (*προσκυνεῖν*); Jo. 12, 20; *w. acc.* (*as in Gr.*); Mk. 5, 6. Lu. 4, 8. (*in Gr. the dat.*) Mt. 8, 2. 9, 18. Mk. 15, 19. I Cor. 14, 25. (*ἐνώπιον w. gen.*) Lu. 4, 7; *to salute* (*ἀσπάζεσθαι w. acc.*); Mk. 9, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* wîtan, *to see, rebuke, Mdl. E.* wîte, *to look, behold, see; to look in any direction with the intention to go, to set out towards; to reproach, rebuke, Mdn. E.* wite (*obs.*), *to reproach, blame* (*Comp.* twit, *to reproach, shortened from Mdl. E.* atwîte, *O. E.* æt-wîtan, *to reproach;*

for æt, *at, upon, s.* at), *O. S.* wîtan, *to reproach, O. H. G.* wîzan, *to see, observe, reprove, punish, M. H. G.* wîze, *to reproach, N. H. G.* *weisen, *in* ver-weisen (*For* ver-, *s.* faír-, fra-), *to reprove, reprimand, M. H. G.* verwîzen (*whence* verwîz, *N. H. G.* verweis, *m., rebuke, reproof*), *O. H. G.* firwîzan, *th. s., Du.* wijten, *to reproach, blame, impute,* verwijtan (verwijt, *n., reproach*), *to reproach. Root* wît *is further seen in O. E.* *wîtiz (*w. suff.* -iz), *adj., wise, whence* wîteza (*w. suff.* -an), *m., Mdl. E.* wîteze, *seer, prophet, whence O. E.* wîtigian, *Mdl. E.* wîteze, *to prophesy; in O. H. G.* *wîzag, *wise, whence* wîzago, wîzzago, *beside* wîssago (*by influence of* wîs; *s.* weis; *and* sago, *m., speaker; comp. N. H. G.* sagen, *to speak, say, Mdn. E.* say), *M. H. G.* wîssage (*whence O. H. G.* wîssagôn, *M. H. G.* wîssagen, *N. H. G.* weissagen, *to prophesy*), *also* wîssager (*a later formation, w. m. suff.* -er), *N. H. G.* weissager, *m., seer, prophet, whence O. Du.* wijssegger, *whence Mdn. E.* wiseacre. *From Idg. root* vîd; *s.* witan, weis, *also prec. and follg. w.*]

***weitjan,** *w. v., in* (a) faír-w., *to look about inquisitively* (*for* περιεργάζεσθαι); II Thess. 3, 11. (*pres. partic. for* περίεργος) I Tim. 5, 13; *to look at, behold, fix the eyes upon* (σκοπεῖν *w. acc.*); II Cor. 4, 18; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (ἀτενίζειν *w. dat.*); Lu. 4, 20 (*or* εἰς *w. acc.*) II Cor. 3, 7; in *w. acc.* (ἀτενίζειν εἰς *w. acc.*); II Cor. 3, 13. (b) id-w. *w. dat.: to reproach* (ὀνειδίζειν *w. acc.*); Mt. 11, 20. 27, 44. Mk. 15, 32. Lu. 6, 22 (*dat. understood*); *w. acc.;* Rom. 15, 3; *pass.: to suffer reproach;* I Tim. 4, 10. [*From* *weit, *q. v. Cf. Mdl. E.* (ed)wîte (*w. v.*), *to reproach, blame. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

***weitl,** *n., in* **faír-weitl,** *q. v.* — *From root of* *weitan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -la. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

weitwôdei, *f., witness, testimony* (μαρτύριον); II Cor. 1, 12. II Thess. 1, 10. I Tim. 2, 6. (μαρτυρία) Tit. 1, 13. Skeir. VI, b. — *From* weitwôþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. *Comp. follg. w.*

weitwôdeins, *f., witness* (*the act of furnishing evidence or proof*); Skeir. VI, c. — *From* weitwôdjan (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -î-ni. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

weitwôdi, *n., witness, testimony* (**þaírh weitwôdja,** διὰ μαρτύρων; *s. note*); II Tim. 2, 2. — *From stem of* weitwôþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* weitwôdei, *also prec. and follg. w.*

weitwôdiþa, *f., witness, testimony* (μαρτύριον); Mt. 8, 4. Mk. 1, 44. 6, 11. Lu. 5, 14. 9, 5 II Tim. 1, 8. (μαρτυρία) Mk. 14,

55. 56. 59. Jo. 3, 32 (weitwôdida *in MS*). 5, 36. 8, 13. 14. 17. I Tim. 3, 7; weitwôdiþa haban, *to have a witness, to be well reported of* (*μαρτυρεῖσθαι*); I Tim. 5, 10. — *From* weitwôþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iþô. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

weitwôdjan, *w. v., to witness, testify* (*usually μαρτυρεῖν; s. exceptions below*); Jo. 12, 17. 13, 21. 15, 27. II Cor. 8, 3. I Thess. 4, 6 (*διαμαρτύρεσθαι*); w. in andwaírþja *w. gen.: to witness before* (*διαμαρτύρεσθαι ἐνώπιον w. gen.*); II Tim. 2, 14. 4, 1; *and folld. by a clause introduced by* ei (*ἵνα*); I Tim. 5, 21; — *w. acc.* (*as in Gr.*); I Tim. 6, 13. Skeir. IV, c; *and folld. by* ana (*against*) *w. acc.* (*καταμαρτυρεῖν w. acc. of th. and gen. of pers.*); Mt. 27, 13. Mk. 14, 60. 15, 4; galiug weitwôdjan ana *w. acc.: to bear false witness against* (*ψευδομαρτυρεῖν κατά w. gen.*); Mk. 14, 56. 57; — *w. dat.* (*as in Gr.*); Lu. 4, 22. Jo. 18, 37. Skeir. IV, a. c. VI, b; *and folld. by a clause introduced by* þatei (*ὅτι*); Rom. 10, 2. Gal. 4, 15. 5, 3 (*μαρτύρεσθαι*); Col. 4, 13; — *folld. by* bi *w. dat.* (*κατά w. gen.*) *and a clause introduced by* þatei (*ὅτι*); I Cor. 15, 15; *or* bi *w. acc.* (*περί w. gen.*) Jo. 8, 13. 14. 18. 10, 25. 15, 26. 18, 23. Skeir. VI, c; *and a clause introduced by* þatei (*ὅτι*); Jo. 7, 7. VI, b; — in *w. dat.* (*ἐν w. dat.*) *folld. by a clause introduced by* ei (*in Gr. the acc. w. inf.*); Eph. 4, 17 (*μαρτύρεσθαι*); du *w. inf.* (*εἰς τό w. inf.*); I Thess. 2, 12. — *Compd.* miþ-w. *w. dat.: to bear witness with* (*συμμαρτυρεῖν w. dat.*); Rom. 9, 1. — *From* weitwôþs, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

weitwôþs (weitwôds; 30; 74, *n.* 2; 117), *m., witness* (*μάρτυς*); Mt. 26, 65. Mk. 14, 63. II Cor. 13, 1. I Tim. 5, 19. 6, 12. [*An old perfect partic. active from root* wîd (*S.* witan, *also* weis, *weitan); *cf. Gr.* εἰδώς, *gen.* εἰδότος (*from* *ϝειδ- ϝωτ-ς, ϝειδ- ϝοτ-ος; *s. Fst.*, weitwôþs). *Comp.* weitwôdei, weitwôdeins, weitwôdiþa, weitwôdjan, *and* galiuga-weitwôþs.]

***wêna,** *w. adj., in* **us-wêna,** *q. v.* — *From* wêns, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***wêniggô,** *adv., in* **un-wêniggô,** *q. v.* [*From stem of* wêns (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iggô. *Cf. O. E.* wêninga, *adv., almost, perhaps* (*S. v. Bd., p. 183*). *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

wênjan, *w. v., to wait, be in expectation* (*προσδοκᾶν*); Lu. 3, 15; *w. acc.: to wait or look for, expect* (*προσδοκᾶν w. acc.*); Lu. 7, 19. 20; *to hope, trust* (*ἐλπίζειν*), *w. acc.* (*as in Gr.*); I Cor. 13, 7; *w.* swaswê; II Cor. 8, 5; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*εἰς w. acc.*); Jo. 5, 45. II Cor. 1, 10. (*ἐπί w. dat.*) Rom. 15, 12. I Tim. 4, 10. (*ἐπί w. acc.*) I Tim. 5, 5; in *w. dat.* (*ἐν w. dat.*); I

Cor. 15, 19; *w. inf.* (*as in Gr.*); Lu. 6, 34. Phil. 2, 23. I Tim. 3, 14; *acc. and inf.* (*inf. in Gr.*); I Cor. 16, 7. II Cor. 5, 11; *folld. by a clause introduced by* ei (ὅτι); II Cor. 1, 10. 13. 13, 6. Philem. 22. — *Compds.* (a) faúra-w. in *w. dat.*: *to put one's hope in beforehand* (προελπίζειν ἐν *w. dat.*); Eph. 1, 12. (b) ga-w. *w. acc.* (*demonstr. prn. before a rel. clause*): *to suppose* (ὑπολαμβάνειν, ὅτι *before a rel. clause*); Lu. 7, 43. [*From stem of* wêns, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wênan, *to imagine, think, hope, Mdl. E.* wêne, *Mdn. E.* ween (*obs. or poet.*), *to think, imagine, fancy, O. N.* vána, *to hope, expect, O. S.* wânian, *to be aware of, expect, O. H. G.* wânnen (*from* *wânjan (*by gemination of* n *and loss of* j), *M. H. G.* wænen, *to think, suppose, hope, N. H. G.* wähnen, *w. v., to fancy, imagine, think, Du.* wanen. *Comp.* *wêna, wêniggo.]

wêns, *f.* (103), *expectation, hope* (ἐλπίς); Rom. 12, 12. 15, 4. II Cor. 1, 6. 3, 12. Gal. 5, 5. Eph. 1, 18. 2, 12. 4, 4. Phil. 1, 20. Col. 1, 23. 27. I Thess. 2, 19. 4, 13. 5, 8. II Thess. 2, 16. I Tim. 1, 1. Tit. 1, 2; wên haban *w. inf.* (*as in Gr.*); II Cor. 10, 15. [*Cf. O. E.* wên (*from* *wôni-, *by* i-*uml., from West-Germanic* wâni-, *Germanic* wæni-), *f., hope, expectation, belief, Mdl. E.* wêne, *hope, opinion, doubt, O. N.* ván, *f., expectation, O. S.* wân, *m., hope, O. H. G. M. H. G.* wân, *opinion, belief, hope, N. H. G.* wahn, *m., an erroneous opinion, delusion, fancy* (*not allied to* wahn- *in* wahnsinn; *s.* wans). *S.* *wêna, wêniggô, wênjan.]

wêpn, *n.* (*occurs only in pl.*), *weapon* (ὅπλον); Jo. 18, 3. II Cor. 6, 7. 10, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* wæpen (*for* wæpen; *the* e *simply denotes the syllabic value of the vocalic* n), *n., Mdl. E.* wepen, *Mdn. E.* weapon, *O. N.* vápn, *O. S.* wâpan, *n., O. H. G.* waffan, wafan, *M. H. G.* waffen, wâfen, *weapon, armor, armorial ensign* (*also* wapen, *th. s., a L. G. form, N. H. G.* wappen, *n., armorial ensign, coat of arms*), *n., N. H. G.* waffe (*gender and form being due to f. nouns in* -e, *plur.* -en), *n., weapon.*]

Wêrêka, *pr. n., acc.* -an; Cal.

***wêrjan,** *w. v., in* (a) tuz-w., *to doubt* (διακρίνεσθαι); Mk. 11, 23. (b) un-w., *to be displeased* (ἀγανακτεῖν); Mk. 10, 14; *folld. by* bi (*about, with*) *w. acc.* (περί *w. acc.*); Mk. 10, 41. — *From* *wêrs, *q. v.*

***wêrs,** *adj., kind, gentle, friendly, faithful, true; occurs in the ders.* *wêrjan, *wêrei, un-wêrei, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E.* wær, *adj., true, correct, O. N.* værr, *adj., gentle, friendly, O. S.* wâr, *true, truthful, O. H. G.* wâr (wâri), *M. H. G.* wâr (wære), *N. H. G.* wahr, *adj., true, Du.* waar, *Eff.* wǫe,

th. s. Furthermore, Lt. verus (*whence* veritas, *truth, acc.* -atem, *whence Fr.* verité, *whence Mdn. E.* verity; *to the Lt. phrase* vere (*adv.*) dictum (*pret. partic. n. of* dicere, *to say; s.* *teihan), *truly said, Vulg. Lt.* veredictum, *true saying, verdict, refers O. Fr.* verdit, *whence Mdl. E.* verdit, *Mdn. E.* verdict, *prop.* *verdit), *true, whence stem* verac- (*nom* .verax, *true, whence also Mdn. E.* veracious, *truthful*), *in Vulg. Lt.* veracum (*acc.*), *whence O. Fr.* verai (*Comp. Br.*, vrai), *whence Mdl. E.* verrai, *Mdn. E.* very. — *Comp. Kl.*, albern.]

***wêsei,** *f., in* **balwa-wêsei,** *q. v.* — *From stem of adj.* wês (*not found*), *from* wisan, *q. v.*

***wida,** *f., bond, in* **kuna-wida,** *q. v.* [*From* *widan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -an.

***widan,** *str. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *to bind, in* (a) ga-w. *w. acc.: to join together* (*συζευγνύναι w. acc.*); Mk. 10, 9. (b) in-w. *w. acc.: to deny* (*ἀπαρνεῖσθαι w. acc.*); Mt. 26, 75. (*in A*). Mk. 8, 34. 14, 72. (*ἀρνεῖσθαι*) I Tim. 5, 8. II Tim. 3, 5. Tit. 1, 16; *to reject* (*ἀθετεῖν w. acc.*); Mk. 7, 9. [*Cf. O. H. G.* wetan, *M. H. G.* weten, *str. v., to bind, join, yoke. Allied to O. E.* wǣd, *f.*, wǣde, *n., Mdl. E.* wêde, *Mdn. E.* weed, *garment, O. N.* váð, *f., O. S.* wâd, *f.*, wâdi, *n., O. H. G. M. H. G.* wât, *f., garment, cloth, N. H. G.* (*archaic*) wat, *f., garment, beside O. H. G.* gi-wâti, *M. H. G.* ge-wæte, *n., garment, for which N. H. G.* gewand (*S.* windan), *n., garment. Comp.* *wiss.]

widuwaírna, *m., orphan* (*ὀρφανός, orphaned, comfortless*); Jo. 14, 18. — *Prop. w. adj. used as subst., from* widuwô (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -aírna-.

widuwô (widowô; Lu. 7, 12; *comp. Goth. Gr.* 14, *n.* 3), *f., widow* (*χήρα*); Lu. 2, 37. 4, 25. 26. 7, 12. 18, 3. 5. I Cor. 7, 8. I Tim. 5, 3–5. 9. 11. 16. [*Cf. O. E.* widwe, widewe, *f., Mdl. E.* widewe, *Mdn. E.* widow, *O. S.* widowa, *O. H. G.* wituwa (witawa), *M. H. G.* witewe, witwe, *N. H. G.* witwe (wittib; *s. Kl.*, wittib), *Du.* weduwe, *f., widow; furthermore, Lt.* vidua, *Skr.* vidhâwâ, *O. Bulg.* vĭdova, *th. s. Perhaps allied to Skr. root* vidh, *to lack; Gr. ἠ-ϊθεος, unmarried.* — *Der. Mdl. E.* widewer (*w. suff.* -er), *Mdn. E.* widower, *M. H. G.* witwære, *N. H. G.* witwer, *m., widower. Comp. prec. w.*]

wiga-deinô (*or* **-deina;** *occurs only once, in dat. pl.* -ôm), *f., thistle* (*τρίβολος*); Mt. 7, 16. — *From stem of* wigs *and* deinô, *q. v.*

***wigan,** *str. v.* (176, *n.* 2), *to move, shake, in* ga-w., *to shake up* (*σαλεύειν*); Lu. 6, 38. [*Cf. O. E.* weȝan, *Mdl. E.* weȝe, weie, *to carry, bear, be moved, move, raise, lift, weigh, Mdn. E.* weigh, *O. N.* vega, *to move, lift, O. H.*

G. wegan, *M. H. G.* wegen (*tr. and intr.*), *to move, weigh, N. H. G.* -wegen (=wiegen, *to rock, wave, weigh,* gewiegt, *skilled;*= wägen, *to weigh,* erwägen (*For* er-, *s.* us), *to weigh in the mind, consider;* gewogen, *affectionate; the str. and the w. v.* -wegen (*S.* wagjan) *have been mixed*), *in* be-wegen (*str. v.*), *to move, persuade, induce. From Germanic root* weg, *also seen in O. E.* wæȝn, (*contr.*) wǽn, *m., wagon, vehicle, Mdl. E.* wain i *from* ȝ), *Mdn. E.* wain, *wagon, O. N.* vagn, *O. H. G.* wagan, *M. H. G.* wagen, *N. H. G.* wagen, *m., wagon, Du.* wagen, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* wagon (waggon); *comp. Gr.* ὄχος, *wagon;*— *in O. E.* wǽȝ, *f., Mdl. E.* waie, *scales, a weight, also scales, Mdn. E.* wey, *a heavy weight, O. S. O. H. G.* wâga (*whence* waganâri, *w. suff.* -âri, *M. H. G.* wagener, *N. H. G.* wagner, *m., wagon-wright, also* Wagner, *pr. n.*), *M. H. G.* wâge (*whence* wâgen, *N. H. G.* wagen, *to venture, risk, dare*), *N. H. G.* wage, *f., balance, scales; and in O. E.* (ȝe)wiht (*w.* t-*suff.*), *n., weight, Mdl. E.* (i)wiht, *beside* weiht, *Mdn. E.* weight, *O. N.* vætt, *O. H. G.* gi-wiht, *M. H. G.* gewiht, gewihte, *N. H. G.* gewicht, *n., weight. The corresponding Idg. root* wegh *is seen in Skr.* vah, *to carry, O. Bulg.* vesti, *Lt.* vehere, *to bear, carry, convey, whence* vehiculum, *carriage, whence Mdn. E.* vehicle; *to* convexus (*pret. partic. of* convehere, *to bring together;* con=cum, *together*), *arched, vaulted, refers Mdn. E.* convex, *N. H. G.* convex; *s. Sk.*, vehicle. — *Comp.* wagjan, wigs.]

wign, *n., fight, war;* **du wigna** (εἰς πόλεμον); Lu. 14, 31 (*S. note*). *From root of* weihan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -na.

wigs, *m., way* (ὁδός); Mt. 5, 25. 7, 13. 14. 8, 28. 11, 10. Mk. 1, 2. 3. 4, 4. 15. 6, 8. 8, 3. 27. 9, 33. 10, 17. 32. 46. 52. 11, 8. 12, 14. Lu, 1, 76. 79. 2, 44. 3, 4. 5. 7, 27. 8, 5. 12. 9, 3. 57. 10, 4. 14, 23. 18, 35. 19, 36. 20, 21. Jo. 14, 4-6. Rom. 11, 33. I Thess. 3, 11. Skeir. II, a. [*Cf. O. E.* weȝ, *m., way, path, Mdl. E.* wei, wai, *Mdn. E.* way, *O. N.* vegr, *O. S.* weg, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* wec (*gen.* weges), *N. H. G.* weg, *Du.* weg, *m., way. Comp. also O. E.* ǫnweȝ (*For* ǫn, *s.* ana), *away, Mdl. E.* awei, *Mdn. E.* away; *M. H. G.* enwec (*for* in wec, *on the way; for* in, *s.* in), *N. H. G.* weg, *Du.* weg, *adv., away; O. E.* ealne weȝ (*acc.*), *Mdl. E.* alne wei, al wei, *and* alles weis (*gen.*), *Mdn. E.* alway, always; *M. H. G.* von—wegen, *N. H. G.* von—wegen; *as,* von rechts wegen, *for the sake of justice, short* wegen, *prep., on account of.* — *From root of* *wigan, *q. v. Furthermore, comp. Lt.* via (*from* veh-iâ, vegh-iâ; *comp. Fst., p. 134*),

way, whence Vulg. Lt. conviare (con = *Lt.* con=cum, *with*), *to accompany, whence O. Fr.* conveier, -voier, *to convey, accompany on the way, whence Mdl. E.* conveie, convoie, *Mdn. E.* convey, convoy; *Lt.* de-viare (de, *from*), *to go out of the way, pret. partic.* deviatus, *whence Mdn. E.* deviate; *Lt.* viaticus, *belonging to a road or journey, whence* viaticum, *traveling-money, provision for a journey, whence O. Fr.* veiage, voyage, *whence Mdl. E.* viage, veage, *Mdn. E.* voyage. *For further cognates of Lt.* origin, *such as* de-, per-, ob-, per-, im-per-, pre-vious, envoy, invoice, obviate, *s. Sk.*, viaduct.— *Comp.* fram-wigs, wiga-deinô.]

wikô, *f., week* (*for τάξις, turn, order; s. GL.*, viko); Lu. 1, 8. [*Cf. O. E.* wice, wicu (wucu, *Mdl. E.* wouke, wu-, *from* wio-, *from* wi-; *s.* wuht, *under* waíhts), *f., Mdl. E.* weke(*Comp. Kl.*, woche), wike, *Mdn. E.* week, *O. N.* vika, *O. S.* wika, *O. H. G.* wecha, woche (*Br., A. Gr. 29, n. 4*), *M. H. G. N. H. G.* woche, *Du.* week, *Eff.* weich, *f., week.* (*Comp. Fst.*, wikô).]

wilja, *m.* (108), *will* (*θέλημα*); Mt. 6, 10. 7, 21. 10, 29 (*S. note*). Mk. 3, 35. Jo. 6, 38. 40. 7, 17. 9, 31. Rom. 12, 2. I Cor. 16, 12. II Cor. 1, 1. 8, 5. Eph. 1, 1. 5. 9 (*first*). 11. 2, 3. 5, 17. Col. 1, 9. 4, 12. I Thess. 4, 3. 5, 18. II Tim. 1, 1. 2, 26. Gal. 1, 4. Skeir. I, c. V, b. c. (*βούλημα*) Rom. 9, 19. (*πρόθεσις*) Eph. 1, 11. (*προθυμία*) II Cor. 8, 12; *pleasure, wish, desire* (*εὐδοκία*); Rom. 10, 1. Eph. 1, 9 (*second*); gôþs wilja, *good will* (*εὐδοκία*); Lu. 2, 14. Phil. 1, 15; frijôndans wiljan seinana, *lovers of pleasure* (*φιλήδονοι*); II Tim. 3, 4. [*From* wiljan *q. v. Cf. O. E.* willa, *m., Mdl. E.* wille, *Mdn. E.* will, *O. N.* vili, *O. S.* willio, *O. H. G.* willo, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wille, *Du.* wil, *Eff.* welle, *m., will.* — *Der. O. H. G.* willîg (*w. suff.* -îg), *M. H. G.* willec, *N. H. G.* willig, *adj., willing.* — *Compds.: Mdl. E.* wilful (*For* ful, *s.* fulls), *Mdn. E.* wil(l)ful; *late M. H. G.* willevarn (*For* varn, *s.* faran), *N. H. G.* willfahren, *to yield to, comply with; M. H. G.* willekür, *f., volition, free will, N. H. G.* willkür (*For* -kür, *s.* kiusan), *f., arbitrariness, caprice, whence* willkürlich (*w. suff.* -lich; *s.* *leiks), *adj., arbitrary, capricious, M. H. G.* willekürlich, *voluntary.* — *Comp.* *wiljei, *wiljis, wiljahalþei.]

Wilia, *pr. n.* (40, *n.* 1).

wilja-halþei, *f.* (113, *n.* 2), *respect of persons* (*προσωπολημψία*); Eph. 6, 9. Col. 3, 25 (*S. note*); *special favor, partiality* (*πρόσκλισις*); I Tim. 5, 21. — *From* wilja *and* *halþei, *q. v.*

wiljan, *an. v.* (205), *to will, wish* (*usually for θέλειν*), *abs.* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 8, 2. 3. Mk. 1, 40. 41.

14, 7. Lu. 5, 12. 13. 18, 4. Rom. 7, 18. 9, 16. II Cor. 8, 10. 11; *w.* swaswê (*καθώς*); I Cor. 12, 18. II Cor. 12, 20 (*first*). (*βούλεσθαι*) I Cor. 12, 11; *w. acc.* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 5, 40. 9, 13. 27, 43. Mk. 3, 13. 6, 22. 10, 51. Lu. 5, 39. Jo. 15, 7. Rom. 7, 15. 16. 19. 20. I Cor. 16, 2 (*εὐοδοῦσθαι; s. note*). II Cor. 12, 20 (mik *being added*). II Cor. 11, 12; swa filu swê (*ὅσον*); Jo. 6, 11. Skeir. VII, c; *w. inf.* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 5, 40. 42. 11, 14. Mk. 6, 19. 26. 8, 34. 35. Lu. 9, 23. 24. 10, 24. 29. 14, 28. 15, 28. 18, 13. 20, 46. Jo. 6, 21. 67. 7, 1. 17. 44. 8, 44. 9, 27. 12, 21. 16, 19. Rom. 7, 21. 9, 22. I Cor. 10, 27. 16, 7. II Cor. 5, 4. 11, 32. 12, 6. Gal. 1, 7. 3, 2. 4, 9. 17. 20. 21. 6, 12. Col. 1, 27. I Thess. 2, 18. II Thess. 3, 10. I Tim. 1, 7. II Tim. 3, 12. Skeir. VI, a. Philem. 14. (*βούλεσθαι*) Mk. 15, 15. Lu. 10, 22. II Cor. 1, 15. I Tim. 6, 9. Philem. 13. Skeir. V, b. VII, c; *an inf. being implied* (*θέλειν*); Lu. 4, 6. Gal. 5, 17. Col. 2, 18. Rom. 9, 18; *folld. by the nom. w. inf.* (*θέλειν*); Mk. 9, 35. 10, 43. 44. Jo. 9, 27. I Tim. 1, 7; *acc. w. inf.* (*θέλειν*); Mk. 7, 24. 10, 36. Lu. 1, 62. 19, 14. 27. I Cor. 7, 7. 10, 20. 11, 3. Gal. 6, 13. I Tim. 2, 4; *comp.* Mk. 15, 9 *and note.* (*βούλεσθαι*) I Tim. 2, 8. 5, 14; *the inf.* (wisan) *being omitted* (*θέλειν*); Rom. 11, 25. I Cor. 10, 1. II Cor. 1, 8. I Thess. 4, 13; ei *w. opt.* (*θέλειν w. subj.*); Mt. 27, 17. Mk. 10, 51. 14, 12. 15, 12. Lu. 9, 54. 18, 41. 18, 39 (*βούλεσθαι w. subj.*). (*or ἵνα w. subj.*) Mk. 6, 25. 9, 30. 10, 35. Lu. 6, 31. Jo. 17, 24. (*or inf.*) Rom. 13, 3; silba wiljands, *of his own accord* (*αὐθαίρετος*); II Cor. 8, 17. [*Cf. O. E.* willan (*pret.* wolde), *Mdl. E.* wille *pret.* wolde), *Mdn. E.* will (*pret.* would; *neg.* nill, *Mdl. E.* nille, *O. E.* nillan, *contr. from* ne willan, *not to will*), *to be willing, desire, O. N.* vilja (*pret.* vilda), *O. S.* willian (*pret.* welda, wolda), *O. H. G.* wellen, wollen (*pret.* wolta, welta; *s. Br., A. Gr., 385*), *M. H. G.* wellen, wollen (*pret.* wolte, wolde), *N. H. G.* wollen (*pret.* wollte), *Du.* willen, *Eff.* welle, *to will, desire. From Idg. root* vel, *also seen in Lt.* velle, *to will, wish, desire, Skr.* vṛ (var), *to choose, prefer, O. Bulg.* voliti, *to will. — Comp.* wilja, *wiljei, wiljis, wilja-halþei, *also* waíla, walis, waljan.]

Wiljariþ, *pr. n.;* Neap. doc.

***wiljei,** *f., willingness, in* **ana-wiljei,** *q. v. — From stem of* wiljis (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în.

***wiljis,** *adj., willing, in* **ga-, silba-wiljis,** *q. v. — From root of* wiljan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

wilþeis, *adj.* (127), *wild;* Mk. 1, 6 (*gloss to* haiþiwisk, *ἄγριος*); wilþeis alêwabagms, *wild olive tree* (*ἀγριέλαιος*); Rom. 11, 17. 24. [*Cf. O. E.* wild, *adj., wild,*

savage, *Mdl. E.* wîld, *Mdn. E.* wild, *O. N.* villr, *adj.*, *wild, also astray, bewildered, confused*, *O. S. O. H. G.* wildi, *M. H. G.* wilde, *N. H. G.* wild, *adj.*, *Du.* wild, *Eff.* weld, *whence, respectively*, *Mdl. E.* wildnesse (*w. suff.* -nesse), *Mdn. E.* wildness, *M. H. G.* wiltnisse, *f. n.*, *N. H. G.* wildnis, *f.*, *wilderness, desert*, *Allied to O. E.* wild, *beside* wilder (*which in my opinion stands for* *wildor, *as* lǫmber *from* lǫmbor, *beside* lǫmb; *s.* lamb; *comp. P., Beitr., VI, 187; Mrch., Compar. Gr., 82, (a); Siev., O. E. Gr., 290. Others hold that* wilder *has been shortened from* wild dêor, *a wild animal; for* dêor, *s.* dius), *n.*, *Mdl. E.* wilde, *O. H. G.* wild, *M. H. G.* wilt(d), *N. H. G.* wild, *n.*, *wild animals, game, from Germanic* wilþiz-, *pre-Germanic* wéltos- (os-*stem*), *n.*, *th. s. O. E.* wilder *occurs further in Mdl. E.* wilderne (*w. adj. suff.* -n; *Sk.*), *a place where wild animals live, a desert, whence Mdl. E.* wildernesse (*for* *wildernnesse, *w. suff.* -nesse; *s. Kl., Nom. St., p. 62*), *Mdn. E.* wilderness, *a waste place.*]

wilwa, *w. adj. used as subst., m., extortioner, robber* (ἅρπαξ); Lu. 18, 11. I Cor. 5, 10. 11. — *From* wilwan, *q. v.*

wilwan, *str. v., w. acc.: to take by force, to plunder, rob* (ἁρπάϛειν *w. acc.*); Jo. 6, 15 (*acc. understood*). (διαρπάϛειν *w. acc.*) Mk. 3, 27; *pres. partic.* wilwands, *ravening* (ἅρπαξ); Mt. 7, 15. — *Compds.* (a) dis-w. *w. acc.: to plunder completely* (διαρπάϛειν *w. acc.*); Mk. 3, 27. (b) fra-w. *w. acc.* (*in pass. the nom.*): *to take by force, seize, catch, snatch* (ἁρπάϛειν *w. acc.*) Mt. 11, 12. (*once* συναρπάϛειν *w. acc.*) Lu. 8, 29; *folld. by* du *w. inf.* (εἰϛ *w. acc.*); I Thess. 4, 17; in *w. acc.* (εἰϛ *w. acc.*); II Cor. 12, 4; und *w. acc.* (ἕως *w. gen.*) II Cor. 12, 2; w. us *w. dat.* (ἐκ *w. gen.*): *to snatch away from, pluck out of;* Jo. 10, 29. [*F. de Saussure* (*S. Fst., p. 135*), *compares Gr.* ἕλκειν (*S.* wulfs), *Lith.* velkù, *to drag, tear. Comp.* wilwa, wulva.]

***windan,** *str.* v. (174, *n.* 1), *to wind, in* (a) bi-w. *w. acc.: to wind round, inwrap, swathe* (σπαργανοῦν *w. acc.*); Lu. 2, 7; *pret. partic.* biwundans, *wrapped;* Lu. 2, 12; *and instr.* (ἐνειλεῖν *w. acc. of pers. and instr. of th.*); Mk. 15, 46 (*or* ἐντυλίσσειν); Mt. 27, 59. (b) du-ga-w. sik *w. dat. of th.: to entangle one's self in* (ἐμπλέκεσϑαι *w. dat.*); II Tim. 2, 4. (c) us-w. *w. acc.: to plat, plait* (πλέκειν *w. acc.*); Mk. 15, 17. Jo. 19, 2. [*Cf. O. E.* windan (*pret.* wand), *Mdl. E.* winde, *Mdn. E.* wind, *O. N.* vinda, *O. S.* windan, *O. H. G.* wintan, *M. H. G. N. H. G. Du.* winden, *to wind, twist, Eff.* wönge (*N. H. G. medial* ind = *Eff.* öng; *comp.*

bönge, fönge, *N. H. G.* binden, finden; *s.* bindan, finþan), *to wind.* — *Ders.: O. H. G.* winta, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* winde, *Eff.* wönd, *f.*, *windlass;* — *O. N.* vindáss (*For* áss, *s.* ans, *Appendix*), *windlass, whence Mdl. E.* windas, *Mdn. E.* windlass, *by influence of* windlass, *a circuit, from* wind, *v., and* lass, *for* lace; *s. Sk.*, windlass;—*O. H. G.* wintila, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* windel, *f., swaddling-cloth;* — *O. H. G.* giwant, *a winding, turning, also garment, lit.* 'that which *is wound round, M. H. G.* gewant(d), *n., clothing, armor, cloth, N. H. G.* gewand, *n., garment;* — *O. E.* wandrian, *Mdl. E.* wandre, *Mdn. E.* wander, *M. H. G.* wandern, *N. H. G.* wandern, *to wander, ramble, go, walk; O.H.G.* wantalôn, *M.H.G.* wandelen, wandeln, *to change, exchange, negotiate, settle, also intr.: to wander, go, travel, N. H. G.* wandeln, *intr.: to go, walk, trans.: to change, whence O. H. G.* wantal, *M. H. G.* wandel, *m., retrogression, change, exchange, mutability, fickleness, fault; trade, commerce, intercourse, N. H. G.* wandel, *m., conduct, behavior;* handel (*S.* handus) und wandel, *trade, commerce.* — *S.* *winds, *windiþa, wandjan, *wandeins.]

***windiþa,** *f., in* **in-windiþa,** *q. v.* — *From* *winds (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -iþô.

***winds,** *adj., in* **in-winds,** *q. v.* — *From* windan, *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

winds, *m., wind* (*ἄνεμος*); Mt. 7, 25. 27. 8, 26. 27. 11, 7. Mk. 4, 37. 39. 41. 13, 27. Lu. 7, 24. 8, 23–25. Jo. 6, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* wind, *m., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* wind, *O. N.* vindr, *O. S.* wind, *O. H. G.* wint, *M. H. G.* wint(d), *N. H. G.* wind, *m., Du.* wind, *Eff.* wönk (*N. H. G. final* ind = *Eff.* önk; *comp.* könk, blönk, *N. H. G.* kind, blind; *s.* *kunds, blinds), *m., th. s. Germanic stem* windo- *refers to* ventó-, *Indg.* vēnto-; *comp. Skr.* vátas (*for* vántas), *Gr.* *ἀήτης*, *Lt.* ventus (*Concerning* ĕ *from* ê, *s. Fst.*, mimz), *wind. From root* vê; *s.* waian. — *Der. Mdn. E.* wind (*pret.* winded; wound *is due to confusion w. th. pret. of* wind = *Goth.* windan, *q. v.*), *to blow a horn. For Mdn. E.* window, *s.* augô.]

winja, *f., pasture* (*νομή*); Jo. 10, 9. [*Cf. O. N.* vin, *f., pasture, O. H. G.* winne, *f., th. s., compd.* winni-, wunni-mânôd (*For* mânôd, *s.* mênôþs), winne-, wunne-, mânôt, *N. H. G.* wonnemonat, *May, lit.* 'pasture-month'. *S. Kl.*, wonne; *Fst.*, -wunands.]

winna, *f., passion, inordinate affection* (*πάθος*); Col. 3, 5 (*in A;* winnôn *in B*). — *From* winnan, *q. v. Comp.* winnô.

winnan, *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), (1) *without obj.: to suffer, sorrow* (*ὀδυνᾶσθαι*); Lu. 2, 48 (*πάσχειν*); *folld. by* faúr *w. acc.*

(ὑπέρ *w. gen.*); Phil. 1, 29; in *w. gen.* (ὑπέρ *w. gen.*); II Thess. 1, 5; winnandans arbaidai (*for* ἐν κόπῳ καὶ μόχθῳ, *with labor and travail*); II Thess 3, 8. (2) *w. acc.: to suffer* (πάσχειν *w. acc.*); Mk. 8, 31. 9, 12. Lu. 9, 22. II Cor. 1, 6; aglôns w., *to suffer afflictions* (θλίβεσθαι); I Tim. 5, 10; agliþôs w., *to suffer tribulation* (θλίβεσθαι); I Thess. 3, 4; wraka (*or* -ôs) w., *to suffer persecution* (διώκεσθαι); Gal. 6, 12. II Tim. 3, 12; *and folld. by* fram *w. dat.* (ὑπό *w. gen.*); I Thess. 2, 14; in *w. gen.* (διά *w. acc.*); II Tim. 1, 12; in þammei winna faúr izwis, *in that which I suffer for you, in my sufferings for you* (ἐν τοῖς παθήμασιν ὑπὲρ ὑμῶν); Col. 1, 24. — *Compd.* ga-w. *w. acc.: to suffer* (πάσχειν *w. acc.*); Gal. 3, 4. [*Cf. O. E.* winnan, *to fight, struggle, toil,* ȝe-winnan, *to* (*obtain by fighting*) *win, gain, aquire, Mdl. E.* winne, *to fight, acquire, win,* i-winne, *to win, Mdn. E.* win, *O. N.* vinna, *O. S.* winnan, *to fight, get, suffer,* giwinnen, *to bring about, acquire, O. H. G.* winnan, *M. H. G.* winnen, *to fight, struggle, toil, O. H. G.* giwinnan, *M. H. G.* gewinnen, *to obtain by fighting, struggling, or toiling, to get, acquire, vanquish, N. H. G.* gewinnen, *to win, gain, Du.* gewinnen, *Eff.* wönne, *to win.* — *Der. O. E.* ȝewinn, *n., war, battle, strife, tumult; trouble, affliction, Mdl. E.* iwin, *contest, strife, O. S.* giwin, *n., fight, contest, O. H. G.* giwin, *M. H. G.* gewin, *N. H. G.* gewinn, *m., gain, profit, acquisition. Comp. prec. and follg. w., also* wunns.]

winnô, *f., passion, inordinate affection* (πάθος); Col. 3, 5 (*in B;* winna *in A*); *plur.* winnôns, *affections, passions* (παθήματα); Gal. 5, 24. Rom. 7, 5. [*From* winnan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ôn. *Cf. O. N.* vinna, *f., toil, labor, O. H. G.* winnâ, *M. H. G.* winne, *f., pain, sorrow. Comp.* winna, wunns.]

wintrus, *m., winter* (χειμών); Jo. 10, 22; wintrau, *in the winter* (χειμῶνος); Mk. 13, 18; wintru wisan, *to winter* (παραχειμάζειν); I Cor. 16, 6; *a year* (*in reckoning,* ἔτος; *s. remark below*); Mt. 9, 20. Lu. 8, 42. [*Cf. O. E.* winter, *m. n., Mdl. E. Mdn. E.* winter, *O. N.* vetr, *m., O. S. O. H. G.* wintar, *M. H. G. N. H. G. Du.* winter, *m., Eff.* wönkte (*Comp. remark under* winds), *m., winter. In reckoning time our Germanic ancestors used 'winter' in the sense of 'year'; s.* nahts. *Comp.* twalib-wintrus.]

winþi-, *in* **winþi-skaúrô,** *q. v.* — *Extended from stem* vento- (*S.* winds) *by suff.* -ja, *for which* i *in composition after a long syllable* (*S. LMD., p. 118*). *Comp.* *winþjan.

winþi-skaúrô, *f., a winnowing fan*

(πτύον); Lu. 3, 17. — *From* winþi- *and* *skaûrô, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

***winþjan,** *w. v., to winnow, in* dis-w. *w. acc.: to grind to powder* (λικμᾶν *w. acc.*); Lu. 20, 18. [*From* winþi-, *q. v. Allied to O. E.* windwian, *Mdl. E.* windewe, winewe, *Mdn. E.* winnow; *and to* winds (*q. v.*); *comp. also Lt.* ventilare (*w. l-suff.*), *to winnow, from* ventus, *wind. S. prec. w., also Kl.*, wanne.]

wiþja, *f., crown* (στέφανος); Mk. 15, 17. Jo. 19, 2. — *From root of* weipan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jô.

wis, *n., a calm* (γαλήνη); Mt. 8, 26. Mk. 4, 39. Lu. 8, 24. — *From* wisan, *q. v.*

wisan, *str. v.* (176, *n.* 1), (1) *to dwell, abide, remain* (μένειν); Mt. 11, 23. Lu. 10, 7. 19, 5. Jo. 5, 38. 6, 27. 56. 7, 9. 8, 35. 46. 14, 17. 25. 15, 4–6. 9. 10. Rom. 9, 11. I Cor. 7, 11. II Cor. 3, 11. 14. 9, 9. Phil. 1, 25. II Tim. 2, 13. 3, 14. Skeir. VI, d. (προσμένειν) Mk. 8, 2. (διαμένειν) Lu. 1, 22. (ἐπιμένειν) I Cor. 16, 8. Phil. 1, 24. (ἐπιδημεῖν) II Cor. 5, 6; wintru wisan, *to winter* (παραχειμάζειν); I Cor. 16, 6; *also the subst. v.* (*S.* (2), *below*) *is used for* μένειν; Jo. 12, 34. 14, 10. 16. 15, 4. 7. 10. 11 (*or* ἤ). 16. I Cor. 7, 8. 20. 15, 6. (2) *to be, be present, exist, live* (*usually for* εἶναι; *exceptions are mentioned below.* — *In this and the follg. senses* wisan *supplies the defects of the subst. v.:* im, is, ist, sijau, *etc.; s. Goth. Grammar, 204. The v. is frequently understood both in Gr. and Goth.* — *Concerning* nist, *etc., s.* 4. 1. 10, 1); Mt. 6, 30. Mk. 12, 18. 20. 27. 31. 32. Lu. 2, 25. 36. 4, 25. 27. 5, 29. 6, 43. 7, 28. 14, 22. 16, 1. 19. 20. 18, 2. 3. 20, 27. 29. 38. Jo. 7, 12. 11, 1. 38. 17, 5. Rom. 10, 12. 13, 1. I Cor. 15, 12. 13. II Cor. 4, 7. Gal. 3, 28. Phil. 2, 1. 4, 8. Neh. 5, 15. Skeir. VII, b. (γίγνεσθαι) Mk. 13, 19. Lu. 1, 5; ufarassus w., *to abound* (περισσεύειν); II Cor. 1, 5. (3) *w. dat.* (*as in Gr.; here sometimes the gen.*); *to be to, belong or pertain to; hence, to have* (*occasionally folld. by a partit. gen.*); Mt. 8, 29. 27, 4. 19. Mk. 1, 24. 5, 7. 12, 37. Lu. 1, 7. 36. 43. 50. 2, 7. 4, 34. 6, 32–34. 7, 41. 8, 28. 42. 9, 38. 10, 29. 19, 34 (þaúrfts w., χρείαν ἔχειν). 20, 44. Jo. 12, 31. 14, 10. 18, 39. Rom. 8, 1. 9, 2. 13, 11. I Cor. 9, 2. 22 (γίγνεσθαι). 15, 12. 13. 32. II Cor. 6, 14. 7, 4. 9, 1. 15. Gal. 1, 3. 5. 2, 6 (*S. the subst.* wulþrs). 6, 14 (γίγνεσθαι); Eph. 1, 2. 3, 21. 6, 9. 12. 23. II Thess. 1, 2. 3, 2. I Tim. 1, 2. 17. II Tim. 1, 2. Tit. 1, 4. (4) *w. a gen. in pred.: to be of, belong to* (εἶναι *w. gen.*), (a) *poss.*; Mk. 9, 41. 10, 14. 12, 16. Lu. 5, 3. 9, 55. 18, 16. Jo. 10, 12. 21. Rom. 8, 9. 9, 4. I

Cor. 1, 12. 10, 26. 28. II Cor. 2, 3. 10, 7. Gal. 3, 29. 5, 24. II Tim. 2, 19; (b) *partit.* (ἐκ *w. gen.*); Mt. 26, 73. Mk. 14, 69. 70. Jo. 10, 16. 26. 12, 20. 15, 19. 18, 17. 25. I Cor. 12, 15. 16. (*the gen. without* ἐκ) I Tim. 1, 19. II Tim. 1, 15. 2, 17; (c) *qualitative* (*as in Gr.*); Mk. 5, 42. Lu. 3, 23. Rom. 8, 5. 14, 19. I Thess. 5, 8. (ἐκ *w. gen.*) Jo. 18, 37. (5) *to be anything or in any manner* (εἶναι); (a) *w. an adv. in pred.:* Mt. 6, 25. Mk. 4, 26. 36. 10, 43. Lu. 1, 34. I Cor. 7, 26. 15, 14. 17. Phil. 2, 6. I Thess. 2, 10. 13. (γίγνεσθαι) II Tim. 3, 9; (b) *w. a prep. in pred.:* (α) bi, *w. dat.: after, of* (κατά *w. acc.*); Rom. 8, 5. Tit. 1, 1. Philem. 14; *or acc.: according to, concerning, about* (κατά *w. acc.*); Eph. 6, 21. Col. 4, 7. I Tim. 1, 11. (περί *w. gen.*); Eph. 6, 22. Phil. 2, 23. 28 (*added*). Col. 4, 8. (β) du *w. dat.: to, unto, for, among* (εἰς *w. acc.*); Jo. 6, 9. Mk. 10, 8. Lu. 5, 17. Jo. 6, 9. Rom. 7, 10. 10, 1. I Cor. 14, 22. II Cor. 7, 3. 15. Gal. 2, 9. Eph. 1, 12. Col. 2, 22. I Tim. 4, 4. Skeir. VII, a; du uswaúrþai, *to be refused* (ἀπόβλητον); I Tim. 4, 4 (πρός *w. acc.*); Jo. 11, 4; du bôtai wisan, *to profit* (ὠφελεῖν); Gal. 5, 2; w. du gaþrafsteinai *w. dat.: to be of comfort, to be a comfort to* (γίγνεσθαι παρηγορία *w. dat.*); Col. 4, 11; (c) *the pred. is expressed by a complete sentence or an elliptical phrase* (*as in Gr.*), (α) *in a dir. quotation;* Mt. 5, 37. 9, 13. Mk. 12, 29. II Cor. 1, 18; (β) *introduced by a rel. part.:* þatei (ὅτι); Mk. 2, 16; ei (ὡς); Mk. 9, 21. (ἵνα) I Cor. 16, 12; þarei (ὅπου); Mk. 4, 15; swê (ὡς); Mk. 12, 25. I Cor. 7, 7. 8; swaswê (ὥσπερ); Mt. 6, 5. Lu. 18, 11. (ὡς) Rom. 9, 27; (d) *the predicate is a subst. or adj. denoting time* (*as in Gr.*); Mk. 11, 11. 13. 15, 25. 42. Jo. 7, 6. 9, 4. 14. 10, 22. 13, 30. 18, 18. 28 (πρωΐ); (e) *the pred. is a pres. partic. denoting duration* (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 5, 25. 7, 29. 27, 55. 61. Mk. 1, 4. 22. 39. 2, 6. 18. 4, 38. 5, 5. 40. 9, 4. 10, 22. 32. 14, 49. 54. 15, 40. 43. Lu. 1, 10. 20–22. 2, 8. 33. 51. 4, 20. 31. 44. 5, 1. 16. 17. 29. 6, 12. 8, 40. 9, 18. 29. 53. 15, 1. 18, 7 (*in Gr. the pres. indic.*). 19, 17. 47. Jo. 10, 40. 13, 23. II Cor. 2, 17. 5, 19. 9, 12. Gal. 1, 23. Phil. 2, 26. Col. 1, 18. 2, 23. 3, 1. Skeir. II, b. III, b. d. VIII, d. (*for a Gr. adj.*); Rom. 7, 3. I Cor. 10, 18. 32 (γίγνεσθαι) II Cor. 2, 9. I Thess. 4, 6. I Tim. 1, 13. 6, 2. Tit. 1, 6. (*or a Gr. perf. partic.*) Jo. 18, 18. 25. I Cor. 15, 19. II Cor. 1, 9. Gal. 4, 3; — unwitands w., *to be ignorant* (ἀγνοεῖν); II Cor. 2, 11; unagands w., *to be without fear* (ἀφόβως γίγνεσθαι); I Cor. 16, 10; — *or a pres. partic.* (*Comp.* (β), *below*) *prec. by the*

art. (*as in Gr.*); Mt. 11, 3. 26, 68 (*aor.*). Mk. 7, 15. Lu. 7, 19. 8, 12. 21. 45 (*aor.*); (f) *the pred. is a pret. partic.*, (*α*) *w. an active meaning* (*as in Gr.*); Mk. 1, 33. Lu. 5, 17. (*in Gr. a pres. partic. pass.*); Mt. 8, 30. Mk. 5, 11. Lu. 4, 38. (*or an adj.*) Eph. 5, 10. I Tim. 3, 2. Tit. 1, 6. (*or a v. in pres. tense*) Jo. 9, 21. 23. I Cor. 11, 21; *here belong also the follg. expressions:* skulds (*S.* skulan) w. (*δεῖν*); Mk. 8, 31. Lu. 15, 32. Jo. 12, 34. I Cor. 15, 53. II Cor. 5, 10. 11, 30. II Thess. 3, 7. I Tim. 3, 15. 5, 13. Tit. 1, 11 (*ὀφείλειν*); II Cor. 12, 11. (*ἐξεῖναι*); Mt. 27, 6. Mk. 2, 24. 26. 3, 4. 6, 18. 10, 2. 12, 14. Lu. 6, 2. 4. 20, 22. Jo. 18, 31. II Cor. 12, 4. Skeir. VI, d. (*μέλλειν*) Lu. 9, 44. 19, 11; mahts (*S.* magan) w. (*δύνασθαι*); Mk. 14, 5. Jo. 3, 4. 10, 35. I Tim. 5, 25. (*ἰσχύειν*) Lu. 8, 43. Skeir. II, b. c. VI, b; kunþs (*q. v.*) w. (*γνωστός εἶναι*); Jo. 18, 15. 16. (*γνωρίζεσθαι*) Eph. 3, 5. Phil. 4, 6. (*γνωσθῆναι*) Phil. 4, 5; uskunþs (*q. v.*) w. (*φανῆναι*); Mt. 9, 33. (*φανερωθῆναι*) II Cor. 4, 10. (*γιγνώσκεσθαι*) Lu. 6, 44 (*ἐν παῤῥησίᾳ εἶναι*). Jo. 7, 4; unkunþs (*q. v.*) w. (*ἀγνοούμενος εἶναι*); Gal. 1, 22; binaúht (*S.* *naúhan) w. (*ἐξεῖναι*); I Cor. 10, 23; munds (*S.* munan) w. (*νομίζεσθαι*); Lu. 3, 23; þaúrfts (*q. v.*) *w.* (*ἀναγκαῖος εἶναι*); I Cor. 12, 22; (*β*) *w. a pass. meaning* (*for a perf. partic. pass.*); Mt. 9, 36. 10, 26. 30. Mk. 1, 6. 11, 9. 10. 15, 7. 26. 46. Lu. 1, 28. 42. 2, 26. 4, 16. 17. 8, 2. 9, 32. 45. 19, 38. Jo. 3, 24. 6, 31. 45. 65. 10, 34. 12, 14. 16. 16, 24. 17, 23. 19, 11. Rom. 13, 1. II Cor. 4, 3. 9, 3. Gal. 2, 11. Eph. 2, 5. 8. Col. 1, 21. 4, 6. Neh. 5, 18. Skeir. III, a. VI, c. VIII, c. d. (*for a pres. partic. pass.*) Mk. 15, 22. 34. Lu. 4, 38. I Cor. 5, 11. (*or a 2nd perf. partic. active*) Lu. 15, 24. 32. (*or a pres. partic. pass.* Phil. 3, 10. (*or an adj.*) Mk. 9, 6. Jo. 7, 49. Rom. 14, 18. I Cor. 10, 28. II Cor. 10, 18. 13, 5. 6. Col. 3, 20. I Thess. 4, 9. I Tim. 3, 10. 5, 7. II Tim. 3, 17. Tit. 1, 7. (*or a subst.*) I Cor. 10, 28. 13, 10; *or a pret. partic.* (*Comp.* (*α*), *above*) *preceded by the art.* (*as in Gr.*); (*for the Gr. pres. partic.*) Mk. 4, 16. 18. (*aor. partic.*) 20. (*perf. partic.*) Lu. 20, 17. (*τὸ γεγονός*) Mk. 5, 14. (*γ*) *as an auxiliary v. w. a pret. partic.* (*for the pres. pass.*); Mk. 3, 9. Lu. 2, 3 (*in Gr. the inf.*). 33. 8, 2. I Cor. 4, 6. 11 (*for a pres. act.*). 16, 13. II Cor. 1, 4. 7, 4. 13, 11. Gal. 4, 20. (*in Gr. the inf.*) Eph. 2, 22. Phil. 1, 16. I Thess. 3, 3. I Tim. 1, 9. II Tim. 4, 8. (*for a pres. partic. act. used as subst.*) Mt. 11, 8. (*for τό w. inf. pass.*) Mt. 27, 12. (*for the imperf. pass.*) Mk. 1, 5. Lu. 1, 65. 4, 1. 7, 12. 8, 27. 29. 37. 16, 19. 17,

27. Jo. 3, 23. 6, 18. 11, 38. 18, 10 (*S. note*). Rom. 7, 6. I Cor. 11, 23. Skeir. III, a. (*for the perf. pass.*) Mt. 11, 10. Mk. 1, 2. 4, 11. 5, 4. 7, 6. 9, 12. 13. 42. 10, 40. 11, 17. 15, 47. 16, 4. Lu. 2, 23. 24. 3, 4. 4, 4. 6. 8. 10. 12. 7, 27. 8, 10. 10, 26. 19, 46. Jo. 7, 8. 47. 8, 17. 41. 17, 10. 18, 37. Rom. 7, 2. 8, 36. 9, 13. 33. 10, 15. 11, 26. 12, 19. 14, 11. 15, 9. subscr. I Cor. 1, 13. 19. 4, 4. 6. 7, 14. 15. 27. 9, 9. 14, 21. 15, 27. subscr. II Cor. 5, 11. 7, 4. 13. 8, 15. 9, 2. 9. subscr. Gal. 2, 7. 4, 22. 23. 27. 5, 11. 6, 14. Phil. 3, 12. 4, 12. Col. 1, 16. 17. 26. 3, 3. 4, 3. I Tim. 6, 5. II Tim. 2, 9. Tit. 1, 15. Skeir. VIII, c. (*for the pluperfect pass.*) Mt. 7, 25. Lu. 4, 29. 6, 48. 16, 20. Jo. 11, 44. Skeir. IV, d. (*for the aor. pass.*) Mt. 5, 21. 27. 31. 33. 38. 43. 25, 42 (*aor. act.*). Mk. 1, 9. 3, 21 (*aor. act.*). 15, 15. 28. Lu. 1, 4. 13. 19. 26. 2, 11. 17. 20. 21. 4, 17. 26. 27. 10, 20. 22. 17, 9. 19, 42. Jo. 7, 39. 9, 32. 12, 5. 16. 13, 31. 32. 15, 8. 18, 36. Rom. 8, 36. 9, 11. 12. 12, 3. I Cor. 1, 13. 5, 7. 7, 20–24. 10, 2. 12, 13. 15, 4–6. II Cor. 1, 8. 7, 7. 9. 11, 25. 33. 12, 7. 13, 4. Gal. 2, 3. 17. 3, 1. 27. 5, 13. Eph. 1, 11. 3, 2. 3. 5. 10. 4, 1. 4. 7. 21. 30. Phil. 1, 29. 3, 8. Col. 1, 23. 25. 3, 15. I Thess. 3, 1. 7. II Thess. 1, 10. 3, 7. 7, 9. I Tim. 1, 11. 13. 2, 7. 6, 12. II Tim. 1, 9. 11. 3, 14. Tit. 1, 3. Neh. 5, 17 (*added*). 18. Skeir. I, b. III, a. b (*twice*). IV, d. VI, c. VII, c. (*for the fut. pass.*) I Tim. 6, 8; biþê gabaúran ist (*ὅταν γεννήσῃ; s. note*). (g) *the pred. is expressed by a relative sentence* (*Comp.* (c), *above*); Mt. 11, 10. Mk. 4, 22. 7, 4. 15. 9, 1. 39. 10, 29. Lu. 1, 61. 5, 21. 7, 27. 49. 8, 14. 15. 17. 25. 9, 9. 27. 50. 16, 15. 18, 29. 20, 2. Jo. 5, 45. 6, 63. 64. 7, 25. 8, 18. 50. 54. 9, 8. 10, 6. 11, 2. 13, 24. 26. 14, 21. 16, 17. 18. 17, 7. 18, 14. Rom. 9, 20. 14, 4. I Cor. 4, 4. 15, 10. II Cor. 2, 2. 12, 13. Eph. 4, 10. II Tim. 3, 6. Neh. 6, 17. Skeir. VII, d. (h) *the pred. is an adj.*; Mt. 3, 11. 5, 8. 30. 48. 6, 22. 23. 7, 13. 14. 27. 8, 8. 27. 9, 5. 10, 37. 38. 11, 6. 11. 16. 25, 43. 26, 66. 27, 64. Mk. 1, 7. 2, 9. 3, 29. 4, 17. 31. 40. 5, 34. 6, 4. 11. 7, 18. 27. 9, 5. 34. 35. 42. 43. 45. 47. 50. 10, 18. 24. 25. 27. 12, 11. 14. 28. 33. 13, 22. 14, 56. 59. 16. 4. Lu. 1, 6. 7. 18. 29. 45. 49. 68. 2, 5. 25. 3, 16. 4, 24. 5, 23. 39. 6, 6. 20. 21. 23. 35. 36. 47–49. 7, 2. 4. 6. 23. 28. 31. 32. 37. 39. 8, 26. 9, 33. 46. 48. 62. 10, 7. 23. 14, 15. 17. 31. 34. 35. 15, 19. 21. 24. 32. 16, 8. 10. 14 (*ὑπάρχειν*). 15. 17. 18, 9. 19. 23. 25. 27. 34. 19, 2. 3. 17. 20, 20. 36. Jo. 3, 4. 6, 60. 7, 6. 7. 12. 18. 28. 8, 13. 14. 16. 26. 36. 53. 55. 9, 9. 18. 24. 25. 30. 40. 41. 10, 12. 29. 11, 39. 13, 11. 16. 17. 14, 28. 15, 3. 20. 16.

17. 17, 19. 18, 15. 16. 25. Rom. 7, 3. 9. 12. 14. 16. 10, 12. 15. 11, 16. 23. 24 (*S. note*). 25. 33. 14, 4. 14. I Cor. 4, 10. 5, 6. 7. 11. 7, 9. 14. 25. 26 (ὑπάρχειν, *first*). 8, 10. 9, 1. 21. 22. 10, 22 (γίγνεσθαι). 11, 6. 30. 12, 22 (ὑπάρχειν). 13, 11. 14, 20 (γίγνεσθαι). 15, 9. 14. 19. 27. 28. 47. 48. 58. 16, 4. II Cor. 1, 18. 2, 16. 3, 3. 5. 4, 18. 7, 11. 8, 3. 9. 12. 17 (ὑπάρχειν). 22. 9, 5. 8. 10, 1. 4. 10. 11. 18. 11, 6. 14. 15. 19. 12, 6. 10. 16 (ὑπάρχειν). 13, 5. 6. 9. Gal. 1, 7. 22. 2, 6. 3, 3. 4, 1. 3. 15. 5, 10. 19. Eph. 1, 3. 4. 2, 1. 4. 5. 12. 3, 9. 4, 14. 18. 29. 5, 27. Phil. 1, 23. 24. 2, 28. 3, 6. 4, 8. Col. 2, 13. 14. I Thess. 5, 24. II Thess. 1, 3. 6. 3, 3. I Tim. 1, 8. 15. 2, 3. 3, 1. 2. 10. 16. 4, 4. 8. 9. 15. 5, 4. 7. 8. 18. 24. 25. II Tim. 1, 12. 2, 2. 11. 24. 3, 9. 16. 17. 4, 11. Tit. 1, 6. 7. 9. 10. 13. 15. 16. Neh. 6, 18. Skeir. I, b. c. II, b. c. d. III, d. IV, b. d. VI, b. d. VIII, c. (*for a v. w. an adv.*) II Cor. 12, 24. (*for an adj. or partic. prec. by the art.*) Mk. 5, 18. Lu. 3, 13. 16, 10. 20, 35. Jo. 9, 13. Rom. 14, 2. I Cor. 10, 33. I Thess. 5, 21. I Tim. 1, 16. (*for a v.*) Mt. 5, 29. 30. 6, 26. 10, 31. 25, 42. 27, 15. Mk. 2, 25 (grêdags was, χρείαν ἔσχεν). 9, 50. 10, 1. 11, 12. 12, 24. 27. 14, 70. 15, 18. Lu. 1, 37. 6, 3. 18, 13. 20. Jo. 6, 7. 11, 2. 3. 6. 39. 16, 7. 18, 14. 19, 3. Rom. 7, 16. 22. 8, 3. 14, 4. I Cor. 4, 8. 7, 5. 12. 13. 11, 21. 13, 4. 14, 20. 15, 30. 16, 12. II Cor. 3, 10. 5, 6 (ἐπιδημεῖν). 8. 8, 10. 11, 21. 12, 1. 13. 13, 3. Gal. 4, 1. 18. 5, 4. Eph. 1, 6. 4, 26. 5, 3. Phil. 2, 27. Col. 3, 19. I Thess. 3, 4. 5, 6. 8. 14. I Tim. 4, 14. 5, 6. 22. II Tim. 4, 5. Tit. 1, 13; (i) *the pred. is a subst., either alone or with an attribute* (*as usually in Gr.*); Mt. 5, 34. 35. 6, 12 (þatei skulans sijaima, τὰ ὀφειλήματα ἡμῶν). 22. 23. 7, 12. 15. 8, 9. 10, 36. 11, 14. 27, 6. 11. 42. 43. 54. 57. Mk. 1, 11. 16. 2, 28. 3, 11. 35. 5, 9. 6, 3. 15. 7, 26. 8, 29. 9, 7. 10, 43. 44. 47. 11. 32. 12, 7. 26. 29. 30. 35. 14, 61. 15, 2. 39. 42. Lu. 1, 2 (γίγνεσθαι). 5. 19. 27. 38. 63. 2, 11. 12. 25. 37. 3, 15. 22. 4, 3. 9. 22. 41. 5, 8. 10. 18. 6, 5. 7, 8. 12. 39. 8, 11. 41 (ὑπάρχειν). 9, 20. 30. 35. 14, 26. 27. 33. 17, 10. 16. 19, 2. 9. 21. 22. 46. 20, 6. 14. 36. 41. Jo. 1, 29. 5, 35. 6, 14. 29. 33. 35. 40. 41. 42. 48. 50. 51. 55. 58. 63. 69. 70. 7, 26. 40. 41. 8, 12. 14. 17. 31. 33. 34. 37. 39. 42. 44. 48. 54. 9, 5. 8. 17. 19. 20. 28. 10, 1. 2. 7. 8. 9. 11–14. 24. 33. 34. 36. 41. 11, 25. 27. 12, 6. 14, 6. 15, 1. 5. 12. 14. 17, 17. 18, 10. 13. 26. 30. 33. 35. 37. 40. 19, 5. 12. Rom. 6, 23. 7, 7. 24. 8, 6. 9, 3–7. 10, 4. 11, 1. 13. 15. 17. 34. 12, 5. 13, 3. 4. 6. 10. 14, 17. I Cor. 1, 18. 5, 7. 11. 7, 22. 9, 1–3. 10, 16. 17. 11, 3. 24. 25. 12, 12–17. 19.

20. 15, 9. 23. 28. 56. 16, 15. II Cor. 1, 7. 12. 14. 19. 24. 2, 15. 3, 2. 3. 9. 17. 4, 4. 6, 16. 8, 23. 11, 22. Gal. 2, 3. 9. 14 (*ὑπάρχειν*). 15. 3, 29. 4, 6-8. 24. 25. 28. 31. 5, 3. 19. 22. Eph. 1, 14. 23. 2, 3. 8. 10. 11. 14. 19. 20. 3, 6. 13. 4, 15. 25. 5, 5. 8. 23. 6, 17. Phil. 1, 21. 22. 28. 3, 1. 3. 7-9. 15. 19. Col. 1, 7. 15. 18. 24. 27. 2, 17. 3, 5. 14. 4, 11. I Thess. 2, 15. 20. 4, 3. 5, 5. 18. II Thess. 3, 17. I Tim. 1, 5. 7. 2, 5. 3, 12. 15. 4, 10. 12 (*γίγνεσθαι*). 5, 3. 5. 9 (*γίγνεσθαι*). 6, 1. 2. 5. 6. 10. Tit. 1, 12. Neh. 5, 14. 6, 18. 7, 2. Skeir. I, a. b. IV, c. V, d. VI, a. VIII, d. (*for a partic. used as a subst.*) I Tim, 6, 2 (*second*). (*for a v.*) Mk. 4, 38. 10, 19. 21. 12, 14. Lu. 2, 2. 16, 2. 18, 20. 22. Jo. 10, 13. 12, 6. Rom. 13, 8. Gal. 6, 3. 16. II Tim. 3, 10. Philem. 18. 19; (j) *the pred. is a pron.* (*as in Gr.*), (*α*) *interrog.;* Mk. 1, 24. 27. 3, 33. 4, 41. 5, 9. 6, 2. 8, 27. 29. 9, 10. 12, 28. Lu. 4, 34. 8, 9. 30. 9, 18. 20. 10, 22. 29. 15, 26. 18, 36. 19, 3. Jo. 6, 64. 7, 36. 8, 25. 12, 34. 18, 38. Rom. 12, 2. Eph. 1, 18. 3, 18. 5, 17. I Thess. 2, 19; (*β*) *poss.;* Mt. 6, 13. Mk. 10, 40. Lu. 6, 20. 15, 31. Jo. 7, 16. 14, 24. 16, 15. 17, 6. 9. 10; (*γ*) im *or* ik im, *I am, it is I* (*ἐγώ εἰμι or simply εἰμί*); Mk. 14, 62. Jo. 6, 20. 8, 24. 28. 9, 9. 13, 13. 19. 18, 5. 6. 8; sa ist, *it is he* (*οὗτός ἐστιν or αὐτός ἐστιν or ἐκεῖνός ἐστιν*); Mk. 6, 16. 14, 44. Jo. 9, 9. 37. 13, 26. Eph. 4, 10; hwas ist, *who is it* (*τίς ἐστιν*); Jo. 9, 36. 13, 25; (k) *the pred. is a numeral* (*as in Gr.*), (*α*) *definite;* Mk. 5, 13. 8, 9. 10, 8. 12, 20. 32. Lu. 9, 14. Jo. 6, 71. 8, 17. 10, 30. 11, 9. 16, 32. 17, 11. 21. 22. I Cor. 11, 5. 12, 12. Gal. 3, 28. Skeir. V, b. (*β*) *indefinite;* Mt. 7, 13. 14. 9, 37. Mk. 2, 15. 5, 9. 7, 4. 8, 1. Lu. 10, 2. I Cor. 12, 12. Gal. 1, 7. 4, 27. Neh. 6, 17. (6) *to be, be called, mean* (*εἶναι*): þat' ist, *that is, that is to say* (*τοῦτ' ἔστιν*); Mk. 7, 2. Rom. 7, 18. 9, 8. 10, 6. 7. 8. Philem. 12; þatei ist, *which is, that is, that is to say* (*ὅ ἐστιν*); Mk. 3, 17. 5, 41. 7, 11. 34. 15, 16. 22. 34. Gal. 1, 7. (*τοῦτ' ἔστιν*) Mt. 27, 46; hwa ist þatei, *how is it that* (*τί ὅτι*); Mk. 2, 16; hwa nu ist, *how is it then* (*τί οὖν ἐστιν*); I Cor. 14, 26; hwa ist niba þatei, *what is it but that* (*τί ἐστιν εἰ μὴ ὅτι*); Eph. 4, 9; hwa (*sc.* ist) auk, *what then* *τί γάρ*); Phil. 1, 18. (7) hwa *or* hwaíhts wisan, *to be something, avail anything* (*τὶ εἶναι; also w.* ni: *οὐδὲν εἶναι*); Jo. 8, 54. I Cor. 7, 19. 10, 19. 20 (*S. note*). 13, 2. II Cor. 12, 11. Gal. 2, 6. 6, 3. 15. (8) *to come to be:* ni sijai (*or* nis sijai, *i. e.* nih sijai; *s.* nih) *may it not be, God forbid* (*μὴ γένοιτο*); Lu. 20, 16. Rom. 7, 7. 13. 9, 15. 11, 1. 11. Gal. 2, 17. (9) *to be, be present, be found* (*εἶναι*), (a) *w. adv.,*

(α) aljar wisands, *being absent* (ἀπών); II Cor. 10, 1. 11; (β) faírra; Mt. 8, 30. Mk. 12, 34. Lu. 7, 6. 14, 32. 15, 13. 20. Eph. 2, 13. 17; (γ) faúra; Phil. 3, 14; (δ) hêr; Mk. 6, 3. 9, 5. 13, 21. 16, 6. Lu. 9, 33. Jo. 6, 9. 11, 21. 32. Col. 4, 9. Skeir. VII, a; (ε) hvar; Mk. 14, 14. Lu. 8, 25. 17, 17. 37. Jo. 7, 11. 8, 19. 9, 12. I Cor. 1, 20. 12, 17. 19. 15, 55; (ʃ) hvaþrô; Mk. 6, 2. 12, 37. Lu. 1, 43. 20, 7. Jo. 7, 27. 28. 9, 29. 30. 19, 9; (η) iupa; Col. 3, 1. 2; (ϑ) jainar; Mt. 27. 55. 61. Mk. 3, 1. 5, 11. Lu. 2, 6. 6, 6. 8, 32. 10, 6. Jo. 3, 23. 6, 22. 24. 11, 15. 12, 9. Skeir. III, a; (ι) nêhva; Mk. 13, 28. 29. Lu. 19, 11. Jo. 6, 4. 7, 2. 11, 18. Rom. 10, 8. Eph. 2, 17. Phil. 4, 5. Skeir. III, a; nêhva w. (ἐγγίʃειν) Mk. 11, 1. Lu. 7, 12. 18, 35. 40. 19, 29. 37. 41; nêhvis; Rom. 13, 11; (κ) þadei; Mk. 6, 55. Jo. 6, 62; (λ) þarei; Mk. 2, 4. 5, 40. Lu. 17, 37. Jo. 7, 34. 36. 42. 10, 40. 11, 32. 41. 12, 1. 14, 3. 17, 24. II Cor. 3, 17. 18, 1. Col. 3, 1. 11; (μ) þaruh; Mt. 6, 21. Jo. 12, 26. 14, 3. II Cor. 3, 17; (ν) þaþrô; Jo. 18, 36; (ο) ûta; Mk. 1, 45. I Thess. 4, 12; (π) ûtaþrô; Mk. 7, 15; (b) *w. prep.*, (α) afar; Mt. 27, 62; (β) ana; Mk. 1, 45. 4, 1. 38, 10, 32. Lu. 1, 80. 2, 25. 40. 15, 25. 17, 31. Jo. 6, 10. 7, 39. Gal. 6, 16. Col. 3, 2. 5. (γ) and; II Cor. 8, 18. (δ) at; Mk. 6, 3. 9, 19. 14, 49. Lu. 9, 41. Jo. 17, 7. I Cor. 16, 10. II Cor. 1, 17. 11, 8 (παρεῖναι). Eph. 6, 9. Col. 3, 25. I Thess. 3, 4. II Thess. 3, 10; (ε) faúr; Mk. 9, 40. Lu. 9, 50; (ʃ) faúra; Mk. 5, 21. Col. 1, 17. Neh. 5, 15. (η) fram; Jo. 6, 46. 7, 17. 22. 29. 9, 16. 33. Rom. 9, 14. 13, 1. II Cor. 1, 2. (ϑ) hindar; Lu. 9, 13. Jo. 3, 26; (ι) in; Mt. 5, 25. 6, 4. 10, 32. 33. 11, 8. 27, 56. Mk. 1, 13. 23. 2, 1. 4, 36. 5, 5. 25. 14, 66. 15, 40. 41. Lu. 1, 61. 2, 5 (in fragiftim was, ἐμνηστευμένη). 8. 25. 44. 49. 4, 25. 27. 32. 33. 5, 7. 12. 7, 25 (ὑπάρχειν). 8, 43. 9, 12. 61. 16, 23 (ὑπάρχειν). 17, 21. 18, 2. 3. 19, 38. Jo. 7, 12. 18. 8, 44. 9, 5. 30. 10, 38. 11, 6. 10. 30. 31. 12, 35. 14, 2. 10. 11. 17. 20. 17, 11. 12. 26. Rom. 7, 5. 23. 8, 8–10. 34. 12, 3. I Cor. 4, 3. 14, 25. 15, 17. II Cor. 1, 1. 5, 4. 7, 3. 8, 12 (*S.* gagrêfts). 11, 10. 25 (in diupiþai was mareins, ἐν τῷ βυτῷ πεποίηκα). 13, 5. Gal. 4, 25. 5, 26 (in neiþa wisan, φϑονεῖν; *s.* neiþ). Eph. 1, 1. 2, 11. 4, 18. 21. 5, 9. 6, 9. Phil. 2, 6 (ὑπάρχειν). 3, 6 (γίγνεσϑαι, *second*). 20 (ὑπάρχειν). 4, 3. 11. Col, 4, 13. I Thess. 2, 14. 5, 4. I Tim. 1, 4. 2, 2. 12. 4, 15. II Tim. 1, 5. 6. 15. 2, 10. Skeir. IV, c. VII, b; (κ) miþ; Mt. 9, 13. 26, 69. 71. Mk. 1, 13. 2, 19. 26. 3, 14. 4, 36. 5, 18. 14, 67. 16, 10 (γίγνεσϑαι). Lu. 1, 66. 5, 34. 6, 3. 4. 8, 38. 15, 31. Jo. 3, 26. 7, 33. 8, 29. 9, 40. 11,

31. 12, 17. 13, 33. 14, 9. 15, 27. 16, 4. 32. 17, 12. 24. Rom. 16, 24. I Cor. 16, 23. 24. II Cor. 13, 13. Gal. 6, 18. Eph. 6, 24. Phil. 1, 23. 4, 9. Col. 4, 19. I Thess. 5, 28. II Thess. 3, 16. 18. II Tim. 4, 11. Skeir. IV, a; (λ) uf; I Cor. 9, 20. 10, 1. Gal. 4, 2. 21. 5, 18. I Tim. 6, 1; (μ) ufar; Mt. 10, 24. Lu. 6, 40. II Cor. 11, 5; ufar fila w., *to abound* (*περισσεύειν*); II Cor. 1, 5; (ν) ufarô; Lu. 19, 19 (*γίγνεσθαι*). Jo. 3, 31. Skeir. IV, b; (ξ) us; Mt. 5, 37. 11, 30. Lu. 2, 4. 20, 4. Jo. 7, 22. 52. 8, 23. 44. 47. 15, 19. 17, 14. 16. 18, 36. Rom. 9, 5. 10, 17. 11, 36. I Cor. 12, 15. 16. II Cor. 3, 5. Gal. 5, 8. Phil. 3, 9. Col. 4, 9. 11. 16. II Tim. 3, 6. Philem. 14. Skeir. IV, c. VIII, d; (ο) wiþra; Mk. 4, 15. 9, 40. Lu. 9, 50. Gal. 5, 23. — *Compds.* (a) at-w., *to be present, be at hand* (*παραστῆναι*); Mk. 4, 29. (*ἐπιστῆναι*) II Tim. 4, 6; *w. dat.: to be present with* (*παρακεῖσθαι w. dat.*); Rom. 7. 21. (b) faúra-w., *to be forward, be ready;* II Cor. 8, 11 (*added*); *to distinguish one's self;* Skeir. VIII, b. (c) ga-w. in *w. dat.: to abide, stay* (*μένειν*); Lu. 8, 27. (d) miþ-ga-w. *w. dat.: to remain with* (*συναπάγεσθαι*); Rom. 12, 16. (e) in-w., *to be near at hand* (*διαγίγνεσθαι; s. note*); Mk. 16, 1. (f) miþ-w. *w. dat.: to be with, stand by* (*συμπαραγίγνεσθαι w. dat.*); II Tim. 4, 16. (g) þaírh-w., *to remain throughout, stay, continue* (*μένειν*); Jo. 9, 41; *folld. by* at *w. dat.* (*διαμένειν πρός w. acc.*); Gal. 2, 5 (*gloss to* gastandai, *in A*). (*παραμένειν w. dat.*) Phil. 1, 25; in *w. dat.* (*προσμένειν w. dat.*); I Tim. 5, 5. (*ἐπιμένειν w. dat.*) Rom. 11, 22. Col. 1, 23. I Tim. 4, 16. (h) ufar-w., *to be over, exceed, surpass* (*περισσεύειν*); II Cor. 3, 9. (*ὑπερέχειν*); Phil. 4, 7; *to be set over, be higher;* Rom. 13, 1. [*The substantive v. is made up from forms referring to three different roots;* wes, es; bhû; *root* wes *occurs in Goth.* wisan, *pret.* was, *etc.* (*S. Goth. Grammar, 204*); *O. E. inf.* wesan, *to be, pres. partic.* wesende, *imper. sing.* wes, *plur.* wesað, *pret. 1st and 3d pers. sing.* wæs *2nd* wǣre, *plur.* wǣron, *subj. sing.* wǣre, *plur.* wǣron, *Mdl. E. inf.* wese, *pret. 1st and 3d pers. sing.* wæs, was, *2nd pers.* wǣre, wêre, *pl.* wǣren, wêren, *subj.* wǣre, wêre, *Mdn. E. pret. sing.* was, *plur.* were; *O. N.* vesa, vera, *to be, pret. sing. 1st pers.* vas, var, *2nd* vast, vart, *3d* vas, var, *plur. 1st pers.* várum, *2nd* varuð, *3d* varu; *O. S. inf.* wesan, *to be, pret. 1st and 3d pers. sing.* was, *2nd* wâri, *plur.* wârun, *opt. 1st and 3d sing.* wâri, *2nd* wârîs, *plur.* warîn; *O. H. G. inf.* wesan, *to be, remain, imper.* wis, *pret. sing. 1st and 3d pers.* was, *2nd* wâri, *plur. 1st* warum, *2nd*

warut, *3d* wârun, *subj. 1st and 3d* wâri, *2nd* warîs, *plur. 1st* wârîn, *2nd* wârît, *3d* wârîn, *M. H. G. inf.* wesen, *to be, remain, imper.* wis, *pret. 1st pers. sing.* was, *plur.* waren, *subj. sing.* wære, *pl.* wæren, *N. H. G.* (wesen, *inf. used as a n. subst.: a being, substance, nature, M. H. G.* wesen, *n., dwelling, remaining, domestic affairs, mode of living, quality, situation; der. M. H. G.* wesenlich, wesentlich, *N. H. G.* wesentlich, *adj., essential; the* t *is unoriginal; for* -lich; *s.* *leiks), *pret. 1st pers. sing.* war, was, *plur.* waren, *were, pret. partic.* gewesen, *subj. 1st and 3d pers. sing.* wäre, *2nd* wärest, *pl. 1st and 3d* wären, *2nd* wäret; *comp. Skr.* vas, *to remain, stay, Gr.* ἑστία (*for* ϝεστία), *hearth; furthermore, in O. S.* warôn (r *from* s), *to last; and in O. H. G.* werên, *M. H. G.* wern, *N. H. G.* währen, *to last, pres. partic.* während, *used as prep.: during, and conj.: while, whilst; — root* es:-s, *is seen in the Goth. pres. indic.* (im, is, ist, *du.* siju, *plur.* sijum, *etc., and opt.* (sijau, sijais, *etc*); *in O. E. 1st pers. sing.* eom, eam, am (*North.*), *2nd* eart, arð (*North.*), *3d* is, *plur.* sind(t), siondun (io *is* u-*uml. of* i), si(e)ndun, syndun, *and* (*North.*) aron, *beside* sint(d), sindon, *subj. sing.* sîe, sîo, sêo, sî, sŷ, *North.* sîe, sê, *pl.* sîen, sîn, sŷn, *North.* sîe, sê, *Mdl. E. 1st pers. sing.* eom, eam, em, am, *2nd* eart, ert, art, *3d* is, *plur.* sind, sinden, aren, are, *subj. sing.* seo, sî, *pl.* seon, sion, sien, *Mdn. E. 1st pers. sing.* am, *2nd* art, *3d* is, *pl.* are; *O. N. 1st pers. sing.* em, *2nd* est, ert, *3d* es, er, *pl. 1st* erom, -um, *2nd* eroð, -t, -uð, -t, *3d* ero, -u, *subj. 1st* sjá, sé, *2nd* sér, *3d* sé, *plur. 1st* sém, *2nd* séð, *3d* sé; *O. S. 3d pers. sing.* is, ist, *pl.* sind, *subj. 1st sing.* sî, *2nd* sîs, *3d* sî, *pl.* sîn; *O. H. G. 3d sing.* ist, *3d pl.* sint, *subj. 1st sing.* sî, *2nd* sîs, sîst, *3d* sî, *pl. 1st* (sîm), sîn, *2nd* sît (sînt), *3d* sîn, *inf.* sîn (*rare*), *M. H. G. 3d sing.* ist, *1st pl.* sîn, *2nd* sît (sint), *3d* sint, *subj. 1st sing.* sî (sîge, sîe), *2nd* sîst (sîgest, sîest). *3d* sî (sîge, sîe), *pl. 1st and 3d* sîn (sîgen, sîen), *2nd* sît (sîget, sîet), *inf.* sîn, *N. H. G. 3d sing.* ist, *pl. 1st* sind, *2nd* seid, *3d* sind, *subj. 1st and 3d* sei, *2nd* seiest, *pl. 1st and 3d* seien, *2nd* seiet, *inf.* sein; *in Skr.* ás-mi, *Gr.* εἰ-μί, *Lt.* sum (*O. Lt.* esum), *I am, etc. — Concerning the third root,* bhû, *s.* bauan. — *Comp.* wis, *wêsei.]

wisan, *str. v.* (*Concerning the existence of this v., which is usually regarded as being identical w. the prec. one, s. Bernh., Glossar*), *to eat, feast, be merry* (εὐφραίνεσθαι); Lu. 15, 24. (waîla wisan, *th. s.*; Lu. 15, 23. 32. 16, 19). — *Compds.*, (a) bi-w., *to feast, be merry* (εὐφραίνεσθαι); Lu. 15, 29. (b) fra-w. *w. instr.:*

to eat up, consume, spend (*δαπανᾶν w. acc.*); Lu. 15, 14. [*Allied to O. E.* wist (*Germanic stem* westi-, *w. suff.* -ti.), *food, nourishment, well-being, wealth, happiness, O. S.* wist (*occurs only once, in gen.* wisses, *for* *wistes; *s. Sch.*, wist), *f., food, nourishment. Comp.* wizôn.]

***wiss,** *adj., in* **us-wiss** *q. v.—Prop. an old partic. in* -to, *from root of* *widan, *q. v. Comp.* *wissi *and follg. w.*

***wiss,** *f., a binding, in* **dis-, gawiss,** *q. v. — From root of* *widan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti (*Germanic* ss *from* t-t). *Comp. prec. w.*

***wiss,** *adj., known, in* **un-wiss,** *q. v.* [*Prop. an old partic. in* -to (ss *from* tt, *from* d-t), *from str. v.* witan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* ȝe-wis (*For* ȝe- *s.* ga), *adj., certain* (ȝewislîce, *adv., certainly*), *Mdl. E.* iwis, *adj., certain, and adv., certainly, Mdn. E.* ywis (*Comp. Sk.* ywis), *adv., certainly, O. N.* viss, *O. S.* wis, *adj., certain* (wissungo, *adv., certainly*), *O. H. G.* giwis(ss), *adj., certain* (giwissô, *adv., certainly*), *M. H. G.* gewis(ss), *adj.* (gewisse, *adv.*), *N. H. G.* gewiss, *adj., certain, and adv., certainly. Comp. follg. w.*]

***wissei,** *f., knowledge, in* **miþ-wissei,** *q. v.* [*From* *wiss (*q. v.*) *and Germanic suff.* -în. *Allied to O. H. G.* gewiȝȝanî (*prob. coined after the Lt.* conscientia, *consciousness, knowledge, conscience, whence Fr.* conscience, *whence Mdn. E.* conscience), *f., conscience, M. H. G.* gewiȝȝen, *N. H. G.* gewissen, *n., conscience, whence* gewissenhaft (*For* -haft, *s.* hafts), *conscientious, whence* gewissenhaftigkeit (*w. suff.* -keit), *f., conscientiousness.*]

***wissi,** *n., in* **us-wissi,** *q. v.—From* *wiss (*adj., q. v.*), *and suff.* -ja.

wists, *f., being, existence, substance, nature* (*φύσις*); Rom. 11, 24. Gal. 4, 8. Eph. 2, 3. Skeir. II, c. d. IV, c. [*From* wisan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ti. *Cf. O. E.* wist, *f., Mdl. E.* wist, *being, existence, O. H. G. M. H. G.* wist, *f., being, existence, substance, dwelling, abode.*]

wit, *1st pers. dual of* **ik,** *q. v.* [*S.* weis.]

***wita,** *m., a wise man, in* **fulla-, un-wita,** *q. v.* [*Prop. w. adj. used as subst.* (*S.* *witi). *Cf. O. E.* wita, wiota (*by* o-*uml. of* i), *m., Mdl. E.* wite, *a wise man, sage, counselor, Mdl. E.* wite, *a wise man, prophet, O. H. G.* wizô, *m., a wise man.*]

***witains,** *f., a looking, watching, in* **at-witains,** *q. v. — From w. v.* witan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ai-ni.

witan, *w. v.* (197, *n.* 1), *w. dat., to watch* (*τηρεῖν w. acc.*); Mt. 27, 54. (*παρατηρεῖν w. acc.*) Mk. 3, 2; *to keep, observe* (*τηρεῖν w. acc.*); Jo. 9, 16. (*παρατηρεῖν w. acc.*) Gal. 4, 10; *to treat with obsequious attention, observe* (*συντηρεῖν w. acc.*); Mk. 6, 20; *to watch,*

make sure (ἀσφαλίζεσθαι *w. acc.*); Mt. 27, 64. 65 (*dat. implied*); *to be on one's guard against* (φυλάσσειν *w. acc.*); II Tim. 4, 15; *to keep watch over* (φρουρεῖν *w. acc.*); II Cor. 11, 32. w. wahtwôm ufarô *w. dat.*: *to keep watch over* (φυλάσσειν φυλακὰς ἐπί *w. acc.*); Lu. 2, 8; *folld. by an indir. question introduced by* jau (*whether*; παρατηρεῖν εἰ); Lu. 6, 7. [*Cf. O. H. G.* ga-, ir-wizên (*For* ga-, ir-, *s.* ga, us), *to pay attention, observe. From Idg. root* veid:vid (*S.* witan, *str. v.*), *to find, see, know; comp. Skr.* vid, *to find, Gr.* ἰδεῖν (*for* ϝιδεῖν, εἶδον, *I saw*), *Lt.* vidêre, *O. Bulg.* viděti, *to see. S.* *witains.]

witan, *pret.-pres. v.* (*pres. indic.* wait, *etc.*; *s.* 30; 197), *to know*, (1) *abs.* (εἰδέναι); Mk. 4, 27. 11, 33. 14, 68. Jo. 8, 14. 9, 12. 21. 25. II Cor. 11, 11. 12, 2. 3. I Thess. 2, 11. 3, 4. (γιγνώσκειν) Mt. 9, 30. Mk. 9, 30. Lu. 2, 43. I Cor. 13, 12. (συνιέναι) Mk. 8, 17. (ὁρᾶν) Mt. 27, 4. (2) *w. acc.* (εἰδέναι); Mt. 9, 4. Mk. 4, 13. 5, 33. Lu. 6, 8. Jo. 6, 6. 13, 17. 18, 2. 4. 21. Rom. 13, 11. I Cor. 13, 2. 16, 15. II Cor. 5, 11. 9, 2. 12, 2. 3. (γιγνώσκειν) Mk. 7, 24. Lu. 18, 34. 19, 42. (ἐπίστασθαι) I Tim. 6, 4; *w. inf.* (εἰδέναι) I Thess. 4, 4. (3) *w. acc. and inf.* (εἰδέναι); Lu. 4, 41. (4) *folld. by a clause introduced by* ei (εἰδέναι εἰ); I Cor. 1, 16 (ὅτι). Jo. 9, 25. 11, 22. 16, 30. Phil. 1, 19; *or* þatei (ὅτι); Mt. 6, 32. 9, 6. 26, 2. 27, 18. Mk. 2, 10. 10, 42. 12, 14. 15, 10. Lu. 2, 49. 5, 24. 10, 11. 19, 22. 20, 21. Jo. 6, 61. 8, 37. 9, 20. 24. 29. 31. 11, 24. 42. 16, 19. 19, 4. 10. Rom. 7, 1. 14. 18. 13, 11. 14, 14. I Cor. 5, 6. 9, 24. 11, 3. 15, 58. 16, 15. II Cor. 1, 7. 4, 14. 5, 1. 6. 11, 31. Gal. 2, 16. 4, 13. Eph. 5, 5. 6, 9. Phil. 1, 16. 25. 4, 15. Col. 3, 24. 4, 1. I Thess. 3, 3. 5, 2. I Tim. 1, 8. 9. II Tim. 1, 15. 2, 23. 3, 15. Philem. 21. (γιγνώσκειν εἰ) Mk. 15, 10. Lu. 10, 11. Jo. 16, 19. 19, 4; ni witan, *not to know* (ἀγνοεῖν); Rom. 7, 1. (5) *folld. by an indir. question* (εἰδέναι *w. an indir. question*); Mt. 8, 26. 70. Mk. 9, 6. 10, 38. Lu. 9, 33. 55. 20, 7. Jo. 6, 64. 28. 8, 14. 9, 30. 12, 35. 13, 18. 14, 5. 15, 15. 16, 18. Eph. 1, 18. 6, 21. Col. 4, 6. I Thess. 4, 2. I Tim. 3, 15. II Tim. 1, 12. 3, 14. (γιγνώσκειν *w. an indir. question*) Mt. 6, 3. Jo. 7, 27. 13, 12. 28. (6) witan fram *w. dat. and a direct question: to learn of* (μανθάνειν ἀπό *w. gen. and a dir. question*); Gal. 3, 2. [*Cf. O. E. witan, to know, pres. 1st and 3d pers. sing. pres. indic.* wât, *2nd pers.* wâst, *pl.* witon, *pret.* wisse, wiste, *gerund* tô witanne, *Mdl. E. inf.* wite, *1st pers. pres.* wǫ̂t, *2nd pers.* wǫ̂st (*later* wǫ̂ttest) *3d pers.* wǫ̂t (*later* wǫ̂tteth), *pl.* witen, *pret.* wiste.

gerund to witen, *Mdn. E.* wot (*obs.*), *I know, am aware, gerund* to wit, *namely, O. N.* vita, *1st pers. sing. pres. indic.* veit, *pl.* vitom, *pret.* vissa, *O. S.* witan, *1st pers. pres. indic. sing.* wêt, *pl.* witun, *pret.* wissa, *O. H. G.* wiȝȝan, *1st and 3d pers. pres. indic. sing.* weiȝ, *2nd pers.* weist, *1st pers. pl.* wiȝȝum (-umês), wiȝȝun, *pret.* wissa, wista, (*rare*), wessa, westa, *M. H. G.* wiȝȝen, *1st and 3d pers. pres. indic. sing.* weiȝ, *2nd pers.* weist, *pl.* wiȝȝen, *pret.* wisse, wesse, wiste, weste, *later* wuste, woste, *N. H. G.* wissen, *1st and 3d pers. pres. indic. sing.* weiss, *2nd* weisst, *pl.* wissen, *pret. sing.* wusste, *pl.* wussten, *etc., Du.* weten, *Eff. 1st pers. pres. indic. sing.* wêss. *From Indg. root* void : vid; *comp. Skr.* vêda, *Gr. οἶδα, O. Bulg.* vědě, *I know.* — *Der. O. E.* witnes (*w. suff.* -nes), *f., Mdl. E.* witnesse (*from the oblique cases*), *Mdn. E.* witness. — *S.* un-witands, **witi,* witôþ, witubni, witains, *also* *weitan, *weit, *weitjan, *weitl, weitwôþs, *wiss (*adj., known*).]

***witi,** *n.* (95), *knowledge, in* **un-witi,** *q. v.*—*From adj.* *wits (*not found; from str. v.* witan, *q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Cf. O. E.* wit, *n., understanding, intellect, sense, Mdl. E.* wit, *Mdn. E.* wit, *O. N.* vit, *n., O. S.* *wit, *in* gi-wit (gi- = *Goth.* ga-, *q. v.*), *n., understanding, O. H. G.* wizzi, wizze, *n., knowledge, understanding, beside* wizzî (*w. Germanic suff.* -în), *f., M. H. G.* witze, *f., knowledge, understanding, wisdom, N. H. G.* witz, *m., wit, jest, joke, whence O. E.* wittig, *Mdl. E.* witi, *Mdn. E.* witty, *O. N.* vitugr, *O. S.* witig, *O. H. G.* wizzîg (*w. suff.* -îg), *M. H. G.* witzec(g), *N. H. G.* witzig, *adj., witty. S.* *wita.]

witôda-fasteis, *m., a guardian of the law, lawyer* (*νομικός*); Lu. 7, 30. 10, 25. — *From stem of* witôþ *and* *fasteis, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

witôda-laisareis, *m., a teacher of the law* (*νομοδιδάσκαλος*); Lu. 5, 17. I Tim. 1, 7. — *From stem of* witôþ *and* laisareis, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

witôda-laus, *adj., lawless, without law* (*ἄνομος*); I Cor. 9, 21. I Tim. 1, 9. — *From stem of* witôþ *and* laus, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

witôdeigô, *adv., lawfully* (*νομίμως*); I Tim. 1, 8 (*in B,* witôda *in A*). II Tim. 2, 5. — *From stem of* *witôdeigs (*not found*), *adj., lawful, from stem of* witôþ (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -eiga. *Comp. prec. w.*

witôþ, *n.* (*gen.* **witôdis;** 94), *law* (*νόμος*); Mt. 5, 17. 18. 7, 12. 11, 13. Lu. 2, 22–24. 27. 39. 10, 26. 16, 16. 17. Jo. 7, 19. 23. 49. 51. 8, 17. 10, 34. 12, 34. 15, 25. 18, 31. 19, 7. Rom. 7, 1–9. 12. 14. 16. 21–23. 25. 8, 2–4. 7. 9, 31. 32. 10, 4. 5. 13, 8. 10. I Cor. 9, 8. 9. 20. 14, 21,

15, 56. Gal. 2, 16. 19. 21. 3, 2. 5. 4, 4. 21. 5, 3. 14. 18. 23. 6, 2. 13. Eph. 2, 15. Phil. 3, 5. 6. 9. I Tim. 1, 8 (*in A*, witôdeigô *in B*). 9. Tit. 1, 8. 9. Skeir. I, d, III, b. c (*S. note*). d. VIII, c; witôdis garaideins, *a giving of the law* (*νομοθεσία*); Rom. 9, 4; witôdis laus (*ἄνομος*); I Cor. 9, 21. [*From a lost v.* witôn (*Comp. L. M., pp. 119 and 623*) *and suff.* -da (*Comp. Bernh., Gotische Grammatik, p. 45*). *Allied to* weitan, witan, *q. v. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

witubni, *n.* (30; 95), *knowledge* (*γνώσις*); Rom. 11, 33. I Cor. 8, 11.—*From* witan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ubnja (*Comp.* fastubni, waldufni; *for* -ubnjô, *s.* fraistubni, wundufni). *Allied to prec. w.*

wiþôn, *w. v.* (190), *w. acc.: to shake, wag* (*κινεῖν w. acc.*); Mk. 15, 29. [*It is compared with Skr.* vyáthatê, *vacillates,* vithurá-, *vacillating. Comp. Fst.*, wiþôn; *Sch.* withôn.]

wiþra, *prep. w. acc.* (1) *local: over against, by, near, to* (*πρός w. acc.*); Mk. 4, 1. Lu. 1, 73. I Cor. 13, 12. II Cor. 5, 12. 7, 12. (*παρά w. acc.*) Mk. 4, 15. Lu. 8, 12. (*dat. in Gr.*) II Cor. 12, 19; wiþra Iêsu, *to meet Jesus* (*εἰς συνάντησιν τῷ Ἰησοῦ*) Mt. 8, 34. (2) *metaphorical,* (a) *in a friendly sense: to, toward* (*πρός w. acc.*); Gal. 6, 10. Eph. 6, 9. I Thess. 5, 14. II Tim. 2, 24. (*εἰς w. acc.*) I Thess. 5, 15. (b) *in a hostile sense: against, to, for* (*πρός w. acc.*); I Cor. 6, 1. Eph. 6, 11. 12. Col. 3, 13. 19; *for;* Mk. 10, 5. (*κατά w. gen.*) Mt. 10, 35. Mk. 9, 40. 11, 25. Lu. 9, 50. II Cor. 10, 5. 13, 8. Gal. 5, 17. 23. (*εἰς w. acc.*) I Cor. 8, 12 (*ἐπί w. acc.*) Mk. 3, 24. 25. (*dat. in Gr.*); Lu. 14, 31; *contrary to, against;* Skeir. I, c; *after* andhafjan: *in reply to, to, against* (*πρός w. acc.*); Mt. 27, 14. Lu. 4, 4. 6, 3. Skeir. VIII, b; *or* andahafts; I Cor. 9, 3.—*It occurs in composition w. the vs.* gaggan, ga-môtjan *q. v.; and in* wiþra-waírþs, *q. v.* [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* wiðer, *prep., against, Mdn. E.* *wiðer, *in* withers (*of a horse*), *and in the compd.* withernam (-nam *from* niman; *s.* niman; — *a law term in England*), *a second or reciprocal writ, a writ of reprisal; furthermore, O. N.* viðr, *O. S.* wiðar, *O. H. G.* widar, *M. H. G.* wider, *N. H. G.* wider (*whence* widrig, *w. suff.* -ig, *adverse, contrary, disgusting; and* widern, *compd.* anwidern, *to disgust, M. H. G.* widern, *to be against*), *prep.: against,* wieder, *adv.: again, back, Du.* weder, weêr, *Eff.* wĕde, *prep. and adv., th. s.—Compds. O. E.* wiðer-sæcce, *etc.* (*S.* sakjô); *N. H. G.* widerpart, *m., opponent, adversary, M. H. G.* wider-parte (parte *from* part, *n., part, from Lt.* partem, *acc. of* pars, *part*), *f. m., opposition, hostility, enemy, opponent; N. H. G.* wider-

spenstig, *refractory, stubborn, late M. H. G.* wider-spenstec, *adj., th. s., usually* widerspæne, -spænec, *th. s., from* wider-spân, *m., strife, quarrel* (*S. Kl.*, wider). — *Allied to O. E.* wið, *by, near, among, against, Mdl. E.* wið, *with, by, against, Mdn. E.* with (*meaning 'against' in* with-stand, *Mdl. E.* wið-stande, *O. E.* wið-standan, *to resist, lit. to stand against; s.* standan), *O. N.* við, *against, by, at, O. S.* wið, *against; — compds.: Mdn. E.* withal, *Mdl. E.* wið alle (*dat. of* al; *s.* alls); *Mdn. E.* within (*S.* innan); *Mdn. E.* without, *Mdl. E.* wiðûten, wiðûte, *O. E.* wið-ûtan (*For* ûtan, *s.* ûtana), *without; Mdn. E.* withdraw, *Mdl. E.* wiðdrawe (*For* drawe, *s.* dragan); *Mdn. E.* withhold, *Mdl. E.* wið-hôlde (*For* hôlde, *s.* haldan). — *From Idg.* wi, *prep.: against, seen in Skr.* vi, *apart, whence* vitarâm, *further. — Comp. follg. w.*]

wiþra-waírþs, *adj., opposite, over against* (ὁ κατέναντι); Lu. 19, 30; *w. dat.* (ὁ κατέναντι *w. gen.*); Mk. 11, 2. (ἀντιπέραν *w. gen.*) Lu. 8, 26; þata wiþra-waírþô, *contrariwise* (τοὐναντίον); Gal. 2, 7. [*From* wiþra *and* -waírþs, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wiðer-weard, *Mdl. E.* wiðerwârd, *adverse, hostile, O. S.* wiðarward, *hostile, adverse, O. H. G.* widar-wart, -wert, *M. H. G.* wider-wert, -wart, *extended* -wertic, *adj., contrary, hostile, discordant, N. H. G.* widerwärtig, *adverse, contrary, peevish, etc.*]

wiþrus, *m., lamb, wether* (? — *for Lt. agnus*); Jo. 1, 29 (*from the Skeir.*). Skeir. I, b. [*Cf. O. E.* weðer, *m., Mdl. E.* weðer, *Mdn. E.* wether, *O. N.* veðr, *O. H. G.* widar, *M. H. G.* wider, *N. H. G.* widder, *m., ram, Du.* weder, *ram, wether. Germanic stem* weþru-, *from pre-Germanic* wétru- (*lit. a yearling*), *is cognate w. Skr.* vatsá, *calf, young, Lt.* vitulus (*from Idg.* wet-, *year; comp. Lt.* vetus, *old, Gr.* ἔτος, *for* *ϝέτος, *Skr.* vatsará-, *year*), *calf, dim.* vitellus, *acc.* vitellum, *whence O. Fr.* veël, *whence Mdl. E.* vêl, *Mdn. E.* veal. *Comp. Kl.*, widder; *Fst.*, wiþrus.]

***wizneigs,** *adj.* (124), *lifely, joyful, in* **ga-wizneigs,** *q. v.* — *From stem of* *wizns (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -eiga.

***wizns,** *f.* (103), *living, state of health, in* **anda-, waíla-wizns,** *q. v.* — *From* wisan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ni. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

wizôn, *w. v.* (190), *to live;* **wizôn in azêtjam,** *to live in pleasure* (σπαταλᾶν); I Tim. 5, 6. — *Allied to* wisan (*to eat, be merry*), *q. v. Comp. prec. w.*

wlaitôn, *w. v.* (190), *to look round about* (περιβλέπεσθαι); Mk. 5, 32. [*Cf. O. E.* wlâtian, *to look, glance, gaze,* be-wlâtian (*For* be-, *s.* bi), *to look at, contemplate, O. N.* leita, *to look for, search. From a subst. seen in O. N.* leit, *f., searching, inquiry,*

search. Allied to wleitan, *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*]

***wleizn,** *n.* (94; *or* ***wleizns,** *f.*, 103?), *face, in* **anda-wleizn,** *q. v.* [*From root of str. v.* *wleitan (*not found*) *and fem. suff.* -sni. (*Comp. v. Bd., p. 82; Kl. N. St., p. 66*), *Goth.* *wleitan *answers to O. E.* wlîtan (*pret.* wlât), *Mdl. E.* wlîte, *to look, O. N.* líta (*str. v.*), *th. s. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

wlits, *m.* (101, *n.* 1), *the face* (*πρόσωπον*); Mk. 14, 65. II Cor. 3, 7. Gal. 1, 22. (*ὄψις*) Jo. 11, 44; *likeness, form* (*μορφή*) Phil. 2, 7. [*From root of* *wleitan (*S.* *wleizn). *Cf. O. E.* wlite, *m., Mdl. E.* wlite, *form, figure, look, O. N.* litr, *m., look, hue, O. S.* wliti, *m., splendor, look, face, O. Fris.* wlite, *m., face, form, look, O. H. G.* *liʒ (*not found*), *for which* -lizzi, *in* ant-lizzi (*Comp. Brgm., Compar. Gr., p. 155; Kl.*, antlitz), *M. H. G.* antlitze, *N. H. G.* antlitz, *n., face. Comp.* wlaitôn, *also prec. and follg. w.*]

wlizjan, *w. v.* (187); *occurs only once:* leik mein wlizja jah ana þiwa, *I chastise my body and bring it into subjection* (*ὑπωπιάʒω μου τὸ σῶμα καὶ δουλαγωγῶ*); I Cor. 9, 27 (*ὑπωπιάʒειν lit. means 'to smite in the face', also, generally, 'to smite, strike, chastise, trouble'; comp.* Lu. 18, 5, *where it is rendered by* usagljan; *s.* *agljan. — *It seems cognate w.* *wleizns, *q. v.*

wôds; *s.* **wôþs.**

wôkains, *f.* (35; 103, *n.* 1), *watching* (*ἀγρυπνία*); II Cor. 6, 5. 11, 27.—*From a lost v.* *wôkan *and suff.* -ai-ni. *Allied to* wakan, *q. v.*

wôkrs, *m.* (91, *n.* 2), *usury* (*τόκος*); Lu. 19, 23. [*From root of* wakan (*pret.* wôk, *q. v.*) *and suff.* -ra. *Cf. O. E.* wôcor, *f., progeny, posterity, O. N.* ókr, *O. H. G.* wuohhar, *M. H. G.* wuocher, *m. n., produce, fruit, gain, profit, usury; offspring, descendants, N. H. G.* wucher, *m., usury, whence* wuchern, *to practise usury, also (said of plants) to grow exuberantly, to luxuriate, M. H. G.* wuocheren, *O. H. G.* wuocherôn, *intr.: to bear fruit, grow, thrive, trans.: to produce, bear; to practise usury*].

wôþjan, *w. v.* (187), *to cry aloud, cry out, cry* (*βοᾶν*); Mk. 1, 3. 15, 34. Lu. 3, 4; *folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*πρός w. acc.*): *to call to, cry to, address aloud;* Lu. 18, 7. (*φωνεῖν*) Lu. 8, 54; *to crow* (*φωνεῖν*); Mk. 14, 68. 72; *w. acc.: to call, call for* (*φωνεῖν w. acc.*); Mt. 27, 47. Mk. 15, 35; *to call, name* (*φωνεῖν w. acc.*); Jo. 13, 13; *to call, call one by his name, bid one come* (*φωνεῖν w. acc.*); Mk. 10, 49. Jo. 11, 28. 18, 33; *and folld. by* du *w. dat.* (*in Gr. the dat.*); Lu. 19, 15; us *w. dat.* (*ἐκ w. gen.*); Jo. 12, 17; w. anþar anþarana, *to call one to another* (*προσ-*

φωνεῖν w. dat.); Mt. 11, 16; w. seina missô, th. s. (προσφωνεῖν w. dat.); Lu. 7, 32. — *Compds.* (a) at-w. w. acc.: *to call, bid one come* (φωνεῖν w. acc.); Mk. 9, 35. 10, 49. Lu. 16, 2. Jo, 9, 18. 24. (προσφωνεῖν w. acc.) Lu. 6, 13. (b) ufw., *to cry out* (φωνεῖν); Lu. 8, 8. (βοᾶν) Lu. 18, 38 (ubuhwôpida, *i. e.* uf-uh-wôpida; *s. Goth. Gr., 63, n. 1; concerning* ub *for* uf, *s. 56, n. 2*). (ἀναβοᾶν) Lu. 9, 38; ufw. stibnai mikilai, *to speak out with a loud voice* (ἀναφωνεῖν φωνῇ μεγάλῃ); Lu. 1, 42. [*Cf. O. E.* wêpan (*str. v. making the pres. in* -jo-; *s. Siev., O. E. Gr., 372; e is* i-*uml. of* ô), *to cry aloud, complain, bewail, deplore, Mdl. E.* wêpe (*str.*), *Mdn. E.* weep (*weak*), *O. S.* wôpian (*str. v.*), *to complain, bewail, O. H. G.* wuofan (*str. v.; s. Br., A. Gr., 353, n. 2*), *M. H. G.* wuofen, *to cry, complain, moan, weep.*]

wôþeis, *adj.* (128), *sweet, mild, pleasant:* dauns wôþi, *sweet savor* (εὐωδία); II Cor. 2, 15. (ὀσμὴ εὐωδίας); Eph. 5, 2. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* wêðe (*stem* wôð-jo-; e *is* i-*uml. of* ô), *adj., sweet, mild.*]

***wôþs, wôds** (74, *n.* 2), *adj., mad, possessed* (δαιμονιζόμενος); Mk. 5, 15. 16; w. wisan, *to be possessed* (δαιμονίζεσθαι); Mk. 5, 18. [*Cf. O. E.* wôd, *Mdl. E.* wôd, *Mdn. E.* wood (*obs.*), *mad, possessed, furious, O. N.* óðr, *mad, insane, O. H. G.* wuot, *mad, furious; furthermore, O. H. G. M. H. G.* wuot, *f., rage, fury, N. H. G.* wut, *Eff.* wôt, *f., rage, fury, madness.* — *Ders.: O. E.* wêdan (*from* wôdjan, *by* i-*uml. and loss of* j), *Mdl. E.* wêde, *O. S.* wôdian, *O. H. G.* wuotan, *M. H. G.* wüeten, *N. H. G.* wüten, *to rage.* — *Allied to O. E.* wôð, *f., voice, tone, song, O. N.* óðr, *m., poem. All from Idg. root* vat, *to stir up the mind; comp. Skr. root* vat, *th. s., Lt.* vates, *O. Ir.* fáith, *soothsayer, prophet, poet. Perhaps cognate w. O. E.* Wôden, *m., Mdl. E.* Wôden, *O. N.* óðinn, *O. S.* Wôdan, *O. H. G. M. H. G.* Wuotan (*Mdn. E.* Woden, *N. H. G.* Wodan *are archaic forms*), *whence respectively O. E.* wôdnesdæȝ, *Woden's day, Mdl. E.* wêdnesdai, *Mdn. E.* Wednesday, *O. N.* óðinsdagr, = *Du.* woendag, *Wednesday.*]

wraiqs, *adj.* (124), *crooked* (σκολιός); Lu. 3, 5. [*Cf. Gr.* ῥαιβός (*for *ϝραιβός*), *crooked.*—*Allied to O. E.* wriȝian, *to drive, impel, incline towards, Mdl. E.* wrie, *to twist, bend aside, whence Mdn. E.* wry, *twisted, turned aside.* (*Sk.*).]

wraka, *f.* (97), *persecution* (διωγμός); Mk. 10, 30. II Tim. 3, 11; wraka winnan, *to suffer persecution* (διώκεσθαι); Gal. 6, 12 (*in A*, wrakja *in B*). II Tim. 3, 12. [*From* wrikan, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wracu, *f., Mdl. E.* wrake,

revenge, punishment, persecution, misery. Comp. wrêkei *and follg. w.*]

wrakja, *f.* (97), *persecution* (διωγμός); Mk. 4, 17. Rom. 8, 35. II Thess. 1, 4. II Tim. 3, 11; wrakja winnan, *to suffer persecution* (διώκεσθαι); Gal. 6, 12 (*in B,* wraka *in A*). — *From* wrikan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jô. *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

wrakjan, *w. v.* (187), *w. acc.: to persecute* (διικώκειν *w. acc.*); Phil. 3, 6. — *From* wrakja (*or* wraka), *q. v. Comp. follg. w.*

wraks, *m.* (91), *persecutor* (διώκτης); I Tim. 1, 13.—*From root of* wrikan, *q. v. Comp.* wraka, wrakja, wrakjan.

wratôdus, *m.* (105), *a journeying, journey* (ὁδοιπορία); II Cor. 11, 26. — *From* wratôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ô-dus.

wratôn, *w. v.* (190), *to go, journey* (πορεύεσθαι); Lu. 2, 41. I Cor. 16, 6. (διοδεύειν) Lu. 8, 1. [*Cf. O. N.* rata (*w. v.*), *to journey, travel, etc.; s. Sch.,* wratôn.]

wrêkei, *f.* (113), *persecution* (διωγμός); II Cor. 12, 10. [*From stem of* wrêks (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. *Allied to O. E.* wrǽc, *f.* (?), *Mdl. E.* wrêche, *vengeance, punishment, O. S.* wrâka, *O. H. G.* râhha, *M. H. G.* râche, *N. H. G.* rache, *f., revenge. Comp.* wraka, wrakja, *and follg. w.*]

wrêþus, wriþus (7, *n.* 3; 205), *m., herd* (ἀγέλη); Lu. 8, 33. [*Cf. O. E.* wrǽð, *f., herd, troop, Dan.* vraad, *th. s. Allied to Skr.* vrâta, *troop, multitude. S. Fst.,* wriþus.]

wrikan, *str. v.* (176, *n.* 1), *w. acc.: to persecute* (διώκειν *w. acc.*); Jo. 15, 20. Rom. 12, 14. I Cor. 15, 9. Gal. 1, 23. 4, 29; *pass.;* II Cor. 4, 9. Gal. 5, 11. (*for* καταρᾶσθαι; *s. note*) Mt. 5, 44 (*S. note*). — *Compds.* (a) fra-wr. *w. acc.: th. s.* (ἐκδιώκειν *w. acc.*); I Thess. 2, 15. (b) ga-wr. *w. acc.: to wreak, avenge* (ἐκδικεῖν *w. acc.*); Rom. 12, 19. (ποιεῖν τὴν ἐκδίκησιν) Lu. 18, 7. 8. [*Cf. O. E.* wrecan, *to drive, urge, drive away; avenge, punish, Mdl. E.* wreke, *Mdn. E.* wreak, *O. N.* reka, *to drive, thrust, repel, wreak, O. S.* wrekan, *to punish, O. H. G.* rehhan (*for* *wrehhan), *M. H. G.* rechen (*str. v.*), *N. H. G.* rächen (*str. and w.*), *Du.* wreken, *to avenge, revenge. Germanic* wrekan (*root* wrek, *Indg.* wreg) *is compared with Skr. root* vṛj, *to enclose, Gr.* εἴργειν (*from* ἐ-Fέργειν; *root* werg; *comp. Fst.,* wrikan), *th. s., Lt.* urgere, *to urge, drive, whence Mdn. E.* urge, urgent (*from stem of the Lt. pres. partic.* urgent-). — *Ders.:* (*Goth.* *wrakja), *O. E.* wræc, *n., exile, Mdn. E.* wreak (*obs.*) *revenge, vengeance, infliction, whence O. E.* wrecca (e *is* i-*uml. of* æ; cc *for* c *before the* j *of the m. suff.* -jan), *exile, fugitive, stranger, Mdl. E.* wrecche, *Mdn. E.* wretch, *a miserable person, O. S.* wrekkjo,

m., exile, fugitive, stranger, O. H. G. reccho (wreccho), *m., th. s., M. H. G.* recke, *m., warrior, hero, N. H. G.* recke, *m., giant, hero; furthermore, Mdl.E.* wrak, *wreck, Mdn. E.* wrack, *a kind of sea-weed, also shipwreck, ruin, lit. 'that which is cast ashore' (Sk.;—comp. O. E.* wrecan, *O. N.* reka, *to drive, urge; above*)= wreck, *destruction, ruin, shipwreck; also* rack (*for* wrack), *ruin, in the phr. 'to go to* rack', *to perish, be destroyed. — S.* wraka, wrakja, wrakjan, wraks, wrêkei.]

***wrisqan,** *str. v.* (174, *n.* 1), *to produce fruit, in* ga-wr., *th. s.* (*τελεσφορεῖν*); Lu. 8, 14. [*Cf. O. N.* *reskva, *pret. partic.* roskenn, *grown.*]

writs, *m.*(91, *or* 101?), *a stroke of a pen* (*κεραία*); Lu. 16, 17. [*Cf. O. H. G.* riz, *m., stroke of a pen, letter, M. H. G.* riz, *m., rent, fissure, wound, N. H. G.* riss, *m., rent, fissure, also sketch, design. From root of Goth.* *wrei tan (*not found*), *O. E.* wrîtan (*pret.* wrât=*Goth.* *wrait, *pret. partic.* writen=*Goth.* *writans), *Mdl. E.* wrîte, *Mdn. E.* write (*lit. to incise; s. remark under* bôk), *O. N.* rîta, *O. S.* wrîtan, *to tear, write, O. H. G.* rîzan (*for* *wrîzan), *M. H. G.* rîzen, *to tear, cut, incise, write, N. H. G.* reissen, *to tear, rend, pull, also to draw, sketch, design* (*Comp.* reissfeder, *f., drawing-pen*), *Du.* rijten, *to tear, Eff.* rîsse, *to tear. Further cognates are O. H. G.* riz, *letter, M. H. G.* riz (*gen.* ritzes), *m., rent, fissure, cleft, wound, also outline, N. H. G.* ritze, *f., rift, cleft, fissure, whence O. H. G.* rizzen, rizzôn, *M. H. G.* ritzen, *to incise, wound, N. H. G.* ritzen, *to incise; and O. E.* (ȝe)writ (*n.* a-*stem*), *Mdl. E.* (i)writ, *a writing, Mdn. E.* writ; *and O. N.* reita, *to excite, irritate, O. H. G.* reizzen, reizen, *M. H. G.* reitzen, reizen, *N. H. G.* reizen, *w. v.* (*perhaps caus. of the str. v., above; s. Kl.* reizen), *to irritate, decoy, allure, attract.*]

wriþus; *s.* **wrêþus.**

wrôhjan, *w. v.*(187), *w. acc.: to accuse* (*κατηγορεῖν w. gen.*); Mk. 3, 2. 15, 3. Jo. 5, 45; ei bigêteina til du wrôhjan ina, *that they might accuse him* (*ἵνα εὕρωσι κατηγορίαν αὐτοῦ*) Lu. 6, 7; *and* du *w. dat.* (*πρός w. acc.*); Jo. 5, 45; *pers. pass.;* Mt. 27, 12.—*Compd.* fra-wr.: frawrôhiþs warþ du imma *was accused unto him* (*διεβλήθη αὐτῷ*); Lu. 16, 1. [*Cf. O. E.* wrêȝan (*from* *wrôȝjan, *by* i-*uml. and loss of* j), *Mdl. E.* wrêie, *to accuse, charge, O. N.* rœgja, *to calumniate, O. S.* wrôgian, *to accuse, O. H. G.* ruogen, *M. H. G.* rüegen, *to accuse, charge, blame, N. H. G.* rügen, *to reprove. The forms w.* g *are due to grammatical change; s. Kl.,* rügen. — *From follg. w.*]

wrôhs, *f.* (103), *accusation* (*κατη-*

γορία); folld. by ana (against) w. acc. (κατά w. gen.); Jo. 18, 29; or bi w. acc. (th. s.); I Tim. 5, 19. [Stem wrôhi-. Allied to O. N. rog (a-stem), n. calumniation, strife, M. H. G. ruege (jô-stem; in compds. ruog-; s. v. B., p. 15), f., accusation, blame, reproof, N. H. G. rüge, f., reproof, censure; and to O. E. wrôht (w. t-suff.; s. v. B., p. 76), m. f. accusation, crime, strife, harm, O. S. wrôht, m. f., strife, uproar. S. prec. w.]

wruggô, f. (112), snare (παγίς); II Tim. 2, 26. [Stem wruggôn- (w. suff. -ôn) refers to root wring, seen in O. E. wrinʒan (pret. wranʒ, pret. partic. wrunʒen; Goth. *wriggan–*wragg–wruggans), to press, compress, strain, wring, Mdl. E. wringe, Mdn. E. wring, O. H. G. ringan (for *wringan), M. H. G. ringen, to move hither and thither, to exert one's self, wind, wring, wrestle, N. H. G. ringen, to wring, wrestle, struggle, Du. wringen, to twist, press, Eff. vrönge, to wring (clothes in washing). A frequent. of Mdl. E. wringe (pret. wrang) is Mdl. E. wrangle, to wrestle, dispute, Mdn. E. wrangle, to dispute. Allied to Mdl. E. wrinkel, Mdn. E. wrinkle, lit. 'a little twist' (Sk.), whence the v. wrinkle; comp. M. H. G. runke, f., wrinkle; and to O. E. wrencan (from *wraucjan), to spin intrigues, Mdl. E. wrenche, Mdn. E. wrench, O. H. G. renchen, M. H. G. renken, to wrench, N. H. G. renken, to hend, turn, wrench; and O. E. wrence, wrenc, m., a bending, curve, crookedness, deceit, Mdl. E. wrenche, deceit, Mdn. E. wrench, a violent twist, sprain, M. H. G. ranc(k), m., a quick turn, motion, N. H. G. rank, m., a turning (pl. ränke, intrigues, tricks) whence M. H. G. ranken, to move quickly, stretch, N. H. G. ranken, to ramp, climb, whence N. H. G. ranke (Concerning the k of the above words, s. Kl., renken; s. also biugan, *laigôn), f., tendril. Furthermore, comp. Gr. ῥέμβειν, to turn, ῥόμβος, magic top.—Allied to *wargs, q. v.]

wulan, str. v. (173, n. 2; 175, n. 2), to wallop, boil; hence to be fervent (ζεῖν); Rom. 12, 11. [Allied to O. E. weallan (pret. wêoll), Mdl. E. walle, to well up, wallop, boil, O. S. wallan (pret. wêl), O. H. G. wallan (pret. wial), M. H. G. wallen (pret. wiel), N. H. G. wallen (w. v.), to bubble, boil, beside O. E. wellan, w. v., to well up, Mdl. E. welle, Mdn. E. well, to issue forth, spring, O. H. G. wellôn, M. H. G. wellen, to well up, to billow; and to O. N. vella (pret. vall), to boil; and to O. E. well, wella, m., spring, Mdl. E. welle, Mdn. E. well, spring, fount. Further cognate w. O. E. wealm (S. v. B., p. 136), m., Mdl. E. walm (whence the obs. Mdn. E.

walm, *to roll, boil up*), *heat, a bubbling up, O. H. G. M. H. G.* walm, *m., a bubbling up, steam. Comp. also Lt.* volvere, *Gr.* εἰλύειν (*S.* walwjan).]

Wulfila, *pr. n.* (108; 221), *Οὐλφίλας. — Lit. 'little wolf', from stem of* wulfs (*q. v.*) *and dim. suff.* -ilan (*S.* Attila).

wulfs, *m.* (91), *wolf* (λύκος); Mt. 7, 15. Lu. 10, 3. Jo. 10, 12. [*Cf. O. E.* wulf (*pl.* wulfas), *m., Mdl. E.* wulf (*pl.* wulves, wolves), *Mdn. E.* wolf (*pl.* wolves), *O. N.* úlfr, *m.* (ylgr, *f., she-wolf*), *O. S.* wulf, *O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* wolf, *Du.* wolf, *Eff.* wolef, *m., wolf. Germanic stem* wulfo-, *from* wulpo-, *refers to Indg.* welqo-, welko-; *comp. Skr.* vrika, *O. Bulg.* vlŭkŭ, *Lith.* vilkas, *Gr.* λύκος, *Lt.* lupus, *wolf. The word* 'wolf' *occurs in many pr. ns.; as,* Wolfram (*For* -ram, *s.* baírhts); Adolph=Adolf, *from* Adalolf (*For* adal-, *s.* ara), Rudolph, *from* Ruodolf (ruod- *from* hruod-=*O. E.* hrôð *in* hrôðor, *m., joy,* hrêð (e *is* i-*uml. of* ô), *f., joy, glory, etc.; s. Kl.,* ruhm).]

wulla, *f.* (97) *wool;* Skeir. III, c. [*Cf. O. E.* wull, *f., Mdl. E.* wulle, wolle (*der.* wolleward, *Mdn. E.* woolward (*obs.*) *lit.* '*towards wool*', *in the phrase* '*to go* woolward', *to wear wool next the skin*), *Mdn. E.* wool, *O. N.* ull, *O. H. G.* wolla, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wolle, *f., Du.* wol, *Eff.* woll, *f., wool. Germanic stem* wullô- (ll *from* ln; *s.* fulls) *refers to Indg.* wulnô; *comp. O. Bulg.* vlŭna, *Lith.* vilna; *also Lt.* lâna, *wool, Gr.* οὖλος (*from* **ϝόλνος*), *curled, Skr.* ûrnâ, *wool,* vṛ (*pres.* ûrṇômi), *to cover. — Comp. follg. w.*]

wullareis, *m.* (92, a), *one who whitens wool, a fuller* (γναφεύς); Mk. 9, 3. — *From* wulla (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -arja-.

wulþags, *adj.* (124), *gorgeous* (ἔνδοξος), Lu. 7, 25; *honorable;* I Cor. 4, 10; *glorious;* Eph. 5, 27. (ἐνδόξη); II Cor. 3, 7. (δεδοξασμένος); II Cor. 3, 10; wulþags wisan, *to be glorious* (δεδοξάσθαι); II Cor. 3, 10; *wonderful, strange* (παράδοξος); Lu. 5, 26.—*From stem of* wulþus (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -aga (*the stem-vowel* -u- *being dropped*). *Comp. follg. w.*

wulþrs, *m.* (101. *Comp.* **vulþrs** *in Bernhardt's Glossar'*), *consequence:* ni waíht mis wulþris (*in B,* wulþrais *in A*) ist, *is of no consequence to me, does not concern me* (οὐδέν μοι διαφέρει); Gal. 2, 6. [*From root* wul (*S.* wulþus) *and suff.* -þra. *Cf. O. E.* wuldor, *n., glory, praise, Mdl. E.* wulder, *glory, O. H. G.* woldar-, *in pr. ns. Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

wulþrs, *adj.* (124), *of worth, of consequence; occurs only once:* mais wulþriza wisan, *to be of more worth, be better* (μᾶλλον διαφέρειν); Mt. 6, 26. — *From stem of* wulþus (*q. v.*) *and suff.*

-ra, *the stem-vowel* -u- *being dropped. Comp.* wulþags *and prec. w.*

wulþus, *m.* (105), *glory* (*δόξα*); Mt. 6, 13. 29. Mk. 8, 38. 10, 37. 13, 26. Lu. 2, 9. 14. 32. 4, 6. 9, 26. 31. 32. 17, 18. 19, 38. Jo. 11, 40. 12, 41. 17, 5. 22. 24. Rom. 9, 4. 23. 11, 36. 15, 7. I Cor. 10, 31. II Cor. 1, 20. 3, 7–11. 18. 4, 4. 6. 15. 17. 6, 8. 8, 19. 23. Gal. 1, 5. Eph. 1, 6. 7 (*added*). 12. 14. 17. 18. 3, 13. 16. 21. Phil. 3, 19. 21. Col. 1, 11. 27. 3, 4. I Thess. 2, 12. 20. II Thess. 1, 9. I Tim. 1, 11. 17. 3, 16. II Tim. 2, 10. Skeir. IV, b. [*From stem* wul *and suff.* -þu- (*Comp. v. B., pp. 93 and 96; Kl., N. St., pp. 60. 63*). *Cf. O. N.* Ullr (ll *from* lþ; *s. Nor., p. 79*), *name of a god; and Lt.* vultus, *m., an expression of countenance, the countenance, face, looks, aspect.* — *S.* wulþags, wulþrs.]

wulwa, *f.* (97), *robbery* (*ἁρπαγμός*); Phil. 2, 6. — *From* wilwan, *q. v.*

***wunan,** *w. v.* (193), *to rejoice, occurs only once, in the compd. pres. partic.* un-wunands (*q. v.*). [*Cf. O. N.* una, *to rejoice. Stem* wun- *occurs further in O. E.* wynn (=*Goth.* *wunja; nn *for* n *before* j; y *is* i-*uml. of* u), *f., Mdl. E.* wunne, *pleasure, delight, O. S.* wunnia, *f., joy, O. H. G.* wunna (wunnî), *M. H. G.* wunne (wunne), *N. H. G.* wonne (*For* wonne-, *s.* winja), *f., delight, bliss, rapture. Allied to O. E.* (ge)wuna, *w. m., Mdl. E.* (i)wune, wone, *custom, habit, whence O. E.* (ȝe)wunian, *to dwell, be used to, Mdl. E.* wune, wone, *th. s. Mdn. E.* won (*obs.*), *to dwell, abide, pret. partic.* woned, *Mdl. E.* woned= *Mdn. E.* wont, *adj. and subst., whence the v.* wont, *pret. partic.* wonted, *accustomed* (*Comp. Sk.*, wont); — *to O. H. G.* *won, *in* gi-won, *M. H. G.* gewon, *adj., accustomed; to O. H. G.* *wona, *f.* (*str.*), *in* giwona, *custom, M. H. G.* wone, *f., dwelling, residence, custom,* gewone, *custom, whence O. H. G.* giwonaheit (*For* -heit, *s.* haidus), *M. H. G.* gewone-, gewohnheit, *N. H. G.* gewohnheit, *f., custom, habit; and O. H. G.* wonên, *w. v.* (=*O. S.* wonôn, *to dwell*), *to be or become accustomed, also to abide, dwell, M. H. G.* (ge)wonen, *th. s., N. H. G.* wohnen, *to dwell, reside, live,* gewohnt (*pret. partic.*), *accustomed, used; and M. H. G.* gewonlich (*For* -lich, *s.* *leiks), *N. H. G.* gewöhnlich, *adj., usual, customary; — to O. E.* wûsc (*w. suff.* -sc; û *from* ŭn), *m., wish* (*O. N.* ósk, *f., wish*), *O. H. G.* wunsc, *m., M. H. G.* wunsch, *m., wish, desire, N. H. G.* wunsch, *m., wish, whence O. E.* wŷscan (*ŷ is* i-*uml. of* û), *Mdl. E.* wische, *Mdn. E.* wish, *O. N.* œskja, *O. H. G.* wunsken, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wünschen, *to wish; allied to*

Skr. váṅksh, *to wish.* — *A form w.* a-*abl.* is *the old Germanic adj. stem* wana-, *whence O. N.* vanr, *adj., accustomed* (vane, *custom*), *O. E.* (ȝe)wenian (e *is* i-*uml. of* a), *also* wennan (*Siev., O. E. Gr., 400, n. 1*), *Mdl. E.* (i)wene, *to accustom, Mdn. E.* wean, *O. N.* venja, *O. S.* wennian, *O. H. G.* (gi)wennan, *M. H. G.* (ge)wenen, *N. H. G.* gewöhnen, *Du.* gewennen, *Eff.* (ȝe)wenne, *to accustom, habituate, wean.*]

***wundôn,** *w. v.* (190), *to wound, in* **ga-wundôn,** *w. acc., th. s.* (*τραυματίȝειν w. acc.*); Lu. 20, 12 (gawondondans *in MS*). [*From* wunds, *q. v. Cf. O. E.* wundian, *Mdl. E.* wunde, wonde, wounde, *Mdn. E.* wound, *O. H. G.* wuntôn, *M. H. G.* (ver)wunden (*For* ver-, *s.* fair-, fra-), *N. H. G.* verwunden, *to wound. Comp.* wundufni, wunns.]

wunds, *adj.* (124), *wounded;* haubiþ (*acc. of specification*) wundan briggan, *to wound in the head* (*κεφαλαιοῦν*); Mk. 12, 4. [*Cf. O. E. Mdl. E.* wund, *adj., wounded, sore, O. S.* wund, *wounded, O. H. G.* wunt, *M. H. G.* wunt(d), *adj., sore, wounded, N. H. G.* wund, *Du.* ge-wond, *Eff.* wonk, *adj., sore. Prop. an old partic. in* -tó. *Allied to Gr.* ἀ-άατος, *inviolable. Furthermore, comp.* (*w. Indg. suff.* -tâ) *O. E.* wund, *f., Mdl. E.* wunde, wonde, wounde, *O. N.* und, *O. S.* wunda, *O. H. G.* wunta, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* wunde, *f., Du.* wonde, wound. *Cognate w.* winnan, *q. v.* — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*]

wundufni, *f.* (98), *wound, plague* (*μάστιξ*); Mk. 3, 10. — *From* wundôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ufnjô- (*S.* witubni fraistubni, witubni; *and LMD., p. 109*). — *Comp. prec. and follg. w.*

wunns, *f.* (103), *affliction, suffering* (*πάθημα*); II Tim. 3, 11. — *From root of* winnan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ni. *Comp. prec. w.*

X.

Xafira (*uninflected*), *name of a place,* Χαφιρά, Ezra II, 25.

Xrêskus, *s.* **Krêskus.**

Xristus, *m.* (1, *n.* 4; *concerning* u *for* au, *and* au *for* u; *s. Goth. Gr.,* 105, *n.* 2), *Christ* (*Χριστός*); Mt. 27, 17. Mk. 8, 29. 12, 35. 13, 21. 14, 61. 15, 32. Lu. 2, 11. 3, 15. 4, 41. 9, 20. Jo. 6, 69. 7, 26. 27. 31. 41. 10, 24. 11, 27. 12, 34. Rom. 8, 10. 9, 5. 10, 4. 14, 15. 15, 7. I Cor. 1, 13 (*wanting; s. note*). 17. 5, 7. 8, 11. 11, 3. 15, 3. 12. 13. 14. 16. 17. 20. 23. Gal. 2, 18. 20. 4, 19 (*in A,* -aus *in B*). 5, 1. 2. Eph. 4, 15. 5, 2. 23. 29. Phil. 1, 18. 20. 5, 1. 2. Eph. 4, 15. 5, 2. 23. 29. Phil. 1, 18. 20. 21. Col. 1, 27. 3, 1. 4. 11. 13; *gen.* -aus; Mt. 11, 2. Mk. 9, 41. Rom. 7, 4. 8, 9. 35. 10, 17. 14, 10. I Cor.

1, 12. 17. 4, 10. 9, 21. 11, 1. 3. 15, 23. II Cor. 2, 11. 12. 15. 3, 3. 4, 4. 5, 10. 14. 8, 23. 9, 13. 10, 1. 5. 7. 14. 11, 10. 13. 23. 12, 9. Gal. 1, 6. 7. 3, 29. 5, 24. 6, 12. Eph. 2, 13. 3, 4. 9. 19. 4, 7. 12. 13. 5, 5. 21. Phil. 1, 27. 2, 30. 3, 7. 18. Col. 1, 24. 2, 11. 17. 3, 15. 4, 3. I Thess. 3, 2. II Thess. 2, 2. 3, 5; *dat.* -au; Rom. 9, (1; *s. note*). 3. 12, 5. 15, 18. 19. 22. II Cor. 1, 21. 2, 14. 17. 3, 14. 5, 19. 6, 15. 11, 3. 12, 2. Gal. 1, 22. 2, 17. 20. 3, 27. 5, 4. 6 (-u *in MS*). Eph. 1, 3. 10. 12. 20. 2, 5. 4, 32. 5, 24 (-u *in MS*). Phil. 1, 23. 2, 1. 3, 12. 4, 13. Col. 2, 20. 3, 1. 3. 25. I Thess. 4, 16. I Tim. 1, 14. 2, 7. Philem. 20; *acc.* -u; Lu. 2, 26. 4, 41. Jo. 9, 22. Rom. 10, 6. 7. I Cor. 1, 24. 15, 15. II Cor. 1, 5. 3, 4. 5, 16. 18. 20. 12, 10. Gal. 4, 7. Eph. 2, 12 (*in A*, -au *in B*). 3, 17. 4, 20. Phil. 1, 15. 16. 29. 3, 8 (-au *in AB*). I Thess. 4, 14; *voc.* -u; Mt. 26, 68; Xristus Iêsus; I Tim, 1, 15. 16. 2, 5; *gen.* Iêsuis Xristaus; Mk. 1, 1. Rom. 15, 6. 24. I Cor. 5, 4. II Cor. 1, 1. 3. 14. 5, 6. 8, 9. 13, 13. Gal. 2, 16. 6, 14. 17. 18. Eph. 1, 3. 17. 3, 14. 5, 20. Phil. 3, 8. 9. I Thess. 2, 19. 3, 13. 5, 24. 28. II Thess. 1, 7. 8. 12. 2, 1. 3, 6. 18. I Tim. 5, 21. 6, 3. 14. II Tim. 1, 1. 10. Tit. 1, 1; *or* Xristaus Iêsuis; Gal. 2, 16. Eph. 1, 1. 3, 1. Phil. 1, 19. Col. 1, 7. I Tim. 1, 1. 4, 6. 6, 13. II Tim. 2, 3. 4, 1; — *dat.* Iêsua Xristau; II Thess. 3, 12; *or* Iêsu Xristau; II Cor. 1, 2. Gal. 1, 3. Eph. 1, 2. 15. 6, 24. II Thess. 1, 1. 2; *or* Xristau Iêsua; Rom. 13, 14. Gal. 2, 16; *or* Xristau Iêsu; Rom. 6, 23. 8, 1. 2. 39. I Cor. 15, 31. 16, 24. Gal. 2, 4. 3, 28. Eph. 1, 1. 2, 6. 7. 10. 13. 20. 3, 6. 11. 21. Phil. 1, 26. 3, 3. 14. 4, 7. Col. 1, 28. I Thess. 2, 14. 5, 18. I Tim. 1, 2. 12. 3, 13. II Tim. 1, 1. 2. 9. 13. 2, 1. 10. 3, 12. 15. Tit. 1, 4. Philem. 23; *or* Xristu Iêsu; Gal. 5, 6; *acc.* Iêsu Xristu; Jo. 17, 3. Rom. 7, 25. I Cor. 15, 57. 16, 22. II Cor. 4, 5. Gal. 1, 1. Eph. 1, 5. I Thess. 4, 2. 5. 9; *or* Iêsu Xristau; I Cor. 9, 1. Phil. 3, 20. I Cor. 15, 57 (*in A*, -u *in B*); *or* Xristu Iêsu; Rom. 15, 5. 8. Gal. 4, 14. II Tim. 2, 8. — [*From Gr.* Χριστός (*from* χριστός, *adj., anointed, from* χρίειν, *to anoint*), *Lt.* Christus, *whence also O. E.* Crist, *m., Mdl. E.* Crîst, *Mdn. E.* Christ; *and G.* Christus. *Comp.* galiuga-Xristus.]

Ϝ (39).

Ymaínaius, *pr. n.,* Ὑμέναιος; II Tim. 2, 17. — *We should expect* Hymaínaius.

Z.

Zaíbaídaius, *pr. n.*, *Ζεβεδαῖος*, *gen.* -aus; Mt. 27, 56. Mk. 1, 19. 3, 17. 10, 35. Lu. 5, 10; *acc.* -u; Mk. 1, 20.

Zakarias, *pr. n.* (43), *Ζαχαρίας*; Lu. 1, 5. 12. 18; *gen.* i-ins; Lu. 1, 21. 40; *or* Za*χ*ariins; Lu. 3, 2; *acc.* Zakarian; Lu. 1, 59; *voc.* Zakaria; Lu. 1, 13.

Zakkaius, *pr. n.*, *Ζακχαῖος*; Lu. 19, 2; *gen.* Za*χχ*aiaus; Ezra 2, 9; *voc.* Zakkaiu; Lu. 19, 5.

Zaúraúbabil, *pr. n.*, *Ζοροβάβελ*; *gen.* -is; Lu. 3, 27.

zêlôtês, *m.*, *zealot* (*a surname of Simon*); *acc.* zêlotên (*Gr. infl.*); Lu. 6, 15. [*From Gr. ζηλώτης, from ζῆλος, ardor, whence also Lt.* zelus, *zeal, acc.* zelum, *whence Fr.* zele, *whence Mdn. E.* zeal (*S. Sk.*, zeal).]

Corrections and Additions.

aftra, *line 28: insert the second before day.* **aigin,** *l. 4:* âʒen *for* agen (*occurring in some copies*). **aílʁa-tundi,** *l. 12: 'runner' for* runner. **ainahô;** *s. Appendix.* ***ais,** *l. 6: brazen for* brazen. **aíwaggêli,** *l. 13: and for* and. **aiwjan:** *aiwjan (188). **aiwχaristia:** aí *for* ai. **ajukduþs:** -dûþs *for* -duþs-. [*For this suff., s.* gamaindûþs; *also* ajukdûþs, *Appendix.*] **ala-þarba,** *l. 3:* þarba *for* þaúrban. ***aldra:** *aldrs *for* *aldra. **alja-leikô,** *l. 3: "from* *aljaleiks (*not found*), *from stem of* aljis *and* *leiks, *q. v.*—*Comp.* *leikô" *for "Comp.* *aljaleiks, *from stem* alja- *and* *leiks, *q. v.*" **alla-waúrstwa:** *'From stem of* alls *and* waúrstwa, *q. v.' for 'Comp.,' etc.* **alls,** *p. 21, l. 7 from the bottom:* also *for also.* **ana-haimeis,** *l. 2: "From* ana *and* *haimeis (*Appendix*), *q. v." for "S.* ana, haims." **and,** *l. 10:* answer *for answer.* **anda-þahts:** -þâhts *for* -þahts. **arʁazna,** *l. 1: arrow for* arrow. **audags,** *l. 4:* êadiʒ *for* eadiʒ. **augô,** *l. 5:* êaʒe *for* eage. **auhuma,** *l. 11: delete supposed to be.* **auk,** *l. 20:* êac *for* eac. **aukan,** *l. 17:* *êacan *for* *eacan—*l. 19:* êaccn *for* eacen. **ausô,** *l. 3 and 4:* êare *for* eare—*l. 7:* êar- *for* ear-. **awêþi,** *l. 5:* e *for* ê. **awô,** *l. 3:* avus *for avus.* **azêts,** *l. 12: Diez for Dietz.*

bai, *l. 5:* bǫ̂ *for* bô. **baítrs;** *s. Appendix.* **bajôþs,** *l. 5:* báðir *for* baðir. **balgs,** *2nd column, l. 2: Ind. for Indg.* **barizeins,** *l. 8:* lêac *for* leac. **bi-faíhô,** *l. 1 and 2:* ái *for* aí. **biudan,** *l. 21:* bêodan *for* beodan. **biugan,** *l. 8:* bêogan *for* beogan. **bi-uhti, bi-uhts;** *s.* *ûhti, *ûhts, *Appendix.* **biuþs,** *l. 4:* bêod *for* beod. **blauþjan,** *l. 5:* blêað *for* bleað. **bleiþs,** *l. 8:* blíðr *for* bliðr.

daufs, *l. 3:* dêaf *for* deaf. **dius,** *l. 3:* dêor *for* deor. **dôms,** *l. 9:* dómr *for* domr. **dreiban,** *l. 10:* drîban *for* driban. **driugan,** *l. 4:* drêoʒan *for* dreoʒan. **drusts,** *l. 2:* -ti *for* t. **du,** *l. 2: "prep. w. dat. and acc."* **dulþs,** *l. 7:* dult *for dult.*

eisarn, *l. 8:* îsarn *for* isarn.

fâhan, *l. 21:* fâhan *for* fahan. **faihs,** *l. 3: insert* fêch, *M. H. G.* **faus,** *l. 6:* fêa *for* fea. **fidwôr,** *l. 9:* fêower *for* feower. **fidwôr-taíhun,** *l. 4:* fêower- *for* feower-. **fijands,** *l. 6:* fêond *for* feond. **filigri,** *l. 4: insert* (*and suff.* -ja) *after* *felʒra-. ***fill,** *l. 1:* û *for* u. **fraistubni,** *l. 7 and 8:* -jô *for* -ja. **fraiw,** *l. 4:* -ê- *for* -æ-. **fralusts,** *l. 7:* *liusan

for lausjan. ' **frijaþwa,** *l. 5:* -þwô *for* -þwa. **frius,** *l. 4:* -êo- *for* -eo- *l. 10:* frjósa *for* frjosa.

ga-qiss *and* **ga-qumþs** *belong after* gakusts. **ga-waúrts,** *adj.* (124), *rooted* (ἐρριζομένος); Eph. 3, 18 (*for* gawaúrhtai *in A B*). — *From* ga (*q. v.*) *and* *waúrts (*S. Appendix*). ***ginnan,** *l. 25: O. N.* gína *for* gînan. **giutan,** *l. 3:* ȝêotan *for* geotan. **giutan,** *add:* — *Compd.* ufar-g., *to pour over* (ὑπερεκχύνειν): mitaþs ufargutana, *a measure running over;* Lu. 6, 38. **greipan,** *l. 18: insert* gripe, *Mdn. E. after E.* ***griþs,** *l. 2: "Allied" for "Supposed to refer."* **guþ-blôstreis,** *l. 3:* guþ *for* guþs.

handus, *l. 5:* hǫnd *for* hond.

ƕaírban, *l. 28: O. N.* hvarf *for* hwarf. **ƕaiteis,** *l. 5:* hveiti *for* hweiti.

jaíns; *s. Appendix.*

keinan *belongs after* *keian.

laian; *s. Appendix.* **laiba,** *l. 4:* lêba *for* lêba. ***lêts,** *insert:* *lêt *after* '*or*'.

***malteins,** *l. 13:* malt *for malt.* ***maudeins,** *l. 2: delete* ',ufar-' ***mêt,** *l. 1:* [*for* —; *l. 2: delete* [. **môtjan,** *l. 9:* mǫt *for* mǫt.

nadrs, *l. 11: delete O. N.* naðr. **nêƕ,** *l. 22:* nǽr *for* nær. **niutan,** *l. 30: Mdn. E.* cattle *for cattle.*

***raíhtjan,** *add:* (b) at-ga-r. *w. acc.: to set in order* (ἐπιδιορθοῦν *w. acc.*): Tit. 1, 5. ***raþjan;** *s. Appendix.* ***rêdan,** *page 321, l. 7.: word for* word.

***sailjan,** *l. 14: delete* [. **sarva:** w *for* v. **sinþs,** *l. 1:* sinþ, *n. for* sinþs, *n.* **skaidan,** *p. 364, l. 4:* sk- *for* sc-. **skalja,** *p. 365, l. 30:* sh- *for* sch-. **sunjis,** *l. 15: delete* '*s.* sôþ'. **swamms,** *l. 10:* svimma *for* swimma.

þau, *p. 463, l. 10:* though, *c- for* though *C-.* **þiudan-gardi,** *last l.;* -jô *for* -ja. **þiudans,** *l. 8:* [*for* —. **þius,** *p. 472, l. 7:* þegn *for* þeȝn.

un-mahts, *l. 4:* [*for* —. **unqêniþs** *and* **unqêþs** *belong after* **un-kunþs.**

For the sake of uniformity, O. E. ȝ *for* g; *O. S.* th *initially and* ð *medially; O. N.* ǫ *for* ö (*of some words; s. the index*). *A few unessential mistakes; as, cogn-ate for cog-nate, and others may here be left untouched. — For further improvements, s. Appendix.*

Appendix.

REMARKS: I intended originally to append separate lists of all the Gothic substantives, adjectives, and verbs, with reference to their stems and inflection, but have been prevented by want of time. I confine myself therefore to giving only such words, with figures referring to their inflection, as occur in the Glossary without them. For the compounds, look at the simples. The statements under **ainaha, ajukdûþs, baitrs, hardus, hrains, -ja, jains, lauan, mênôþs, miduma, -nan, *nauan, passive voice, reiks,** *m.*, **sunnô, suts, *ûhti, ûhtiugs, *ûhts, wilþeis, wrêþus,** *may serve as a brief appendix to the Gothic grammar.*

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aba (108). [*According to Fick, VII, 19, from primitive* opón, *from root* op, *to work. — Doubtful* (*Fst.*).] ***abrjan** (187). — **abrs** (124). **aftana.** [*From* afta (*q. v.*) *and part.* -na, *Idg.* -nê *answering question 'whence'.*] ***agands** (133), *in* un-agands, *q. v.* **-agga** (108), *in* hals-agga, *q. v.* [*Allied to Gr. ἀγκών, bend, bow.*] **aftuma.** — *S.* innuma. **aggwiþa** (97).—*Suff.* -i-þô. ***aggweins** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* ei-ni. ***aggwjan** (185). **aggwus** (131). [*From stem* aggu-, *the* w *from the oblique cases.*] ***agei** (113). ***agjan** (185). **aglaitei** (113). **aglaiti** (95). **agliþa** (97).—*Suff.* -i-þô. ***agljan** (185). **aglô** (112). **agls** (124). **aha** (108). **ahana** (97). ***ahei** (113). ***ahjan** (185). **ahma.**—*Suff.* -man. **ahmateins** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* ei-ni. **ahmeins** (123). — *Suff.* -eina. **ahs** (94. — *Stem* ahsa- *for* ahiza-, *extended from* ahiz-. *Comp. P., Beitr., IV, 414*). ***ahs** (124). **aibr** (94). **aigin** (94). ***aiginôn** (190). **áihtrôn** (190). **áihtrôns** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ô-ni. ***aikan.** [*Comp. Osth., Beitr. XIII, 395; Fst., p. 4.*] **aíkklêsjô** (111). **ainaha** (132, *n.* 2; *the nom. sing. f.* ainôhô (Lu. 8, 42) *is certainly an error for* ainahô; *comp. Beitr., 12, 203*). *Comp. Lt.* unicus, *single, acc.* -um, *whence Fr.* unique, *th. s., whence Mdn. E.* unique.] **ainakls** (124). ***ainan** (193). **aípiskaúpei** (113). **aírkniþa** (97).—*Suff.* -i-þô. ***aírkns** (123). [*Partic. suff.* -no. *Allied to Skr.* árjuna-, *bright, pure, Gr. ἀργός, bright.*] **aírþeins** (124). — *Suff.* -eina. **aírzei** (113). — *Suff.* -ein. **aírziþa** (97). — *Suff.* -i-þô. **aírzjan** (187). **aíþþau.** [*Cf. O. H. G.* eddo, edo (*Br., A. Gr., 167, n. 11*), *beside* odo (*Br., ib., 29, n.*

3), *M. H. G.* ode, od, *and O. H. G.* odar, *M. H. G. N. H. G.* oder, *or. The* aí *of* aíþþau *and the* r *of* odar *are obscure; comp., respectively, Fst.*, aíþþau, *and Kl.*, oder.] ***aiþeis** (130, *n.* 2). **aíwaggêli** (95). **aíwaggêlista** (108). **aíwaggêljan** (187). **aíwaggêljô** (112). **aiweins.**— *Suff.* -eina. **aiwiski** (95).—*Suff.* -ja. **aiwiskôn** (190). ***aiwisks** (124). — *Suff.* -i-ska. **aíwlaugja** (108). **ajukdûþs.** [*The* u *of the suff.* -dûþs (15) *is probably long; comp. Kl., Beitr., 6, 380.*] **akran** (94). **aqizi** (98). [*Suff.* -izjô-. *S. Kl., N. St., p. 40. Concerning O. H. G.* acchus, *s. P., Beitr., VI, p. 187 et seq.; Br., A. Gr., 96, n. 5.—Add O. N.* öx, *f., ax.*] **ala-mans** (117, *n.* 1). **aldôma** (108). **aleina** (97). [*O. N.* ǫln.] **alêws** (130; *or* alêweis? 127). **alja-leikôþs;** *s.* *leikôþs, *below.* **aljan** (187). **aljan,** *n.* (94). **aljanôn** (190). **aljar.** [*From stem of* aljis (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -r *denoting rest* (*S. Fst.*, aljis), *as in* hêr, hwar, þar, *etc.*] **alja-þrô.** [*Concerning* -þro, *the zero stage of the compar. suff.* -tra-, *s. Osth., M. U., II, p. 13.*] **aljis** (126). [*Also O. E.* æl-, el-, *as in* æl-, el-ðêodiȝ (ðêodiȝ *from* ðêod *and suff.* -iȝ; *s.* þiuda.] **amsa** (108, *or* ams, 91?). **an.** [*Cf. Gr.* ἄν, *Lt.* an, *interrog. part.*] **ana-filh.** — *Comp.* *filh. **anaks.** [*Fick* (*I, 9*) *compares Skr.* áñjas, *quick, sudden,* áñjasâ, *straightways, immediately. Comp. also Brgm., M. U., III, 155 et seq. — Fst.*] **ana-laugnei.**—*S.* *laugnei, *below.* ***ana-siuniba,** *in* un-ana-siuniba, *q. v.*—*From* ana *and* *siuniba, *q. v.* **anda-nahti.** — *S.* *nahti, *below.* **and-augi.** — *S.* augi. **and-bahts** (91). ***and-huliþs** (134), *in* un-and-huliþs, *q. v.* ***andjan** (187). ***and-sakans;** *s.* *sakans, *below.* ***and-sôks,** *in* un-and-sôks, *q. v.* — *S.* and *and* *sôks. **ans.** [*Cf. O. N.* ǫ́ss, áss (*from* *ans; *s.* *windan), *O. Du.* aes, *beam, pole.*] **apaústaúlei** (113). **ara** (108). **arbaidjan** (187). **arbi.** [*Allied to Lt.* orbus, *bereaved, parentless, Gr.* ὀρφός, *th. s., whence* ὀρφανός, *parentless, orphan, whence Lt.* orphanus, *whence Mdn. E.* orphan.] **arhwazna** (97). [*Suff.* -aznô (*S. Kl., N. St., p. 40*). *Allied to Lt.* arcus, *acc.* -um, *whence O. Fr.* arc, *whence Mdl. E.* arch, *Mdn. E.* arch.] **arjan** (187). **arka** (97). **arma-haírts** (124). **armaiô** (112). **arman** (192). **arms** (124). **arms,** *m.* (101). **assarjus** (105). **astaþs** (103). **at-aþni.** — *S.* aþni, *below.* **at-gâhts,** *adj., in* un-at-gâhts, *q. v.* ***atjan** (187). [*Du.* etsen, *to etch, whence Mdn. E.* etch.] **aþn** (94). ***aþni** (95), *n., in* at-aþni, *q. v.* — *From* aþn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. **audagei** (113). **audagjan** (187). **audags** (124). ***augi** (95). **augjan** (187). [*Cf. O. E.* (æt)ŷwan, *to show, announce, O. H. G.* auckan (*For the* ck, *s. Br., A. Gr.*, 96, *n.* 1), ougan (*compd.* ir-ougan, *M. H. G.* eröugen, *to show, whence N. H. G.* ereignis, *earlier* eröugnis (*w. suff.* -nis; *for* er-, *s.* us), *n., event, emergency, accident*), *M. H. G.* ougen, öugen, *to show, Eff.* öȝe, *to look sharply.*]

augô (110). [*From root* ok, *to see. Concerning the diphthong of the Germanic words, s. Osth., Beitr., VIII, 261 et seq.* (*Fst.*, augô).] **aúhjôdus** (105). **aúhjôn** (190). ***aúhns.** [*Sk. now finds* 'balneum, stofa (*8th cent.*), *but still thinks our Mdn. E.* stove *was merely borrowed from Dutch.*] **aúhsa.** [*Cf. Skr.* ukšán, *Zd.* uχ-sán, *ox.*] **auhumists** (124). **aukan.** [*Allied to Skr.* ugrá-, *vigorous*, ôjas-, *vigor.*] **auknan** (194, a). ***aurahi** (98, *or* 111? *only dat. pl.* -jôm *occurs*). **aúrkeis** (92). **aúrtja** (108). — *Suff.* -jan. **auþida** (97). **awêþi** (95). **awiliuþ** (94). **awistr** (94). [*From* *awi-wistr, *from* awi- (*S.* awêþi) *and* wistr, *from* wisan, *q. v.* (*Comp. Osth., Kuhn's Zeitschrift, XXIII, 316 et seq.*).] **awô** (112). **azêti** (95). **azêts** (124). ['*Prof. Mayor has found a Low Lat. word* agius, *active, full of motion'; and this is almost certainly the origin of Ital.* agio *and Fr.* aise (*from Lt. root* ag-).—*Sk.*] **azgô.** [*From stem* az(d)gôn-; *the O. N. and West-Germanic words from* as(t)kôn-. *Both from primitive* astgôn-; *s. Osth., Beitr., XIII, 396 et seq.; and Fst.*, azgô.]

bai. [*also=Mdn. E.* bo- *in both, which is not Goth.* bajôþs (*q. v.*).—*Sk.*—*The original quantity of the first* e *of O. E.* beȝen (*and* tweȝen; *s.* twai) *is undetermined; in Mdl. E. it is decidedly short* (*Orrm has* tweȝȝen; — *Siev., O. E. Gr., 324, n. 1*). *Feist* (*p. 63*) *gives* bêȝen, *from* bô-jînô, *the second component being allied to* jains, *q. v.*] **baidjan** (187). ***baírands** (133), *in* un-baírands, *q. v.* **baírgahei** (113). — *From the adj. stem* baírgaha- (*from stem of* *baírgs *and suff.* -ha) *and suff.* -ein. **baírhtei** (113). ***baírhteins.** — *Suff.* -ei-ni. **baírhtjan** (187). **baírhts** (124). **báitrei** (113). **báitrs** (20, 3: báitrs *for* baítrs). — *From primitive* bhoidro-, *but O. E.* biter, *O. N.* bitr, *O. S. O. H. G.* bittar, *come from primitive* bhidró-. — *Comp. also* jains, *below.*] **bajôþs.** — [*S.* bai, *above.*] **balsan** (93). **balþei** (113). **balþjan** (188). ***balþs** (124). **balweins** (103, *n.* 1). **balwjan** (187). ***balws** (124). **bandja** (108). **bandwjan** (187). **bandwô** (112). **banja** (97). **bansts** (103). **barbarus** (105). **barizeins** (124). — *Suff.* -eina. **barms** (103). [*Suff.* -mi. *The corresponding Germanic cognates are from stem* barma-.] **barn** (93). ***barnahs.** — *Suff.* -ha (*S. Kl., Nom. St., p. 86*). **barniskei** (113). **barniski** (95). **barnisks** (124). — *Suff.* -i-ska, *denoting origin or descent.* **barusnjan** (187). **basi** (95). ***batnan** (194). **bauains** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ai-ni. ***baugjan** (187). **baúhts,** *f.* (103). ***bauljan** (187). ***baúr,** *m.* (91). ***baúr,** *n.* (94), *in* ga-baúr (*q. v.*), *from* ga-baíran; *s.* baíran. ***baúrans** (134), *in* un-baúrans, *q. v.* ***baúrd** (94). **baúrei** (113). ***baúrgeins** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ei-ni. [*Cf. O. E.* byrȝen, *f., Mdl. E.* burȝen, *mound, grave,*

tomb, from O. E. byrʒan (*S. under* baírgan).] **baúrgja** (108). — *Suff.* -jan. ***baúrjôþus*** (105). **baúrþei** (113). — *Comp. v. Bd., p. 60.* ***baúrþs*** (103). — *Suff.* -þi. **bauþs** (124). ***beisnei*** (113). **beisneigs** (124). — *Suff.* -ga. ***beisns*** (103). **beist** (94). ***beistei*** (113). **beistjan** (187). ***beistjôn*** (190). ***beistjôþs*** (134), *in* un-beistjôþs, *q. v.* ***beit*** (94). ***beitan*** (172, *n.* 1). **bêrusjôs** (92). [*Orig. perf. partic. active, from root* bher-: *bêrus-, f.* *bêrusî, *whence* bêrusjôs, *as Gr.* *ἰδυῖοι from the fem.* *ἰδυῖα, the* j *of the m. forms by influence of the oblique cases of the fem. forms. S. Fst., p. 18.*] **biari,** *n.* (95). **bidagwa** (108). **bihaitja** (108). **bi-laistiþs;** *s.* *laistiþs, *below.* **bi-mait,** *n.* (94), *in* un-bi-mait, *q. v.* ***bi-maitans;*** *s.* *maitans, *below.* **bi-ûhti** (95). **bi-ûhts** (124).—*From* bi (*q. v.*) *and* *ûhts (*below*). **biuþs** (91; *oi* 94?). **blauþjan** (187). **bleiþei** (113). ***bleiþeins*** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ei-ni. **bleiþjan** (187). ***blindjan*** (187). ***blindnan*** (187). **blôma** (108). ***blôteins*** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* -ei-ni. **blôtinassus** (105). **bnauan;** *s.* ***nauan*** (*below*). ***bôk,*** *n.* (94), *in* frabaúhta-bôka (*pl.*). **bôka** (97). **bôta** (97). **bôtjan** (187). **braƀ** (94). **braidjan** (187). **brakja** (108). ***brikands*** (133), *in* un-uf-br., *q. v.* **brinnô** (112). ***bruka*** (97). ***bruknan*** (194). **brunna** (108). ***brunsts*** (103). **brûþs** ***bundi*** (98). **busns** (103). **byssus** (105).

daban. [*Allied to Lt.* faber, *a worker in hard material, artificer, whence Lt.* fabrica, *workshop (of a 'faber'), whence Fr.* fabrique, *whence Mdn. E.* fabric, *N. H. G.* fabrik, *f., factory.*] **daddjan** (187). [*Cf. O. Swed.* dæggia, *to suckle, Skr.* dháyâmi, *I suckle; Gr.* *ϑῆσατο, *ϑησάμενος inf.* *ϑῆσϑαι, *to suckle; Lt.* fêlare, *th. s. Comp. Fst., p. 22. Concerning Goth.* ddj *and O. N.* ggj, *from primitive Germanic* jj, *s. remarks under* twai (twaddjê).] **dags.** [*Cf. O. N.* dagr, *m., day.*] **daigs** (91). **daila** (97). ***daila*** (108). **dailjan.** [*Cf. O. N.* deila, *to divide, whence* deilð, *a share.*] **dails.** [*Cf. O. H. G. M. H. G. N. H. G.* teil, *m. n., share, part.*] **daimônareis** (92). ***dalja*** (108). **Damasks** (124). ***dammjan*** (187). **daubei** (113). **daubiþa** (97). — *Suff.* -iþô. ***daubjan*** (187). ***daubnan*** (194). ***daudei,*** *f.* (113), *in* us-daudei, *q. v.*—*From* *dauþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. *Comp. follg. w.* ***daudjan*** (187).—*Comp. prec. and follg. w.* ***daudô,*** *adv., in* us-daudô, *q. v.* — *From* *dauþs, *q. v. Comp.* *daudei, *daudjan, *above.* **daúhts** (103). ***dauka*** (108). **dauns** (103). — [*Allied to Skr.* dhûmá, *smoke; Zd.* dun-man-, *vapor, Gr.* *ϑύος, *frankincense,* *ϑύειs, *fragrant; O. Bulg.* dymŭ, *smoke, Lt.* fumus, *smoke, acc.* -um, *whence O. Fr.* fum, *whence Mdn. E.* fume.] **daupeins** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ei-ni. **dauþjan** (187). **daúr** (94). **daúri** (95). **daúrô** (112). **dauþeins** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ei-ni. **dauþjan** (187). ***dauþs*** (*gen.* *daudis;

dauþubleis (127). ***dêdja** (108). **dêþs.** — *Belongs after* **Dêmas, *deinô** (112). ***deisei** (113). **diabaúlus** (105). **diabula** (97). ***digis** (94; *orig. n.* s-*stem*). ***digans,** *adj.* (124), *in* gadigans, *q. v.* **digrei** (113). **diupiþa** (97). — *Suff.* -iþô. ***diupjan** (187). **diups** (124). ***diwanei,** *f.* (113), *in* un-diwanei, *q. v.* ***dôbnan** (194). ***dôfs** (124). ***dôgs** (124). **dômeins** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* -ei-ni. **dômjan** (187). [*O. N.* dœma, *to judge, O. S.* *dômian, *in* adômian, *to doom, O. H. G.* tuomen, *M. H. G.* tüemen, *to doom.*] **dragk** (94). **draibjan** (188). **draúhsna** (97). **draúhtinôn** (190). ***draúhts** (101). **driusô** (112). **drôbjan** (188). **drôbna** (108). **drôbnan** (194). ***drugkja** (108). **drunjus** (105). ***drusts** (103). **-dubô** (112). **dulgs** (101). [*Allied to O. Bulg.* dlŭgŭ, *debt, O. Ir.* dliged, *duty, law, right.*] **dulþjan** (188). ***dumbnan** (194). **dumbs** (124). **dwaliþa** (97). — *Suff.* -iþô. **dwalmôn** (190). **dwals** (124).

eils=hails (21, *n.* 1; 61, *n.* 1). **eis,** *1st pers. plur. of* is; *s.* is, *below.* **eisarn** (94). — [*O. Ir.* íarn (*a younger Celtic form*), *whence O. N.* járn. *All of Celtic orig; comp. Gallic* Isarno-dori (*name of place*), 'ferrei ostii' (*Comp. Schrader, Sprachvergleichung und Urgeschichte, p. 294.—Fst.*). (*Concerning the loss of* s, *and the assimilation in O. E.* îsen, *from* *îsren, *O. H. G.* îsan, *from* *îsran, *s. P., Beitr., VI, 202*).] **eisarneins** (124). — *Suff.* -eina. ***êta** *and* ***êtja** (108).

fagrs (124). **fahêþs.** — [*The corresponding v. is O. H. G.* fagên, *M. H. G.* vagen, *to yield to, comply with. Concerning the suff.* -ê-di- (=*Gr.* -ησι- *in* οἶκ-ησις), *s. Bremer, Beitr., XI, 32.—Fst.*).] **fahjan** (188). **fahrjan** (188). ***fâhs** (91 *or* 94). **faih** (94). [*Cognate w. O. E.* fâcen (*w. suff.* -no), *n., fraud, stratagem, deceit,* fæcne, fâcne, *adj., deceitful,* fâcne, *adv., very, exceedingly, O. N.* *feikn (*w. suff.* nâ), *f., mischief, harm, and adj., injurious, hostile, exceeding, O. H. G.* feihhan, *M. H. G.* veichen, *n., fraud, deceit, O. S.* fêkan, *n., deceit,* fêkni, fêgni, *deceitful.*] ***faihô,** *f., in* bi-faihô (112). ***faihôn** (190). — *From prec. w.* ***faihs** (124). [*O. S.* fêh. *Allied to Lt.* pingere, *to paint.*] **faírlɒjan** (188). **faírina** (97). ***faírinôdaba,** *adv., in* un-faírinôdaba (*q. v.*). — *From stem of* faírinôþs, *pret. partic. of* faírinôn, *and suff.* -ba, *q. v.* **faírinôn** (190). — *S. prec. w.* ***faírinônds** (133), *in* un-ga-faírinônds, *q. v.* ***faír-laistiþs,** *in* un-faír-laistiþs, *q. v.* — *S.* *laistiþs. **faírinôþs** (134), *in* un-ga-f., *q. v.* **faírniþa** (97). — *Suff.* -iþô-. **faírzna** (97). ***falþei** (113). **fana** (108). **fani** (95). **farjan** (188). ***farþô** (112). **faskja** (108). **fastan** (193). ***fasteis** (92). **fastubni** (95). **faþa** (97). **faúhô** (112). ***faúrds** (103). **faúrhtei** (113). **faúrhts** (124). ***fáurs** (130). ***faus.** [fêa *for* fêaw, *from* *fauw, *from* faw-; *s. Siev., O. E. Gr., 73.*] ***feinan** (193). **fêra**

(97). [*O. H. G.* fiara, *th. s. Concerning O. H. G.* ia=*Goth.* ê, *s. Goth. Gr., 8.*] **fêrja** (108). ***fêteins** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* -ei-ni. **figgrs** (91). **fijands** (115). **fijaþwa** (97). ***filh** (94). **filigri** (95). ***fill** (94). **filleins** (124). ***filli,** *n.* (95), *in* faúra-filli. — *From* *fill (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. *Comp.* *films, *filmei. ***fills,** *adj.* (124), *in* þrûts-fills, *q. v.* — *From stem of* *fill, *q. v.* ***filmei** (113). — *From stem of* *films (*S. follg. w.*) *and suff.* -ein. ***films,** *adj.* (124), *in* us-films, *q. v.* [*From Germanic stem* *felma-, *from* fel- (*seen in Goth.* fill, *from* fella-, *from pre-Germanic* pel-nó-; *comp. Gr.* πέλ-μα, *sole*) *and suff.* -ma; *cf. O. E.* film, *m.*(?), *skin, O. N.* felm, *skin,* felmr, *adj., frightened. An extended stem in* -m-an *is seen in O. E.* filmen, *n., a thin skin, foreskin, Mdl. E.* filme, *Mdn. E.* film, *a thin skin, O. Fris.* filmene, *f., skin.* — *S.* *filli, *filmei.] **filu** (131, *n.* 3). **filusna** (97). — *Suff.* -snô. **finþan** (174, *n.* 1). **flahta** (97 *or* 112). ***flaugjan** (188). **flautjan** (188). **flauts** (124). **fôdeins** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* -ei-ni. **fôdjan** (188). **fôdr** (94). **fra-.** [*Skr.* pra-, *Gr.* πρό, προ-, *Lt.* pro, *before. The Gr.* προ- *and Lt.* pro- *occur in many Mdn. E. words* (pro-) *borrowed from Gr. or Lt.* (*directly or indirectly through the Fr.*] **framaþjan** (188). **frasts** (101). [*Stem* frasti- *from Idg.* proz-di-; *cf. Lt.* prôles, *stem* prôli-, *w. the frequent change from* d *to* l. (*Kl.*). *Perhaps from root* sed (*S.* sitan) *and prep.* pro; *hence,* prozdi- *is* '*that which is put into the world*'. — *Fst.*] ***fratwjan** (188). **fraþi** (95). ***fraþjands** (133), *in* un-fraþjands, *q. v.* ***fraþjei** (113). ***fraþjis** (126). **frauja** (108). **fraujinassus** (105). ***freideins** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* -ei-ni. **freidjan** (188). **frijaþwa** (97). **frijei** (113). **frijôn** (190). **frijôns** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ô-ni. ***frikei,** *f.* (113), *in* faíhu-frikei, *q. v.* — *From stem of* *friks (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. ***friks** (124). ***frisahtjan** (188). ***frisahtnan** (194). **fri-sahts** (103). ***friþôn** (190). ***friþôns,** *f.* (103, *n.* 1). — *From* *friþôn (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ô-ni. **frius** (94). **frum** (94; *or* **frums,** 91?). **frumadei** (113).—*From the extended stem* frumada- (*from stem* fruma-) *and suff.* -ein. **frumisti** (95). **fula** (108). **fulgins** (124). **fulhsni** (95). ***fullei** (113). **fulleins** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ei-ni. **fulljan** (188). ***fullnan** (194). **fullô** (112). **fûls** (124). **funisks** (124).

gabei (113). **gabigjan** (188). **gabignan** (194). **gabigs** (124). **gadiliggs** (91). ***ga-faírinônds,** *in* un-ga-f., *q. v.* — *S.* *faírinônds, *above.* ***ga-faírinôþs,** *in* un-ga-f., *q. v.*—*S.* faírinôþs, *above.* ***gagga** (108). ***gaggi** (95). ***gaggja** (108). **gaggs** (91). **ga-habands,** *in* un-ga-h., *q. v.* — *S.* *habands, *below.* ***gâhts,** *f.* (103). ***gâhts,** *adj.* (124), *in* un-at-gâhts, *q. v. From* gangan; *s. prec. w.* **gaidw** (94). **gailjan** (188). **gaírda** (97). **gaírnei** (113). **gaírnjan** (188). ***gaírns**

(124). ***gaisjan** (188). **gaitein** (94). **gaits** (103). **gajukô**, *n.* — *Bernh. writes* gajukô, *f.: s. his note to* Phil. 4, 3. ***ga-kusans**, *in* un-ga-k., *q. v.* — *S.* *kusans. ***ga-laubjands**, *in* un-ga-l., *q. v.* — *S.* laubjands. **galga** (108). **gansjan** (188). **garda** (108). ***gardi**, *in* þiudangardi, *q. v.* ***gardja**, *m., in* in-gardja, *q. v.* ***ga-saíƕans**, *in* un-ga-s., *q. v.* — *S.* *saíƕans. ***ga-stalds**, *in* aglait-gastalds, *q. v.* — *From* ga- *and* *stalds, *q. v.* ***ga-tass**, *adj., in* un-ga-tass. — *From* ga- *and* *tass, *q. v.* ***ga-têwiþs**, *in* un-ga-t., *q. v.*—*S.* *têwiþs. **gatwô** (112). **gauja** (108). **gaumjan** (188). **gaunôn** (190). **gaunôþus** (105). **gáurei** (113). **gáuriþa** (97). **gáurjan** (188). **gáurs** (124). ***ga-wagiþs**, *in* un-ga-w., *q. v.* — *S.* *wagiþs. **gazds** (91). ***geigan** (193). ***geigô** (112). ***geisnan** (194). **giba** (97). **gibla** (108). **gifts** (103). **gild** (94). **gilstr** (94). **gilþa** (97). ***ginnan** (174, *n.* 1). **glitmunjan** (188). **gôdei** (113). — *S. also* gasti-gôdei. **gôleins** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* -ei-ni. **gôþs.** — *S. also* gasti-gôþs. **graba** (97). **gramjan** (188). **gramst** (94?). **grêdags** (124). **grêdôn** (190). **grêdus** (105). ***grêfts** (103). ***griþs** (103). **grôba** (97). ***grudja** (108; 132). ***grundiþa** (97). **grundus** (105). ***gudei** (113), *in* af-, ga-gudei, *q. v.* — *From stem of* guþ (*q. v.*), *and suff.* -ein. ***guþs**, *adj.* (124), *in* af-, ga-guþs, *q. v.* — *From stem of* guþ, *q. v.*

***habands** (133), *in* un-, un-ga-h., *q. v.* ***hafnan** (194). **haftjan** (188). ***haftnan** (194). **hafts**, *adj.* (124). ***hafts**, *f.* (103). ***hâh** (94). **hâhan** (193). **haidus** (105). **haifstjan** (188). **haifsts** (103). [*O. H. G.* heist, *adj., violent.*] **haihs** (124). ***haili** (95). ***haimeis** (130, *n.* 2) *in* af-, ana-h., *q. v.*—*From stem of* haims, *q. v.* **haimôþli** (95). **haírda** (97). ***haírtei** (113). — *From stem of* *haírts (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. ***haírtiþa** (97). — *Suff.* -iþô-. ***haírts**, *adj.* (124), *in* háuh-haírts, *q. v.* — *From Germanic* hert-; *s.* haírtô. **haírþra** (94). **hais** (94?). ***haista** (132). — *From* haitan (*q. v.*); *s. Goth. Gr.*, 69, *n.* 2. ***hait** (94). **haiti** (98). ***haitja** (108). **haiþnô** (112). **halba** (97). **halks** (124). **hallus** (105). **hals-agga** (108); *s.* -agga. **halts** (124). ***halþei** (113). **hamfs** (124). [*O. S.* hâf, *O. H. G.* hamf, *adj., maimed. Germanic stem* hamfa- *is a nasalized der. from Idg. root* kop-, skop-, *to hew, cut off; comp. Gr.* κόπτειν, *to beat, smite, hew,* κοπίς, κοπανόν, *knife, O. Bulg.* skopĭcĭ, *eunuch,* skopiti, *to castrate, Lith.* kapóti, *to chop.* ***hamôn** (190). **handugei** (113). ***hardjan** (188). **hardus** (131), *gen. sing. m. n.* *hardaus?, *dat.* *hardjamma, *nom. sing. f.* hardus, *gen.* *hardjaizôs, *dat.* *hardjai, *acc.* hardja. **hatizôn** (190). **hauhisti** (95). **háuhiþa** (97). [*M. H. G.* hœhede, *Eff.* hüde, *f., height.*] ***háuhnan** (194). **háuhs** (188). **háuneins** (103, *n.* 1). **háunjan** (188). **haúrds** (103). **haúri** (95). **haúrnjan.** —

Comp. þut-haúrnjan. **hauseins** (103, *n.* 1). — *Comp.* ufar-hauseins. **hausjôn** (190). **hawi** (95). **hazeins** (103, *n.* 1). **hazjan.** [*Cognate w. Lt.* carmen (*from* *cas-men; *concerning* rm *from* sm, *comp. Conway, Verner's Law in Italy, p. 14. — Fst.*), *incantation, prophecy, song.—Fst.*] **heitô** (112). **heiws** (91, *or* 94?). **hêlei** (*Hebr.*). **hêþjô** (112). **hidrê.** *Concerning* -drê, *s. also* ƕadrê, jaindrê. **hilms** (91). **himins** (91). ***his.** [*Cf. Gr.* -κί (*Indg.* ki-d, *this; s. Osth., M. U., p. 241*), *in* οὐ-κί, *not at all.*] **hiuhma,** *m.* (108). **hiwi** (95). **hlains** (91). **hlaiw** (94). **hlaiwasna** (97). **hlamma** (97). **hlas** (124). **hlauts** (91). **hleiƀjan** (188). **hleis** (92, *n.* 3). **hleiþra** (97). ***hleiþrjan** (188). **hliftus** (105). **hlijans;** *s.* hleis, *above.* **hliuþ** (94). **hlôhjan** (188). [*Cf. Gr.* κλώσσειν (*from* *κλώκjειν), *for the usual* κλώζειν (*from* *κλώγjειν), *to cluck,* κλωγμός, *a clucking; s. Fst., p. 54.*] **hlûtrei** (113). **hlûtriþa** (97). **hlûtrs** (124). **hnaiweins** (103, *n.* 1). **hnaiws** (124). **hnasqus** (131, *n.* 1). **hnutô** (112). ***hôbains** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ai-ni. **hôha** (108) [*Allied to O. H. G.* huohili, *arable field.*] **hôlôn** (190). **hôrinassus** (105). **hôrinôn** (190). **hôrs** (91). **hrainei** (113). **hraineins** (103, *n.* 1). ***hrainiþa** (97). **hrainjan** (188). **hrains** (130; *acc. m.* hrainjana, *not* -ata). ***hraiw** (94). **hramjan** (188). ***hrisjan** (188). **hrôþjan** (188). **hrôps** (91, *or* 101). **hrôt** (94). **hrôþeigs** (124). — *Suff.* -ei-ga. [*From stem* hrôþa-, hrôþi- (*cf. Skr.* kîrti-, *glory*), *and suff.* -ei-ga.] **hrugga** (97). **hrûks** (91, *or* 94, *or* 103?). **hrûkjan** (188). **huggrjan** (188). **hugds** (103). [*Comp. Kl., Beitr. IX, 153; and Kœgel, ib., 521.*] **hugjan** (188). **hugs** (*gen.* hugis, 91; *or* 93?). **hugs** (*gen.* hugsis, 94). **hulistr** (94). ***huleins** (103, *n.* 1). ***huliþs** (134), *in* un-and-huliþs, *q. v.* **hulôn** (190). **hulþs** (124). **hulundi** (98). **hunds** (91). **hunsl** (94). [*From primitive* kvnttlo-; *cf. Zd.* speñta-, *Lith.* szventas, *sacred.*] ***hunslags** (124). **hunsljan** (188). **hunþs,** *m.* (91; *or* hunþ, *n.*, 94?). **hups** (101). ***hûs** (94). [*Comp. Fst., p. 58.*] **huzd** (94). **huzdjan** (188).

ƕad-uh, *in* þis-ƕad-uh, *q. v.* — *From* ƕad *and* -uh, *q. v.* ***ƕaírbs** (124). ***ƕapjan** (188). ***ƕapnan** (194). ***ƕapnands** (133), *in* un-ƕ., *q. v.* ***ƕah;** *s.* ƕaz-uh. ***ƕaruh,** *in* þis-ƕaruh, *q. v.* — *From* ƕar *and* -uh, *q. v.* **ƕas.** — *Add N. H. G.* wer (*referring to persons*), *gen.* wessen, *dat.* wem, *acc.* wen, was (*referring to things*), *gen.* wessen (*the orig.* wes *occurs in* wes-wegen, -halb; *for* wegen, *s.* wigs; *for* -halb, *s.* halba), *acc.* was. ***ƕass** (124). **ƕassei** (113). ***ƕatjan** (188). **ƕaþjan** (188). [*Cognate w. Skr.* kváthati, *boils,* kvâthâyati, *causes to boil.*] **ƕaþô** (112). ***ƕeilains** (103, *n.* 1). — *Suff.* -ai-ni. **ƕeilan** (193). ***ƕeilô,** *f.* (112), *in* un-ƕeilô, *q. v.* — *From stem of*

hweila, *q. v.* ***hweitjan** (188). **hweits** (124). ***hwilftri** (98). **hwôta** (97). **hwôtjan** (188).

ibnassus (105). ***ibnjan** (188). **ibns** (124). **ibuks** (124). **idreiga** (97). [*Fst.* (*p. 62*) *derives this word from stem* idra-, *in O. N.* iðrar, *f. pl.*, (1) *bowels*, (2) *repentance*, iðrar mik, *I repent*, iðrask, *to repent, be sorry for; and, concering the development of meaning, compares Gr.* σπλάγχνα, *bowels, hence heart as the seat of wrath, compassion, love, etc.*] **inilô** (112). **iudaiwisks** (124). **iumjô** (112). **iusila** (97).

-ja (*adjs. in;* 132, *n.* 1). — *In the case of* ja- (i-, u-) *stems with long syllables the* i-*cases* (*gen. dat. sing. m. n.*) *with* -ji- *appear* (*contrary to* §44c) *as the regular ones; comp.* wilþji(n)s; Rom. 11, 24, unhrainjin; Mk. 9, 25. Lu. 8, 29, unsêljin; Mt. 5, 39. Jo. 17, 15. *Beside* unsêljins; Eph. 6, 16 (*in A*), *hower*, unsêleins (*in B*); *beside* faírnjin; Mk. 2, 21. Lu. 5, 36, *also* faírnin; II Cor. 8, 10. 9, 2. **jains** *and its ders.* (20, *n.* 4) *have* ái (*stem* jaina-), *not* aí (*stem* jĭna-; *for* jîna-, *s.* bai, *above*), *as in the corresponding O. N., E. and G. words.* (*Comp. Fst.*, jains).] **jêr.** [*O. E.* ȝeâr=ȝêr, *gen. pl.* ȝeâra, *also adv., of years, in former times, formerly, Mdl. E.* ȝȫre, *Mdn. E.* yore, *formerly.* (*Comp. Kl., Angl., V, 4, p. 83*).] **jiuka** (97). **jiukan** (193). **jiuleis** (92). **jôta** (108). ***juka** (108). ***jukô** (112). **jukuzi** (98). **junda** (97).

kalbô (112). [*Skr.* gárbha, *womb, child, offspring* (*Comp. Gr.* δελφύς, *womb, matrix, whence* ἀδελφός, *brother*).] **kalds** (124). **kalkjô** (112; *or* kalki, 98?). **kannjan** (188). **kapillôn** (190). **kara** (97). ***karja** (132, *n.* 2). **karôn** (190). **kas** (94). **kasja** (108). **katils** (91). **kaupôn** (190). **kaúrban, kaúrbanaún.**—[*Hebr.*]. **kaúrei** (113). ***kaúreins** (103, *n.* 1). **kaúriþa** (97). **kaúrjan** (188). **kaúrn** (94). **kausjan** (188). **kautjô** (112). **kêlikn** (94). ***kilþô,** *in* in-kilþô, *q. v.* **kindins** (91). **kintus** (105). ***klahei,** *f.* (113), *in* niu-klahei, *q. v.* ***klahs** (124). [*Comp. Fst., pp. 65. 86.*] **klismjan** (188). **klismô** (112). **knôþs** (103). **knussjan** (188). [*Fst.* (*p. 66, follg. Kœgel, Beitr., VII, 177 et seq.*), *connects this w. with O. N.* knoða (*Goth.* *knudan); *O. H. G.* knetan, *M. H. G.* kneten, *N. H. G.* kneten, *O. E.* cnedan, *Mdl. E.* cnêde, *Mdn. E.* knead, *prop.* '*to press*'.] ***krôtôn** (190). **kubitus** (105). **kukjan** (188). ***kumbjan** (188). **kuna-wida.** [*Lit.* '*knee-bond*'. kuna- *for* kunu-, *from Idg.* gn̥nu- *from* gnu-, *the zero grade of the Indg. stem* gonu-, genu- (*S.* kniu).—*Fst., p. 67*]. ***kunds,** *f.* (103). ***kunds,** *adj.* (124). ***kunja,** *m.* (108), *in* in-kunja, *q. v.* — *S.* kuns. **kunnains** (103, *n.* 1).—*Suff.* **-ai-ni.** ***kunnan** (193). ***kunnands** (133), *in* un-kunnands, *q. v.*

***kuns** (126). **kunþi** (95). ***kunþjan** (188). ***kunþs,** *f.* (103). ***kunþs,** *adj.* (124).—*Comp. also* swi-kunþs. ***kusans** (134), *in* un-ga-k., *q. v.* ***kusts** (103). **kustus** (105).

qaírnus (105). **qaírrei** (113). ***qêniþs** (134). ***qêþs** (130, *n.* 2). **qinein** (94). ***qineins** (124). ***qiss,** *f.* (103). ***qiss,** *adj.* (124). **qisteins** (103, *n.* 1). **qistjan** (188). [*O. N.* kvista, *to mutilate, L. G.* (ver)quisten, *to squander. Goth.* fra-qistjan *orig. meant 'to cut off the limbs or branches; comp. O. N.* kvistr, *branch* (*Similarly, Lt.* extirpare, *to 'extirpate', from* ex, *out, and* stirps, *stem, root*).—*Fst.*] ***qistnan** (194). **qiþrei** (113). ***qiþrs** (124). **qiþus** (105). ***qiunan** (194). **qrammiþa** (97).—*Suff.* -iþô. ***qumþs** (103).

***lageins** (124). **laggs** (124). **laian;** *s.* lauan, *below.* **laiba** (97). ***laibjan** (188). ***laigôn** (190). **laiks** (101). [*Mdn. E.* -lock; *s.* wadi]. **laiseigs** (124). ***laisiþs** (134), *in* un-us-l., *q. v.* ***laista** (108), *in* ga-laista, *q. v.* — *From* laists (*q. v.*) ***laistiþs** (134), *in* un-bi-, un-faír-laistiþs, *q. v.* **laistjan** (188). **laists** (101). **lamb** (94). **land** (94). **lasiws** (124). **latei** (113). **latjan** (188). **lats** (124). **laþôn** (190). **lauan** (179, 4; 26, *n.* 2), *not* laian (182; 22, *n.* 2). *Comp. Beitr., 11, 56.*] ***laubeins,** *f.* (103, *n.* 1). ***laubeins,** *adj.* (124). ***laubjan** (188). ***laubjands** (133), *in* un-ga-l., *q. v.* **laudi** (98). ***laufs** (124). ***laugnei,** *f.* (113), *in* analaugnei, *q. v.*—*From stem of* laugns (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. **laugnjan** (188). ***laugns** (103, *n.* 3). **laúhatjan** (188). **laúhmuni** (98). **laun** (94). [*Allied to Gr.* ἀπο-λαύ-ειν, *to enjoy; Lt.* lûcrum, *gain, O. Bulg.* lovŭ, *catch.*] **laus** (124). ***lauseins** (103, *n.* 1). [*Suff.* -ein. *Cf. O. E.* *lŷsen, *f., in* tô-lŷsen (tô *for* te-, *by influence of the adv. prep.* tô-, *s.* du; *for* te-, *s.* tuz-), *dissolution, redemption.*] **lausjan** (188). ***lauþs** (101). ***lêdi** (95). ***lêdjan** (188). **leiht** (94?). **leihts** (124). ***leija** (132, *n.* 2). ***leika** (108), *in* ga-, man-leika, *q. v.* **leik** (94). **leikains** (103, *n.* 2). **leikan** (193). ***leikei** (113). **leikeins** (124). ***leiki** (95). ***leikjan** (188). ***leiknan** (194), *in* silda-leiknan, *q. v.* — *Correlative to* *leikjan, *q. v.* **-leikô.** — *From stem of* *leiks, *q. v.* ***leikôn** (190). ***leikôþs,** *partic. adj.* (134), *in* alja-leikôþs (aljaleikôdôs *for* aljaleikaidôs *in B*). — *From* alja- (*S.* aljis) *and pret. partic. of* *leikôn, *q. v.* ***leiks** (124). **lein** (94). ***leis** (124). ***leisei** (113). **leiþus** (105). **lêkeis** (92). **lêkinassus** (105). **lêkinôn** (190). ***lêtnan** (194). **lêts** *m.* (91). *From* lêtan, *q. v.* ***lêþs** (124). **lêwjan** (188). ***lif.** — *A corresponding component is the Lith.* -leika, *in* vĕnolika, *eleven,* dvýlika, *twelf, etc.* (*Comp. LMD., p. 80; Fst., p. 70*). ***lifnan** (194). ***ligri,** *n.* (95), *in* ga-ligri, *q. v.* — *From stem of* ligrs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. ***linna.** [*Goth.* -linna *refers to Idg.* linvó (*S.* rinnan), *from*

root lī, *to make or be smooth; comp. Gr.* ἀ-λίνειν, αλειφειν, *to anoint,* λεῖος, λίς, *smooth, Lt.* līnere (*perf.* lī-vi), *to besmear, anoint,* līmus, *mud. — Fst.*] **lists.** [*O. Bulg.* lĭstĭ, *fraud, trickery,* lĭstĭcĭ, *defrauder,* lĭstiti, *to defraud, trick.*] **listeigs** (124). **lita** (97). **liteins** (103, *n.* 1). **litjan** (188). ***liþa,** *m.* (108), *in* us-liþa, *q. v.* **liþus** (105). **liudan.** [*Cognate w. Skr.* ródhati, *grows; O. Bulg.* ljudŭ, *people.*] **liug** (94). **liuga** (97). ***liugaiþs** (134), *in* un-l., *q. v.* ***liugands** (133), *in* un-l., *q. v.* **liugan,** *str. v.* (31; 173, *n.* 1). **liugn** (94). **liugnja** (108). **liuhadei** (113). **liuhadeins** (124). **liuhtjan** (188). **liutei** (113). **liuts** (124). **liuþareis** (92). **liuþôn** (190). **lôfa** (108). **lubains** (103, *n.* 1). ***lubô** (112). **ludja** (97). ***lufs** (124). **luftus** (105). ***lukans** (134), *in* us-lukans, *q. v.* **lukarn** (94). ***luknan** (194). **luks** (101?). **lûn** (93; *or* **lûns,** 101?). **lûneins** (103, *n.* 1). **lustôn** (190). ***lusts** (103). **lutôn** (190).

magan. [*Cognate w. Gr.* μῆχος, *means, advice,* μηχανή, *instrument, devise,* τίς μηχανή; *how is it possible?*]. ***mahtjan** (188). **mahts** (103). ***maideins** (103, *n.* 1). **maidjan** (188). **maíhstus** (105). **mail** (94). ***mainjan** (188). ***mains** (130). ***mait** (94). ***maitanô** (112). ***maitans** (134), *in* un-bi-maitans, *q. v.* ***maiþs** (124). **malma** (108). **malô** (112). ***malsks** (124). ***malteins** (103, *n.* 1). ***malwjan** (188). **mammô** (112). ***mampjan** (188). ***man,** *n.* (94), *in* ga-man, *q. v.* **managei** (111; 113). **managjan** (188). **managnan** (194). **manauli** (95?). **manniskôdus** (105). **mannisks** (124). **manwiþa** (97).—*Suff.* -iþô. **manwjan** (188). **marka** (97). **markô** (112). **marzeins** (103, *n.* 1). **marzjan** (188). **matjan** (188). **maþa** (108). **maþleins** (103, *n.* 1). ***maþleis** (92). ***maþli** (95). **maþljan** (188). ***maudei,** *f.* (113), *in* ufar-maudei, *q. v.* ***maudeins** (103, *n.* 1). **maudjan** (188). ***maúrgjan** (188). **maúrnan** (194). ***maúrþrja** (108). ***maúrþrjan** (188). **mawilô** (112). **mêkeis,** *m.* (92; *or* -i, *n.*, 95?). **mêl** (94). **mêla** (108). ***mêleins** (103, *n.* 1). ***mêli** (95). **mênôþs** *and* **reiks** *follow in gen. sing. the* a- *declension:* mênôþis (? Neh. 6, 15; *s. note*), reikis, *but in dat. sing. they have the short forms:* mênôþ, reik (Eph. 2, 2). ***mêrei,** *f.* (113), *in* waja-mêrei, *q. v.* — *From* *mêrs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. **mêriþa** (97). **mêrjan** (188). ***mêrnan** (194). ***mêrs** (130, *n.* 2). **mês** (94). ***mêt** (94). **miduma** (97). [138, *n.* 1. *Prop. a superl. degree, w. suff.* -ma (*S.* aftuma, iftuma, hleiduma); *comp. O. E.* meoduma (eo *is* u-*uml. of* i), midmest (*w. double superl. suff.* m-est), *Mdl. E.* medeme.] **midumôn** (190). ***milds** (130, *n.* 2). **militôn** (190). **miliþ** (94). **mimz** (94). ***minds** (103). ***minþi** (95). **minznan** (194). **mitadjô** (112). **mizdô** (112). ***môdei** (113). **môta** (97). **môtareis** (92). **môtjan** (188).

mûks (124). **mulda** (97). **muldeins** (124). ***mûljan** (188). ***mundiþa** (97). [*S. the adj.* waírþs.] **mundôn** (190). **mundrei** (113). ***munds** (103). **munnôn** (190). **munþs** (91).

nadrs (91?). **nagljan** (188). ***nahti,** *n.* (95). — *Extended from stem of* nahts (*q. v.*) *by suff.* -ja. ***naitjan** (188). **naqadei** (113). **naqaþs** (124). **namô** (110, *n.* 1). **-nan** (194). *By means of the suff.* -nô- *in the pret.*, n (-na-) *in the pres. tense, verbs are formed in Gothic which express entrance into a state or condition and, therefore, have an inchoative meaning. Gr. medio-passive verbs are often rendered by Gothic inchoative verbs when occurring only in a medial sense. Verbs in* -nan *are always intransitive and never have a purely passive meaning. That the original meaning of these verbs is an inchoative one has been shown by Egge* (*American Journal of Philology, VII, p. 38 et seq.*). *The corresponding Norse vs. in* -na *are only inchoative.* ***nanþjan** (188). **nardus** (105). **natjan** (188). ***nauan** (26, b; 179, *n.* 2). [*The inflection of Goth.* bnauan (*occurring only once, in pres. partic.* bnauandans; Lu. 6, 1), *cannot be determined. Goth.* *nauan *answers to O. N.* *núa, *in* bnúa (*str. v.; Nor. 421, n. 2*), *O. H. G.* nûan, niuwan (*str. v.; Br., A. Gr., 334, n. 5*).] **naúha** (108). **nauþjan** (188). ***nawistrôn** (190). **nêƕjan** (188). **nêƕundja** (108). **neiþ** (94). ***neiþs** (124). **nêm** (94). ***nêmeigs** (124). **nêþla** (97). **nidwa** (97). ***nipnan** (194). ***nists** (103). **niuhseins** (103, *n.* 1). ***niuhsjan** (188). ***niujan** (188). **niujiþa** (97). ***nôhjan** (188). ***nôhnan** (194). ***nôhs** (124). **nôta** (108). ***numja** (108). ***numts** (103). **nuta** (108). ***nuts** (130, *n.* 2). **ôgjan** (188).

paida (97). ***paidôn** (190). **papa** (108). **paraklêtus** (105). **paraskaiwê** (113). **paska** (97). **passive voice** (167, *n.* 1). *The pret. pass. is expressed by the corresponding forms of* waírþan *or* wisan (*q. v.*); *e. g.*, daupjada, *he is baptized, but* daupiþs was *or* warþ, *he was baptized.—Note.* 2. *The orig. inchoative vs. in* -nan (§194; *s. verbs in* -nan, *above*) *often have a medial meaning.* **paúrpura** (97). **paúrpurôn** (190). **pistikeins** (124). **plats** (91; *or* plat, 94?). **plinsjan** (188). ***praggan** (193). **praízbytaírei** (113). **praízbytaíri** (95). **praúfêteis** (92). **praúfêtês, -us** (91 *and* 105). **praúfêti** (95). **praúfêtja** (108). **praúfêtjan** (188). **psalma** (97 *or* 112). **puggs** (91; *or* pugg, 94).

ragin (94). **ragineis** (92). ***ragini** (95). **raginôn** (190). **rahnjan** (188). **rahtôn** (190). ***raideins** (103, *n.* 1). **raidjan** (188). ***raíhtei** (113). ***raíhteins** (103, *n.* 1). ***raíhtiþa** (97). ***raíhtjan** (188). **raíhts** (124). **raips** (91). ***raisjan** (188). ***raiþs** (124). ***rakjan**

(188). ***ranneins,** *f.* (103, *n.* 1), *in* ufar-ranneins, *q. v.* — *From* *rannjan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ei-ni. ***rannjan** (188). **rasta** (97). ***raþjan** (177, *n.* 2), *in* ga-r., *is doubtful; only pret. partic.* garaþana *occurs* (*once;* Mt. 10, 30). ***raþs** (124). ***raubôn** (190). ***raúhtjan** (188). **raupjan** (188). **raus** (94). **rauþs** (124). **razda** (97). **razn** (94). ***razna,** *m.* (108), *in* ga-razna, *q. v.* — *From* *garazns, *adj., from* ga- *and stem of* razn, *q. v.* ***raznô,** *f.* (112), *in* ga-raznô, *q. v.* — *From* garazns, *adj., from* ga- *and stem of* razn, *q. v.* ***rêhsns** (103). ***reikei** (113). **reiks,** *adj.* (130, *n.* 2). **reiks,** *m.; s.* mênôþs, *above.* **reiran** (193). **reirô** (112). ***rêks** (130, *n.* 2).—*From root of* rikan, *q. v.* ***riggws** (124). **rign** (94). **rignjan** (188). **rimis** (94). **rinnô** (112). **riqis** (94). **riqizeins** (124). **riqizjan** (188). ***rists** (103). ***riudei,** *f.* (113), *in* ga-riudei, *q. v.* — *From* riuþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ein. ***riudjô,** *f.* (112), *in* ga-riudjô, *q. v.* — *From* riuþs (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jôn. ***rôdeins** (103, *n.* 1). **rôdjan** (188). ***rôdjands** (133), *in* un-r., *q. v.* **rôhsns** (103, *n.* 1). ***rugks** (124). [*S.* urrugks.] **rûmnan** (194). **rûms,** *m.* (91). **rûms,** *adj.* (124). **rûna** (97). ***rûnains** (103, *n.* 1). ***rûni** (95). ***runjô,** *f.* (112), *in* ga-runjô, *q. v.* — *From* rinnan (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -jôn.

saban (94). **sagqjan** (188). **saggqs** (91; *or* saggq 94?). ***sahtjan** (188). ***sahtuan** (194). ***sahts,** *f.* (103). ***sahts,** *adj.* (124). ***saíƕans** (134), *in* un-, un-ga-s., *q. v.* ***sailjan** (188). **sainjan** (188). ***saiwals,** *adj.* (124), *in* sama-saiwals, *q. v.* — *From* saiwala, *q. v.* ***sakans** (134), *in* un-and-sakans, *q. v.* **sakjô** (112). **sakkus** (105). **sakuls** (124). **saldra** (97). **saliþwa** (97). **saljan** (188). **salt** (94). ***saltans** (134), *in* un-s., *q. v.* **samjan** (188). **-sams** (124). **sarwa** (94). ***sateins** (103, *n.* 1). **saþs** (124). **saúhts** (103). ***sáuleins** (103, *n.* 1). ***sáuljan** (188). ***sáulnan** (194). **sáuls** (193). **saúrga** (97). **saúrgan** (193). **sáuþa** (97). **seiteins,** *adj.* (124). ***sêts** (130, *n.* 2). **sibjis** (126). ***sibjôn** (190). **sidus** (105). **sifan** (193). **sigis** (94). **sigljan** (188). **sikls** (91, *or* 101). **silubreins** (124). **sinaps** (91; *or* sinap, 94?). **sinteins** (124). ***sinþa, sinþja** (108). **sinþs,** *m.* (91; *or* sinþ, *n.*, 94). **sitls** (91). **siukei** (113). ***siuneis** (92). ***siuns** (130). **skadus** (105). ***skadweins** (103, *n.* 1). ***skadwjan** (188). **skaftjan** (188). ***skafts** (103). ***skaideins** (103, *n.* 1). **skalja** (97). ***skalki,** *n.* (95), *in* ga-skalki, *q. v.* **skalkinassus** (105). **skalkinôn** (190). **skaman** (193). **skanda** (97). **skattja** (108). **skatts** (91). **skaþis** (94). **skaþuls** (124). ***skaunei** (113). ***skaúrð** (112). **skaúrpjô** (112). **skauts** (91). ***skawjan** (124, *n.* 3; 188). ***skaws** (*or* *skaus; 124, *n.* 3). **skeima** (108). **skeireins** (124, *n.* 3). ***skeirjan** (188). **skêwjan** (188). **skildus** (105). **skilja** (108). **skilliggs** (91). **skip**

(94). *skôhi, *n.* (95), *in* ga-skôhi (*q. v.*), *from* ga-skôhs, *adj.* (*q. v.*) *and suff.* -ja. **skôhs,** *m.* (91). ***skôhs,** *adj.* (124), *in* ga-skôhs, *q. v.* **skôhsl** (94). **skuft** (94). **skuggwa** (108). **skuldô** (110). **skûra** (97). **slahals** (124). **slahs** (101). **slaíhts** (124). **slaúhts** (103). ***slaupjan** (188). ***slauþjan** (188). ***slauþnan** (194). **slawan** (193). **sleiþa** (97). **sleiþei** (113). ***sleiþjan** (188). **sleiþs** (130, *n.* 2). **smaírþr** (94). **smakka** (108). **smals** (124). **smarna** (97). ***smiþa** (108). ***smiþôn** (190). **smyrn** (94). **snaga** (108). ***snarpjan** (188). **sniumjan** (188). **snôrjô** (112). **snutrei** (113). **snutrs** (124). **sôkareis** (92). **sôkeins** (103, *n.* 1). ***sôks** (130, *n.* 2). **sôþ** (94; *or* sôþs, *m.*, 91). ***sôþjan** (188). **spaiskuldrs** (91; *or* -r, *n.*, 94). **sparwa** (108). **spêdumists** (124). **spilda** (97). **spill** (94). **spilla** (108). **spillôn** (190). ***spillôþs** (134), *in* un-us-sp., *q. v.* **spyreida** (108). **stafs** (101). ***stagqjan** (188). **staiga** (97). **stainahs** (124). **staineins** (124). **stainjan** (188). **staírnô**(112). **staírô** (112). ***stakeins** (103, *n.* 1). **staks** (101). ***stald** (94). ***stalds** (124). **stamms** (124). ***stass** (103). ***stasseis** (92). ***staþa** (108). ***staþjis** (92, b). **staþs** (91; *or* -þ, 94). **staua,** *f.* (97). **staúrknan** (194). ***staúrran** (193). **stibna** (97). **stikls** (91). **stiks** (91). ***stiurei** (113). **stiurjan** (188). **stiwiti** (95). ***stôdeins** (103, *n.* 1). ***stôdjan** (188). ***stôjans** (134). **stôls** (91). **stôma** (108). ***stôþan** (193). ***stôþs** (124). **striks** (91). ***stugq** (94). ***suljan** (188). **suljô** (112). **sums** (162). **sunjeins** (124). **sunjis** (126). **sunjôns** (103, *n.* 1). **sunnô,** *n.* (112), (*not* **sunna,** *m.;* 108). **supôn** (190). ***suti,** *n.* (95), *in* un-suti, *q. v.* **suts** (*not* **sûts**), *according to Joh. Schmidt, Kuhn's Zeitschrift 26, 380, by influence of the weakest cases of the Idg. stem* swâdú-. **suþjan** (188). **suþns** (91; *or* -n, 94). ***swaggwjan** (188). ***swalleins** (103, *n.* 1). **swamms** (91). ***swara** (108). **swartis** (94). **swartizl** (94). **swarts** (124). **swêgniþa** (97). **swêgnjan** (188). ***sweibands** (133), *in* un-sw., *q. v.* **swein** (94). ***sweipains** (103, *n.* 1). **swêran** (193). **swêrei** (113). **swêriþa** (97). **swêrs** (124). **swês,** *n.* (94). **swibls** (91). **swiglja** (108). **swiglôn** (190). **swiknei** (113). **swikneins** (103, *n.* 2). **swikniþa** (97). **swikns** (124). **swinþei** (113). **swinþjan** (188). **swinþnan** (194). **swôgatjan** (188). ***swôgjan** (188). **swumfsl** (94).

tagl (94). **tagr** (94). **tagrjan** (188). ***taheins** (103, *n.* 1). **tahjan** (188). **taíhswa** (97). **taíhsws** (124). ***taikneins** (103, *n.* 1). **taleiþa** (97). ***tals** (124). **talzeins** (103, *n.* 1). **talzjan** (188). **tandjan** (188). ***tani** (95). ***tarhjan** (188). **tarmjan** (188). ***tarnjan** (188). ***tass** (124). ***taúhts** (103). ***taúra** (108). ***taúrnan** (194). ***taúrþs** (103). **-têhund** (143). **têwa** (97). **têwi** (95). ***têwiþs** (134), *in* un-ga-t., *q. v.* ***têwjan** (188). **til** (95). ***tila-malsks,** *in* un-tila-

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DECLENSION

of strong substantives in -a *and weak substantives in* -an *in Gothic, Old Norse, Old English, Old Saxon, and Old High German.*

(I) *STRONG SUBSTANTIVES IN* -a (*Stem* daga-, *day*).

	Goth.	O. N.	O. E.	O. S.	O. H. G.
Sing. nom.	dags	dagr	dæg	dag	tag
gen.	dagis	dags	dæges	dages, -as	tages, (-as)
dat.	daga	dege, -i [dag]	dæge	dage, -a	tage (-a)
acc.	dag	dag	dæg	dag	tag
voc.			dæg		
instr.			dæge	dagu, (-o)	tagu, -o
Plur. nom. (*voc.*)	dagôs	dagar	dagas	dagos, -as	tagâ, -a
gen.	dagê	daga	daga	dago, (-a)	tago
dat.	dagam	dǫgom, -um	dagum	dagun, -on	tagum, -om; -un, -on
acc.	dagans	daga	dagas	dagos, -as	tagâ, -a

(II) *WEAK SUBSTANTIVES IN* -an (*Stem* hanan-, *cock.*)

Sing. nom. (*voc.*)	hana	hane, -i	hana	hano	hano
gen.	hanins	hana	hanan	hanun	-on	hanen, -in
dat. (*instr.*)	hanin	hana	hanan	hanun	(-an,	hanen, -in
acc.	hanan	hana	hanan	hanun	-en)	hanon, -un
Plur. nom. (*voc.*)	hanans	hanar	hanan	hanun, -on	hanon, -un
gen.	hananê	hana	hanena	hanono	hanôno
dat.	hanam	hǫnom, -um	hanum	hanun, -on	hanôm
acc.	hanans	hana	hanan	hanun, -on	hanon, -un

NOTE. — Further inflections will be found under **ik, þu, is, jus; meina, seina, *ukarga, unsara; hvas; þata.**

INDO-GERMANIC FAMILY OF LANGUAGES.

[*For details, s. Brgm., Compar. Gr., I, p. 3 et seq.*]

- I. ARIAN
  - Indian
    - Vedic
    - Sanskrit
  - Iranian
    - WEST: Old Persian
    - EAST: Avestic (= Zend, *or* Old Bactrian)
- II. ARMENIAN
- III. GREEK — Ionic-Attic, Doric, North West Greek, Aeolic, Elean, Arcadian-Cyprian, Pamphylian
- IV. ALBANIAN
- V. ITALIC
  - Latin — *Romanic languages:* Portuguese, Spanish, Catalanian, Provencal, French, Italian, Rhaeto-Romanic, Roumanian
  - Umbrian-Samnitic
- VI. KELTIC
  - Gallic
  - Britannic
    - Cymric (*or* Welsh)
    - Cornish
    - Bas Breton (*or* Armorican)
  - Gaelic
    - Irish-Gaelic
    - Scotch-Gaelic
    - Manx
- VII. GERMANIC
  - EAST
    - Gothic
    - Norse (*or* Scandinavian)
      - EAST: Swedish, Danish
      - WEST: Icelandic, Norwegian
  - WEST
    - English
      - OLD (*Period of full inflections,—about* 1150). *Dialects:* Northumbrian, Mercian, *(Anglian);* West Saxon *(Saxon);* Kentish *(Jutic).*
      - MIDDLE *(Period of levelled inflections,—about* 1500).
      - MODERN *(Period of lost inflections, since about* 1500).
    - Old Frisian
    - Low German
      - OLD SAXON (*now* 'Plattdeutsch')
      - LOW FRANKISH (*now* Dutch, Flemish, German Low Frankish).
    - High German
      - OLD (*Period of full inflections,—about* 1100). *Dialects:* Upper-German (Alemanic, Bavarian-Austrian), Frankish.
      - MIDDLE (*—about 1500)*
      - NEW *(since about 1500—)*
- VIII. BALTIC-SLAVONIC
  - Baltic — Prussian, Lithuanian, Lettic
  - Slavonic (Old Bulgarian)
    - SOUTH-EASTERN: Russian, Bulgarian, Illyrian
    - WESTERN: Czech, Sorabian *or* Wendish, Lechish (Polish *and* Polabian *or* Elbe-Slavonian).

NOTE. — It must be borne in mind that the above division of the English and German languages into three periods is more or less arbitrary; they merely serve philological purposes. Relics of Old English inflection, for instance, are seen in the s of our possessive case in 's, in the plurals in -s and -en (oxen).

INDEXES.

GREEK.

ἀ-, un-.
ἄατος, saþs.
ἀ-άατος, wunds.
ἄγγελος, aggilus.
ἄγειν, akrs, synagôgê.
ἀγκών, -agga (*Appendix*).
ἀγρός, akrs.
ἄγχειν, aggwus.
ἀγωγή, synagôgê.
ἀδελφός, kalbô (*Appendix*).
ἄδην, ἄδην, saþs.
ἀεί, aiws,
ἀέξειν, wahsjan.
ἄζυμος, azymus.
ἄηναι, ἀήτης, waian, winds.
αἰεί, αἰών, aiws.
αἵρεσις, αἱρεῖν, αἱρετικός, haíraíseis.
ἄκαινα, ἄκανος, ahs.
ἀκούειν, hausjan.
ἄκρος, ahs.
ἀκτίς, ûhtwô.
ἄκων, ahs.
ἀλάβαστρον, alabalstraún.
ἀλείφειν, ἀλίνειν, *linna (*Appendix*).
ἄλλος, aljis.
ἄλοχος, ligan.
ἅλς, salt.
ἅμα, sama.
ἀμάρα, marei.
ἀμβροτός, maúrþr.
ἀμέλγειν, miluks.
ἄμεναι, saþs.
ἀμφί, bi.
ἀμφιλύκη, liuhaþs.
Ἀμφίμαρος, marei.
ἄμφω, bai.
ἀνά, ana,
ἀνάθεμα, anaþaíma.
ἀναχωρητής, sitls.
ἄνεμος, *anan.
ἄνευ, inuh.
ἀνεψιός, niþjis.
ἀντί, and.
ἀξίνη, aleina.
ἀπό, af.
ἀποθήκη, *dêþs,
ἀποπληξία, flôkan.
ἀποστασία, ἀπόστασις, staþs.
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ἀπόστολος, apaústaúlus.
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ἀρχάγγελος, arkaggilus.
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ἀστήρ, ἀστρόν, staírnô.
ἄττα, atta.
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βίος, βιοῦν, βίοτος, qius.
βραχύς, maúrgjan.
βρέχειν, rign.
βροτός, maúrþr.
Βόσπορος, faran.
βυσσός, byssus.

γάζα, γαζοφυλάκιον, gazaúfylakiô.
γε, auk.
γέεννα, gaíaínna.
γενειάς, γένειον, kinnus.
γένος, kuni.
γένυς, kinnus.
γίγνεσθαι, kuni.

γιγνώσκειν, kunnan.
γνύξ, kniu.
γνῶσις, kunnan.
γόνυ, kniu.
γρύψ, greipan.
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διαίρεσις, haíraíseis.
διάκονος, diakaúnus.
διπλάσιος, *falþs.
διπλο-, tweifls.
δίφρος, baíran.
διώκειν, diakaúnus.
δόμος, timrja.
δόρυ, triu.
δράσσεσϑαι, drakma.
δραχμή, drakma.
δρόμος, trudan.
δρῦς, triu.
δύο, twai,
δυς-, tuz-.

ἐγώ, ik.
ἔδειν, itan.
ἕδρα, sitls.
ἕζεσϑαι, sitan.
ἐϑνικός, ἔϑνος, þiudiskô.
εἶδον, witan (*w. v.*).
εἰδώς, weitwôþs.
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εἶναι, wisan.
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ἑκυρά, swaíhrô.
ἑκυρός, swaíhra.
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ἐννέα, niun.
ἐννύναι, wasjan.
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ἐπιστολή, aípistaúlê.
ἔραξε, aírþa.
ἔργον, waúrkjan.
ἔρεβος, riqis.
ἐρεύϑειν, rauþs.
ἐρευνᾶν, rûna.
ἐρυϑρός, rauþs.
ἐρυσίπελας, rauþs.
ἐρωή, razn.
ἑστία, wisan.
ἔτος, wiþrus.
εὐαγγέλιον, aíwaggéli
εὐαγγελιστής, aíwaggêlista.
εὐλογία, aíwlaugja.
εὖνις, wans.
εὐχαριστία, aíwχaristia.

ζῆλος, ζηλώτης, zêlôtês.
ζυγόν, juk.

ἡ, sa.
ἡγεῖσϑαι, sôkjan.
ἡδύς, ἥδεσϑαι, suts.
ἠϊϑεος, widuwô.
ἥλιος, sauil.
ἡμᾶς, ἡμεῖς, unsara.
ἤρεμα, ἠρεμαῖος, ἠρεμία, ἤρεμος, rimis.

ϑαιρός, daúr.
ϑαῤῥεῖν, ϑάρσος, *daúrsan.
ϑέμα, ϑέσις, *dêþs.
ϑερμός, warmjan.
ϑησαυρός, *dêþs.
*ϑῆσϑαι, daddjan (*Appendix*).
ϑόλος, dal.
ϑρῆνος, drunjus.
ϑρώναξ, drunjus.
ϑυγάτηρ, daúhtar.
ϑύειν, ϑυμίαμα, ϑύμος, þymiama.
ϑύρα, ϑύρετρον, ϑυρών, daúr.

ἰγνύα, kniu.
ἰδεῖν, witan (*w. v.*).
ἰέναι, iddja.
ἱμάς, sailjan.
ἱπνός, aúhns.
ἵππος, aíhvatundi.
ἱστάναι, standan.
ὥρα, ὧρος, jêr.

καῖσαρ, kaisar.
καλεῖν, paraklêtus.
καλύβη, καλύπτειν, huljan.
κάρα, κάρηνον, haúrn
καρδία, haírtô.
κάρτα, καρτερός, hardus.
κάρταλος, haúrds.
κασσύειν, κάσσυμα, siujan.
κεύθειν, *hûs.
κῆρ, haírtô.
κλέος, hliuma.
κλέπτειν, hlifan.
κλίμα, κλῖμαξ, κλίνειν, κλίνη, hlains.
κλισία, hlains, hleiþra.
κλῖτος, κλιτός, κλιτύς, hlains.
κλύδων, hlûtrs.
κλύειν, κλυτός, hliuma.
κλύζειν, hlûtrs.
κλωγμός, κλώζειν, κλώσσειν, hlôhjan (*Appendix*).
κνύειν, *hniupan.
κοιεῖν, *skaws.
κοίτη, hêþjô.
κόπανον, κοπίς, κόπτειν, hamfs (*Appendix*).
κρανίον, haúrn.
κρατερός, κρατύς, hardus.
κραυγή, hrûks.
κρεμαννύναι, hramma, hramjan.
κρίνειν, hrains.
κρωγμός, hrûks.
κυριακόν, κυριακός, κύριος, gards.
κυρτία, κύρτη, κύρτος, haúrds.
κύτος, *hûs.
κύων, hund.
κώμη, haims.

λέγειν, aíwlaugja.
λείβειν, leiþus.
λεῖος, *linna (*Appendix*).
λείπειν, leihvan.
λείχειν, *laigôn.
λευκός, liuhaþ.
λέχος, ligan.
λίνον, lein.
λιπαρεῖν, λιπαρός, *leiban.
λίς, lein, linna (*Appendix*).
λιχνεύειν, λίχνος, *laigôn.
λοιδορεῖν, laian.
λοιπός, leihvan.
λουγοῦν, liugan.
λοχεῖν, ligan.
λύειν, *liusan.
λυκάνθρωπος, waír.
λύκος, wulfs.

μαίεσθαι, môþs.
μαργαρίτης, marei.
μέ, meina.
μέγας, mikils.
μέδεσθαι, μέδιμνος, μέδων, mitan.
μέλι, miliþ.
μένος, munan.
μέσος, midjis.
μετά, miþ.
μέτρον, mêl, mêna.
μήδεσθαι, mitan.
μῆλον, smals.
μήν, mêna
μήχος, μηχανή, magan (*Appendix*).
μία, simlê
μιμνήσκειν, munan.
μινύειν, μίνυνθα, minnists.
μισθός, mizdô.
μύλλειν, malan.
μῶλος, μῶλυς, *môjan.

νάρδος, nardus.
νεῖν, nêþla.
νεῖσθαι, *nisan.
νεκρός, νέκυς, naus.
νέμειν, νέμος, niman.
νέος, niujis.
νη-, ni.
νῆμα, νῆτρον, nêþla.
νίφα, νιφάς, νίφειν, snaiws.
νόμος, niman.
νόστος, *nisan.
νύ, νῦν, nu.
νύξ, nahts,

ξέστης, aúrkeis.

ὅ, sa.
ὁδούς, tunþus.
οἶδα, witan (*pret-pres. v.*).

ὄϛος, asts.
οἶκος, weihs.
οἰκονδε, du.
οἴνη, οἰνός, ains.
οἶνος, wein.
ὄϊς, awêþi.
ὀκτώ, ahtau.
ὅλος, sêls.
ὀμιχεῖν, maíhstus.
ὁμός, sama.
ὄνομα, namô.
ὄνυξ, nagljan.
ὀργή *raúhtjan.
ὄργιον, ὄργανον, waúrkjan.
ὀρέγειν, rakjan.
ὄρνις, ara.
ὀρνύναι, rinnan.
ὀρνύσθαι, reiran.
ὀρφανός, arbi (*Appendix*).
ὄσσε, augô.
οὐκί, *his.
οὖλος, sêls.
οὖλος, wulla.
οὖς, ausô.
ὄχος, *wigan.

παράκλητος, paraklêtus.
παρασκευή, paraskaíwê.
πάσχα, paska.
πατεῖσθαι, fôdjan.
πατήρ, πάτρως, fadar.
παύειν, παῦρος, *faus.
πέδη, πέδιλον, fôtus.
πεξός, fôtus.
πείθειν, bidjan.
πεῖρα, fêrja.
πεῖσμα, bindan.
πέλλα, *fill, rauþs.
πέλμα, *films (*Appendix*).
πέμπε, fimf.
πέμτος, *fimfta.
πέντε, fimf.
πεντήκοντα, πεντηκοστή, paíntêkustê.
περά, περᾶν, faírra, faúra.
περί, faír-.
πέρυσι, πέρυτι, faírneis.
πεταννύναι, faþa.
πηλίκος, hwileiks.
πηνίον, πῆνος, fana.
πίστις, πιστικός, pistikeins.
πλατεῖα, πλατύς, plapja.
πλεῖν, flôdus.
πλήκειν, flahta.
πλήρης, fulls.
πλήσσειν, flôkan.
πλοκή, πλόκος, flahta.
πλωτός, flôdus.
ποικίλος, *faihs.
πολύς, filu.
πολύτλας, þulan.
πορεύειν, πορθμεύς, πορθμός, πόρος, faran.
πορφύρα, paúrpura.
πόσις, *faþs.
πότερος, hwaþar.
πότνια, *faþs.
πούς, fôtus.
πραιτώριον, praitôria.
πρό, faúra.
πρέσβυς, πρεσβύτερος, πρεσβυτέριον, praízbytaírei.
πρόμος, fruma.
προφήτης, praúfêtês.
προφῆτις, praúfêteis.
πτέρνα, faírzna.
πτύειν, speiwan.
πυνθάνεσθαι, *biudan
πῦρ, πυρσός, fôn.
πῶλος, fulla.

ῥαιβός, wraiqs.
ῥέξειν, waúrkjan.
ῥέμβειν, wruggô.
ῥίξα, waúrts.
ῥόμβος, wruggô.

σάβαν, saban.
σάββατον, sabbatô.
σαβαχθανί, sibakþani.
σάκκος, sakkus.
Σατανᾶς, Satanas.
σεύεσθαι, skêwjan.
σίγλος, σίκλος, sikls.
σίναπι, sinaps.
σιφρός, sweiban.
σκάλλειν, σκάλμη, skalja.
σκαπάνη, σκάπτειν, skaban.
σκέπτεσθαι, aípiskaúpus.
σκευάζειν, paraskaíwê
σκῆπτρον, skaban.
σκιά, skeima.
σκοπεῖν, σκόπος, aípiskaúpus.
σκορπίων, σκορπίος, skaúrpjô.
σκότος, skadus.
σκῦλον, skaudaraip.
σμίλη, σμινύη, *smiþa.
σμύρνα, smyrn.
σομφός, swamms.
σπαίρειν, sparwa.

σπεκουλάτωρ, **spaíkulatur.**
σπλάγχνα, **idreiga** (*Appendix*).
σπυρίς, **spyreida.**
στάσις, **staþs.**
σταυρός, ***stiurei.**
στεῖρος, **staírô.**
στείχειν, **steigan.**
στέλλειν, **aípistaúlê, apaústaulus, standan**
στερίσκειν, στέρειν, **stilan.**
στέριφος, **staírô.**
στήλη, **stôls.**
στήμων, **stôma.**
στίξειν, στίγμα, στιγματίξειν, ***stakeins.**
στίχος, στοῖχος, **steigan.**
στόλος, **standan.**
στορνύναι, στρωννύναι, **straujan.**
στύειν, στῦλος, **stiurei.**
σύ, **þu.**
συναγωγή, **synagôgê.**
συναίρεσις, **haíraíseis**
σῦς, **swein.**
σχίζα, σχίζειν, **skaidan.**

τανυ-, ***þanjan.**
ταρσία, ***þaírsan.**
ταῦρος, **stiur.**
τε, **-uh.**
τείνειν, ***þanjan.**
τεῖχος, **deigan.**
τέκνον, τέκος, **þius.**
τενθρήνη, **drunjus.**
τερσαίνειν, τέρσεσθαι, ***þaírsan.**
τέσσαρες, **fidwôr, taítrarkês.**
τιθέναι, **anaþaíma, dêþs.**
τίκτειν, **þius.**
τλήμων, τλῆναι, **þulan.**
τοῖχος, **deigan.**
τολμᾶν, **þulan.**
τραγεῖν, **þaírh.**
τραχύς, **þarihs.**
τρέχειν, **þragjan.**
τρίτος, **þridja.**
τρώγειν, τρώγλη, **þaírh.**
τύ, **þu.**
τυγχάνειν, τύχη, **dugan.**
τυφλός, ***daufs.**

ὕδωρ, ὕδρα, **watô.**
υἱός, **sunus.**
ὑμεῖς, **jus.**
ὑπείρ, ὑπέρ, **ufar.**
ὑπό, **uf.**
ὗς, **swein.**
ὑσμίνη, **jêr.**

φαγεῖν, φαγός, **bôk.**
φάνα, **praúfêtês.**
Φαρισαῖος, **Farisaius.**
φέρτερος, **barusnjan.**
φηγός, **bôk.**
φράτηρ, **brôþar.**
φύειν, **bauan.**
φύλαξ, φυλάσσειν, **gazaúfylakiô.**
φύλη, φῦλον, **bauan.**
φῦμα, **bagms, bauan.**
φύσις, **bauan.**

χαίνειν, χάος, ***ginnan.**
χαρίζεσθαι, χάρις, **aíwxaristia.**
χάσμα, ***ginnan.**
χέειν, **giutan.**
χειά ***ginnan.**
χεῦμα, **giutan.**
χθές, **gistradagis.**
χλωρός, **gulþ.**
χολή, χόλος, **gulþ.**
χόρτος, **gards, gras.**
χρίειν, χριστός, **Xristus.**
χρόμαδος, **gramjan.**

ψάλλειν, ψαλμός, **psalma.**

ὠλένη, **aleina.**

LATIN.

acceptare, accipere, **hafjan.**
acclivis, acclivitas, acclivus, **hlains.**
accumbere, ***kumbjan.**
acer, acetum, **akeits.**
acies, aculeus, acus, **ahs.**
acquiescere, **hveila.**
ad, **at.**
adolescens, **alan.**
aes, **ais.**
aestimare, **aistan.**
aetas, aeternalis, aeternitas, aeternus,

aevum, **aiws.**
ager, agere, **akrs.**
alabastrum, **alabalstraún.**
alere, alimentum, **alan.**
alius, **aljis.**
alter, **anþar.**
ambactus, **andbahts.**
ambi, **bi.**
ambo, **bai.**
an, **ana.**
anachoreta, **sitls.**
anathema, **anaþaíma.**
anima, animal, animus, **dius.**
angere, **aggwus.**
ante, **and.**
anticipare, **hafjan.**
anxietas, anxius, **aggwus.**
apoplexia, **flôkan.**
apostasia, **staþs.**
apostolus, **apaústaúlus.**
apotheca, ***dêþs.**
aqua, **alwa.**
aquila, **ara.**
arare, **arjan.**
arca, **arka.**
arcere, **arka.**
archangelus, **arkaggilus.**
arcus, **arlwazna** (*Appendix*).
armus, **arms.**
arvum, **aírþa.**
as, **asneis.**
ascia, **aqizi.**
asinus, **asilus.**
assarius, **asneis.**
auctio, auctor, augere, augmentum, augmentare, augustus, **aukan.**
auris, auscultare, **ausô**
autor, auxiliaris, auxilium, **aukan.**
avia, avunculus, avus, **awô.**

balsamum, **balsan.**
baptizare, **daupjan.**
bi-, **tweihnai.**
bilix, bis, **tweihnai.**
brevis, **maúrgjan, sandjan.**
bucêtum, **haiþi.**
bullire, ***bauljan.**

calumnia, **fastubni, hôlôn.**
calvi, **hôlôn.**
canere, **hana.**
canis, **hunds.**
capax, **hafjan.**
capitale, **faíhu.**
capitalis, **niutan.**
capsula, captare, captor, captura, **hafjan.**
caput, **faíhu, niutan, handus.**
carcer, **karkara.**
carmen, **hazjan** (*Appendix*).
caseus, **lubjaleis.**
cavere, ***skaws.**
chaos, ***ginnan.**
capere, capsa, **hafjan.**
celare, cella, cellarium, **huljan.**
centum, **hund.**
cerebrum, cerebellum, cervus, **haúrn.**
certamen, **aldôma.**
chasma, ***ginnan.**
cis, citer, ***his.**
citra, ***hidrê, *his.**
civis, ***heiws.**
clepere, **hlifan.**
clima, climax, ***clinare**, clivus, **hlains.**
cluere, **hliuma.**
coalescere, **alan.**
cohors, **gards.**
collare, collus, collum, **hals.**
communicare, communio, communis, communitas, **gamains.**
compes, **fôtus.**
complementum, complimentum, **fulls.**
conceptio, **hafjan.**
congius, **aúrkeis.**
connivere, **hneiwan.**
conscientia, ***wissei.**
consternatio, **straujan**
convexus, ***wigan.**
cooperire, **handus.**
cornu, **haúrn.**
cribrum, **hrains.**
crocire, crocitare, **hrûks.**
coquere, **tweihnai.**
cor, **haírtô.**
crates, **haúrds.**
cubitus, **kubitus.**
culmen, **hallus.**
cum, **gamains.**
-cun-, **-hun.**
cunctari, **hâhan.**
custos, custodia, **huzd**

cutis, ***hûs.**

daemon, **daimônareis.**
dare, **liban.**
decem, **taíhun.**
declinatio, declivis, -us, **hlains.**
degener, **kuni.**
delirium, delirius, ***leisan.**
dens, **tunþus.**
dexter, **taíhsws.**
diabolus, diabolicus, **diabaúlus.**
diaconus, **diakaúnus.**
diaeresis, **háiraíseis.**
dicare, **teihan.**
dicere, dictare, **teihan, wêrs.**
dictio, ***teihan.**
diluculum, **liuhaþ.**
dimidius, **midjis.**
dis-, **dis-.**
domare, ***tamjan.**
drachma, **drakma.**
ducere, **tiuhan.**
duo, duodecim, **twai.**
duplo-, **tweifls.**
dux, **tiuhan.**

ecclesia, ecclesiasticus, **aíkklêsjô.**
edere, **itan.**
effigies, **deigan.**
ego, **ik.**
elephans, elephantus, elephas, **ulbandus.**
endo, **du.**
episcopus, **aípiskaúpus**
epistola, **aípistaúlê.**
epitheton, ***dêþs.**
errare, error, **aírzeis, aírzjan.**
equa, equus, **aíƕatundi.**
erysipelus, **rauþs.**
eucharistia, **aíwxaristia.**
evangelista, **aíwangêlista.**
evangelium, **aíwaggêli**
excellere, **hallus.**
experientia, experiri, experimentum, **faran**
expletio, expletivus, **fulls.**
extirpare, **qistjan.**

faber, fabrica, ***daban** (*Appendix*).
facere, **hafjan, saþs.**
fagus, **bôk.**
far, farina, farinaceus, **barizeins.**
fascia, **faskja.**
fel, **gulþ.**
felare, **daddjan** (*Appendix*).
feria, **hlaifs.**
ferre, **þulan.**
fictio, fictitius, figmentum, figulus, figurare, fingere, **deigan.**
fidere, **bidjan.**
fieri, **bauan.**
findere, **beitan.**
flare, ***blêsan.**
florere, flos, **blôma.**
fores, **daúr.**
foris, **faír-.**
formus, **warmjan.**
frangere, **brikan.**
frater, **brôþar.**
frendere, **grinda-fraþjis.**
frui, fructus, **brûkjan.**
fui, **bauan.**

gelare, gelu, **kalds.**
gena, **kinnus.**
generalis, generare, generosus, gens, **kuni.**
gens, gentilis, **þiudiskô.**
genu, genuinus, **kniu.**
genus, **kinnus.**
gignere, **kuni.**
gnoscere, **kunnan.**
gradi, gradus, ***griþs.**
granaria, granulum, granum, **kaúrn.**
gravis, **kaúrus.**
gryphus, **greipan.**
gustare, gustus, **kustus.**

habere, **haban.**
haedus, **gaits.**
haeresis, haereticus, **hairaíseis.**
hasta, **gazds.**
helvus, **gulþ.**
heri, **gistradagis.**
hiare, ***ginnan.**
hic, **nu.**
hiscere, ***ginnan.**
homo, **guma.**
honor, **aistan.**
hortus, **gards.**
hospes, hospitalis, hospitium, hostilis,

hostire, hostis, **gasts**
humilis, **niman.**
hydra, **watô.**

implementum, **fulls.**
in, **in.**
inclutus, **hliuma.**
indu, **du.**
inferior, infernus, infernalis, inferus, infimus, infra, **undar.**
instaurare, ***stiurei.**
instigare, ***stakeins.**
insula, **alva.**
ire, **iddja.**
ista, iste, istud, **þata.**

jam, **ju.**
jugum, jungere, **juk.**
juvenca, juvencus, juvenis, juventa, **juggs.**

lacrima, **tagr.**
lana, **wula.**
lassus, **lats.**
latrare, **laian.**
latro, **baúrgs.**
laxare, laxus, **lisan.**
lectio, **laíktjô.**
lectus, **ligan.**
legere, **laíktjô.**
lenis, lentus, ***linnan.**
lĕvis, **leihts.**
libens, libido, **liufs.**
licium, **tweihnai.**
ligare, **liuga.**
limus, ***linna** (*Appendix*).
linealis, linearis, lineus, **lein.**
linere, ***linna** (*Appendix*).
linguere, ***laigôn.**
linum, linea, lineamentum, lineare, **lein.**
linquere, **leihvan.**
linteum, linteus, **lein.**
liquere, liquidus, liquor, **leiþus.**
lira, ***leisan.**
littera, **bôk.**
locusta, **þlahsjan.**
longaevitas, longare, longus, **laggs.**
lubens, lubido, **liufs.**
lubricus, **sliupan.**
lucere, **liuhaþ.**
lucerna, **liuhaþ, lûkan.**
lucidus, **liuhaþ.**
lumen, **lauhmuni, lauhatjan.**
luna, lux, **liuhaþ.**
lupus, **wulfs.**

magis, **maiza, mikils.**
magister, **baúrgs.**
magnus, majis, **maiza.**
mare, margarita **marei.**
margo, **marka.**
maritare, maritus, **aiws.**
me, **meina.**
medianus, mediare, **midjis.**
medius, ***mêt, midjis.**
mel, **miliþ.**
meminisse, mens, **munan.**
mensis, **mêna.**
mentum, **munþs.**
merus, **mêrs.**
metiri, **mêl.**
mihi, **meina.**
miles, **mizdô, militôn.**
militare, **militôn.**
militia, **mizdô.**
mingere, **maíhstus.**
minuere, minuta, **minists.**
misericors, **armahaírts**
modius, modus, **mitan.**
mola, molere, **malan.**
moles, molire, ***môjan.**
monere, **munan.**
morbidus, morbus, mori, mors, mortalis, mortificare, mortuus, **maúrþr.**
mulgere, **miluks.**
mustum, **sinaps.**
mutare, ***maiþs.**

nancisci, ***naúhan.**
nardum, nardus, **nardus.**
nasci, **knôþs.**
nasus, **þaírh.**
natio, **knôþs.**
ne, ne-, **ni.**
necare, **naus.**
nere, **nêþla.**
neque, **nih.**
nex, **naus.**
nicare, nictare, **hneiwan.**
ninguere, **snaiws.**
nominalis, nominare, nomen, **namô.**
nonus, **niun.**

notus, **kunnan.**
nocturnalis, nocturnus, **nahts.**
nos, noster, **unsara.**
notio, **kunnan.**
novem, November, **niun.**
novellus, novicius, novus, **niujis.**
nox, **nahts.**
nudare, nudatio, nudus, **naqaþs.**
numerus, **gatimrjô.**
nunc, **nu.**

oblongus, **laggs.**
obscurus,**skaudaraips.**
occulere, **huljan.**
oculus, **augô.**
offendimentum, **bindan.**
oleum, **alêw.**
orale, **aúrali.**
orbus, **arbi** (*Appendix*).
organum, **waúrkjan.**
oriri, **reiran.**
orphanus, **arbi** (*Appendix*).
ovis, **awêþi.**

pacare, pacisci, pagina, pangere, **fâhan.**
papa, **papa.**
pannus, **fana.**
paracletus, **paraclêtus**
pascha, **paska.**
patella, **baíran.**
pater, **fadar, guþ.**
patere, **faþa.**
patruus, **fadar.**
paucus, paullus, **faus.**
pauper, **arms.**
pax, **fâhan.**
peculiarius, peculium, pecunia, pecuniarius, pecus, **faíhu.**
pedica, **fôtus.**
pellis, ***fill.**
pentecoste, **paíntêkustê.**
per, **faír-.**
periculum, **faran, fêrja.**
peritus, **faran.**
perna, pernix, **faírzna.**
pes, **fôtus.**
piscis, **fisks.**
plaga, plangere, **flôkan.**
platea, **plapja.**
plectere, **flahta.**
plenitas, plenitudo, plenus, plere, **fulls.**
plicare, **tweifls, flahta.**
-plo, **tweifls.**
pluere, **flôdus.**
pluma, ***flaugjan.**
potens, potis, ***faþs.**
populus, **liudan.**
porrigere, **rakjan.**
portentum, ***tani.**
possibilis, potiri, ***faþs**
praesagium, **sôkjan.**
praetorium, **praítôria.**
precari, **fraíhnan.**
presbyter, **praízbytaírei.**
prex, **fraíhnan.**
principatus,**baúrjôþus**
pro, **faúra, fra.**
progenitor, **kuni.**
proles, **frasts** (*Appendix*).
pronomen, **namô**
propheta, **praúfêtês.**
pruina, pruna, prurire, **frius.**
psalmus, **psalma.**
pullus, **fulla.**
purpura, **paúrpura.**

-quam, **-hun.**
quattuor, **fidwôr.**
-que, **-uh.**
quies, quiescere, quietus, **hveila.**
quinque, **fimf.**
quintus, **fidwôr, *fimfta, kintus.**
quod, **hvas, þata.**

radix, **waúrts.**
ratio, **raþjô.**
reddere, **liban.**
regalis, regere, regimen, regio, regnum, regula, regulare, **raíhts.**
reliquiae, reliquus, **leihvan.**
reminisci, **munan.**
renovare, **niujis.**
requies, **hveila.**
reri, **raþjô.**
restaurare, ***stiurei.**
rex, **raíhts, reiks** (*subst.*).
rigare, **rign.**
rivus, **rinnan.**
robigo, **rauþs.**
rota, rotula, rotulus, rotundus, **raþs.**

ruber, rubere, rubidus, rubrica, **rauþs.**
ruere, **riurs.**
rufus, **rauþs.**
ruina, **riurs.**
rumor, **rûna.**
rumpere, ***raubôn.**
ruralis, rus, rusticus, **rûms.**

sabanum, **saban.**
sabbatum, **sabbatô.**
saccellum, saccus, **sakkus.**
sagax, sagire, **sôkjan.**
sal, salarium, salcitia, salsus, **salt.**
salvare, salvator, salvus, **hailjan.**
sat, satiare, satis, satur, saturare, **saþs.**
scabere, scapus, **skaban.**
scindere, **skaidan.**
scorpio, scorpius, **skaúrpjô.**
scutum, **skaudaraips.**
semen, seminalis, seminare, seminarium, ***sêþs.**
senarius, seni, **saíhs.**
se, **swês.**
sedere, **sitan.**
semel, **simlê.**
sella, **sitls.**
senatus, **baúrjôdus.**
senectus, **gamainduþs.**
senex, senior, **sineigs.**
sensus, sentire, **sinþs.**
septem, **sibun.**
sequi, **saíƕan, sipôneis**
serere, **saian, sarwa.**
series, **sarwa.**
sex, sextus, **saíhs.**
sextarius, **aúrkeis.**
sibi, **swês.**
sigillum, signum, **sigljô.**
silentia, silere, ***silan.**
similis, **sama, glitmunjan.**
similare, **glitmunjan.**
simplex, **simlê.**
simul, **sama, simlê.**
sinapi, **sinaps.**
socer, **swaíhra.**
socrus, **swaíhrô.**
sol, **sauil.**
solamen, **aldôma.**
solea, solum, **saljan.**
sollus, **sêls.**
solvere, ***liusan.**
sordes, sordidus, **swarts.**
soror, **swistar.**
specere, specula, speculari, speculator, speculum, **spaíkulatur.**
spernere, **sparws.**
spuere, **speiwan.**
stamen, stamineus, **stôma.**
stare, **standan.**
statio, stationarius, **staþs.**
stella, **staírnô.**
sterilis, **staírô.**
sternere, stratum, **straujan.**
striga, stringere, **striks.**
suadere, suasio, suavis, **suts.**
suere, subula, **siujan.**
sum, **wisan.**
super, **ufar.**
supplementum, **fulls.**
suillus, suinus, sus, **swein.**
suus, **swês.**
sutor, **siujan, skôhs.**
synagoga, **synagôgê.**

tacere, **þahan.**
taurus, **stiur.**
tendere, tenuis, ***þanjan.**
tertius, **þridja.**
tetrarcha, **taítrarkês.**
thema, thesaurus, thesis, ***dêþs.**
thymum, **þymiama.**
tolerare, tollere, **þulan**
tongere, **þugkjan.**
torrere, **þaúrsus.**
transfiguratio, **deigan**
tres, tria, ***þreis.**
tripudium, **fôtus.**
tu, **þu.**
tudes, tundere, **stautan.**
tuli, **þulan.**
tum, **þan.**

uncia, **unkja.**
unguis, **nagljan.**
unicus, **ainaha** (*Appendix*).
unus, **ains.**
urceus, urceolus, **aúrkeis.**
urgere, **wrikan.**

uter, **hwaþar.**

vacillare, vacillatio, **wâhs.**
vae, **wai.**
valere, validus, **waldan.**
vannus, **fana.**
vadimonium, vas, **wadi.**
vates, ***wôþs.**
vegere, ***wakjan.**
vehere, vehiculum, ***wigan.**
velle, **wiljan.**
venire, **qiman.**
ventilare, ***winþjan.**
ventus, **winds.**
verax, ***wêrs.**
verbum, **waúrd.**
veritas, verus, ***wêrs.**
versus, vertere, **waírþan.**
vestigium, **steigan.**
vestire, **wasjan, wasti.**
vestis, **wasti.**
vetus, **wiþrus.**
via, viaticus, viaticum, **wigs.**
vicinitas, vicinus, vicus, **weihs.**
victor, victoria, **weihan.**
videre, **witan** (*w. v.*).
vidua, **widuwô.**
vigil, vigilare, **wakjan.**
vincere, **weihan.**
vinea, **wein.**
vinum, **akeits, wein.**
visere, visitare, ***weisôn.**
vitellus, vitullus, **wiþrus.**
volvere, **wulan.**
vultus, **wulþus.**

zelus, **zêlôtês.**

ENGLISH.

REMARK. — In the English and German word-lists I always mention the latest period (*Comp. foot-note on page 598*) *in which the words occur* (*i. e. in which I could find them*). *Many compounds not cited here will easily be found by looking at the simples.*

OLD ENGLISH.

ærn, **razn.**
æs, **itan.**

calan, cêle, **kalds.**
cîð, **keinan.**
cilforlomb, **kalbô.**
cinbân, cintôð, **kinnus**
cnôsl, **knôþs.**
costian, **kustus.**
cyme, **qiman.**
cyst, ***kustus,**

dôfian, ***daufs.**
dolg, **dulgs.**
dor, **daúr.**
drêor, **driusan.**
dryre, **drus.**
dryhtfolc, ***draúhts.**
dwalma, dwǫlma, **dwalmôn.**
dŷpan, **daupjan.**

fædera, **fadar.**
fæhð, **faih.**
feorrancund, ***kunds.**
firen, **faírina.**
firgen-bêam, -holt, -strêam, **faírguni.**
film, **films** (*Appendix*).
flâh, ***þlaihan.**
flyge, ***flaugjan.**
fôdor, **fôdr.**
fore, **faúra.**
forht, **faúrhts.**
fram, **fruma.**
frasjan, **fraisan.**
frêa, **frauja.**
frêo, **frijôn.**
freme, **fruma.**
frêo, **frijôn.**
frêod, **freihals.**
frêogan, **frijôn.**
frêols, **freidjan.**
frêorig, **frius.**
fricg(e)an, **fraíhnan.**
frigu, **freis.**
frôd, **frôþs.**
frǫm, **fruma.**

fulluht, **daupjan.**
fylleð, **fulleiþs.**
fyrht, **faúrhts.**
fyrsn, **faírzna.**

ȝâd, **gaidw.**
ȝâl, **gailjan.**
ȝæten, **gaitein.**
ȝecwiss, ***qiss.**
ȝedêfe, ***dôfs.**
ȝehyȝd, ***hugds.**
ȝehyrsum, **hausjan.**
ȝemôt, ***môtjan.**
ȝenêat, **niutan.**
ȝêo, **ju.**
ȝerǣde, ***rêdan.**
ȝescola, **skula.**
ȝesîð, **gasinþja.**
ȝe-timbre, ȝetimbrunȝ, **gatimrjô.**
ȝeðêode, **liudan.**
ȝînan, ***ginnan.**
ȝîssinȝ, ȝîssunȝ, ȝîscer, ȝîtser, **gaidw.**
ȝlitjan, **glitmunjan.**
ȝlômunȝ,
ȝrǣd, **grêdus.**
ȝristbîtunȝ, **grindafraþjis.**
ȝodcund, ***kund.**
ȝuðfana, **fana.**
ȝyden, **guþ.**

hacele, **hakuls.**
hâdor, **hais.**
hana, hancrêd, **hana.**
hæf, **hafjan.**
hæftan, **haftjan.**
hæȝsteald, ***stalds.**
hæst, **haifsts.**
heall, **hallus.**
hêcen, **hakuls.**
hêodæȝ, ***his.**
hêofian, hêofon, **hiufan.**
heofuncund, ***kunds.**
heolstor. **hulistr.**
heona, **hindana.**
hine, **hindana.**
hîwisc, ***heiws.**
*hlem, **hlamma.**
hlêoðor, hlosnian, **hliuma.**
hluttran, **hlûtrs.**
hlŷp, ***hlaupan.**
hnîȝan, **hneiwan.**
hnossian, **hnutô.**
hôrinȝ, hôrlinȝ, **hôrs.**
hǫ̂s, **hansa.**
hrâ(w), hrǣ(w), ***hraiw.**
hrêð, **hrôþeigs, wulfs.**
hrêðiȝ, **hrôþeigs.**
hrôð, **wulfs.**
hûfe, **haubiþ.**
hûð, **hunþs.**
hwærȝen, **hvar.**
hyldu, **hulþs.**

incit, **igqara.**

lǣwa, **lêw.**
lêod, lêodan, **liudan.**
lêon, **leihvan.**
leoran, ***leisan.**
lêwsa, **lêw.**
lîȝe, **laúhatjan.**
linetwiȝe, **lein.**
lixan, **liuhaþ.**
lyb, **luþjaleis.**
lyȝen, **liugan.**
*lŷsen, **lauseins** (*Appendix*).

maȝu, **magus.**
manlîca, **manleika.**
mearh, **skalks.**
mæðel, mǣl, **maþl.**
mǣlan, **maþljan.**
mǣran, **mêrjan.**
mêce, **mêkeis.**
mele, **miliþ.**
meotod, **mitaþs.**
mêowle, **mawilo.**
mereȝreot, **marei.**
merehwearf, **hvaírban.**
mêse, **mês.**
met, **mitan.**
meteseahs, **mats.**
mîðe, **missa-.**
min, minsian, **mins.**
mitta, **mitan.**
molcen, **miluks.**
morð, **maúrþr.**
môt, ***môtjan.**
nêosian, ***niuhsjan.**
neriȝ(e)an, **nasjan.**

-neah, ***naúhan.**
nêðan, **nanþjan.**
nêotan, **niutan.**
nerȝend, **nasjands.**
-nesan, ***nisan.**
nið, **nidjis.**
nîeten, **niutan.**
nist, ***nists.**
numol, **niman.**

pâd, **paida.**

racu, **rikan.**
ræsn, **razn.**

reȝnian, **raginôn.**
reȝn-, rên-weard, **ragin.**
rêoðan, **rauþs.**
reomiȝ, **rimis.**
riht, **garaíhtei.**
rôw, **razn.**
rudu, **rauþs.**

saban, **saban.**
sæl, **saljan.**
sælð, **saliþwa.**
sêne, **sainjan.**
scêat, **skauts.**
scîma, *__skaws.__
scrîtan, *__skreitan.__
sc(e)ucca, **skôhsl.**
scûwa, **skuggwa.**
sele, **saljan.**
sîen, **siuns.**
sîn, **seins.**
slêpan, *__slaupjan.__
slîðe, **sleiþs.**
snâde, **sneiþan.**
snêome, **sniumjan.**
snîðe, **sneiþan.**
sneowan, **sniwan.**
snûd, snûde, **sniumjan.**
sol, **sáuljan.**
sôl, **sauil.**
spôwan, **spêþs.**
sibbian, **sibjôn.**
stamor, **stamms.**
stæȝe, **steigan.**
stincan, **stigqan.**
stolt, *__stalds.__
sû, **swein.**

swæ̂r, **swêrs.**
swæ̂s, swæ̂slîc, **swês.**
swefel, **swibls.**
swez, **swêgnjan.**
swezer, **swaíhrô.**
swezel, swezl, swezle, **swigla.**
swêor, **swaíhra.**
swîðan, **swindjan.**
swînsian, **swêgnjan.**
swylt, **swultawaírþja.**
sŷl, **sáuljan.**
sŷn, **siuns.**

til, **til, tils.**
teohhian, têon, **têwa.**
tolŷsen, **lauseins** (*Appendix*).
torht, *__tarhjan.__
trâȝ, **trigô.**
*__træppan, trimpan.__
tunȝol, **tuggl.**
twêo, **tweifls.**
twelfwintre, **twalibwintrus.**
twisel, twi-sprǽc, -sprǽçe, **tweihnai.**

ðâw, **þêwis.**
ðearfa, **þarba.**
ðearfian, *__þarban.__
ðec, **þu.**
ðenden, ðendǫn, **þandê.**
ðêod, **liudan.**
ðêoden, **þiuda.**
ðîn (*gen.*), **þeina.**

ðinȝunȝ, **þeihs.**
ðǫ̂, **þâhô.**
ðræȝan, **þragjan.**
*__ðrêotan, þriutan.__
þrûstfell, **þrûtsfill.**
ðyrran, **þaúrsus.**
ðwêan, **þwahan.**

ûðȝenȝe, **unþa-.**
uf, **ufan.**
unholda, **unhulþa.**
unlæ̂d, *__lêþs.__
unswête, **unsuti.**
untæl, *__tals.__

wamm, *__wamms.__
wan, *__wan.__
wanhâl, **wans.**
wanhoȝa, waninassus, **wans.**
wanwit, **wans.**
wæ̂ȝ, **wêgs.**
wæ̂r, *__wêrs.__
weleras, **waírilô.**
wêninȝa, *__wêniggô.__
werȝðu, **wargiþa.**
weorðmynt, **waírþs.**
wîȝan, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
wilcuma, **qiman.**
wilder, **wilþeis.**
wist, **wisan** (II).
wôcor, **wôkrs.**
wǫm, *__wamms.__
wǫn, **wan.**
wlâtian, **wlaitôn.**
wǫ̂ð, *__wôþs.__
wræ̂ð, **wrêþus.**

MIDDLE ENGLISH.

becwide, **qiþan.**
bede, **bida.**

bêde, *__biudan.__
bêȝe, **biugan.**

beie, **bai.**
belȝe, **balgs.**

belâ̂we, **lêwjan.**
belîfe, ***leiban.**
bêod, **biuþs.**
bere, **barizeins.**
berɣe, **baírgan.**
bet, **batiza.**
bête, **bôtjan.**
bidel, ***biudan.**
bîed, **biuþs.**
bîle, ***bauljan.**
binne, **innana.**
bîspell, **bi.**
blêd, **blôma.**
bod, bode, ***biudan.**
bôcrune, bôcstaf, **bôk.**
bǫ̂lde, **balþei.**
breche, **brikan.**
brîche, brûche, **brûkjan.**
brunie, **brunjô.**
budel, ***biudan.**
bûe, **bauan.**
bisen, ***busns.**

chîne, **keinan.**
come, **qums.**
cost, ***kusts.**
costne, **kustus.**
cume, **qums.**
cure, **kiusan.**
cwêm, **qiman.**
cwide, **qiþan.**

dilɣhe, **dails.**
drêfe, **drôbjan.**
drêose, **driusan.**
drepe, **tweihnai.**
drêve, **draibjan.**
driht, drihte, drihtnesse, ***draúhts.**
drôf, **drôbjan.**
drunkenhêd, drunkne, **drigkan.**
dugeð, duheð, **dugan.**
dûve, **daupjan.**
duweð, **dugan.**
dwal, dwele, **dwals.**

ð *see after* t.

ed-, **id-.**
edwît, **idweit.**
eode, **iddja.**
elðêod, elðêodisc, **þiudiskô.**

faðme, **faþa.**
fâh, ***faihs.**
fece, **fagrs.**
feðer, **fidwôr.**
fela, fele, **filu.**
fele, **filhan.**
fên, **fijan.**
feng, **fâhan.**
feor, **faírlƀus.**
feorren, ferren, furren, **faírra.**
ferd, ferde, **farjan.**
fêre, **faran.**
flêɣe, **flaugjan.**
fôn, **fâhan.**
fôr, **faran.**
forme, **faúra, fruma.**
fôuh, ***faihs.**
freɣne, freine, **fraíhnan**
fremme, **fruma.**
frek, freke, ***friks.**
frið, friðe, ***friþôn.**
fremed, **framaþjis.**
friɣne, **fraíhnan.**
frume, **frum.**
fulwe, **daupjan.**
furn, **faírneis.**
furndaɣes, furnɣêr, **faírneis.**

gale, **gôljan.**
gadling, **gadiliggs.**
gâl, **gailjan.**
gâr, **gazds.**
ɣêde, **iddja.**
geld, **gilþa.**
ɣeondward, **jaindwaírþs.**
ɣe(o)rn(e), ***gairns.**
ɣi(e)fe, **giba.**
gird, **gaírda.**
ɣîsce, ɣîtse, **gaidw.**
glêaw, ***glaggwus.**
glise, glitene, **glitmunjan.**
ɣôde, **iddja.**
godfurht, -fyrht, **faúrhts, gudafaúrhts.**
gǫ̂l, **gailjan.**
gome, **guma.**
gospellere, **guþ.**
gram, grame, greme, **gramjan.**
gume, **guma.**
gund, **gunds.**
gûð, **fana.**

hâlse, hâlsung, **hails.**
hama, ***hamôn.**
harde, ***hardjan.**
hât, **hais.**
hæ̂l, hæ̂le, **hails.**
hæ̂lend, **hailjan, nasjands.**
held, ***halþei.**
helder, **haldis.**
hele, **huljan.**

hêne, **haunjan.**
hên, **hauns.**
hengest, **skalja.**
here, heretoge, **harjis.**
heteli, **hatis.**
hiȝe, **hugs.**
hinder-, **hindar.**
hîrêd, hîwe, ***heiws.**
*hlêote, **hlauts.**
hold, **hulþs.**
hôr, **hôrs.**
howe, waninassus, **wans.**
huȝe, **hugjan.**
hund, **hund.**
hwarfe, **ƕarbôn.**
hwat, ***ƕass.**

icwêm, **qiman.**
ifurn, **faírneis.**
igade, **gadiliggs.**
ilêfe, ***laubjan.**
ilîke, **galeika.**
ink, **igqara.**
inker, **igqar, igqara.**
inne, **inna.**
ireord, **razda.**
ishafte, ***skafts.**
isêne, ***siuns.**
iwald, **waldan.**
iwin, **winnan.**
i-wurht, ***waúrhts** (*f.*).

kaiser, **kaisar.**
kenne, **kuni.**

lâð, ***leiþan.**
laðe, **hlaþan.**
laðe, **laþôn.**
laine, **laugnjan.**
lâk, **laiks.**
lâke, **laikan.**
latemest, **lats.**
lâwe, **hlaiw.**
lǽn, lêan, **laun.**
lêd, lêden, **liudan.**
lêit, lêite, **lauhatjan.**
lême, **liuhaþ.**
lenge, **laggs, laggei.**
lêod, **liudan.**
lêome, **liuhaþ.**
lêoð, **liuþareis.**
lêse, **lausjan.**
lîchame, lîchamlîc(e), ***hamôn.**
lið, **hlains.**
lîðe, ***leiþan.**
list, **lists.**
list, **hliuma.**
longsum, **laggs.**
lof, lofe, **liufs.**
lôse, **liusan.**
lôve, lûfe, **lôfa.**
lûke, ***lûkan.**
lust, **hliuma.**
luti, **liuts.**
lutter, **hlûtrs.**

maðem, **maiþms.**
maðle, **maþljan.**
mâi, **mêgs.**
mane, **munan.**
maste, **mats.**
mæi, **mêgs.**
mæiðhâd, **magaþs.**
medeme, **miduma** (*Appendix*).
meðle, **maþljan.**
merð, **mêriþa.**
middaneard, **midjungards.**
mîȝe, **maíhstus.**
moldwerp, **mulda.**
morgengife, **giba.**
mune, **munan, muns.**

nake, nakedhêd, **naqaþs.**
ne, **ni.**
nêan, **nêƕ.**
neshe, **hnasqus.**
nîd, **neiþ.**
nut, nutte, ***nuts.**

overfulle, **ufarfullei.**

rǽde, **raidjan.**
rǽf, rêaf, ***raubôn.**
rêd, **rauþs.**
rêde, **raidjan.**
rêde, **rôdjan.**
reȝel, **raíhts.**
rêod, **rauþs.**
reorde, **razda.**
rêre, ***hrisjan.**
rið, **rinnan.**
rihte, **garaíhtei, garaíhts.**
rîs, rise, ***hrisjan.**
rod, rud, **rauþs.**
rûm, rûme, **rûms.**
rûn, **rûna.**
ruse, **hrisjan.**

saht, ***sahts.**
sake, **sakan.**
sâl, ***sailjan.**
samed, **samaþ.**
samne, samnuug, **samana.**
schafte, -schaft, ***skafts.**

schalk, **skalks.**
scheldiȝ, **skulan.**
schime, **skeiman.**
schîr, **skeirs.**
schuld, schuldi, **skulan.**
schute, **skauts.**
schûve, **skip.**
sĕ, **sa.**
sedeful, **sidus.**
sêl, **sêls.**
seldsêne, **silda-.**
sellich, **sildaleiks.**
senke, **sagqjan.**
sere, **sarwa.**
sibb, **sibja.**
sîð (*prep.*), ***seiþs.**
sîð (*sb.*), **sinþs.**
sib, **sibja.**
siȝe, **sigis.**
sind, sinden, **wisan.**
sleȝe, **slahs.**
slîpe, **sliupan.**
snîðe, **sneiþan.**
snoter, **snutrs.**
sôcne, **sôkjan.**
sǫ̂l, **sailjan.**
slûpe, ***sliupan.**
spîwe, **speiwan.**
spor, **sparwa.**
sprêke, **tweihnai.**
stǽir, **steigan.**
stǽnen, **staineins.**
stelle, **standan.**
steng, ***stiggan.**
stîȝ, **steigan.**
stôr, **stiur.**
strêȝe, **straujan.**
suht, **saúhts.**
sunder, sunderlich, **sundrô.**
swelte, **swiltan.**

tale, ***tals.**
*têe, **teihan.**
têe, tiȝe, tiȝel, **tiuhan.**
tiht, tihte, ***taúhts.**
timbrung, **gatimrjô.**
tosamen, **samana.**
treȝe, **trigô.**
trêwe, **triggwa.**
twîspêche, **tweihnai.**

ðanne, **þan.**
ðarf, **þarba.**
ðêde, **þiuda.**
ðenne, **þan.**
ðenne, **þanjan.**
ðêodisc, **þiudiskô.**
ðêow, **þius.**
ðêowe, **þiwi,** ***þiwan.**
ðerf, **þarba.**
ðinge, **þeihs.**
ðirl, **þaírh.**
ðole, **þulan.**
ðringe, **þreihan.**
ðuld, **þulan.**
ðurfe, **þaúrban.**
ðweorh, **þwaírhs.**

uðwite, **unþa-.**
ufward, **uf.**
ûhte, **ûhtwô.**
unc, ***ugkara.**
unhold, **unhulþa.**
unker, ***ugkara.**
unlêde, **unlêþs.**
unlêf, **unliufs.**
unnut, ***nuts, unnuts.**
unsib, **unsibjis.**
unwemme, unwemmed, **unwamms.**
unwite, **unwita.**

waggere, **waggari.**
wald, **waldan.**
wall, **waljan.**
walle, ***walwjan, wullan**
wan, **wans.**
wari, ***wargs.**
wastme, ***wahstus.**
wawe, **wagjan.**
wâwe, **waian.**
wê, **wai.**
wecche, **wakan.**
wêde, **wôþs.**
welte, **waltjan.**
wêne, **wêns.**
wer, **waír.**
werde, ***wardjan.**
were, **warjan.**
weri, ***wargs.**
werie, **warjan.**
werpe, **waírpan.**
wese, **wisan.**
wêðe, **wôþeis.**
wherfe, **hwaírban.**
wîȝ, wîȝe, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
wilde, wilderne, **wilþeis.**
wîntrê, **weina-triu.**
wîse, ***weisjan.**
wist, **wists.**
wîte (*sb.*), ***weit.**
wîte (*v.*), ***weitjan.**
witeȝe, ***weitan.**
wiðersake, **sakjô.**
wiðerward, **wiþrawaírþs.**
wlite, **wlits.**
wlîte, ***wleizn.**

wǫ̂g, ***waddjus.**
wôh, **wahs.**
wonde, wo(u)nde, wund, **wunds.**
wone, wune, wunne, ***wunan.**
wrake, **wraka.**
wrêie, **wrôhjan.**
wulder, **wulþrs.**
wurðe, **waírþôn, waírþs.**
wurht, ***waúrhts** (*f.*).
wurp, **waírpan.**

MODERN ENGLISH.

a, **ains.**
a-, **us.**
abaft, **aftana.**
abdicate, ***teihan.**
abduction, **tiuhan.**
abet, **beitan.**
abide, **beidan.**
ablative, **þulan.**
abode, **beidan.**
about, **ûtana.**
above, **uf.**
accept, **hafjan.**
acclivity, **hlains.**
accomplish, **fulls.**
acorn, **akran.**
acquaint, **kunnan.**
acquiesce, **hveila.**
acre, **akrs.**
adder, **nadrs.**
addict, ***teihan.**
address, **raíhts.**
adduce, **tiuhan.**
ado, **dêþs.**
adolescent, **alan.**
adown, **dalaþ.**
adroit, **raíhts.**
adult, **alan.**
adverse, advert, advertise, **waírþan.**
affright, **faúrhtjan.**
afloat, **flôdus.**
afore, **faúra.**
afoot, aft, **aftana.**
after, **aftra.**
agaze, ***gaisjan.**
age, **aiws.**
aghast, ***gaisjan.**
ail, **agljan, aglus.**
alabaster, **alabalstraún.**
Albert, **baírhts.**
alderman, **alþeis.**
alert, **raíhts.**
algates, **gatwô.**
alight, **leihts.**
alike, **galeiks.**
aliment, **alan.**
all, **alls.**
allay, **lagjan.**
allodial, allodium, alls, **audags.**
allot, **hlauts.**
almighty, **mahteigs.**
almost, already, **alls.**
aloft, **luftus.**
alone, **alls, ains.**
along, **laggs.**
aloud, **hliuma.**
already, ***raiþs.**
Alsace, **aljis.**
also, **alls.**
although, **alls, þau.**
altogether, **aljis, gadiliggs.**
alway(s), **alls, wigs.**
am, **wisan.**
ambi-, amphi-, **bi.**
amid(st), **midjis.**
amiss, **missa-.**
an, **ains.**
anathema, **anaþaíma.**
anew, **niujis.**
anguish, **aggwus.**
answer, **and, swaran.**
ante-, anti-, **and.**
anticipate, **hafjan.**
anvil, **falþan.**
anxiety, anxious, **aggwus.**
any, **ains.**
aphaeresis, **haíraíseis.**
apo-, **af.**
apoplexy, **flôkan.**
apostate, **standan.**
apostle, **apaústaúlus.**
apostasy, **staþs.**
apothecary, ***dêþs.**
appease, **fâhan.**
apply, **flahta.**
arch, **arhvazna** (*Appendix*)-
archangel, archbishop, archdeacon, **arkaggilus.**
-ard, **drigkan, hardus.**
are, **wisan.**
arise, ***reisan.**
ark, **arka.**
arm, **arms** (*sb.*).

arraign, **raþjô.**
array, **raidjan.**
arrest, **standan.**
arrow, **arƀazna.**
as, **alls.**
ashes, **azgô.**
ask, **andahait.**
ass, **asilus.**
assert, **sarwa.**
assets, **saþs.**
assist, **standan.**
astriction, astringent, **striks.**
asunder, **sundrô.**
at, **at, *dêþs.**
attend, ***þanjan.**
auction, **aukan.**
aught, **waíht.**
augment, august, August, author, auxiliary, **aukan.**
avail, **waldan.**
await, **wahtwô.**
away, **wigs.**
awe, **agis.**
ax, **aqizi.**
aye, **aiw.**

bairn (*dial.*), **barn.**
bait, **beitan.**
bale, baleful, ***balws.**
ballast, **hlaþan.**
balm, **balsan.**
band, **bandi.**
bane, **banja.**
banner, **bandwa.**
baptize, **daupjan.**
barley, **barizeins.**
barm, **barms.**
barn, **barizeins.**
barn (*dial.*), **barn.**
barrow, barton, **baírgahei.**
bawd, **balþs.**
be, **bauan.**
be-, **bi.**
bead, **bida.**
beadle, **bidjan.**
beam, **bagms.**
beat, **falþan.**
become, **qiman.**
bed, **badi.**
bedstead, **staþs.**
beech, **bôk.**
beetle, **beitan.**
before, **faúra.**
begin, ***ginnan.**
behalf, **halba.**
behave, behavior, **haban.**
behest, **hais.**
behind, **hindana.**
behold, **haldan.**
behoof, behove, **hôbains.**
belay, **lagjan.**
beleaguer, **ligrs.**
belief, believe, ***laubjan.**
belly, **balgs.**
belong, **laggs.**
beloved, **liufs.**
below, **ligan.**
bend, **bandi.**
benumb, **niman.**
bequeath, bequest, **qiþan.**
bereave, ***raubôn.**
bergmaster, bergmote, **baírgahei.**
-bert, **baírhts.**
berry, **basi.**
beseech, **sôkjan.**
beseem, **samjan.**
beset, **satjan.**
best, **batiza.**
bet, **beitan.**
betake, **têkan.**
betide, **til.**
betoken, **taiknjan.**
betroth, **triggws.**
better, **batiza.**
between, betwixt, **tweihnai.**
bewail, **waj.**
beyond, **jaind.**
bid, **bidjan.**
bide, **beidan.**
bilge, **balgs.**
bind, **bindan.**
birth, ***baúrþs.**
biscuit, **tweihnai.**
bishop, bishopric, **aípiskaúpus.**
bit, bite, **beitan.**
bitter, **báitrs.**
bivouac, **wakan.**
bladder, **blêsan.**
blade, **blôma.**
blason, blast, blaze, **blêsan.**
bleed, **blôþ.**
blend, **blandan, blinds.**
blin, ***linnan.**
blind, **blinds.**
bliss, **bleiþs.**
blister, ***blêsan.**
blithe, **bleiþs.**
blood, **blôþ.**
bloom, blossom, **blôma.**
blow, **blêsan, blôma.**
blow, **bliggwan.**

board, **baúrd.**
bode, **biudan.**
boil, ***bauljan.**
bold, **balþs, swinþs.**
bolster, **haldan.**
bond, **bandi.**
book, **bôk.**
boom, **bagms.**
boor, **bauan.**
boose, **bansts.**
boot, **bôta.**
booth, **bauan.**
bordel, bordello, **baúrd.**
bore (*pret.*), **wasjan.**
borrow, **baírgan.**
-bote, **bôta.**
both, **bajôths, bai** (*Appendix*).
bought, bout, bow, **biugan.**
bower, **bauan.**
brake, **brikan.**
brand, brandish, brandy, **brinnan.**
breath, **braidei.**
breach, break, brick, **brikan.**
bride, bridegroom, **guma.**
brief, **sandjan.**
bright, **baírhts.**
bring, **briggan.**
broad, **braiþs.**
brook, **brûkjan.**
brothel, **baúrd.**
brother, **brôþar.**
buckmast, buckwheat, **bôk.**
build, **bauan.**
bulge, **balgs.**
burden, **baúrþei.**
burg(h), **baúrgs.**
burgess, burgher, burglar, burgomaster, **baúrgs.**
burial, **baírgan.**
burn, **brannjan, brinnan.**
bury, **baírgan.**
but, **ûtana.**
buxom, **biugan.**
buy, **bugjan.**
by, **bi.**

cable, **hafjan.**
calf, calve, **kalbô.**
can, **kunnan.**
capable, capacious, capsule, captious, captive, capture, **hafjan.**
care, **kara.**
case, cash, cashier, catch, **hafjan.**
cattle, **niutan.**
cell, cellar, **huljan.**
cerebral, cerebrum, **haúrn.**
chamber, **timrja.**
chap, chapman, **kaupôn.**
chaos, ***ginnan.**
chary, **karja.**
chase, **hafjan.**
chasm, ***ginnan.**
chattel, **niutan.**
cheap, **kaupôn.**
cheese, cheese-lep, **lubjaleis.**
chemise, ***hamôn.**
cherry, **dwals.**
chief, **handus.**
child, **kilþei.**
chill, **kalds.**
chin, **kinnus.**
chink, **keinan.**
choice, **kiusan.**
choose, **kiusan,** ***liusan**
Christ, **Xristus.**
Christmas, **hlaifs.**
church, churchyard, **gards.**
circumstance, **standan.**
circumvolve, ***walwjan**
climate, climax, clime, **hlains.**
cock, **hana.**
cognizance, cognition, **kunnan.**
cold, **kalds.**
collar, **hals.**
come, comely, **qiman.**
common, communicate, commune, communion, community, **gamains.**
companion, **gahlaiba.**
compact, **fâhan.**
complain, **flôkan.**
complement, complete, **fulls.**
complexion, complex, complicate, **flahta.**
compliment, compline, comply, **fulls.**
comrade, **timrja.**
con, **kunnan.**
conceit, conceive, conception, **hafjan.**
concert, **sarwa.**
conduce, conduct, conduit, **tiuhan.**

confound, confuse, confute, **giutan.**
congeal, **kalds.**
congeneal, **kuni.**
conscience, ***wissei.**
constant, constitute, **standan.**
consternation, **straujan.**
constrain, **striks.**
contend, ***þanjan.**
contrast, **standan.**
control, **raþs.**
controversy, **waírþan.**
convalescence, **waldan**
converse, convert, **waírþan.**
convex, ***wigan.**
convey, **wigs.**
convict, **weihan.**
convoy, **wigs.**
convolve, ***walwjan.**
cool, **kalds.**
coquette, **hana.**
corn, **kaúrn.**
correct, **raíhts.**
cost, **standan.**
countervail, **waldan.**
craft, **handus.**
crush, **kriustan.**
cunning, **kunnan,** ***kunnan.**
custody, **huzd.**

dale, **dal.**
dam, ***dammjan.**
dance, ***þinsan.**
dandelion, **tunþus.**
dane-geld, **gild.**
dare, **daúrsan.**
daughter, **daúhtar.**
deacon, **diakaúnus.**
dead, **dauþs.**
deaf, ***daufs.**
deal, **dails.**
death, **dauþus.**
decade, ***tigus.**
deceive, deception, **hafjan.**
declension, declination, decline, declivity, **hlains.**
dedicate, ***teihan.**
deduce, deduct, **tiuhan**
deed, ***dêþs.**
deem, **dômjan.**
deer, **dius.**
defy, **dis-.**
degenerate, **kuni.**
degree, degress, ***griþs.**
delineate, **lein.**
delirium, delirious, ***leisan.**
dell, **dal.**
demi-, **midjis.**
demon, **daimônareis.**
den, **dal.**
denote, **kunnan.**
dental, dentist, dentated, denticle, dentition, **tunþus.**
denude, **naqaþs.**
depletion, **fulls.**
deprecate, **fraíhnan.**
depth, **diupiþa.**
des-, **dis-.**
desert, **sarwa.**
desist, destine, destitute, **standan.**
deviate, devious, **wigs.**
devil, **diabaúlus.**
devolve, ***walwjan.**
dew, **miliþ.**
diabolic, **diabaúlus.**
diaeresis, **hairaíseis.**
dictate, diction, dictionary, ***teihan.**
die, **dauþs.**
diffuse, **giutan.**
dilate, **þulan.**
diminish, diminution, **minnists.**
dimple, **diups.**
dip, **daupjan.**
direct, **raíhts.**
dis-, **dis-.**
disgust, **kustus.**
dismay, **magan.**
display, **flahta.**
disseminate, ***sêþs.**
dissertation, **sarwa.**
dissuade, **suts.**
distend, ***þanjan.**
distract, **standan.**
distrain, distress, district, **striks.**
dive, **daupjan.**
diverse, divorce, **waírþan.**
divest, **wasti.**
do, ***dêþs.**
do, **dugan.**
dog, **hunds.**
dole, **dails.**
dolt, **dwals.**
-dom, **dôms.**
doom, doomsday, **dôms.**
door, **daúr.**
douche, **tiuhan.**
doughty, **dugan.**
dove, **dubô.**
dow, **dugan.**

down, **dalaþ.**
dozen, **twai.**
duchesse, duct, ductile, duke, **tiuhan.**
dull, **dwals.**
dumb, dummy, **dumbs.**
Dutch, **þiudiskô.**
drachm, **drakma.**
drag, draggle, **dragan.**
dram, **drakma.**
draught, draw, drawl, dray, **dragan.**
dreary, **driusan.**
dree, **driugan.**
dregs, **dragan.**
drench, **dragkjan.**
dress, **raíhts.**
drift, **dreiban.**
drink, **drigkan.**
drive, **dreiban.**
drizzle, **driusan.**
drone, **drunjus.**
dross, **draúhsna.**
drove, **dreiban.**
drown, **drigkan.**
drowse, drowsy, **driusan.**
drunk, **drigkan.**
drunkard, **hardus.**
drunken, drunkenness, **drigkan.**
dwale, dwell, **dwals.**

each, **galeiks.**
eat, **itan.**
eaves, **ubizwa.**
ebb, **ibuks.**
ecstasy, **staþs.**
eddy, **id-.**
educate, educe, **tiuhan.**
effigy, **deigan.**
effuse, **giutan.**
either, **hwaþar.**
elephant, **ulbandus.**
elongate, **laggs.**
elope, ***hlaupan.**
elucidate, **liuhaþ.**
employ, **flahta.**
enamel, ***malteins.**
engage, **wadi.**
engender, engine, **kuni.**
engrave, **graban.**
enlighten, **liuhaþ.**
enough, **ganôhs.**
envoy, **wigs.**
epithet, ***dêþs.**
equip, equipage, equipment, **skip.**
erect, **raíhts.**
erysipelas, **rauþs.**
escort, **raíhts.**
-est, **sinista.**
establish, estate, **standan.**
etch, **atjan** (*Appendix*), **itan.**
Euphrates, **faran.**
eve, **sunnô.**
even (*adj. and adv.*), **ibns.**
even (*v.*), ***ibnjan.**
evening, **maúrgins, sunnô.**
evenly, **ibnaleiks.**
evenness, **ibnassus.**
every, **galeiks.**
evict, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
evil, **ubils.**
evince, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
evolve, ***walwjan.**
excel, excellent, **hallus.**
excommunicate, **gamains.**
exist, **standan.**
exert, **sarwa.**
experience, experiment, expert, **faran.**
expletion, expletive, **fulls.**
explicate, **flahta.**
extant, **standan.**
extol, **þulan.**

fabric, ***daban** (*Appendix*).
fain, **faginôn.**
faint, **deigan.**
fair (*adj.*), **fagrs.**
fair (*subst.*), **hlaifs.**
faldstool, **falþan.**
fan, **fana.**
fang, **fâhan.**
fanion, fanon, **fana.**
far, **faírra.**
fare (*v.*), **faran.**
fare (*subst.*), **waíla.**
farthing, **fidwôr.**
fast (*v. and adj.*), **fastan.**
fast, (*subst.*), **fastubni.**
fasten, **fastan.**
father, **fadar.**
fathom, **faþa.**
fawn, **faginôn.**
fay, **fagrs.**
fear, **faúrhtei, fêrja.**
fee, **faíhu.**
feed, **fôdjan.**
feere, **faran.**
feign, **deigan.**
fell, ***fill.**
fen, fenny, **fani.**

ferry, **farjan.**
fester, **fôdjan.**
fetlock, fetter, **fôtus.**
feud, **faih.**
few, ***faus.**
fey, **fagrs.**
figment, figure, **deigan.**
fill, ***fullei, fulljan.**
film, **filmS**(*Appendix*).
find, **finþan.**
finger, **figgrs.**
fire, **fôn.**
firkin, **fidwôr.**
first, **faúra.**
fish, **fisks.**
five, **fimf.**
fiction, fictitious, **deigan.**
fiend, **fijands.**
fifteen, **fimftaíhun.**
fifth, ***fimfta.**
flea, ***flaugjan, þliuhan**
fledge, ***flaugjan.**
flee, **þliuhan.**
fleet, **flôdus.**
flesh, fleshmeat, **mats.**
flight, ***flaugjan, þliuhan.**
float, **flôdus.**
flock, ***flaugjan.**
flood, **flôdus.**
flout, **flauts.**
flow, **flôdus.**
fly, ***flaugjan.**
foal, **fulla.**
fodder, **fôdjan.**
foe, **faih.**
fold, **falþan.**
-fold, ***falþs.**
follow, **maúrgins.**
food, **fôdjan.**
foot, **fôtus.**
for, **faír-, faúr.**
forage, **fôdjan.**
ford, **faran.**
fore, **faúra.**
foreclose, **faír-.**
forel, **fôdr.**
foremost, **faúra.**
forfeit, **faír-.**
fork, **gibla.**
forlorn, ***liusan.**
former, **faúra.**
forsooth, **sunjis.**
forth, **faúrþis.**
fortnight, **nahts.**
forty, **fidwôr.**
forward, **faúra.**
foster, **fôdjan.**
freak, ***friks.**
Frederic, **Friþareiks.**
free, **freis.**
freight, **fra-.**
fret, **fratwjan.**
fret, **itan.**
Friday, **freis.**
friend, **freis, frijônds.**
friendly, friendship, **frijônds.**
fright, **faúrhtei, faúrhtjan.**
fro, from, **fram.**
frost, **friusan.**
froward, **fram.**
fulfill, **fulljan.**
fur, **fôdr.**
furlough, ***laubjan.**
further, **faúra, faúrþis.**
fuse, fusible, fusion, futile, **giutan.**
gable, **gibla.**
gage, **wadi.**
gall, **gulþ.**
gallows, **galga.**
gang, -board, -days, -way, -week, **gangs.**
garden, **gards.**
garlic, **sneiþan.**
garner, garnet, **kaúrn.**
gate, **gatwô.**
gather, **gadiliggs.**
gaze, ***gaisjan.**
geld, **gilþa.**
-geld, **gild.**
gelder, gelding, **gilþa.**
gender, geneal, general, generic, generous, genital, genitive, genitor, genious, genteel, gentile, gentle, gentry, genuine, **kuni.**
ghastly, ghost, ghostly, ***gaisjan.**
gift, **giba, gifts.**
gild, **gulþ.**
gild, **gild.**
gin, ***ginnan.**
gird, girdle, girth, **gaírdan.**
give, **giban.**
glisten, glitter, **glitmunjan.**
gloom, **gulþ.**
glove, **lôfa.**
glow, **gulþ.**
goad, **gazds.**
goal, **walus.**
goat, **gaits.**
God, god, goddess, godfather, -mother,

-child, -daughter, -head, -hood, -son, **guþs.**
gold, golden, **gulþ.**
gonfalon, gonfanon, **fana.**
good, goods, **gôþs.**
goodbye, **guþ.**
gospel, **spill.**
gossip, **guþ, *sibjis.**
Goth, **Gutþiuda.**
gout, **kustus.**
grab, grabble, **greipan.**
grade, gradual, graduate, ***griþs.**
grain, granary, grange, granite, granule, **kaúrn.**
grave, **kaúrus.**
graze, grazier, **gras.**
grasp, **greipan.**
grass, **gras.**
grave, **graban.**
greedy, **grêdags.**
green, **gras.**
greet, **grêtan.**
grenadier, **kaúrn.**
griffin, griffon, **greipan.**
grim, **gramjan.**
grind, **grindafraþjis.**
grip (*omitted*), gripe, **greipan.**
grist, gristle, **grindafraþjis.**
groom, **guma.**
groove, **graban.**
grope, **greipan.**
ground, groundsel, groundsill, groundswell, **grundus.**
grove, **graban.**
grow, growth, **gras.**
grub, grubble, **graban.**
guard, ***wards.**
guest, **gasts.**
guild, **gild.**
gunwale, **walus.**
gush, **giutan.**
gust, **kustus.**

haft, **hafjan.**
hail, hale, **hails.**
half, **halbs.**
hall, ***hulôn.**
hallow, **hails.**
halse, halser, **hals.**
halt (*v.*), **haldan.**
halt (*adj.*), **halts.**
-ham, **haims.**
hand, handiwork, handicraft, handkerchief, handle, handsome, handwork, **handus.**
handy, **handugs, handus.**
hamlet, **haims.**
hang, hank, hanker, **hâhan.**
Hanse, Hanseatic, **hansa.**
harbor, **harjis.**
hard, -hard, **hardus.**
harden, hardy, **hardjan.**
hark, **hausjan.**
harry, **harjis.**
harsh, **hardus.**
hart, **faran, haúrn.**
Hartford, **faran.**
haste, hate (*v.*), **hatan.**
hate (*subst.*), **hatis.**
hatred, **hatis, *rêdan.**
have, haven, **haban.**
haw, ***stalds.**
hawk, **hafjan.**
hawse, hawser, **hals.**
hay, **hawi.**
he, ***his.**
head, **haubiþ.**
heal, **hailjan.**
health, **hails.**
heap, **skaidan.**
hear, hearken, **hausjan.**
heart, **haírtô.**
hearth, **haúri.**
heat, **heitô.**
heath, **haiþi.**
heathen, **haiþnô.**
heave, **hafjan.**
heaven, **himins.**
hedge, ***stalds.**
heel, **faírzna.**
height, **hauhiþa.**
hell, **halja.**
helm, helmet, **hilms.**
help, **hilpan.**
hen, **hana.**
hence, **hindana, *seiþs.**
hend, hent, hint, ***hinþan.**
her, ***his.**
herald, Herbert, **harjis.**
herd, **haírda, haírdeis.**
here, **hêr.**
heresy, heretic(al), **hairaíseis.**
heriot, herring, **harjis.**
hest, **hais.**

hew, **hawi.**
hiatus, ***ginnan.**
hide (*subst. and v.*), **hûs.**
high, **háuhs.**
hight, **haitan.**
hill, **hallus.**
him, ***his.**
hind (*subst.*), ***heiws.**
hind, **hindana.**
hinder (*compar.*) hinder (*v.*), **hindar.**
hindmost, **hindumists.**
hinge, **hâhan.**
hint, ***hinþan.**
hip, **hups.**
hirdle, **haúrds.**
his, ***his.**
hither, **hêr.**
hoar, **hais.**
hoard, **huzd.**
hoe, **hawi.**
hold, **haldan.**
hole, ***hulôn.**
holy, **hails.**
hollow, ***hulôn, maúrgins.**
holster, **hulistr.**
home, **haims.**
homestead, **staþs.**
-hood, **haidus.**
hoop, hooping-cough, **ƕôpan.**
horn, **haúrn.**
hospice, hospitable, hospital, hostel, host, hostess, hostile, hostler, hotel, **gasts.**
hot, **heitô.**
house, ***hûs.**
housel, **hunsl.**
how, **ƕaiwa, ƕê.**
hubbub, **ƕôpan.**
hue, ***hiwi.**
hull, ***hulôn.**
hundred, **hund, raþjô.**
hunger, **huggrjan, hûhrus.**
hunt, ***hinþan.**
husband, hussy, hustings, huswife, hut, ***hûs.**
hydra, **watô.**

I, **ik.**
-i-, **ga.**
if, **ibai.**
ig-, il-, **un-.**
ill, **ubils.**
illuminate, illustrate, **liuhaþ.**
im-, **un-.**
immediate, **midjis.**
immortal, **maúrþr.**
impact, **fâhan.**
impervious, **wigs.**
impinge, **fâhan.**
implement, **fulls.**
imply, **flahta.**
imprecate, **fraíhnan.**
in, **in.**
in-, **un-.**
-in, **innana.**
inch, **unkja.**
incline, **hlains.**
indeed, ***dêþs.**
indent, indenture, **tunþus.**
indicate, indict, ***teihan.**
induce, induct, **tiuhan.**
inferior, infernal, **undar.**
infuse, **giutan.**
ingenious, ingenuous, **kunni.**
inmost, innermost, **inna.**
inn, inning, **in.**
insert, **sarwa.**
insist, instance, **standan.**
instigate, ***stakeins.**
institute, **standan.**
insurrection, **raíhts.**
intend, intense, intent, ***þanjan.**
interdict, ***teihan.**
inverse, invert, **waírþan.**
invest, **wasti.**
invincible, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
invoice, **wigs.**
inward, **inna.**
iota, **jôta.**
-ish, **fulls.**
it, ***his, is.**

jelly, **kalds.**
join, **juk.**
jolly, jolliness, jollity, **jiuleis.**
jot, **jôta.**

ken, **kannjan.**
kerchief, **handus.**
kernel, **kaúrn.**
kettle, **katils.**
kin, kind, **kuni.**
kindred, **kuni, *rêdan.**
king, **kuni.**

kith, **kunþs.**
knead, **knussjan** (*Appendix*).
knee, kneel, **kniu.**
knight, **haitan.**
know, **kunnan.**
kythe, **kunþs.**

-lace, ***windan.**
lad, **liudan.**
lady, **hlaifs.**
ladder, **hlains.**
lade, **hlaþan.**
lair, **ligrs.**
lamb, **lamb.**
lammas, **hlaifs.**
land, **land.**
landgrave, landgravine, ***grêfts.**
lass, **liudan.**
-lass, ***windan.**
lasslorn, ***liusan.**
last, **hlaþan.**
last, **laistjan, laists.**
last (*superl.*), **lats.**
lathe, **hlaþan.**
laugh, laughter, **hlahjan.**
law, lawyer, **ligan.**
lay, **lagjan.**
layer, **ligan.**
lead, ***leiþan.**
leaf, **laufs.**
lean, **hlains.**
leap, ***hlaupan.**
lear, **laisjan.**
learn, learned, ***leisan.**
lease, **lisan.**
leasing, **laus.**
least, **lasiws.**
leave, **laiþjan.**
lecher, ***laigôn.**
lection, **laíktjô.**
ledge, ledger, **ligan.**
lee, **hlijans.**
leech (*subst.*), **lêkeis.**
leech (*v.*), **lêkinôn.**
leek, **sneiþan.**
leese, ***liusan.**
lem(m)an, **liufs, manna.**
lend, **leihwan.**
length, **laggs.**
Lent, **fruma.**
less, **lasiws.**
-less, **laus.**
lesser, **waírsiza.**
lest, **lasiws.**
let, **latjan.**
lick, ***laigôn.**
Lichfield, lichgate, lichwake, **leik.**
lie (*subst. and v.*), **liugan.**
lie (*v.*), **ligan.**
lief, **liufs.**
life, **liban.**
lift, **luftus.**
light (*not heavy*), light, lighten (*vs.*), **leihts.**
light (*not dark*), light, lighten (*vs.*), **liuhtjan.**
light (*subst.*), **liuhaþ.**
lightning, **liuhtjan.**
lights, **leihts.**
like (*adj.*), **galeiks.**
like (*v.*), **leikan.**
likeness, **galeiks.**
limb, **liþus.**
lin, ***linnan.**
line (*subst. and v.*), lineage, lineal, lineament, linear, linen, **lein.**
linger, **laggs.**
lingual, **tuggô.**
lining, linnet, lint, **lein.**
liquid, liquor, **leiþus.**
lith, **liþus.**
lithe, lissom, ***linnan.**
list, listen, **hliuma.**
list (*obs. subst. and v.*), ***lusts.**
little, **leitils.**
live, **liban.**
load, **hlaþan.**
load, loadsman, loadstar, loadstone, ***leiþan.**
loaf, **hlaifs.**
loan, **leihwan.**
loath, ***leiþan.**
lobby, **laufs.**
lock, **luks.**
locust, **þlahsjan.**
lodestar, ***leiþan.**
lodge, **laufs.**
loft, lofty, **luftus.**
log, **ligan.**
long, longe, longevity, longitude, **laggs.**
loose, loosen **laus.**
lord, **hlaifs.**
lore, **laisareis.**
lose, ***liusan.**
loss, **liusan, fralusts.**
lot, lottery, lot(t)o, **hlauts.**
loud, **hliuma.**
louse, lout, **liuts.**
love, **liufs.**

low, lower, **ligan.**
lucid, luminary, luminous, lunar, lunatic, **liuhaþ.**
lunge, **laggs.**
lust, ***lusts.**
lustre, lynx, **liuhaþ.**

mad (*adj.*), **gamaiþs.**
mad (*v.*), **maidjan.**
mad (*subst.*), **maþa.**
maid, maiden, maidenhood, maidenhead, **magaþs.**
malt, **malteins.**
manifold, **managfalþs.**
many, **managei, manags.**
mar, **marzjan.**
march, **marka.**
mare, **nahts.**
mare, **skalks.**
margarite, **marei.**
margin, **marka.**
margrave(-vine), **graþan, grêfts.**
mark, **marka.**
marsh, **marei.**
marshal, **skalks.**
mass, **hlaifs.**
mast, **mats.**
mattock, **maitan.**
mawk, mawkish, **maþa.**
may, might (*pret.*), **magan.**
me, **meina.**
meal (*repast*), meal-time, **mêl.**
meal (*flour*), **malan.**
mean (*intermediate*), **midjis.**
mean (*sordid*), **gamains.**
mean (*v.*), **munan.**
means, meantime, **midjis.**
meanwhile, **hweila.**
meat, **mats.**
mediate, mediation, mediator, medieval, mediocre, mediterranean, **midjis.**
meed, **mizdô.**
meerschaum, **marei.**
meet (*adj.*), **mitan.**
meet, meeting, **môtjan**
melt, ***malteins.**
mere (*adj.*), **mêrs.**
mere, mermaid, merman, **marei.**
mete, **mitan.**
methinks, **þagkjan, þugkjan.**
mickle, **mikils.**
mid- (*middle*), **midjis.**
mid-(*in* midwife), **miþ.**
midday, middle, middle-earth, midnight, midriff, midship, midst, **midjis.**
might, **mahts, haitan.**
mighty, **mahteigs.**
milch, **miluks.**
mild, ***milds.**
militia, **mizdô.**
milk, **miluks.**
mill, miller, **malan.**
mind, *minds, **gamunds.**
mine, **meins.**
minish, minister, minor, minstrel, minus, minute, **minnists.**
mis-, miss, **missa.**
mist, mixen, **maíhstus.**
mo(e), **mais.**
mole, **mail.**
mole (*an animal*), **mulda.**
Monday, **mêna.**
month, **mênôþs.**
mood, **môþs.**
moody, **môdags.**
moon, **mêna.**
moot, ***môtjan.**
morbid, **maúrþr.**
more, **maiza.**
morn, morning, morrow, **maúrgins.**
mortal, mortgage, mortify, **maúrþr.**
most, **maists.**
-most, **ût.**
moth, **maþa.**
mother, **swaíhrô.**
mould, **mulda.**
mourn, **maúrnan.**
mouth, **munþs.**
much, **mikils.**
murder, **maúrþr, maúrþrjan.**
must, ***môtan.**
mustard, **sinaps.**
my, **meins.**

nail, **nagljan.**
naked, nakedness, **naqaþs.**
name, **namnjan.**
namely, **namô.**
nard, **nardus.**

naught, **ni, waíht.**
nay, **nê, ni.**
near, **nêh.**
neat, **niutan.**
neck, **hals.**
need, **nauþs.**
needle, **nêþla.**
needs, **nauþs.**
needy, **nauþjan.**
neighbor, **nêh.**
neither, **hwaþar, ni.**
nesh, **hnasqus.**
net, **nati.**
never, **ni.**
new, news, **niujis.**
next, **nêh.**
niggard, **hardus.**
nigh, **nêh.**
night, **haitan, nahts.**
nightingale, **gôljan, nahts.**
nightmare, nightshade, **nahts.**
nill, **wiljan.**
nim, **niman.**
nimble, **niman, gatimrjô.**
nine, **niun.**
ninth, **niunda.**
no, **ni.**
noble, **kunnan.**
nocturn, nocturnal, **nahts.**
nominal, nominate, **namô.**
none, **ni.**
noon, **niun.**
nor, **hwaþar.**
nose, nostril, **þaírh.**
not, **ni, waiht.**
nothing, **ni.**
notary, note, notion, notorius, **kunnan.**
nought, **ni, waíht.**
noun, **namô.**
novel, **niujis.**
November, **niun.**
novice, **niujis.**
now, **nu.**
nudate, nude, **naqaþs.**
numb, **niman.**
number, **gatimrjô.**

oblate, **þulan.**
oblong, **laggs.**
obscure, **skaudaraips.**
obstacle, obstetric, obstinate, **standan.**
obstriction, **striks.**
obverse, **waírþan.**
obviate, obvious, **wigs.**
occult, **huljan.**
occupy, **hafjan.**
oft, often, **ufta.**
open, ***ginnan.**
or, **hwaþar.**
or-, **us-.**
orchard, **gards.**
ordeal, **dails, us.**
organ, **waúrkjan.**
ostensible, ostentation, ***þanjan.**
ostler, **gasts.**
otter, **watô.**
ounce, **unkja.**
our, ours, **unsar.**
out, **ût, ûta.**
outer, **ût.**
outward, **ût, -waírþs.**
over, **ufar.**
overfull, **ufarfulls.**
Oxford, **faran.**

pacify, pact, page, **fâhan.**
paraclete, **paraklêtus.**
pasch, **paska.**
passenger, **nahts.**
patent, **faþa.**
pauper, **arms** (*adj.*).
pay, peace, **fâhan.**
peculiar, pecuniary, **faíhu.**
Pentecost, **Paíntêkustê.**
people, **liudan.**
per-, **fair-.**
perceive, perception, **hafjan.**
peri-, **faír-.**
peril, **faran.**
persist, **standan.**
persuade, persuasion, **suts.**
pervert, **waírþan.**
pervious, **wigs.**
Pharisee, **Farisaius.**
place, **plaþja.**
plague, **flôka.**
plaint, plaintiff, **flôkan.**
plait, **flahta.**
plenary, plenteous, plenty, **fulls.**
plight, plot, ply, **flahta.**
poly-, **filu.**
pool, **fula.**
poor, **arms** (*adj.*).
port, **faran.**
portend, ***tani, þanjan.**

possible, potent, pot(h)ecary, ***faþs.**
poul, poult, poulter, poulterer, poultry, **fula.**
power, ***faþs.**
pray, prayer, precarious, **fraíhnan.**
precept, **hafjan.**
predicate, ***teihan.**
prelate, **þulan.**
presage, **sôkjan.**
press, **standan.**
pretend, ***þanjan.**
prevail, **waldan.**
previous, **wigs.**
priest, **praízbytaírei.**
produce, product, **tiuhan.**
profuse, **giutan.**
progeny, **kuni.**
prolong, **laggs.**
prophet, **praúfêtês.**
prose, **waírþan.**
prostitute, **standan.**
prostrate, **straujan.**
psalm, **psalma.**
purchase, **hafjan.**
purloin, **laggs.**
purple, **paúrpura.**
pullet, **fula.**

quaint, **kunnan.**
quean, queen, **qêns.**
queer, **þwaírhs.**
quern, **qaírnus.**
quick, **qius.**
quicken, **qiujan.**
quicksilver, **qius, silubr.**
quiet, **hveila.**
quoth, **qiþan.**

rack (*v.*), ***rakjan.**
rack (*sb.*), **wrikan.**
ragout, **kustus.**
rain (*v.*), **rignjan.**
rain (*subst.*), rainbow, **rign.**
raise, ***raisjan.**
rake, **rikan.**
ransack, **razn.**
rash, **raþs.**
rate, **raþjô.**
rath(e), rather, **raþs.**
ratify, ratio, ration, **raþjô.**
read, **raidjan, rêdan.**
ready, readily, ***raiþs.**
realm, **raíhts.**
rear, ***raisjan.**
rearmouse, ***hrisjan.**
reason, **raþjô.**
receive, reception, recipe, **hafjan.**
recognize, **kunnan.**
reck, reckless, reckon, **rikan.**
recline, **hlains.**
rectangle, rectify, **raíhts.**
red, redden, **rauþs.**
-red, **rêdan.**
rede, **raidjan.**
reduce, **tiuhan.**
reek, **weihs** (*adj.*).
refund, refuse, refute, **giutan.**
regal, **raíhts.**
regard, ***wards.**
regent, **raíhts.**
regenerate, **kuni.**
regimen, regiment, region, **raíhts.**
regret, **grêtan.**
regulate, reign, **raíhts.**
replenish, replete, **fulls.**
rest, **rasta.**
relate, **þulan.**
reliance, **ligan.**
relics, **leihvan.**
relish, ***laigôn.**
rely, **ligan.**
renard, **ragin.**
renew, renovate, **niujis.**
rennet, **rinnan.**
rent, **liban.**
reply, **flahta.**
requiem, **hveila.**
resist, rest, **standan.**
restore, restaurant, ***stiurei.**
restrain, restrict, **striks.**
reverse, revert, **waírþan.**
revolve, ***walwjan.**
reward, ***wards.**
rich, richess, **reiks.**
riddle(*enigma*), **rêdan.**
riddle (*sieve*), **hrains.**
ride, ***raiþs.**
right, **garaíhts, haitan, raíhtjan, raíhts.**
righteous, **raíhts, garaíhts.**
righteousness, **garaíhts.**
rindle, **rinnan.**
rinse, **hrains.**
rise, ***reisan.**

road, ***raiþs.**
rob, robe, **raubôn.**
Robert, **hrôþeigs.**
roll, rondeau, **raþs.**
rook, **hrûks.**
room, **rûms** (*subst.*).
roomy, **rûms** (*adj.*).
roost, **hrôt.**
root, **waúrts.**
rouleau, **raþs.**
roup, ***hrôpjan.**
roun(d), **rûna.**
round (*adj.*), **raþs.**
rope, ***raips.**
rotary, **raþs.**
royal, **raíhts.**
Rudolf, **hrôþeigs.**
rubric, ruby, rud, ruddiness, ruddle, ruddock, ruddy, **rauþs.**
rule, **raíhts.**
rumor, **rûna.**
run (*subst.*), **runs.**
rune, **lisan, rûna.**
rung, **hrugga.**
runnel, runnet, **rinnan.**
rural, **rûms** (*sb.*).
ruin, **riurs.**
rust, **rauþs.**
rustic, **rûms** (*sb.*).

Sabaoth, **Sabaôþ.**
sabbath, **sabbatô.**
sack, **sakkus.**
sad, **saþs.**
saddle, **sitls.**
safe, **hailjan.**
sagacious, **sôkjan.**
sake, **sakjô.**
salad, salary, **salt.**
sale, **saljan.**
salt (*subst. and adj.*), salt (*v.*), **saltan.**
salve, **salbôn.**
same (*adj.*), **sama.**
same (*adv.*), **samana.**
Satan, **Satanas.**
satchel, **sakkus.**
sate, satiate, satisfy, saturate, **saþs.**
sauce, saucer, saucy, sausage, **salt.**
save, **hailjan.**
saveloy, **haúrn.**
savior, **hailjan.**
saw, sawyer, **ligan.**
scab, scabby, scabbed, **skaban.**
scald, scale, scall, scalp, scallop, **skalja.**
scathe, **skaþjan.**
scuffle, **skiuban.**
scull, **skalja.**
scorpion, **skaúrpjô.**
scot, **skauts.**
sea, **saiws.**
seal, **sigljô.**
seam, seamstress, **siujan.**
seat, **sitan.**
seduce, **tiuhan.**
see, **saílvan.**
seed, ***sêþs.**
seek, **sôkjan.**
seem, seemly, **samjan.**
seeth, **sauþs.**
seignior, **sineigs.**
seize, **satjan.**
seldom, **silda-.**
self, **silba.**
sell, **saljan.**
seminal, seminary, **sêþs.**
senary, **saíhs.**
senate, senile, **sineigs.**
send, **sandjan.**
sengreen, **sinteins.**
senior, **sineigs.**
sense, **sinþs.**
serried, **sarwa.**
settle (*subst. and v.*), **sittle.**
settle (*as a dispute*), **sahts.**
seven, **sibun.**
sew, **siujan.**
shab, shabby, shabbed, **skaban.**
shade, shadow (*sbs.*), **skadus.**
shadow (*v.*), **skadwjan.**
shale, **skalja.**
shaft, **skaban.**
shall, **skulan.**
shave, **skaban.**
she, **his, si.**
sheaf, **skiuban.**
sheath, sheathe, shed, **skaidan.**
sheen, **skauns.**
sheep, **haírdeis.**
sheer, **skeirs.**
sheet, **skauts.**
shell, **skalja.**
shelter, **skildus.**
shepherd, **haírdeis.**
shide, **skaidan.**
shield, **skildus.**
shilling, **skilliggs.**
shimmer, shine, **skeinan.**

ship, **skip.**
-ship, ***skafts.**
shoe, **skôhs.**
shoot, shot, **skauts.**
should, **skulan.**
shove, shovel, **skiuban.**
show, ***skaws.**
shower, **skulan.**
shuffle, **skiuban.**
shut, shuttle, **skauts.**
sick, **siuks.**
side, **jains.**
sight, **saíƕan.**
sin, **sinteins.**
silence, ***silan.**
sill, ***grundus.**
silly, **sêls.**
silver, **silubr.**
silvern, **silubreins.**
similar, simulate, **glitmunjan.**
since, ***seiþs.**
sing, singe, **siggwan.**
sink, **sigqan.**
sir(e), **sineigs.**
sister, **swistar.**
sit, **sitan.**
six, sixth, **saíhs.**
skiff, **skip.**
skill, **skalja, skilja.**
skipper, **skip.**
skull, **skalja.**
slaughter, **slaúhts.**
slay, sleight, **slahan.**
sledge, sledge-hammer, **slahan.**
sleep (*subst.*), sleepy, **slêps.**
sleep (*v.*), **slêpan.**
slight, **slaíhts.**
slip, slipper, slippery, slop, slope, sloven, **sliupan.**
slow, **slawan.**
sly, **slagan.**
small, **smals.**
smear, **smaírþr.**
smelt, ***malteins.**
smite, ***smeitan.**
smith, smithy, smooth, ***smiþa.**
smut, **smeitan.**
snow, **snaiws.**
soil (*subst.*), **saljan.**
soil (*v.*), **swein.**
sole, **suljô.**
some, **sums.**
-some, **sams.**
son, **sunus.**
song, **saggwus.**
soon, **suns.**
sooth, **sunjis.**
sore, **sair.**
sorrow (*sb.*), **saúrga.**
sorrow (*v.*), **saúrgan.**
sorry, **sair.**
sough, ***swôgjan.**
soul, **saiwala.**
source, **raíhts.**
souse, **salt.**
south, **sunnô.**
sow (*subst.*), **sweín.**
sow (*v.*), **saian.**
span, **spinnan.**
sparrow, **sparwa.**
speak, speech, **tweihnai.**
speed, **spêþs.**
spell (*v.*), **spillôn.**
spell (*an incantation*), **spill.**
spell (*a slip of wood*), **spilda.**
spew, **speiwan.**
spider, **spinnan.**
spikenard, **nardus.**
spin, spindle, spinster, **spinnan.**
spit, **speiwan.**
spital, **gasts.**
spittle (*saliwa*), **speiwan.**
spittle (*hospital*), **gasts.**
spoor, **sparwa.**
sprout, **sprautô.**
spur, spurn, **sparwa.**
stable, **standan.**
stack, ***stakeins.**
staddle, **staþs.**
staff, **stafs.**
stag, **steigan.**
stage, **standan.**
stair, **steigan.**
staith, **staþs.**
stake, ***stakeins.**
stale, **stilan.**
stall, stallion, **standan**
stamen, stamin, **stôma.**
stammer, **stamms.**
stand, **standan.**
stang, ***stigqan.**
stanza, **standan.**
star, **staírnô.**
starboard, **stiurjan.**
starch, ***staúrknan.**
stare (*subst.*), **sparwa.**
stare (*v*), ***staúrran.**
stark, **staþs.**
starling, **sparwa.**
state, statics, **standan.**

station, stationary, stationer, stationery, **staþs.**
statist, statue, stature, statute, **standan.**
stead, steadfast, steady, **staþs.**
steake, ***stakeins.**
steal, stealth, stealthy, **stilan.**
stean, **stains.**
steed, **standan.**
steen, **stains.**
steer, steersman, **stiurjan.**
steer (*an animal*), **stiur.**
stem, **stamms.**
stern, **stiurjan.**
steven, **steigan.**
steward, **-wards.**
stick, stigmatize, ***stakeins.**
stile, **steigan.**
still, **standan.**
sting, stingy, ***stiggan.**
stink, **stigqan.**
stirrup, ***raips, steigan.**
stitch, **stiks.**
stone (*v.*), **stainjan.**
stone, **stains.**
stony, **stainahs.**
stool, **falþan, stôls.**
store, story, ***stiurei.**
stout, ***stalds.**
strain, strait, **striks.**
stratum, straw, strawberry, stray, streak, **straujan.**
stream, **swistar.**
street, **straujan.**
stress, **striks.**
strew, **straujan.**
strict, strike, stringent, stroke, **striks.**
stud, **standan.**
stutter, **stautan.**
sty (*subst.*), sty (*obs. v.*), **steigan.**
suasion, suave, **suts.**
subdue, **tiuhan.**
subsist, substance, substitute, **standan.**
subtend, ***þanjan.**
subvert, **waírþan.**
such, **swaleiks.**
sully, **sáuljan.**
sultry, **swiltan,**
sun, Sunday, **sunnô.**
sunder, **sundrô.**
superlative, **þulan.**
superintendent, **þanjan.**
superstition, **standan.**
supplement, **fulls.**
supplicate, **flahta.**
supply, **fulls.**
surname, **namô.**
surge, **raíhts.**
susceptible, **hafjan.**
swallow, ***grundus.**
swamp, **swamms.**
swart, **swarts.**
swear, **swaran.**
sweet, **suts.**
swell, ***swalleins.**
swelter, sweltry, **swiltan.**
swerve, ***swaírban.**
swim, **swamms.**
swine, **swein.**
swing, swinge, swingel, swingle, swingletree, swink, ***swaggwjan.**
swithe, **swinþs.**
swoon, **swôgjan.**
synaeresis, **hairaíseis.**
synagogue, **synagôgê.**
system, **standan.**

tackle, **têkan.**
tail, **tagl.**
take, **têkan.**
tale, ***tals.**
tame, ***tamjan.**
taw, **taujan.**
teach, **taikns.**
team, **tiuhan.**
tear (*v.*), ***taíran.**
tear, (*subst.*), **tagr.**
tell, ***tals.**
ten, **taíhun.**
tend, tense, tension, tent, ***þanjan.**
tenth, **taíhunda.**
tetrarch, **taítrarkês.**
than, **þan.**
thane, **þius.**
thank(s), **þagkjan.**
that, **þata.**
the (*art.*), **þata.**
the (*adv.*), **þê.**
thee (*prn.*), **þu.**
thee (*v.*), **þeihan.**
theft, **þiufs.**
thesis, -thesis, ***dêþs.**
thief, **þiufs.**
thime, **þymiama.**
thin, ***þanjan.**

thine, **þeins.**
think, **þagkjan, þugkjan.**
this, **þata.**
thite, **þeihan.**
theme, ***dêþs.**
then, thence, **þan.**
there, **þar.**
their, them, they, **þata.**
thing, **þeihs.**
third, **þridja.**
thirst, thirsty, **þaúrstei.**
thirteen, thirty, ***þreis.**
thorn, **þaúrnus.**
thorough, -ly, **þaírh.**
thorp, **þaúrp.**
thou, **þu.**
though, **þau.**
thought, **þuhtus.**
thousand, **þusundi.**
thrash, **þriskan.**
threat, threaten, ***þriutan.**
three, ***þreis.**
thresh, threshold, **þriskan.**
thrice, **þaírh, *þreis.**
throng, **þreihan.**
-thorp, **þaúrp.**
through, throughout, **þaírh.**
thus, **þata.**
thwart, **þwaírhs.**
thy, **þeins.**
thyme, **þymiama.**
tide, tidings, **til.**
tie, **tiuhan.**
tight, **þeihan.**
till (*prep.*), **til.**
till (*v.*), tilth, **tilôn.**
time, **mêl, til.**
timber (*sb.*), **timrja.**
timber (*v.*), **timrjan.**
tind, tinden, **tandjan.**
tithe, **taíhunda.**
to, **du.**
together, **gadiliggs.**
token (*sb.*), **taikns.**
token (*v.*), **taiknjan.**
tolerate, **þulan.**
toll, ***tals.**
to-morrow, **maúrgins.**
tongue, **tuggô.**
tool, **taujan.**
tooth, **munþs, tunþus.**
tow, **tiuhan.**
toward(s), **-waírþs.**
traduce, **tiuhan.**
tramp, trample, ***trimpan.**
transfigure, transfiguration, **deigan.**
transfuse, **giutan.**
translate, **þulan.**
transverse, **waírþan.**
trap, trappen, ***trimpan.**
traverse, **waírþan.**
tread, treadle, **trudan.**
treasure, treasurer, treasury, **dêþs.**
tree, **triu.**
troth, truce, true, truth, **triggws.**
trust, **trausti.**
tuck, tug, **tiuhan.**
twain, **twai.**
twelve, **twalif.**
twenty, **twai.**
twibil(l), twice, twig, twilight, twill, twin, twine, twist, **tweihnai.**
twit, ***weitan.**
two, **twai.**
twofold, **tweihnai.**
-ty, ***tigus.**

un-, **un-.**
uncouth, **kunþs, unkunþs.**
under, **undar.**
undern, **undaúrnimats.**
understand, **standan.**
undertake, undertaker, **têkan.**
unique, **ainaha** (*Appendix*).
unmight, **unmahts.**
unmighty, **unmahteigs.**
unmild, **unmilds.**
unto, **und.**
untrue, **untriggws.**
unwise, **unweis.**
up, **iup.**
upholder, upholster, upholsterer, **haldan.**
urge, urgent, **wrikan.**
us, **unsara.**
utter, utmost, **ût.**

vacillate, vacillation, **wâhs.**
valediction, valiant, valor, value, **waîdan.**
van, vane, **fana.**
vanquish, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
veal, **wiþrus.**
vehicle, ***wigan.**

veracious, *wêrs.
verb, waúrd.
verdict, verity, *wêrs.
verse, versify, version, vertebra, vertex, vertigo, waírþan.
very, *wêrs.
vest, vesture, wasti.
vicinity, weihs (*sb.*).
victor, victory, weihan
vigilant, *wakjan.
vine, wein.
vineyard, weinagards.
visit, weitan.
vixen, faúhô.
vortex, waírþan.
voyage, wigs.

wag, wagjan.
wage (*v.*), wage(s), wager, wadi.
waggle, wagjan.
waggon, *wign.
wagon, *wign.
wail, wai.
wait, wahtwô.
wake, wakan.
waken, *waknan.
wale, walus.
wallow, *walwjan.
walm, wulan.
waltz, waltjan.
wand, wandus.
wander, *windan.
wane, waninassus, wans.
wang, wang-tooth, waggari.
want, waninassus, wans.
warble, ƕaírban.
ward, *wards.
-ward(s), -waírþs.
warm, warmjan.
warp, waírpan.
warry, *wargjan..
was, wisan.
watch, wakan.
water, watô.
wax, wahsjan.
way, wigs.
weal (*wale*), walus.
weal, wealth, waíla.
wean, *wunan.
weapon, wêpn.
wear, wasjan.
wear, warjan.
weather, waian.
weave, web, spinnan.
wed, *wadjôn.
wedlock, wadi.
weed, *widan.
week, wikô.
ween, wênjan.
weep, wôpjan.
weigh, weight, *wigan.
weir, warjan.
weird, waírþs (*adj.*).
welcome, qiman.
welfare, well (*adv.*), waíla.
well (*v.*, *sb.*), wulan.
wem (*obs. sb.*), wamm.
wem (*obs. v.*), wammjan.
wend, went, wandjan.
were, wisan.
weregeld, gild.
werewolf, waír.
wet, watô.
wether, wiþrus.
wey, *wigan.
wharf, ƕaírban.
wheat, wheaten, ƕaiteis.
when, ƕan.
whence, ƕan, *seiþs.
where, ƕar.
whet, *ƕatjan.
whether, ƕaþar.
whetstone, *ƕatjan.
which, ƕileiks.
while (*v.*), ƕeilan.
while (*sb. and conj.*), whiles, whilom, whilst, ƕeila.
whirl, whirligig, whirlpool, whirlwind, ƕaírban.
whit, waíht.
whitsunday, white, ƕeits.
white (*v.*), whiten, whitester, ƕeitjan.
whither, ƕadrê.
whiting, whittle, ƕeits.
whole, hails.
whoop, whooping-cough, ƕôpan.
whore, hôrs.
why, ƕê.
wick, weihs.
wide, til.
widow, -er, widuwô.
wield, waldan.
wife, manna.
wight, waíhts.
wild, wildness, wilderness, wilþeis.
will (*v.*), wiljan.
will, willful, wilja.
wimberry, wein.

win, **winnan.**
wind (*sb., v.*), **winds.**
wind (*v.*), windlass, **windan.**
wine, **wein.**
winnow, ***winþjan.**
winter, **wintrus.**
wiseacre, ***weitan.**
wish, ***wunnan.**
wit, ***witi.**
wite, ***weitan.**
with, -with, withal, withdraw, withers, withernam, withhold, **wiþra.**
within, **innana, wiþra.**
without, **wiþra.**
witness, **witan.**
witty, **witi.**
Woden, ***wôþs.**
woe, **wai.**
wold, **þriskan.**
wolf, **wulfs.**
woman, women, **manna.**
womb, **wamba.**
won, wont, wonted, ***wunan.**
wong, **waggs.**
woo, **wâhs.**
wool, woolward, **wulla.**
word, **waúrd.**
wore (*pret.*), **wasjan.**
work, **waúrkjan.**
world, **waír.**
worm, **waúrm.**
worry, ***wargjan.**
worse, worst, **waírs.**
worship, **waírþs** (*adj.*).
wort, **waúrts.**
worth (*sb.*), **waírþs.**
worth (*v.*), **waírþan.**
worth (*adj.*), worthy, **waírþs** (*adj.*).
wound, ***wundôn.**
wrack, wreak, **wrikan.**
wrangle, wrench, **wruggô.**
wretch, **wrikan.**
wright, ***waúrhts.**
wring, wrinkle, **wruggô.**
writ, write, **writs.**
wrought, **waúrkjan.**
wry, **wraiqs.**

-y, **ansteigs.**
yard (*a measure*), **gazds.**
yard (*inclosure*), **gards.**
yawl, **jiuleis.**
yawn, ***ginnan.**
ye, **jus.**
yea, **ja.**
year, **jêr.**
yearn, **gaírnjan.**
yearnful, ***gaírns.**
yede *p. XII, note.*
yell, **jiuleis, gôljan.**
yellow, **gulþ.**
yes, **ja.**
yesterday, **gistradagis.**
yield, **gildan.**
yode, *p. XII, note.*
yoke, **juk.**
yon, **jains.**
yonder, **jaindrê.**
yonker, **juggs.**
yore, **jêr** (*Appendix*).
young, youngling, **juggs.**
younker, **juggs.**
your, **izwar.**
youth, **juggs.**
yule, **jiuleis.**

zeal, **zêlôtês.**

OLD NORSE.

[*REMARK: The signs* ö (*as in* sökkva, stökkva) *and* œ (*as in* hœns, sœkja) *employed by some editors are also used in this book. The corresponding signs employed by Noreen in his grammar would have been better* (*S. p. XII*). *Concerning the* ö *for* ǫ *of some words in the earlier parts, see remarks on page 580.*]

af, **af.**
agi, **agis.**
akarn, **akran.**
akr, **akrs** (*App.*).
ala, **alan.**
aldr, ***aldrs.**
allr, **alls.**
án, **inuh.**
annarr, **anþar.**

aptann, **sunnô.**
ár, **áir.**
ár, **jêr.**
ari, **ara.**
armr, **arms** (*sb.*).
armr, **arms** (*adj.*).
asni, **asilus.**
áss, **ans** (*Appendix*).
ast, **ansts.**
at, **at.**
átta, **ahtau.**
auð-, ***auþeis.**
auðigr, auðr, **audags.**
auga, **augô.**
auk, **auk.**
auka, **aukan.**
ax, **ahs.**

báðir, **bajôþs.**
baðmr, **bagms.**
baldor, ***balþs.**
band, **bandi.**
barmr, **barms.**
barn, **barn.**
barr, **barizeins.**
báss, **bansts.**
beiða, **baidjan.**
beita, **beitan.**
belgr, **balgs.**
bera, **baíran.**
bihindan, **hindana.**
biodr, **biuþs.**
bíta, **beitan.**
blástr, ***blêsan.**
blauðir, **blauþjan.**
blíðr, **bleiþs.**
blômi, **blôma.**
bnúa, ***nauan** (*Appendix*).
bók, bókstafr, **bôk.**
ból, **bauan.**
bólginn, **balgs.**
bolstr, **haldan.**
bondi, **bauan.**
bord, ***baúrd.**
bǫl, ***balws.**
brandr, **brinnan.**
brjóst, **brusts.**
brúk, brúka, **brûkjan.**
burðr, ***baúrþs.**
búð, búr, **bauan.**
brynja, **brunjô.**

dáð, ***dêþs.**
dagr, ***dags** (*Appendix*).
dalr, **dal.**
damr, **dammjan.**
daunn, **dauns.**
deig, **daigs.**
deila, deilð, **dailjan** (*Appendix*).
deyja, **dauþs.**
djupr, **diups.**
dolg, **dulgs.**
dómr, **dôms.**
dǫgg, **miliþ.**
dœgr, **dags.**
draga, **dragan.**
dróttr, ***draúhts.**
drynkr, **drigkan.**
drynr, **drunjus.**
duga, ***dugan.**
dumbr, **dumbs.**
dypð, **diupiþa.**
dýr, **dius.**
dyrr, **daúr.**

ef, **ibai.**
egg, **ahs.**
ei, **aiw.**
eiðr, **aiþs.**
eiga, **aigan.**
eiginn, **aigin.**
einn, **ains.**
eir, **aistan.**
ek, **ik.**
elian, **aljan.**
em, **wisan.**
endir, **andeis.**
engill, **aggilus.**
enn, **jáins.**
er, **jus.**
erom, **wisan.**
eta, **itan.**
ey, eyjar, **alwa.**
eyra, **ausô.**

fá (*v.*), **fâhan.**
faðmr, **faþa.**
fagr, **fagrs.**
fára, **faran.**
falda, **falþan.**
faldr, ***falþs.**
fasta, **fastan.**
felm, ***films** (*Appendix*).
fen, **fani.**
ferð, ***farþô.**
ferja, **farjan.**
fet, **fôtus.**
fimm, **fimf.**
fingr, **figgr.**
finna, **finþan.**
fiskr, **fisks.**
fjall, ***fill.**
fjándi, **fijands.**
fjarri, **faírra.**
fjórði, **fidwôr.**
fjǫr, **faírhus.**
fjǫrð, **faírneis.**
fjǫtorr, **fôtus.**
flár, ***þlaíhan.**

flaumr, **flôdus.**
flesk, **mats.**
flétta, **flahta.**
fljuga, ***flaugjan.**
fló, **þliuhan.**
flóa, flóð, **flôdus.**
floki, flokkr, fluga, flugr, ***flaugjan.**
flýja, **þliuhan.**
fódr, **fôdr.**
fóðr, **fôdjan.**
foli, **fula.**
fótr, **fôtus.**
fox, **faúhô.**
frá, **fram.**
framr, **fruma.**
freisti, **fraistubni.**
frekr, ***friks.**
Freya, **frauja.**
friðr, ***friþôn.**
frijals, **freihals.**
fróðr, **fróþs.**
frjósa, **frius.**
fræ, **fraiw.**
fúinn, **fûls.**
fúll, **fûls.**
fúrr, **fôn.**
fylja, **fula.**
fylla, **fulljan.**
fægja, **fagrs.**
fœra, **faran.**

gaddr, **gazds.**
gáfa, **giba.**
gafl, **gibla.**
gall, **gulþ.**
ganga, **gaggan.**
gangr, **gaggs.**
garðr, **gards.**
gat, gata, **gatwô.**
gaula, **jiuleis.**
gaumr, **gaumjan.**
gefa, **giban.**
geit, **gaits.**
gelda, **gilþa.**
gelíkr, **galeiks.**
gella, **jiuleis.**
gestr, **gasts.**
geta, **gitan.**
gildi, **gild.**
gin, gína, ***ginnan.**
gjalda, ***gildan.**
gala, gjalla, **gôljan.**
gjarn, ***gaírns.**
gjǫf, **giba.**
gjǫrð, **gaírda.**
glita, glitra, **glitmunjan.**
glófi, **lôfa.**
glǫggr, ***glaggwus.**
goð, **guþ.**
góðr, **gôþs.**
goll, **gulþ.**
gǫltr, **gilþa.**
grádr, **grêdus.**
gradugr, **grêdags.**
gramr, **gramjan.**
gráta, **grêtan.**
gremja, grimmr, **gramjan.**
grund, ***grundus.**
grǽnn, **gras.**
guð, **guþ.**
guðspiall, **spill.**
gull, **gulþ.**
gullinn, **gulþeins.**
gumi, **guma.**
gusa, **giutan.**

hafa, **haban.**
hagi, ***stalds.**
halda, **haldan.**
halfa, **halba.**
halfr, **halbs.**
hallr, **hallus.**
háls, hálsa, **hals.**
haltr, **halts.**
hamr, ***hamôn.**
hani, **hana.**
hapt, **hafjan.**
hár, **háuhs.**
hatr, **hatis.**
haufuð, **haubiþ.**
héðra, **hidrê.**
hefja, **hafjan.**
heggr, ***stalds.**
heiðinn, **haiþnô.**
heiðr (*adj.*), **hais.**
heiðr (*sb.*), **haiþi.**
heift, **haifsts.**
heilagr, heill, **hails.**
heimr, **haims.**
heit, ***hait.**
heita, **haitan.**
heitr, **heitô.**
hel, **halja.**
heldr, **haldis.**
hengja, **hâhan.**
hér, **hêr.**
herbergi, herr, **harjis.**
herta, **haírtô.**
hertogi, **harjis.**
hey, **hawi.**
heyra, **hausjan.**
himinn, **himins.**
hirðir, **haírdeis.**
hiti, **heitô.**
hjalmr, **hilms.**
hjalpa, **hilpan.**
hjarni, **haúrn, haírnei.**
hjarta, **haírtô.**
hjǫrð, **haírda.**
hjǫrr, **haírus.**

hlaða, ***hlaþan.**
hlam, **hlamma.**
hlass, **hlaþan.**
hlaup, hlaupa, ***hlaupan.**
hlautr, **hlauts.**
hlé, **hlijans.**
hlein, **hlains.**
hleiðra, **hleiþra.**
hlífa, **hleiþjan.**
hljóð, **hliuþ.**
hljómi, **hliuma.**
hljóta, **hlauts.**
hlust, **hliuma.**
hlutr, **hlauts.**
hlæja, **hlahjan.**
hnakki, **hals.**
hodd, **huzd.**
hof, **freidjan.**
holá, holr, ***hulôn.**
hóll, **hallus.**
hollr, **hulþs.**
hór, hórr, **hôrs.**
horn, **haúrn.**
hǫfn, **haban.**
hǫggva, **hawi.**
hǫkull, **hakuls.**
hǫll, ***hulôn.**
hǫnd, **handus.**
hǫndugr, **handugs.**
hraðr, **raþs.**
hreinn, **hrains.**
hrís, ***hrisjan.**
hróðugr, **hrôþeigs.**
hrókr, **hrûks.**
hræ, **hraiw.**
hrœra, ***hrisjan.**
húð, ***hûs.**
hugr, **hugs.**
hulstr, **hulistr.**
hundr, **hunds.**
hundrað, **hund.**
hungr, **hûhrus.**
hungra, **huggrjan.**
hurð, **haúrds.**
hús, ***hûs.**
húsbondi, húsþing, **hûs.**
hváll, **hallus.**
*hvar, **hwas.**
hvarf, **hwaírban.**
hvárr, **hwaþar.**
hvass, ***hwass.**
hvat, **hwat.**
hvatr, ***hwass.**
hveiti, **hwaiteis.**
hvelfa, **hwilftri.**
hver(r), **hwarjis.**
hverfa, **hwaírban.**
hvetja, ***hwatjan.**
hvíl, **hweila.**
hvílíkr, **hwileiks.**
hvirfill, hvirfilvindr, hvirfla, **hwaírban.**
hvítna, ***hweitjan.**
hvítr, **hweits.**
hyggja, **hugjan.**
hyrr, **haúri.**
hyski, ***heiws.**
hœns, **hana.**

í, **in.**
iarknasteinn, ***aírkns.**
ið-, **id-.**
iðrar, iðrask, **idreiga** (*Appendix*).
if, ifi, **ibai.**
ígær, **gistradagis.**
illr, **ubils.**
inn, **jáins.**
innan, **innana.**
îsarn, **eisarn.**

já, **ja.**
jafn, **ibns.**
jól, **jiuleis.**
jǫrð, **aírþa.**

kaldr, **kalds.**
kalfr, **kalbô.**
kenna, **kannjan.**
ker, **kas.**
ketill, **katils.**
kinn, **kinnus.**
kjallari, **huljan.**
knoða, **knussjan** (*Appendix*).
koma, **qiman.**
kona, **qinô.**
konungr, **kuni.**
korn, **kaúrn.**
kundr, ***kunds.**
kván, **qêns.**
kveða, **qiþan.**
kveikja, kveykva, **qius.**
kviðr, **qiþus.**
kvikna, ***qiujan.**
kvikr, **qius.**
kvista, kvistr, **qistjan** (*Appendix*).
kyn, **kuni.**

lág, lágr, **ligan.**
lán, **leihwan.**
land, **land.**
landviðri, **waian.**
langr, **laggs.**
láta, **lêtan.**
latr, **lats.**
laukr, **barizeins.**
laun, **laun.**
lauss, **laus.**
léa, **leihwan.**

legja, **lagjan.**
leiða, leiðr, ***leiþan.**
leika, **laikan.**
leikr, **laiks.**
leit, leita, **wlaitôn.**
lesa, **lisan.**
lettr, **leihts.**
leyna, **laugnjan.**
leysa, **lausjan.**
líð, **leiþus.**
líðr, **liþus.**
líf, lifa, **liban.**
liggja, **ligan.**
lík, **leik.**
líka, **leikan.**
líkami, líkamr, ***hamôn.**
limr, **liþus.**
linna, linr, ***linnan.**
linnr, **waúrms.**
list, **lists.**
líta, ***wleizn.**
lítill, **leitils.**
litr, **wlits.**
ljá, **leiƕan.**
ljómi, ljós, **liuhaþ.**
ljufr, **liufs.**
ljúga, **liugan.**
lof, **liufs.**
lófi, **lôfa.**
loka, ***luks.**
lopt, **luftus.**
lǫg, **ligan.**
lúka, ***lûkan.**
lús, lúta, **liuts.**
lyf, **lubjaleis.**
lypta, **luftus.**
lyst, lysta, ***lusts**
lækna, **lêkinôn.**

mala, **malan.**
malmr, **malma.**
malt, maltr, ***malteins.**
maðkr, **maþa.**
maðr, **manna.**
magr, **mêgs.**
makara, **alls.**
mál, **mêl.**
mál, **maþl.**
mánadagr, **mêna.**
mánaðr, **mênôþs.**
máni, **mêna.**
mannlíkann, **manleika.**
mara, **nahts.**
marr, **marei.**
marr, **skalks.**
matr, **mats.**
máttr, **mahts.**
mæla, **maþljan.**
mær, **mawi.**
mærr, ***mêrs.**
með, **miþ.**
mega, **magan.**
meiða, **maidjan.**
meiðm, **maiþms.**
meiri, **mais.**
meita, meitill, **maitan.**
mennskr, **mannisks.**
mér, **meina.**
merr, **skalks.**
mestr, **maists.**
miðgarðr, **midjungards.**
miðr, **midjis.**
míga, **maíhstus.**
mik, **meina.**
mikill, **mikils.**
mildr, ***milds.**
milska, **miliþ.**
mín, **meina.**
mínn, minn, **meins.**
minni, **muns.**
mis-, missa, **missa-.**
mjǫk, **mikils.**
mjǫtuðr, **mitaþs.**
mjǫl, **malan.**
mjǫlk, **miluks.**
mjúkr, ***mûks.**
móðir, **swaíhrô.**
móðr (*sb.*), **môþs.**
móðr (*adj.*), ***môjan.**
mold, **mulda.**
morgunn, **maúrgins.**
morna, **maúrnan.**
mǫgr, **magus.**
mǫrk, **marka.**
munnr, **munþs.**
mykill, **mikils.**
mylna, **malan.**
mœta, **môtjan.**

ná-, **nêƕ.**
nadla, **nêþla.**
nað, **niþan.**
naðr, naðra, **nadrs.**
nafn, **namô.**
nagl, nagli, ***nagljan.**
naktr, **naqaþs.**
namn, **namô.**
nár, **naus.**
natt, **nahts.**
nauðr, **nauþs.**
naut, nautr, **niutan.**
nær, **nêƕ.**
næra, **nasjan.**
ne, **ni.**
nei, **nê.**
nema, **niman.**
net, **nati.**
níð, **neiþ.**
niðr, **niþjis.**

niu, **niun.**
niundi, **niunda.**
njóta, **niutan.**
nǫs, **þaírh.**
nót, **nati.**
nótt, **nahts.**
nýr, **niujis.**
nýsan, ***niuhsjan.**
nyt, ***nuts.**

ó-, **un-.**
óðinn, óðinsdagr, óðr, ***wôþs.**
of, **uf.**
ofn, ogn, **aúhns.**
oft, **ufta.**
ok, **juk.**
okkar, okkr, ***ugkara.**
ókr, ***wôþs.**
ósk, ***wuna.**
ón, **inuh.**
or-, **us.**
orð, **waúrd.**
ormr, **waúrms.**
oss, **unsara.**
otr, **watô.**
ótta, **ûhtwô.**
oxi, **aúhsa.**
ǫgn, **ahana.**
ǫnn, **asilus.**
ǫr, **arƕazna.**
ǫrð, **arjan.**
ǫrk, **arka.**
ǫss, **ans** (*Appendix*).

prestr, **praízbytaírei.**
pund, **pund.**
pungr, **puggs.**

rað, ***rêdan.**
ráð, ráða, **rêdan.**
rann, **razn.**
rata, **wratôn.**
rauðr, **rauþs.**
rauf, raufa, **raubôn.**
regin, **ragin.**
regn, regnbogi, **rign.**
reip, **raips.**
reisa, ***raisjan.**
reita, **writs.**
reka (*sb.*), **rikan.**
reka (*v.*), **wrikan.**
*reskva, ***wrisqan.**
réttr, **raíhts.**
reyr, **raus.**
rigna, **rignjan.**
rúm, **rûms** (*sb.*).
rinna, **rinnan.**
rioðr, **rauþs.**
rísa, ***reisan.**
ríta, **writs.**
rjufa, ***raubôn.**
ró, **razn.**
rót, **waúrts.**
rǫdd, **razda.**
rǫgn, **ragin.**
rǫkr, **riqis.**
rǫskr, **raþs.**
rǫst, **rasta.**
rún, **rûna.**
rýma, **rûms** (*sb.*).
rýrr, **riurs.**
rœgja, **wrôhjan.**
rœkja, **rikan.**

sá (*prn.*), **sa.**
sá (*v.*), **saian.**
saddr, **saþs.**
sála, **saiwala.**
sala, **saljan** (II)
salr, **saljan** (I)
salt, saltr, **salt.**
saman, **samana.**
samr, **sama.**
sannr, **sunjis.**
sár, sárr, **sair.**
sátt, ***sahts.**
sauðr, **sauþs.**
saumr, **siujan.**
seil, ***sailjan.**
seinn, **sainjan.**
sek, **seina.**
sekkr, **sakkus.**
selja, **saljan** (II)
senda, **sandjan.**
sér, **seina.**
setja, **satjan.**
sétte, **saíhsta.**
sex, **saíhs.**
siðr, **sidus.**
Sif, **sibja.**
sig, **seina.**
sigr, **sigis.**
sik, **seina.**
silfr, **silubr.**
símí, ***sailjan.**
sín, **seina.**
sinn, **sinþs.**
sitja, **sitan.**
sjá (*prn.*), **sa, þata.**
sjá (*v.*), **saíƕan.**
sjaldan, sjaldsénn, **silda-.**
sjálfr, **silba.**
sjau, **sibun.**
sjóða, **sauþs.**
sjúkr, **siuks.**
sjœ, **sibun.**
skaða, **skaþjan.**
skaði, **skaþis.**
skafa, skaft, **skaban.**
skal, **skulan.**
skál, **skalja.**

skapr, *skafts.
skálkr, skalks.
skapt, skaban.
skattr, skatts.
skauðir, skaudaraips.
skauf, *skiuban.
skaut, skauts.
skeiðir, skaidan.
skel, skalja.
skepja, *skapjan.
skíð, skaidan.
skil, skilja, skilja.
skillingr, skilliggs.
skími, skeima.
skína, skeinan.
skip, skip.
skjóta, skauts.
skjǫldr, skildus.
skór, skôhs.
skopt, skuft.
skǫmm, skaman.
skuggi, skuggwa.
skuld, skulan.
skúm, marei.
skúr, skûra.
skyggja, skyggwa, skuggwa.
skyld, skulan.
skærr, skeirs.
skæva, skævaðr, skêwjan.
slá, slahan.
slagr, slahs.
slátr, slátta, slaúhts.
sleppan, sliupan.
slíðr, sleiþs.
slíkr, swaleiks.
slœgð, slœgr, slahan.
smali, smals.
smiða, *smiþôn.
smiðja, smiðr, *smiþa.
smjǫr, smyrja, smaírþr.
smæl, smals.
sneið, sníða, sneiþan.
*sniva, snaiws.
snotr, snutrs.
snúa, sniwan.
snær, snaiws.
snœri, snôrjô.
so, swa.
sól, sauil.
sóma, samjan.
sókn, sôkns.
sorg, saúrga.
sótt, saúhts.
sǫðull, sitls.
sǫk, sakjô.
sǫngr, saggws.
sperna, sparwa.
spinna, spinnan.
spjald, spilda.
spjall, spill.
spor, spori, spǫrr, sparwa.
spýja, speiwan.
spyrjan, sparwa.
staðr, staðfastr, staþs.
stafr, stafs.
stakkr, *stakeins.
stallr, standan.
stamma, stamms.
standa, standan.
stara, *staúrran.
stauta, stautan.
steggr, steigan.
steik, *stakeins.
steinn, stains.
sterkr, *staúrknan,
stela, stilan.
stía, stíga, stígr, steigan.
stika, *stakeins.
stikill, stikls.
stinga, *stiggan.
stjarna, staírnô.
stjórn, stiurjan.
stjórr, stiur.
stóð, standan.
storkna, *staúrknan.
stórr, stiur.
stǫð, stǫðull, staþs(II)
stǫng, *stiggan.
stýra, stiurjan.
stökkva, stigqan.
sú, sa.
súgr, *swôgjan.
súla, sáuls.
sultr, swultawaírþja.
sumr, sums.
sund, swumfsl.
sundr, sundra, sundrô.
sunr, sunus.
svá, swa.
svaran, swaran.
svárr, swêrs.
svartr, swarts.
sváss, swês.
svella, *swalleins.
svelta, swiltan.
sverfa, *swaírban.
sverja, swaran.
svimma, swamms, swumfsl.
svín, swein.
*svinga, *swagwjan.
svinnr, swinþs.
svo, swa.
svǫr, swaran.
sýja, siujan.
symja, swumfsl.
syngva, siggwan.
sýr, swein.

systir, **swistar.**
sǽdi, ***sêþs.**
sǽll, **sêls.**
sǽr, **saiws.**
sǽti, **sitan.**
sǽtt, ***sahts.**
sœkja, **sôkjan.**
sökkva, **sigqan.**
sœtr, **suts.**

tafr, **aibr.**
tagl, **tagl.**
táka, **têkan.**
tákn, **taíkns.**
tákna, **taiknjan.**
tal, ***tals.**
tamr, ***tamjan.**
tandr, tandra, tandri, **tandjan.**
tár, **tagr.**
taug, taumr, toga, **tiuhan.**
tegr, ***tigus.**
teikn, **taikns.**
teinn, **tains.**
teinur, **tainjô.**
telja, ***tals.**
temja, ***tamjan.**
tíð, **til.**
tigr, ***tigus.**
tili, **til.**
timbr, **timrja.**
timbra, **timrjan.**
tíme, **til.**
tíu, **taíhun.**
tiundi, **taíhunda.**
togr, ***tigus.**
tól, **taujan.**
tólf, **twalif.**
tollr, **tals.**
tor-, **tuz-.**
tǫnn, **tunþus.**
traust, **trausti.**
tré, **triu.**
tregr, **trigô.**
troða, **trudan.**
tryggð, tryggr, **triggws.**
tundr, **tundnan.**
tunga, **tuggô.**
tún, **barizeins.**
túngl, **tuggl.**
tuttogo, tuttugu, **twai.**
tveggja, tveir, **twai.**
tvífaldr, **tweihnai.**
tvisvar, tviunr, **tweihnai.**
tygell, **tiuhan.**
tysvar, **tweihnai.**

úlfr, **wulfs.**
undir, **undar.**
ungr, **juggs.**
Ullr, **wulþus.**
una, ***wunan.**
unna, **ansts.**
ups, **ubizwa.**
urðr, **waírþs** (*adj.*).
urt, **waúrts.**
út, **ût.**
útar(r),utar,úta(r)st, utast, **ût.**
úte, **ûta.**

váð, ***widan.**
vagn, ***wigan.**
vágr, **wêgs.**
vaka, **wakan.**
vakna, ***waknan.**
val, **waljan.**
vald, valda, **waldan.**
ván, **wêns.**
vana, **wans.**
vána, **wênjan.**
vane, ***wunan.**
vangi, vangr, **waggareis.**
vanr, ***wunan.**
vanr, vanta, vanvit, **wans.**
vár, **unsara.**
vara, ***war.**
varða, ***wards.**
vargr, ***wargs.**
varmr, **warmjan.**
varna, ***war.**
varp, **waírpan.**
varr, ***war.**
vátr, **watô.**
vaxa, **wahsjan.**
veð, **wadi.**
veðja, ***wadjôn.**
veðr (*prep.*), **wiþrawaírþs.**
veðr (*sb.*), **waian.**
vega, ***wigan.**
vega, **weihan.**
vegr, **wigs.**
veggr, ***waddjus.**
vei, **wai.**
veig, **weihan.**
veipr, **waips.**
vekja, ***wakjan.**
vel, **waíla.**
velja, **waljan.**
vella, **wulan.**
vellkominn, **qiman.**
velta, **waltjan.**
venda, **wandjan.**
venja, ***wunan.**
ver, **waír.**
vér, **weis.**

vera, **wisan.**
verð, **waírþs** (*sb.*).
verða, **waírþan.**
-verðr, **-waírþs.**
verðr, verðugr, **waírþs**
verja, **warjan.**
verja, **wasjan.**
verk, **waúrkjan.**
verǫld, **waír.**
verr, **waírs.**
verpa, verpill, **waírpan.**
verre, verstr, verst, vestr, **waírsiza.**
vesa, **wisan.**
vetr, **wintrus.**
véttr, **waíhts.**
við, **weis.**
viðr, **wiþra.**
víg, Vígi, vigr, **weihan.**
víka, **wikô.**
vili, **wilja.**
vilja, **wiljan.**
villr, **wilþeis.**
vin, **winja.**
vín, **wein.**
vinda, vindáss, ***windan.**
vindauga, **augô.**
vindr, **winds.**
vinna (*v.*), **winnan.**
vinna (*sb.*), **winnô.**
virtr, **waúrts.**
vísa, ***weisjan,**
viss, ***wiss** (*adj.*).
víss, ***weis.**
vit (*prn.*), **weis.**
vit (*sb.*), **witi.**
vita, **witan.**
víti, ***weit.**
-vitr, **waíhts.**
vitugr, **witi.**
vǫlr, **walus.**
vǫllr, **þriskan.**
vǫmb, **wamba.**
vǫndr, **wandus.**
vǫrr, **waírilô.**
vǫxtr, **wahstus.**
væla, **wai.**
vǽrr, ***wêrs.**
vǽta, **watô.**
vætt, ***wigan.**
vǽttr, **waíhts.**

yðr, yð(v)ar, **jus.**
yfir, **ufar.**
ykkar, ykkr, **igqar.**
ylgr, **wulfs.**
ynglingr, **juggs.**
yrkja, **waúrkjan.**
ytre, ýtre, yztr, ýztr, **ût.**

þegn, **þius.**
þek, **þu.**
þek, **þu.**
þekkja, **þagkjan.**
þenja, ***þanjan.**
þér, **þu.**
þesse, **þata.**
þéttr, **þeihan.**
þí, **þê.**
þig, þik, þín, **þu.**
þinn, **þeins.**
þjá, ***þiwan.**
þjófr, **þiufs.**
þjóta, **þuthaúrn.**
þó, **þau.**
þola, **þulan.**
þorn, ***þaúrnus.**
þorna, ***þaúrznan.**
þorp, **þaúrp.**
þorsti, **þaúrstei.**
þótti, **þûhtus.**
þǫkk, **þagks.**
þrátíu, **þreîs.**
þreskja, þreskjǫldr, **þriskan.**
þrettán, **þreis.**
þriði, **þridja,**
þrír, **þreis.**
þrjóta, þrot, ***þriutan.**
þrútenn, **þrûtsfill.**
þryngva, **þreihan.**
þú, **þu.**
þunnr, ***þanjan.**
þurr, **þaúrsus.**
þurfa, **þaúrban.**
þurft, þurftugr, **þaúrfts.**
þûsund, **þûsundi.**
þvá, **þwahan.**
þvál, **þwahl.**
þvegill, **þwahan.**
þverr, **þwaírhs.**
því, **þê.**
þvæli, **þwahan.**
þý, **þiwi.**
þýfð, **þiufs.**
þykkja, **þugkjan.**
þýr, **þius.**
þýrft, **þaúrfts.**
þyrsta, **þaúrstei.**
þytr, **þuthaúrn.**

œskja, ***wunan.**

OLD SAXON.

a-, **us.**
aband, **sunnô.**
accar, **akrs.**
accus, **aqizi.**
aftîhan, ***teihan.**
ahto, **ahtau.**
âðar, **anþar.**
af, **af.**
abaro, **afar.**
ak, **ak.**
alah, **alhs.**
ald, **alþeis.**
aldar, ***aldar.**
all, **alls.**
alles, **allis.**
alôsian, **lausjan.**
ambusan, ***busns.**
an, **ana.**
anst, **ansts.**
antlang, **laggs.**
arbed, arbêdi, **arbaiþs.**
ard, **arjan.**
arm, **arms** (*sb.*).
arm, **arms** (*adj.*).
awardian, ***wardjan.**

balu, ***balws.**
band, **bandi.**
barm, **barms.**
barn, **barn.**
bat, **batiza.**
beda, **bida.**
bêdian, **baidjan.**
beri, ***basi.**
bet, **batiza.**
bihwebian, ***hwilftri.**
bîdan, **beidan.**
biliði, **liþus.**
bied, **biuþs.**
bill, **tweihnai.**
biod, **biuþs.**
bitherbi, **þarbs.**
bium, **bauan.**
blîði, **bleiþs.**
blôði, **blauþjan.**
blômo, **blôma.**
bôk, **bôk.**
bôm, **bagms.**
bord, **baúrd.**
bôta, **bôta.**
brêd, ***braíþs.**
brengian, **briggan.**
breost, **brusts.**
brôðar, **brôþar.**
brûkan, **brûkjan.**
buggian, **bugjan.**
burg, **baúrgs.**

dau, **miliþ.**
dâd, ***dêþs.**
dag, **dags.**
dal, **dal.**
diop, **diups.**
dior, **dius.**
diubal, **diabaúlus.**
diupî, **diupei.**
dôd, **dauþs.**
dôð, **dauþus.**
dohtar, **daúhtar.**
dôian, **dauþs.**
dôm, **dôms.**
dôpian, **daupjan.**
dor, **daúr.**
dragan, **dragan.**
dran, **drunjus.**
drank, **dragk.**
drîban, **dreiban.**
drinkan, **drigkan.**
druht-, ***draúhts.**
drôbian, **drôbjan.**
dûan, ***dêþs.**
dûba, ***dûbô.**
dugan, ***dugan.**
dul, **dwals.**
duri, **daúr.**
dwalm, **dwalmôn.**

eban, **ibns.**
êð, **aiþs.**
ef, efi, **ibai.**
efno, **ibns.**
êgan, **aigin.**
eggia, **ahs.**
ekid, **akeits.**
eldirôn, **alþeis.**
elilendi, **aljis.**
ellan, **aljan.**
elleban, **ainlif.**
ên, **ains.**
endi, **andeis.**
engi, **aggwus.**
engil, **aggilus.**
ênig, **ains.**
êo, **aiws.**
êra, **aistan.**
erbi, **arbi.**
erða, **aírþa.**
êrist, **áiris.**
êru, **áirus.**
esil, **asilus.**
êskôn, **andahait.**
eta, **itan.**

fâ, ***faus.**
fadar, **fadar.**
faganôn, **faginôn.**
fagar, **fagrs.**

fâhan, **fâhan.**
fâr, **fêrja.**
faran, **faran.**
fardîligôn, **dails.**
farflôkan, **flôkan.**
farterian, ***taíran.**
fastunnia, **fastubni.**
ferah, **faírlƀus.**
ferni, **faírneis.**
ferr, **faírra.**
fersna, **faírzna.**
feter, **fôtus.**
fiðan, **finþan.**
fif, **fimf.**
filu, **filu.**
fiorðo, **fidwôr.**
firina, **faírina.**
fisk, **fisks.**
fiund, **fijands.**
fiur, **fôn.**
fiwar, **fidwôr.**
fliohan, **þliuhan.**
fliotan, **flôd, flôdus.**
fluht, **þliuhan.**
fô, ***faus.**
for, **faúr.**
fora, **faúra.**
forahtian, **faúrhtjan.**
forht, **faúrhts.**
forhta, **faúrhtei.**
fôrian, **faran.**
formo, **fruma.**
forth, **faúrþis.**
fôt, **fôtus.**
fragôn, **fraíhnan.**
fralust, **fralusts.**
fram, **fram.**
frao, **frauja.**
fratah, ***fratwjan.**
fremiði, **framaþjis.**
fresôn, **fraisôn.**
frî, **freis, frijôn.**
friðu, **friþôn.**
friunt, friundskepi, **frijônds.**
fruht, **brûkjan.**
fugal, **fugls.**
fûir, **fôn.**
full, **fulls.**
fullian, **fulljan.**
funi, **fôn.**
furisto, **faúra.**

gaduling, **gadiliggs.**
galgo, **galga.**
gang, **gaggs.**
gangan, **gangan.**
gardo, **gards.**
gast, **gasts.**
gat, **gatwô.**
ge, **jus.**
geƀa, **giba.**
geƀan, **giban.**
gêl, **gailjan.**
geld, **gild.**
geldan, ***gildan.**
gelo, **gulþ.**
geluf, **galufs.**
gemêd, **gamaiþs.**
gern, ***gaírns.**
gi-, **ga-.**
gî, **jus.**
giburd, ***baúrþs.**
giburian, ***baúrjaba.**
gidurran, ***daúrsan.**
gigado, **gadiliggs.**
gihugd, ***hugds.**
gilîko, **galeikô.**
gilôƀo, ***laubjan.**
ginâða, **niþan.**
ginesan, ***nisan.**
ginist, ***nists.**
ginôg, **ganôhs.**
gisidôn, **sidôn.**
gisîð, **gasinþja.**
githâht, ***þâhts.**
githuld, **þulan.**
githungan, **þeihan.**
giu, **ju.**
giwidri, **waian.**
giwin, **winnan.**
giwit, **witan.**
giwalt, **waldan.**
giwaragean, ***wargjan.**
giwerðôn, **waírþôn.**
glîtan, **glitmunjan.**
god, **guþ.**
godspell, **guþ, spill.**
gold, **gulþ.**
gôma, gômian, **gaumjan.**
gram, **gramjan.**
grâdag, **grêdags.**
gras, **gras.**
grâtan, **grêtan.**
grim, **gramjan.**
grîpan, **greipan.**
gristgrimmo, **grindafraþjis.**
grôni, **gras.**
guldîn, **gulþeins.**
gurdian, ***gaírdan.**
gumo, **guma.**

*haƀok, **hafjan.**
hâf, **hamfs** (*Appendix*).
haft, **hafts.**
haftôn, **haftjan.**
hagustald, ***stalds.**
halƀa, **halba.**
hald, **haldis.**
haldan, **haldan.**

halla, ***hulôn.**
hals, **hals.**
halt, **halts.**
hand, **handus.**
hangôn, **hâhan.**
hanokrâd, **hano.**
Hariold, **harjis.**
hatôn, **hatan.**
hauwan, **hawi.**
hebbian, **haban.**
hebbian, **hafjan.**
heftjan, **haftjan.**
hêl, **hails.**
helan, **huljan.**
hêliand, **hailjan.**
hella, **halja.**
helm, **hilms.**
helpa, helpan, **hilpan.**
hêm, **haims.**
hêr, **hêr.**
herð, **haúri.**
heritogo, **harjis.**
herubendi,heruthrum, **hairus.**
heti, **hatis.**
himil, **himins.**
hioban, **hiufan.**
hiudu, ***his.**
hladan, **hlaþan.**
hlah(i)an, **hlahjan.**
hlea, hleo, **hlijans.**
hlêo, **hlaiw.**
hliotan, hlôt, **hlauts.**
hlûd, **hliuma.**
hlûtar,hluttar,**hlûtrs.**
hnêgan, **hnaiwjan.**
hnîgan, **hneiwan.**
hôbid, **haubiþ.**
hôh, **háuhs.**
hôhi, **háuhei.**
hold, **hulþs.**
hôn, **hana.**
hord, **huzd.**
houwi, **hauja.**
hrêni, **hrains.**
hrênian, **hrainjan.**
hrêo, ***hraiw.**
hrissian, ***hrisjan.**
hrôm, **hrôþeigs.**
hrôrian, ***hrisjan.**
hrôst, **hrôt.**
hungar, **hûhrus.**
hungrian, **huggrjan.**
hûs, ***hûs.**
hugi, **hugs.**
huggian, **hugjan.**
huldî, **hulþs.**
hund, **hunds.**
hund,hunderod, **hund.**
hwan, hwanan, **hvan.**
hwar, **hvar.**
hwarbôn, **hvarbôn.**
hwat, hwê, **hvas.**
hweðar, **hvaþar.**
hwerban, **hvaírban.**
hwergin, **hvar.**
hwêti, **hvaiteis.**
hwîl, hwîla, **hveila.**
hwilik, **hvileiks.**
hwît, **hveits.**
hwô, **hvaiwa.**

iahweðar, **hvaþar.**
ik, **ik.**
im, imu, **is.**
in, **in.**
ina, **is.**
ink, inkero, **igqar.**
innan, **innana.**
inne, **inna.**
ira, iro, **is.**
is, **wisan.**
îsarn, **eisarn.**
ist, **wisan.**
it, **is.**
iu, **ju.**
iu, iuwer, **jus.**

jâ, **ja.**
jâr, jêr, **jêr.**
juguð, jung, **juggs.**

kara, **kara.**
karôn, **karôn.**
kîð, **keinan.**
kellere, **huljan.**
kînan, **keinan.**
kind, ***kunds.**
kinni, **kinnus.**
kiosan, **kiusan.**
knosal, **knôþs.**
korn, **kaúrn.**
kostôn, **kustus.**
kûð, kûðian, **kunþs.**
kuman, **qiman.**
kumi, **qums.**
kuning, kunni, **kuni.**
kunsti, **kunnan.**
kust, *kusts.

lag, lâga, **ligan.**
lamb, **lamb.**
land, **land.**
lang, langôn, langsam, **laggs.**
lat, **lats.**
lêba, **laiba.**
lêð, ***leiþan.**
legar, **ligrs.**
leggian, **lagjan.**
lêra, **laisareis.**
lesan, **lisan.**
lêstan, **laistjan.**

lið, **liþus.**
lîð, **leiþus.**
lîði, ***linnan.**
liggian, **ligan.**
lîk, **leik.**
lîkôn, **leikan.**
lîn, lînîn, **lein.**
lînôn, **leisan.**
liodan, **liudan.**
lioflîk, **liubaleiks.**
liogan, **liugan.**
lioht, lioma, **liuhaþ.**
list, **lists.**
liud, **liudan.**
lôgnian, **laugnjan.**
lôk, **barizeins.**
lôn, **laun.**
lôs, **laus.**
lôsian, **lausjan.**
luft, **luftus.**
lugina, **liugan.**
lust, ***lusts.**
luttil, **leitils.**

mâg, **mêgs.**
magað, **magaþs.**
maht, **mahts.**
makôn, **alls.**
mâl, **mêl.**
malan, **malan.**
mâlôn, **mêljan.**
malsk, ***malsks.**
man, **manna.**
manag, **managS.**
managfald, **managfalþs.**
manô, **mêna.**
manôn, **munan.**
manslahta, **slaúhts.**
mârian, **mêrjan.**
marka, **marka.**
maldar, **malan.**
malt, ***malteins.**
martir, **martyr.**
mêda, **mizdô.**
mêðom, **maiþms.**
mel, **malan.**
melm, **malma.**
mênhwat, ***hwass.**
mênian, **munan.**
mennisk, **mannisks.**
meri, **marei.**
merigrîta, **marikreitus.**
mêst, **maists.**
mêstar, **baúrgs.**
metan, **mitan.**
meti, **mats.**
metod, **mitaþs.**
mezas, **mats.**
mi, **meina.**
mid, **miþ.**
middi, **midjis.**
middilgard, **midjungards.**
mîðan, **missa-.**
mik, **meina.**
mikil, **mikils.**
mildi, ***milds.**
mîn, **meina, meins.**
minna, minnja, **muns.**
mit, **miþ.**
môd, **môþs.**
môdag, **môdags.**
môdar, **swaíhrô.**
môði, ***môjan.**
morgan, **maúrgins.**
mornian, **maúrnan.**
môtan, ***môtan.**
môtian, ***môtjan.**
mûð, **munþs.**
nâðian, ***nanþjan.**
nagal, ***nagljan.**
naht,nahtigala, **nahts**
namô, **namô.**
nat, **natjan.**
ne, **ni.**
negên, **nih.**
neglian, ***nagljan.**
nemnian, **namnjan.**
nên, **ains.**
nêowiht, **waíht.**
nerjan, nerjendo, **nasjands.**
net, netti, **nati.**
ni, **ni.**
nîð, **neiþ.**
nigên, **nih.**
nigun, **niujis.**
nigundo, **niunda.**
niman, **niman.**
niotan, **niutan.**
niusian, niusôn, ***niuhsjan.**
niuwi, **niujis.**
nôd, **nauþs.**
nôdjan, **nauþjan.**
nôdthurft, **naudiþaúrfts.**
nôdrôf, **raubôn.**
noh, **naúh.**
not, ***nuts.**
nŭ, **nu.**

oban, obana, **uf.**
obar, **ufar.**
ôd, **alls, audags.**
ôdag, **audags.**
ôðar, **anþar.**
ôði, ***auþeis.**
of, **ibai.**
oft, **ufta.**

ôga, **augô.**
ohso, **aúhsa.**
ôk, **auk.**
ôkjan, **aukan.**
olig, **alêw.**
on, **ana.**
or-, **us.**
ôra, **ausô.**

pascha, **paska.**
pêda, **paida.**
prêstar, **praízbytaírei.**
pund, **pund.**

quân, **qêns.**
quena, **qinô.**
queðan, **qiþan.**

râd, râdan, *rêdan.
raka, **rikan.**
rasta, **rasta.**
rê, rêo, *hraiw.
reðia, **raþjô.**
reðiôn, *raþjan.
regan, **rign.**
regin-, **ragin.**
reht, **raíhts.**
rennian, *rannjan.
rihtian, *raíhtjan.
rîki (*sb.*), **reiki.**
rîki (*adj.*), **reiks.**
rinnan, **rinnan.**
rîsan, *reisan.
rôbôn, *raubôn.
rôd, **rauþs.**
-rôf, **raubôn.**
rôk, **weihs.**
rôkian, **rikan.**
rômôn, **rûms.**
rost, **rauþs.**
rûm, rûmian, **rûms** (*sb.*).

sad, **saþs.**
sâd, *sêþs.
-sam, **-sams.**
sama, **sama.**
samad, **samaþ.**
saman, samnôn, samnunga, **samana.**
samô, *sêþs.
sâian, **saian.**
saka, **sakjô.**
sakan, **sakan.**
salba, salbôn, **salbôn.**
salt, **salt.**
sân, sâna, **suns.**
sang, **saggws.**
se, **sa.**
sehan, **saílvan.**
sehs, sehsto, **saíhs.**
sêl, *sailjan.
self, **silba.**
seli, **saljan.**
seliða, **saliþwa.**
sellian, **saljan** (II)
sendian, **sandjan.**
senkian, **sagqjan.**
sêo, **saiws.**
sêola, **saiwala.**
sêr, sêro, **sáir.**
settian, **satjan.**
sia, **si.**
sibbia, **sibja.**
sibun, **sibun.**
sidu, **sidus.**
sîð, **seiþs.**
sie, **si.**
sigi, **sigis.**
silubar, **silubr.**
silubrîn, **silubreins.**
simbla, **simlê.**
sîmo, *sailjan.
sîn, **seins.**
sind, **wisan.**
singan, **siggwan.**
sinkan, **sigqan.**
siok, **siuks.**
sittian, **sitan.**
siu, **si.**
siun, **siuns.**
skado, **skadus.**
skadowan, *skadwjan.
skaðo, **skaþis.**
skaft, **skaban.**
-skaft, *skafts.
skala, **skalja.**
skalk, **skalks.**
skama, **skaman.**
skâp, **haírdeis.**
skat, **skatts.**
skauwôn, *skaws.
skêðan, skêðia, **skaidan.**
skeotan, **skauts.**
-skepi, *skafts.
skeppian, *skapjan.
skild, **skildus.**
skilling, **skilliggs.**
skîmo, **skeima.**
skîn, skînan, **skeinan.**
skip, **skip.**
skîri, **skeirs.**
skôh, **skôhs.**
skolo, **skula.**
skôni (*adj.*), **skauns.**
skôni (*sb.*), *skaunei.
skúfa, *skiuban.
skulan, skuld, skuldig, **skulan.**
skûr, **skûra.**
slahan, **slahan.**

-slahta, **slaúhts.**
slâp, **slêps.**
slâpan, **slêpan.**
slegi, **slahs.**
slîðí, **sleiþs.**
slôpian, ***slaupjan.**
smal, **smals.**
snê, snêo, **snaiws.**
snîðan, **sneiþan.**
sniumi, **sniumjan.**
sô, **swa.**
sôð, **sunjis.**
sôkian, **sôkjan.**
sorga, **saúrga.**
sorgan, **saúrgan.**
spêkaldra, **spaiskuldrs**
spel, **spill.**
spîwan, **speiwan.**
spôd, **spêþs.**
spurnan, **sparwa.**
stað, **staþs** (II)
stân, **standan.**
standan, **standan.**
stark, ***staúrknan.**
stedi, **staþs.**
stekan, ***stakeins.**
stelan, **stilan.**
stemma, stemna, stemnia, **stibna.**
stên (*v.*), **standan.**
stên (*sb.*), **stains.**
sterro, **staírnô.**
stîgan, **steigan.**
stilli, **standan.**
stôtan, **stautan.**
strá, strewian, **straujan.**
stum(m), **stamms.**
suht, **saúhts.**
sulik, **swaleiks.**
sum, **sums.**
sunder **sundrô.**
sunu, **sunus.**
sunna, sunnundag, **sunna.**
swâr, **swêrs.**
swart, **swarts.**
swâs, swâslîko, **swês.**
swellan, **swalleins.**
sweltan, **swiltan.**
swerban, ***swaírban.**
swerian, **swaran.**
swîð, **swinþs.**
swimman, swamms, **swumfsl.**
swîn, **swein.**
swingan, ***swaggwjan.**
swôti, **suts.**

talôn, ***tals.**
tand, **tunþus.**
te-, **tuz-.**
tehan, **taíhun.**
tehando, **taíhunda.**
têkan, **taikns.**
tellian, ***tals.**
teman, ***timan.**
tîd, **til.**
-tig, ***tigus.**
tilian, ***tilôn.**
timbar, **timbrja.**
tiohan, **tiuhan.**
tô, **du.**
tol, ***tals.**
tôm, **tiuhan.**
torht, -lîk, ***tarhjan.**
trâgi, **trigô.**
tredan, **trudan.**
tregan, **trigô.**
treo, **triu.**
trewa, **triggwa.**
trio, **triu.**
triuwi, **triggws.**
trûôn, **trauan.**
tulgo, **tulgus.**
tûn, **barizeins.**
tunga, **tuggô.**
tungal, **tuggl.**
tweho, twelif, **twalif.**
twêne, twêntig, **twai.**
twîfli, **tweifls.**
twîfljan, **tweifljan.**
twîflôn, **tweifls.**
twisk, **tweihnai.**

thagian, thagôn, **þahan.**
than, thanan, **þan.**
thank, thankôn, **þagks.**
thâr, **þar.**
tharbôn, ***þarban.**
thê, **þata.**
thegan, **þius.**
thengian, **þeihan.**
thenian, ***þanjan.**
thenkian, **þagkjan.**
these, **þata.**
thi, **þu.**
thîan, **þeihan.**
thîn (*poss.*), **þeins.**
thîn (*pers.*), **þu.**
thing, thingôn, **þeihs.**
thinsan, ***þinsan.**
thiod, thioda, **þiuda.**
thiodan, **þiudans.**
thiof, **þiufs.**
thionôn, thionôst, **þius.**
thiu, **þiwi.**
thiudisk, **þiudiskô.**
thoh, **þau.**
thorp, **þaúrp.**

tholian, **þulan.**
thorrôn, **þaúrsus.**
thriddio, **þridja.**
thrie, **þreis.**
thringan, **þreihan.**
thu, **þu.**
thunkian, **þugkjan.**
thurban, **þaúrban.**
thurft, thurftîg, **þaúrfts.**
thurh, **þairh.**
thurri, **þaúrsus.**
thurst, thurstian, **þaúrstei.**
thûsind, thûsundig, **þûsundi.**
thwahan, **þwahan.**

ubil, **ubils.**
ûhta, **ûhtwô.**
umbi, **bi.**
und, **und.**
undar, **undar.**
unhold, **unhulþa.**
unhrêni, **unhrains.**
unk, unkero, ***ugkara.**
unnan, **ansts.**
untô, **und.**
unwîs, **unweis.**
ûtar, **ût.**
ûp, **iup.**
ur-, **us.**
ût, **ût.**
ûta, **ûta.**
unswôti, **unsuti.**
ûs, **unsara.**
ûsa, **unsar.**
ûser, **unsara.**

wâd, ***widan.**
wâg, **wêgs.**
wâga, ***wigan.**
wagian, **wagjan.**
wâh, ***wâhs.**
wahsan, **wahsjan.**
wahta, **wahtwô.**
wakôn, **wakan.**
wald, **þriskan.**
waldan, **waldan.**
wallan, ***walwjan, wulan.**
wam, **wamms.**
wam, **wamm.**
wan, wanôn, **wans.**
wân, **wêns.**
wang, **waggs.**
wanga, **waggareis.**
wânian, **wênjan.**
wâpan, **wêpn.**
war, wara, ***war.**
wâr, **wêrs.**
warag, ***wargs.**
wardôn, ***wards.**
warm, warmian, **warmjan.**
warôn, **wisan.**
warôn, ***war.**
watar, **watô.**
wê, **wai.**
wekkian, ***wakjan.**
wedar, **waian.**
weg, **wigs.**
wel, wela, welo, **waíla.**
wendian, **wandjan.**
wennian, ***wunan.**
wer, **waír.**
werd, **waírdus.**
werð, **waírþs** (*adj.*).
werð, **waírþs** (*sb.*).
werðan, **waírþan.**
werian, **warjan.**
werold, **waír.**
werk, **waúrkjan.**
wermian, **warmjan.**
werpan, **waírpan.**
wesan, **wisan.**
wî, **weis.**
wîb, **manna.**
widowa, **widuwô.**
wiðar, **wiþra.**
wiðarward, **wiþra-waírþs.**
wîg, wîgand, **weihan.**
wîhdag, **weihs.**
wîheða, **weihiþa.**
wîhian, **weihan.**
wîk, **weihs.**
wika, **wikô.**
wildi, **wilþeis.**
willian, **wiljan.**
willio, **wilja.**
wîn, **wein.**
wînberi, **weinabasi.**
wind, **winds.**
windan, ***windan.**
winnan, **winnan.**
wintar, **wintrus.**
wirdig, **waírþs** (*adj.*).
wirkian, **waúrkjan.**
wirs, **waírs.**
wirsa, wirsist, **waírsiza.**
wis, ***wiss** (*adj.*).
wîs, wîsa, ***weis.**
wist, **wisan** (II)
wîsian, ***weisjan.**
wisôn, ***weisôn.**
wit, **weis.**
witan, **witan.**
wîtan, ***weitan.**
wîti, ***weit.**
witig, ***witi.**
wliti, **wlits.**

Wôdan, wôdian, ***wôþs.**
wôpian, **wôpjan.**
wola, **waíla.**
word, **waúrd.**
wrâka, **wrêkei.**
wrekan, wrekkio, **wrikan.**
wrîtan, **writs.**
wrôgian, **wrôhjan.**
wulf, **wulfs.**
wund, **wunds.**
wunnia, ***wunan.**
wurhtio, **waúrhts.**
wurm, **waúrms.**
wurt, wurtia, **waúrts.**

GERMAN.

[*See Remark on page 609.*]

OLD HIGH GERMAN.

anafalz, **falþan.**

charag, ***karja.**
-chnâan, **kunnan.**
chnot, chnuat, chnuosal, **knôþs.**
-chnuodilen, **kunnan.**
chost, **kustus.**

darba, **þarba.**
danta, **þandê.**
dârî, **þarei.**
dwahal, **þwahl.**

fagar, **fagrs.**
faginôn, **faginôn.**
fao, **faus.**
fîên, **fijan.**
fô, **faus.**
foraht, **faúrhts.**
frîhals, **freihals.**
fruma, frummen, **fruma.**
furwergen, ***wargjan.**

galan, **gôljan.**
gart, **gards.**
gatuling, **gadiliggs.**
giên, ***ginnan.**
gilop, **galufs.**
gimaʒʒo, **gahlaiba.**
giû, **ju.**
glau, ***glaggwus.**
godforht, **gudafaúrhts**
gôrag, **gáurs.**
gotspel, **spill.**
grâtag, **grêdags.**
gundfano, **fana.**
gunt, **gunds.**

hamf **hamfs** (*Appendix.*)
heilisôn, **hails.**
heimuodili, **haimôþli.**
heist, **haifsts** (*Appendix.*)
herasun, **suns.**
herihunda, **hunþs.**
hiufan, **hiufan.**
hîwiski, ***heiws.**
hlê, hlêo, **hlaiw.**
hniutan, **hnutô.**
hunt, **hund.**
huol(j)an, **hôlôn.**
huor, **hôrs.**
hwarasun, **suns.**
hwaʒ, ***hwass.**
iba, ibu, **ibai.**
iû, **ju.**

kînan, **keinan.**
klau, ***glaggwus.**
kust, ***kusts.**

-lâwen, **lêwjan.**
lêo, **hlaiw.**
liehsen, **liuhaþ.**
-linnan, ***linnan.**
liotan, **liudan.**
lizzôn, ***litjan.**

manlîcho, **manleika.**
meas, **mês.**
meʒ, meʒôn, **mitôn.**
mias, **mês.**
mitti-, mittangart, **midjungards.**
mornên, **maúrnan.**

-nah, **naúhan.**
nerrendo, **nasjands.**
niusan, **niuhsjan.**
nûan, ***nauan** (*Appendix.*)

ougafano, **fana.**

quist, **qistjan.**
quumi, **qums.**

run, **runs.**

sago, ***weitan.**
sahhan, **sakan.**
scûchar,scûwô, **skuggwa.**
sitôn, **sidôn.**
siuwan, **siujan.**
skuft, **skuft.**
slîdic, **sleiþs.**
smalanôʒ, **smals.**
smeidar, ***smiþa.**
sniumi, **sniumjan.**
spuôn, spuot, **spêþs.**
spurt, **spaúrds.**
stam, stamên, ***stalds.**
stechal, **stikls.**
stehlen, **stilan.**
stich, stichen, **stiks.**
stiuri, **stiur.**
stiurî, ***stiurei.**

storchanen, ***staúrknan.**
stûri, **stiur.**
stûrî, **stiurei.**
suohhni, **sôkjan.**

tolg, **dulgs.**
tweho, **tweifls.**
twîvelen, **tweifljan.**

unchunnênti, **unkunnands.**
ungeweget, **ungawagiþs.**
unheil, **unhails.**
unkêr, ***ugkara.**
unwiʒʒo, **unwita.**
uppi, **ubils.**

waif, **waips.**
wanaheil, wanôn, **wans.**
warbôn, **ƕarbôn.**
waʒ, ***ƕass.**

weigar,**weihan**(*str. v.*)
weipjan, ***waibjan.**
wer, **waír.**
wergin, **ƕar.**
werjan, **wasjan.**
wîch, **weihs** (*sb.*).
wîgô, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
wiht, **waíht.**
winne, **winja.**
wirdida, **waírþan.**
-wiʒên, **witan** (*str. v.*).
wiʒô, ***wita.**
wîʒ(ʒ)ago, ***weitan.**
woldar-, **wulþrs.**
wuot, ***wôþs.**
wuruht, ***waúrhts** (*f.*).

zimberrâ, ***timrjô.**
zoraht, **tarhjan.**
zungal, **tuggl.**
zwinal, zwisprehho, **tweihnai.**
zwîvelen, **tweifljan.**

MIDDLE HIGH GERMAN.

antwerk, **handus.**

blez, **plapja.**
bozen, **falþan.**
branger, ***praggan.**

dagen, **þahan.**
deo, **þius.**
diâkên, **diakaúnus.**
diet, **þiuda.**
diezen, **þuthaúrn.**
dinsen, ***þinsan.**
diu, **þiwi.**
durft, **þaúrfts.**

durft, durfte, **þaúrfts** (*adj.*).
doln, **þulan.**
drîhe, drîhen, **þreihan.**
durhel, dürkel, **þaírh.**
duʒ, **þuthaúrn.**
dwehele, dwêle, **þwahan.**

eisern, **eisarneins.**
enc, enker, ***ugkara.**
ewec, **wigs.**

gart, **gazds.**

gangen, **gaggan.**
gater, **gadiliggs.**
gebe, **giba.**
gehuht, ***hugds.**
geinen, ***ginnan.**
gemeit, **gamaiþs.**
genist, ***nists.**
ger, gir, ***gaírns.**
geschol, **skula.**
gesinde, **gasinþja.**
getelôs, **gadiliggs.**
gewæte, ***widan.**
gevêch, **faih.**
gewen, ***ginnan.**

gewon, ***wunan.**
gît, gîtec, gîten, **gaidw.**
giwen, **ginnan.**
glitzen, **glitmunjan.**
goum(e), goumen, **gaumjan.**
gruose, grüejen, **gras.**

hachel, **hakuls.**
halbe, **halba.**
halz, **halts.**
hangen (*w. v.*), **hâhan.**
heiden, **haiþnô.**
heifte, **haifsts.**
hengel, **hâhan.**
hertære, **haírdeis.**
holde, **hulþs.**
hœhede, **háuhiþa.**
hœnde, hônde, **hauns.**
houbetlingen, **haubiþ.**
houc, **hauhs.**
houfe, hûfe, **skaidan.**
huge, hüge, **hugs.**
hugen, hügen, **hugjan.**
hulst, **hulistr.**

iht, **waíht.**
insigel(e), **sigljô.**
it-, ite-, **id-.**
it(e)wîz, itewîze, **idweit.**

joch, **jah.**

kar, **kas.**
kæse-lap, -luppe, **lubjaleis.**
keden, **qiþan.**
kezzî, **katils.**
kilbere, **kalbô.**
kinnezan, **kinnus.**
kone, **qinô.**
künne, **kuni.**
kurn, kürne, **qaírnus.**

lâchenén, lâchenære, **lêkinôn.**
lahter, **hlahjan.**
leibe, **laiba.**
leich, **laiks.**
leichen, **laikan.**
letze, **lats.**
lîben, **hleibjan.**
lîchame, ***hamôn.**
lie, liewe, **hlijans.**
liezen, **hlauts.**
lit, **leiþus.**
litz(e), **lita.**
liute, **hliuma.**
liuter, **hlûtrei.**
losen, **hliuma.**
louc, **laúhatjan.**
lougen, **laugnjan.**
lûchen, ***lûkan.**
lügene, **liugan.**
luppe, lüppe, **lubja-leis**
lusten, **lustôn.**
lûte, **hliuma.**

magetîn, **magaþs.**
malz, ***malteins.**
marc, **skalks.**
maz, **mats.**
mære, ***mêrs.**
mæren, **mêrjan.**
meidem, meiden, **maiþms.**
meil, **mail.**
melm, **malma.**
mennisch, **mannisks.**
meregriez, **marei.**
merran, **marzjan.**
michel, **mikils.**
min, **mins.**
miste, **maíhstus.**
molt, **mulda.**
mütte, **mitan.**

nacketuom, **naqaþs.**
næhen, **nêhjan.**
neizen, ***naitjan.**
nenden, ***nanþjan.**
noten, nœten, **nauþjan**
nôt-zogen, -zühten, **nauþs.**
nôz, **niutan.**

ob(e)se, **ubizwa.**
öugen, ***augjan** (*Appendix*).

pfeit, pheit, **paida.**
phrange, phrenge, phrengen, pranger, ***pragqan.**

queden, **qiþan.**
quehele, **þwahan.**

rache, **rikan.**
râmen, **rûms.**
rê, **hraiw.**
rechen, **rikan.**
reinec, reinen, **hrainjan.**
rîse, **reisan.**
rodel, **raþs.**
rosem(e), rôt, rŏt, rôten, **rauþs.**
rottel, **raþs.**
rubrik(e), rude, **rauþs.**
rûne, **rûna.**
runke, **wruggô.**

runse, runst, **runs.**
ruoch, **rikan.**
ruoch(e), **hrûks.**
ruoft, **hrôþjan.**
rust, **rauþs.**

saben, **saban.**
sam, **sama.**
sallîche, **sêls.**
samelich, **samaleiks.**
sân, **suns.**
sar-, **sarwa.**
-schaf, ***skafts.**
schat(e)wen, **skadwjan**
schiden, **skaidan.**
schiltære, **skildus.**
schîme, **skeima.**
schoben, **skiuban.**
schol, **skula.**
schor, schorn, ***skaúrô.**
sê, **sai.**
sedel, **sitls.**
seine, seinen, **sainjan.**
selde, **saliþwa.**
sem(e)lîch, **samaleiks.**
sêr, sêren, **sair.**
sîder, ***seiþs.**
sippe, ***sibjis.**
slâfec, **slêps.**
slahte, **slahan.**
snerfen, ***snarþjan.**
slichte, **slaíhts.**
spar, **sparwa.**
speicholter, **spaiskuldrs.**
speien, **speiwan.**
spel(l), **spill.**
spellen, **spillôn.**
spelte, **spilda.**
spilte, **spilda.**
spuot, **spêþs.**

standen, **standan.**
ster(e), **staírô.**
storren, ***staúrran.**
stouwen, **stôjan.**
streichen, **striks.**
sum, **sums.**
sûtære, **skôhs.**
swâren, **swêran.**
swegel, swegele, swegeler, **swiglja.**
swegelen, **swiglôn.**
swelzen, **swiltan.**
swerben, ***swaírban.**
swiften, **sweiban.**
sint, **sinþs.**

tierlich, **dius.**
touwen, töuwen, **dauþs**
treip, **dreiban.**
truht, -in, ***draúhts.**
tuht, **dugan.**
tümpfel, **diups.**
tuom, **dôms.**
-turren, **daúrsan.**
twalm, **dwalmôn.**
twehel, **þwahan.**
-tweln, **dwals.**
twer, **þwaírhs.**

ûhte, **ûhtwô.**
ummeweif, **waips.**
undern, **undaúrnimats**
unholde, **unhulþô.**
unkunt, **unkunþs.**
unreinde, **unhrainiþa.**
unreine, **unhrainei.**
unsippe, **unsibjis.**
unsüeze, **unsuti.**
untern, **undaúrnimats**
unz(e), **und.**

vade, **faþa.**
vater, **fadar.**
vêch, ***faihs.**
venne, **fani.**
ver, **faír.**
verch, **faírƕus.**
verne, vert, **faírneis.**
vetter, **fadar.**
vieh, **faíhu.**
virne, **faírina.**
vlouwen, vlöun, **flôdus.**
vohe, **faúhô.**
vram, **fram.**
vreise, vreisen, vreist, **fraisan.**
vride, **friþôn.**
vrô, vrônkriuze, **frauja.**
vruot, **frôþs.**
vülhe, **fulla.**

wacken, wagen, **wagjan.**
-wahst, ***wahsts.**
walm, **wulan.**
wan, **wans.**
wangære, **waggari.**
warc, ***wargs.**
was, ***ƕass.**
wellen, **wullan.**
werden (*w. v.*), **waírþôn.**
-wergen, ***wargs.**
werten, ***wardjan.**
weten, ***widan.**
widerspân, widerspêne, **wiþra.**
widerwart, -wert, **wiþrawaírþs.**
wîc, wîgen, **weihan** (*str. v.*).

wîhede, **weihiþa.**
winne, **winnô.**
winnen, **winnan.**
wirser, wirsest, **waírs.**
wisel, ***weisjan.**
wîsen, ***weisôn.**
wîssage, **wîtan.**
wîze, ***weit.**
wone, ***wunan.**
wuofen, **wôpjan.**
würken, **waúrkjan.**

zagel, **tagl.**
zander, **tandjan.**
zechern, **tagrjan.**
zeine, **tainjô.**
zese, **taíhsws.**
zinden, **tandjan.**
zogen, **tiuhan.**
zouwe, **taujan.**
zundel, **tundnan.**
zwî, zwîes, zwilichkint, zwisch, zwischenlicht, zwiselinc, zwispræchig, zwivalt, **tweihnai.**

NEW HIGH GERMAN.

-a, **alva.**
aar, **ara.**
aas, **itan.**
ab, **af.**
abend, **sunnô.**
aber, aberglaube, abermal, aberwitz, **afar.**
abgott, **guþ.**
abhanden, **faúr.**
abschmieren, **smaírþr**
-ach, **alva.**
achel, **ahs.**
acht, **ahtáu.**
achten, **aha.**
acker, **akrs.**
Adolph, **wulfs.**
adler, **ara.**
after, afterkind, afterrede, **aftra.**
ahnden, ***anan.**
ahne, **ahana.**
ahnen, ***anan.**
ähre, **ahs.**
alabaster, **alabalstraún.**
albern, **alls, sêls.**
Albert, **baírht.**
all, **alls.**
allein, **ains, alls.**
Allemannen, **alamans.**
allerdings, **þeihs.**
allerhand, **handus.**
allmächtig, **alls, mahteigs.**
allmählich, **alls.**
allod, allodium, **audags.**
alraun, **rûna.**
als, also, **alls.**
alt, **alþeis.**
alter, ***aldrs.**
altvater, **alþeis.**
amboss, **falþan.**
ammann, **andbahti.**
amphi-, **bi.**
amt, **andbahti.**
an, **ana.**
anberaumen, **rûms.**
andacht, andächtig, ***þâhts.**
ander, **anþar.**
angst, **aggwus.**
anheischig, **andahait.**
ankunft, ***qumþs.**
anrüch(t)ig, ***hrôps.**
anstatt, **staþs.**
antlitz, **and, wlits.**
antwort, **and, andawaúrdi,** ***waúrdjan.**
antworten, ***waúrdjan**
apostel, **apaústaúlus.**
apotheke, ***dêþs.**
arbeit, **arbaiþs.**
arche, **arka.**
arm (*sb.*), **arms.**
arm (*adj.*), **arms.**
Arnold, **ara.**
asche, **azgô.**
ast, **asts.**
ätzen, ***atjan, itan.**
au, **alva.**
auch, **auk.**
auction, **aukan.**
aue, **alva.**
aufschieben, aufschub, **skiuban.**
auge, **augô.**
August, **aukan.**
aus, ausser, äusser, äussern, äusserst, **ût.**
auswendig, **ût, wandjan.**
axt, **aqizi.**

bald, **balþs, swinþs.**

bälde, **balþei.**
balg, balgen, **balgs.**
ballast, **hlaþan.**
balsam, **balsan.**
band, **bandi.**
bange, **aggwus.**
banner, **bandwa.**
banse, **bansts.**
-bar, **baíran.**
barmherzig, **armahaírts.**
barn, **barizeins.**
bass, **batiza.**
bauen, bauer, **bauan.**
baum, **bagms.**
bedingen, bedingung, **þeihs.**
bedrängen, **þreihan.**
bedürfen, **þaúrban.**
beere, **basi.**
befehlen, **filhan.**
befrachten, **aihts.**
befreien, **frijôn.**
begehren, begier, begierde, begierig, ***gaírns.**
beginnen, ***ginnan.**
behuf, ***hôbains.**
bei, beichte, **bi.**
beispiel, **bi, spill.**
beide, **bajôþs.**
beissen, beitzen, **beitan**
bekennen, **kannjan.**
bekommen, **qiman.**
belagern, **ligrs.**
belangen, **laggs.**
belegen, **lagjan.**
bequem, **qiman.**
bereit, ***raiþs.**
bereiten, **raidjan.**
berg, **baírgahei, dalaþs.**
bergen, **baírgan.**
bergmeister, **baírgahei**
-bert, Bertram, **baírhts**
berüchtigen, berüchtigt, **hrôps.**
beschälen, **skalja.**
beschweren, beschwerde, **swêran.**
beschwichtigen, **sweiban.**
besonders, **sundrô.**
bestand, beständig, **standan.**
besser, best, **batiza.**
betäuben, ***daufs.**
beten, **bida.**
bett, **badi.**
betteln, bettler, **bida.**
bettstatt, bettstelle, **staþs.**
beugen, **biugan.**
beule, ***bauljan.**
bewegen, **wagjan.**
bezichten, bezichtigen, ***teihan.**
bieder, **þarbs.**
biegen, biegsam, **biugan.**
bienenkorb, **kas.**
bieten, ***biudan.**
bild, **liþus.**
-bild, **weihs** (*sb.*).
bille, **tweihnai.**
bin, **bauan.**
binden, **bindan.**
binnen, **innana.**
bivouac, **wakan.**
bis, **at.**
bischof, **aípiskaúpus.**
biss, bisschen, bissen, **beitan.**
bitte, **bidan.**
bitten, **bidjan.**
bitter, **baitrs.**
blähen, blasebalg, ***blêsan.**
blatt, **blôma.**
blatter, **blêsan.**
bläuen, **bliggwan.**
bleiben, ***leiban.**
blenden, **blinds, blandan.**
blendling, **blandan.**
blind, **blinds.**
block, ***luks.**
blöde, **blauþjan.**
blühen, blume, blust, **blôma.**
blut, **blôþ.**
blüte, **blôma.**
bluten, **blôþ.**
bogen, **biugan.**
bordell, **baúrd.**
borgen, **baírgan.**
bösewicht, **waíhts.**
bote, **biudan.**
brach, brache, brachmonat, **brikan.**
brand, branden, brandung, branntwein, **brinnan.**
brauch, brauchen, **brûkjan.**
braut, **brûþs.**
bräutigam, **guma.**
breche, brechen, **brikan.**
breit, **braiþs.**
breite, **braidei.**
brennen, **brannjan, *brinnan.**

bresche, **brikan.**
brett, **baúrd.**
brief, **sandjan.**
bringen, **briggan.**
brocke, brocken, brökkeln, ***bruka.**
bruch, **brikan.**
bruder, **brôþar.**
brünne, **brunjô.**
brunnen, **brunna.**
brust, **brusts.**
buch, buche, buchstabe, buchweizen, **bôk.**
bucht, buckel, bücken, **biugan.**
bude, **bauan.**
bügel, büh(e)l, bühl, **biugan.**
bulge, **balgs.**
bürde, **baúrþei.**
burg, bürger, bürgermeister, **baúrgs.**
busse, **bôta.**
büssen, **bôtjan.**
büttel, **biudan.**

cervelatwurst, **haúrn.**
chaos, ***guman.**
Christus, **Xristus.**
chur-, *s.* **kur.**
Clotilde, **hliuma.**
communion, communicieren, **gamains.**
complete compliment, **fulls.**
convex, ***wigan.**
coquette, **hana.**

da, **þar.**
damm, dämmen, ***dammjan.**
dämon, **daimônareis.**
dank, danken, **þagkjan.**
dann, dannen, **þan.**
dar, **þar.**
darben, ***þarban.**
darlehen, **leihwan.**
darre, ***þaírsan.**
das, dass, **þata.**
degen, **þius.**
dehnen, ***þanjan.**
dein (*pers. prn.*), **þu.**
dein (*poss. prn.*), **þeins**
deklination, deklinieren, **hlains.**
demut, **þius.**
denn, **þan.**
denken, **þagkjan.**
der, **þata.**
derjenige, **jains.**
desto, **þê.**
Detmar, Detmold, Detlef, **þiuda.**
deube, **þiubi.**
deutsch, **þiudiskô.**
diakon, **diakaúnus.**
dich, **þu.**
dicht, **þeihan.**
die, **þata.**
dieb, **þiufs.**
diebstahl, **stilan, þiubi**
dienen, dienst, **þius.**
dieser, **þata.**
Dietrich, **þiuda.**
dieweil, **hweila.**
ding, dingen, **þeihs.**
dir, **þu.**
doch, **þau.**
dogge, **hunds.**
dorf, **þaúrp.**
dorn, **þaúrnus.**
dornen, dörnen, **þaúrneins.**
dorren, dörren, **þaúrsus.**
drachme, **drakma.**
drang, drängen, drangsal, **þreihan.**
dreissig, dreizehn, ***þreis.**
dreschen, **þriskan.**
dringen, **þreihan.**
dritte, **þridja.**
drittel, **dails.**
drohne, dröhnen, **drunjus.**
du, **þu.**
dulden, **þulan.**
dult, **dulþs.**
dumm, **dumbs.**
dünn, ***þanjan.**
dünken, **þugkjan.**
durch, **þaírh.**
dürfen, **þaúrban.**
dürftig, **þaúrfts.**
dürr, **þaúrsus.**
durst, dürsten, durstig, **þaúrstei.**
dutzend, **twai.**

eben, **ibns.**
ebnen, ***ibnjan.**
ebbe, **ibuks.**
echt, **aiws.**
ecke, **ahs.**
ecker, **akran.**
edel, **ara.**
ehe (*sb.*), **aiws.**
ehe (*conj.*), **gistradagis**
ehebruch, **aiws.**
ehegestern, **gistradagis.**

eher, **áir.**
ehern, **ais.**
ehre, **aistan.**
eid, **aiþs,**
eidam, **aiþei.**
eigen, **aigin.**
eiland, **alva.**
eilen, **iddja.**
ein, **alva, ains.**
einige, **ains.**
einsiedel, einsiedler, **sitls,**
einst, **ains.**
eisen, **eisarn.**
eisern, **eisarneins.**
ekel, **aglus.**
elbogen, **aleina, biugan.**
elefant, **ulbandus.**
elend, **aljis.**
elf, **ainlif.**
elle, **aleina.**
Elsass, **aljis.**
eltern, **alþeis.**
empfangen, empfehlen, empfinden, **and.**
ende, **andeis,**
eng, enge, **aggwus.**
ent-, **and.**
entlang, **laggs.**
entsagen, **and.**
entsetzen, entsetzlich, ***sêts.**
entweder, **hvaþar.**
entzücken, **tiuhan.**
epistel, **aípistaúlê.**
equipage, equipieren, **skip.**
er, **is.**
er-, **us.**
erbe, **arbi.**
erde, **aírþa,**
ereignis, ***augjan** (*Appendix.*).
erfüllen, **fulljan.**
Erfurt, **faran.**
erhöhen, **háuhjan.**
erkennen, **kannjan.**
erkoren, **kiusan.**
erlauben, ***laubjan.**
erlösen, **lausjan.**
ermessen, **mitan.**
ermorden, **maúrþrjan.**
ernst, **arniba.**
ernte, **asneis.**
eröffnen, ***ginnan.**
erquicken, **qiujan.**
erst, **airis.**
ersticken, **stiks.**
erzbischof, erzengel, **arkaggilus.**
es, **is.**
esel, **asilus.**
essen, **itan.**
essig, **akeits.**
-est, **sinista.**
-etzen, **swôgatjan.**
euer, **izwar.**
evangelium, **aíwaggêli**
evangelist, **aíwaggêlista.**
ewig, **aiws.**

fabrik, ***daban** (*Appendix.*).
fach, -fach, **fagrs.**
faden, **faþa.**
fahne, **fana.**
fähre, fahrt, **farjan.**
fahren, **faran.**
-falt, ***falþs.**
falte, falten, **falþan.**
fältig, ***falþs.**
falz, falzen, **falþan.**
fang, fangen, **fâhan.**
fast, fasten, **fastan.**
fasttag, **fastubni.**
faul, **fûls.**
fegen, **fagrs.**
fehde, **faih.**
feind, **fijands.**
fell, ***fill.**
ferge, **farjan.**
fern, **faírra.**
ferse, **faírzna.**
fertig, **farjan, raíhts.**
fessel, **fôtus.**
fest, **fastan.**
feuer, **fôn.**
figur, figurieren, **deigan.**
finden, **finþan.**
finger, **figgrs.**
firn, **faírneis.**
fisch, **fisks.**
fissloch, **fôtus.**
flechte, flechten, **flahta**
flehen, **þláihan.**
fleisch, **mats.**
fliege, fliegen, ***flaugjan.**
fliehen, ***flaugjan, þliuhan.**
fliessen, **flôdus.**
floh, ***flaugjan, þliuhan**
floss, flosse, flott, flotte, flössen, flötzen, **flôdus.**
fluchen, **flôkan.**
flucht, ***flaugjan, þliuhan.**
fluder, **flôdus.**

flug, flügel, flügge, flugs, ***flaugjan.**
flut, **flôdus, sinteins.**
fohlen, **fula.**
fordern, fördern, **faúra**
forschen, **fraíhnan.**
fort, **faúrþis.**
fracht, **fra-.**
fragen, **fraíhnan.**
frau, **frauja.**
frauenzimmer, **timrja.**
frech, ***friks.**
frei, **freis.**
freien, **frijôn.**
Freitag, **freis.**
fremd, **framaþjis.**
fressen, **itan.**
freund, **freis, frijônds.**
freundlich, freundschaft, **frijônds.**
friedhof, **freidjan.**
Friedrich, **Friþareiks.**
frieren, **frius.**
fracht, **fra-.**
fromm, **fruma.**
frohn-, fröhnen, frohnhof, frohnleichnam, **frauja.**
frost, **frius.**
früh, frühling, **fruma.**
fuchs, füchsin, **faúhô.**
fügen, **fagrs.**
fuhre, führen, furt, **faran.**
fülle, ***fullei.**
füllen (*sb.*), **fula.**
füllen (*v.*), **fulljan.**
füllsel, **fulls.**
fünf, **fimf.**
fünfte, ***fimfta.**
fünfzehn, **fimftaíhun.**
für, **faúr.**
furcht, **faúrhtei.**
fürchten, **faúrhtjan.**
fürder, **faúrþis.**
fürst, **faúra.**
fuss, **fôtus.**
futter, **fôdjan, fôdr.**
futteral, **fôdr.**
füttern, **fôdjan.**

gabe, gäbe, **giba.**
gähnen, ***ginnan.**
galgen, **galga.**
galle, **gulþ.**
gang, **gaggs.**
garten, **gards.**
gast, **gasts.**
gatte, gatten, **gadiliggs.**
gatter, gasse, **gatwô.**
gau, **gawi.**
ge-, **ga-.**
geben, **giban.**
gedächtniss, gedanke, **þagkjan.**
gedeihen, gediegen, **þeihan.**
gedränge, **þreihan.**
geduld, **þulan.**
gedunsen, ***þinsan.**
gefahr, ***fêrja.**
gehänge, **hâhan.**
gehorchen, gehören, gehorsam, **hausjan.**
geier, ***gaírns.**
geil, **gailjan.**
geiss, **gaits.**
geis(s)el, **gazds.**
geist, geistlich, ***gaisjan.**
geiz, geizen, **gaidw.**
gelächter, **hlahjan.**
gelb, **gulþ.**
g(e)leise, ***leisan.**
gellen, **gôljan, jiuleis.**
geloben, **liufs.**
gelt, **gilþa.**
gelter, **gildan.**
gelze, **gilþa.**
gemahl, **maþl.**
gemein, gemeinde, **gamains.**
gemeine (*omitted*), **gamainei.**
gemüt, **môþs.**
genau, **nauþs.**
genesen, ***nisan.**
genesung, ***nists.**
genick, **hneiwan.**
geniessen, **niutan.**
genosse, **gahlaiba, niutan.**
genug, **ganôhs.**
ger, **gazds.**
gerad, **raþjô.**
gerade, **raþs.**
gerät, ***rêdan.**
geraum, geräumig, **rûms** (*adj.*).
gerecht, **garaíhts.**
gerinnan, **rinnan.**
gern, ***gaírns.**
gerte, **gazds.**
geruhen, **razn, rikan.**
gesang, **saggws.**
gescheit, **skaidan.**
geschlacht, geschlecht **slahan.**
geschmeide, geschmeidig, **smiþa.**
geschoss, **skauts.**
geschwind, **swiþs.**

geschwister, **swistar.**
geschwulst, ***swalleins**
geschwür, **swêrs.**
geselle, **gahlaiba, saljan.**
gesellig, **saljan.**
gesicht, **saíƕan.**
gesinde, gesindel, **gasinþja.**
gestade, gestatten, **staþs.**
gestern, **gistradagis.**
gestüpp, **stubjus.**
getreu, **triggws.**
gewalt, **waldan.**
gewand, **lein, *widan, windan.**
gewandt, ***wandjan.**
gewebe, **spinnan.**
gewicht, gewiegt, ***wigan.**
gewinn, gewinnen, **winnan.**
gewiss, ***wiss.**
gewissen, -haft, ***wissei.**
gewitter, **waian.**
gewogen, ***wigan.**
gewöhnen, gewohnheit, gewöhnlich, gewohnt, ***wunan.**
gewölbe, ***ƕilftri.**
giebel, **gibla.**
gier, gierde, gierig, ***gaírns.**
gift, giftig, ***gifts.**
gilde, **gild.**
gitter, **gatwô.**
glaube, ***laubjan.**
gleich, **galeiks.**
gleichen (*sb.*), **galeika.**
gleichen (*v.*), **leikan.**
gleichnis, gleichsam, **galeiks.**
gleissen, **glitmunjan.**
glied, -massen, **liþus.**
glitzern, **glitmunjan.**
glühen, glut, **gulþ.**
gnade, **niþan.**
gold, golden, **gulþ.**
gote, **guþ.**
Got(h)e, **Gutþiuda.**
gott, -heit, göttin, **guþ**
götze, **giutan.**
grab, graben (*sb. and v.*), **graban.**
grad, ***griþs.**
graf, Graf, Gräf, ***grêfts.**
grämen, **gramjan.**
gran, grän, granat, granate, **kaúrn.**
grand, **grindafraþjis.**
granit, **kaúrn.**
grapsen, **greipan.**
gras, grasen, **gras.**
greif, greifen, **greipan.**
grenadier, **kaúrn.**
griesgram, **grindafraþjis.**
griff, **greipan.**
grimm, grimmig, **gramjan.**
grube, **grôba.**
grübeln, **graben.**
grün, **gras.**
grund, ***grundus.**
gulden, gülden, **gulþeins.**
gurt, gürtel, **gaírdan.**
gut, **gôþs.**
habe, haben, **haban.**
habicht, **hafjan.**
haft (*f.*), ***hafts.**
haft (*m.*), **haftjan.**
-haft, **hafts.**
haften, **haftjan.**
hag, hagestolz, ***stalds**
hahn, **hana.**
-halb, -halben, -halber, **halba.**
halde, ***halþei.**
hälfte, **halba.**
halle, ***hulôn.**
hals, halsen, **hals.**
halsstarrig, ***staúrran.**
halt (*adv.*), **haldis.**
halt, haltan, **haldan.**
hammer, **slahan.**
hand, handel, handeln, handwerk, **handus.**
hangen, hängen, **hâhan.**
hanse, **hansa.**
häresie, **hairaíseis.**
häring, **harjis.**
harsch, hart, **hardus.**
härten, ***hardjan.**
hass, **hatis.**
hassen, **hatan.**
hässlich, **hatis.**
hast, **hatan.**
haube, **haubiþ.**
haue, hauen, **hawi.**
haupt, **haubiþ.**
haus, haut, **hûs.**
heben, **hafjan.**
hecke, ***stalds.**
heer, **harjis.**
hefe, heft, heften, **hafjan.**

hehl, hehlen, **huljan.**
hehr, **hais.**
heide, **haiþi, haiþnô.**
heidnisch, **haiþnô.**
heil, **hails.**
heiland, **hailjan, nasjands.**
heilen, **hailjan.**
heilig, heiligen, **hails.**
heim (*sb.*, *adv.*, *suff.*), **haims.**
heimat, **haimôþli.**
heimlich, **haims.**
heirat, ***heiws, *rêdan.**
heiss, **heitô.**
heissen, **haitan.**
heit, **haidus.**
heiter, **hais.**
helfen, **hilpan.**
helm, **hilms.**
hemd, ***hamôn.**
hengst, **skalja.**
henkel, henken, henker, **hâhan.**
henne, **hana.**
her, **hiri.**
herberge, Herbert, **harjis.**
herd, **haúri.**
herde, **haírda.**
herold, **harjis.**
Herder, **haírdeis.**
herr, **hais, juggs.**
herrin, herrlich, herrschaft, herrschen, **hais.**
herz, **haírtô.**
herzog, **harjis.**
hetze, hetzen, **hatan.**
heu, **hawi.**
heuer, heute, ***his.**
hiatus, ***ginnan.**
hie, **hêr.**
hieb, **hawi.**
hier, **hêr.**
hilfe, **hilpan.**
himmel, **himins.**
hin, **hindana.**
hindern, **hindar.**
hinnen, hinten, **hindana.**
hinter, **hindar.**
hirn, **haúrn, ƕaírnei.**
hirsch, **haúrn.**
hirt, **haírdeis.**
hitze, **heitô.**
hoch, **háuhs.**
hof, **freidjan.**
höhe, **háuhei.**
hohl, höhle, ***hulôn.**
hohn, **hauns.**
höhnen, **haunjan.**
hold, **hulþs.**
hölle, **halja.**
horchen, hören, **hausjan.**
horn, **haúrn.**
hort, **huzd.**
hospital, hotel, **gasts.**
hüfte, **hups.**
huhn, **hana.**
hühnersteige, **steigan.**
huld, **hulþs.**
hülle, hülse, **hulôn.**
hund, **hunds.**
hundert, **hund, raþjô.**
hunger, **hûhrus.**
hungern, **huggrjan.**
hürde, **haúrds.**
hure, **hôrs.**
hütte, ***hûs.**
ich, **ik.**
-ig, **ansteigs.**
immer, **aiw.**
ihr, ihrer (*f. prn.*), **is.**
ihr (*pl.*), **jus.**
in, -dem, -dess, -dessen, **in.**
inmitten, **miduma.**
inne, **inna.**
innen, **inna, innana.**
inner, innig, -lich, **inna.**
inwendig, **wandjan.**
inzicht, ***teihan.**
irre (*sb.*), **aírzei.**
irre (*adj.*), **aírzeis.**
ist, **wisan.**

ja, **ja.**
jahr, **jêr.**
je, **aiw.**
jeder, **aiw, ƕaþar.**
jedweder, **ƕaþar.**
jeglich, **aiw, galeiks.**
jemand, **manna.**
jener, jenseits, **jains.**
joch, **juk.**
jot, jota, **jôta.**
jugend, jung, jungfer, jünger, jüngling, junker, **juggs.**

kabel, **hafjan.**
kaiser, **kaisar.**
kalb, kalben, **kalbô.**
kalt, **kalds.**
kamerad, kammer, **timrja.**
karfreitag, kartag, karwoche, **kara.**
kasse, kassierer, **haffjan.**

kauf, kaufen, kaufmann, **kaupôn.**
keck, **qius.**
keide, keim, **keinan.**
kein, **nih.**
keller, kellner, kellnerin, **huljan.**
kennen, **kannjan.**
kern, **kaúrn.**
kessel, **katils.**
kiesen, **kiusan.**
kind, ***kunds.**
kinn, -bein, **kinnus.**
kirche, **gards.**
kirre, **qaírrus.**
kirsche, **dwals.**
klein, **hrains.**
klima, klimax, **hlains.**
kneten, **knussjan** (*Appendix*).
knie, **kniu.**
kraft, **handus.**
kunst, **kunnan.**
kommen, **qiman.**
könig, **kuni.**
können, **kunnan.**
korn, **kaúrn.**
kosten (*cost*), **standan**
kosten (*to taste*), **kustus.**
kühl, **kalds.**
kumpan, **gahlaiba.**
kund, künden, **kunþs.**
künftig, ***qumþs.**
kurfürst, **kiusan.**

lab, **lubjaleis.**
lache, lächeln, lachen, **hlahjan.**
lade, laden (*to load*), **hlaþan.**
laden (*to invite*), **laþôn.**
lage, **ligan, ligrs.**
lager, lagern, **ligrs.**
laib, **hlaifs.**
lamm, **lamb.**
land, **land.**
landgraf, ***grêfts.**
lang, **laggs.**
länge, **laggei.**
langen, langsam, **laggs**
lass, **lats.**
last, **hlaþan.**
laub, laube, **laufs.**
lauch, **sneiþan.**
lauf, laufen, lauft, ***hlaupan.**
läugnen, **laugnjan.**
laune, **liuhaþ.**
laus, **liuts.**
lauschen, laustern, laut, lauten, läuten, **hliuma.**
lauter, läutern, **hlûtrs.**
leben, **liban.**
lecken, ***laigôn.**
lektion, **laíktjô.**
legen, **lagjan.**
lehde, **ligan.**
lehen, lehnen, **leihvan.**
lehnen, **hlains.**
lehre, **laisareis.**
lehren, **laisjan.**
lehrer, **laisareis.**
leib, leibrente, leibzucht, **liban.**
leichdorn, leiche, **leik.**
leichnam, **frauja, hamôn, leik.**
leicht, **leihts.**
leid, leiden, ***leiþan.**
leihen, **leihvan.**
leine, leinen, leinwand, **lein.**
leisten, **laistjan.**
leite, leiter, **hlains.**
leiten, leitstern, ***leiþan.**
lengde (*dial.*), **laggs.**
lenz, **fruma.**
lernen, ***leisan.**
lesen, **lisan.**
letzen, **latjan.**
letzt, **lats.**
leuchten, **liuhtjan.**
leumund, **hliuma.**
leute, **liudan.**
licht (*adj.*), **liuhtjan.**
licht (*sb.*), **liuhaþ.**
lieb, liebe, lieben, **liufs**
lieblich, **liubaleiks.**
lied, **liuþareis.**
liegen, **ligan.**
linie, linnen, **lein.**
linde, ***linnan.**
lindwurm, **waúrm.**
listig, **lisan.**
lob, loben, **liufs.**
loch, locker, ***luks.**
lohe, **lauhatjan.**
lohn, **laun.**
lo(o)s, **hlauts.**
los, **laus.**
losen, **hlauts.**
lösen, **lausjan.**
Lothar, **hliuma.**
lotse, ***leiþan.**
lotterie, **hlauts.**
luchs, **liuhaþ.**
lûcke, ***luks.**
Ludwig, **hliuma.**
luft, lüften, **luftus.**

lüge, lügen, lügner, **liugan.**
luke, ***luks.**
lüsten, ***lusts.**
lützel, Lützelsachsen, **leitils.**

macht, **mahts.**
mächtig, **mahteigs.**
mädchen, **magaþs.**
made, **maþa.**
magd, **magaþs.**
mage, **mêgs.**
mähen, **maþa.**
mahnen, **munan.**
mahr, **nahts.**
mähre, **skalks.**
mahlen, **malan.**
mahlschatz, mahlstatt, **maþl.**
mal, mahl, **mêl.**
-mal, -mals, **mêl.**
malen, **mêljan.**
malmen, **malma.**
malter, **malan.**
malz, ***malteins.**
manch, **manags.**
man, mann, **manna.**
mannigfalt, **managfalþs.**
märchen, märe, ***mêrs**
mark, **marka.**
markgraf, ***grêfts.**
marsch, **marei.**
marschall, marstall, **skalks.**
mass, masse, massen, **mêt.**
mast, mästen, **mats.**
maul, ***mûljan.**
maulwurf, **mulda.**
maut, **môta.**
meer, meerschaum, **marei.**
mehl, mehltau, **miliþ.**
mehr, **mais.**
mehre, mehrere, **maiza**
meiden, **missa-.**
mein (*poss. prn.*), **meins.**
mein, (*pers. prn.*), **meina.**
meinen, **munan.**
meiner, **meina.**
meissel, **maitan.**
meist, **maists.**
melk, melken, **miluks.**
mensch, **mannisks.**
messe, **hlaifs.**
messen, **mitan.**
messer, mettwurst, **mats.**
metze, **mitan.**
miete, **mizdô.**
milbe, **malô.**
milch, **miluks.**
mild, ***milds.**
mindest, minute, **minnists.**
minne, **muns.**
mir, **meina.**
mis(s)-, missen, **missa-.**
mit-, mittag, mit(t)woch, mitternacht, **midjis.**
mitgenosse, **miþ.**
mitte, mittel, mittels(t), **midjis.**
möchte, mögen, **magan.**
molke, **miluks.**
monat, **mênôþs.**
mond, Montag, **mêna.**
mord, **maúrþr.**
morden, **maúrþrjan.**
morgen(*adv.andsb.*), **maúrgins.**
morgengabe, **giba.**
mostert, mostrich, **sinaps.**
motte, **maþa.**
müde, ***môjan.**
müess (*dial.*), **môta.**
mühe, ***môjan.**
mühen, ***môjan, sêls.**
mühsal, mühselig, **sêls.**
mühle, müller, Müllner, **malan.**
mund, **munþs.**
musse, müssen, müssig, **môtan.**
mut, **môþs,**
mutig, **môdags.**
mutter, **swaíhrô.**

nach, **nêhw.**
nachschlagen, **slahan.**
nacht, **nahts.**
nachtigal, **gôljan, nahts.**
nachtmahr, nachtschatten, **nahts.**
nacken, **hals.**
nackt, -heit, **naqaþs.**
nadel, **nêþla.**
nagel, nageln, **nagljan.**
nah, nahe, nähe, **nêhw.**
nahen, **nêhwjan.**
nähen, **nêþla.**
nähren, **nasjan.**

näherin, naht, nähterin, **nêþla.**
name, nämlich, **namô.**
narde, **nardus.**
naschen, **nasqus.**
nase, **þaírh.**
nass, **natjan.**
natter, **nadrs.**
neben, nebst, **ibns.**
nehmen, **niman.**
neid, **neiþ.**
neigen, **hneiwan.**
nein, **ni.**
nennen, **namnjan.**
netz, **nati.**
netzen, **natjan.**
neu, **niujis.**
neun, **niun.**
neunte, **niunda.**
nicht, nichts, **ni, waíht**
nicken, **hneiwan.**
nie, niemals, **ni,**
niemand, **ni, manna.**
nimmer, nirgend(s), **ni.**
niet, nieten, **hnutô.**
noch, **naúh.**
not, **nauþs.**
notdurft, **naudiþaúrfts**
noterbe, **nauþs.**
nötig, nötigen, **naúþjan.**
notwehr, notzucht, **nauþs.**
November, **niun.**
novize, **niujis.**
nun, **nu.**
nuss, **hnutô.**
nutz, nutzen, nütze, nützen, nützlich, **nuts.**

ob (*conj.*), **ibai.**
ob (*prep.*), -acht, -dach, oben, **uf.**
ober, **ufarô.**
obsiegen, **uf.**
ochse, **aúhsa.**
oder, **aíþþau** (*Appendix*).
ofen, **aúhns.**
oft, **ufta.**
ohne, **inuh.**
ohnmacht, **unmahts.**
ohr, öhr, **ausô.**
öl, **alêw.**
orgel, **waúrkjan.**
öse, **ausô.**

papst, **papa.**
pascha, **paska.**
pate, **guþ.**
patent, **faþa.**
pfingsten, **Paíntêkustê**
Pharisäer, **Farisaius.**
placken, plage, plagen, **fiôkan.**
platz, **plapja.**
polster, polsterer, **haldan.**
poly-, **filu.**
presbyter, priester, **praísbytaírei.**
prophet, **praúfêtês.**
psalm, **psalma.**
purpur, **paúrpura.**

queck, **qius.**
quecksilber, **qius, silubr.**
quehle, **þwahan.**
quentchen, **fidwôr, kintus.**
quer, **þwaírhs.**

rache, **wrêkei.**
rächen, **wrikan.**
rad, **raþs.**
ragout, **kustus.**
rahmen, **hramjan.**
raison, raisonnieren, **raþjô.**
rank, ranke, ranken, **wruggô.**
rasch, **raþs.**
rast, **rasta.**
rat, -rat, ***rêdan.**
rate, **raþjô.**
raten, ***rêdan.**
ration, **raþjô.**
rätsel, ***rêdan.**
raub, rauben, ***raubôn**
rauch, **weihs** (*adj.*).
raufe, raufen, **raupjan**
raum, räumen, **rûms.**
raunen, **rûna.**
rechen, rechnen, **rikan**
recht, **raíhts, taíhsws.**
rechtfertigen, **raíhts.**
recke, **wrikan.**
recken, ***rakjan.**
rede, reden, redner, ***raþjan.**
regel, **raíhts.**
regen, -bogen, **rign.**
regent, regieren, regiment, region, **raíhts.**
regnen, **rignjan.**
rennen, ***rannjan.**
reich (*sb.*), **reiki.**
reich (*adj.*), -tum, **reiks**
reif, ***raips.**
Reinhard, **ragin.**
rein, **hrains.**

reinigen, **hrainjan.**
reis, reisig, ***hrisjan.**
reissen, reissfeder, reizen, **writs.**
renken, **wruggô.**
rente, **liban.**
reiten, ***raiþs.**
reiter (*f.*), **hrains.**
requiem, **hveila.**
reuse, **raus.**
rhede, ***raiþs.**
richten, **raíhtjan.**
richter, **skaidan.**
ringen, **wruggô.**
rinne, **rinnô.**
rinnen, **rinnan.**
riss, ritze, ritzen, **writs.**
Robert, **hrôþeigs.**
rohr, röhre, **raus.**
rolle, rollen, **raþs.**
rost, rosten, rot, rötel, röteln, röten, rubin, rubrik, **rauþs.**
ruch(t)bar, **hrôþs.**
Rudolf, **hrôþeigs, wulfs**
ruf, **hrôps.**
rufen, **hrôpjan.**
rügen, **wrôhjan.**
ruhe, ruhen, **razn.**
ruhm, **hrôþeigs.**
rühren, ***hrisjan.**
ruin, **riurs.**
rund, **raþs.**
rune, **rûna.**
runge, **hrugga.**
rupfen, ruppig, **raupjan.**
rusbaum, **hrôt.**

saal, **saljan.**
saat, ***sêþs.**
Sabaoth, **Sabaôþ.**
sabbath, **sabbatô.**
sache, **sakjô.**
sachwalter, **sakjô, waldan.**
sack, **sakkus.**
säen, **saian.**
-sal, **swartizl drôbjan.**
salbe, salben, **salbôn.**
salär, salat, **salt.**
salbuch, **saljan.**
salz, **salt.**
salzen, **saltan.**
-sam, **sams.**
same, **sêþs.**
sammeln, sammlung, **samana.**
samt, **samaþ.**
sang, **saggws.**
satan, **Satana.**
satt, **saþs.**
sattel, **sitls.**
satz, **sitan.**
sau, **swein.**
sauce, **salt.**
säule (*pillar*), **sáuls.**
säule (*awl*), **siujan.**
schabe, schaben, schäbig, **skaban.**
schade(n), **skaþis.**
schaden (*v.*), **skaþjan.**
schaf, **haírdeis.**
schaft, **skaban.**
-schaft, ***skafts.**
schale, schälen, schalgebirge, **skalja.**
schalk, **skalks.**
schall, schallen, **skilliggs.**
schatten, **skadus.**
schaub, **skiuban.**
schauen, ***skaws.**
schauer, **skulan.**
schaufel, **skiuban.**
scheide, scheiden, **skaidan.**
scheinen, **skeinan.**
scheit, scheiterhaufen, scheitern, **skaidan.**
schelfe, **skalja.**
schelle, schellen, **skilliggs.**
schellfisch, schellhengst, **skalja.**
schemen, **skeima.**
scheuer, **skaudaraips.**
schieben, **skiuban.**
schiedsrichter, **skaidan.**
schier, **skeirs.**
schiessen, **skauts.**
schiff, **skip.**
schild, schilderhaus, schildern, **skildus.**
schlacht, schlachten, schlächter, **slaúhts.**
schlaf, **slêps.**
schlafen, **slêpan.**
schläfern, schlaff, schläfrig, **slêps.**
schlag, **slahan, slahs.**
schlägel, schlagen, **slahan.**
schlapp, schlappe, **slêps.**
schlau, **slahan.**
schlecht, **slaíhts.**
schlegel, **slahan.**
schleife, **slaupjan.**
schleifen, schleppe, schleppen, **sliupan.**

schleuder, *slauþjan.
schlicht, schlichten, slaíhts.
schliefen, sliupan.
schlingen, schlund, *slindan.
schlüpfen, sliupan.
schmal, schmälen, smals.
schmalz, *malteins.
schmeer, smaírþr.
schmeissen, *smeitan.
schmelzen, *malteins.
schmied, schmiede, *smiþa.
schmieden, *smiþôn.
schmieren, smaírþr.
schmiss, schmitzen, schmutz, *smeitan.
schnee, snaiws.
schneide, schneiden, schneider, sneiþan.
schneien, snaiws.
schnitt, schnitte, schnitter, schnittlauch, schnitzen, sneiþan.
schober, skiuban.
scholle, skilja.
schon, schön, skauns, hlûtrs.
schonen, skauts.
schönheit, skaunei.
schopf, skuft.
schoss, scho(o)ss, skauts.
schote, skaudaraips.
schritzen, *skreitan.
schub, skiuban.
Schubert, Schuchart, schuh, skôhs.
schuld, -ig, skulan.
schupf, schupfen, skiuban.
schuppe, skaban, skiuban.
schüren, *skaúrô.
schuss, skauts.
schuster, skôhs.
schutz, schütze, schützen, skauts.
schwager, schwäher, *swaíhra.
schwall, *swalleins.
schwamm, swamms.
schwang, schwank, schwanken, *swaggwjan.
schwäre, schwären, swêrs.
schwarz, swarts.
schwefel, swibls.
schwein, swein.
Schweinfurt, faran.
schwelgen, *grundus.
schwellen *swalleins.
schwengel, schwenken, swaggwjan.
schwer, swêrs.
schwere, swêrei.
schwester, swistar.
schwieger, schwiegermutter, swaíhrô.
schwiele, *swalleins.
schwimmen, swamms.
schwingen, *swaggwjan.
schwören, swaran.
schwung, *swaggwjan.
schwur, swaran.
sechs, sechste, saíhs.
see, saiws.
seele, saiwala.
sehen, saíƕan.
sehr, sair.
seil, *sailjan.
sein (*prn.*), seins.
sein (*v.*), wisan.
seit, seitdem, seiþs.
seite, jains.
-sel, fulls, swartizl.
selb, -er, -st, silba.
selig, -selig, saiwala, sêls.
selten, seltsam, silda-.
seminar, sêþs.
sendbote, sendbrief, senden, sandjan.
senf, sinaps.
sengen, siggwan.
senkel, senken, sagqjan.
sessel, sitls.
setzen, satjan.
seuche, siukei.
sich, seina.
sicht, saíƕan.
sie, si.
sieben, sibun.
siech, siuks.
siedeln, sitls.
sieden, sauþs.
sieg, Siegfried, sigis.
siegel, siegeln, sigljô.
siegeslohn, sigis.
silber, silubr.
silbern, silubreins.
sille, *sailjan.
singen, siggwan.
singrün, sinteins.
sinken, sigqan.
sinn, sinþs.
sintemal, *seiþs.

sippe, sippschaft, **sibja**
sitte, sittlich, **sidus.**
sitz, sitzen, **sitan.**
skalp, **skalja.**
skorpion, **skaúrpjô.**
sohle, **suljô.**
sohn, **sunus.**
solch, **swaleiks.**
sollen, **skulan.**
sonder, -bar, -lich, sondern, **sundrô.**
sonne, sonnabend, sonntag, **sunnô.**
sorge, **saúrga.**
sorgen, **saúrgan.**
spalten, **spilda, tweihnai.**
spannen, **spinnan.**
spät, **spêþs.**
speichel, **spaiskuldrs.**
speien, **speiwan.**
sperber, sperling, **sparwa.**
speutzen, **speiwan.**
spiegel, **spaíkulâtur.**
spiekennarde, **nardus.**
spindel, spinne, spinnen, spinnewebe, **spinnan.**
spital, **gasts.**
sporn, spornen, **sparwa.**
sprache, sprechen, **tweihnai.**
spriessen, **sprautô.**
spur, spüren, **sparwa.**
sputen, **spêþs.**
spützen, **speiwan.**
-ssig, ***tigus.**
stab, **stafs.**
stachel, ***stakeins.**
stadel, staden, stadt, **staþs.**
stake, staken, ***stakeins.**
stall, **standan.**
stammeln, stammern, **stamms.**
stand, ständig, **standan.**
stange, ***stiggan.**
star, **sparwa.**
stark, stärke, ***staúrknan.**
stärke, **staírô.**
starr, starren, ***staúrran.**
station, statt, -finden, -lich, stätte, **staþs.**
staub, stäuber, **stubjus.**
stechen, stecken, ***stakeins.**
steg, stegreif, **steigan.**
stehen, **standan.**
steig, steigbügel, steige, steigen, steigern, steil, **steigan.**
stein, **stains.**
steinen, steinern, **staineins.**
steinig, **stainahs.**
steinigen, **stainjan.**
steinmetz, **maitan, stains.**
stellen, **standan.**
stemmen, **stamms.**
stengel, **stiggan.**
stern (*star*), **staírnô.**
stern (*stern*), **stiurjan.**
stet, -ig, stets, **staþs.**
steuer, steuerbord, steuern, **stiurjan.**
stieben, **stubjus.**
stiege, **steigan.**
stier, **stiur.**
stigma, ***stakeins.**
still, stillen, **standan.**
stimme, **stibna.**
stinken, **stigqan.**
stöbern, **stubjus.**
stolle(n), **standan.**
stolz, ***stalds.**
stossen, stottern, **stautan.**
strasse, **straujan.**
streich, streicheln, streichen, **striks.**
streu, streuen, **straujan.**
strich, **striks.**
stroh, **straujan.**
strom, **swistar.**
stuhl, **falþan, stôls.**
stumm, **stamms.**
stute, **standan.**
stutz, -ig, stutzen, stutzer, **stautan.**
suchen, **sôkjan, saúhts**
sucht, **saúhts.**
süd(en), **sunnô.**
sünde, sündflut, **sinteins.**
süss, **suts.**
synagoge, **synagôgê.**

takel, **têkan.**
tau (*n.*), **tiuhan.**
tau (*m.*), **miliþ.**
taub, ***daufs.**
taube, **-dûbô.**
taufe, taufen, **daupjan.**
taugen, **dugan.**

tausend, **þûsundi.**
teil, **dails** (*Appendix.*)
teilen, **dailjan.**
tenne, thal, **dal.**
tanz, tanzen, ***þinsan.**
teufel, **diabaúlus.**
that, thema, these, **dêþs.**
thon, **þâhô.**
thor, **daúr.**
thun, **dêþs.**
thür, **daúr.**
tief, **diups.**
tiefe, **diupei.**
tiegel, **deigan.**
tilgen, **dails.**
toben, ***daufs.**
tochter, **daúhtar.**
tod, **dauþus.**
toll, tollkirsche, **dwals.**
tölpel, **daúrp.**
tot, töten, **dauþs.**
tracht, trächtig, **dragan.**
träge, **trigô.**
tragen, **dragan.**
trampeln, trampen, ***trimpan.**
trank, tränke, **dragk.**
tränken, **dragkjan.**
trauen, **trauan.**
trauer, trauern, traurig, **driusan.**
treffen, **tweihnai.**
treiben, **draibjan, dreiban.**
tritt, **trudan.**
treffen, **tweihnai.**
treppe, ***trimpan.**
treten, **trudan.**
treu, **triggws.**
treue, **triggwa.**
trieb, trift, **dreiban.**
trinken, **drigkan.**
trost, trösten, **trausti.**
trübe, **drôbjan.**
trüben, trübsal, **drôbjan, sêls.**
trübselig, **sêls.**
trunk, trunken, **drigkan.**
tüchtig, tugend, **dugan.**
-tum, **dôms.**
tümpel, **diups.**

übel, **ubils.**
über, **ufar.**
überfülle, **ufarfullei.**
übervoll, **ufarfulls.**
ungeschlacht, **slahan.**
ungesehen, **ungasaíhwans.**
ungestüm, **stamms.**
unheil, **unhaili.**
unhold, **unhulþa.**
unholdin, **unhulþô.**
unkundig, **unkunþs.**
unlieb, **unliufs.**
unmacht, unmächtig, **unmahteigs.**
unmild, **unmilds.**
unnütz, **unnuts.**
unrat, **rêdan.**
unrein, **unhrains.**
uns, unser, **unsara.**
unser (*poss.*), **unsar.**
unten, unter, **undar.**
untreu, **untriggws.**
unweise, **unweis.**
unze, **unkja.**
üppig, **ubils.**
ur-, **us.**
urlaub, ***laubjan.**
urteil, **dails.**

ver-, **faír-, fra-.**
verdriessen, verdruss, **þriutan.**
vergattern, **gadiliggs.**
vergelten, **gildan.**
verheeren, **harjis.**
verlangen, **laggs.**
verlaub, ***laubjan.**
verleiden, ***leiþan.**
verletzen, **latjan.**
verleumden, **hliuma.**
verlieren, **liusan.**
verlust, **fralusts.**
vermählen, **maþl.**
vermöge, vermögen, **magan.**
vernehmen, vernunft, ***numts.**
vers, **waírþan.**
versammlung, **samana**
verschlagen, **slahan.**
verschlingen, ***slindan**
verschmitzt, ***smeitan**
verschollen, **skilliggs.**
versehren, **sair.**
verweis, ***weitan.**
verwunden, ***wundôn.**
verzehren, ***taíran.**
verzeihen, ***teihan.**
verzücken, **tiuhan.**
viel, **filu.**
vier, vierte, **fidwôr.**
viertel, **dails, fidwôr.**
vierzehn, **fidwôrtaíhun**
vierzig, **fidwôr.**
vogel, **fugls.**
voll, -kommen, **fulls.**

vor, **faúr.**
vorder, **faúra.**
vorhanden, **faúr.**
vorhang, vorne, **faúra**
vorrat, ***rêdan.**
vorwärts, **faúra.**

wache, wachen, **wakan**
wachsen, **wahsjan.**
wacht, wächter, **wahtwô.**
wackeln, **wagjan.**
waffe, **wêpn.**
wage, wagen (*v. sb.*), wägen, wagner, Wagner, ***wigan.**
wahl, wählen, **waljan.**
wahn, -sinn, **wêns.**
wähnen, **wênjan.**
wahnwitz, -ig, **wans.**
wahr, ***wêrs.**
währen, während, **wisan.**
wald, **þriskan.**
wallen, **wulan.**
walten, Walther, **waldan.**
walze, walzen, walzer, **waltjan.**
wamme, wamms, wampe, **wamba.**
wandel, wandeln, wandern, ***windan.**
wang, **waggs.**
wange, **waggari.**
wann, wannen, **hwan.**
wappen, **wêpn.**
war, waren, **wisan.**
warm, wärmen, **warmjan.**
wart, warte, warten, ***wards.**
-wärtig, -wärts, **-waírþs.**
wasser, **watô.**
wat, ***widan.**
weben, **spinnan.**
wecken, **wakan.**
weder, **hwaþar.**
weg (*sb.*,*adv.*), wegen, **wigs.**
-wegen, ***wigan.**
weh, wehe, **wai.**
wehen, **waian.**
wehr (*n.*), wehr (*f.*), wehren, **warjan.**
weib, **manna.**
weichbild, **weihs** (*sb.*).
weigand, weigern, **weihan** (*str. v.*).
weihen, **weihan** (*w. v.*).
weihnachten, **nahts, weihs** (*adj.*).
weihrauch, **weihs.**
weil, weiland, weile, weilen, **hweilan.**
wein, **wein.**
weinbeere, **weinabasi.**
weingarten, **weinagards.**
weisen, ***weisjan.**
-weisen, ***weitan.**
weiss, **hweits.**
weissagen, weissager, ***weitan.**
weissen, ***hweitan.**
weit, **til.**
weizen, **hwaiteis.**
welch(er), **hwileiks.**
welle, ***walwjan.**
welt, **waír.**
wenden, **wandjan.**
wenig, **wainags.**
wenn, **hwan.**
wer, **hwas** (*Appendix*).
werben, **hwaírban.**
werden, **waírþan.**
werfen, **waírpan.**
werft, **hwaírban.**
wergeld, **waír.**
werk, **waúrkjan.**
wert, **waírþs** (*adj.*).
wert, **waírþs** (*sb.*).
wesen, wesentlich, **wisan.**
weswegen, weshalb, **hwas** (*Appendix*).
weste, **wasti.**
wett, wette, **wadi.**
wetten, **wadjôn.**
wetter, **waian.**
wetzen, wetzstein, **hwatjan.**
wicht, **waíhts.**
widder, **wiþrus.**
wider, widern, widerpart, widerspenstig, **wiþra.**
widersacher, **sakjô.**
widerwärtig, **wiþrawaírþs.**
wie, **hwaiwa.**
wieder, **wiþra.**
wild (*sb.*, *adj.*), wildnis, **wilþeis.**
wille, willfahren willig **wilja.**
willkommen, **qiman.**
willkür, **kiusan, wilja.**
willkürlich, **wilja.**
wind, **winds.**
winde, windel, winden, ***windan.**

winter, **wintrus.**
wirbel, wirbeln, **hwaírban.**
wirken, **waúrkjan.**
wirt, **waírdus.**
wirtel, **waírþan.**
wissen, **witan.**
wittib, witwe, witwer, **widuwô.**
witz, witzig, **witi.**
wo, **hwar.**
woche, **wikô.**
Wodan, ***wôþs.**
woge, **wêgs.**
wohl, **waíla.**
wohlgemut, **môþs.**
wohnen, ***wunan.**
wölben, ***hwilftri.**
wolf, Wolfram, **wulfs.**
wolle, **wulla.**
wollen, **wiljan.**
wonne, ***wunan.**
wonnemonat, **winja.**
wort, **waúrd.**
wucher, wuchern, **wôkrs.**
wund, wunde, **wunds.**
wunsch, wünschen, ***wunan.**
würde, würdig, würdigen, **waírþs.**
würfel, **waírpan.**
würgen, ***wargjan.**
wurm, **waúrm.**
wurst, **haúrn, mats, waírþan.**
zimmern, **timrjan.**
zögern, zögling, **tiuwurz,** wurzel, wûrze, wûrzen, **waúrts.**
wut, wüten, **wôþs.**

zahl, zahlen, zählen, ***tals.**
zahm, zähmen, ***tamjan.**
zahn, **munþs, tunþus.**
zähre, **tagr.**
zaum, **tiuhan.**
zeche, zechen, **têwa.**
zehn,**taíhun.**
zehnte, **taíhunda.**
zehren, ***snarpjan, taíran,**
zeichen, **taikns.**
zeichnen, **taiknjan.**
zeichen, zeigen,***teihan**
zeile, **til.**
zeit, **mêl,til.**
zeitung, **til.**
zelle, **huljan.**
zer-, **tuz-.**
zerren, ***taíran.**
zeug, zeuge, zeugen, **tiuhan.**
ziehen, **tiuhan.**
ziel, **til.**
zielen, ***tilôn.**
-zig, ***tigus.**
ziemen, ziemlich, ***timan.**
zimmer, **timrja.**
han.
zoll, zöllner, ***tals.**
zu, **du.**
zuber,**baíran, tweihnai**
zucht, zûchten, zûchtig, ***taúhts.**
zûchtigen, ***taúhts, *teihan.**
zuck, zucken, zücken, zug, zügel, **tiuhan.**
zünden, **tandjan, tundnan.**
zunder, **tundnan.**
zunge, **tuggô.**
zusammen, **samana.**
zusammenkunft, **qumþs.**
zwagen, **þwahan.**
zwanzig, **twai.**
zwehle, **þwahan.**
zwei, zweite, **twai.**
zweifel, zweifelhaft, zweifeln, **tweifls.**
zweig, **tweihnai.**
zwerchfell, zwerchsack, **þwaírhs,**
zwie-, -back, -fach, -fältig, -spalt, -spältig,-sprache,-tracht, -trächtig, zwiesel, zwilch, zwillich, zwilling, zwirn, zwirnen, zwischen, zwist, zwitter, **tweihnai.**
zwölf, **twalif.**

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